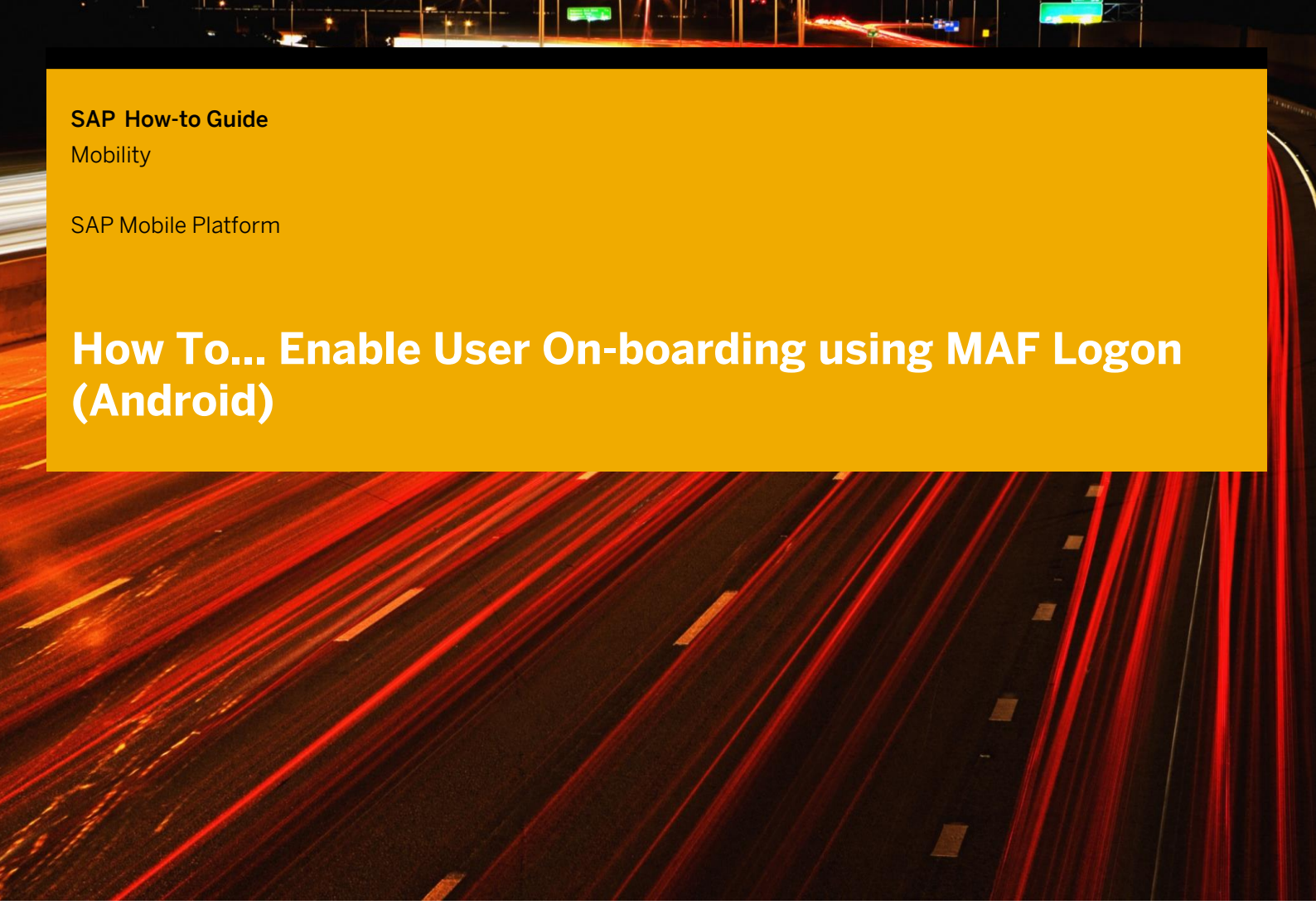

SAP How-to Guide
Mobility

SAP Mobile Platform

How To... Enable User On-boarding using MAF Logon (Android)

Applicable Releases:

SAP Mobile Platform 3.0 SP04

SAP Mobile SDK 3.0 SP05

Version 1.0

The Best-Run Businesses Run SAP™

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Document History

Document Version	Description
1.00	First official release of this guide

Typographic Conventions

Type Style	Description
Example Text	Words or characters quoted from the screen. These include field names, screen titles, pushbuttons labels, menu names, menu paths, and menu options. Cross-references to other documentation
Example text	Emphasized words or phrases in body text, graphic titles, and table titles
`Example text`	File and directory names and their paths, messages, names of variables and parameters, source text, and names of installation, upgrade and database tools.
`Example text`	User entry texts. These are words or characters that you enter in the system exactly as they appear in the documentation.
`<Example text>`	Variable user entry. Angle brackets indicate that you replace these words and characters with appropriate entries to make entries in the system.
`EXAMPLE TEXT`	Keys on the keyboard, for example, `F2` or `ENTER`.

Icons

Icon	Description
	Caution
	Note or Important
	Example
	Recommendation or Tip

Table of Contents

1. Business Scenario

Before any communication with the SAP backend systems can take place at all, the app needs to on-board users onto the SAP Mobile Platform. The Mobile Application Framework (MAF) contains the MAF logon component that provides easy integration for applications that use logon UI behavior.

2. Background Information

The goal of this exercise is not to show how to create a project from scratch and dissect every line of code. Instead, it shows the key pieces of code and information needed to integrate MAF Logon component to a new or an existing Android Project in eclipse.

The purpose is to explain how developers can leverage the MAF Logon component to on-board users from scratch.

3. Prerequisites

This exercise has the following prerequisites:

- Java Standard Edition 7
- Eclipse Kepler
- Android SDK with API level 8 and 19 downloaded
- Android ATD Eclipse plugin installed
- To get the most out of this exercise, some experience with Java is recommended.
- SAP Mobile Platform 3.0 SP04

   This example assumes you have configured an application in SMP 3.0 called com.sap.flight for more information on how to create an application configuration, please visit Deploying Applications
- SAP Mobile SDK 3.0 SP05

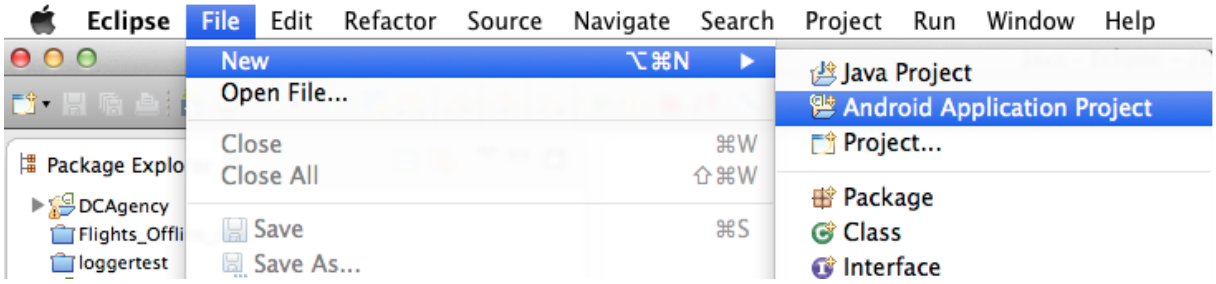
4. Step-by-Step Procedure

The following sections provide a detailed step-by-step procedure on how to code an Android app to on-board/register a user onto the SAP Mobile Platform using the MAF Logon component.

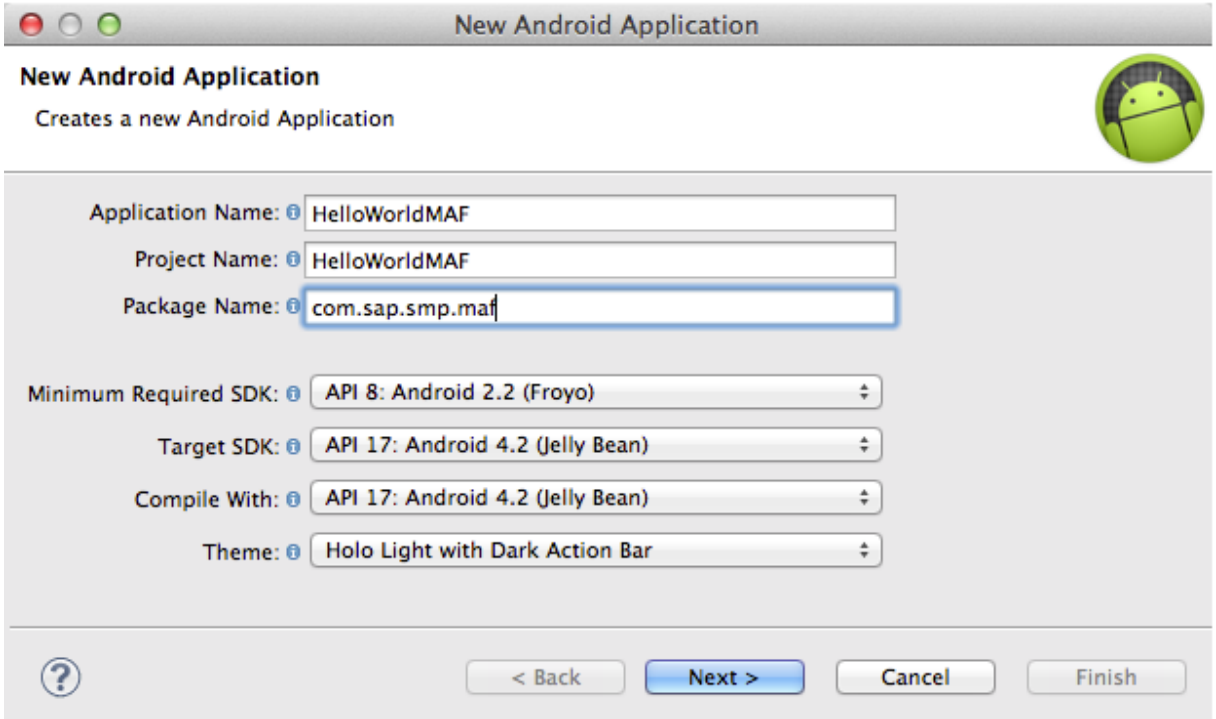
The following section is optional, you can reuse an existing android project for the purpose of this exercise

4.1 Create Android Project

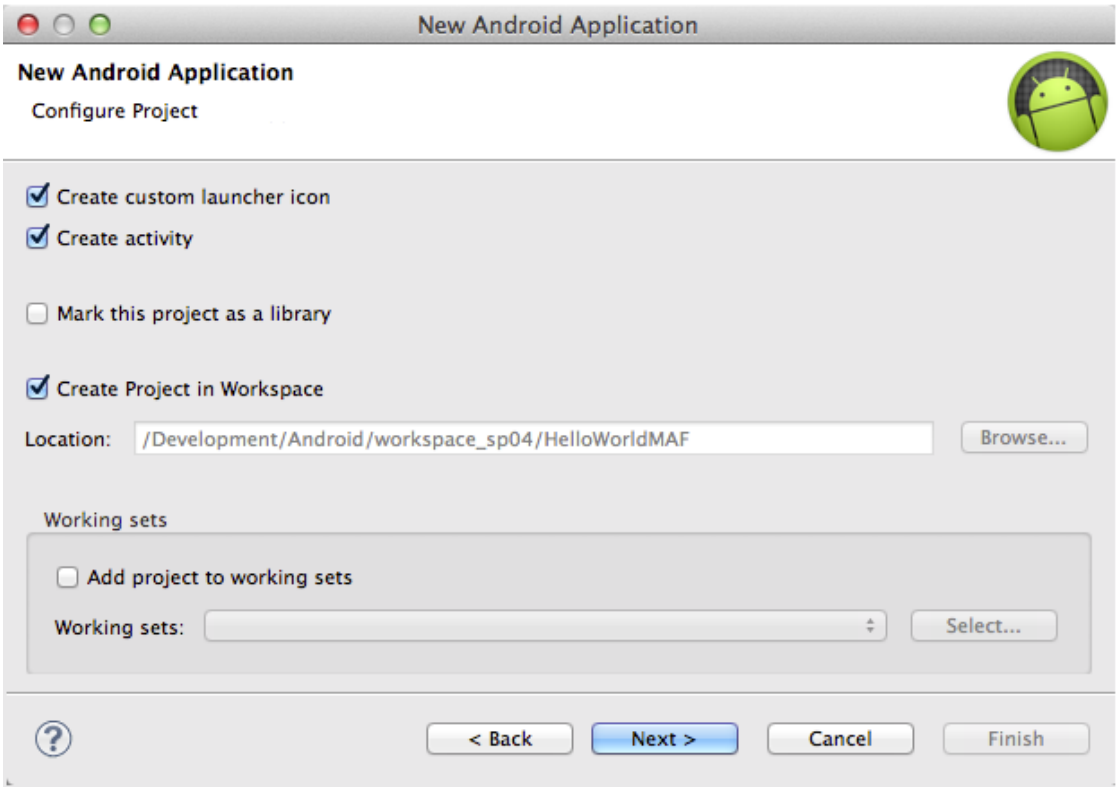
1. Go to File -> New -> Android Application Project



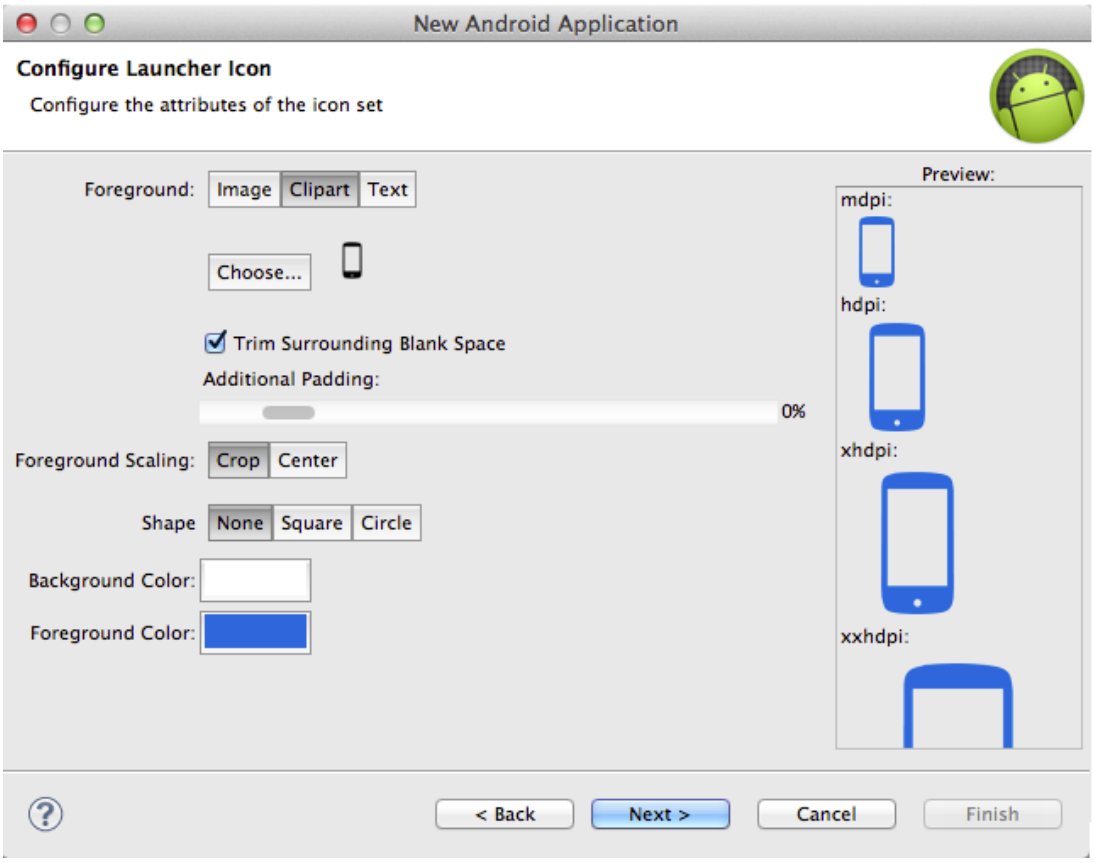
2. Enter the following information to create the android project and click the Next button



