Ekmelily - Notation of Microtonal Music

Ekmelily is an extension for LilyPond that supports variable accidentals and key signatures for the notation of microtonal music in several equal-temperament tunings -- 12, 19, 24, 31, 36, 48, 53, 72, 96-EDO -- and in 5-limit JI. For this purpose, it introduces predefined and user-defined notation styles. Each style describes a set of symbols for the alterations, usually up to the five-quarters-tone. Furthermore, Ekmelily defines own note names based on the names for semi- and quarter-tones given in LilyPond.

This documentation uses the Ekmelos font for all SMuFL glyph.

Ekmelily requires LilyPond version 2.19.22 or higher.

See Esmuflily for other music symbols: clefs, noteheads, flags, rests, articulations, dynamics, etc.

24 January 2025

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Author and License

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Download, Installation, Usage

Download

The folder ly contains the include files.

Copy the file(s) for the desired tuning(s) as well as the main include file ekmel-main.ily into an appropriate folder.

Optionally install a (SMuFL compliant) font .

Tables

... with all accidentals and note names supported by Ekmelily.

Add the following lines near the top of your LilyPond input file. All commands are optional – except for \include of the desired tuning – but should be specified in this order. The first line can be omitted for Ekmelos .

```
ekmFont = FONTNAME
\include "ekmel..."
\language "LANGUAGE"
\ekmelicStyle STYLENAME
\ekmelicUserStyle USERSTYLENAME #'(
   (ALTERATION ELEMENT ...)
   ...
)
```

Ekmelily + Esmuflily

To combine Ekmelily with Esmuflily, add e.g. the following lines near the top of your LilyPond input file which achieves LilyPond's standard behaviour, i.e. Dutch note names (is the default in most tunings) and Stein/Couper accidentals (stc) for quarter-tones (24-EDO). The first line can be omitted for Ekmelos.

```
ekmFont = FONTNAME
\include "ekmel-24.ily"
\include "esmufl.ily"
\ekmelicStyle stc
```

Fonts

Ekmelily requires a font for accidentals defined by code point, character literal, or string. This applies to all accidentals in the predefined notation styles. Each of them is a SMuFL recommended character or Ekmelos specific optional glyph (starting at code point U+F600).

Ekmelily uses Ekmelos by default. Another font can be selected, either with the variable

```
ekmFont = FONTNAME
```

(or ${\tt ekmelicFont}$ as in previous versions) preceding the include file, or with the command line option

```
-dekmfont=FONTNAME
```

(or $\neg dekmelic \neg font$ as in previous versions). Note that this option produces a warning 'no such internal option', which can be ignored. Warnings can be suppressed with the command line option $-\neg loglevel = RROR \ or \ -\neg loglevel = NONE$.

The glyphs from LilyPond's Emmentaler font can be used with markup in a user-defined notation style . See the Example lilysingle.

Drawing paths

Ekmelily supports drawing paths instead of font glyphs, which allows e.g. to produce stand-alone SVG output. This requires the Scheme procedure <code>ekm-path-stencil</code> as it is provided for Ekmelos by the include file <code>ly/ekmelos-paths.ily</code>.

A trailing # in FONTNAME switches to drawing paths, which effects all accidentals defined by code point or character literal, in particular, all accidentals in the predefined notation styles.

Note that spaces and other glyphs without a contour, as well as side-bearing and font features like stylistic alternates or ligatures are not available with paths.

To draw Ekmelos glyphs as paths, add the following lines near the top of your LilyPond input file. Note that a single "#" is equivalent to "Ekmelos#".

```
ekmFont = "#"
\include "ekmelos-paths.ily"
\include "ekmel..."
...
```

Tunings

Ekmelily supports different tunings available as separate include files. Each provides its own set of languages and predefined notation styles. The first language and notation style specified in the following table is the default in the respective tuning. Some languages have alias names (in parentheses).

