

# CS669 - Pattern Recognition

## *Programming Assignment 1*

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## 1 Classifier Accuracy for Each Dataset

Dataset	B $C_{mean}$	B $C_{distinct}$	NB $\sigma^2 I$	NB $C_{mean}$	NB $C_{distinct}$
LS	99.73%	100%	99.73%	99.73%	99.73%
NLS	62.17%	62.01%	62.58%	62.42%	62.58%
OL	88.53%	92.54%	88.00%	88.53%	89.07%
RL	77.61%	77.44%	77.20%	77.43%	77.43%

## 2 Confusion Matrices

### 1. Bayes $C_{mean}$

#### (a) Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	124	1	0
$\omega_2$	0	125	0
$\omega_3$	0	0	125

#### (b) Non-Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$
$\omega_1$	384	228
$\omega_2$	235	377

#### (c) Overlapping Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	106	17	2
$\omega_2$	0	109	16
$\omega_3$	7	1	117

#### (d) Real World Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	571	23	3
$\omega_2$	343	213	17
$\omega_3$	0	0	622

### 2. Bayes $C_{distinct}$

#### (a) Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	125	0	0
$\omega_2$	0	125	0
$\omega_3$	0	0	125

#### (b) Non-Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$
$\omega_1$	379	233
$\omega_2$	232	380

#### (c) Overlapping Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	114	8	3
$\omega_2$	4	116	5
$\omega_3$	6	2	117

#### (d) Real World Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	571	23	3
$\omega_2$	343	211	15
$\omega_3$	0	1	621

### 3. Naive Bayes $C = \sigma^2 I$

#### (a) Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	124	1	0
$\omega_2$	0	125	0
$\omega_3$	0	0	125

#### (b) Non-Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$
$\omega_1$	388	224
$\omega_2$	234	378

(c) Overlapping Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	106	17	2
$\omega_2$	2	106	17
$\omega_3$	6	1	118

(d) Real World Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	570	24	3
$\omega_2$	348	207	18
$\omega_3$	0	0	622

4. Naive Bayes  $C_{mean}$ 

(a) Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	124	1	0
$\omega_2$	0	125	0
$\omega_3$	0	0	125

(b) Non-Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$
$\omega_1$	386	226
$\omega_2$	234	378

(c) Overlapping Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	106	17	2
$\omega_2$	0	109	16
$\omega_3$	7	1	117

(d) Real World Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	571	23	3
$\omega_2$	345	210	18
$\omega_3$	0	0	622

5. Naive Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ 

(a) Linearly Separable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	124	1	0
$\omega_2$	0	125	0
$\omega_3$	0	0	125

(b) Non-Linearly Seperable

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$
$\omega_1$	384	228
$\omega_2$	230	382

(c) Overlapping Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	106	18	1
$\omega_2$	2	115	8
$\omega_3$	10	2	113

(d) Real World Data

	$\omega_1$	$\omega_2$	$\omega_3$
$\omega_1$	571	23	3
$\omega_2$	346	210	18
$\omega_3$	0	0	622

### 3 Decision Region Plot

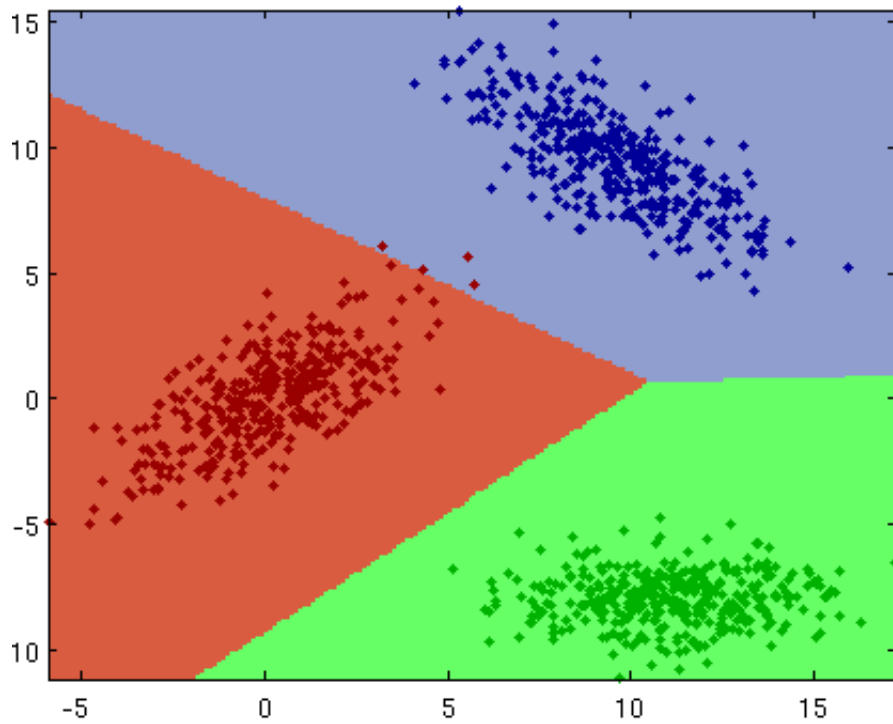


Figure 1: Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Linearly separable data set