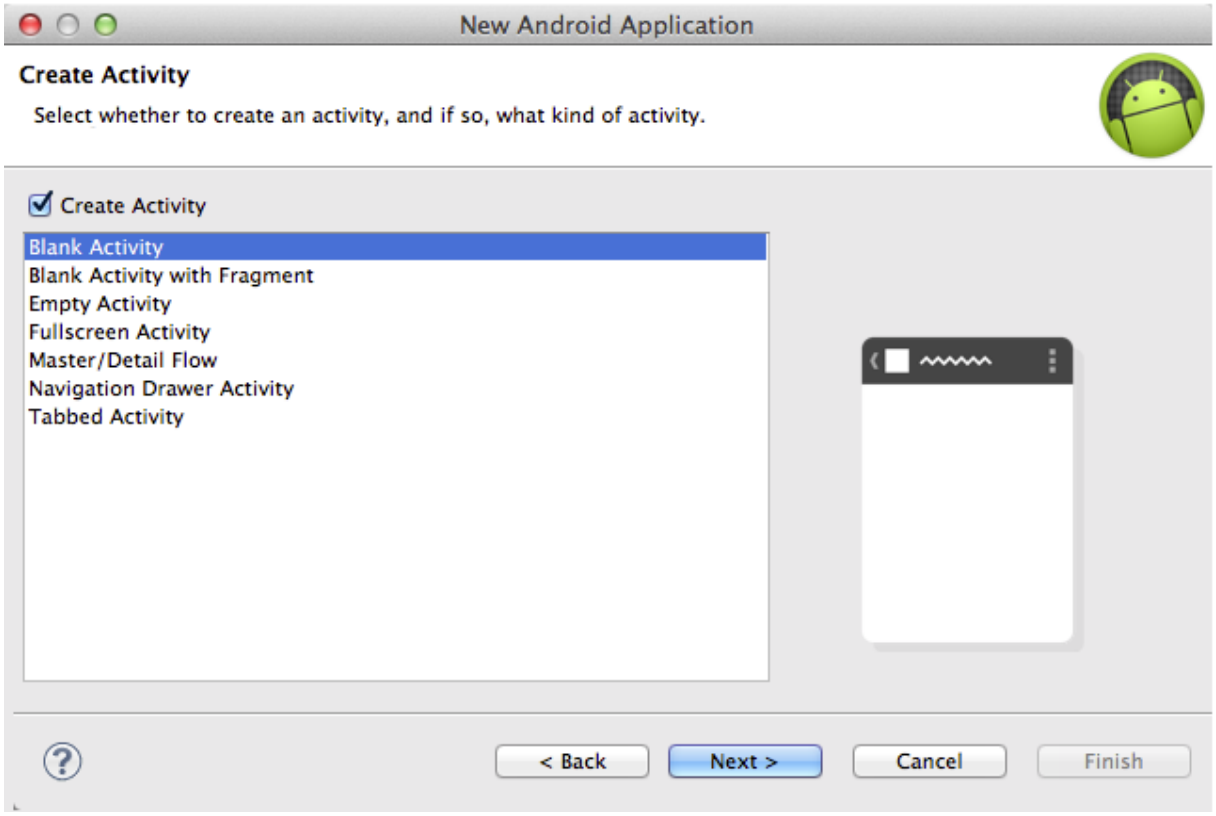
3. Keep the default values as shown in the image and click Next.



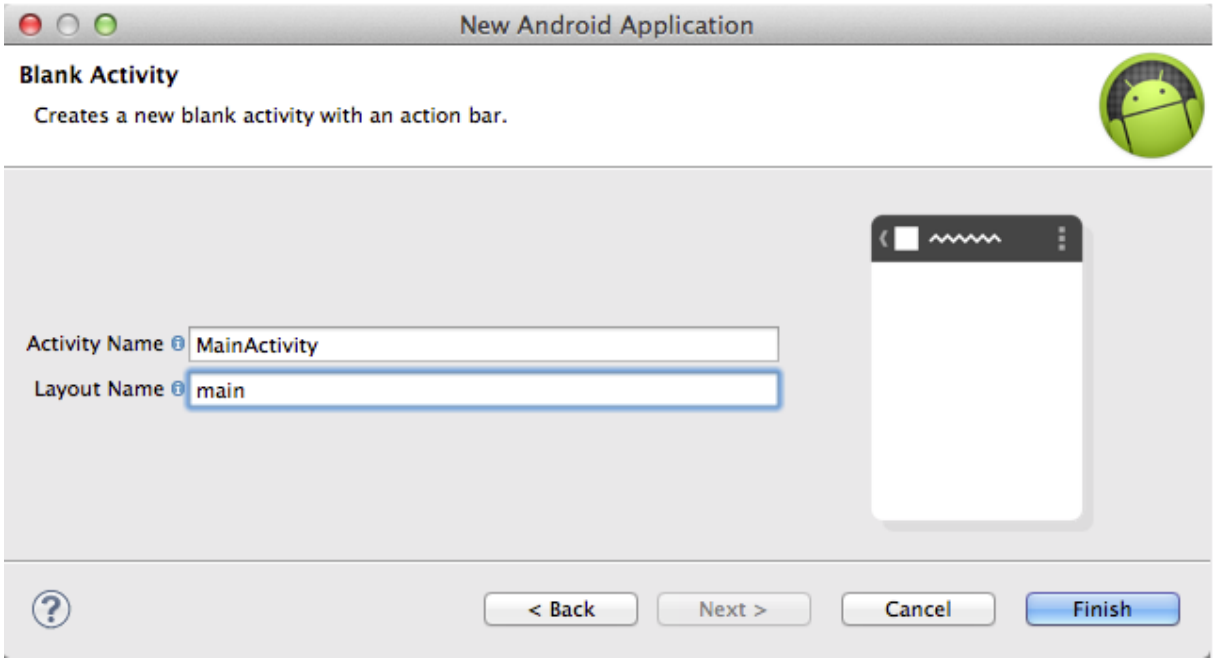
4. Select any icon and click Next.



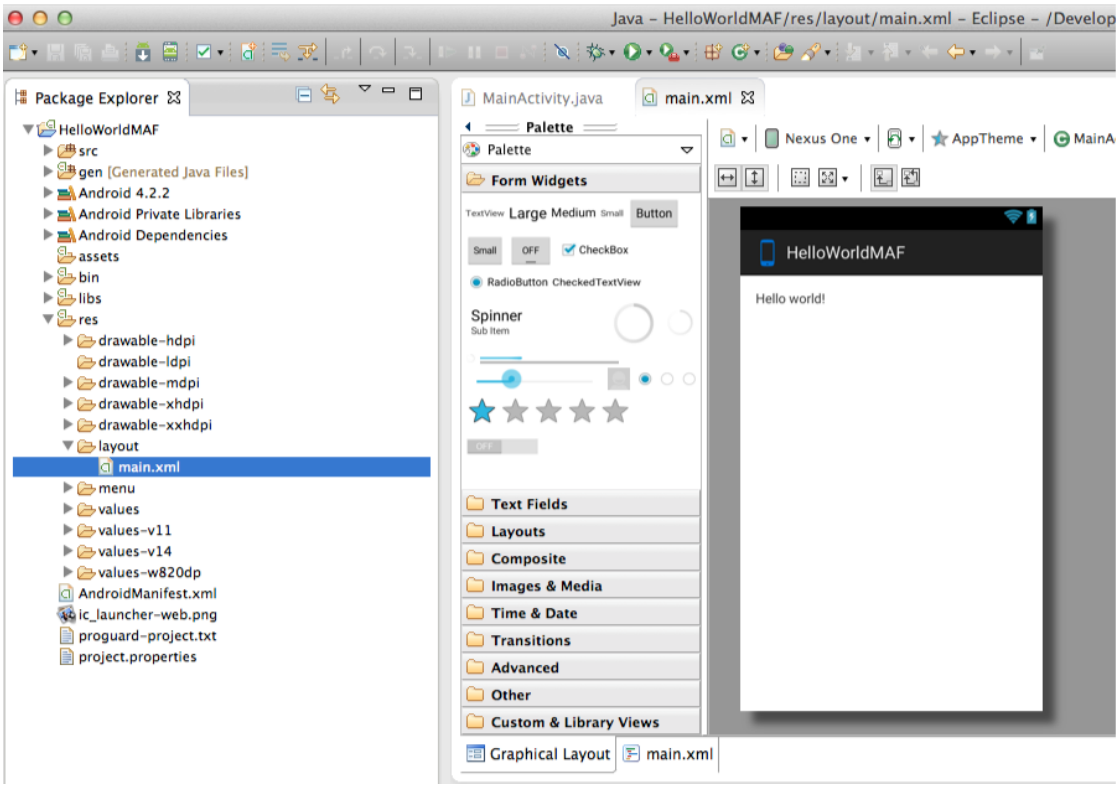
5. You can choose any template to create an activity, for simplicity purposes we will chose a Blank Activity



6. Enter the following information to create the activity and its corresponding layout resources and click Finish

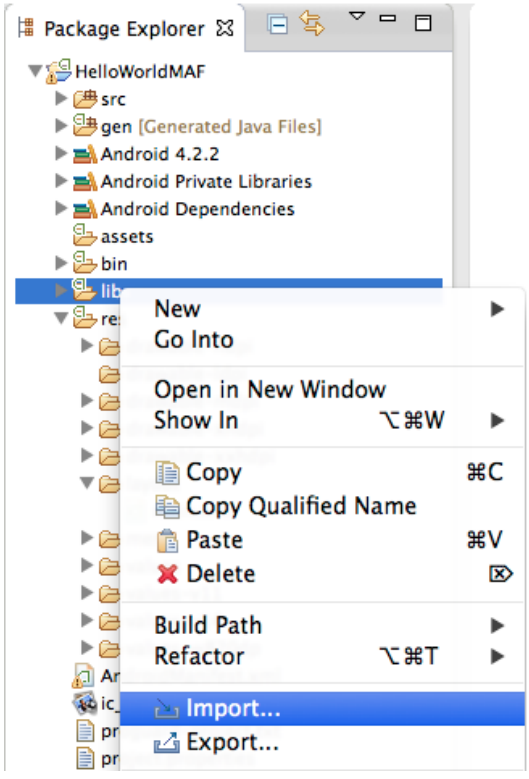


7. Your project should look like the image below.

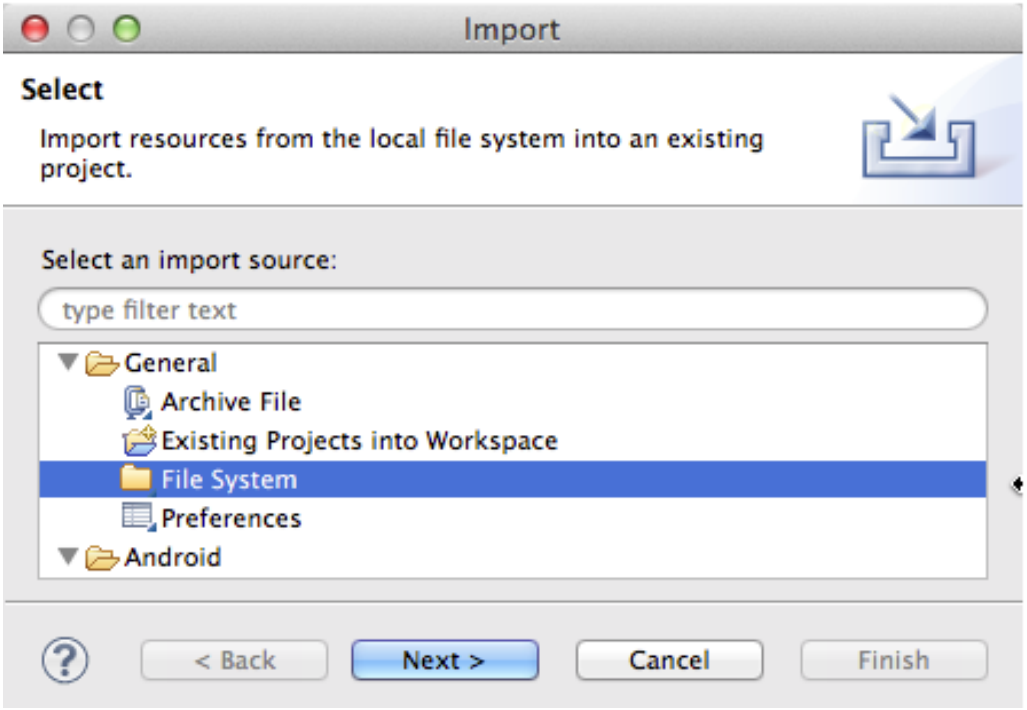


4.2 Add required MAF artifacts

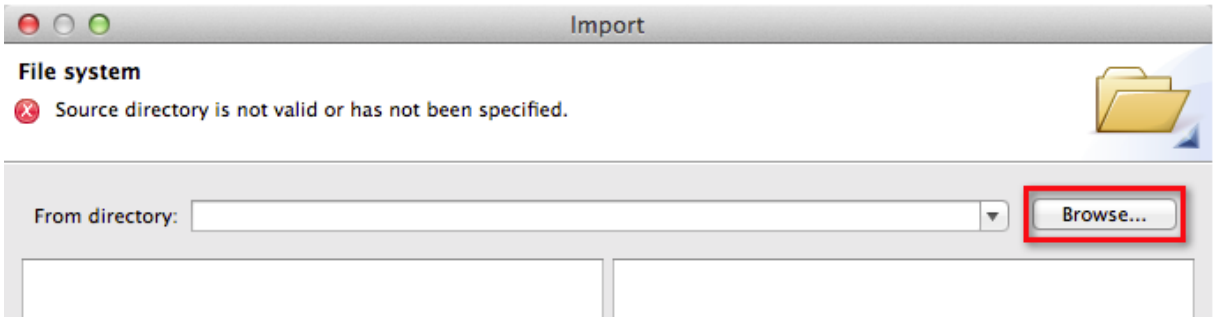
1. Select the libs folder and right-click to open the context menu and select Import



