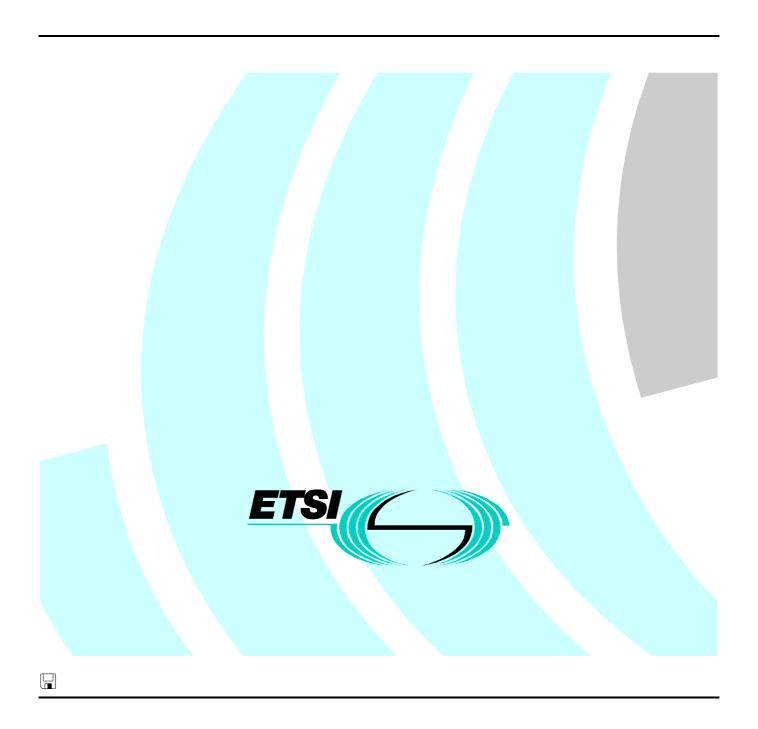
# ETSITS 101 950 V1.1.1 (2001-05)

Technical Specification

Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT);
DECT Packet Radio Service (DPRS);
Interoperability Test Specification



#### Reference

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#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Project Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT).

#### 1 Scope

The present document contains the test specification for interoperability of the DECT Packet Radio Service (DPRS).

The objective of the present document is to provide a basis to test DECT equipments giving a high probability of inter-operability between different manufacturer's DECT equipment.

The ISO standard for the methodology of conformance testing (ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5] and ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6]) as well as the ETSI rules for conformance testing (ETS 300 406 [4]) are used as a basis for the test methodology.

Annex A provides the Partial Protocol Implementation Extra Information for Testing (PIXIT) Proforma.

Annex B provides the Protocol Conformance Test Report (PCTR) Proforma.

#### 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- [1] ETSI EN 301 649: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); DECT Packet Radio Service (DPRS)".
- [2] ETSI TS 101 869-1: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); DECT Packet Radio Services (DPRS); Profile requirement list and profile specific Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) proforma; Part 1: Portable radio Termination (PT)".
- [3] ETSI TS 101 869-2: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); DECT Packet Radio Services (DPRS); Profile requirement list and profile specific Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS) proforma; Part 2: Fixed radio Termination (FT)".
- [4] ETSI ETS 300 406: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; Standardization methodology".
- [5] ISO/IEC 9646-1 (1991): "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 1: General concepts". (See also ITU-T Recommendation X.290 (1991)).
- [6] ISO/IEC 9646-2 (1991): "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 2: Abstract Test Suite specification". (See also ITU-T Recommendation X.291 (1991)).
- [7] ISO/IEC 9646-3 (1991): "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 3: The Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN)". (See also ITU-T Recommendation X.292 (1992)).
- [8] ISO/IEC 9646-6 (1991): "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 6: Protocol profile test specification".
- [9] ISO/IEC 9646-7 (1991): "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 7: Implementation Conformance Statements".

#### 3 Definitions and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ISO/IEC 9646-7 [9] and the definitions given in EN 301 649 [1] apply.

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5], ISO/IEC 9646-6 [8], ISO/IEC 9646-7 [9], EN 301 649 [1] and the following apply:

C higher layer control Channel (see  $C_S$  and  $C_F$ )

C<sub>F</sub> higher layer signalling Channel (Fast)

C-plane Control plane

C<sub>S</sub> higher layer signalling Channel (Slow)

DECT Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications

DLC Data Link Control

FP Fixed Part

FT Fixed radio Termination
GAP Generic Access Profile

HMSC High level Message Sequence Chart

 $I \qquad \qquad \text{higher layer Information channel (see } I_N \text{ and } I_P) \\ I_N \qquad \qquad \text{higher layer Information channel (unprotected)} \\ I_P \qquad \qquad \text{higher layer Information channel (protected)}$ 

IP Internet Protocol

ISDN Intergrated Services Digital Network

IUT Implementation Under Test
LAN Local Area Network
MAC Medium Access Control
ME Management Entity
MSC Message Sequence Chart
N identities channel

NWK NetWorK

PCTR Protocol Conformance Test Report

PHL PHysical Layer

PICS Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

PP Portable Part

PSDN Public Switched Telephone Network

PT Portable radio Termination

RFP Radio Fixed Part SAP Service Access Point

SCS System Conformance Statement SCTR System Conformance Test Report

SUT System Under Test

U-plane User-plane

#### 4 Abstract Test Method (ATM)

This clause describes the ATM used to test the interoperability between two DECT equipments. Each equipment can be a FT part or a PP part depending on what feature is tested.

#### 4.1 Test architecture

The general test architecture is shown in figure 1. A monitoring device shall observe and record the information exchange on the air interface between IUT\_1 and IUT\_2. It shall offer a level of presentation that permits to decode both the MAC and the NWK layer for the C-plane and to analyse the U-plane exchange. The IUT\_1 and the IUT\_2 shall be situated in one or different rooms, possibly with obstacles at the line-of-site and at a distance of at least a few meters. If situated in different rooms, more than one operator will be needed. The monitoring device shall be situated where appropriate. All application devices and the external line (if any) shall be properly connected. The human operator shall initiate procedures at both terminals when required. The manufacturer of the IUT (IUT\_1 and IUT\_2) shall have described all manipulations for setting the IUT in the appropriate starting conditions of each test, in the relevant part of the PIXIT annex. By convention and when not contradicted by the test itself, IUT\_1 is a PT and IUT\_2 is a FT.

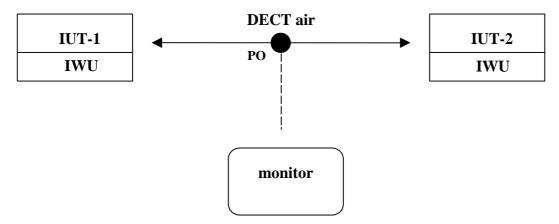


Figure 1: General test architecture

The test architecture for intercell handover tests is shown in figure 2. A second monitor device (Monitor 2) is necessary. The monitor device 1 shall observe and record the exchanges between the RFP\_1 and the PT. The monitor device 2 shall observe and record the exchanges between the RFP\_2 and the PT.

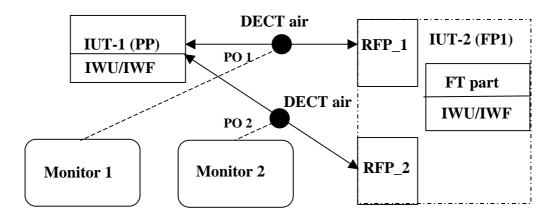


Figure 2: Test architecture for Intercell handover

The test architecture for parallel data connections tests is shown in figure 3. The monitor 1 shall be capable of monitoring the in-parallel connections.

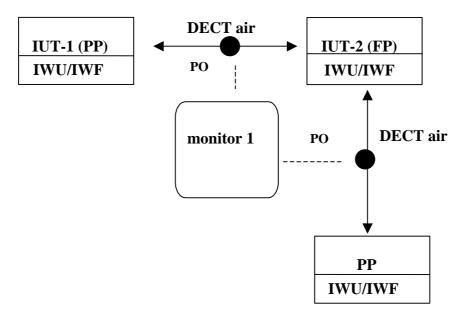


Figure 3: Test architecture for parallel data connections

#### 4.2 Test configurations

The general test configuration is shown in figure 4. A DECT PP as IUT\_1 is providing DECT interworking functions DPRS class 2 or V.24 applications. An application device is connected to the PT (e.g. a PC). A DECT FT as IUT\_2 is providing the same interworking functions. The FT is connected to an application device (e.g. a PC). In the case of connection handover testing there is a monitor for each of the RFPs of the IUT\_2.



Figure 4: Test configuration 1 with 2 PCs as applications

The second test configuration is shown in figure 5. A DECT PP as IUT\_1 is providing Ethernet interworking functions DPRS class 2. An application device is connected to the PT (e.g. a PC). A DECT FT as IUT\_2 is providing the same interworking functions. The FT is connected to a fully operational connection to an external LAN.

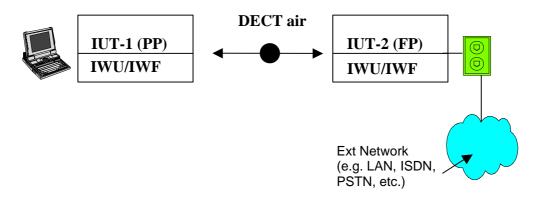


Figure 5: Test configuration 2 with 1 PC and the FP connected to an external Network

The third test configuration is shown in figure 6. A DECT PP as IUT\_1 is providing DECT interworking functions DPRS class 2 or V.24 applications. An application device is connected to the PT (e.g. a PC). A DECT FT as IUT\_2 is providing the same interworking functions. A second DECT PP as IUT\_2 is providing DECT interworking functions DPRS class 2 or V.24 applications or DECT interworking functions Voice. This configuration shall be used in order to

test speech and data connections which are in parallel. Or this test configuration shall be used in order to test parallel data connections.

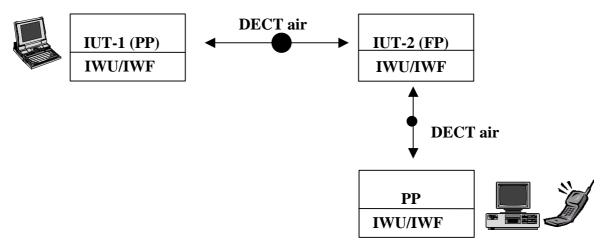


Figure 6: Test configuration 3 with PCs or a hand set as applications

#### 4.3 Test mode

If not explicitly stated otherwise, the encryption has to be switched off in order to allow meaningful monitoring.

## 5 Abstract Test Description

In clause 7 all test cases as defined in the Test case list (clause 6) are described. Each test case is followed by a HSMC. In clauses 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 all the procedures as defined in the test cases are described. If necessary the procedure description includes a HMSC or a MSC.

The clauses 5.1 to 5.5 explain the Abstract Test Description.

#### 5.1 TC definition conventions

The TCs are defined following particular rules as shown in table 1.

Table 1: TC definition rules

	Test Case Name: Identification	of the test case		
Feature Reference:	Feature Reference: Identification of the NWK features, the DLC services and the MAC services to be			
	tested. The PICS reference indicate	es the tables of the PICS documents		
	TS 101 869-1 [2] (for PT) and TS 10	01 869-2 [3] (for FT) where the features and the		
	services are listed with its status.	,		
	Feature	PICS Reference		
	first feature	B.2/9 [2]		
	last feature	B.2/10 [2]		
Test Purpose:	Definition of the events that are exp			
Test Setup:	Test architecture reference and test configuration reference.			
Application Behaviour:	Description of the application which has to be implemented on the IUT.			
Test Procedure List:		e tested. The procedures shall be performed if		
		cuments. The PICS reference indicates the tables		
	of the PICS documents TS 101 869-1 [2] (for PT) and TS 101 869-2 [3] (for FT)			
	where the procedures are listed with its status.			
	Procedure	PICS Reference		
	first procedure	B.3/9 [2]		
	last procedure	B.3/10 [2]		
		, , , ,		
	There is a test procedure list for each	ch tested layer.		
	The detailed order of events can be taken from the HMSCs and MSCs.			
Pass Criteria:	Identification of the HMSCs and MS	Cs. The results which are described with the		
	HMSCs and MSCs must be observed	ed in order to get a pass criteria. If not explicitly		
		MSCs mandate the order of events and mandate		
	the contents and values of the mes	sages. Within the MSCs the documents		
		1 869-2 [3] for FT are referenced in order to		
	describe the contents and values of	f the messages.		

# 5.2 Description of the test execution with HMSCs

A HMSC is shown in figure 7. Each test case is followed by a HMSC. There is a HSMC for each layer. The HSMC is built out of MSCs. Each MSC within the HSMC is equal to a procedure. All MSCs are grouped in clauses 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

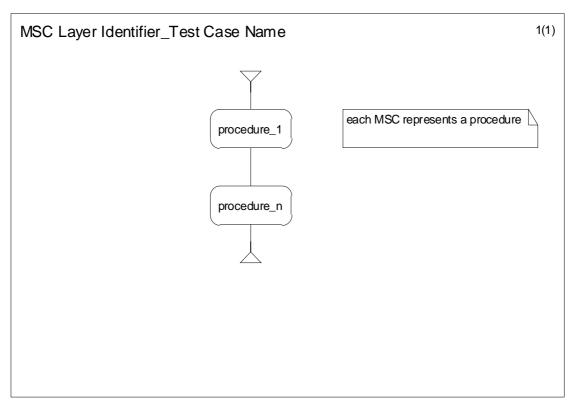


Figure 7: HMSC

#### 5.3 Procedure definition conventions

The procedures are defined following particular rules as shown in table 2.

**Table 2: Procedure definition rules** 

Procedure: Identification of the procedure		
Preamble Condition of stability before performing this procedure.		
Reference to PIXIT items which explain how to start the procedure.		

## 5.4 Description of the message flow with MSCs

A MSC is shown in figure 8. Each procedure is followed by a MSC. The MSC mandates the order of the messages, the contents and the values of the messages which shall be observed.

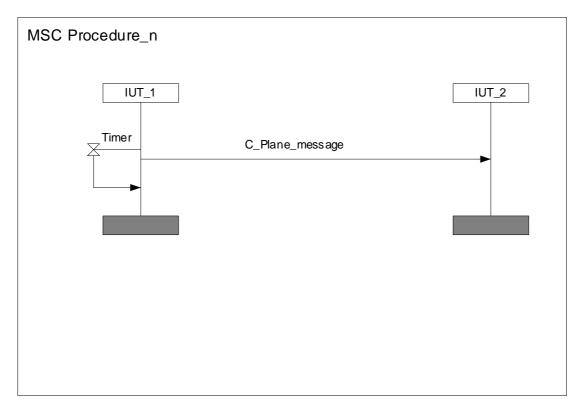


Figure 8: MSC

#### 5.5 Source of TC definitions

All TCs are specified according to EN 301 649 [1].

# 6 Test Case List

The test case list in table 3 identifies all possible test cases for interoperability testing. A status is assigned to each test case in order to indicate these test cases which are mandatory to execute. The status of features, services or procedures within a test case are described in the documents TS 101 869-1 [2] for PT and TS 101 869-2 [3] for FT. In each test case a reference is given to the features, services or procedures.