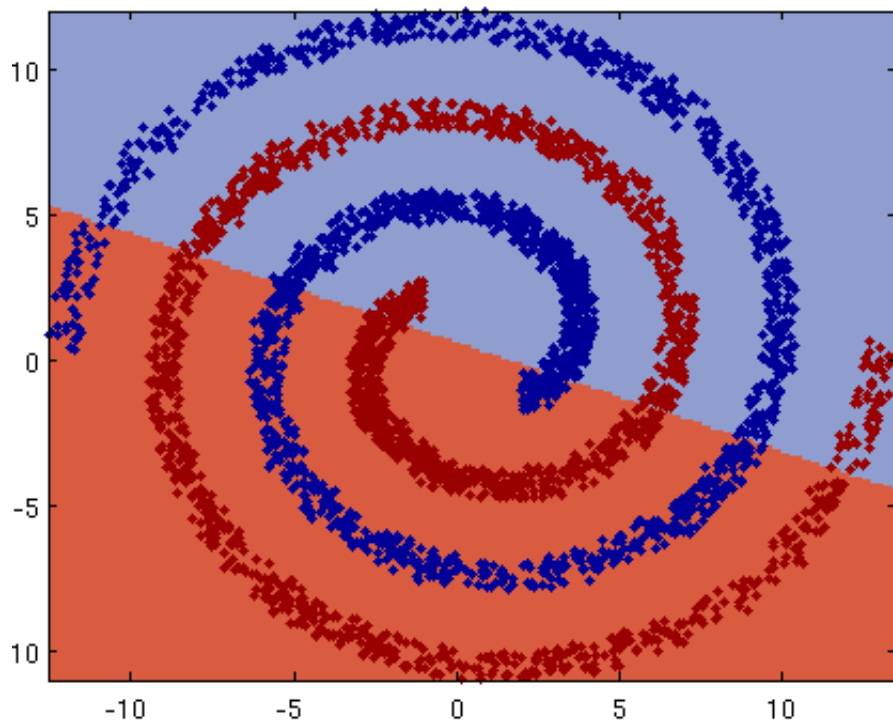


Figure 2: Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Nonlinearly separable data set

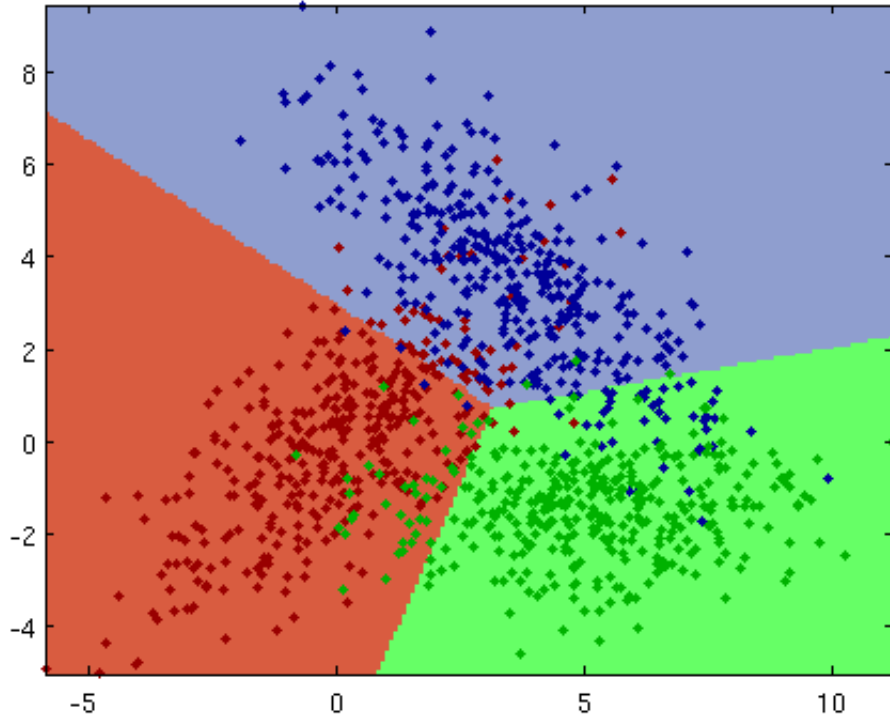


Figure 3: Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Overlapping data set

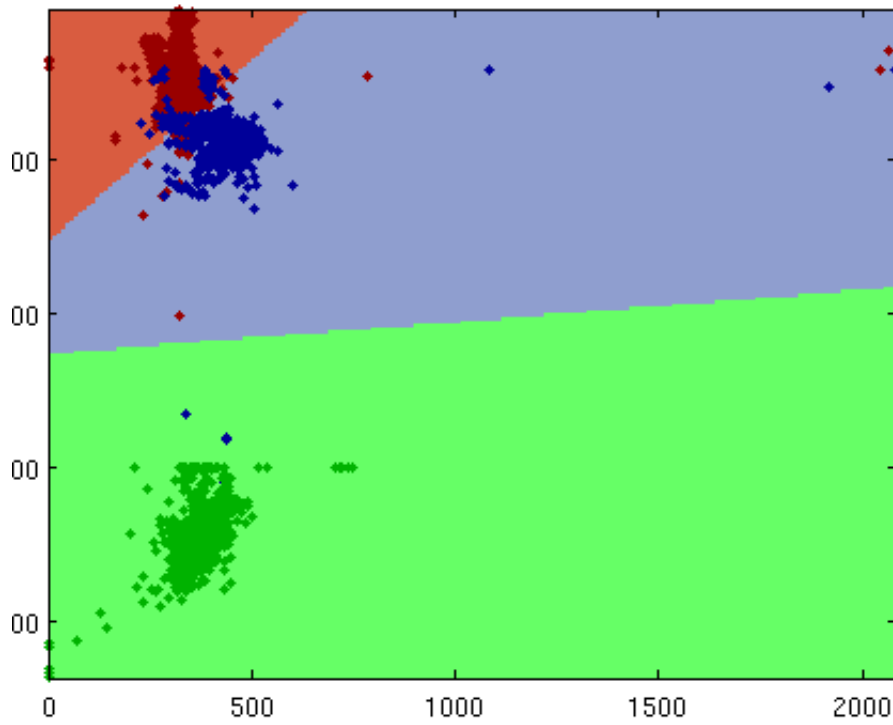


Figure 4: Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Real world data set