Tuning	Include file	Languages	Notation styles
12	ekmel-12.ily	nederlands english deutsch català (catalan) español (espanol) italiano français português (portugues) norsk suomi svenska vlaams	std sag msag
19	ekmel-19.ily	nederlands english deutsch català (catalan) español (espanol) italiano français português (portugues) norsk suomi svenska vlaams	std sag msag
24	ekmel-24.ily	nederlands english deutsch català (catalan) español (espanol) italiano français português (portugues) norsk suomi svenska vlaams	stc stz go stvt arrow sag msag arabic persian four haba
24	ekmel-arabic.ily	italiano arabic	arabic helmakam
31	ekmel-31.ily	nederlands deutsch español (espanol) français italiano português (portugues)	std sag msag stz sth
36	ekmel-36.ily	nederlands english deutsch norsk suomi svenska	go arrow sag msag wys bos haba
48	ekmel-48.ily	nederlands english deutsch	sag msag gostz
53	ekmel-53.ily	makam thm ktm english number	aeu aeuek thm sag dia
72	ekmel.ily	nederlands english deutsch norsk suomi svenska	arrow rhm sims hesse sag msag wys gostz gostc bos fern haba
96	ekmel-96.ily	nederlands english deutsch	sag msag persian om
5JI	ekmel-5ji.ily	nederlands	sag msag he

Note: ekmel-arabic.ily is a variant of ekmel-24.ily for Arabic scores, like LilyPond's arabic.ly and hel-arabic.ly but with the correct accidentals U+ED30 - U+ED38. It also supports Arabic magamat (keys).

Languages and Note names

Each tuning provides one or more languages for note names, which can be selected with the command

```
\language "LANGUAGE"
```

If LANGUAGE is not supported by the respective tuning, the default language is selected.

See the Tables with all note names supported by Ekmelily. They are based on the names for semi- and quarter-tones given in LilyPond.

Enharmonically equivalent note names

Some notation styles support two distinct, enharmonically equivalent accidentals, e,g, arrow, hesse, rhm, and sims for the one-quarter-tone and the three-quarters-tone. Therefore, Ekmelily defines two note names each, e.g. cqs and csaqf (english) or cih and ciseh (deutsch). However, LilyPond does not support different accidentals for the same alteration. As a provisional solution, the combined note names like csaqf and ciseh have slightly differing alterations (+1/1024) and therefore cause inaccurate MIDI output.

NoteNames context

Ekmelily supports the NoteNames context and its properties. Note names can be drawn in any supported language by setting the printNotesLanguage property. Else, the language selected for music entry is used. Accidentals are drawn with the command \ekmelic-acc-text.

The format can be specified with the printAccidentalNames property. The first three values below are equivalent to LilyPond's normal behaviour.

#t Scale name and accidental (default)

#f Scale name
'lily Note name

'all All alias note names stacked vertically

'alteration Alteration name

'fraction Scale name and fraction of alteration

'accidental Accidental

Predefined Notation Styles

Each tuning provides one or more predefined notation styles, which can be selected either with the command

\ekmelicStyle STYLENAME

or with the command line option

-dekmelic-style=STYLENAME

Note: This option produces a warning 'no such internal option', which can be ignored. Warnings can be suppressed with the command line option <code>--loglevel=ERROR</code> or <code>--loglevel=NONE</code>. If STYLENAME is not supported by the respective tuning, the default notation style is selected.

The following table shows all predefined notation styles. \underline{N} indicates the default style in tuning N. See the Tables with all accidentals in these styles. They require a SMuFL compliant font . All optional glyphs (starting at code point U+F600) are private supplements of Ekmelos .

Stylename		Tunings	Accidentals
std	Standard	<u>12 19</u>	# × b bb
	Standard	<u>31</u>	↑#× ↓ b bb
stc	Stein / Couper	<u>24</u>	### db db bb
stz	Stein / Zimmermann	24 31	## × d b db bb
stvt	Stein / Van Blankenburg / Tartini	24	### × bbbb
sth	Stein / Half flat Uses the optional glyphs U+F612 - U+F613 for the semi-flats.	31	‡##× 1 b lu bb
four	Digit 4	24	##× 466
go	Gould	24 <u>36</u>	\$ # # # * * * * \$ ^ b b b b b b
arabic	Arabic See ekmel-arabic.ily for Arabic magamat.	24 <u>arabic</u>	##* FPPP
helmakam	Hel Makam Uses the optional glyph U+F61B for the slashed double-flat.	arabic	‡# * # # \$