2. Select General -> File System and click Next



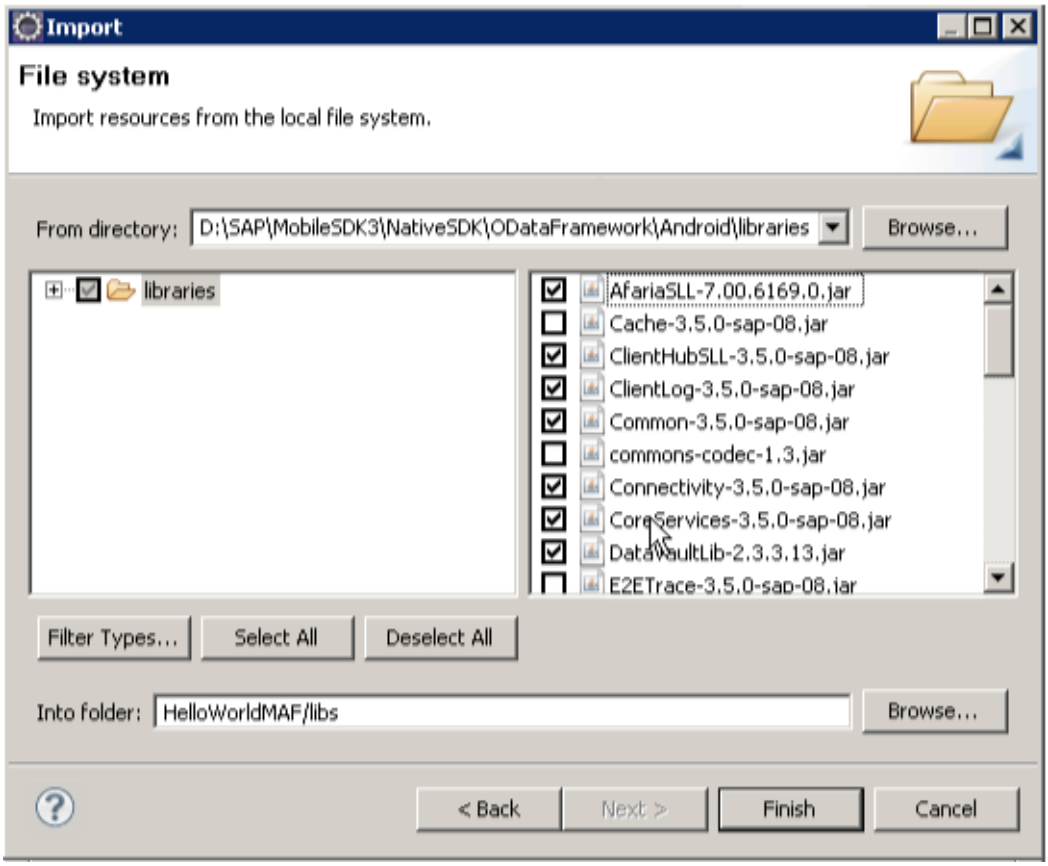
3. In the Import window, click Browse



4. Locate your SMP 3.0 SDK installation folder. You will find the jar files in the following folders:
   a. <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\ODataFramework\Android\libraries
   b. <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\MAFReuse\Android\libraries

5. Select the following jar and click Finish

- AfariaSLL.jar
- ClientHubSLL
- ClientLog.jar
- Common.jar
- Connectivity.jar
- CoreServices.jar
- DataVaultLib.jar
- HttpConvAuthFlows.jar
- HttpConversation.jar
- maflogoncore.jar
- maflogger.jar
- maflogonui.jar
- mafuicomponents.jar
- mafsettingscreen.jar
- MobilePlace.jar
- perflib.jar
- Request.jar
- sap-e2etrace.jar
- SupportabilityFacade.jar



6. Save your changes

4.3 Set up dependencies

To use the MAF Login Component you must import a number of Libraries and Resources. MAF Libraries were installed with SMP Client SDK installer into the folder specified by you when you executed the installer. This libraries and resources are already included in the project. Please follow the steps to confirm the project was set up correctly.

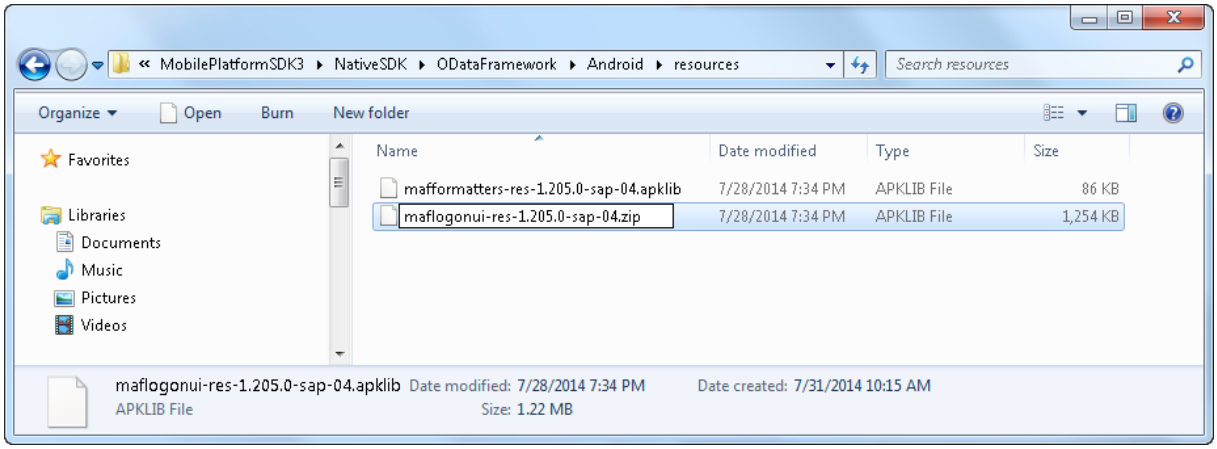
MAF is shipped with various resources. These projects have Android nature, but don't ship any source code. Their only purpose is to ship all Android resource files like: images, layouts, localization, XMLs

As a result of the SDK installer you will find the following .apklib files in the installation folder:

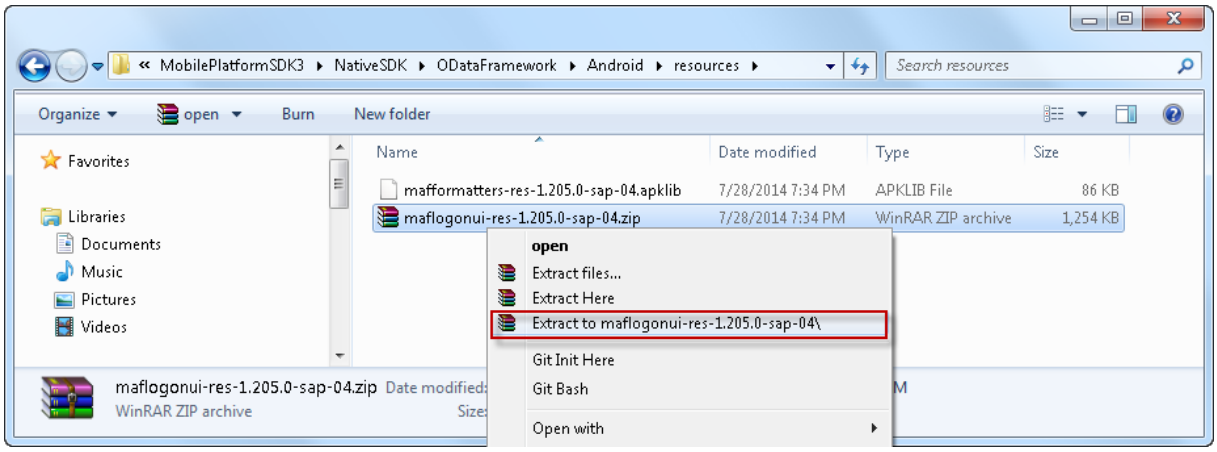
a. <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\ODataFramework\Android\resources\maflogonui.akplib
b. <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\MAFReuse\Android\resources\mafsettingscreen.apklib
c. <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\MAFReuse\Android\resources\mafuicomponents.apklib

1. Open folder <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\ODataFramework\Android\resources\

2. The resource archives have .apklib extension (i.e maflogonui-res-xxx.akplib). You will need to change this extension to .zip



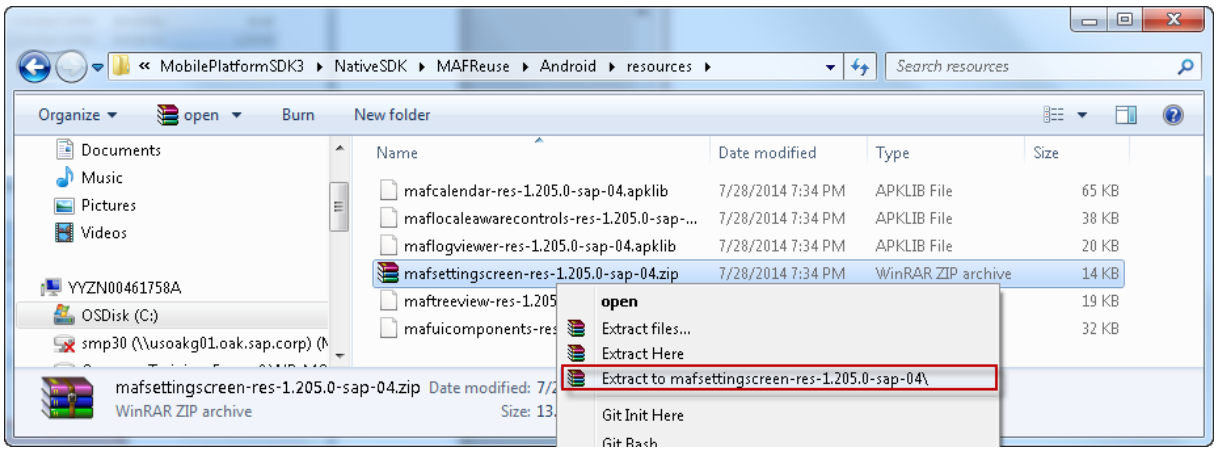
3. Unzip the .zip file into a local folder



4. Open folder <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\MAFReuse\Android\resources\

The resource archives have .apklib extension (i.e mafsettingscreen-res-xxx.akplib). You will need to change this extension to .zip

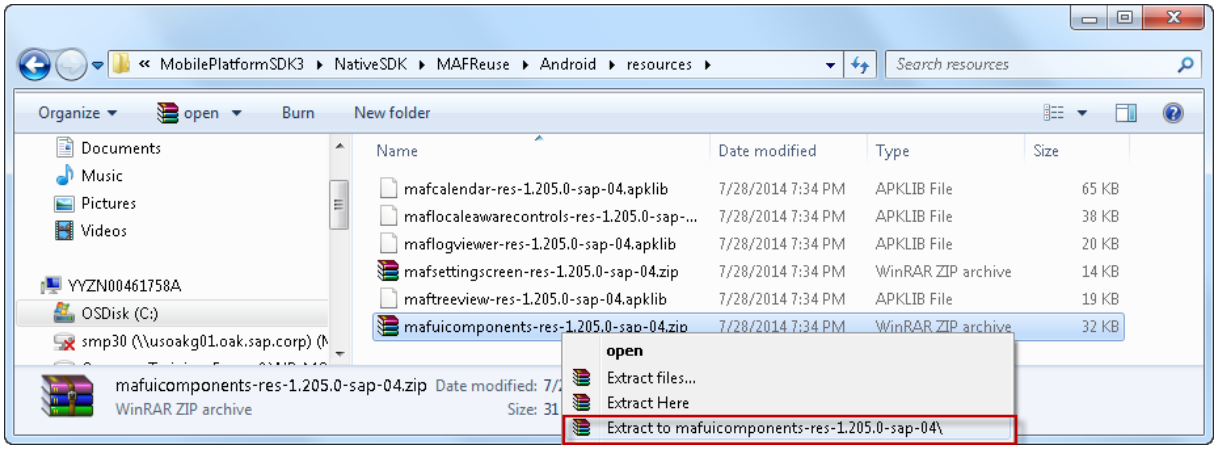
5. Unzip the .zip flie into a local folder



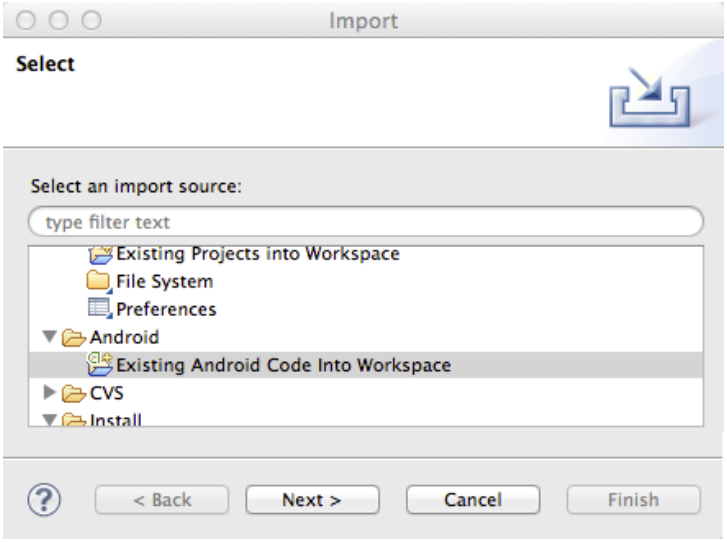
6. In the same folder <Client SDK dir>\NativeSDK\MAFReuse\Android\resources\ you will find mafuicomponents.apklib

   The resource archives have .apklib extension (i.e mafuicomponents-res-xxx.akplib). You will need to change this extension to .zip

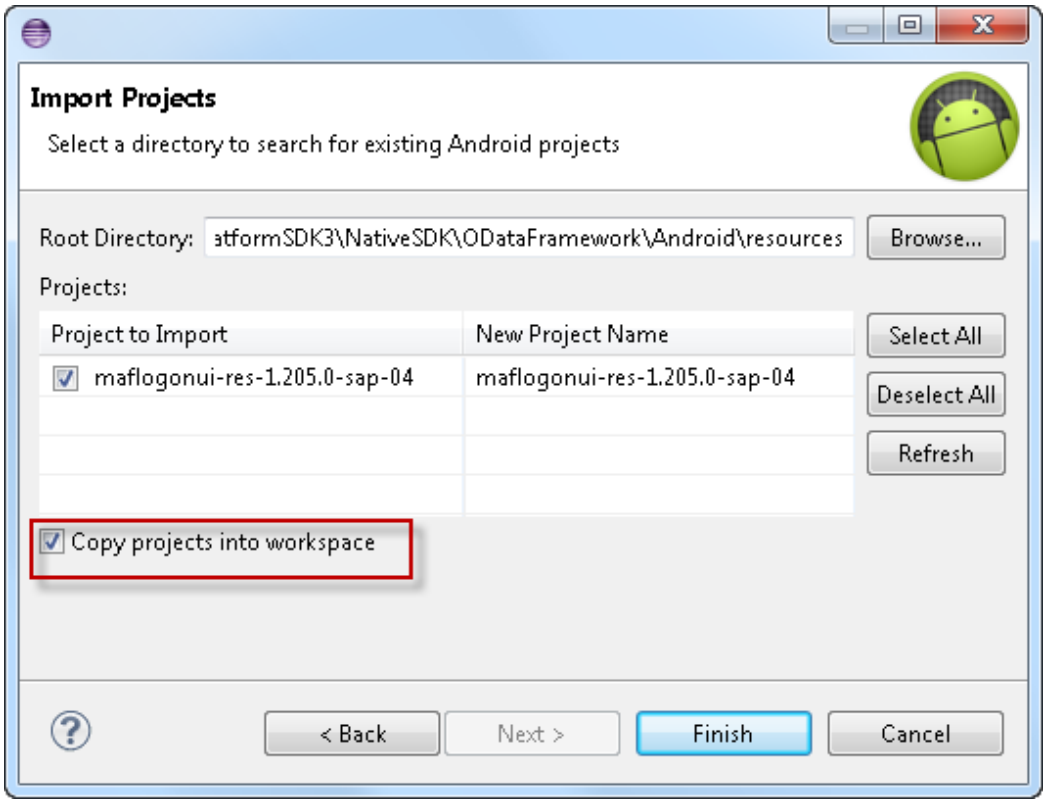
7. Unzip the .zip flie into a local folder