**Table 3: Test Case List** 

Nr.	Test Case Name	Status
01	Subscription	m
02	Outgoing call	o.301
03	Incoming call	o.301
04	Switch On	c301
05	Desubscribe	c302
06	Connection bandwidth control	c303
07	Stop/Start sending data	m
08	Send/Receive U-plane data	m
09	Behaviour at the edge of range, in noisy environment and Interferer tests	m
10	Multicell behaviour	c304
11	Speech & Data in parallel or several Data connections in parallel	c305
12	Ethernet procedures	0.302
13	V24 procedures	0.302
14	Encryption	m
15	Quality of service from applications point of view	0
16	Quality of service from users point of view	0
c301:	IF B.2/11 [3] THEN m ELSE i.	
c302:	IF B.2/20 [3]) THEN m ELSE i.	
c303:	IF (B.2/35 [2] AND B.2/35 [3]) THEN m ELSE i.	
c304:	IF C.2/9 [3] THEN m ELSE i.	
c305:	IF (F.3/5 [2] AND F.3/5 [3]) THEN m ELSE i.	
o.301:	It is mandatory to support at least one of these options.	
o.302:	It is mandatory to support at least one of these options.	

# 7 Test cases

# 7.1 Test Case: Subscription

Table 4

Test Case Name: Subscription			
Feature Reference: DPRS-N.9, Authentication of the PP B.2/9 [2], B.2/9 [3]			
	DPRS-N.11, Location registration	B.2/11 [2], B.2/11 [3]	
	DPRS-N.12, On air key allocation	B.2/12 [2], B.2/12 [3]	
	DPRS-N.18, Subscription registration user procedure on-air	B.2/18 [2], B.2/18 [3]	
	DPRS-N.19, Link control	B.2/19 [2], B.2/19 [3]	
	DPRS-N.33, Dynamic Parameters Allocation	B.2/33 [2], B.2/33 [3]	
	DPRS-D.5, Data Link Service (LAPC+Lc) class A service	C.2/5 [2], C.2/5 [3]	
	DPRS-D.7, Lc Frame delimiting and sequencing service	C.2/7 [2], C.2/7 [3]	
	DPRS-M.3, Continuous broadcast	D.2/3 [2], D.2/3 [3]	
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]	
Test Purpose:	To verify the subscription of the PT to the FT.		
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.		
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.		
Application	Subscription registration user procedure on air shall be perfo	rmed.	
Behaviour:			
NWK Test	Direct PT initiated link establishment	B.3/29 [2], B.3/29 [3]	
Procedure List:	Obtain access rights	B.3/20 [2], B.3/20 [3]	
	Terminal capability indication	B.3/17 [2], B.3/17 [3]	
	Location Registration	B.3/15 [2], B.3/15 [3]	
	Dynamic parameters allocation	B.3/42 [2], B.3/42 [3]	
	Key Allocation	B.3/18 [2], B.3/18 [3]	
	Authentication of PT	B.3/13 [2], B.3/13 [3]	
	Link release	B.3/30 [2], B.3/30 [3]	
DLC Test	Class A link establishment	C.3/5 [2], C.3/5 [3]	
Procedure List:	Class A acknowledged information transfer	C.3/6 [2], C.3/6 [3]	
	Class A link release	C.3/7 [2], C.3/7 [3]	
	C <sub>S</sub> -channel fragmentation and recombination	C.3/13 [2], C.3/13 [3]	
	C <sub>F</sub> -channel fragmentation and recombination	C.3/14 [2], C.3/14 [3]	
	Selection of logical channels (C <sub>S</sub> and C <sub>F</sub> )	C.3/15 [2], C.3/15 [3]	
MAC Test	Downlink broadcast	D.3/4 [2], D.3/4 [3]	
Procedure List:	Logical connection setup	D.3/10 [2], D.3/10 [3]	
	Single bearer Physical connection setup	D.3/13 [2], D.3/13 [3]	
	Single duplex bearer setup	D.3/16 [2], D.3/16 [3]	
	Logical connection release	D.3/11 [2], D.3/11 [3]	
	Physical Connection release	D.3/15 [2], D.3/15 [3]	
	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]	
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:		
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 9 and MSC figures 31, 32, 33, and	34.	
DLC layer: HMSC figure 10 and MSC figures 46 and 47.			
MAC layer: HMSC figure 11 and 53 and MSC figures 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59 and 70.			

## 7.1.1 High level MSC: NWK layer

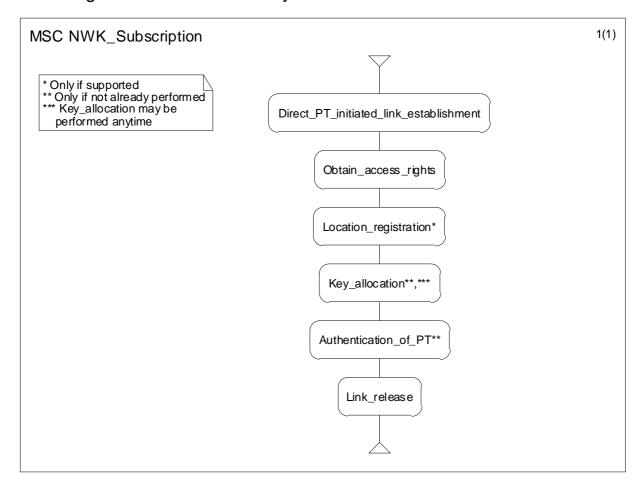


Figure 9: NWK Subscription

## 7.1.2 High level MSCs: DLC layer

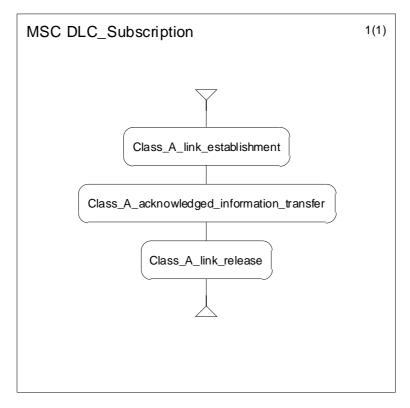


Figure 10: DLC Subscription

## 7.1.3 High level MSCs: MAC layer

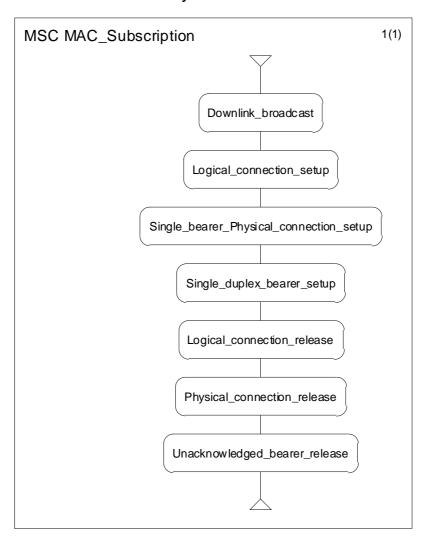


Figure 11: MAC Subscription

# 7.2 Test Case: Outgoing Call

Table 5

Test Case Name: Outgoing Call			
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.1, Outgoing Call	B.2/1 [2], B.2/1 [3]	
	DPRS-N.3, On Hook	B.2/3 [2], B.2/3 [3]	
	DPRS-N.34, Service Negotiation	B.2/34 [2], B.2/34 [3]	
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]	
Test Purpose:	To verify the handling of an outgoing call.		
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.		
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.		
Application	In order to verify that the PT and the FT connect the U	J-plane, an Application data	
Behaviour:	transmission shall be performed.		
NWK Test	Call Resources/Parameters negotiation	B.3/43 [2], B.3/43 [3]	
Procedure List:	Outgoing call request	B.3/1 [2], B.3/1 [3]	
	Overlap sending	B.3/2 [2], B.3/2 [3]	
	Outgoing call proceeding	B.3/3 [2], B.3/3 [3]	
	Outgoing call confirmation	B.3/4 [2], B.3/4 [3]	
	Outgoing call connection	B.3/5 [2], B.3/5 [3]	
	Normal call release	B.3/8 [2], B.3/8 [3]	
	Abnormal call release	B.3/9 [2], B.3/9 [3]	
MAC Test	Logical connection setup	D.3/10 [2], D.3/10 [3]	
Procedure List:	Single bearer Physical connection setup	D.3/13 [2], D.3/13 [3]	
	Single duplex bearer setup	D.3/16 [2], D.3/16 [3]	
	Logical connection release	D.3/11 [2], D.3/11 [3]	
	Physical Connection release	D.3/15 [2], D.3/15 [3]	
	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]	
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	·	
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 12 and MSC figures 37 and		
MAC layer: HMSC figure 13 and 53 and MSC figures 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59 and 70.			

## 7.2.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

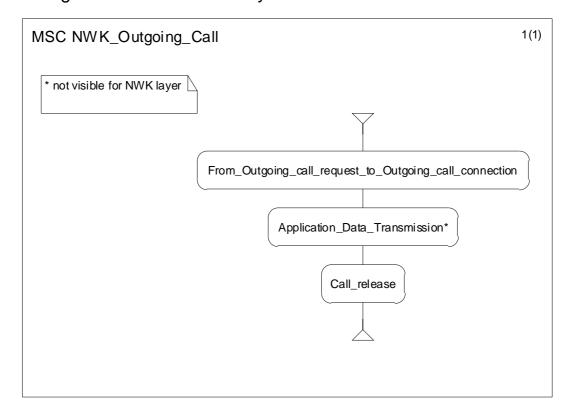


Figure 12: NWK Outgoing Call

## 7.2.2 High level MSCs: MAC layer

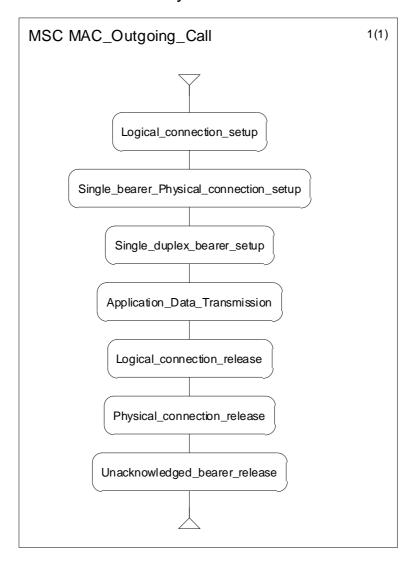


Figure 13: MAC Outgoing Call

# 7.3 Test Case: Incoming Call

Table 6

Test Case Name: Incoming Call			
Feature Reference:			
	DPRS-N.3, On Hook	B.2/3 [2], B.2/3 [3]	
	DPRS-N.15, Alerting	B.2/15 [2], B.2/15 [3]	
	DPRS-N.19, Link control	B.2/19 [2], B.2/19 [3]	
	DPRS-N.34, Service Negotiation	B.2/34 [2], B.2/34 [3]	
	DPRS-M.4, Paging broadcast	D.2/4 [2], D.2/4 [3]	
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]	
Test Purpose:	To verify the handling of an incoming call.		
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.		
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.		
Application	In order to verify that the PT and the FT connect the	he U-plane, an Application data	
Behaviour:	transmission shall be performed.	<u>.</u>	
NWK Test	Indirect FT initiated link establishment	B.3/25 [2], B.3/25 [3]	
Procedure List:	Call Resources/Parameters negotiation	B.3/43 [2], B.3/43 [3]	
	Incoming call request	B.3/10 [2], B.3/10 [3]	
	Incoming call confirmation	B.3/11 [2], B.3/11 [3]	
	Incoming call connection	B.3/7 [2], B.3/7 [3]	
	PT alerting	B.3/12 [2], B.3/12 [3]	
	Normal call release	B.3/8 [2], B.3/8 [3]	
	Abnormal call release	B.3/9 [2], B.3/9 [3]	
MAC Test	Normal paging	D.3/5 [2], D.3/5 [3]	
Procedure List:	Low duty cycle paging	D.3/7 [2], D.3/7 [3]	
	Logical connection setup	D.3/10 [2], D.3/10 [3]	
	Single bearer Physical connection setup	D.3/13 [2], D.3/13 [3]	
	Single duplex bearer setup	D.3/16 [2], D.3/16 [3]	
	Logical connection release	D.3/11 [2], D.3/11 [3]	
	Physical Connection release	D.3/15 [2], D.3/15 [3]	
	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]	
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:		
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 14 and MSC figures 30,		
	MAC layer: HMSC figure 15 and 53 and MSC figures 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 62 and 70.		

## 7.3.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

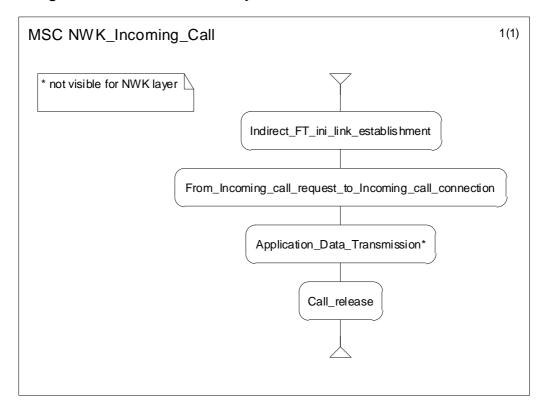


Figure 14: NWK Incoming Call

## 7.3.2 High level MSCs: MAC layer

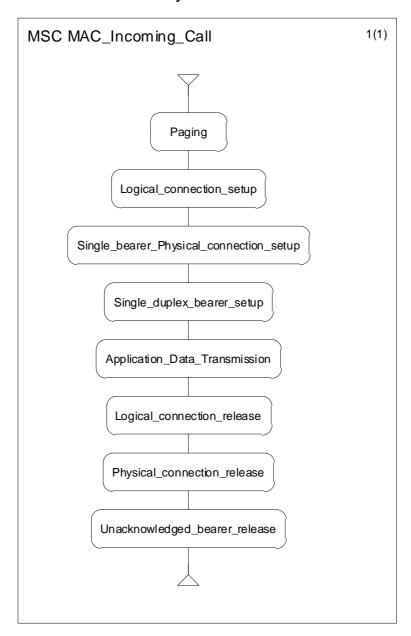


Figure 15: MAC Incoming Call

#### 7.4 Test Case: Switch on

Table 7

Test Case Name: Switch on			
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.11, Location registration	B.2/11 [2], B.2/11 [3]	
	DPRS-N.33, Dynamic Parameters Allocation	B.2/33 [2], B.2/33 [3]	
Test Purpose: To verify the handling of Location Registration and Dynamic parameters allocation		ynamic parameters allocation after the	
	PT is switched on.		
Test Setup:	Setup: General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.		
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.		
Application	-		
Behaviour:			
NWK Test	Terminal capability indication	B.3/17 [2], B.3/17 [3]	
Procedure List:	Location Registration	B.3/15 [2], B.3/15 [3]	
	Dynamic parameters allocation	B.3/42 [2], B.3/42 [3]	
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed: NWK layer: HMSC figure 16 and MSC figure 33.	•	

# 7.4.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

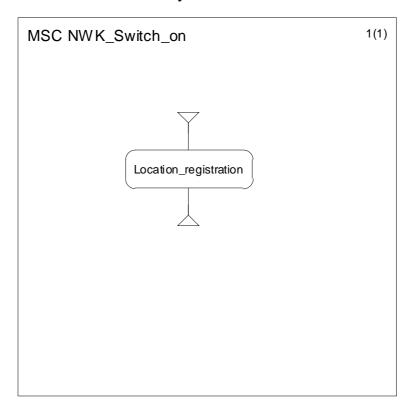


Figure 16: NWK Switch on

## 7.5 Test Case: Desubscribe

Table 8

Test Case Name: Desubscribe		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.20, Terminate access rights FT initiated	B.2/20 [2], B.2/20 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify that the PT can be desubscribed from the FT.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application	Terminate access rights user procedure shall be performed.	
Behaviour:		
NWK Test	FT terminating access rights	B.3/34 [2], B.3/34 [3]
Procedure List:	Authentication of FT	B.3/22 [2], B.3/22 [3]
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 17 and MSC figure 36.	