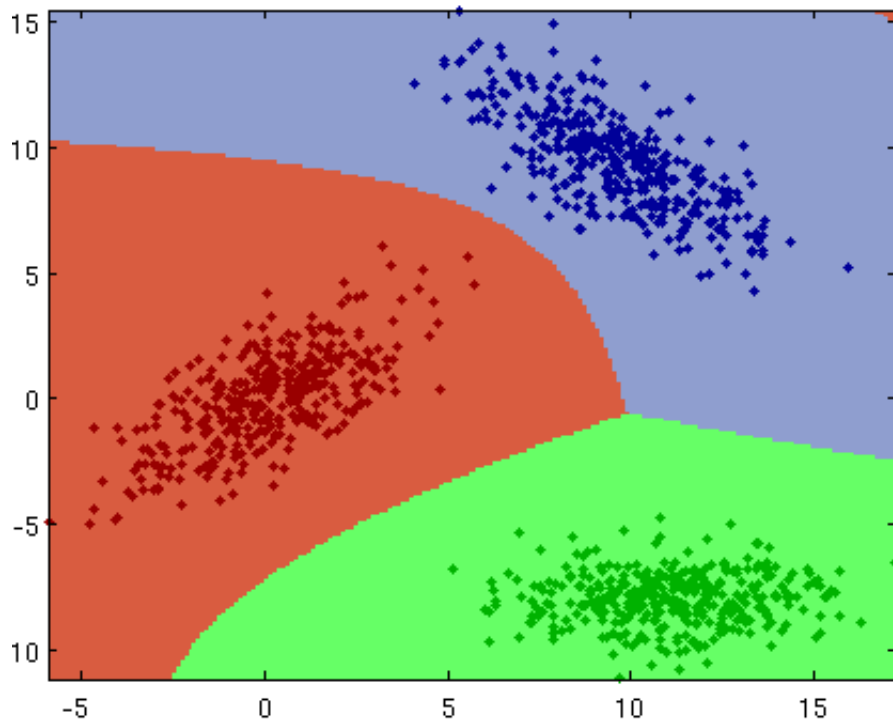


Figure 5: Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Linearly separable data set

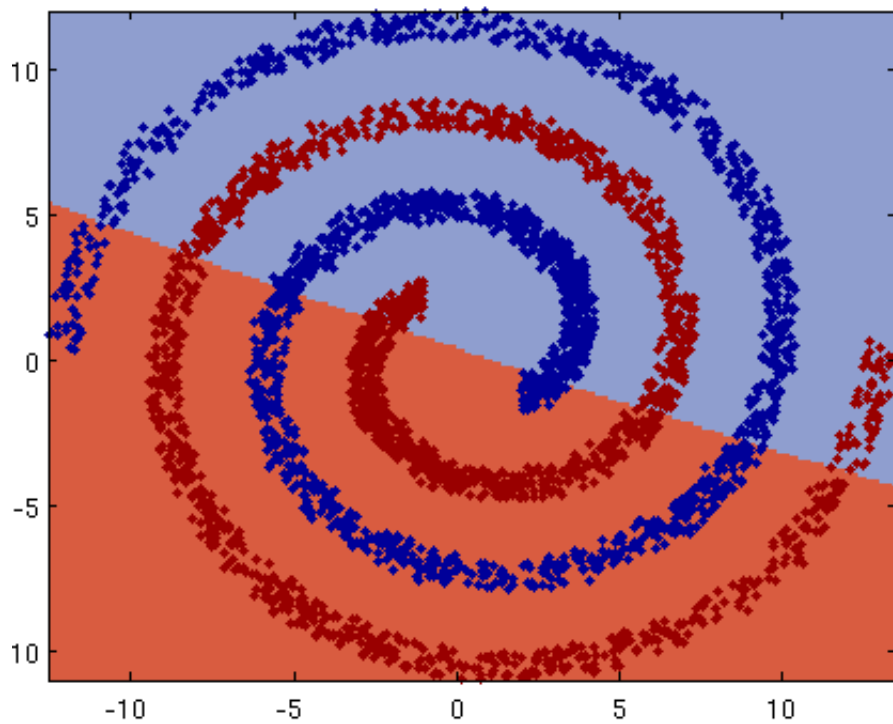


Figure 6: Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Nonlinearly separable data set

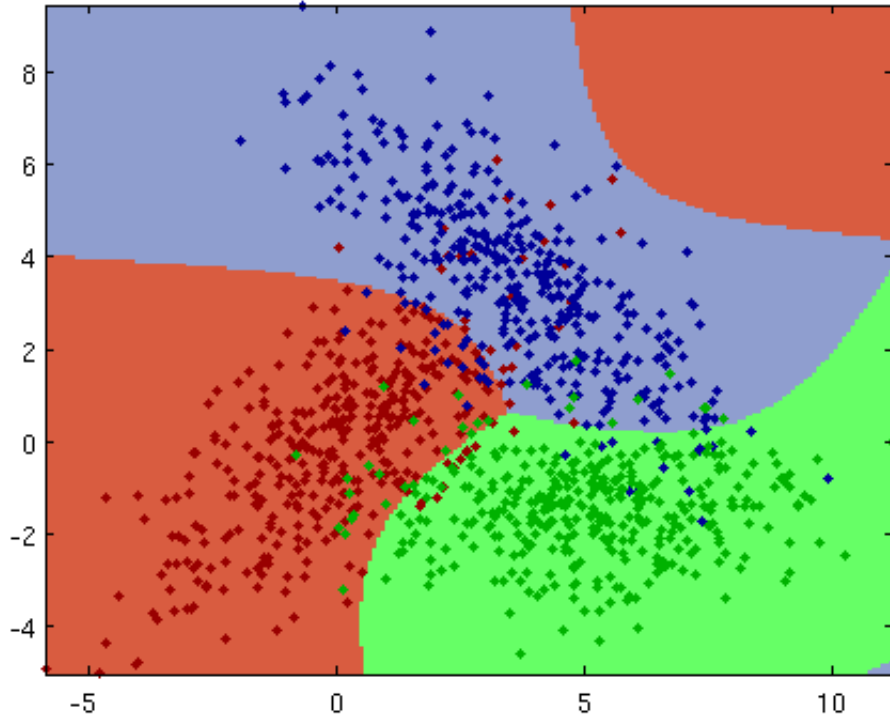


Figure 7: Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Overlapping data set

