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# Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

#### where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

# 1 Scope

The present document establishes the minimum RF requirements for NR User Equipment (UE) operating on frequency Range 1.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document in the same Release as the present document.

[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
[2]	3GPP TS 38.101-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".
[3]	3GPP TS 38.101-3: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 3: Range 1 and Range 2 Interworking operation with other radios".
[4]	3GPP TS 38.521-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".
[5]	Recommendation ITU-R M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000".
[6]	3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation".
[7]	3GPP TS 38.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".
[8]	3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control".
[9]	ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain".
[10]	3GPP TS 38.214: "NR; Physical layer procedures for data".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

**Aggregated Channel Bandwidth**: The RF bandwidth in which a UE transmits and receives multiple contiguously aggregated carriers.

**Carrier aggregation**: Aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

**Carrier aggregation band**: A set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

**Carrier aggregation bandwidth class**: A class defined by the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration and maximum number of component carriers supported by a UE.

Carrier aggregation configuration: A combination of CA operating band(s) and CA bandwidth class(es) supported by a UE.

**Contiguous carriers**: A set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

**Contiguous resource allocation**: A resource allocation of consecutive resource blocks within one carrier or across contiguously aggregated carriers. The gap between contiguously aggregated carriers due to the nominal channel spacing is allowed.

Contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gaps.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: Carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: Contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: Non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

**Sub-block**: This is one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for transmission and reception by the same UE. There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

**Sub-block bandwidth**: The bandwidth of one sub-block.

**Sub-block gap**: A frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

**UE transmission bandwidth configuration**: Set of resource blocks located within the UE channel bandwidth which may be used for transmitting or receiving by the UE.

**Vehicular UE:** A UE embedded in a vehicle, permanently connected to an embedded antenna system that radiates externally for NR operating bands.

NOTE: Vehicular UE does not refer to other UE form factors placed inside the vehicle.

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \Delta F_{Global} & Granularity \ of \ the \ global \ frequency \ raster \\ \Delta F_{Raster} & Band \ dependent \ channel \ raster \ granularity \\ \Delta f_{OOB} & \Delta \ Frequency \ of \ Out \ Of \ Band \ emission \end{array}$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \Delta F_{TX\text{-RX}} & \Delta \text{ Frequency of default TX-RX separation of the FDD } \textit{operating band} \\ \Delta P_{PowerClass} & \Delta \text{ djustment to maximum output power for a given power class} \end{array}$ 

 $\Delta_{RB}$  The starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  Allowed reference sensitivity relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation, for serving

cell a

 $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$  Reference sensitivity adjustment due to support for 4 antenna ports

 $\Delta_{Shift}$  Channel raster offset

 $\Delta T_C$  Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation

 $\Delta T_{C,c}$  Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation for serving cell c

ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> Allowed maximum configured output power relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation

and due to support for SUL operations, for serving cell  $\boldsymbol{c}$ 

BW<sub>Channel</sub> Channel bandwidth

 $BW_{Channel,block} \qquad \text{Sub-block bandwidth, expressed in MHz. } BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low} - F_{edge,block,low} - F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low} - F_{edge,block,high} - F_{e$ 

BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> Aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz

BW<sub>Channel,max</sub> Maximum channel bandwidth supported among all bands in a release

 $BW_{GB}$  max( $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$ )

 $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  Minimum guard band defined in clause 5.3A.1 of carrier k

 $\begin{array}{ll} BW_{DL} & Channel\ bandwidth\ for\ DL \\ BW_{UL} & Channel\ bandwidth\ for\ UL \\ BW_{interferer} & Bandwidth\ of\ the\ interferer \end{array}$ 

Ceil(x) Rounding upwards; ceil(x) is the smallest integer such that ceil(x)  $\geq$  x Floor(x) Rounding downwards; floor(x) is the greatest integer such that floor(x)  $\leq$  x RF reference frequency on the channel raster, given in table 5.4.2.2-1

 $F_{C,block, high}$  Fc of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a *sub-block* Fc.block. low Fc of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a *sub-block* 

 $\begin{array}{lll} F_{C,low} & The \ Fc \ of \ the \ lowest \ carrier, \ expressed \ in \ MHz \\ F_{C,high} & The \ Fc \ of \ the \ highest \ carrier, \ expressed \ in \ MHz \\ F_{DL\_low} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{DL\_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL\_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ \hline \end{array}$ 

$$\begin{split} F_{\text{edge,block,low}} & \quad \text{The lower } \textit{sub-block} \text{ edge, where } F_{\text{edge,block,low}} = F_{\text{C,block,low}} - F_{\text{offset, low}}. \\ F_{\text{edge,block,high}} & \quad \text{The upper } \textit{sub-block} \text{ edge, where } F_{\text{edge,block,high}} = F_{\text{C,block,high}} + F_{\text{offset, high}}. \end{split}$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{edge\,,\,low} & The \ \textit{lower edge} \ of \ \textit{aggregated channel bandwidth}, \ expressed \ in \ MHz. \ F_{edge,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset,low}. \\ F_{edge\,,\,high} & The \ \textit{higher edge} \ of \ \textit{aggregated channel bandwidth}, \ expressed \ in \ MHz. \ F_{edge,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}. \\ F_{interferer} (offset) & Frequency \ offset \ of \ the \ interferer \ (between the center frequency \ of the \ interferer \ and \ the \ carrier \\ \end{array}$ 

frequency of the carrier measured)

F<sub>Interferer</sub> Frequency of the interferer

F<sub>loffset</sub> Frequency offset of the interferer (between the center frequency of the interferer and the closest

edge of the carrier measured)

 $F_{\text{offset}}$  Frequency offset from  $F_{\text{C\_high}}$  to the *higher edge* or  $F_{\text{C\_low}}$  to the *lower edge*.

 $F_{\text{offset,high}}$  Frequency offset from  $F_{\text{C,high}}$  to the upper *UE RF Bandwidth edge*, or from  $F_{\text{C,block, high}}$  to the upper

sub-block edge

 $F_{\text{offset,low}}$  Frequency offset from  $F_{\text{C,low}}$  to the lower *UE RF Bandwidth edge*, or from  $F_{\text{C,block, low}}$  to the lower

sub-block edge

F<sub>OOB</sub> The boundary between the NR out of band emission and spurious emission domains

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{REF} & RF \ reference \ frequency \\ F_{REF-Offs} & Offset \ used \ for \ calculating \ F_{REF} \end{array}$ 

F<sub>REF, shift</sub> RF reference frequency for Supplementary Uplink (SUL) bands, the uplink of all FDD bands, and

TDD bands

 $F_{uw}$  (offset) The frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the

center frequency of the interferer

GB<sub>Channel</sub> Minimum guard band defined in clause 5.3.3

L<sub>CRB</sub> Transmission bandwidth which represents the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

expressed in units of resources blocks

Max()The largest of given numbersMin()The smallest of given numbers $n_{PRB}$ Physical resource block number

NR<sub>ACLR</sub> NR ACLR

N<sub>RB</sub> Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks

 $N_{RB\_agg}$  The number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated aggregated channel bandwidth  $N_{RB\_agg}$  The number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated aggregated channel bandwidth

 $N_{RB_{\_agg}} = \sum_{1}^{j} N_{RB_{j}} * 2^{\mu_{j}}$  for carrier 1 to j, where  $\mu$  is defined in TS 38.211 [6]