# 7.5.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

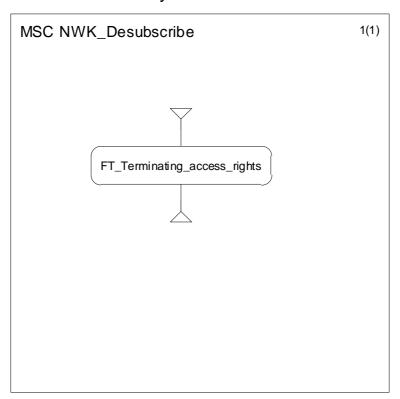


Figure 17: NWK Desubscribe

#### 7.6 Test Case: Connection bandwidth control

Table 9

Test Case Name: Connection bandwidth control		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.35, In call service change	B.2/35 [2], B.2/35 [3]
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]
	DPRS-ME.2, Class 2 management	F.2/2 [2], F.2/2 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify the handling of the bandwidth change.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application	In order to force the IUT to change its bandwidth, at the Application layer an Application	
Behaviour:	data transmission with a variable throughput shall be performed.	
NWK Test	Bandwidth change	B.3/44 [2], B.3/44 [3]
Procedure List:		
MAC Test	Logical connection setup	D.3/10 [2], D.3/10 [3]
Procedure List:	Single bearer Physical connection setup	D.3/13 [2], D.3/13 [3]
	Multi bearer Physical connection setup	D.3/14 [2], D.3/14 [3]
	Connection modification	D.3/12 [2], D.3/12 [3]
	Single duplex bearer setup	D.3/16 [2], D.3/16 [3]
	Double simplex bearer setup	D.3/17 [2], D.3/17 [3]
	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]
	Fast bearer release	D.3/20 [2], D.3/20 [3]
Management Entity	Dynamic Bandwidth management	F.3/5 [2], F.3/5 [3]
Test Procedure List:		
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 18 and MSC figure 40.	
	MAC layer: HMSC figure 19 and MSC figure 61.	

#### 7.6.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

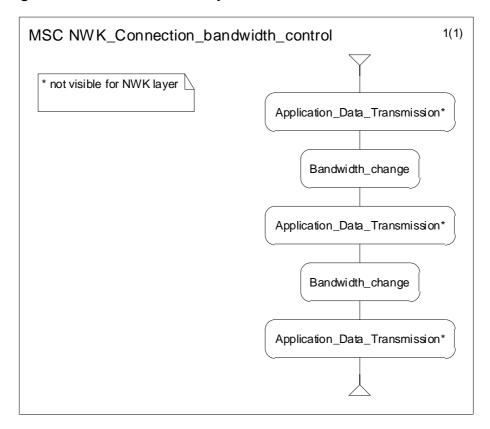


Figure 18: NWK Connection bandwidth control

## 7.6.2 High level MSCs: MAC layer

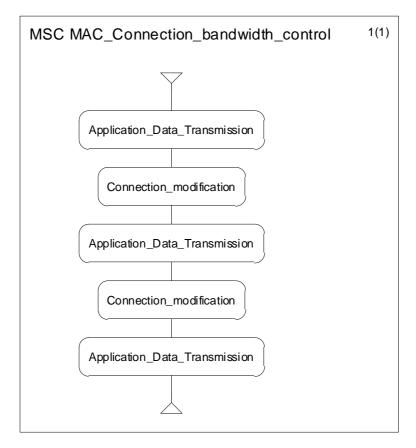


Figure 19: MAC Connection bandwidth control

# 7.7 Test Case: Stop/Start sending data

Table 10

Test Case Name: Stop/Start sending data		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.33, Dynamic parameters allocation	B.2/33 [2], B.2/33 [3]
	DPRS-M.4, Paging broadcast	D.2/4 [2], D.2/4 [3]
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]
	DPRS-ME.2, Class 2 management	F.2/2 [2], F.2/2 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify the handling of the suspend and resume management.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application	In order to force the IUT to perform suspend and resume, at the Application layer an	
Behaviour:	Application data transmission with big throughputs, small throughputs and delay between	
	the throughputs shall be performed.	
NWK Test	Dynamic parameters allocation	B.3/42 [2], B.3/42 [3]
Procedure List:		
MAC Test	MAC paging	D.3/8 [2], D.3/8 [3]
Procedure List:	Connection modification	D.3/12 [2], D.3/12 [3]
	Single duplex bearer setup	D.3/16 [2], D.3/16 [3]
	Double simplex bearer setup	D.3/17 [2], D.3/17 [3]
	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]
	Fast bearer release	D.3/20 [2], D.3/20 [3]
Management Entity	Suspend management	F.3/2 [2], F.3/2 [3]
Procedure List:	Resume management	F.3/3 [2], F.3/3 [3]
	Stay Alive	F.3/4 [2], F.3/4 [3]
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	Management Entity: HMSC figure 20 and MSC figures 72 and	d 73.

## 7.7.1 High level MSCs: Management Entity

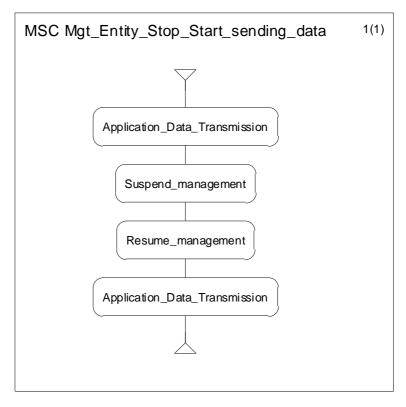


Figure 20: Management Entity Stop/Start sending data

# 7.8 Test Case: Send and receive U-plane data

Table 11

Test Case Name: Send and receive U-plane data		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.34, Service negotiation	B.2/34 [2], B.2/34 [3]
	DPRS-D.1, LU10 EFREL	C.2/1 [2], C.2/1 [3]
	DPRS-D.2, FU10a	C.2/2 [2], C.2/2 [3]
	DPRS-D.3, FU10b	C.2/3 [2], C.2/3 [3]
	DPRS-D.4, FU10c	C.2/4 [2], C.2/4 [3]
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]
	DPRS-ME.2, Class 2 management	F.2/2 [2], F.2/2 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify the correct sending and receiving of U-plane data.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application	At the Application layer an Application data transmission with big throughputs, small	
Behaviour:	throughputs and delay between the throughputs shall be performed.	
NWK Test	Call Resources/Parameters negotiation	B.3/43 [2], B.3/43 [3]
Procedure List:		
DLC Test	U-plane transmission class 2	C.3/1 [2], C.3/1 [3]
Procedure List:	FU10a frame operation	C.3/2 [2], C.3/2 [3]
	FU10b frame operation	C.3/3 [2], C.3/3 [3]
	FU10c frame operation	C.3/4 [2], C.3/4 [3]
MAC Test	Connection modification	D.3/12 [2], D.3/12 [3]
Procedure List:	Single duplex bearer setup	D.3/16 [2], D.3/16 [3]
	Double simplex bearer setup	D.3/17 [2], D.3/17 [3]
	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]
	Fast bearer release	D.3/20 [2], D.3/20 [3]
Management Entity	Dynamic Bandwidth management	F.3/5 [2], F.3/5 [3]
Test Procedure List:		
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	DLC layer: HMSC figure 21 and MSC figure 45.	
	MAC layer: HMSC figure 22 and MSC figure 61.	

#### 7.8.1 High level MSCs: DLC layer

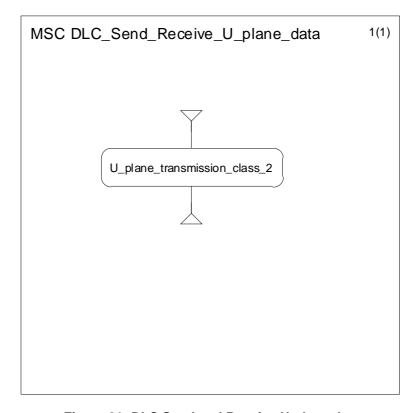


Figure 21: DLC Send and Receive U-plane data

## 7.8.2 High level MSCs: MAC layer

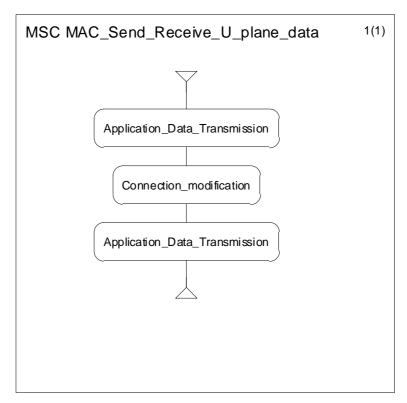


Figure 22: MAC Send and Receive U-plane data

# 7.9 Test Case: Behaviour at the edge of range, in noisy environment, Interferer tests

Table 12

Test Case Name: Behaviour at the edge of range, in noisy environment, Interferer tests		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-D.1, LU10 EFREL	C.2/1 [2], C.2/1 [3]
	DPRS-D.2, FU10a	C.2/2 [2], C.2/2 [3]
	DPRS-D.3, FU10b	C.2/3 [2], C.2/3 [3]
	DPRS-D.4, FU10c	C.2/4 [2], C.2/4 [3]
	DPRS-M.5, Advanced connection	D.2/5 [2], D.2/5 [3]
	DPRS-M.16, Bearer replacement	D.2/16 [2], D.2/16 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify the correct behaviour of the IUT in borderline	e cases.
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application	An Application data transmission shall be performed.	
Behaviour:		
DLC Test	U-plane transmission class 2	C.3/1 [2], C.3/1 [3]
Procedure List:	FU10a frame operation	C.3/2 [2], C.3/2 [3]
	FU10b frame operation	C.3/3 [2], C.3/3 [3]
	FU10c frame operation	C.3/4 [2], C.3/4 [3]
MAC Test	Bearer replacement	D.3/36 [2], D.3/36 [3]
Procedure List:	Unacknowledged bearer release	D.3/18 [2], D.3/18 [3]
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	DLC layer: HMSC figure 23 and MSC figure 45.	
	MAC layer: HMSC figure 24 and MSC figure 63.	

#### 7.9.1 High level MSCs: DLC layer

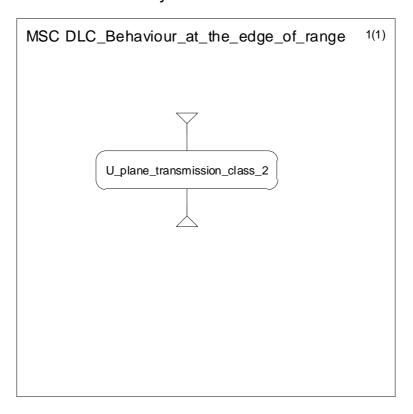


Figure 23: DLC Behaviour at the edge of range, in noisy environment, Interferer tests

## 7.9.2 High level MSCs: MAC layer

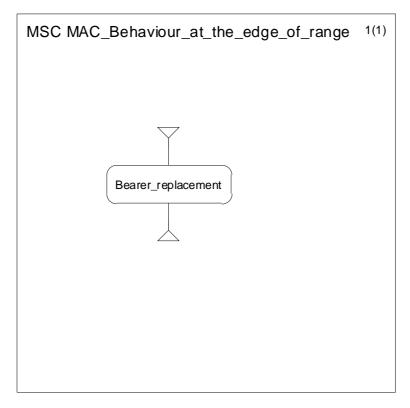


Figure 24: MAC Behaviour at the edge of range, in noisy environment, Interferer tests

## 7.10 Test Case: Multicell behaviour

Table 13

Test Case Name: Multicell behaviour		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-D.9, Inter-cell voluntary connection handover	C.2/9 [2], C.2/9 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify the correct handling of the connection handover procedure.	
Test Setup:	Test architecture for Intercell handover, see clause 4.1, figure 2. Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application Behaviour:	An Application data transmission shall be performed.	
DLC Test Procedure List:	Class A connection handover	C.3/18 [2], C.3/18 [3]
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed: DLC layer: HMSC figure 25.	

## 7.10.1 High level MSCs: DLC layer

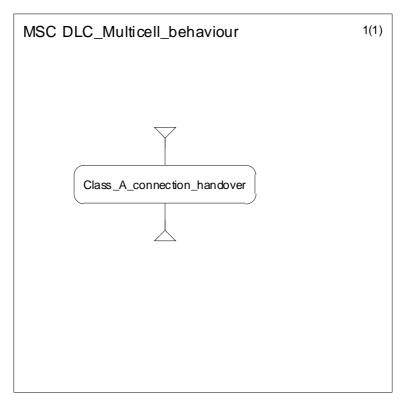


Figure 25: DLC Multicell behaviour

# 7.11 Test Case: Speech & Data in parallel or several Data connections in parallel

Table 14

Test Case Name: Speech & Data in parallel or several Data connections in parallel		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-ME.2, Class 2 management	F.2/2 [2], F.2/2 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify that it is possible to establish multiple connections.	
Test Setup:	Test architecture for parallel data connections, see clause 4.1, figure 3.	
	Test configuration 3, see clause 4.2, figure 6.	
Application	In order to verify that all connections are working as expected, at least one of the following	
Behaviour:	scenarios shall be performed:	
	Scenario 1: Two Application data transmissions shall be performed in parallel.	
	Scenario 2: An Application data transmission and a voice call shall be performed in parallel.	
Management Entity	Dynamic Bandwidth management	F.3/5 [2], F.3/5 [3]
Test Procedure List:		
Pass Criteria:	No errors shall occur during the Application data transmissions.	

# 7.12 Test Case: V.24 Operation

Table 15

Test Case Name: V.24 Operation		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.34, Service negotiation	B.2/34 [2], B.2/34 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify that an information transfer with the negotiate	ed V.24 parameters is possible.
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 2, see clause 4.2, figure 5.	
Application	An Application data transmission shall be performed in	n order to verify the correct use of
Behaviour:	possible Baud rates, Autobauding, Status lines and Fl	ow control.
NWK Test	Call Resources/Parameters negotiation	B.3/43 [2], B.3/43 [3]
Procedure List:		
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 26 and MSC figures 42 and	44.

# 7.12.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

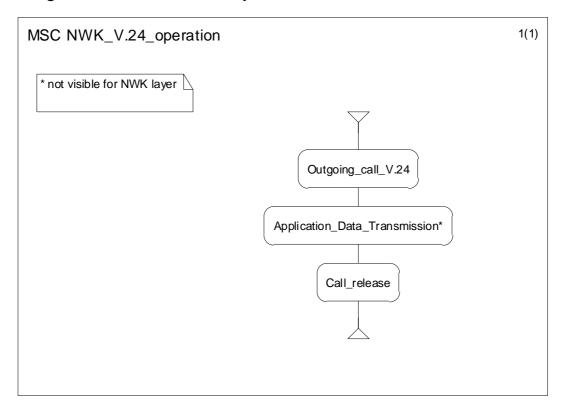


Figure 26: NWK V.24 operation

# 7.13 Test Case: Ethernet Operation

Table 16

Test Case Name: Ethernet Operation		
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.34, Service negotiation	B.2/34 [2], B.2/34 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify that interworking with Ethernet is possible.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
-	Test configuration 2, see clause 4.2, figure 5.	
Application	An Application data transmission which varies the packet s	size shall be performed in order to
Behaviour:	verify that padding is handled correctly.	
NWK Test	Call Resources/Parameters negotiation	B.3/43 [2], B.3/43 [3]
Procedure List:		
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 27 and MSC figures 43 and 44.	