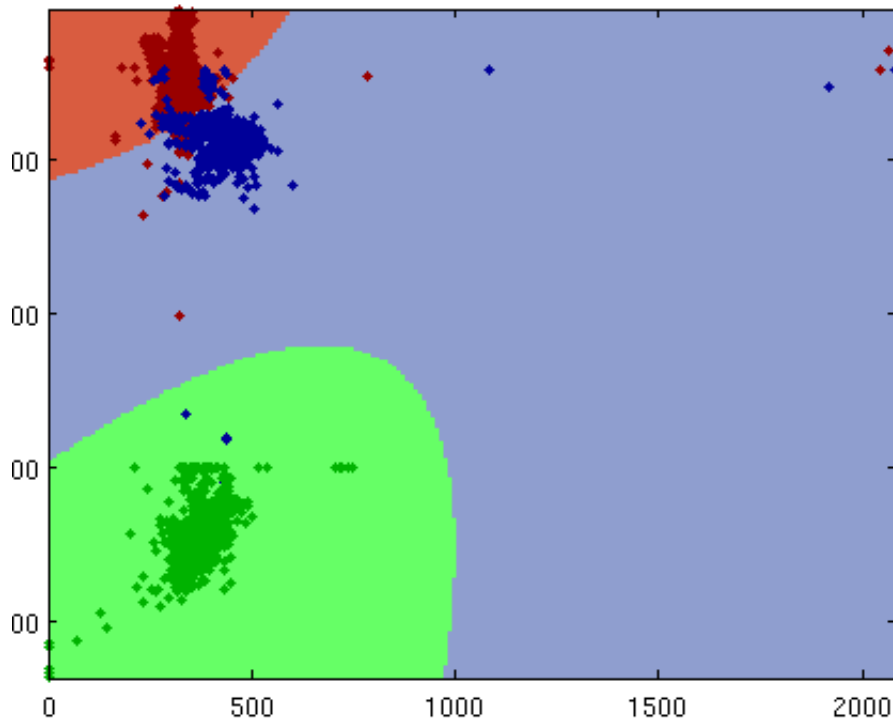


Figure 8: Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Real world data set

