A. Vitaly and Strings

time limit per test 1 second memory limit per test 256 megabytes input standard input output standard output

Vitaly is a diligent student who never missed a lesson in his five years of studying in the university. He always does his homework on time and passes his exams in time.

During the last lesson the teacher has provided two strings s and t to Vitaly. The strings have the same length, they consist of lowercase English letters, string s is lexicographically smaller than string t. Vitaly wondered if there is such string that is lexicographically larger than string t and at the same is lexicographically smaller than string t. This string should also consist of lowercase English letters and have the length equal to the lengths of strings t and t.

Let's help Vitaly solve this easy problem!

Input

The first line contains string s ($1 \le |s| \le 100$), consisting of lowercase English letters. Here, |s| denotes the length of the string.

The second line contains string t (|t| = |s|), consisting of lowercase English letters.

It is guaranteed that the lengths of strings s and t are the same and string s is lexicographically less than string t.

Output

If the string that meets the given requirements doesn't exist, print a single string "No such string" (without the quotes).

If such string exists, print it. If there are multiple valid strings, you may print any of them.

Examples	
input	
а	
С	
output	
b	

input		
aaa zzz		
output		
kkk		

input		
abcdefg abcdefh		

output

No such string

Note

String $s = s_1 s_2 \dots s_n$ is said to be lexicographically smaller than $t = t_1 t_2 \dots t_n$, if there exists such i, that $s_1 = t_1, s_2 = t_2, \dots s_{i-1} = t_{i-1}, s_i < t_i$.