Stylename		Tunings	Accidentals
persian	Persian	24	\$ # x p b bb
	Persian Uses the optional glyphs U+F676 - U+F677 and U+F76C - U+F783.	96	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
aeu	Arel-Ezgi-Uzdilek Uses the optional glyph U+F619 for the reversed slashed flat. See LilyPond's turkish-makam.ly for keys.	<u>53</u>	‡#### d ð t b t bb
aeuek	Arel-Ezgi-Uzdilek Equals aeu but does not use the reversed slashed flat, i.e. eksik-bakiye = koma.	53	‡#### d t b t bb
dia	Diatonic Uses the optional glyphs U+F61C - U+F61D for the quadruple sharp / flat.	53	#**#**
thm	Turkish folk music	53	# # # # # 5 6 6 6 6 6
arrow	Arrow	24 36 <u>72</u>	*1^#× \ \ \ b bb
bos	Bosanquet commatic	36 72	/ # x \ b bb
haba	Hába	24	>###× 481811
	Hába Uses the optional glyphs U+F660 - U+F670.	36 72	┤┼╡╪╣╬╢╫╫╫╪╳ ╬╬╬╬╬
wys	Wyschnegradsky	36 72	[
fern	Ferneyhough	72	43#6× 4306b
gostc	Gould / Stein / Couper	72	\$
gostz	Gould / Stein / Zimmermann	48 72	\$

Stylename		Tunings	Accidentals
hesse	Hesse Uses the optional glyphs U+F606 - U+F60B for the degrees within the semitone.	72	11↑#× \
rhm	Richter Herf / Maedel Uses the optional glyphs U+F600 - U+F605 for the degrees within the semitone.	72	* ^ * # * * ↓ ‡ b bb
sims	Sims	72	↑1J#× ↓1√bb
om	OpenMusic Uses the optional glyphs U+F758 - U+F75F.	96	
he	Extended Helmholtz-Ellis	5JI	1
sag	Sagittal	12 19 24 31 36 <u>48</u> 53 72 <u>96</u> <u>5JI</u>	1ኮቦ 4 ↑ ቦ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
msag	Mixed Sagittal Uses the large double sharp U+E47D. Hence it is different from std even for 12-EDO.	12 19 24 31 36 48 72 96 5JI	1

Universal Notation Styles

These notation styles are available for all tunings . They do not define any accidentals, except for the special symbols (default, leftparen, rightparen), so that the default accidental is drawn for each alteration. The special symbols of void are automatically added to every predefined notation style .

Stylename	default	leftparen	rightparen
void	Nothing (empty markup)	#xE26A	#xE26B
alteration	The alteration value, e.g. $\frac{1}{4}$	" ("	")"
alteration-slash	The alteration value, e.g. ½	" ("	")"
step	The step of the alteration (integer)	" ("	")"

Note: alteration, alteration—slash, and step use the text font selected in LilyPond, not the selected font of Ekmelily. See the Example numeric which is similar to alteration.

User-defined Notation Styles

A new notation style derived from the currently selected style can be created with the command

```
\ekmelicUserStyle USERSTYLENAME #'(
   (ALTERATION ELEMENT ...)
   ...
)
```

USERSTYLENAME is a freely chosen style name. If it is an empty string "", the name of the currently selected style extended with the suffix -user is taken.

ALTERATION is a rational number or the name of a special symbol . For each specified alteration, a new symbol is defined which is the composition of the elements. For all other alterations where the previous symbol of ALTERATION appears likewise (usually combined with other symbols), this symbol is also replaced with the new one. Therefore, the order of alterations in the definition list can be significant, in particular, when a replaced symbol is again defined but for another alteration. See the Example diaQuarter.

ELEMENT is one of the following:

- a code point (integer), e.g. #xE47B for Wilson plus
- a character literal, e.g. #\b for flat
- a string, e.g. "bb" for double-flat
- markup, e.g., (markup #:semisharp)

Two or more elements are juxtaposed with a padding of 0.12 staff units, but no extra space is inserted between the characters of a string. Note that in a SMuFL compliant font, all accidental glyphs have a zero side-bearing. This also applies to the Basic Latin (ASCII) characters in the Ekmelos font, so that e.g. "bb" is drawn without padding and #b with padding. See the Example hewm.

Special Symbols

Every notation style includes the following special symbols which are assigned to names instead of alterations.

Symbol name

Default accidental for alterations without a defined accidental. This applies to the universal notation styles and to some styles for 53 and 96-EDO, or it can occur with \transpose.