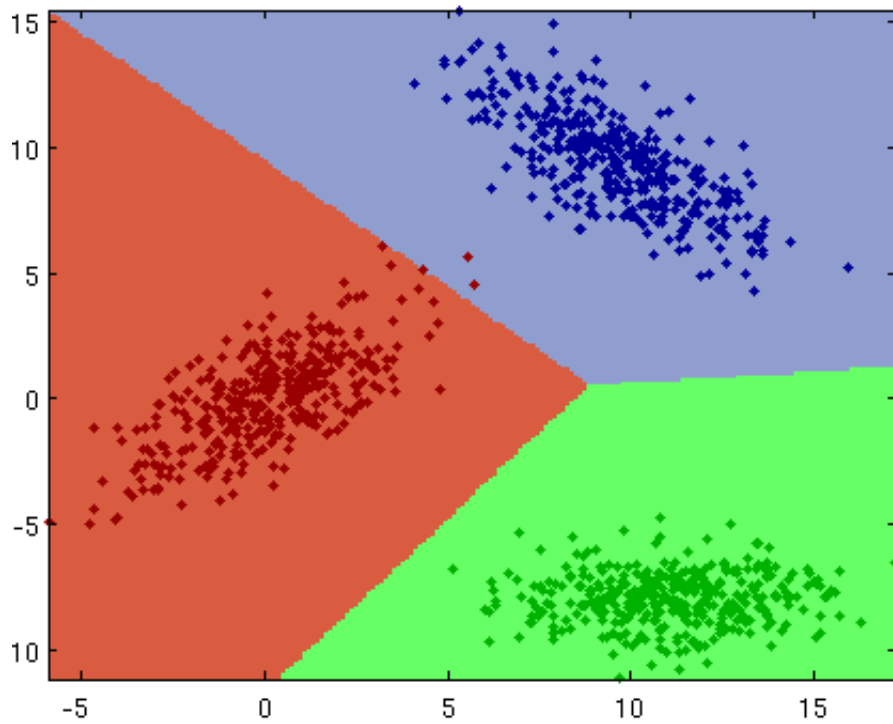


Figure 9: Naive Bayes  $C = \sigma^2 I$ , Linearly separable data set

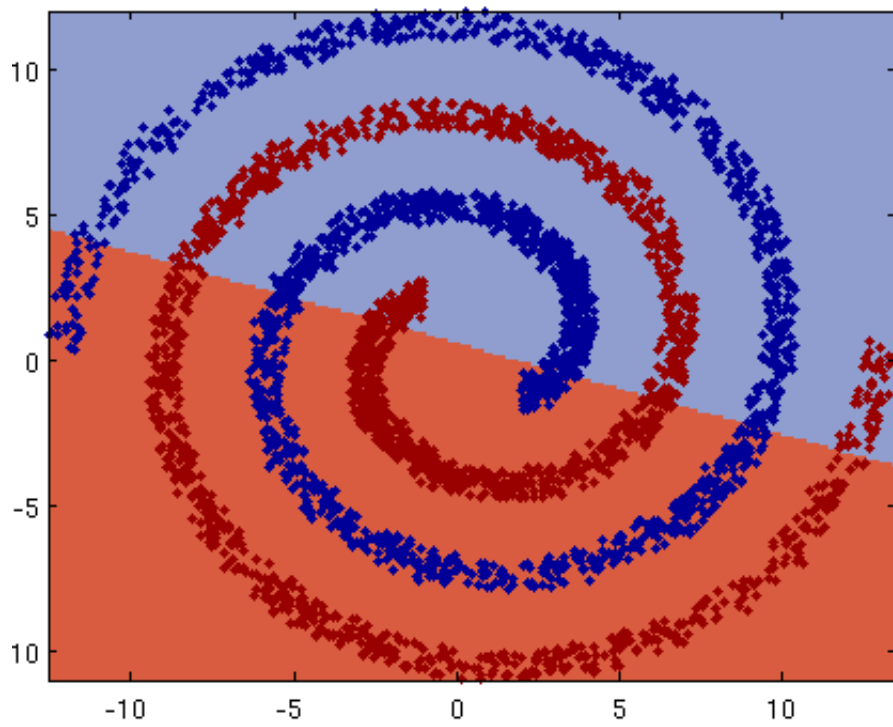


Figure 10: Naive Bayes  $C = \sigma^2 I$ , Nonlinearly separable data set

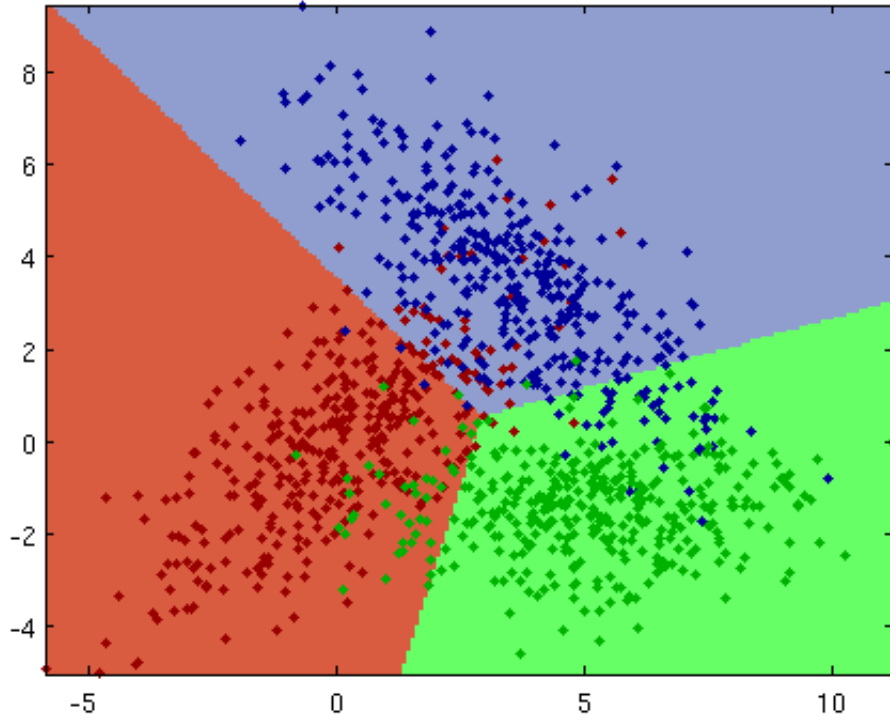


Figure 11: Naive Bayes  $C = \sigma^2 I$ , Overlapping data set

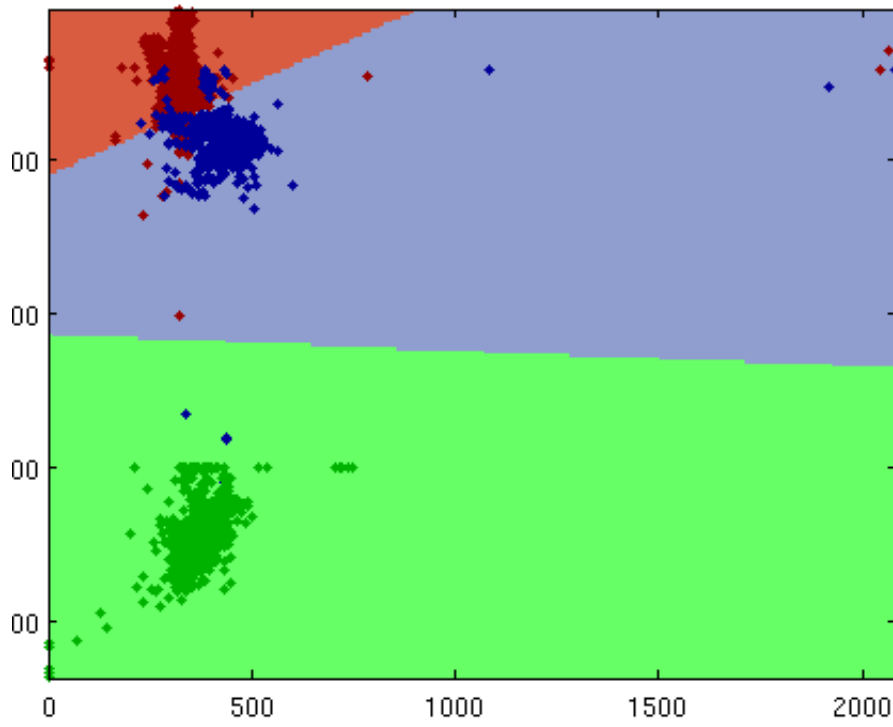


Figure 12: Naive Bayes  $C = \sigma^2 I$ , Real world data set