N<sub>RB,c</sub> The transmission bandwidth configuration of component carrier c, expressed in units of resource

blocks

 $N_{RB,cj} = N_{RB_i} * 2^{\mu_j}$  for carrier j, where  $\mu$  is defined in TS 38.211 [6]

N<sub>RB,low</sub> The transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the lowest assigned

component carrier in section 5.3A.1

 $N_{RB,high}$  The transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the highest assigned

component carrier in section 5.3A.1

N<sub>REF</sub> NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (NR-ARFCN)

 $N_{REF-Offs}$  Offset used for calculating  $N_{REF}$ 

P<sub>CMAX</sub> The configured maximum UE output power

 $P_{CMAX, c}$  The configured maximum UE output power for serving cell c

 $P_{CMAX, f, c}$  The configured maximum UE output power for carrier f of serving cell c in each slot

P<sub>EMAX</sub> Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers

P<sub>EMAX, c</sub> Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers for serving cell c

P<sub>Interferer</sub> Modulated mean power of the interferer

 $P_{largest\;BW}$  Power of the largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the

bandwidth combination

P<sub>PowerClass</sub> The nominal UE power (i.e., no tolerance)

P-MPR $_c$  Power Management Maximum Power Reduction for serving cell c PRB The transmitted power per allocated RB, measured in dBm PUMAX The measured configured maximum UE output power

Puw Power of an unwanted DL signal Pw Power of a wanted DL signal

RB<sub>start</sub> The lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

SCS<sub>c</sub> SCS for the component carrier c

SCS<sub>largest BW</sub> SCS for the largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the

bandwidth combination

SCS<sub>low</sub> SCS for the lowest assigned component carrier in section 5.3A.1 SCS<sub>high</sub> SCS for the highest assigned component carrier in section 5.3A.1

 $T(P_{CMAX}, f, c)$  Tolerance for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}, f, c$  for configured maximum UE output power for carrier

f of serving cell c

T<sub>Lc</sub> Absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable *operating band* as specified in section

6.2.1

SS<sub>REF</sub> SS block reference frequency position

UTRA<sub>ACLR</sub> UTRA ACLR

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

A-MPR Additional Maximum Power Reduction

BS Base Station
BW Bandwidth
BWP Bandwidth Part
CA Carrier Aggregation

CA\_nX-nY Inter-band CA of component carrier(s) in one sub-block within Band nX and component carrier(s)

in one sub-block within Band nY where nX and nY are the applicable NR operating bands

CC Component Carriers
CP-OFDM Cyclic Prefix-OFDM
CW Continuous Wave
DC Dual Connectivity

DFT-s-OFDM Discrete Fourier Transform-spread-OFDM

DM-RS Demodulation Reference Signal

DTX Discontinuous TransmissionE-UTRA Evolved UTRA

EVM Error Vector Magnitude FR Frequency Range FRC Fixed Reference Channel

GSCN Global Synchronization Channel Number

IBB In-band Blocking

IDFT Inverse Discrete Fourier Transformation

ITU-R Radiocommunication Sector of the International Telecommunication Union

MBW Measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band

MOP Maximum Output Power

MPR Allowed maximum power reduction
MSD Maximum Sensitivity Degradation

NR New Radio

NR-ARFCN NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

NS Network Signalling

OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator

OOB Out-of-band

P-MPR Power Management Maximum Power Reduction

PRB Physical Resource Block

QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation

RE Resource Element
REFSENS Reference Sensitivity
RF Radio Frequency
RMS

RMS Root Mean Square (value)

RSRP Reference Signal Receiving PowerRx Receiver

Rx Receiver
SC Single Carrier
SCS Subcarrier spacing
SDL Supplementary Downlink
SEM Spectrum Emission Mask
SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SRS Sounding Reference SymbolSUL Supplementary uplink

SS Synchronization Symbol SUL Supplementary uplink TAE Time Alignment Error

Tx Transmitter

UL MIMO Uplink Multiple Antenna transmission

### 4 General

# 4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The present document is a Single-RAT specification for NR UE, covering RF characteristics and minimum performance requirements. Conformance to the present specification is demonstrated by fulfilling the test requirements specified in the conformance specification 3GPP TS 38.521-1 [4].

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 38.521-1 [4] defines test tolerances. These test tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The test tolerances are used to relax the minimum requirements in this specification to create test requirements. For some requirements, including regulatory requirements, the test tolerance is set to zero.

The measurement results returned by the test system are compared - without any modification - against the test requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The shared risk principle is defined in Recommendation ITU-R M.1545 [5].

# 4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements

- a) In this specification the Minimum Requirements are specified as general requirements and additional requirements. Where the Requirement is specified as a general requirement, the requirement is mandated to be met in all scenarios
- b) For specific scenarios for which an additional requirement is specified, in addition to meeting the general requirement, the UE is mandated to meet the additional requirements.
- c) The spurious emissions power requirements are for the long-term average of the power. For the purpose of reducing measurement uncertainty it is acceptable to average the measured power over a period of time sufficient to reduce the uncertainty due to the statistical nature of the signal
- d) All the requirements for intra-band contiguous and non-contiguous CA apply under the assumption of the same slot format indicated by *TDD-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* and *TDD-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* in the PCell and SCells for NR SA.

# 4.3 Specification suffix information

Unless stated otherwise the following suffixes are used for indicating at 2<sup>nd</sup> level clause, shown in Table 4.3-1.

Table 4.3-1: Definition of suffixes

Clause suffix	Variant
None	Single Carrier
Α	Carrier Aggregation (CA)
В	Dual-Connectivity (DC)
С	Supplement Uplink (SUL)
D	UL MIMO

A terminal which supports the above features needs to meet both the general requirements and the additional requirement applicable to the additional clause (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7. Where there is a difference in requirement between the general requirements and the additional clause requirements (suffix A, B, C and D) in clauses 5, 6 and 7, the tighter requirements are applicable unless stated otherwise in the additional clause.

A terminal which supports more than one feature in clauses 5, 6 and 7 shall meet all of the separate corresponding requirements.

For a terminal that supports SUL for the band combination specified in Table 5.2C-1, the current version of the specification assumes the terminal is configured with active transmission either on UL carrier or SUL carrier at any time in one serving cell and the UE requirements for single carrier shall apply for the active UL or SUL carrier accordingly. For a terminal that supports SUL, the current version of the specification assumes the terminal is not configured with UL MIMO on SUL carrier.

# 5 Operating bands and channel arrangement

#### 5.1 General

The channel arrangements presented in this clause are based on the operating bands and channel bandwidths defined in the present release of specifications.

NOTE: Other operating bands and channel bandwidths may be considered in future releases.

Requirements throughout the RF specifications are in many cases defined separately for different frequency ranges (FR). The frequency ranges in which NR can operate according to this version of the specification are identified as described in Table 5.1-1.

Table 5.1-1: Definition of frequency ranges

Frequency range designation	Corresponding frequency range
FR1	410 MHz – 7125 MHz
FR2	24250 MHz – 52600 MHz

The present specification covers FR1 operating bands.

# 5.2 Operating bands

NR is designed to operate in the FR1 operating bands defined in Table 5.2-1.