Left parenthesis for cautionary accidentals.

Right parenthesis for cautionary accidentals.

The special symbols of every predefined notation style are equal to the universal notation style void. They can be user-defined like accidentals:

```
\ekmelicUserStyle USERSTYLENAME #'(
  (default ELEMENT ...)
  (leftparen ELEMENT ...)
  (rightparen ELEMENT ...)
  ...
)
```

Note: If both, the accidental and the parentheses are defined by a single code point, character literal, or string, the entire cautionary accidental is drawn as a single string. This enables the use of a ligature if one is provided by the selected font.

Additional Commands

\ekmelicOutputSuffix

Set the name of the selected notation style as the output filename suffix for the current \book section.

\ekmelic-style-name

Draw the name of the selected notation style as markup.

\ekmelic-font-name

Draw the name of the selected font as markup.

\ekmelic-char ALTERATION

Draw the accidental of ALTERATION (a rational number) according to the selected notation style as markup. Used property:

• font-size (1)

\ekmelic-acc-text ALTERATION

Draw the accidental of ALTERATION (a rational number) according to the selected notation style as markup, but vertically aligned for use outside of a staff, e.g. in trill spanners, figured bass, or function theory text. Ekmelily uses it in the NoteNames context.

Used property:

• font-size (0)

\ekmelic-elem ELEMENT

Draw ELEMENT with the selected font as markup. ELEMENT is a code point (integer), a character literal, a string, or markup. This command is intended to combine glyphs from the selected font with other markup in a user-defined notation style.

\ekm-fraction ARG1 ARG2

Draw a fraction of ARG1 and ARG2 as markup, with a fraction bar according to <code>style</code>: The default draws a horizontal bar. This is a variant of LilyPond's \fraction but with consistent vertical alignment. <code>slash</code> draws a diagonal bar. <code>line</code> draws a solidus (U+002F) with horizontally stacked numbers. This command is used by the next two commands.

Used properties:

- font-size (0)
- style ('())

\ekmelic-fraction ALTERATION

Draw ALTERATION (a rational number) as markup. If the denominator is 1, only the numerator is drawn, else a fraction according to style, and with fraction-size relative to the current font size unless style is line. Used properties:

- fraction-size (0)
- style ('())

\ekmelic-fraction-small ALTERATION

Draw ALTERATION (a rational number) as markup like \ekmelic-fraction but with a 4 steps smaller fraction size.

\ekmelic-table NATURAL COMPOSITE ORDER

Draw a table of all accidentals in the selected notation style as markup, including the natural symbol if NATURAL is true, and all composite accidentals if COMPOSITE is true. Enharmonically equivalent accidentals and special symbols are always ignored. The accidentals are arranged in a row with the respective alteration placed beneath, and sorted by ascending or descending alteration if ORDER is 1 or -1, respectively, or by absolute alteration if ORDER is 2 or -2. Used properties:

- font-size (0)
- width (4): Horizontal extent for each accidental.
- baseline-skip: Distance between accidental and alteration.

Examples

See also the file styles/user-styles.ly for further examples of user-defined styles.

```
ekmFont = "Bravura"
\include "ekmel.ily"
\language "english"
\ekmelicStyle sims
```

Sets the predefined Sims notation style for 72-EDO, selects the English note names, and draws the accidentals with the Brayura font.

```
\include "ekmel-24.ily"
\ekmelicStyle stz
\ekmelicUserStyle myNotation #'(
   (-3/4 #xE327)
   (1 #xE262 #xE262))
```

Sets the predefined Stein/Zimmermann notation style (stz) for quarter-tones (24-EDO) and modifies it into a user-defined notation style with the Sagittal flat 11 medium diesis down symbol ψ (U+E327) for three-quarter-tones flat, and two sharp symbols ψ (U+E262) for double-sharp.

```
\include "ekmel-24.ily"
\ekmelicStyle stz
\ekmelicUserStyle myNotation #`(
   (,THREE-Q-FLAT #xE327)
   (,DOUBLE-SHARP #xE262 #xE262))
```

This is the same example as above but it makes use of the corresponding Scheme symbols.

```
\include "ekmel.ily"
\language "english"
\ekmelicUserStyle hewm #'(
   (1 #\x)
   (-1 #\b #\b)
   (1/2 #\#)
   (-1/2 #\b)
   (1/4 #\^)
   (-1/4 #\v)
   (1/6 #\>)
   (-1/6 #\<)
   (1/12 #\+)
   (-1/12 #\-))</pre>
```