# 7.13.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

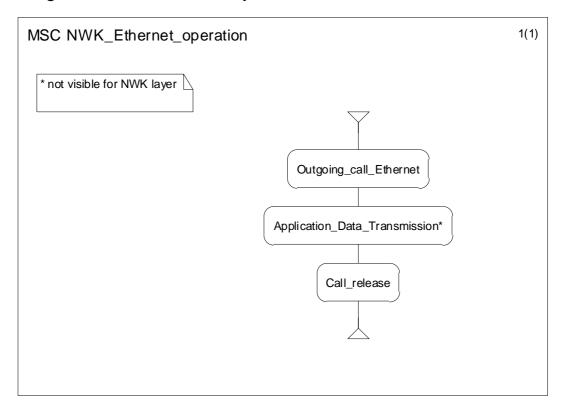


Figure 27: NWK Ethernet operation

# 7.14 Test Case: Encryption

**Test mode:** During the execution of this test encryption will be switched on. The message exchange has to be monitored until the encryption takes place.

Table 17

	Test Case Name: Encryption	
Feature Reference:	DPRS-N.17, Encryption activation FT initiated	B.2/17 [2], B.2/17 [3]
	DPRS-M.11, Encryption activation	D.2/11 [2], D.2/11 [3]
Test Purpose:	To verify the correct handling of Encryption activation.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1.	
	Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application	At the Application layer an Application data transmission shall be performed.	
Behaviour:		
NWK Test	Cipher-switching initiated by FT	B.3/23 [2], B.3/23 [3]
Procedure List:	Storing the Derived Cipher Key (DCK)	B.3/24 [2], B.3/24 [3]
MAC Test	Encryption process - initialization and synchronization	D.3/26 [2], D.3/26 [3]
Procedure List:	Encryption mode control	D.3/27 [2], D.3/27 [3]
Pass Criteria:	The following behaviour shall be observed:	
	NWK layer: HMSC figure 28 and MSC figure 41.	
	MAC layer: HMSC figures 29 and 65 and MSC figures 66,	67, 68 and 69.

# 7.14.1 High level MSCs: NWK layer

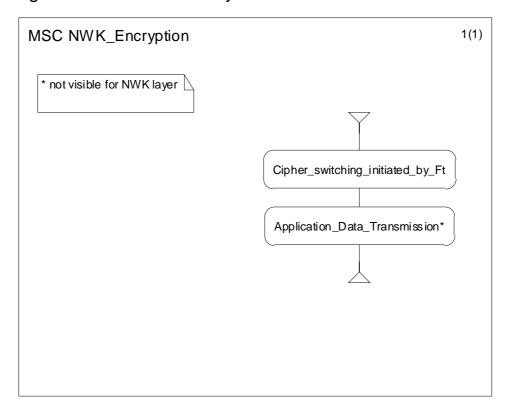


Figure 28: NWK Encryption

# 7.14.2 High level MSCs: MAC layer

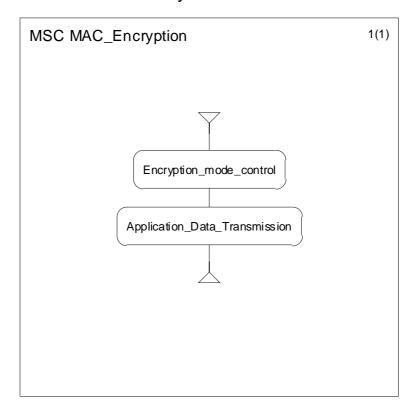


Figure 29: MAC Encryption

# 7.15 Test Case: Quality of service from applications point of view

Table 18

Т	Test Case Name: Quality of service from applications point of view	
Feature Reference:	-	
Test Purpose:	To verify the quality claimed by the manufacturer.	
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1. Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.	
Application Behaviour:	See PIXIT table A.7, item 41.	
Test Procedure List:	-	
Pass Criteria:	The application behaviour as indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 41 shall be observed.	

# 7.16 Test Case: Quality of service from users point of view

Table 19

Test Case Name: Quality of service from users point of view	
Feature Reference:	-
Test Purpose:	To verify the quality claimed by the manufacturer.
Test Setup:	General test architecture, see clause 4.1, figure 1. Test configuration 1, see clause 4.2, figure 4.
Application Behaviour:	See PIXIT table A.7, item 42.
Test Procedure List:	-
Pass Criteria:	The application behaviour as indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 42 shall be observed.

# 8 Application behaviour

# 8.1 Application data transmission

### 8.1.1 Procedure

Table 20

Procedure: Application data transmission	
Preamble	The FT shall be in call state F-10. The PT shall be in call state T-10.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Application data transmission as described in the application behaviour of each test case. During the Application data transmission no errors shall occur.

# 9 NWK layer procedures

# 9.1 Direct PT initiated link establishment

### 9.1.1 Procedure

Table 21

	Procedure: Direct PT initiated link establishment
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Direct PT initiated link establishment procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 1.

### 9.2 Indirect FT initiated link establishment

### 9.2.1 Procedure

Table 22

	Procedure: Indirect FT initiated link establishment
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Indirect FT initiated link establishment procedure
	by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 26.

### 9.2.2 MSC

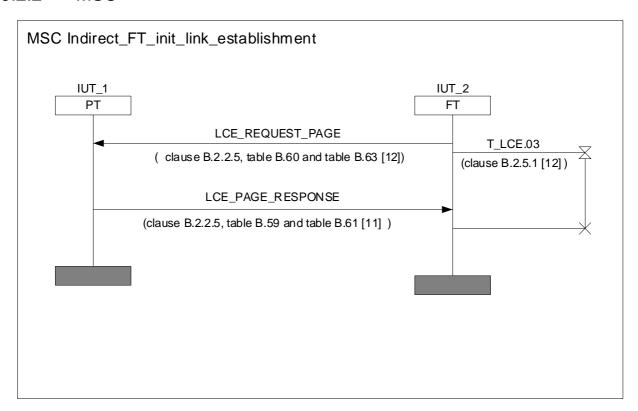


Figure 30: Indirect FT initiated link establishment

# 9.3 Obtain access rights

#### 9.3.1 Procedure

Table 23

Procedure: Obtain access rights	
Preamble	Higher layer capabilities bit a44 is set to 1.
	Direct PT initiated link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Obtain access rights procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 21 and item 22.

### 9.3.2 MSC

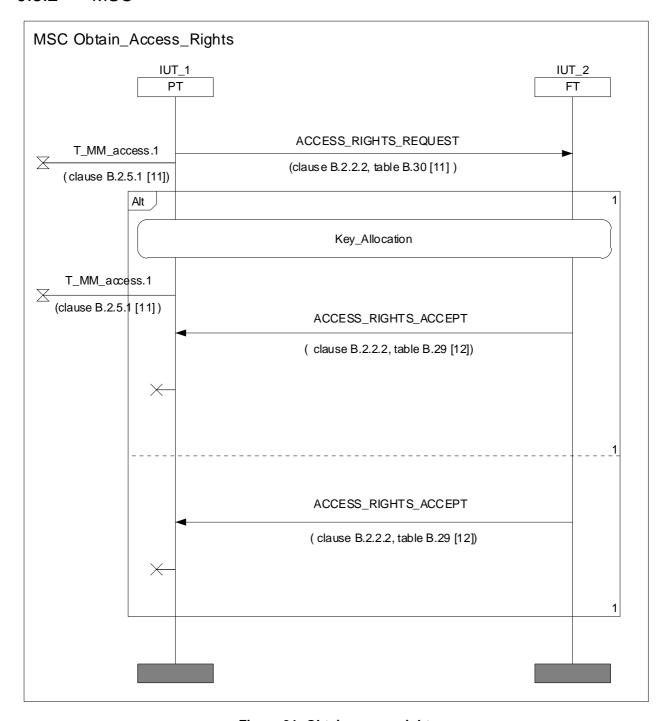


Figure 31: Obtain access rights

# 9.4 Key allocation

### 9.4.1 Procedure

Table 24

Procedure: Key allocation	
Preamble	Direct PT initiated link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Key allocation procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 24.

### 9.4.2 MSC

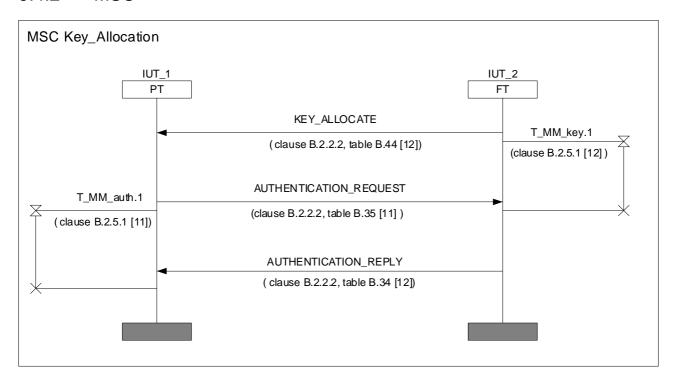


Figure 32: Key allocation

# 9.5 Location registration

### 9.5.1 Procedure

Table 25

Procedure: Location registration	
Preamble	Higher layer capabilities bit a38 is set to 1.
	Direct PT initiated link establishment.
	If the PT is not yet subscribed to the FT, then Obtain access rights.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Location registration procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 19 and item 20.

### 9.5.2 MSC

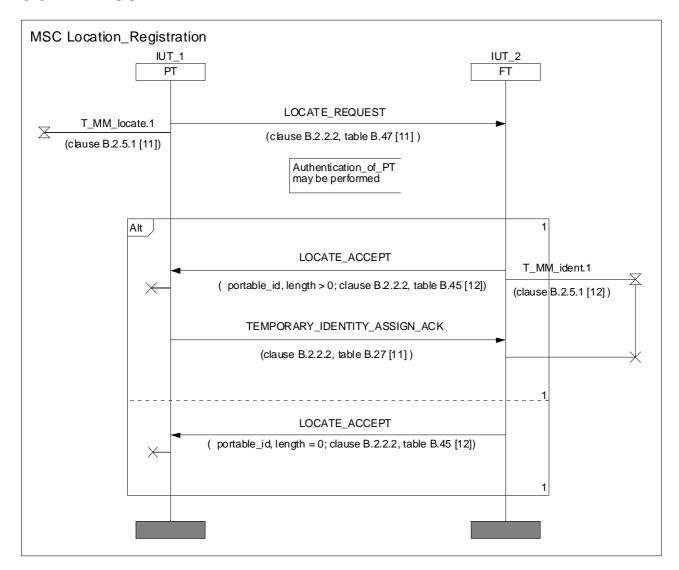


Figure 33: Location Registration

### 9.6 Authentication of PT

#### 9.6.1 Procedure

Table 26

	Procedure: Authentication of PT
Preamble	Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Authentication of PT procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 17.

### 9.6.2 MSC

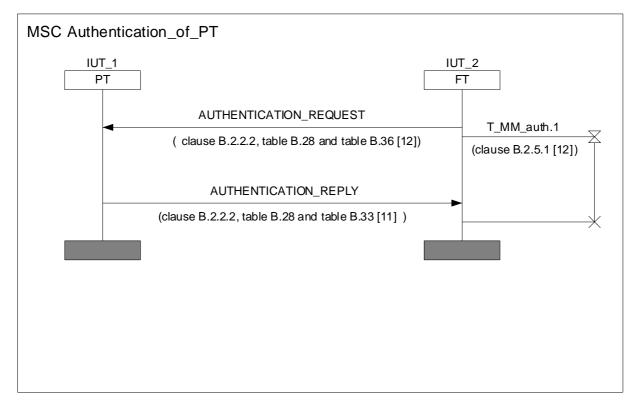


Figure 34: Authentication of PT

# 9.7 Authentication of FT

### 9.7.1 Procedure

Table 27

Procedure: Authentication of FT	
Preamble	Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Authentication of FT procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 18.

#### 9.7.2 MSC

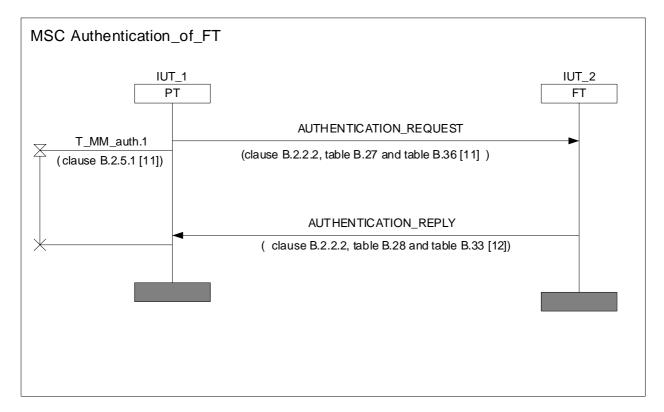


Figure 35: Authentication of FT

# 9.8 Terminal capability indication

### 9.8.1 Procedure

Table 28

Procedure: Terminal capability indication	
Preamble	Terminal capability indication is performed during the Obtain access rights procedure and the Location Registration procedure.
Stimulus	•

# 9.9 Dynamic parameters allocation

### 9.9.1 Procedure

Table 29

Procedure: Dynamic parameters allocation	
Preamble	Dynamic parameters allocation is performed during the Obtain access rights procedure and the Location Registration procedure.
Stimulus	-

# 9.10 Call Resources/Parameters negotiation

### 9.10.1 Procedure

Table 30

Procedure: Call Resources/Parameters negotiation	
Preamble	Call Resources/Parameters negotiation is performed during the Outgoing call or the Incoming call.
Stimulus	•

# 9.11 FT terminating access rights

### 9.11.1 Procedure

Table 31

Procedure: FT terminating access rights	
Preamble	The PT shall be subscribed to the FT. Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the FT terminating access rights procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 23.

#### 9.11.2 MSC

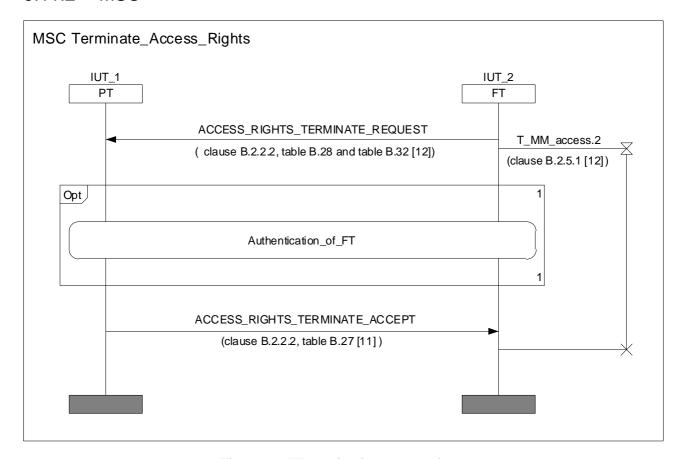


Figure 36: FT terminating access rights

# 9.12 From Outgoing call request to Outgoing call connection

#### 9.12.1 Procedure

Table 32

Procedure: From Outgoing call request to Outgoing call connection	
Preamble	The PT shall be subscribed to the FT.
	Direct PT initiated link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Outgoing call request procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 1.