Table 5.2-1: NR operating bands in FR1

NR operating band	Uplink (UL) operating band BS receive / UE transmit FuL_low - FuL_high	Downlink (DL) operating band BS transmit / UE receive FDL_low - FDL_high	Duplex Mode
n1	1920 MHz – 1980 MHz	2110 MHz – 2170 MHz	FDD
n2	1850 MHz – 1910 MHz	1930 MHz – 1990 MHz	FDD
n3	1710 MHz – 1785 MHz	1805 MHz – 1880 MHz	FDD
n5	824 MHz – 849 MHz	869 MHz – 894 MHz	FDD
n7	2500 MHz – 2570 MHz	2620 MHz – 2690 MHz	FDD
n8	880 MHz – 915 MHz	925 MHz – 960 MHz	FDD
n12	699 MHz – 716 MHz	729 MHz – 746 MHz	FDD
n20	832 MHz – 862 MHz	791 MHz – 821 MHz	FDD
n25	1850 MHz – 1915 MHz	1930 MHz – 1995 MHz	FDD
n28	703 MHz – 748 MHz	758 MHz – 803 MHz	FDD
n34	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	TDD
n38	2570 MHz – 2620 MHz	2570 MHz – 2620 MHz	TDD
n39	1880 MHz – 1920 MHz	1880 MHz – 1920 MHz	TDD
n40	2300 MHz – 2400 MHz	2300 MHz – 2400 MHz	TDD
n41	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	TDD
n50	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	TDD <sup>1</sup>
n51	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	TDD
n66	1710 MHz – 1780 MHz	2110 MHz – 2200 MHz	FDD
n70	1695 MHz – 1710 MHz	1995 MHz – 2020 MHz	FDD
n71	663 MHz – 698 MHz	617 MHz – 652 MHz	FDD
n74	1427 MHz – 1470 MHz	1475 MHz – 1518 MHz	FDD
n75	N/A	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	SDL
n76	N/A	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	SDL
n77	3300 MHz – 4200 MHz	3300 MHz – 4200 MHz	TDD
n78	3300 MHz – 3800 MHz	3300 MHz – 3800 MHz	TDD
n79	4400 MHz – 5000 MHz	4400 MHz – 5000 MHz	TDD
n80	1710 MHz – 1785 MHz	N/A	SUL
n81	880 MHz – 915 MHz	N/A	SUL
n82	832 MHz – 862 MHz	N/A	SUL
n83	703 MHz – 748 MHz	N/A	SUL
n84	1920 MHz – 1980 MHz	N/A	SUL
n86	1710 MHz – 1780 MHz	N/A	SUL

NOTE 1: UE that complies with the NR Band n50 minimum requirements in this specification shall also comply with the NR Band n51 minimum requirements.

NOTE 2: UE that complies with the NR Band n75 minimum requirements in this specification shall also comply with the NR Band n76 minimum requirements.

# 5.2A Operating bands for CA

#### 5.2A.1 Intra-band CA

NR intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.2A.1-1, where all operating bands are within FR1.

Table 5.2A.1-1: Intra-band contiguous CA operating bands in FR1

NR CA Band	NR Band (Table 5.2-1)
CA_n41 <sup>1</sup>	n41
CA_n77 <sup>1</sup>	n77
CA_n78 <sup>1</sup>	n78
CA_n79 <sup>1</sup>	n79

NOTE 1: The minimum requirements only apply for non-simultaneous Tx/Rx between all carriers.

#### 5.2A.2 Inter-band CA

NR inter-band carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.2A.2.1-1, where all operating bands are within FR1.

#### **Table 5.2A.2-1: Void**

#### 5.2A.2.1 Inter-band CA (two bands)

Table 5.2A.2.1-1: Inter-band CA operating bands involving FR1 (two bands)

<u>-</u>					
NR CA Band	NR Band				
	(Table 5.2-1)				
CA_n3-n77 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n77				
CA_n3-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n78				
CA_n3-n79 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n79				
CA_n8-n75 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n75				
CA n8-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n78				
CA_n8-n79 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n79				
CA_n28-n75 <sup>2</sup>	n28, n75				
CA_n28-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n28, n78				
CA_n41-n78	n41, n78				
CA_n75-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n75, n78				
CA_n76-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n76, n78				
CA_n77-n79	n77, n79				
CA_n78-n79 <sup>3</sup>	n78, n79				
NOTE 1: Applicable for UE	supporting inter-band carrier				
aggregation with	mandatory simultaneous				
Rx/Tx capability.					
NOTE 2: The frequency ra	nge in band n28 is restricted				
for this band com	for this band combination to 703-733 MHz for				
the UL and 758-7	'88 MHz for the DL.				

NOTE 3: For UEs supporting band n77, the minimum requirements apply only when there is nonsimultaneous Rx/Tx operation between n78-n79 NR carriers. This restriction applies also for these carriers when applicable NR CA configuration is part of a higher order configuration.

NOTE 4: The minimum requirements apply only when there is non-simultaneous Rx/Tx operation between n77-n79 NR carriers. This restriction applies also for these carriers when applicable NR CA configuration is part of a higher order configuration.

#### 5.2B Void

#### 5.2C Operating band combination for SUL

NR operation is designed to operate in the operating band combination defined in Table 5.2C-1, where all operating bands are within FR1.

Table 5.2C-1: Operating band combination for SUL in FR1

NR Band combination	NR Band
for SUL	(Table 5.2-1)
SUL_n78-n80 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n80
SUL_n78-n81 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n81
SUL_n78-n82 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n82
SUL_n78-n83 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n83
SUL_n78-n84 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n84
SUL_n78-n86 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n86
SUL_n79-n80 <sup>2</sup>	n79, n80
SUL_n79-n81 <sup>2</sup>	n79, n81
NOTE 1. If a LIE is configu	red with both ND LIL and ND

NOTE 1: If a UE is configured with both NR UL and NR SUL carriers in a cell, the switching time between NR UL carrier and NR SUL carrier is

NOTE 2: For UE supporting SUL band combination simultaneous Rx/Tx capability is mandatory.

NOTE 3: For UE supporting SUL band combination, UL MIMO is not configured on SUL carrier.

#### 5.3 UE channel bandwidth

#### 5.3.1 General

The UE channel bandwidth supports a single NR RF carrier in the uplink or downlink at the UE. From a BS perspective, different UE channel bandwidths may be supported within the same spectrum for transmitting to and receiving from UEs connected to the BS. Transmission of multiple carriers to the same UE (CA) or multiple carriers to different UEs within the BS channel bandwidth can be supported.

From a UE perspective, the UE is configured with one or more BWP / carriers, each with its own UE channel bandwidth. The UE does not need to be aware of the BS channel bandwidth or how the BS allocates bandwidth to different UEs.

The placement of the UE channel bandwidth for each UE carrier is flexible but can only be completely within the BS channel bandwidth.

The relationship between the channel bandwidth, the guardband and the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration is shown in Figure 5.3.1-1.

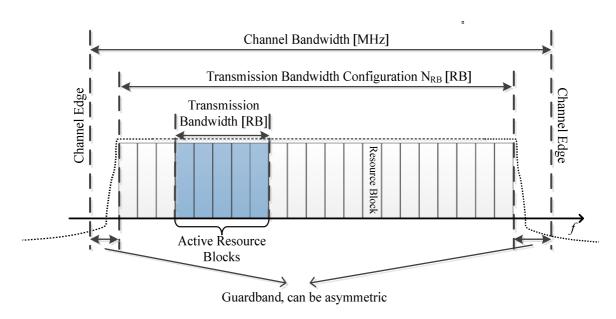


Figure 5.3.1-1: Definition of the channel bandwidth and the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration for one NR channel

### 5.3.2 Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration

The maximum transmission bandwidth configuration  $N_{RB}$  for each UE channel bandwidth and subcarrier spacing is specified in Table 5.3.2-1.