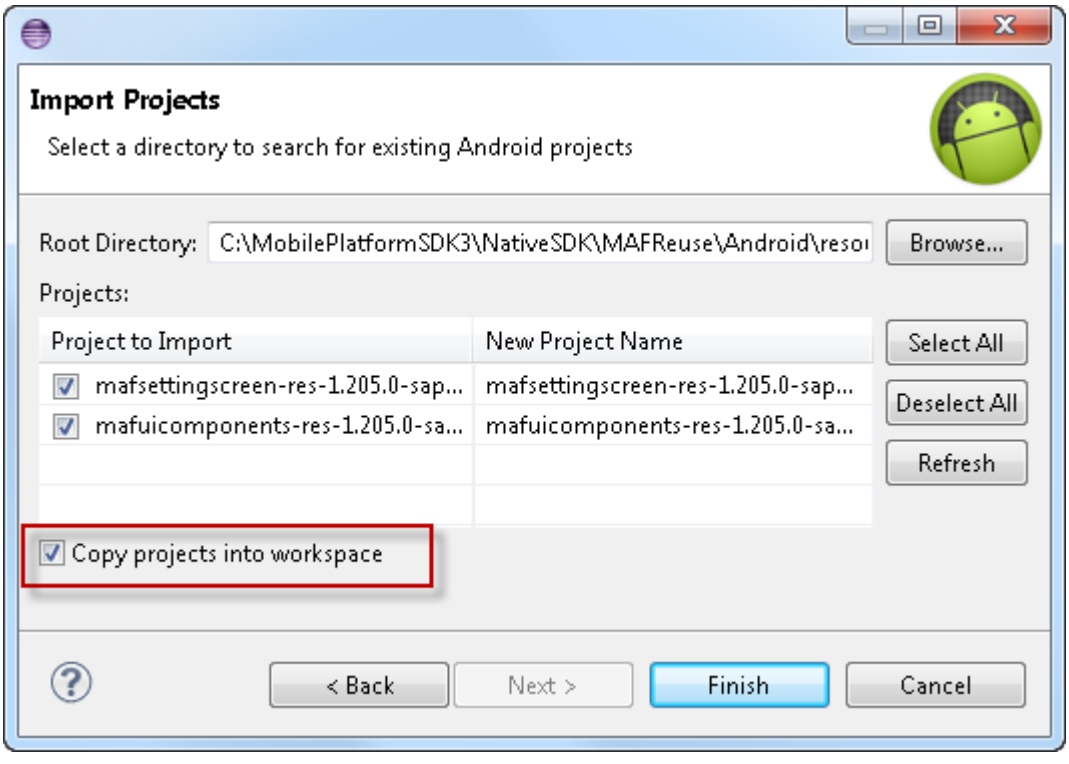
8. Open eclipse, import the projects by selecting File -> Import menu.
9. The Import window will open, select Existing Android Code into Workspace and click Next.



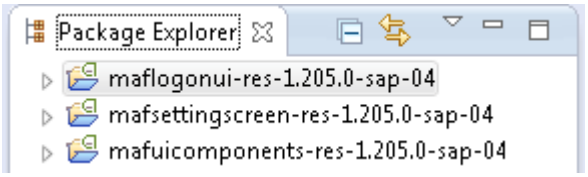
10. In the Root Directory field, click the Browse button to locate the .zip files in your local folder (i.e. <Client_SDK_dir>\NativeSDK\ODataFramework\Android\resources\maflogonui-res-xxx.akplib) and click Finish.



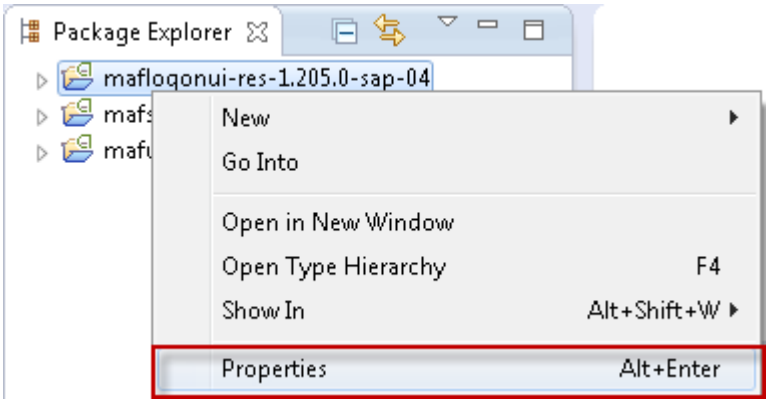
11. Repeats steps 12-13 to import the other MAF project resources:, mafsettingscreen and mafuicomponents



12. After importing the three MAF resources, in the Package Explorer view, check your project, it should look like the image below.

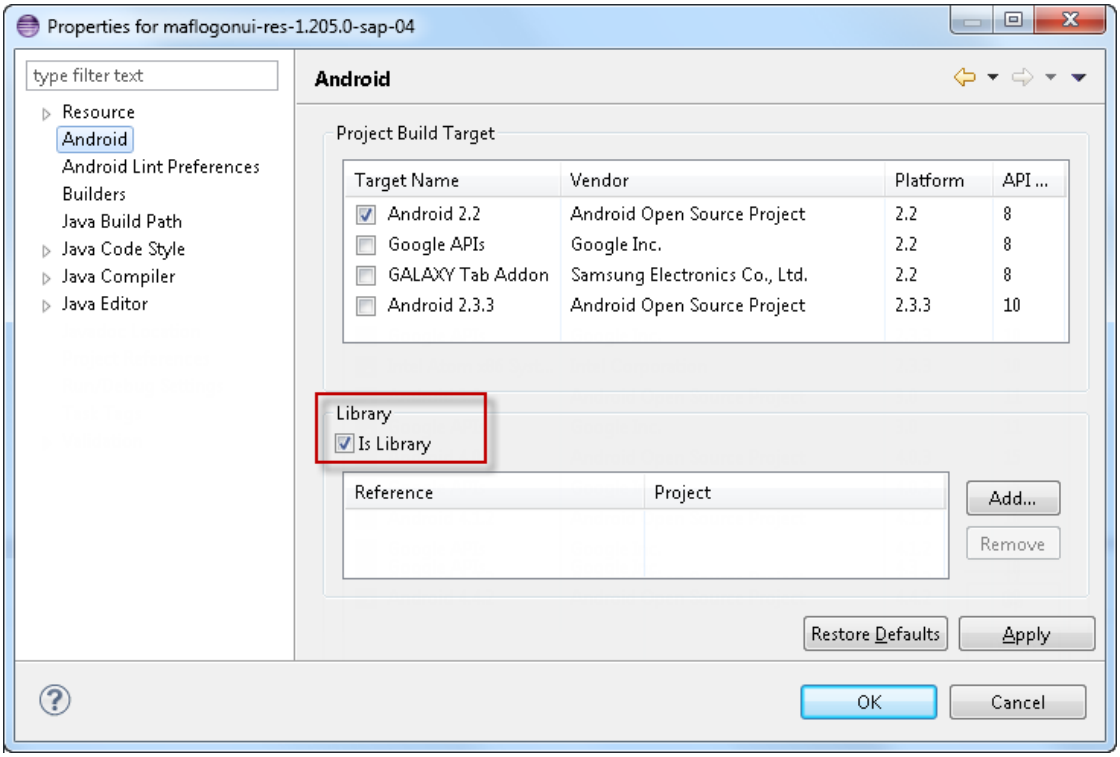


13. Select maflogonui-res-xxx project. Right click and select the project properties from the context menu. These MAF resources projects need to be marked as Android library project.

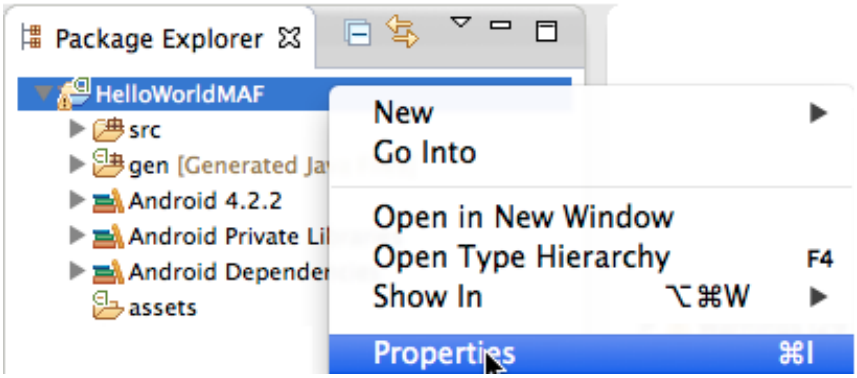


14. In the project properties you need to select Android and then mark the project as Library.

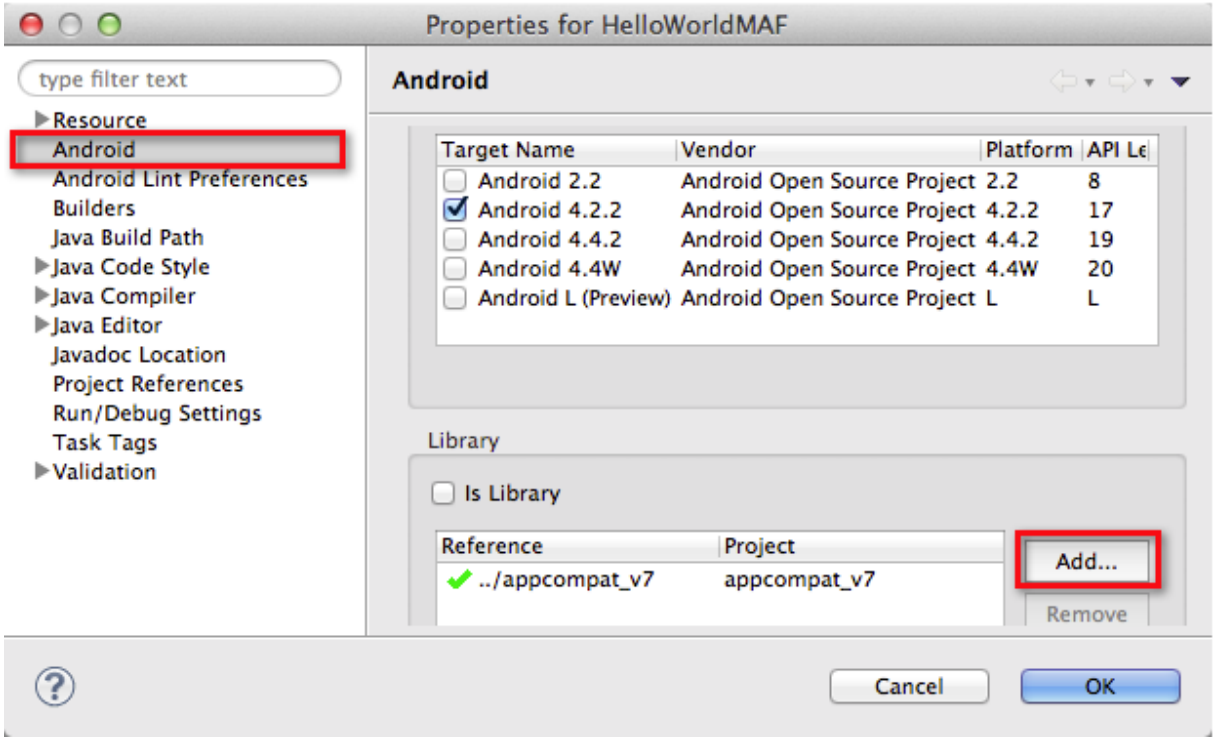
⚠ Remember to repeat this step for all three of the resource projects: maflogonui, mafsettingscreen and mafuicomponents.



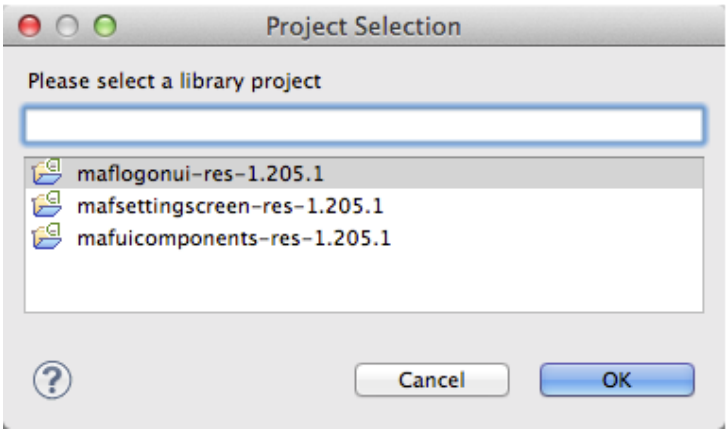
15. Select HelloWorldMAF and open the properties to set up the reference to the MAF resources



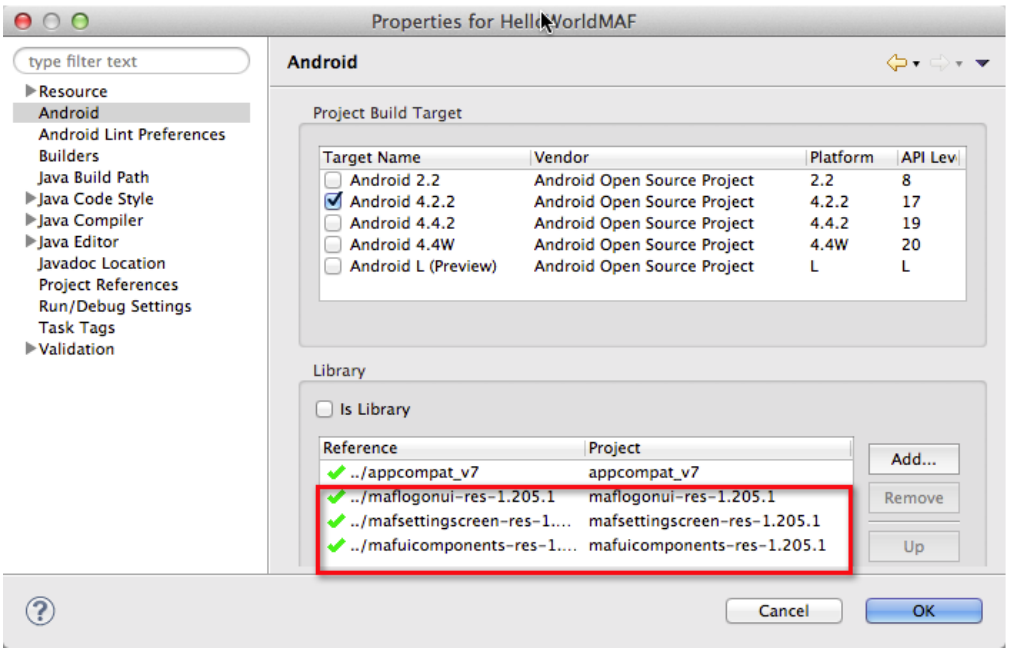
16. Select Android. In the Library section you need to click the Add button.