#### 9.12.2 MSC

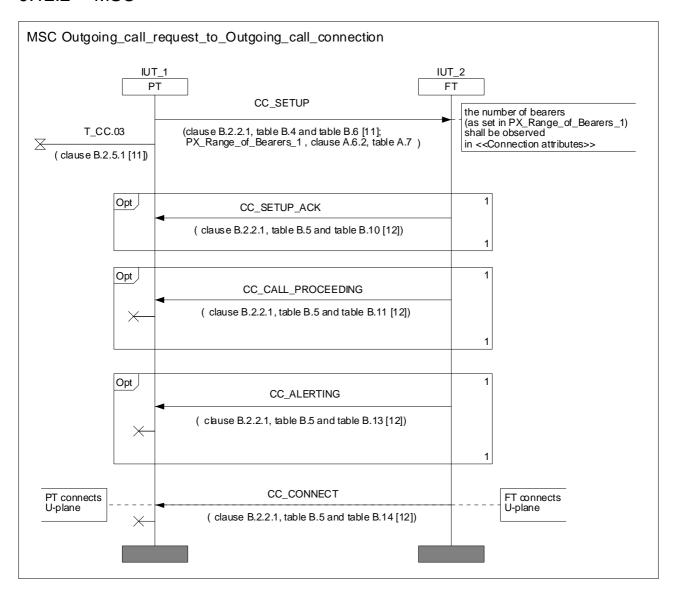


Figure 37: From Outgoing call request to Outgoing call connection

# 9.13 From Incoming call request to Incoming call connection

#### 9.13.1 Procedure

Table 33

Procedure: From Incoming call request to Incoming call connection	
Preamble	The PT shall be subscribed to the FT.
	Indirect FT initiated link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Incoming call request procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 26.

#### 9.13.2 MSC

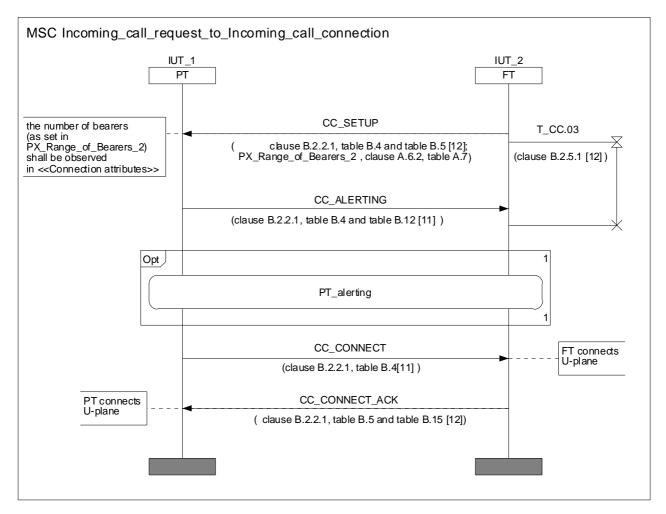


Figure 38: From Incoming call request to Incoming call connection

# 9.14 PT alerting

### 9.14.1 Procedure

Table 34

Procedure: PT alerting	
Preamble	The FT shall be in call state F-07. The PT shall be in call state T-07.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Incoming call request procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 49.

### 9.14.2 MSC

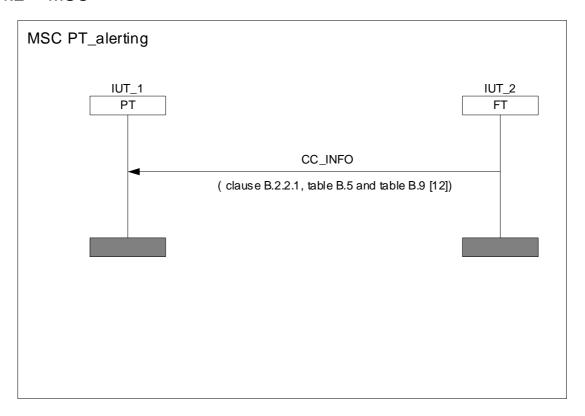


Figure 39: PT alerting

# 9.15 Bandwidth change

### 9.15.1 Procedure

Table 35

Procedure: Bandwidth change	
Preamble	The FT shall be in call state F-10. The PT shall be in call state T-10.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Bandwidth change procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 31 or item 32.

### 9.15.2 MSC

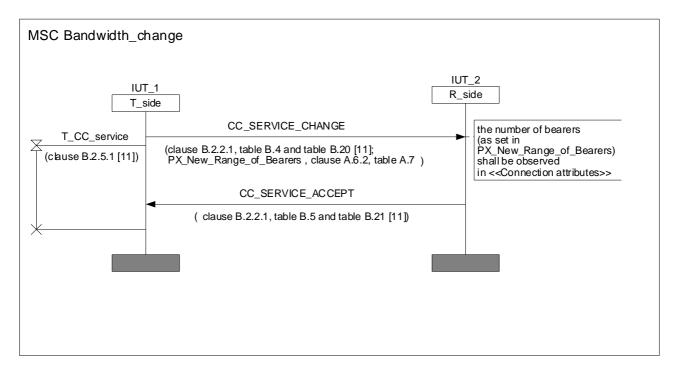


Figure 40: Bandwidth change

# 9.16 Cipher-switching initiated by FT

### 9.16.1 Procedure

Table 36

Procedure: Cipher-switching initiated by FT	
Preamble	Link establishment.
	Storing the DCK during the Authentication of PT:
	{AUTHENTICATION_REQUEST} shall contain
	< <auth-type>&gt; with <upc>='1'B and <cipher key="" number="">='1000'B.</cipher></upc></auth-type>
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Cipher-switching initiated by FT procedure by
	using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 10.

### 9.16.2 MSC

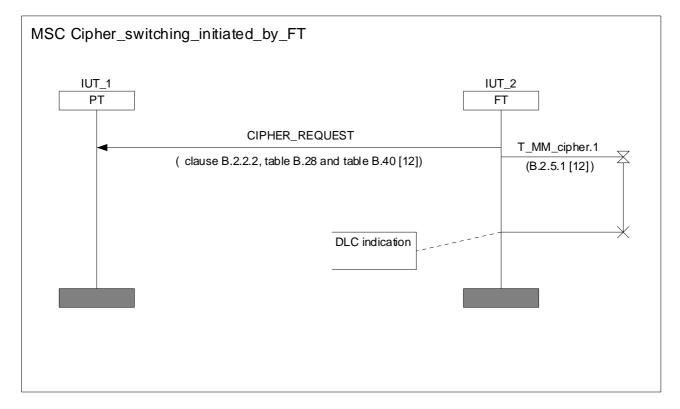


Figure 41: Cipher switching initiated by FT

# 9.17 Outgoing call V.24

# 9.17.1 Procedure

Table 37

Procedure: Outgoing call V.24	
Preamble	The PT shall be subscribed to the FT.
	Direct PT initiated link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Outgoing call request procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 1.

### 9.17.2 MSC

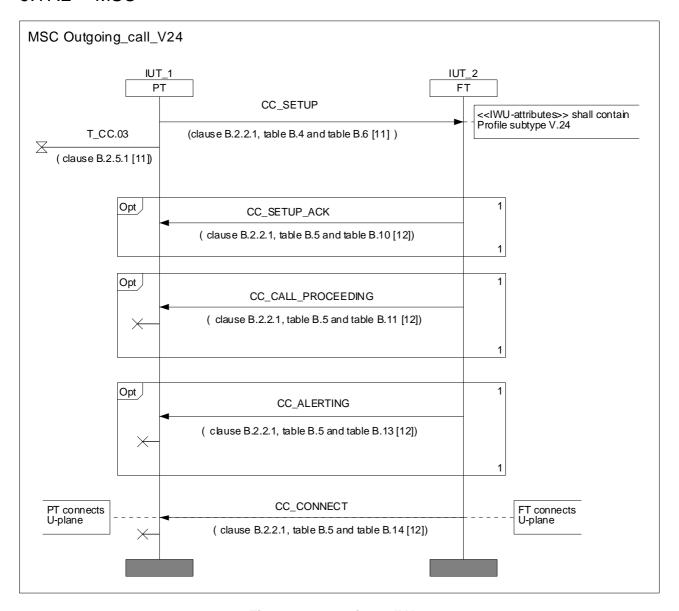


Figure 42: Outgoing call V.24

# 9.18 Outgoing call Ethernet

#### 9.18.1 Procedure

Table 38

Procedure: Outgoing call Ethernet	
Preamble	The PT shall be subscribed to the FT.
	Direct PT initiated link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Outgoing call request procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 1.

### 9.18.2 MSC

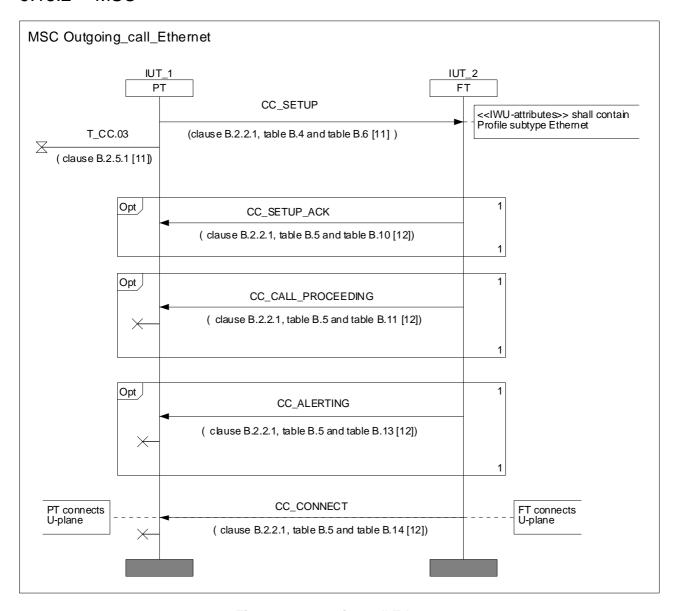


Figure 43: Outgoing call Ethernet

# 9.19 Call release

#### 9.19.1 Procedure

Table 39

Procedure: Call release	
Preamble	The PT shall be in call state T-10. The FT shall be in call state F-10.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Call release procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 2 or item 25.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Call release procedure by using suitable ac indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 2 or item 25.

### 9.19.2 MSC

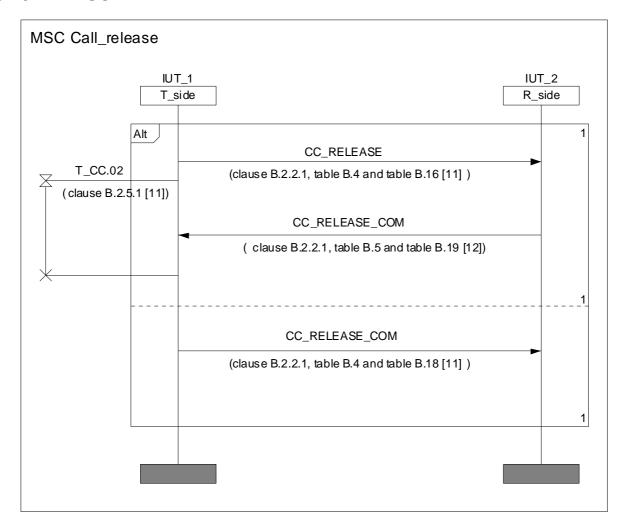


Figure 44: Call release

### 9.20 Link release

# 9.20.1 Procedure

Table 40

Procedure: Link release	
Preamble	Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Link release procedure by using suitable actions
	indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 33 or item 34.

# 10 DLC layer procedures

# 10.1 U-plane transmission class 2

### 10.1.1 Procedure

Table 41

Procedure: U-plane transmission class 2	
Preamble	Logical connection setup.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the U-plane transmission class 2 procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 46 or 47.

#### 10.1.2 MSC

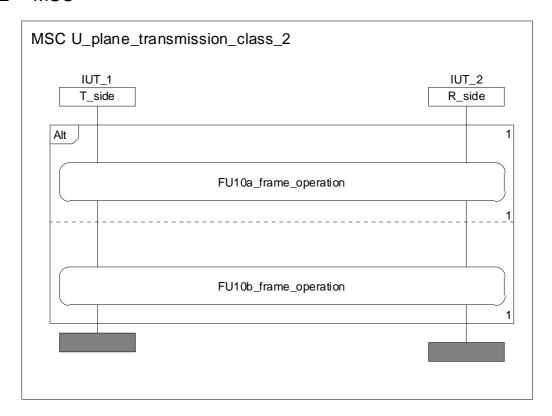


Figure 45: U-plane transmission class 2

### 10.2 Class A link establishment

#### 10.2.1 Procedure

Table 42

Procedure: Class A link establishment	
Preamble	Logical connection setup.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Class A link establishment procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 43 or item 50.

### 10.2.2 MSC

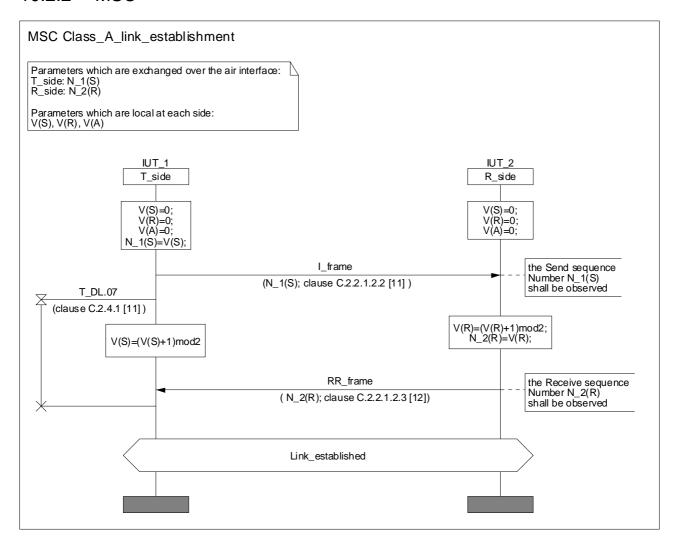


Figure 46: Class A link establishment

# 10.3 Class A acknowledged information transfer

#### 10.3.1 Procedure

Table 43

Procedure: Class A acknowledged information transfer	
Preamble	Class A link establishment
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Class A acknowledged information transfer procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 44 or item 51.