Table 5.3.2-1: Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration  $N_{\text{RB}}$ 

SCS (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
(KI 12)	N <sub>RB</sub>											
15	25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	245	273
60	N/A	11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	121	135

# 5.3.3 Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration

The minimum guardband for each UE channel bandwidth and SCS is specified in Table 5.3.3-1,

Table 5.3.3-1: Minimum guardband for each UE channel bandwidth and SCS (kHz)

SCS (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
15	242.5	312.5	382.5	452.5	522.5	592.5	552.5	692.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	505	665	645	805	785	945	905	1045	825	925	885	845
60	N/A	1010	990	1330	1310	1290	1610	1570	1530	1450	1410	1370

NOTE: The minimum guardbands have been calculated using the following equation: (BW<sub>Channel</sub> x 1000 (kHz) -  $N_{RB}$  x SCS x 12) / 2 - SCS/2, where  $N_{RB}$  are from Table 5.3.2-1.

Figure 5.3.3-1: Void

The number of RBs configured in any channel bandwidth shall ensure that the minimum guardband specified in this clause is met.

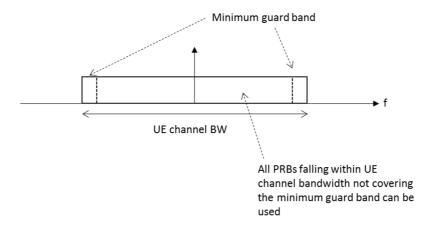


Figure 5.3.3-2: UE PRB utilization

In the case that multiple numerologies are multiplexed in the same symbol due to BS transmission of SSB, the minimum guardband on each side of the carrier is the guardband applied at the configured channel bandwidth for the numerology that is received immediately adjacent to the guard.

If multiple numerologies are multiplexed in the same symbol and the UE channel bandwidth is >50 MHz, the minimum guardband applied adjacent to 15 kHz SCS shall be the same as the minimum guardband defined for 30 kHz SCS for the same UE channel bandwidth.

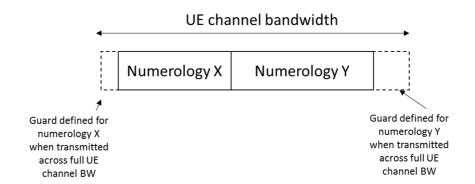


Figure 5.3.3-3 Guard band definition when transmitting multiple numerologies

NOTE: Figure 5.3.3-3 is not intended to imply the size of any guard between the two numerologies. Internumerology guard band within the carrier is implementation dependent.

### 5.3.4 RB alignment

For each numerology, its common resource blocks are specified in Clause 4.4.4.3 in TS 38.211 [6], and the starting point of its transmission bandwidth configuration on the common resource block grid for a given channel bandwidth is indicated by an offset to "Reference point A" in the unit of the numerology. The *UE transmission bandwidth configuration* is indicated by the higher layer parameter *carrierBandwidth* [7] and will fulfil the minimum UE guardband requirement specified in Clause 5.3.3.

# 5.3.5 UE channel bandwidth per operating band

The requirements in this specification apply to the combination of channel bandwidths, SCS and operating bands shown in Table 5.3.5-1. The transmission bandwidth configuration in Table 5.3.2-1 shall be supported for each of the specified channel bandwidths. The channel bandwidths are specified for both the TX and RX path.

Table 5.3.5-1 Channel bandwidths for each NR band

					NR bai	nd / SCS	/ UE Ch	annel ba	andwidtl	h			
NR Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90⁴ MHz	100 MHz
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n1	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n2	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60	.,	Yes	Yes	Yes	.,	.,						
_	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
n3	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	60	.,	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
_	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n5	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60	.,											
_	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n7	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60	.,	Yes	Yes	Yes								
_	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n8	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes									
n12	30		Yes	Yes									
	60	.,											
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n20	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n25	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>5</sup>								
n28	30		Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>5</sup>								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes									
n34	30		Yes	Yes									
	60		Yes	Yes									
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n38	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	.,							
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
n39	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	60	V 0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
40	15	Yes <sup>9</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	\/-	\/-		
n40	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
44	15		Yes	Yes	Yes	<u> </u>		Yes	Yes	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\/-	
n41	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	60	V 0	Yes	Yes	Yes	1		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	15	Yes <sup>9</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes		) / °		
n50	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>		
	60	V-	Yes	Yes	Yes	<u> </u>		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>		
	15	Yes											
n51	30												
	60			\ .	\	1		\			1		
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes					
n66	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes					
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes			ļ		
n70	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>							
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>					<u> </u>		<u> </u>

					NR bai	nd / SCS	/ UE Ch	annel ba	andwidtl	h			
NR Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90⁴ MHz	100 MHz
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>							
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n71	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n74	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n75	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	15	Yes											
n76	30												
	60												
	15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes				
n77	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes				
n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	15							Yes	Yes				
n79	30							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
	60							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
n80	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n81	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n82	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n83	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60												
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
n84	30		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes								
	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes					
n86	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes					
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes		_			_

NOTE 1: void

NOTE 2: void

NOTE 3: This UE channel bandwidth is applicable only to downlink.

NOTE 4: This UE channel bandwidth is optional in this release of the specification.

NOTE 5: For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for NR UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz.

NOTE 6: Void.

NOTE 7: Void.

NOTE 8: Void.

NOTE 9: For this bandwidth, the minimum requirements are restricted to operation when carrier is configured as an SCell part of DC or CA configuration.

# 5.3.6 Asymmetric channel bandwidths

The UE channel bandwidth can be asymmetric in downlink and uplink. In asymmetric channel bandwidth operation, the narrower carrier shall be confined within the frequency range of the wider channel bandwidth.

In FDD, the confinement is defined as a deviation to the default Tx-Rx carrier center frequency separation (defined in table 5.4.4-1) as following:

$$\Delta F_{TX-RX} = |(BW_{DL} - BW_{UL})/2|$$

The operating bands and supported asymmetric channel bandwidth combinations are defined in table 5.3.6-1.

Table 5.3.6-1: FDD asymmetric UL and DL channel bandwidth combinations

NR Band	Channel bandwidths for UL (MHz)	Channel bandwidths for DL (MHz)
n66	5, 10	20, 40
1100	20	40
n70	5, 10	15
1170	5, 10, 15	20, 25
	5	10
n71	10	15
	15	20

In TDD, the operating bands and supported asymmetric channel bandwidth combinations are defined in table 5.3.6-2.

Table 5.3.6-2: TDD asymmetric UL and DL channel bandwidth combinations

NR Band	Channel	Channel				
	bandwidths for UL	bandwidths for DL				
	(MHz)	(MHz)				
n50	60	80				
NOTE 1: Bo	th centre frequency and B	WP-ID shall match				
be	between DL and UL carriers as defined in TS					
38	.331 [7] cl. 6.3.2 and TS 3	8.213 [8] section 12.				
NOTE 2: In	a case a UE is configured	with a full width of				
	BWP within both UL/ DL channels, the centre					
	frequency of UL/ DL channels shall be same.					
NOTE 3: A	A position of Point A is common between UL ar					
D	carriers as defined in TS	38.331 [7] cl. 6.3.2.				

# 5.3A UE channel bandwidth for CA

### 5.3A.1 General

Figure 5.3A.1-1: Void

Figure 5.3A.1-2: Void

# 5.3A.2 Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration for CA

For carrier aggregation, the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration is defined per component carrier and the requirement is specified in clause 5.3.2.