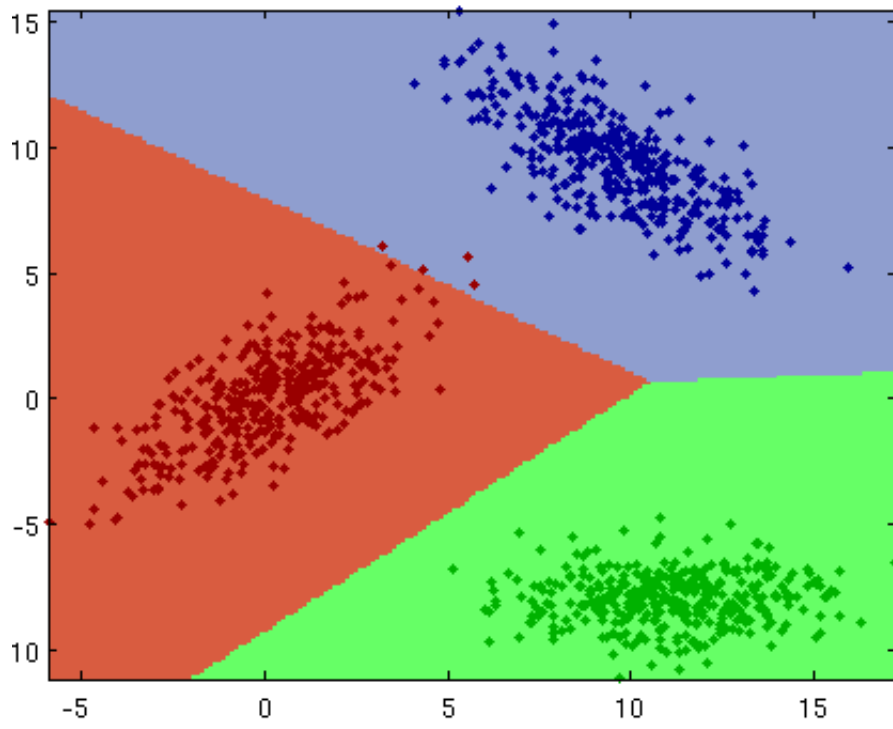


Figure 13: Naive Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Linearly separable data set

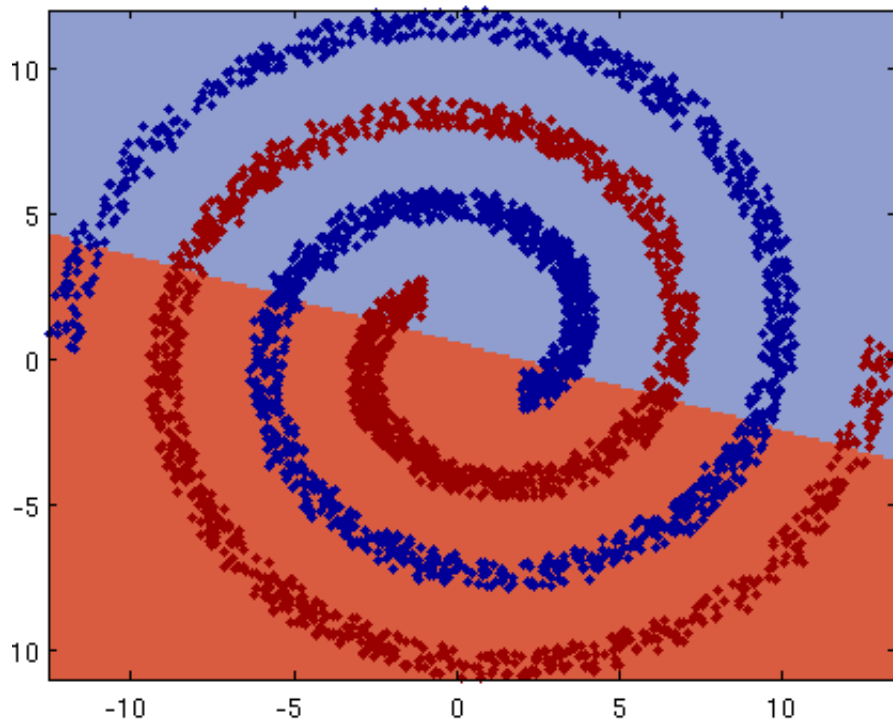


Figure 14: Naive Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Nonlinearly separable data set

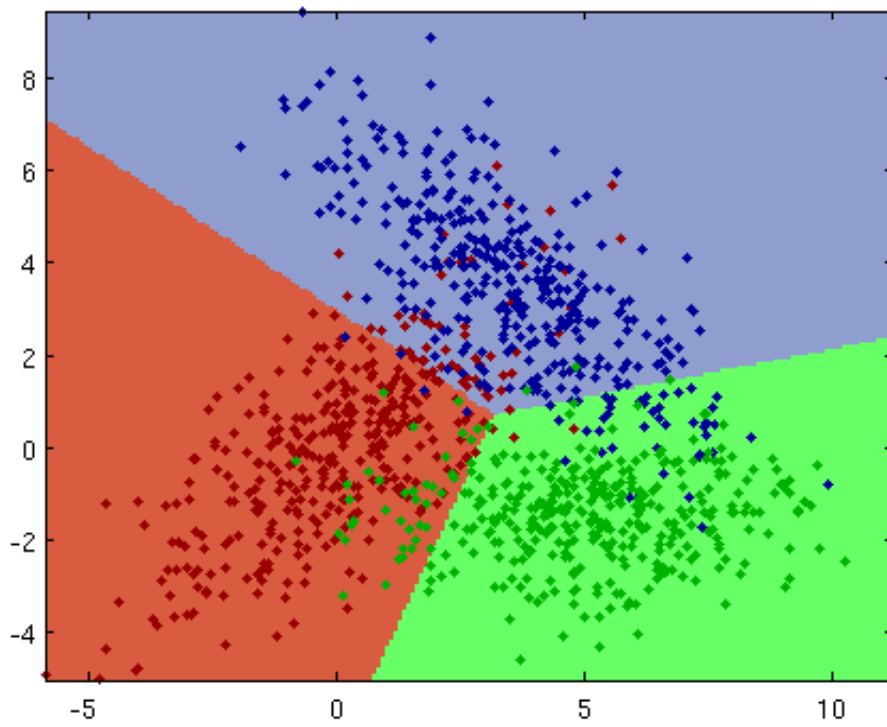


Figure 15: Naive Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Overlapping data set