#### 10.3.2 MSC

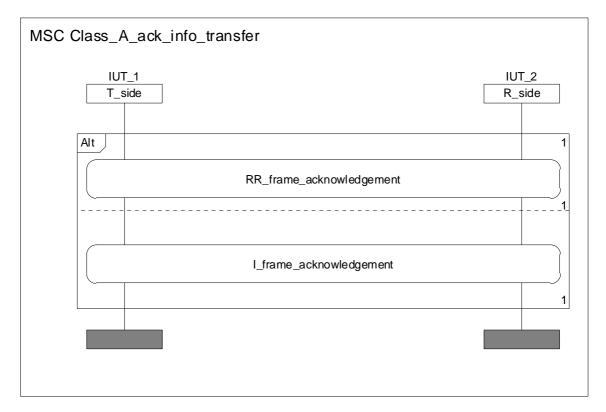


Figure 47: Class A acknowledged information transfer

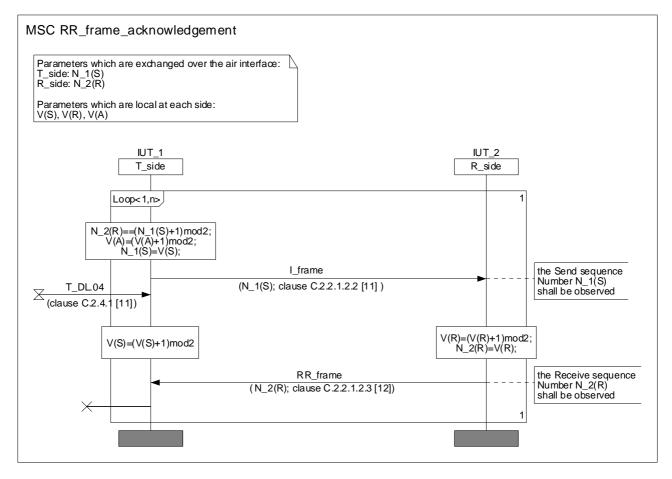


Figure 48: RR frame acknowledgment

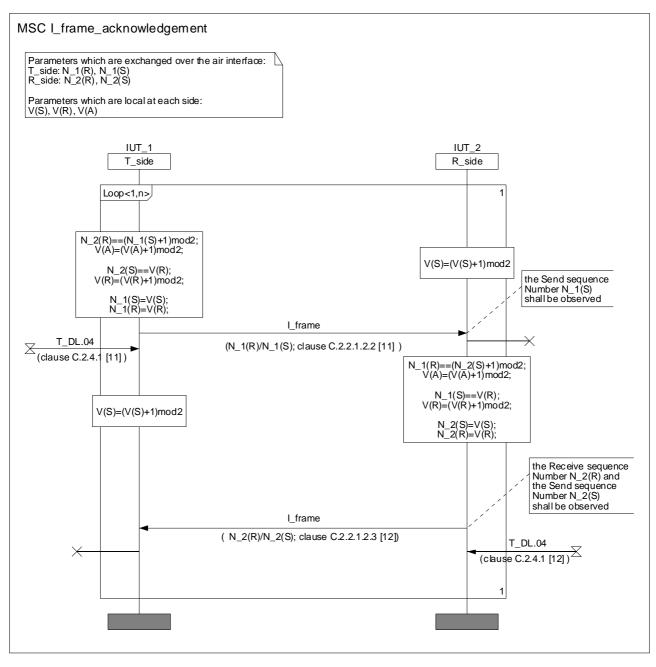


Figure 49: I frame acknowledgment

# 10.4 FU10a frame operation

#### 10.4.1 Procedure

Table 44

Procedure: FU10a frame operation	
Preamble	U-plane transmission class 2.
Stimulus	FU10a frame operation is performed during the U-plane transmission class 2 procedure.

### 10.4.2 MSC

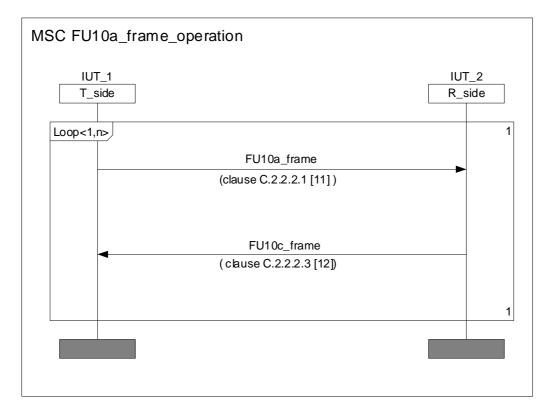


Figure 50: FU10a frame operation

# 10.5 FU10b frame operation

### 10.5.1 Procedure

Table 45

Procedure: FU10b frame operation	
Preamble	U-plane transmission class 2.
Stimulus	FU10b frame operation is performed during the U-plane transmission class 2 procedure.

### 10.5.2 MSC

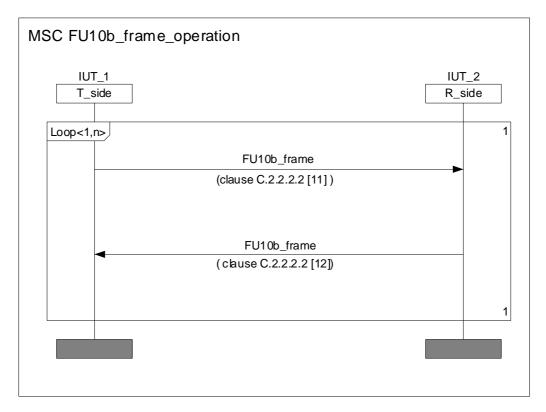


Figure 51: FU10b frame operation

# 10.6 FU10c frame operation

#### 10.6.1 Procedure

Table 46

Procedure: FU10c frame operation	
Preamble	U-plane transmission class 2.
Stimulus	FU10c frame operation is performed together with the FU10a frame operation.

# 10.7 Class A connection handover

### 10.7.1 Procedure

Table 47

Procedure: Class A connection handover	
Preamble	U-plane transmission class 2.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Class A connection handover procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 16.

# 10.8 C<sub>S</sub>-channel fragmentation and recombination

#### 10.8.1 Procedure

Table 48

Procedure: C <sub>S</sub> -channel fragmentation and recombination	
Preamble	Class A link establishment
Stimulus	C <sub>S</sub> -channel fragmentation and recombination is performed during the Class A
	acknowledged information transfer procedure.

# 10.9 C<sub>F</sub>-channel fragmentation and recombination

#### 10.9.1 Procedure

Table 49

Procedure: C <sub>F</sub> -channel fragmentation and recombination	
Preamble	Class A link establishment
Stimulus	C <sub>F</sub> -channel fragmentation and recombination is performed during the Class A
	acknowledged information transfer procedure.

# 10.10 Selection of logical channels (C<sub>S</sub> and C<sub>F</sub>)

### 10.10.1 Procedure

Table 50

Procedure: Selection of logical channels (C <sub>S</sub> and C <sub>F</sub> )	
Preamble	Class A link establishment
Stimulus	Selection of logical channels (C <sub>S</sub> and C <sub>F</sub> ) is performed during the Class A
	acknowledged information transfer procedure.

# 10.11 Class A link release

### 10.11.1 Procedure

Table 51

Procedure: Class A link release	
Preamble	Class A link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Class A link release procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 45 or item 52.

# 11 MAC layer procedures

# 11.1 Downlink broadcast

### 11.1.1 Procedure

Table 52

Procedure: Downlink broadcast	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Downlink broadcast procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 37.

#### 11.1.2 MSC

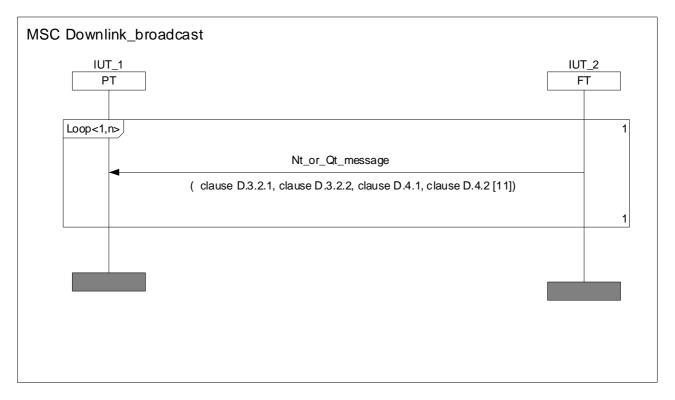


Figure 52: Downlink broadcast

# 11.2 Logical connection setup

### 11.2.1 Procedure

Table 53

Procedure: Logical connection setup	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Logical connection setup procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 3 or item 4 or item 5 or item 6.

# 11.3 Single bearer Physical connection setup

# 11.3.1 Procedure

Table 54

Procedure: Single bearer Physical connection setup	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Single bearer Physical connection setup
	procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7,
	item 3 or item 4.

# 11.4 Multi bearer Physical connection setup

### 11.4.1 Procedure

Table 55

Procedure: Multi bearer Physical connection setup	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Multi bearer Physical connection setup procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 5 or item 6.

# 11.5 Single duplex bearer setup

### 11.5.1 Procedure

Table 56

Procedure: Single duplex bearer setup.	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Single duplex bearer setup procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 3 or item 4.

### 11.5.2 HMSC

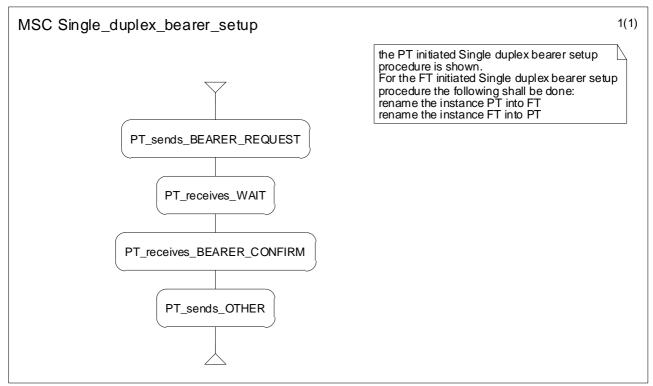


Figure 53: Single duplex bearer setup

# 11.5.3 MSC

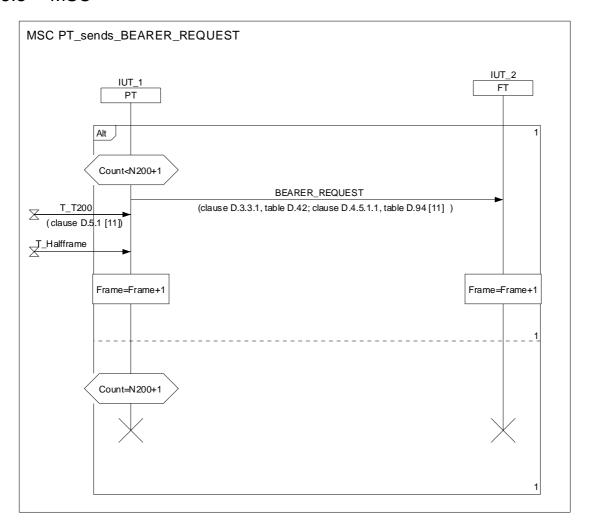


Figure 54: PT sends BEARER REQUEST

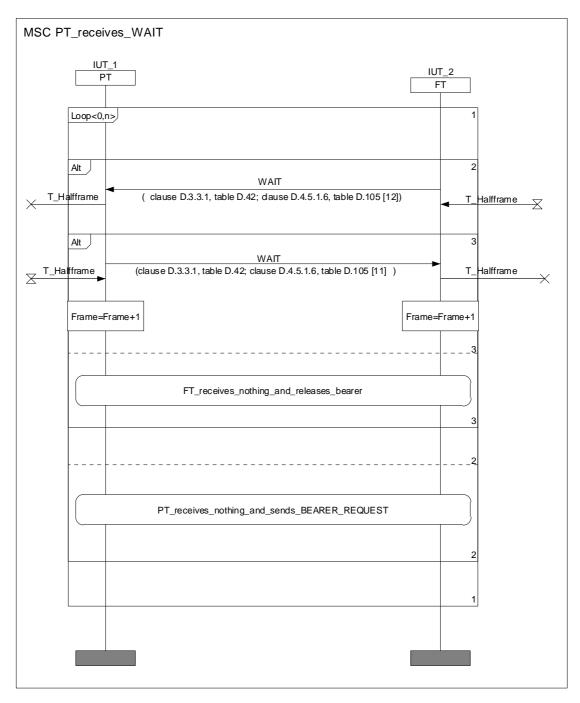


Figure 55: PT receives WAIT

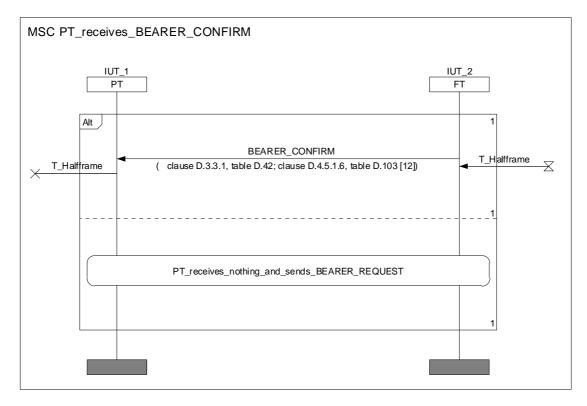


Figure 56: PT receives BEARER CONFIRM

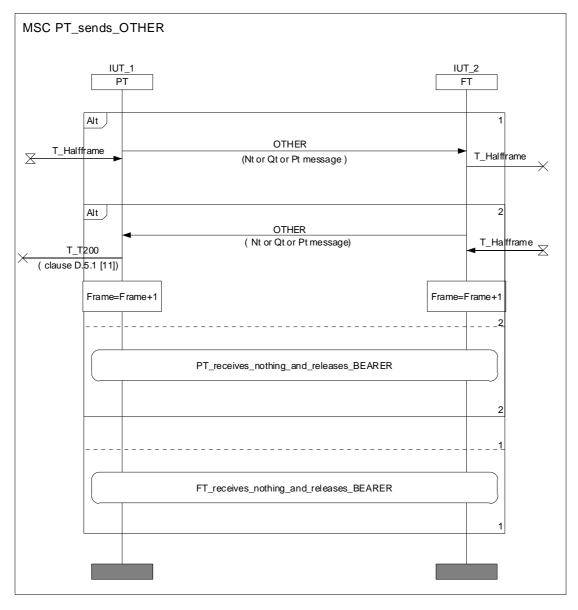


Figure 57: PT sends OTHER

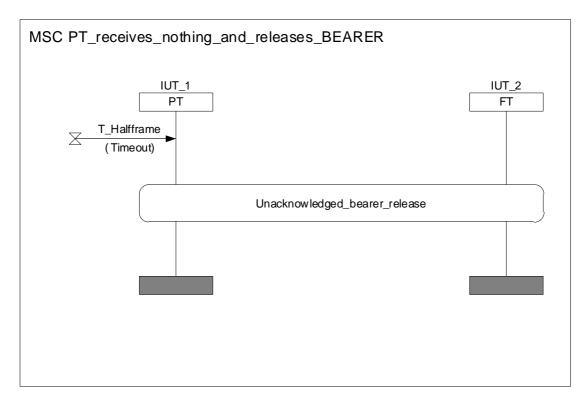


Figure 58: PT receives nothing and releases bearer

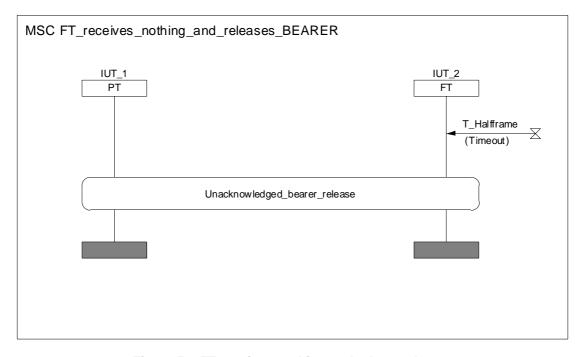


Figure 59: FT receives nothing and releases bearer

# 11.6 Double simplex bearer setup

# 11.6.1 Procedure

Table 57

Procedure: Double simplex bearer setup.	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Double simplex bearer setup procedure by using
	suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 7.