17. The Project Selection modal view will be shown. Select each of the maf resources and click OK



18. Once you have added the 3 resources, click OK

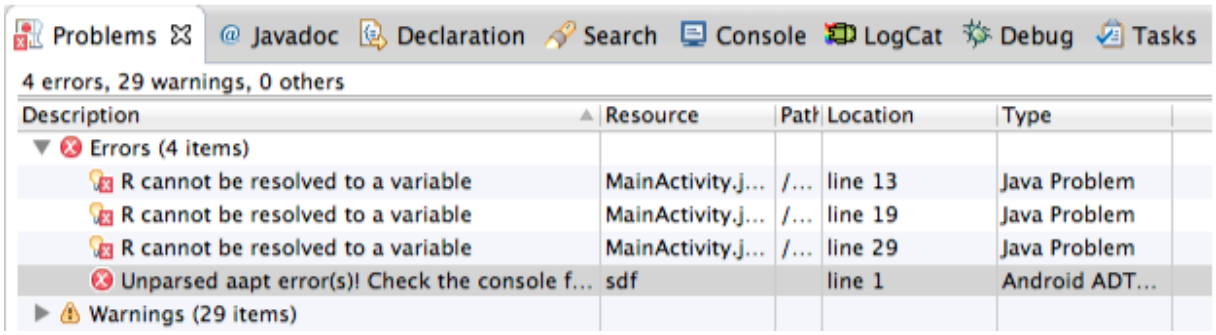


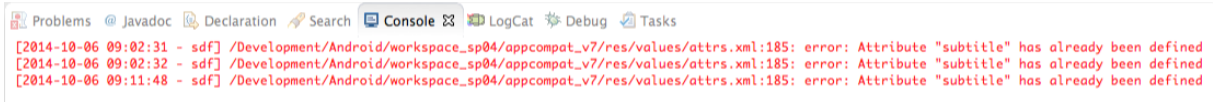
If your project has dependencies to the Android Support Library package (i.e appcompat_v7), when you add the MAF resources, you may encounter some errors.

The Android Support Library package is a set of code libraries that provide backward-compatible versions of Android framework APIs as well as features that are only available through the library APIs. Each Support Library is backward-compatible to a specific Android API level. This design means that your applications can use the libraries' features and still be compatible with devices running Android 1.6 (API level 4) and up

Please check the Appendix A – Fixing Problems with Android Project section at the end of this guide to remove the dependency to the Android Support Library package

Some sample errors messages you may get





4.4 Review AndroidManifest.xml

1. Ensure that AndroidManifest.xml contains the INTERNET permission:

```
<!-- allow connections to Internet Services. -->
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
```

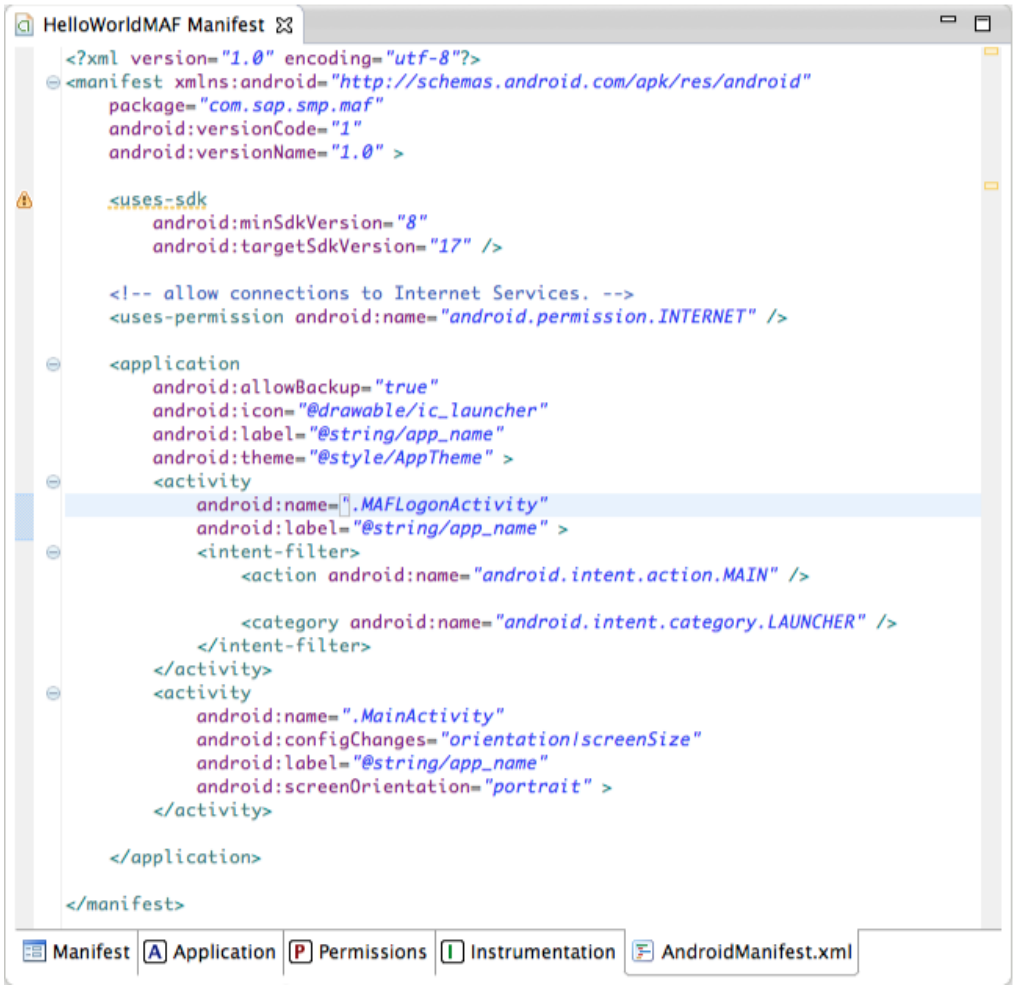
2. Define as main activity the MAFLogonActivity. This is a new activity we are going to create during this exercise that will reuse the MAF Logon component.

```
<activity
      android:name=".MAFLogonActivity"
      android:label="@string/app_name" >
      <intent-filter>
          <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
          <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
      </intent-filter>
  </activity>
```

3. Define the MainActivity as a second screen that will be displayed after the registration finishes.

```
<activity
      android:name=".MainActivity"
      android:configChanges="orientation|screenSize"
      android:label="@string/app_name"
      android:screenOrientation="portrait" >
  </activity>
```

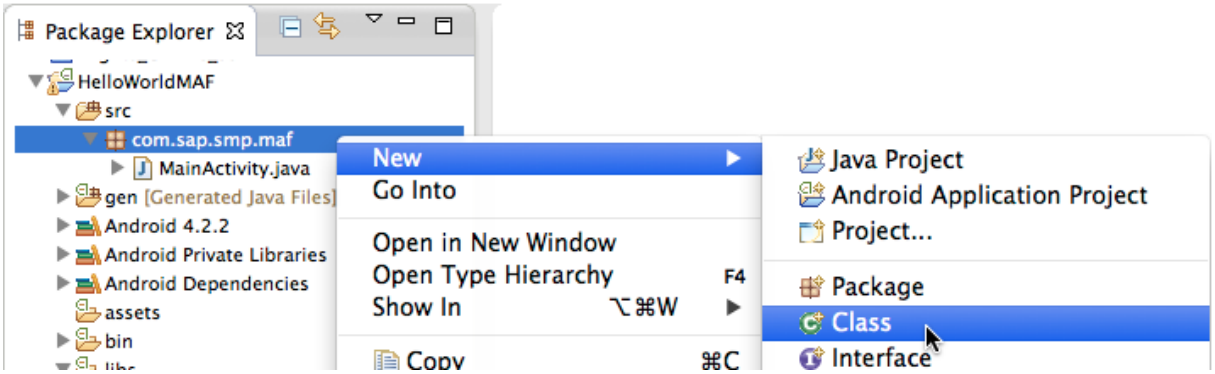
4. Your manifest file should look like the image below.



4.5 Implement MAFLogonActivity

Now that we have successfully set up the Android project, we can use the MAF Logon resources in our project.

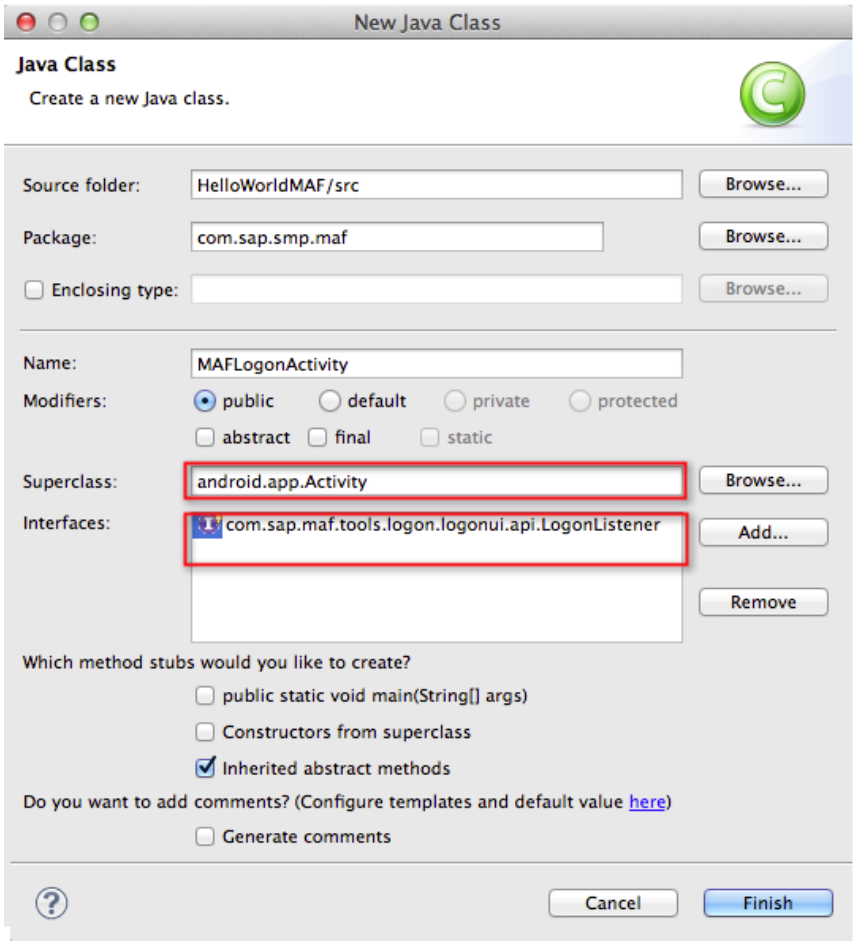
1. Go to src -> com.sap.smp.maf
2. Right-click on the com.sap.smp.maf package to open the context menu
3. Select New -> Class



4. Enter the following information to create an Activity and click Finish
   a. Name = MAFLogonActivity

b. Superclass = android.app.Activity

c. Interface = com.sap.maf.tools.logon.logonui.api.LogonListener



5. Define the following class variables

```
private final String TAG = MAFLogonActivity.class.getSimpleName();
private LogonUIFacade mLogonUIFacade;
private Context mContext;
```

6. Implement the onCreate method to initialize the LogonUIFacade with the following code

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    // get an instance of the LogonUIFacade
    mLogonUIFacade = LogonUIFacade.getInstance();
    // set context reference
    mContext = this;
    this.showLogonScreen();
}
```

7. Define to the showLogonScreen method with the following code.

⚠ This example assumes you have configured an application in SMP 3.0 called com.sap.flight

for more information visit Deploying Applications

```
private void showLogonScreen() {
    //TODO 1-2 COMPLETE showLogonScreen in MAFLogonActivity ***********
```

```
        // initialize the LogonUIFacade with context and application id
        // This example assumes "com.sap.flight" exists in
        // SMP 3.0 Management Cockpit
        mLogonUIFacade.init(this, mContext, "com.sap.flight");

        // ask LogonUIFacede to present the logon screen
        // set the resulting view as the content view for this activity
        setContentView(mLogonUIFacade.logon());
    }
```

`setContentView` method is used to present the logon screen from the MAFLogonActivity

8. Locate onLogonFinished and complete the method with the following code. This method redirects to the main screen when the registration finishes

   This callback method handles BOTH success and error cases.

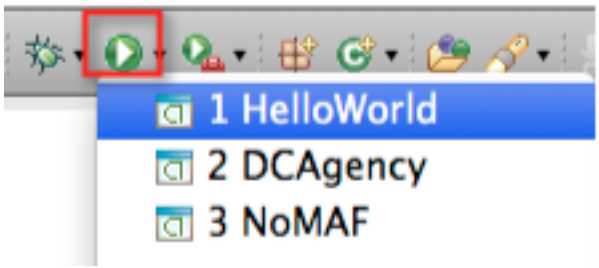
```
@Override
public void onLogonFinished(String message, boolean isSuccess, LogonContext
lgContext) {
       //TODO 1-3 COMPLETE onLogonFinished in MAFLogonActivity ******
              Log.d(TAG, "onLogonFinished: "+message);
              //Check if it finished successfully
              if (isSuccess) {
                  try {
                     //For debugging purposes will log the app connection id and
                     // the end point url.
                     // In a productive app, remember to remove these logs
                     String appConnID = LogonCore.getInstance().getLogonContext()
                            .getConnId();
                     Log.d(TAG, "onLogonFinished: appcid:"+ appConnID);
                     Log.d(TAG, "onLogonFinished: endpointurl:"+
                                    lgContext.getEndPointUrl());

                  } catch (LogonManagerException e) {
                     Log.e(TAG, e.getLocalizedMessage(), e);
                  } catch (LogonCoreException e) {
                     Log.e(TAG, e.getLocalizedMessage(), e);
                  }

                  // Navigate to the Main menu screen
                  Intent goToNextActivity = new Intent(this, MainActivity.class);
                  startActivity(goToNextActivity);
                  finish();
              }