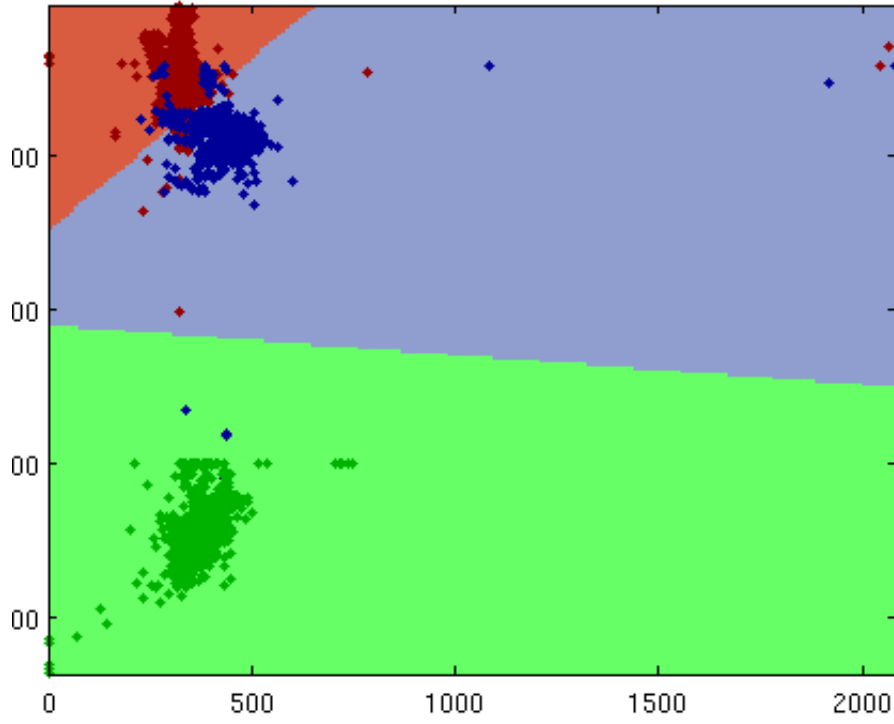


Figure 16: Naive Bayes  $C_{mean}$ , Real world data set

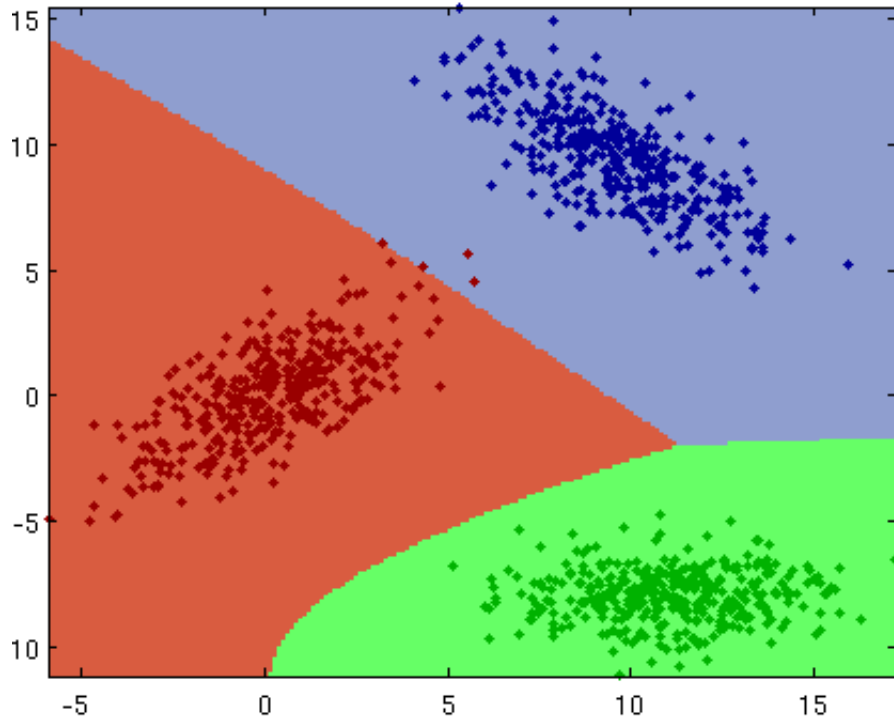


Figure 17: Naive Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Linearly separable data set