#### 11.6.2 MSC

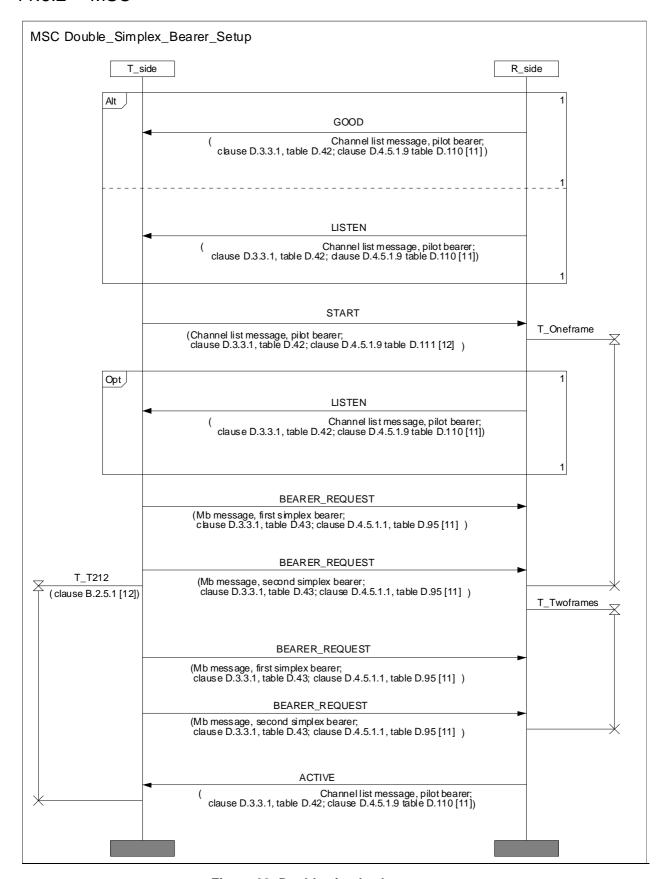


Figure 60: Double simplex bearer setup

## 11.7 Connection modification

#### 11.7.1 Procedure

Table 58

Procedure: Connection modification	
Preamble	Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Connection modification procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 27 or item 28 or item 29 or item 30.

#### 11.7.2 MSC

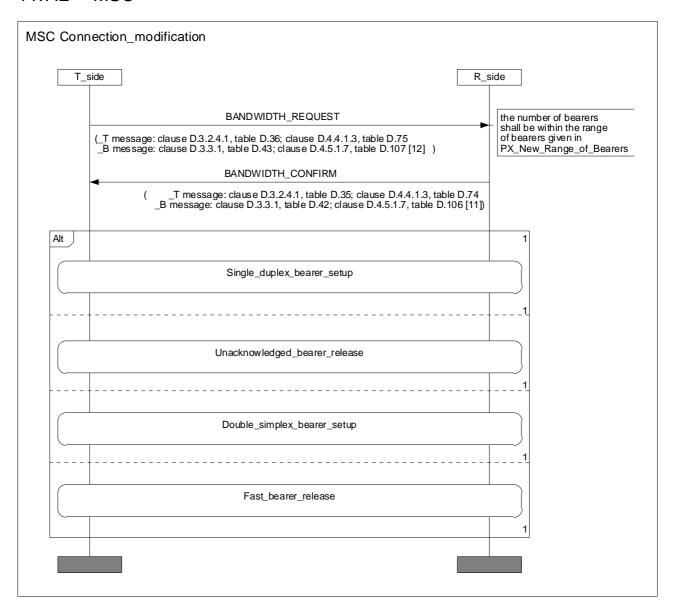


Figure 61: Connection modification

## 11.8 Paging

## 11.8.1 Procedure

Table 59

Procedure: Paging	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Idle. The PT shall be in state Idle_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Normal paging procedure or the Low duty cycle paging procedure or the MAC paging procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 26.

## 11.8.2 MSC

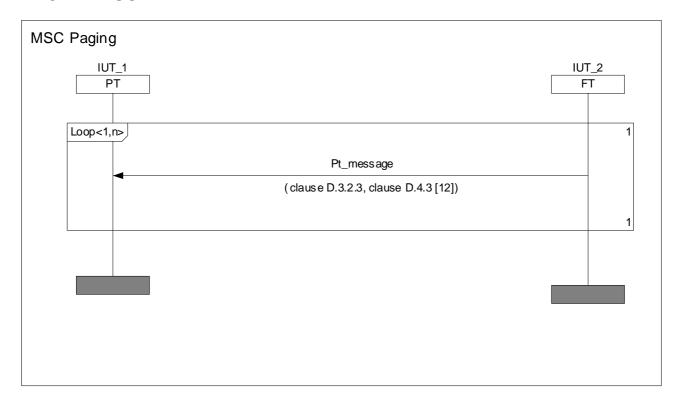


Figure 62: Paging

## 11.9 Bearer replacement

## 11.9.1 Procedure

Table 60

Procedure: Bearer replacement	
Preamble	Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Bearer replacement procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 15.

#### 11.9.2 MSC

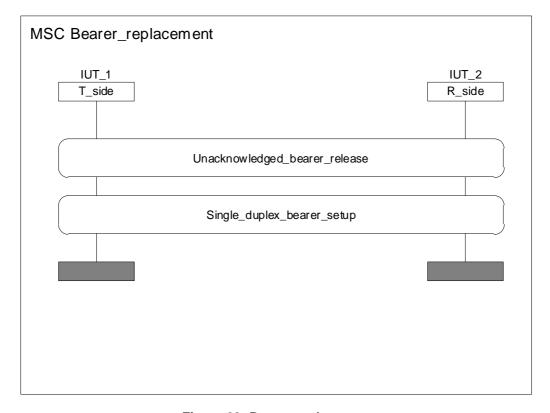


Figure 63: Bearer replacement

## 11.10 Encryption process - initialization and synchronization

#### 11.10.1 Procedure

Table 61

Procedure: Encryption process - initialization and synchronization	
Preamble	Link establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Encryption process - initialization and
	synchronization procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the
	PIXIT table A.7, item 10.



Figure 64: Encryption process - initialization and synchronization

## 11.11 Encryption mode control

## 11.11.1 Procedure

Table 62

Procedure: Encryption mode control	
Preamble	Encryption process - initialization and synchronization.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Encryption mode control procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 10.

## 11.11.2 HMSC

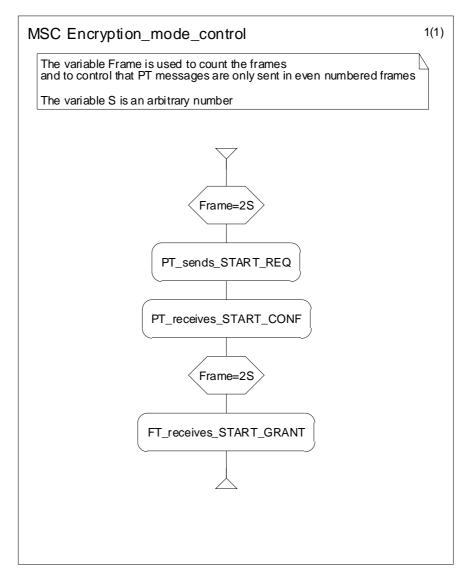


Figure 65: Encryption mode control

## 11.11.3 MSC

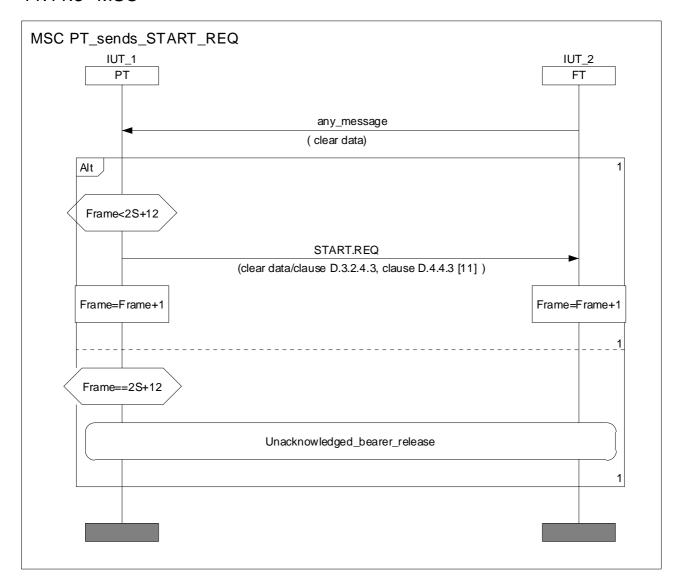


Figure 66: PT sends START.REQ

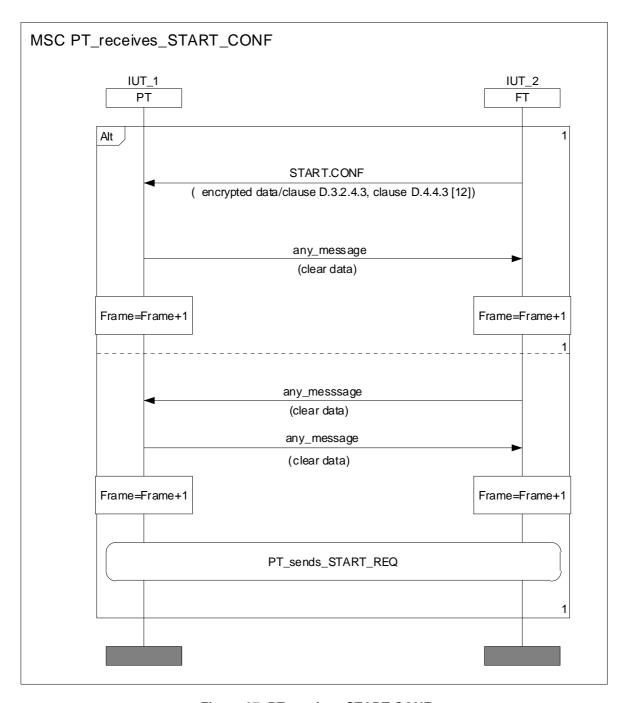


Figure 67: PT receives START.CONF

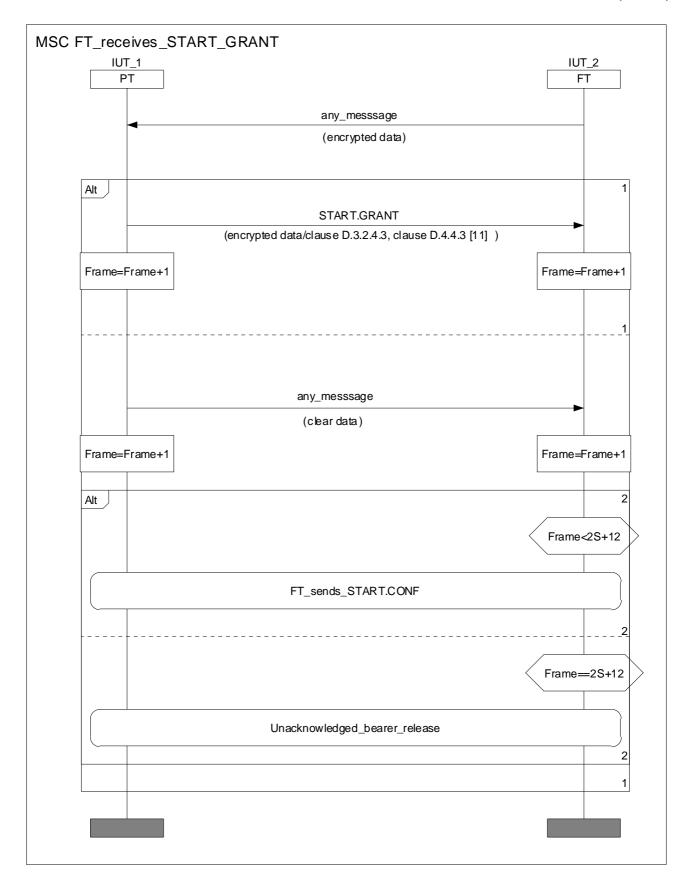


Figure 68: FT receives START.GRANT

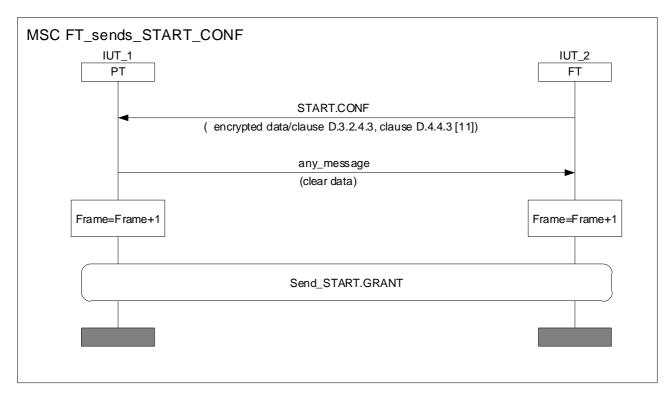


Figure 69: FT sends START.CONF

## 11.12 Logical connection release

#### 11.12.1 Procedure

Table 63

Procedure: Logical connection release	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Traffic. The PT shall be in state Active_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Logical connection release procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 35 or item 36.

## 11.13 Physical connection release

#### 11.13.1 Procedure

Table 64

Procedure: Physical connection release	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Traffic. The PT shall be in state Active_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Physical connection release procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 35 or item 36.

## 11.14 Unacknowledged bearer release

#### 11.14.1 Procedure

Table 65

Procedure: Unacknowledged bearer release	
Preamble	The FT shall be in state Active_Traffic. The PT shall be in state Active_Locked.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Unacknowledged bearer release procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 35 or item 36.

#### 11.14.2 MSC

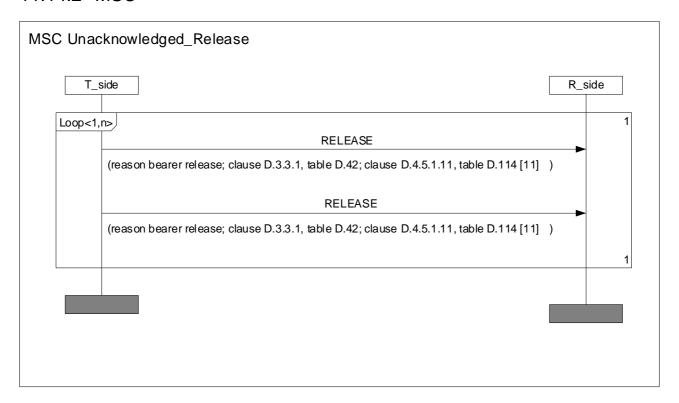


Figure 70: Unacknowledged bearer release

## 11.15 Fast bearer release

#### 11.15.1 Procedure

Table 66

Procedure: Fast bearer release	
Preamble	Double simplex bearer establishment.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Fast bearer release procedure by using suitable
	actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 8 or item 9.

#### 11.15.2 MSC

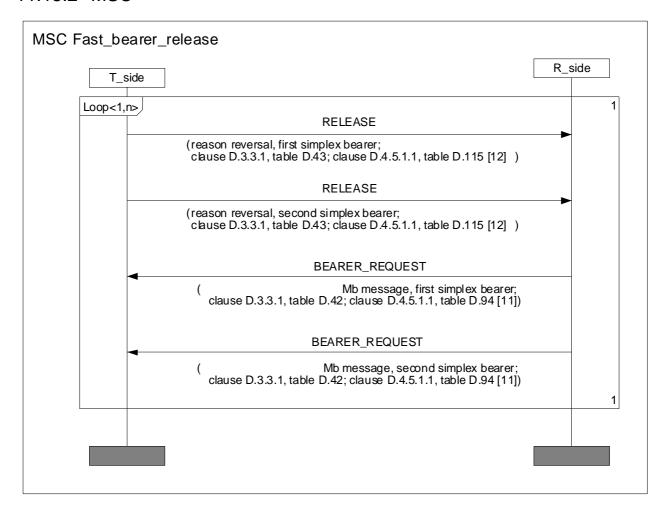


Figure 71: Fast bearer release

## 12 Management entity procedures

## 12.1 Dynamic bandwidth management

#### 12.1.1 Procedure

Table 67

Procedure: Dynamic bandwidth management	
Preamble	Condition of stability before performing this procedure.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Dynamic bandwidth management procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 27 or item 28 or item 29 or item 30.