# 5.3A.3 Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, *Aggregated Channel Bandwidth* and *Guard Bands* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.3A.3-1.

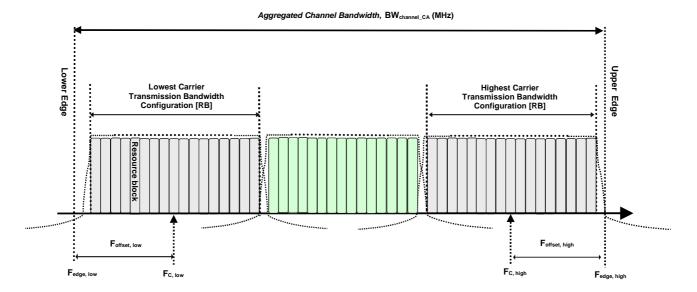


Figure 5.3A.3-1: Definition of Aggregated Channel Bandwidth for intra-band carrier aggregation

The aggregated channel bandwidth, BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub>, is defined as

$$BW_{Channel\_CA} = F_{edge,high} - F_{edge,low}$$
 (MHz).

The lower bandwidth edge  $F_{\text{edge, low}}$  and the upper bandwidth edge  $F_{\text{edge, high}}$  of the aggregated channel bandwidth are used as frequency reference points for transmitter and receiver requirements and are defined by

$$F_{\text{edge,low}} = F_{\text{C,low}} - F_{\text{offset,low}}$$

$$F_{edge,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carrier and are defined as

$$F_{\text{offset,low}} = (N_{\text{RB,low}} * 12 + 1) * SCS_{\text{low}} / 2 + BW_{\text{GB}} (MHz)$$

$$F_{\text{offset,high}} = (N_{RB,\text{high}}*12 - 1)*SCS_{\text{high}}/2 + BW_{GB} (MHz)$$

$$BW_{GB} = max(BW_{GB,Channel(k)})$$

 $N_{RB,low}$  and  $N_{RB,high}$  are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier,  $SCS_{low}$  and  $SCS_{high}$  are the sub-carrier spacing for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier respectively.  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  use the largest  $\mu$  value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  is the minimum guard band for carrier k according to Table 5.3.3-1 for the said  $\mu$  value. In case there is no common  $\mu$  value for both of the channel bandwidths,  $\mu$ =1 is used for  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$ .

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation *Sub-block Bandwidth* and *Sub-block edges* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.3A.3-2.

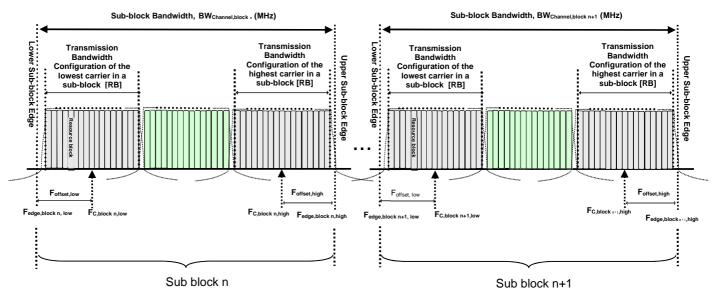


Figure 5.3A.3-2: Definition of sub-block bandwidth for intra-band non-contiguous spectrum

The lower sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth (BW<sub>Channel,block</sub>) is defined as

Fedge, block, low = FC, block, low - Foffset, low.

The upper sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth is defined as

$$F_{\text{edge,block,high}} = F_{\text{C,block,high}} + F_{\text{offset,high}}$$

The Sub-block Bandwidth, BW<sub>Channel,block</sub>, is defined as follows:

$$BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low} (MHz)$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets  $F_{offset,block,low}$  and  $F_{offset,block,high}$  depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carriers within a sub-block and are defined as

$$\begin{split} F_{offset,block,low} &= (N_{RB,low}*12+1)*SCS_{low}/2 + BW_{GB}\,(MHz) \\ F_{offset,block,high} &= (N_{RB,high}*12-1)*SCS_{high}/2 + BW_{GB}(MHz) \\ BW_{GB} &= max(BW_{GB,Channel(k)}) \end{split}$$

where  $N_{RB,low}$  and  $N_{RB,high}$  are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively.  $SCS_{low}$  and  $SCS_{high}$  are the sub-carrier spacing for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively.  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  use the largest  $\mu$  value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  is the minimum guard band for carrier k according to Table 5.3.3-1 for the said  $\mu$  value. In case there is no common  $\mu$  value for both of the channel bandwidths,  $\mu$ =1 is used for  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$ .

The sub-block gap size between two consecutive sub-blocks  $W_{\text{gap}}$  is defined as

$$W_{gap} = F_{edge,block n+1,low} - F_{edge,block n,high}$$
 (MHz)

#### 5.3A.4 Void

# 5.3A.5 UE channel bandwidth per operating band for CA

The requirements for carrier aggregation in this specification are defined for carrier aggregation configurations.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class with associated bandwidth combination sets specified in clause 5.5A.1. For each

carrier aggregation configuration, requirements are specified for all aggregated channel bandwidths contained in a bandwidth combination set, a UE can indicate support of several bandwidth combination sets per carrier aggregation configuration. For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting two or more sub-blocks, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

For inter-band carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a combination of operating bands, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

Table 5.3A.5-1: NR CA bandwidth classes

NR CA bandwidth class	Aggregated channel bandwidth	Number of contiguous CC	Fallback group
A	BW <sub>Channel</sub> ≤ BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	1	1, 2
В	20 MHz ≤ BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 100 MHz	2	2
С	100 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 2 x BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	2	1
D	200 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 3 x BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	3	
E	300 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 4 x BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	4	
			2
G	100 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 150 MHz	3	
Н	150 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 200 MHz	4	
1	200 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 250 MHz	5	
J	250 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 300 MHz	6	
K	300 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 350 MHz	7	
L	350 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 400 MHz	8	

NOTE 1: BWChannel, max is maximum channel bandwidth supported among all bands in a release

NOTE 2: It is mandatory for a UE to be able to fallback to lower order NR CA bandwidth class configuration within a fallback group. It is not mandatory for a UE to be able to fallback to lower order NR CA bandwidth class configuration that belong to a different fallback group

# 5.4 Channel arrangement

# 5.4.1 Channel spacing

#### 5.4.1.1 Channel spacing for adjacent NR carriers

The spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent NR carriers is defined as following:

- For NR operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster,

Nominal Channel spacing =  $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$ 

- For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster,

 $Nominal\ Channel\ spacing = (BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2 + \{-5\ kHz,\ 0\ kHz,\ 5\ kHz\}\ for\ \Delta F_{Raster}\ equals\ 15\ kHz\}$ 

Nominal Channel spacing =  $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2 + \{-10 \text{ kHz}, 0 \text{ kHz}, 10 \text{ kHz}\}\$  for  $\Delta F_{Raster}$  equals 30 kHz

where  $BW_{Channel(1)}$  and  $BW_{Channel(2)}$  are the channel bandwidths of the two respective NR carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted depending on the channel raster to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

#### 5.4.2 Channel raster

### 5.4.2.1 NR-ARFCN and channel raster

The global frequency channel raster defines a set of RF reference frequencies  $F_{REF}$ . The RF reference frequency is used in signalling to identify the position of RF channels, SS blocks and other elements.