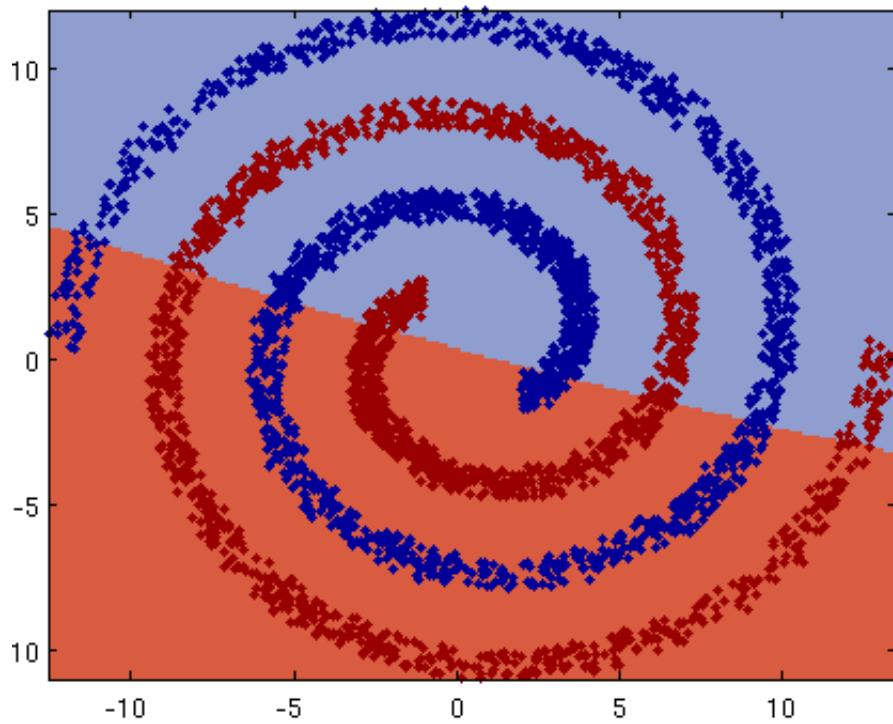


Figure 18: Naive Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Nonlinearly separable data set

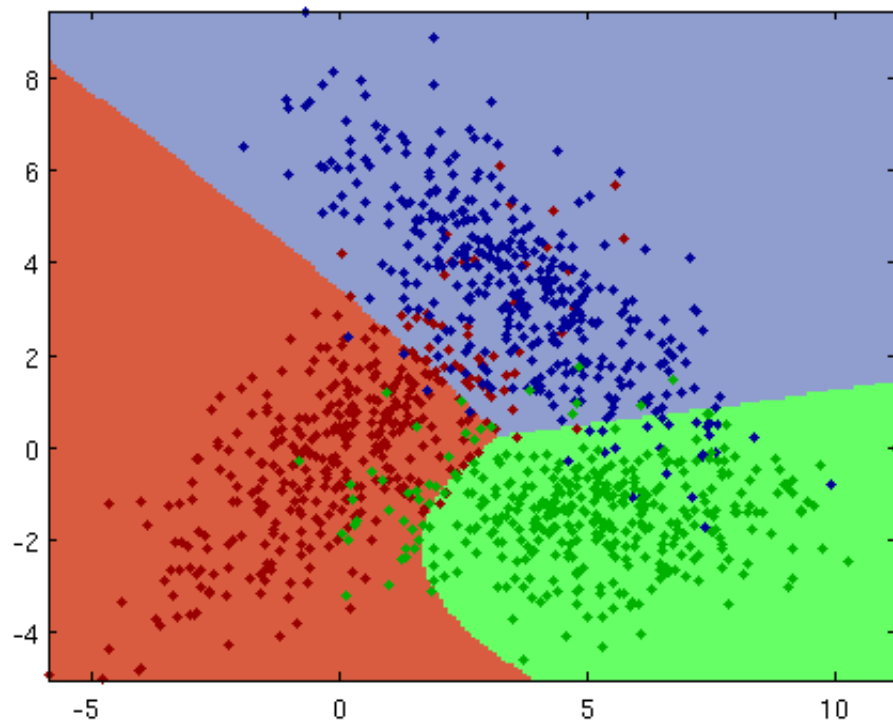


Figure 19: Naive Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Overlapping data set

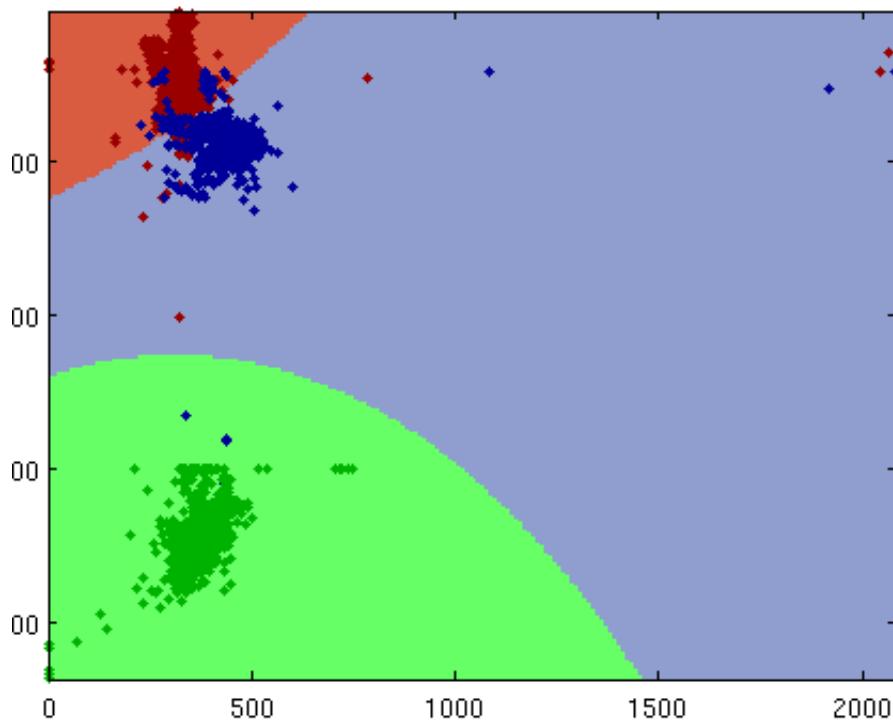


Figure 20: Naive Bayes  $C_{distinct}$ , Real world data set