    }
```

7. Save the changes
8. Please find the MAFLogonActivity in Appendix B - MAFLogonActivity.java

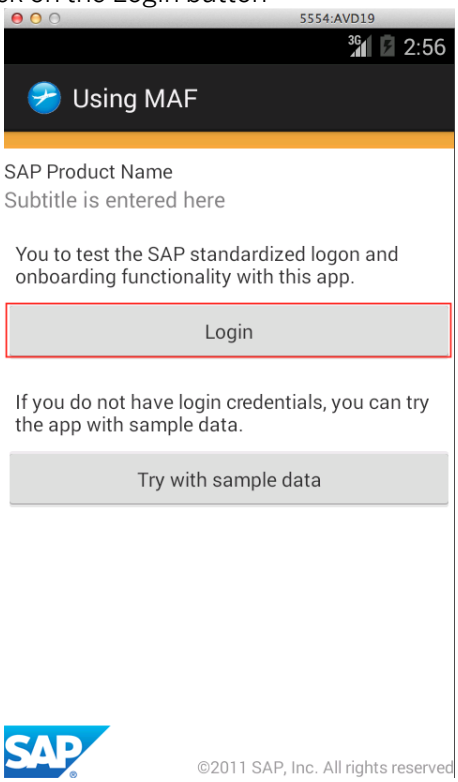
4.6 Run the Application

If you haven't created the Debug Configuration, please review Appendix C – Creating Debug Configuration

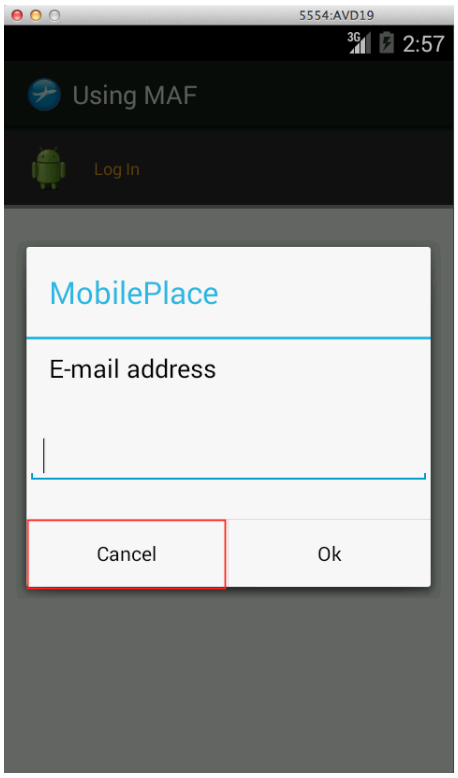
9. In Eclipse, go to the Run icon and select the corresponding HelloWorld configuration


1 HelloWorld
2 DCAgency
3 NoMAF

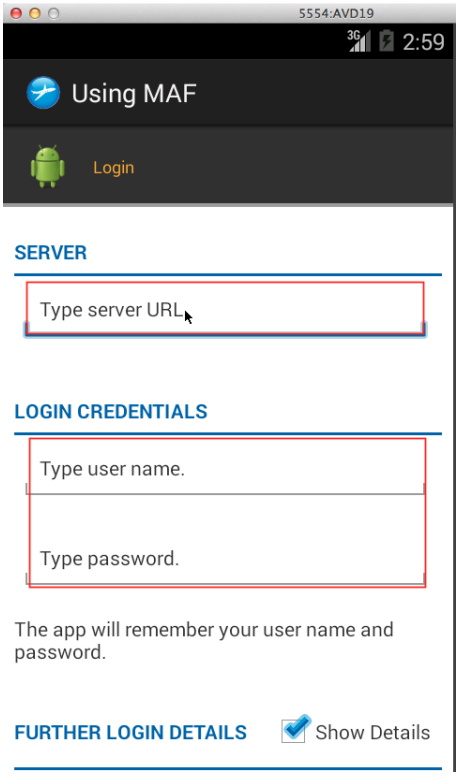
8. Click on the Login button



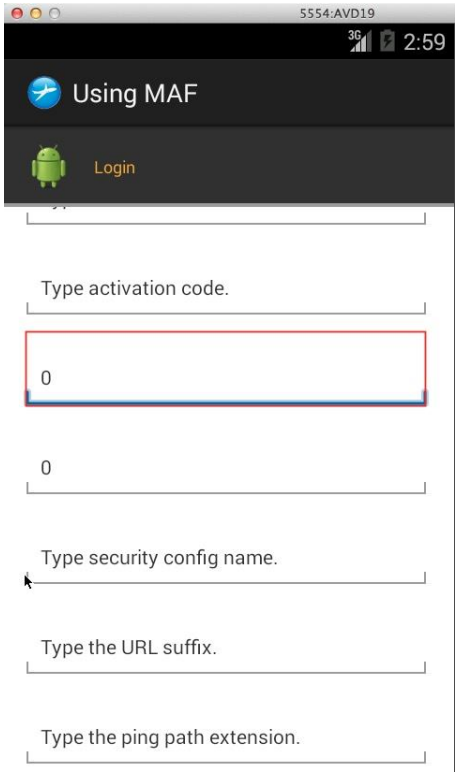
9. Click on Cancel



10. Enter the IP address of the SMP 3.0 server and backend credentials



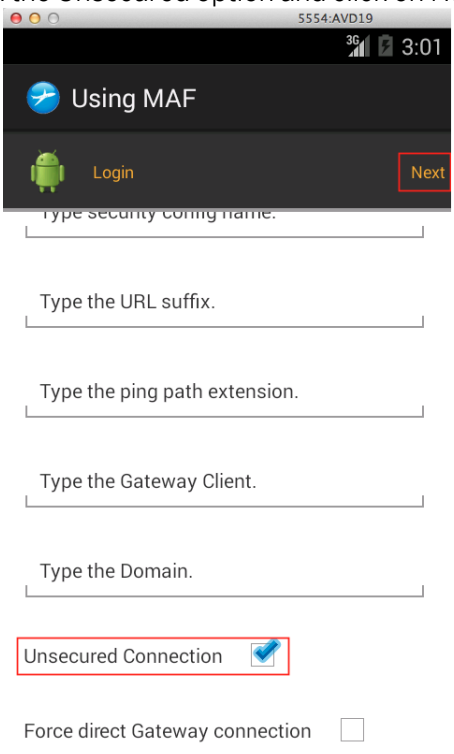
11. Scroll down to enter port (8080 is default)



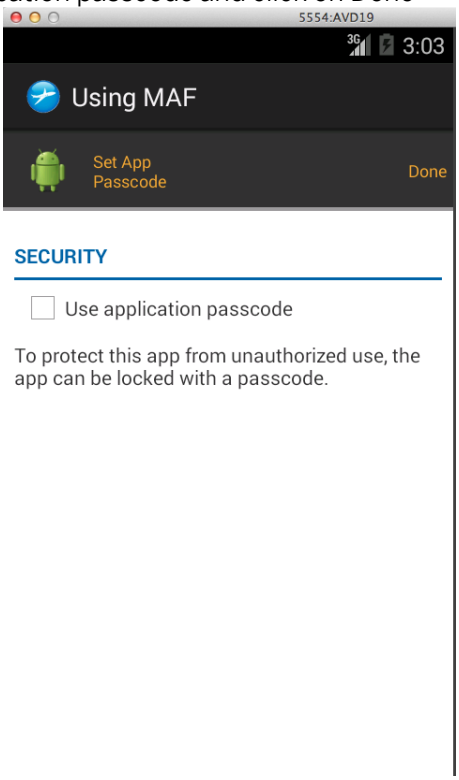
12. Keep scrolling until the end of the screen to

13. Enter a passcode or uncheck the Use

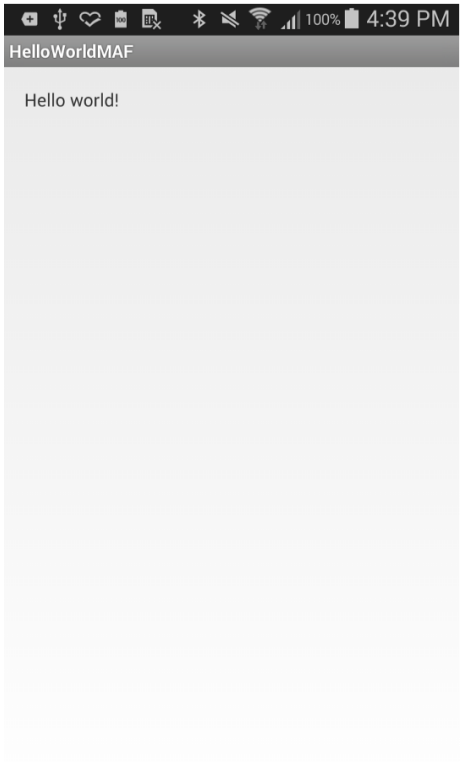
check the Unsecured option and click on Next



application passcode and click on Done

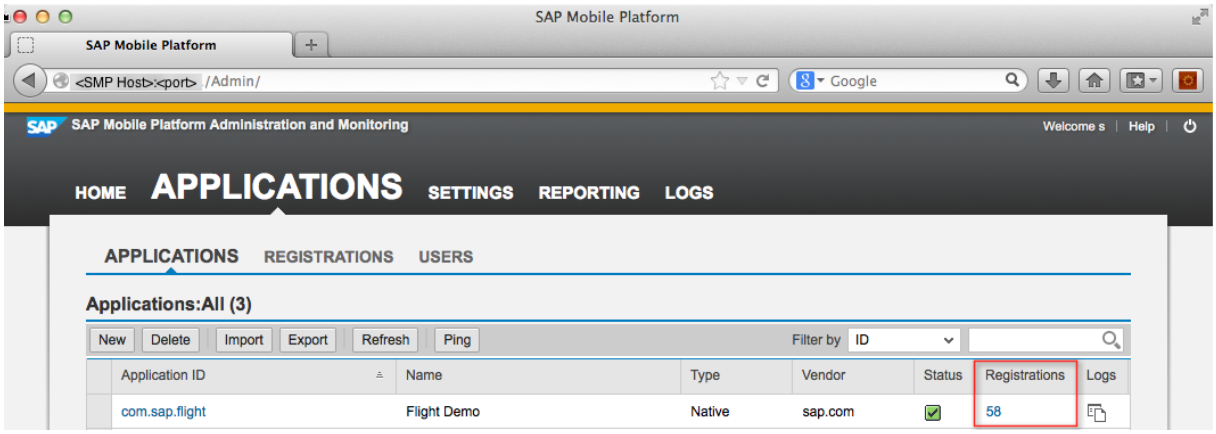


14. The main screen will be displayed



4.7 Verifying the registration

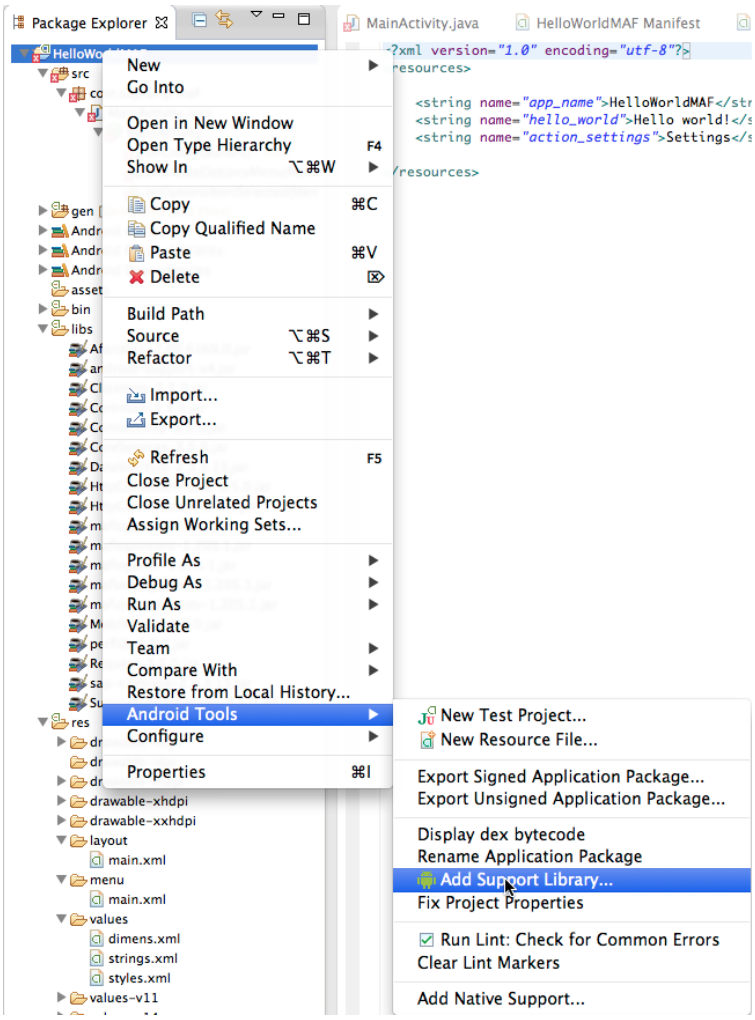
To verify that the user was registered successful, you can open the SAP Management Cockpit and check the number if the number of registrations increases when you register your device



5. Appendix

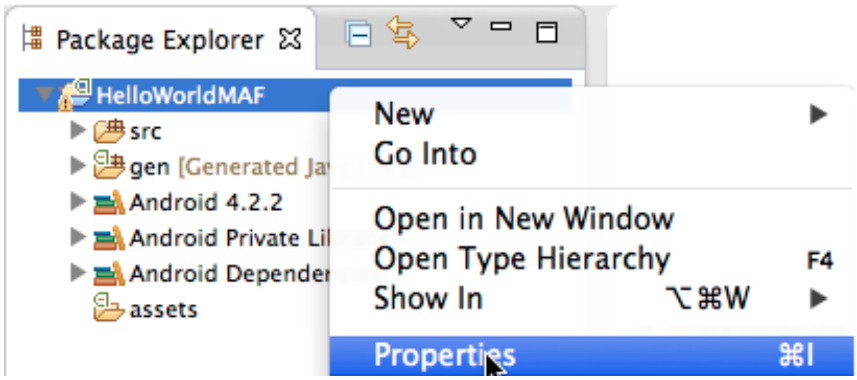
Appendix A – Fixing Problems with Android Project

1. Right-click on the project to open the context menu.
2. Select Android Tools -> Add Support Library... to add the support library as a jar file in the project

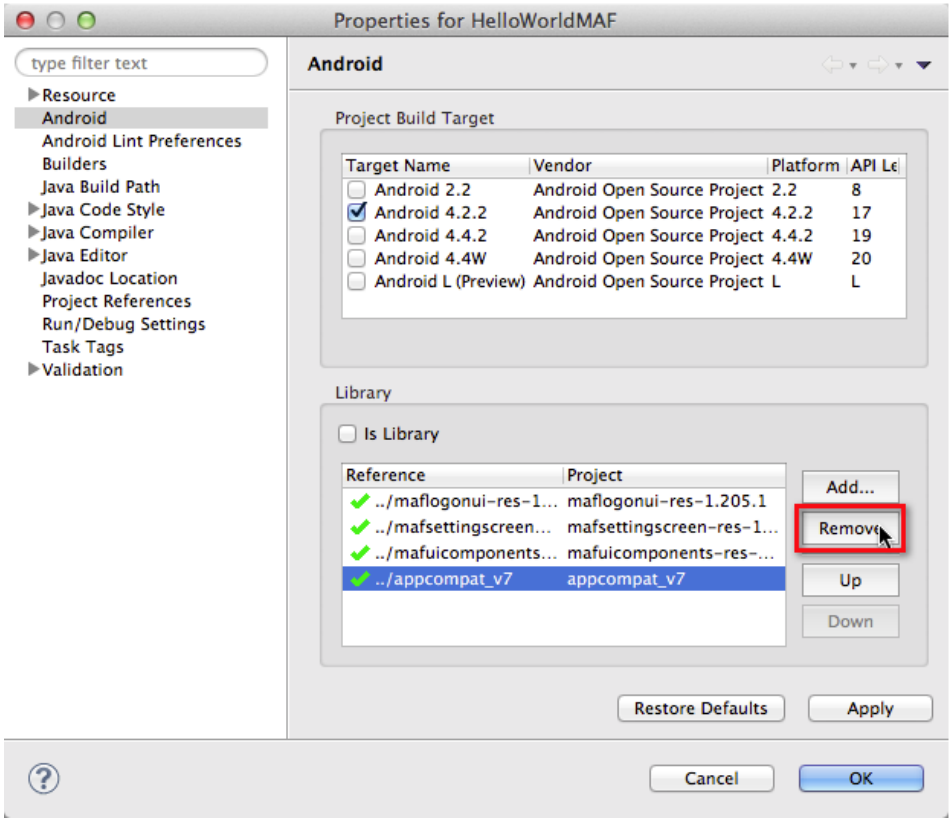


Remove dependency to appcompat_v7 resources.

3. Right-click on the project to open the context menu
4. Select Properties



5. Select appcompat_v7 and click on Remove.



Manually remove all dependencies to appcompat_v7 resources.

6. Open res -> values -> styles.xml and replace

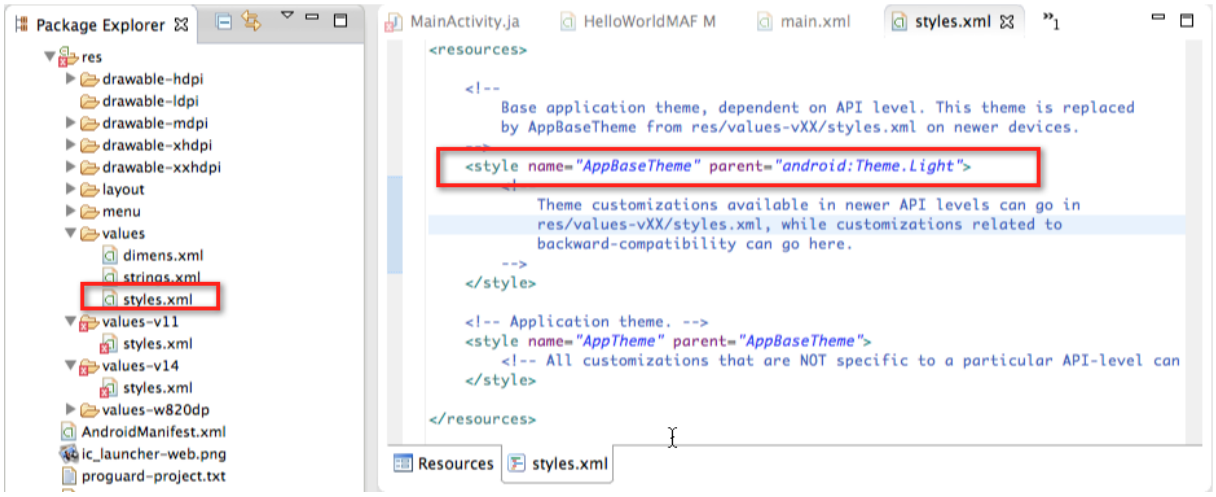
   This line of code that reference the appcompat_v7 resources