The global frequency raster is defined for all frequencies from 0 to 100 GHz. The granularity of the global frequency raster is  $\Delta F_{Global}$ .

RF reference frequencies are designated by an NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (NR-ARFCN) in the range (0...2016666) on the global frequency raster. The relation between the NR-ARFCN and the RF reference frequency  $F_{REF}$  in MHz is given by the following equation, where  $F_{REF-Offs}$  and  $N_{Ref-Offs}$  are given in table 5.4.2.1-1 and  $N_{REF}$  is the NR-ARFCN.

$$F_{REF} = F_{REF\text{-}Offs} + \Delta F_{Global} \; (N_{REF} - N_{REF\text{-}Offs})$$

Table 5.4.2.1-1: NR-ARFCN parameters for the global frequency raster

Frequency range (MHz)	ΔF <sub>Global</sub> (kHz)	F <sub>REF-Offs</sub> (MHz)	NREF-Offs	Range of N <sub>REF</sub>
0 – 3000	5	0	0	0 – 599999
3000 – 24250	15	3000	600000	600000 - 2016666

The channel raster defines a subset of RF reference frequencies that can be used to identify the RF channel position in the uplink and downlink. The RF reference frequency for an RF channel maps to a resource element on the carrier. For each operating band, a subset of frequencies from the global frequency raster are applicable for that band and forms a channel raster with a granularity  $\Delta F_{Raster}$ , which may be equal to or larger than  $\Delta F_{Global}$ .

For SUL bands, for the uplink of all FDD bands defined in Table 5.2-1, and for TDD band n34, n38, and n39

$$F_{REF, shift} = F_{REF} + \Delta_{shift}$$
,  $\Delta_{shift} = 0$  kHz or 7.5 kHz.

where  $\Delta_{shift}$  is signalled by the network in higher layer parameter *frequencyShift7p5khz* [7]. For band n34, n38, n39 F<sub>REF</sub>, shift is only applicable to uplink transmissions using a 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE: A UE operating n34, n38, n39 should support application of  $F_{REF, shift}$  for UL transmissions. A UE that does not support it will be unable to communicate with a network that signals  $\Delta_{shift} = 7.5$  kHz.

The mapping between the channel raster and corresponding resource element is given in Clause 5.4.2.2. The applicable entries for each operating band are defined in Clause 5.4.2.3.

#### 5.4.2.2 Channel raster to resource element mapping

The mapping between the RF reference frequency on the channel raster and the corresponding resource element is given in Table 5.4.2.2-1 and can be used to identify the RF channel position. The mapping depends on the total number of RBs that are allocated in the channel and applies to both UL and DL. The mapping must apply to at least one numerology supported by the UE.

Table 5.4.2.2-1: Channel raster to resource element mapping

	$N_{RB}$ mod2 = 0	$N_{RB}$ mod2 = 1
Resource element index k	0	6
Physical resource block number $_{n_{\mathrm{PRB}}}$	$n_{\text{PRB}} = \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}}{2} \right\rfloor$	$n_{\text{PRB}} = \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}}{2} \right\rfloor$

k,  $n_{PRB}$ ,  $N_{RB}$  are as defined in TS 38.211[6].

#### 5.4.2.3 Channel raster entries for each operating band

The RF channel positions on the channel raster in each NR operating band are given through the applicable NR-ARFCN in Table 5.4.2.3-1, using the channel raster to resource element mapping in clause 5.4.2.2.

For NR operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = 20 \times \Delta F_{Global}$ . In this case every  $20^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in Table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as <20>.

For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster below 3GHz,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = I \times \Delta F_{Global}$ , where  $I \in \{3,6\}$ . Every  $I^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in Table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as < I >.

For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster above 3GHz,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = I \times \Delta F_{Global}$ , where  $I \in \{1,2\}$ . Every  $I^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as < I >.

In frequency bands with two  $\Delta F_{Raster}$ , the higher  $\Delta F_{Raster}$  applies to channels using only the SCS that is equal to or larger than the higher  $\Delta F_{Raster}$  and SSB SCS is equal to the higher  $\Delta F_{Raster}$ .

Table 5.4.2.3-1: Applicable NR-ARFCN per operating band

NR	ΔF <sub>Raster</sub>	Uplink	Downlink						
operating	(kHz)	Range of NREF	Range of N <sub>REF</sub>						
band		(First – <step size=""> – Last)</step>	(First – <step size=""> – Last)</step>						
n1	100	384000 - <20> - 396000	422000 - <20> - 434000						
n2	100	370000 - <20> - 382000	386000 - <20> - 398000						
n3	100	342000 - <20> - 357000	361000 - <20> - 376000						
n5	100	164800 - <20> - 169800	173800 - <20> - 178800						
n7	100	500000 - <20> - 514000	524000 - <20> - 538000						
n8	100	176000 – <20> – 183000	185000 - <20> - 192000						
n12	100	139800 - <20> - 143200	145800 - <20> - 149200						
n20	100	166400 - <20> - 172400	158200 - <20> - 164200						
n25	100	370000 - <20> - 383000	386000 - <20> - 399000						
n28	100	140600 - <20> - 149600	151600 - <20> - 160600						
n34	100	402000 - <20> - 405000	402000 - <20> - 405000						
n38	100	514000 - <20> - 524000	514000 - <20> - 524000						
n39	100	376000 - <20> - 384000	376000 - <20> - 384000						
n40	100	460000 - <20> - 480000	460000 - <20> - 480000						
n41	15	499200 - <3> - 537999	499200 - <3> - 537999						
1141	30	499200 - <6> - 537996	499200 - <6> - 537996						
n50	100	286400 - <20> - 303400	286400 - <20> - 303400						
n51	100	285400 - <20> - 286400	285400 - <20> - 286400						
n66	100	342000 - <20> - 356000	422000 - <20> - 440000						
n70	100	339000 - <20> - 342000	399000 - <20> - 404000						
n71	100	132600 - <20> - 139600	123400 - <20> - 130400						
n74	100	285400 - <20> - 294000	295000 - <20> - 303600						
n75	100	N/A	286400 - <20> - 303400						
n76	100	N/A	285400 - <20> - 286400						
n77	15	620000 - <1> - 680000	620000 - <1> - 680000						
117 7	30	620000 - <2> - 680000	620000 - <2> - 680000						
n78	15	620000 - <1> - 653333	620000 - <1> - 653333						
1170	30	620000 - <2> - 653332	620000 - <2> - 653332						
n79	15	693334 - <1> - 733333	693334 - <1> - 733333						
117.9	30	693334 - <2> - 733332	693334 - <2> - 733332						
n80	100	342000 - <20> - 357000	N/A						
n81	100	176000 - <20> - 183000	N/A						
n82	100	166400 - <20> - 172400	N/A						
n83	100	140600 - <20> -149600	N/A						
n84	100	384000 - <20> - 396000	N/A						
n86	100	342000 - <20> - 356000	N/A						

# 5.4.3 Synchronization raster

#### 5.4.3.1 Synchronization raster and numbering

The synchronization raster indicates the frequency positions of the synchronization block that can be used by the UE for system acquisition when explicit signalling of the synchronization block position is not present.

A global synchronization raster is defined for all frequencies. The frequency position of the SS block is defined as  $SS_{REF}$  with corresponding number GSCN. The parameters defining the  $SS_{REF}$  and GSCN for all the frequency ranges are in Table 5.4.3.1-1.