## 12.2 Suspend management

#### 12.2.1 Procedure

Table 68

Procedure: Suspend management	
Preamble	The FT shall be in call state F-10. The PT shall be in call state T-10.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Suspend management procedure by using
	suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 11 or item 12.

#### 12.2.2 MSC

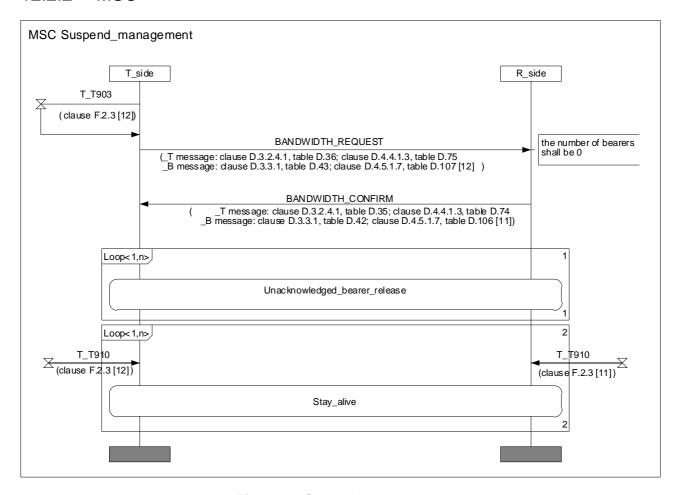


Figure 72: Suspend management

## 12.3 Resume management

#### 12.3.1 Procedure

Table 69

Procedure: Resume management	
Preamble	Suspend management.
Stimulus	The test operator shall trigger the Resume management procedure by using suitable actions indicated by the supplier in the PIXIT table A.7, item 13 or item 14.

#### 12.3.2 MSC

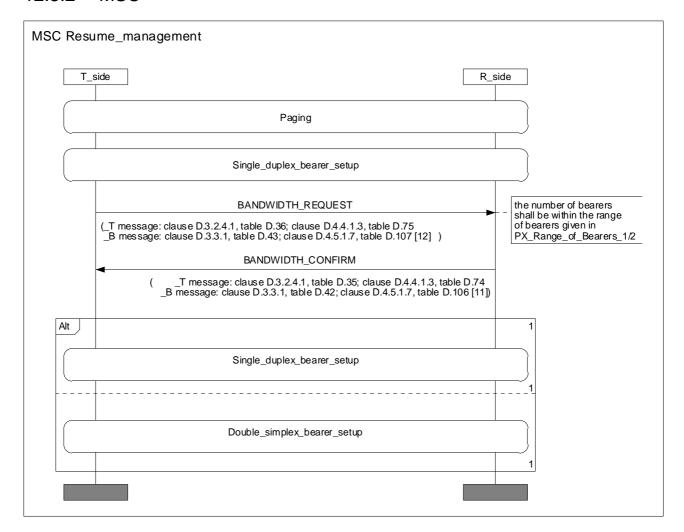


Figure 73: Resume management

## 12.4 Stay Alive

#### 12.4.1 Procedure

Table 70

Procedure: Identification of the procedure			
Preamble Link suspended.			
Stimulus Stay alive is performed during the Suspend management.			

#### 12.4.2 MSC

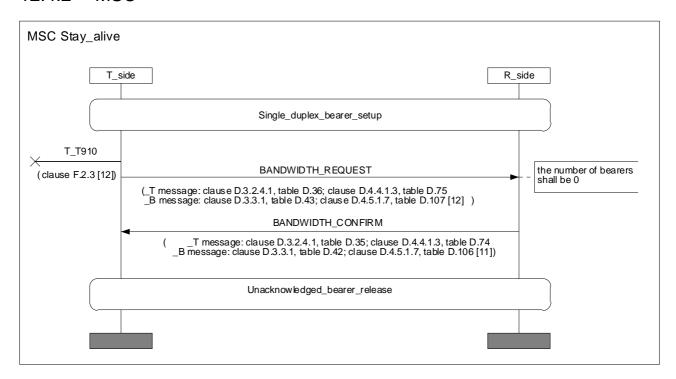


Figure 74: Stay alive

# Annex A (normative): Partial PIXIT proforma

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the PIXIT proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed PIXIT.

The PIXIT Proforma is based on ISO/IEC 9646-6 [8]. Any needed additional information can be found in this international standard document.

## A.1 Identification summary

#### Table A.1

PIXIT Number:	
Test Laboratory Name:	
Date of Issue:	
Issued to:	

## A.2 Test summary

#### Table A.2

Protocol Specification:	
Protocol to be tested:	
Test Specification:	
Abstract Test Method:	

## A.3 Test laboratory

#### Table A.3

Test Laboratory Identification:	
Test Laboratory Manager:	
Means of Testing:	
SAP Address:	

## A.4 Client identification

Table A.4

Client Identification:	
Client Test manager:	
Test Facilities required:	

## A.5 SUT

Table A.5

Name:	
Version:	
SCS Number:	
Machine configuration:	
Operating System Identification:	
IUT Identification:	
PICS Reference for IUT:	
Limitations of the SUT:	
Environmental Conditions:	

## A.6 Protocol layer information

## A.6.1 Protocol identification

Table A.6

Name:	
Version:	
PICS References:	

## A.6.2 IUT information

Table A.7

Item	Question	Explanation	Answer
1	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to invoke an outgoing call?	followed to force IUT_1 (PT) to	
		start outgoing call.	
2	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to release a call?	followed to release a call.	
3	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the following	followed to initiate the following	
	procedures:	procedures:	
	Logical connection setup, Single	Logical connection setup, Single	
		bearer Physical connection setup,	
	Single duplex bearer setup?	Single duplex bearer setup.	
4	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the following procedures:	followed to initiate the following procedures:	
	Logical connection setup, Single	Logical connection setup, Single	
	bearer Physical connection setup,	bearer Physical connection setup,	
	Single duplex bearer setup?	Single duplex bearer setup.	
5	How could the IUT_1 (PT) or	Indicates the steps that have to be	
ا ا	IUT_2 (FT) be forced to initiate the		
	following procedures:	procedures:	
	Logical connection setup, Multi	Logical connection setup, Multi	
		bearer Physical connection setup,	
	Symmetric connection?	Symmetric connection.	
6	How could the IUT_1 (PT) or	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	IUT_2 (FT) be forced to initiate the	followed to initiate the following	
	following procedures:	procedures:	
	Logical connection setup, Multi	Logical connection setup, Multi	
	bearer Physical connection setup,	bearer Physical connection setup,	
	Asymmetric connection?	Asymmetric connection?	
7	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
		followed to initiate a Double	
	bearer setup procedure?	simplex bearer setup procedure.	
8	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to reverse the direction of	followed to reverse the direction of	
	the bearers used in an asymmetric multibearer connection?	multibearer connection.	
9	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
9	forced to reverse the direction of	followed to reverse the direction of	
	the bearers used in an asymmetric		
	multibearer connection?	multibearer connection.	
10		Indicates the steps that have to be	
1	forced to switch a connection from		
	clear mode to encrypt mode?	cipher-switching procedure.	
11	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate a MAC suspend?	followed to initiate a MAC suspend	
		procedures.	
12	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate a MAC suspend?	followed to initiate a MAC suspend	
		procedures.	
13	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate a MAC resume?	followed to initiate a MAC resume	
1.4	How could the U.T. O. (ET)	procedures.	
14	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate a MAC resume?	followed to initiate a MAC resume procedures.	
15	How could the ILIT 1 (DT) he	Indicates the steps that have to be	
15	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be forced to initiate a bearer	followed to initiate a bearer	
	replacement procedure?	replacement procedure.	
16	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
'	forced to initiate a Class A	followed to initiate a Class A	
	connection handover procedure?	connection handover procedure.	

Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate an authentication of PT procedure?   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate an authentication of PT procedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to set bit38 in the broadcast ET "higher layer capabilities" to 17.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to set bit38 in the broadcast ET "higher layer capabilities" to 17.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to set bit38 in the broadcast ET "higher layer capabilities" to 19.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to set bit34 in the broadcast ET "higher layer capabilities" to 19.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to set bit34 in the broadcast ET "higher layer capabilities" to 19.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate a Location registration procedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate an Obtain access rights procedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate an Obtain access rights procedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate a terminate access rights procedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forced to initiate the Key allocation forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to initiate the Key allocation forcedure.   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to increase the number of bearers?   Indicates the steps that have to be forced to increase the number of bear	Item	Question	Explanation	Answer
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procedures: Logical connection release, Physical connection release, Physical connection release,	33			
Logical connection release, Physical connection release, Physical connection release,				
Physical connection release, Physical connection release,				
Onabid townburged bearer release:   Onabid townburged bearer release.		Unacknowledged bearer release?	Unacknowledged bearer release.	

Item	Question	Explanation	Answer
36	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the following	followed to initiate the following	
	procedures:	procedures:	
	Logical connection release, Physical connection release,	Logical connection release, Physical connection release,	
	Unacknowledged bearer release?	Unacknowledged bearer release.	
37	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the Downlink	followed to initiate the Downlink	
	broadcast procedure?	broadcast procedure.	
38	How many bearers can be	PX_Range_of_Bearers_1	
	established during the Outgoing	indicates the range of bearers	
	call?	which can be established during the Outgoing call.	
39	How many bearers can be	PX_Range_of_Bearers_2	
00	established during the Incoming	indicates the range of bearers	
	call?	which can be established during	
		the Incoming call.	
40	What shall be the new bandwidth	PX_New_Range_of_Bearers	
	for the Active call?	indicates the new range of bearers	
11		for the Active call.	
41	What feature shall be observed at the Application side?	PX_QoS_Application indicates the claims of an application at the	
	the Application side:	Application side (e.g.	
		throughput/delay/no transmission	
		errors).	
42	What feature shall be observed at	PX_QoS_User indicates the	
	the User side?	claims of an application at the	
		User side (e.g. web browsing/file	
42	How could the ILIT 1 (DT) he	transfer/no dropped connections).	
43	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be forced to initiate the Class A link	Indicates the steps that have to be followed to force IUT_1 (PT) to	
	establishment procedure?	initiate the Class A link	
	procedure:	establishment procedure.	
44	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the Class A	followed to force IUT_1 (PT) to	
	acknowledged information transfer		
45	procedure? How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	information transfer procedure. Indicates the steps that have to be	
43	forced to initiate the Class A link	followed to force IUT_1 (PT) to	
	release procedure?	initiate the Class A link release	
		procedure.	
46	How could the IUT_1 (PT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the U-plane	followed to force IUT_1 (PT) to	
	transmission class 2 procedure?	initiate the U-plane transmission	
47	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	class 2 procedure.  Indicates the steps that have to be	
7'	forced to initiate the U-plane	followed to force IUT_2 (FT) to	
	transmission class 2 procedure?	initiate the U-plane transmission	
	*	class 2 procedure.	
48	What kind of User data	Specifies the possible User data	
46		transmissions.	
49	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the PT alerting procedure?	followed to force IUT_2 (FT) to initiate the PT alerting procedure.	
50	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the Class A link	followed to force IUT_2 (FT) to	
	establishment procedure?	initiate the Class A link	
		establishment procedure.	
51	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be	Indicates the steps that have to be	
	forced to initiate the Class A	followed to force IUT_2 (FT) to	
	acknowledged information transfer		
	procedure?	information transfer procedure. Indicates the steps that have to be	
152	THOW COULD THE THE 2 (FIX PC		
52	How could the IUT_2 (FT) be forced to initiate the Class A link		
52	forced to initiate the Class A link release procedure?	followed to force IUT_2 (FT) to initiate the Class A link release	

# Annex B (normative): PCTR Proforma

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the PCTR proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed PCTR.

The PCTR proforma is based on ISO/IEC 9646-6 [8]. Any needed additional information can be found in the present document.

## B.1 Identification summary

## B.1.1 Protocol conformance test report

#### Table B.1

PCTR Number:	
PCTR Date:	
Corresponding SCTR Number:	
Corresponding SCTR Date:	
Test Laboratory Identification:	
Test Laboratory Manager:	
Signature:	

## B.1.2 IUT identification

#### Table B.2

Name:	
Version:	
Protocol specification:	
PICS:	
Previous PCTR if any:	

## B.1.3 Testing environment

#### Table B.3

PIXIT Number:	
Test Specification:	
Test Method:	
Means of Testing identification:	
Date of testing:	
Conformance Log reference(s):	
Retention Date for Log reference(s):	

## B.1.4 Limits and reservation

	nformation relevant to the technical contents or further use of the test report, or the rights and obligations of ratory and the client, may be given here. Such information may include restriction on the publication of the
	Comments
	comments may be given by either the client or the test laboratory on any of the contents of the PCTR, for note disagreement between the two parties.
B.2	IUT Conformance status
This IUT has specification	as or has not been shown by conformance assessment to be non-conforming to the specified protocol n.
requirement	opropriate words in this sentence. If the PICS for this IUT is consistent with the static conformance ts (as specified in clause B.3 in this report) and there are no "FAIL" verdicts to be recorded (in clause B.6 in strike the words "has or", otherwise strike the words "or has not".
B.3	Static conformance summary
The PICS fo	or this IUT is or is not consistent with the static conformance requirements in the specified protocol.
Strike the ap	opropriate words in this sentence.
B.4	Dynamic conformance summary
The test can	npaign did or did not reveal errors in the IUT.
	opropriate words in this sentence. If there are no "FAIL" verdicts to be recorded (in clause D.6 of this the words "did or" otherwise strike the words "or did not".
Summary of	f the results of groups of test:

## B.5 Static conformance review report

conformance requirements of the specified protocol specification.

## B.6 Test campaign report

Table B.4

Test Reference	Selected?	Run?	Verdict	Observations (Reference to any observations made in clause 7)
Subscription	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Outgoing call	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Incoming call	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Switch On	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Desubscribe	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Connection bandwidth control	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Stop/Start sending data	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Send/Receive U-plane data	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Behaviour at the edge of range, in noisy environment and Interferer tests	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Multicell behaviour	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Speech & Data in parallel or several Data connections in parallel	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Ethernet procedures	Yes/No	Yes/No		
V24 procedures	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Encryption	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Quality of service from applications point of view	Yes/No	Yes/No		
Quality of service from users point of view	Yes/No	Yes/No		

B.7 Observations
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Additional information relevant to the technical content of the PCTR is given here.

# Annex C (normative): HMSCs and MSCs

The test execution is described with HMSCs and MSCs. All the MSCs are listed in MSC.PR format (mpr files) in the attached zip file,  $ts_101950v010101p0.zip$ .

# Annex D (informative): Bibliography

- ETSI EN 300 175-1: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 1: Overview".
- ETSI EN 300 175-2: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 2: Physical Layer (PHL)".
- ETSI EN 300 175-3: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 3: Medium Access Control (MAC) layer".
- ETSI EN 300 175-4: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 4: Data Link Control (DLC) layer".
- ETSI EN 300 175-5: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 5: Network (NWK) layer".
- ETSI EN 300 175-6: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 6: Identities and addressing".
- ETSI EN 300 175-7: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 7: Security features".
- ETSI EN 300 175-8: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Common Interface (CI); Part 8: Speech coding and transmission".
- ETSI EN 300 444: "Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT); Generic Access Profile (GAP)".

## History

Document history			
V1.1.1	May 2001	Publication	