```
<style name="AppBaseTheme" parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light">
```

   For this one

```
<style name="AppBaseTheme" parent="android:Theme.Light">
```

7. Styles.xml should look lik the image below



8. Open res -> values-v11 -> styles.xml and replace

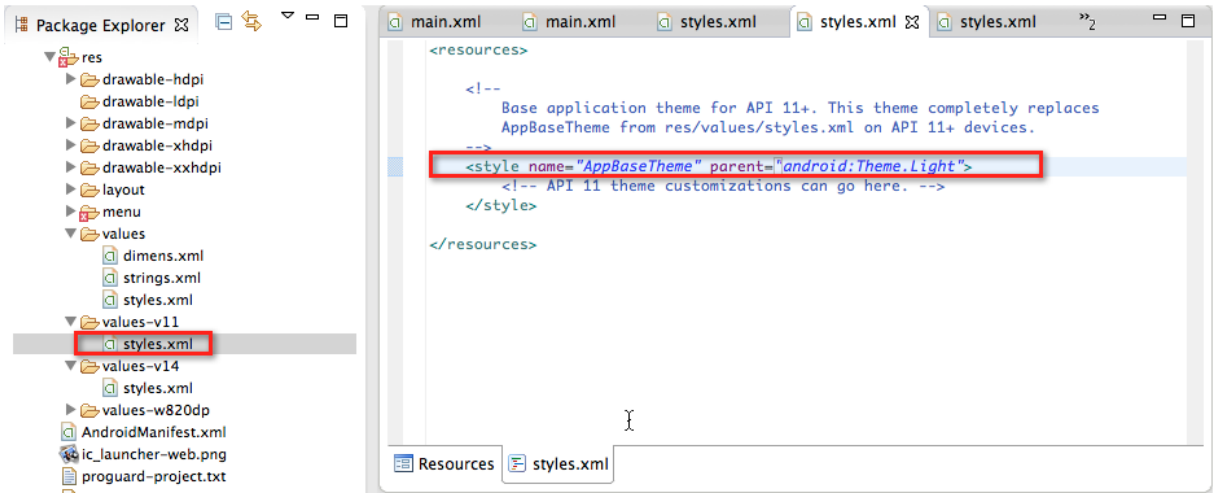
   This line of code that reference the appcompat_v7 resources

```
<style name="AppBaseTheme" parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light">
```

   For this one

```
<style name="AppBaseTheme" parent="android:Theme.Light">
```

9. res -> values-v11 -> styles.xml should look like the image below



10. Open res -> values-v14 -> styles.xml and replace

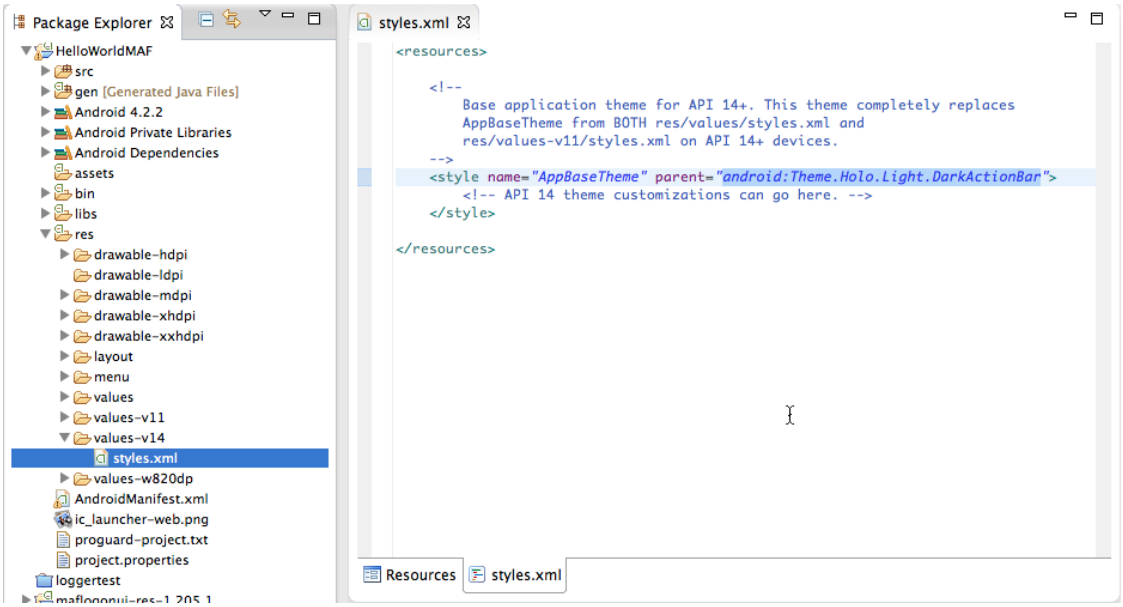
    This line of code that reference the appcompat_v7 resources

```
<style name="AppBaseTheme" parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar">
```

    For this one

```
<style name="AppBaseTheme" parent="android:Theme.Holo.Light.DarkActionBar">
```

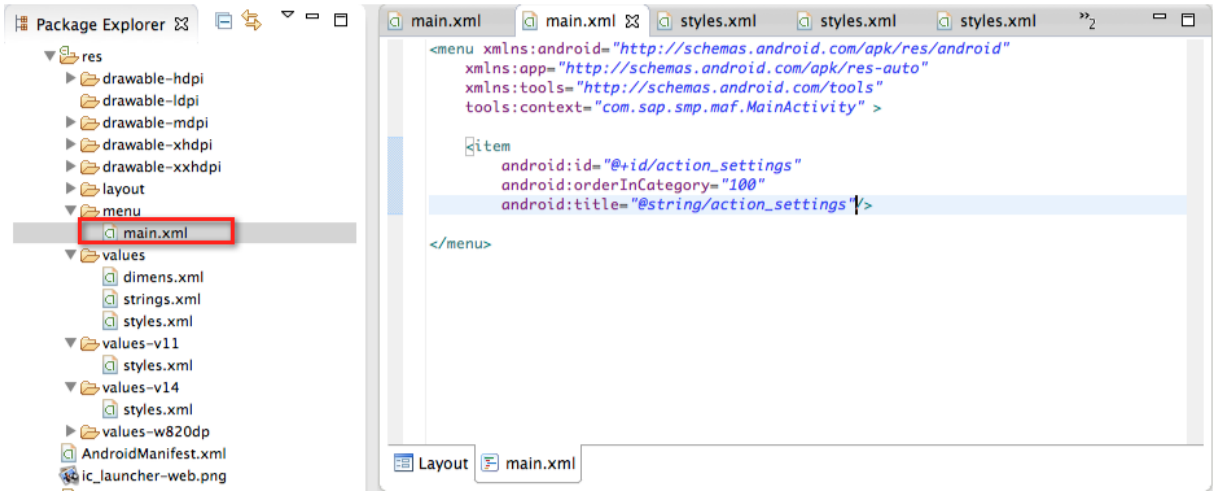
11. res -> values-v14 -> styles.xml should look like the image below



12. Open Res -> menu -> main.xml
13. You will get an error: No resource identifier found for attribute 'showAsAction' in package 'com.sap.smp.maf'
14. Remove the showAsAction from the item properties.

```
<item
    android:id="@+id/action_settings"
    android:orderInCategory="100"
    android:title="@string/action_settings"
    app:showAsAction="never"/>
```

14. Res -> menu -> main.xml should look like the image below



15. Open src -> com.sap.smp.maf -> MainActivity.java
16. Replace

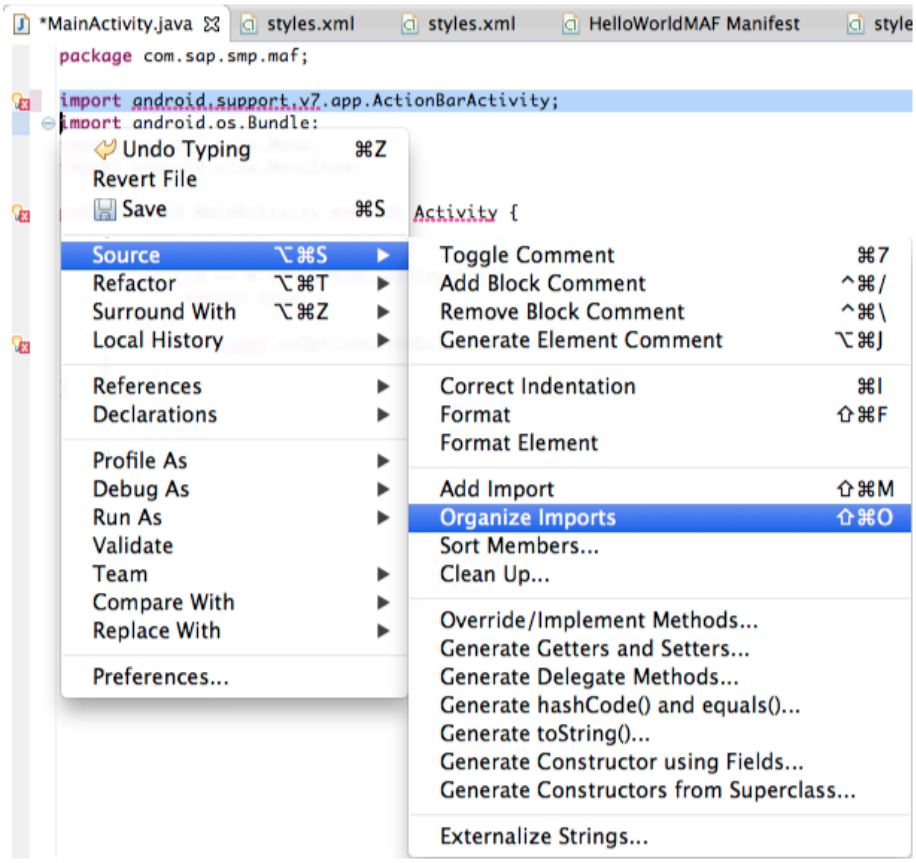
    This line of code

```
public class MainActivity extends ActionBarActivity {
```

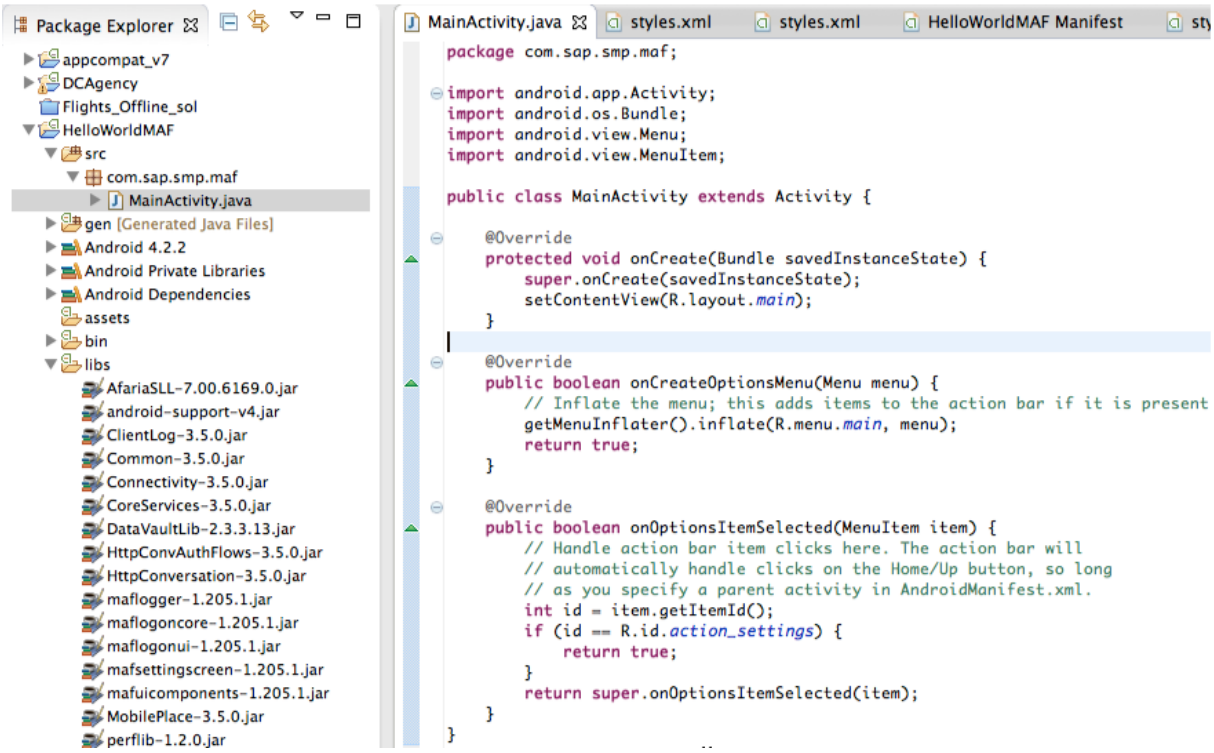
    for this one