The resource element corresponding to the SS block reference frequency  $SS_{REF}$  is given in clause 5.4.3.2. The synchronization raster and the subcarrier spacing of the synchronization block is defined separately for each band.

Table 5.4.3.1-1: GSCN parameters for the global frequency raster

Frequency range	SS Block frequency position SSREF	GSCN	Range of GSCN					
0 – 3000 MHz	N * 1200kHz + M * 50 kHz, N=1:2499, M ε {1,3,5} (Note 1)	3N + (M-3)/2	2 – 7498					
3000 – 24250 MHz	3000 – 24250 MHz 3000 MHz + N * 1.44 MHz 7499 + N N = 0:14756							
NOTE 1: The default value for operating bands with SCS spaced channel raster is M=3.								

#### 5.4.3.2 Synchronization raster to synchronization block resource element mapping

The mapping between the synchronization raster and the corresponding resource element of the SS block is given in Table 5.4.3.2-1.

Table 5.4.3.2-1: Synchronization raster to SS block resource element mapping

|--|

k is the subcarrier number of SS/PBCH block defined in TS 38.211 clause 7.4.3.1 [6].

#### 5.4.3.3 Synchronization raster entries for each operating band

The synchronization raster for each band is give in Table 5.4.3.3-1. The distance between applicable GSCN entries is given by the <Step size> indicated in Table 5.4.3.3-1.

Table 5.4.3.3-1: Applicable SS raster entries per operating band

NR operating band	SS Block SCS	SS Block pattern <sup>1</sup>	Range of GSCN (First – <step size=""> – Last)</step>			
n1	15 kHz	Case A	5279 - <1> - 5419			
n2	15 kHz	Case A	4829 - <1> - 4969			
n3	15 kHz	Case A	4517 – <1> – 4693			
n5	15 kHz	Case A	2177 - <1> - 2230			
no –	30 kHz	Case B	2183 - <1> - 2224			
n7	15 kHz	Case A	6554 – <1> – 6718			
n8	15 kHz	Case A	2318 - <1> - 2395			
n12	15 kHz	Case A	1828 – <1> – 1858			
n20	15 kHz	Case A	1982 - <1> - 2047			
n25	15 kHz	Case A	4829 - <1> - 4981			
n28	15 kHz	Case A	1901 – <1> – 2002			
-24	15 kHz	Case A	NOTE 3			
n34	30 kHz	Case C	5036 - <1> - 5050			
~20	15 kHz	Case A	NOTE 2			
n38	30 kHz	Case C	6437 - <1> - 6538			
-20	15 kHz	Case A	NOTE 4			
n39	30 kHz	Case C	4712 - <1> - 4789			
n40	30 kHz	Case C	5762 - <1> - 5989			
44	15 kHz	Case A	6246 - <3> - 6717			
n41	30 kHz	Case C	6252 - <3> - 6714			
n50	30 kHz	Case C	3590 - <1> - 3781			
n51	15 kHz	Case A	3572 - <1> - 3574			
-00	15 kHz	Case A	5279 - <1> - 5494			
n66	30 kHz	Case B	5285 - <1> - 5488			
n70	15 kHz	Case A	4993 - <1> - 5044			
n71	15 kHz	Case A	1547 – <1> – 1624			
n74	15 kHz	Case A	3692 - <1> - 3790			
n75	15 kHz	Case A	3584 - <1> - 3787			
n76	15 kHz	Case A	3572 - <1> - 3574			
n77	30 kHz	Case C	7711 – <1> – 8329			
n78	30 kHz	Case C	7711 – <1> – 8051			
n79	30 kHz	Case C	8480 - <16> - 8880			

NOTE 1: SS Block pattern is defined in clause 4.1 in TS 38.213 [8]

NOTE 2: The applicable SS raster entries are GSCN = {6432, 6443, 6457, 6468, 6479, 6493, 6507, 6518, 6532, 6543}

NOTE 3: The applicable SS raster entries are GSCN = {5032, 5043, 5054}

NOTE 4: The applicable SS raster entries are GSCN = {4707, 4715, 4718, 4729, 4732, 4743, 4747, 4754, 4761, 4768, 4772, 4782, 4786, 4793}

# 5.4.4 TX-RX frequency separation

The default TX channel (carrier centre frequency) to RX channel (carrier centre frequency) separation for operating bands is specified in Table 5.4.4-1.

NR Operating Band	TX – RX
	carrier centre frequency
	separation
n1	190 MHz
n2	80 MHz
n3	95 MHz
n5	45 MHz
n7	120 MHz
n8	45 MHz
n12	30 MHz
n20	-41 MHz
n25	80 MHz
n28	55 MHz
n66	400 MHz
n70	300 MHz
n71	-46 MHz
n74	48 MHz
NOTE 1: Void	

Table 5.4.4-1: Default UE TX-RX frequency separation

# 5.4A Channel arrangement for CA

### 5.4A.1 Channel spacing for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation with two or more component carriers, the nominal channel spacing between two adjacent NR component carriers is defined as the following unless stated otherwise:

For NR operating bands with a 100 kHz channel raster:

while for NR operating bands without a 100 kHz channel raster:

with

$$n = \mu_0$$

where BW<sub>Channel(1)</sub> and BW<sub>Channel(2)</sub> are the channel bandwidths of the two respective NR component carriers according to Table 5.3.2-1 with values in MHz,  $\mu_0$  is the largest  $\mu$  value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and  $GB_{Channel(i)}$  is the minimum guard band for channel bandwidth i according to Table 5.3.3-1 for the said  $\mu$  value with  $\mu$  as defined in TS 38.211. In case there is no common  $\mu$  value for both of the channel bandwidths,  $\mu_0$ =1 is selected and  $GB_{Channel(i)}$  is the minimum guard band for channel bandwidth i according to Table 5.3.3-1 for  $\mu$ =1 with  $\mu$  as defined in TS 38.211.

The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of least common multiple of channel raster and sub-carrier spacing less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the channel spacing between two NR component carriers in different sub-blocks shall be larger than the nominal channel spacing defined in this clause.

#### 5.4A.2 Channel raster for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation, the channel raster requirements in clause 5.4.2 apply for each operating band.

## 5.4A.3 Synchronization raster for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation, the synchronization raster requirements in clause 5.4.3 apply for each operating band.

# 5.4A.4 Tx-Rx frequency separation for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation, the Tx-Rx frequency separation requirements in clause 5.4.4 apply for each operating band.

# 5.5 Void

# 5.5A Configurations for CA

# 5.5A.1 Configurations for intra-band contiguous CA

Table 5.5A.1-1: NR CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for intra-band contiguous CA

	NR CA configuration / Bandwidth combination set											
NR CA configuratio n	Uplink CA configur ations	Channel bandwidths for carrier (MHz)	Channel bandwidth s for carrier (MHz)	Channel bandwidth s for carrier (MHz)	Channel bandwidth s for carrier (MHz)	Channel bandwidth s for carrier (MHz)	Maximum aggregate d bandwidt h (MHz)	Bandwidth combination set				
CA_n41C	-	40	80, 100				180	0				
		50, 60, 80	60, 80, 100									
		50	60, 80, 100									
CA_n77C		60	60, 80, 100				200	0				
CA_n78C CA_n79C	-	80	80, 100				200	0				
		100	100									
NOTE: Unle	ee othorwice	stated minimu	m requirement	e are applicabl	a irraenactiva c	of the order of t	he componen	t carriere				

NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, minimum requirements are applicable irrespective of the order of the component carriers.