Sets the HEWM (Helmholtz/Ellis/Wolf/Monzo) notation for 72-EDO and selects the English note names. Note that double-flat is defined with #\b #\b which is drawn with a padding contrary to "bb".

```
\include "ekmel-24.ily"
\ekmelicStyle stz
\ekmelicUserStyle stockhausen #'(
  (1/4 #xED58)
  (-1/4 #xED59)
  (3/4 #xED5A)
  (-3/4 #xED59 #xE260))
```

Sets the notation after Karlheinz Stockhausen for 24-EDO with the fractional sharp symbols $\ddagger \pm (U+ED58, U+ED5A)$, and the quarter-tone flat symbol $\ddagger (U+ED59)$.

```
\include "ekmel.ily"
\ekmelicUserStyle smuflHesse #'(
  (1/4 #xE27A)
  (-1/4 #xE27B)
  (1/6 #xE2A4)
  (-1/6 #xE2A1)
  (1/12 #xE479)
  (-1/12 #xE47A))
```

Sets a variant of the Hesse notation style for 72-EDO using SMuFL characters: Gould arrows \downarrow (U+E27A, U+E27B), Sims half arrows \uparrow (U+E2A4, U+E2A1), and Bosanquet commatic symbols \downarrow (U+E479, U+E47A). It is very similar to the Arrow notation style.

```
\include "ekmel-24.ily"
\ekmelicUserStyle diaQuarter #'(
   (1 #xF61C)
   (-1 #xF61D)
   (3/4 #xE265)
    (-3/4 #xE266)
   (1/2 #xE263)
   (-1/2 #xE264)
   (1/4 #xE262)
   (-1/4 #xE260)
   (5/4 #xF61C #xE262)
   (-5/4 #xF61D #xE260))
```

Sets the Standard sharp/flat symbols, single thru quintuple, like the predefined Diatonic notation style (dia) but for quarter-tones (24-EDO). The quadruple symbols (U+F61C, U+F61D) are private supplements of the Ekmelos font. Note that here, the order of alterations is significant since the standard accidentals in the default notation style (stc) are rearranged.

```
\include "ekmel-48.ily"
\ekmelicUserStyle lilysingle #`(
        , (markup #:natural))
        , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.natural.arrowup"))
  (1/8)
  (-1/8 ,(markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.natural.arrowdown"))
        , (markup #:semisharp))
  (-1/4 , (markup #:semiflat))
  (3/8 , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.sharp.arrowdown"))
  (-3/8 , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.flat.arrowup"))
  (1/2 , (markup #:sharp))
  (-1/2 , (markup #:flat))
  (5/8 , (markup #:musicqlyph "accidentals.sharp.arrowup"))
  (-5/8 , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.flat.arrowdown"))
  (3/4 , (markup #:sesquisharp))
  (-3/4 , (markup #:sesquiflat))
        , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.sharp.slashslash.stemstem"))
  (-7/8 , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.flatflat.slash"))
        , (markup #:doublesharp))
  (-1)
        , (markup #:doubleflat))
  (leftparen , (markup #:musicqlyph "accidentals.leftparen"))
  (rightparen , (markup #:musicglyph "accidentals.rightparen")))
```

Sets single glyphs from LilyPond's Emmentaler font for 48-EDO, as well as parentheses for cautionary accidentals. $\pm 9/8$ and $\pm 5/4$ are omitted here since they are set automatically to combinations of ± 1 with $\pm 1/8$ and $\pm 1/4$.

```
#(define-markup-command (numeric-accidental layout props)
  ()
  (let ((alt (ly:chain-assoc-get 'alteration props 0)))
       (interpret-markup layout
            (cons '((font-size . -3)) props)
            (markup #:vcenter #:ekmelic-fraction alt))))

\ekmelicStyle void
\ekmelicUserStyle numeric #`(
        (default ,(markup #:numeric-accidental)))
```

Sets alteration values instead of accidental symbols with the default accidental in the void notation style. The values are drawn with the command \ekmelic-fraction and with a 3 steps smaller font size. It is similar to the alteration notation style.