```
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
```

17. Organize imports



18. MainActivity.java should look like



19. Save the changes

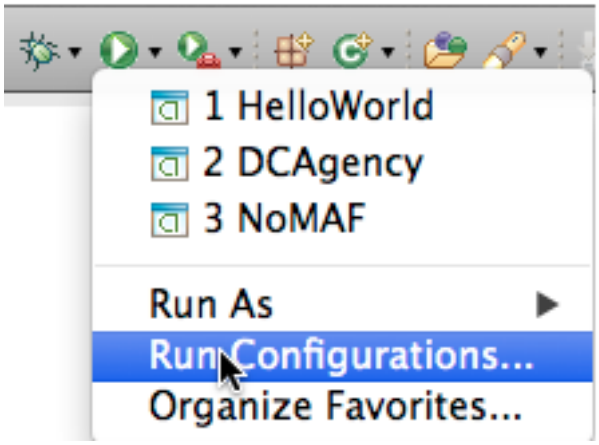
Appendix B – MAFLogonActivity.java

```
package com.sap.smp.maf;

import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.Context;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.text.TextUtils;
import android.util.Log;

import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.core.LogonCore;
import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.core.LogonCoreContext;
import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.core.LogonCoreException;
import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.logonui.api.LogonListener;
import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.logonui.api.LogonUIFacade;
import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.manager.LogonContext;
import com.sap.maf.tools.logon.manager.LogonManager.LogonManagerException;

public class MAFLogonActivity extends Activity implements LogonListener {
    private final String TAG = MAFLogonActivity.class.getSimpleName();
    private LogonUIFacade mLogonUIFacade;
    private Context mContext;

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        // get an instance of the LogonUIFacade
        mLogonUIFacade = LogonUIFacade.getInstance();
        // set context reference
        mContext = this;
        this.showLogonScreen();
    }

    private void showLogonScreen() {
        //TODO 1-2 COMPLETE showLogonScreen in MAFLogonActivity ************
       // initialize the LogonUIFacade with context and application id
        mLogonUIFacade.init(this, mContext, "com.sap.flight");

        // ask LogonUIFacede to present the logon screen
        // set the resulting view as the content view for this activity
        setContentView(mLogonUIFacade.logon());
    }

    @Override
    public void objectFromSecureStoreForKey() {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

    @Override
    public void onApplicationSettingsUpdated() {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

    @Override
    public void onBackendPasswordChanged(boolean arg0) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

    @Override
    public void onLogonFinished(String message, boolean isSuccess, LogonContext lgContext) {
        //TODO 1-3 COMPLETE onLogonFinished in MAFLogonActivity ******
                Log.d(TAG, "onLogonFinished: "+message);
                //Check if it finished successfully
                if (isSuccess) {
                    try {
                        //For debugging purposes will log the app connection id and
                        // the end point url.
                      // In a productive app, remember to remove these logs
                        String appConnID = LogonCore.getInstance().getLogonContext()
                                .getConnId();
```

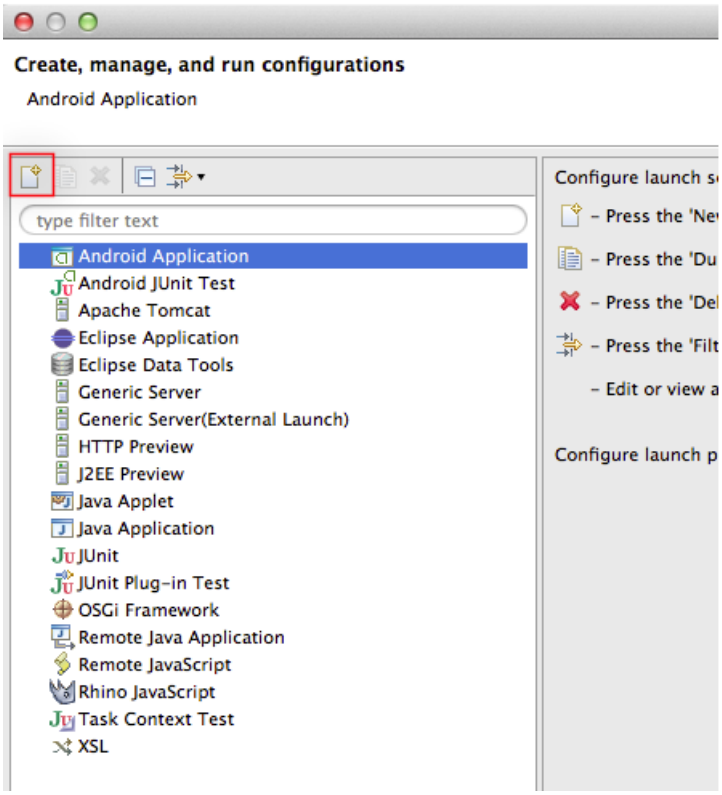
```
                        Log.d(TAG, "onLogonFinished: appcid:"+ appConnID);
                        Log.d(TAG, "onLogonFinished: endpointurl:"+ lgContext.getEndPointUrl());

                    } catch (LogonManagerException e) {
                        Log.e(TAG, e.getLocalizedMessage(), e);
                    } catch (LogonCoreException e) {
                        Log.e(TAG, e.getLocalizedMessage(), e);
                    }

                    // Navigate to the Main menu screen
                    Intent goToNextActivity = new Intent(this, MainActivity.class);
                    startActivity(goToNextActivity);
                    finish();
                }

    }

    @Override
    public void onRefreshCertificate(boolean arg0, String arg1) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

    @Override
    public void onSecureStorePasswordChanged(boolean arg0, String arg1) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

    @Override
    public void onUserDeleted() {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

    @Override
    public void registrationInfo() {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    }

}
```

Appendix C – Creating Debug Configuration

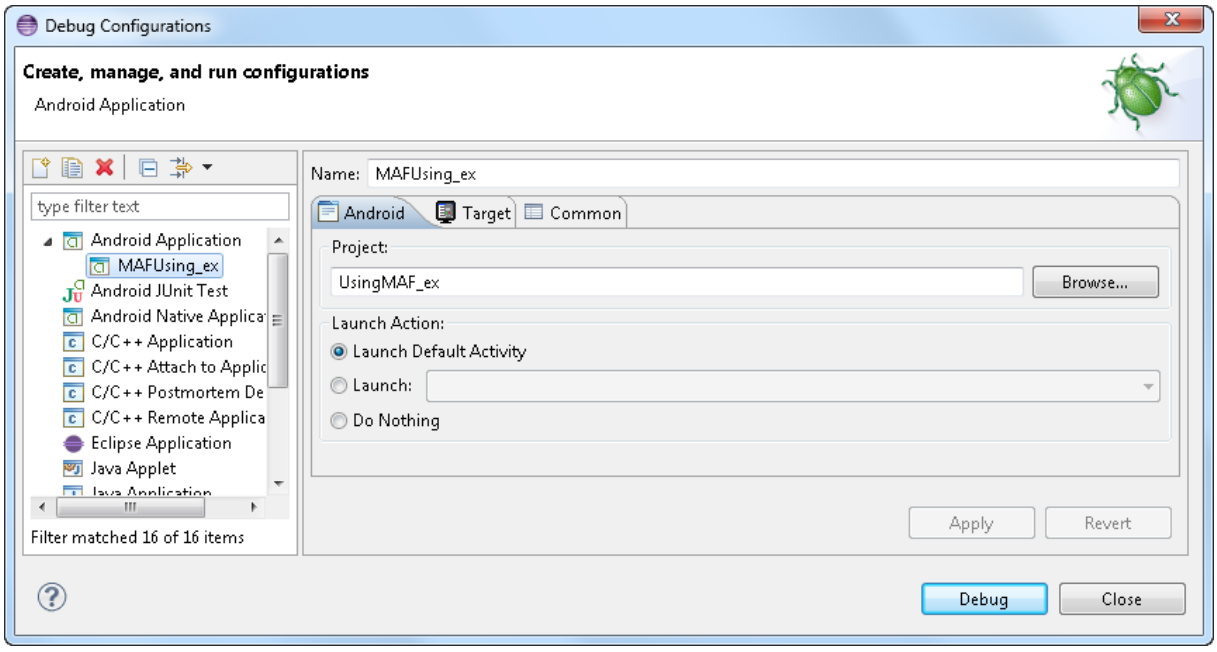
1. In Eclipse, go to the Run icon and select Run Configurations



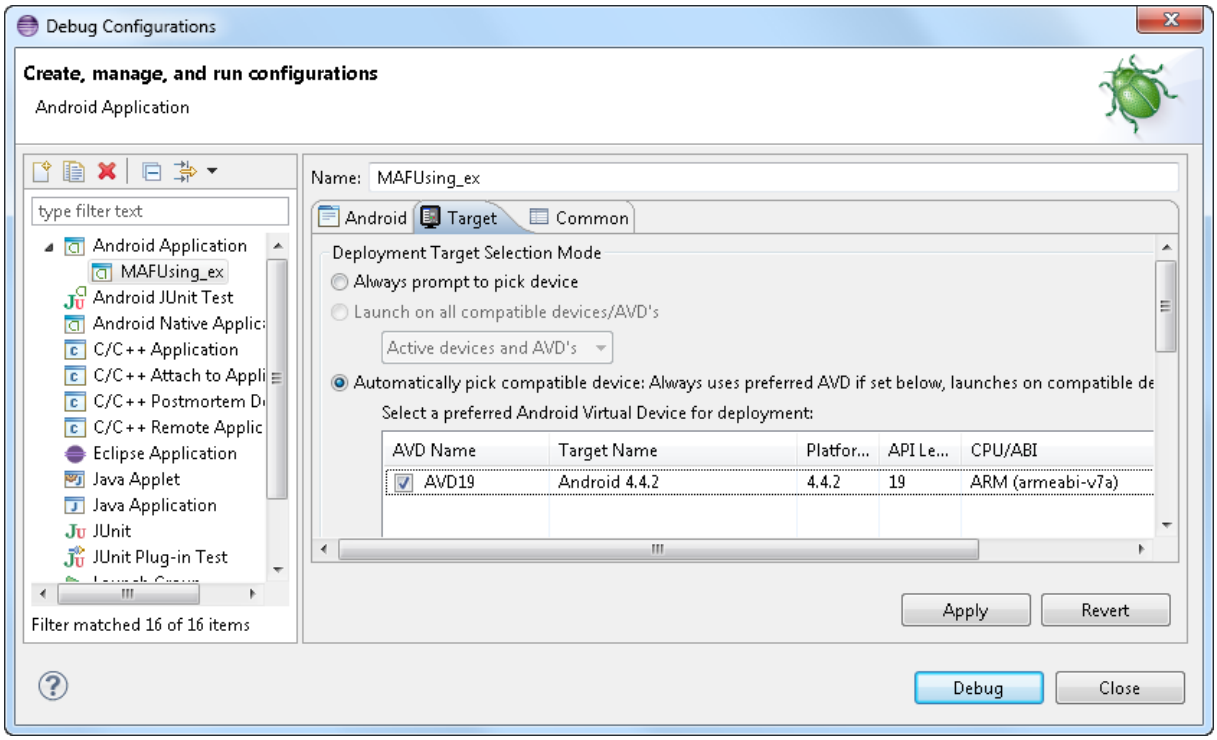
2. Select Android Application and click on the Create icon

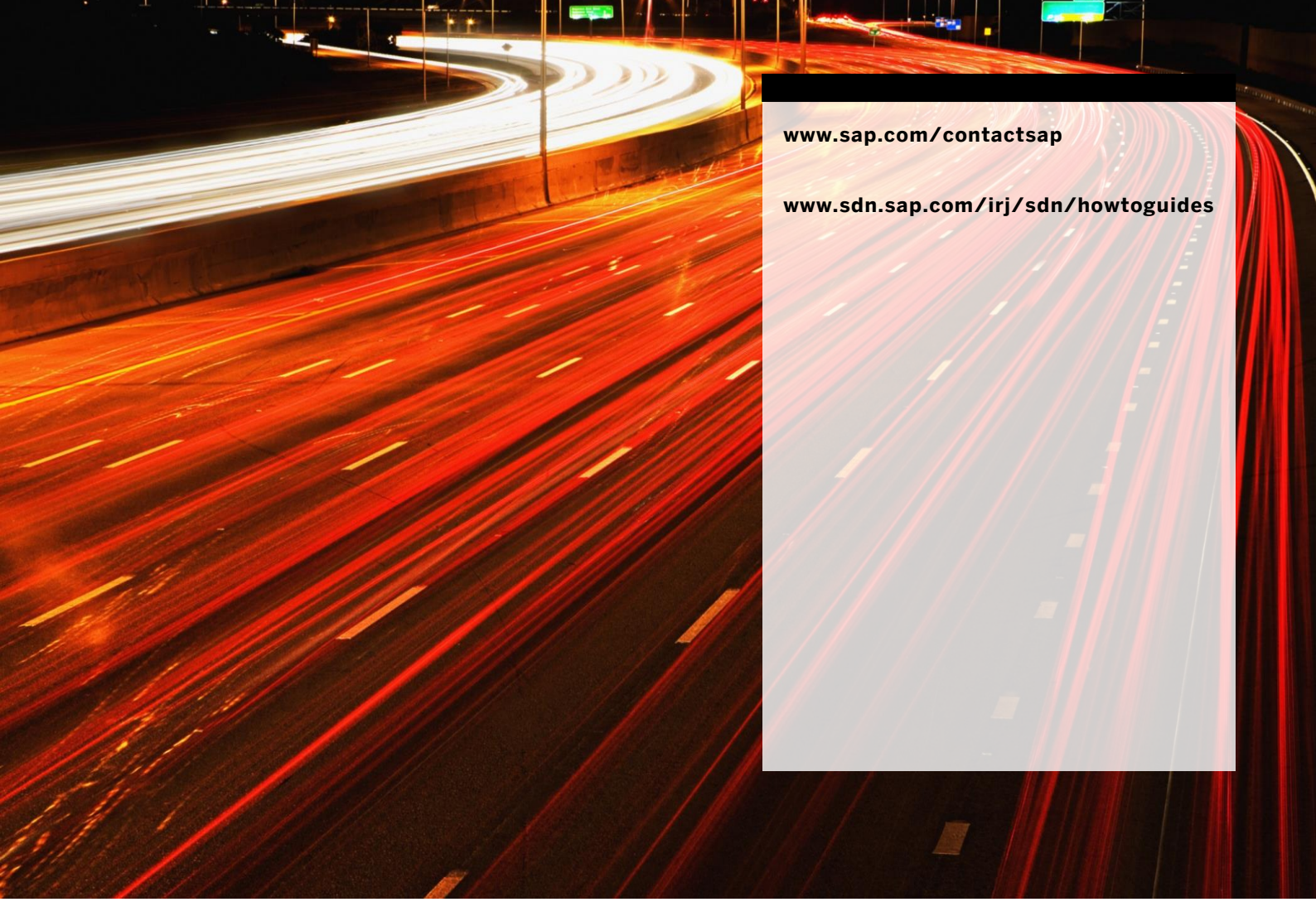


3. Select the Android tab and select the corresponding HelloWorldMAF project



4. Select the Target tab and make sure you have one Android Virtual Device (AVD) selected. Then click on Apply and then on Debug.





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