FINAL EXAM - PREVIEW 3 December 4, 2024

	: This preview is approximately 50 percent the size of the actual final; thus you should below 60 minutes.
our	name:
(1)	Write down the joint probability $P(x,\pi)$ of a sequence x and an internal path π in a Hidden Markov Model (HMM) in terms of the parameters of the HMM. [4 points]
(2)	Describe in 2–3 sentences what a genome browser is and give examples of information accessible through it.
	[3 points]

gorithm?	[2 points]
ow do you define distances between clusters i	n UPGMA? How do these distances
ansform, when clusters merge during the iterative	e clustering procedure?
	[4 points]
et $G(V,E)$ be a graph. Explain the notation: Wha	t does V and E stand for?
	[2 points]

N : 5 1 D2 : :			
What is the next F -matrix entry and what is the corresponding entry of the pointer variable? Additional information: scoring matrix entry for $\mathbb N$ and $\mathbb D$: $+2$, gap penalty: -2 . [3 points]			
Given a result (e.g., an alignment score) and a set of corresponding random observations derived from a null model (e.g., shuffled sequences), how are the z -score and the p -value defined? [4 points]			

(6) In the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm, you encounter the situation depicted below.

	w they work. [2 points]
	[2 points]
Below yo	u can find a screenshot of the output of a BLAST search:
	hexokinase-2 isoform 1 [Homo sapiens] Sequence ID: NP_000180.2 Length: 917 Number of Matches: 2
	Range 1: 596 to 637 GenPept Graphics ▼ Next Match ▲ Previous Match Score Expect Method Identities Positives Gaps Frame
	56.2 bits 134 le-11 Composition-based stats. 26/43(60%) 30/43(69%) 1/43(2%) +1
	Query 1 LPLGGFTFSYPASQNKINEGILQRWTKGFDIPNVEGHDVVPLL 129 LPLG_FTFS+P QN ++E IL +WTKGF EG DVV LL
	Sbjct 596 LPLG-ITFSFPCQQNSLDESILLKWTKGFKASGCEGEDVVTLL 637
/A> 1-1	er de la constitución de la cons
` '	tify the used blast flavour and explain your choice.
(B) Defi	ne the meaning of the "-" in the bottom line of the alignment
(C) Iden	tify the maximum "Word size" that could be used to identify this alignment.
	ine how the raw score and expected value (both highlighted in red) would change a different scoring matrix was used, and (2) a larger search database would be
use	^-
	[5 points]

(10) Below you can find the cumulative number of occurrences of hydrophobic and hydrophilic in the transmembrane domains and soluble domain of many transmembrane proteins:

	hydrophobic	hydrophilic
transmembrane	1000	950
soluble	1000	4000

- (A) Draw the structure of a simple hidden Markov model that could describe these proteins.
- (B) Calculate and indicate the emission probabilities on your model.
- (C) Outline how the average size of a transmembrane / soluble domain could be reflected in your model.
- (D) Aquaporins are characterized by transmembrane alpha helix bundles with an hydrophilic inside (to allow for the passage of water molecules). Explain if you think those helixes would be identified as transmembrane domain proteins.

	[5 points]