**Table 5.5A.1-2: Void** 

## 5.5A.2 Void

# 5.5A.3 Configurations for inter-band CA

Table 5.5A.3-1: Void

## 5.5A.3.1 Configurations for inter-band CA (two bands)

Table 5.5A.3.1-1: NR CA configurations and bandwith combinations sets defined for inter-band CA (two bands)

NR CA	Uplink CA	NR	SCS	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	Bandwidth
configuration	configuration	Band	(kHz)	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	combination set
			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
		n3	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
CA_n3A-n77A	-		60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	.,	.,					0
- <del>-</del> -			15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	.,		.,	.,	
		n77	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	_
			60	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	\/	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		0	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
		n3	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
CA_n3A-n78A	CA_n3A-n78A		60 15		Yes Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	V	Vaa					0
		n78	30		Yes	Yes Yes	Yes			Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		11/0	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	res	res	res	res	res	res	0
	-	n3	30	165	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
CA_n3A-n79A		n79	15		Yes	Yes	Yes	169	165	Yes	Yes					
			30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	
			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			100	100	100	100		100	0
		n8	30	100	Yes	Yes	Yes									
<b>.</b>			60													
CA_n8A-n75A	-	n75	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
			30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes									1
CA_n8A-n78A			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									0
		n8	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
			60													
		n78A n78	15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
			30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
CA_n8A-n79A	-	n8	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									0

NR CA configuration	Uplink CA configuration	NR Band	SCS (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	Bandwidth combination set
			30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
			60													
			15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					1
		n79	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	1
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	1
			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		n28	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									1
04 004 754			60													1
CA_n28A-n75A	-		15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									0
		n75	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									1
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes									
			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		n28	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									1
04 004 704			60													
CA_n28A-n78A	-		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					0
		n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	1
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
		n41	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	
0.4 44.4 70.4			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	_
CA_n41A-n78A	-		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					0
		n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		n75	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
04 -754 -704			60		Yes	Yes	Yes									
CA_n75A-n78A	-		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					0
		n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			15	Yes												
		n76	30													
CA =76A =70A			60													
CA n76A-n78A	-		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					0
		n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	]
			15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
		n77	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
CA n774 n704			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
CA_n77A-n79A	-		15							Yes	Yes					] <sup>U</sup>
		n79	30							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	
			60							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	]
CA_n78A-n79A	_	n78	15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					- 0
CA_III OA-III 9A	_	1170	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

NR CA	Uplink CA	NR	SCS	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	Bandwidth
configuration	configuration	Band	(kHz)	MHz	combination set											
			60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
			15							Yes	Yes					
		n79	30							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	
			60							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	

# 5.5B Void

# 5.5C Configurations for SUL

Table 5.5C-1: Supported channel bandwidths per SUL band combination

SUL configuration	NR Band	Subcarrier spacing (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	Bandwidth combination set
		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
CIII = 70 A = 00 A	n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
SUL_n78A-n80A		60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
	n80	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
SUL n78A-n81A	n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
30L_11/0A-1101A		60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
	n81	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
SUL_n78A-n82A	n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
30L_11/0A-1102A		60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	J
	n82	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
SUL_n78A-n83A	n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
30L_II/0A-II03A		60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	]
	n83	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
SUL_n78A-n84A	n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
00L_II/0A-II0+A		60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	]
	n84	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		15		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes					
SUL_n78A-n86A	n78	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0
00L_1170A-1100A		60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	n86	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
		15							Yes	Yes					
SUL_n79A-n80A	n79	30							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	0
00L_III 3A-1100A		60							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	
	n80	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
		15							Yes	Yes					
SUL_n79A-n81A	n79	30							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	0
OCL_III ON HOTA		60							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	]
	n81	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									

## 6 Transmitter characteristics

### 6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE with a single or multiple transmit antenna(s). For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

Transmitter requirements for UL MIMO operation apply when the UE transmits on 2 ports on the same CDM group. The UE may use higher MPR values outside this limitation.

## 6.2 Transmitter power

## 6.2.1 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth of NR carrier unless otherwise stated. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Tolerance Tolerance Tolerance NR Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 band (dBm) (dB) (dBm) (dBm) (dB) (dB) 23 n1 ±2 ±2<sup>3</sup> n2 23 ±2<sup>3</sup> n3 23 23 n5 ±2 ±2<sup>3</sup> n7 23 ±23 n8 23 ±2<sup>3</sup> n12 23 23 ±23 n20 ±2<sup>3</sup> n25 23 23 +2/-2.5 n28 n34 23 ±2 n38 23 ±2 n39 23 ±2 n40 23 ±2 26 +2/-33 ±23 n41 23 23 n50 ±2 n51 23 ±2 n66 23 ±2 <u>n7</u>0 23 ±2 n71 23 +2/-2.5 n74 23 ±2 +2/-3 +2/-3 n77 26 23 n78 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 26 n79 26 +2/-3 23 +2/-3 23 n80 ±2 23 n81 ±2 n82 23 ±2 n83 23 +2/-2.5 n84 23 ±2 n86 23

Table 6.2.1-1: UE Power Class

- NOTE 1: P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance
- NOTE 2: Power class 3 is default power class unless otherwise stated
- NOTE 3: Refers to the transmission bandwidths confined within Ful\_low and Ful\_low + 4 MHz or Ful\_high 4 MHz and Ful\_high, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

If a UE supports a different power class than the default UE power class for the band and the supported power class enables the higher maximum output power than that of the default power class:

- if the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than 50% (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); or
- if the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is not absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* as defined in TS 38.331 (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); or
- if the IE P-Max as defined in TS 38.331 [7] is provided and set to the maximum output power of the default power class or lower;
- shall apply all requirements for the default power class to the supported power class and set the configured transmitted power as specified in clause 6.2.4;
- else if the IE *P-Max* as defined in TS 38.331 [7] is not provided or set to the higher value than the maximum output power of the default power class and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is less than or equal to *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* as defined in TS 38.331; or
- if the IE *P-Max* as defined in TS 38.331 [7] is not provided or set to the higher value than the maximum output power of the default power class and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is less than or equal to 50% when *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is absent. (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame):
- shall apply all requirements for the supported power class and set the configured transmitted power as specified in clause 6.2.4.

## 6.2.2 UE maximum output power reduction

UE is allowed to reduce the maximum output power due to higher order modulations and transmit bandwidth configurations. For UE power class 2 and 3, the allowed maximum power reduction (MPR) is defined in Table 6.2.2-2 and Table 6.2.2-1, respectively for channel bandwidths that meets both following criteria:

Channel bandwidth ≤ 100 MHz.

Relative channel bandwidth  $\leq 4$  % for TDD bands and  $\leq 3$  % for FDD bands

Where relative channel bandwith =  $2*BW_{Channel}/(F_{UL\_low} + F_{UL\_high})$ 

The allowed MPR for SRS, PUCCH formats 0, 1, 3 and 4, and PRACH shall be as specified for QPSK modulated DFT-s-OFDM of equivalent RB allocation. The allowed MPR for PUCCH format 2 shall be as specified for QPSK modulated CP-OFDM of equivalent RB allocation.

Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

Madulation	MPR (dB)							
Modulation	Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations					

	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5 <sup>1</sup>	≤ 1.2 <sup>1</sup>	≤ 0.2 <sup>1</sup>						
	FI/Z DF3N	≤ 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	≤ 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	02						
DFT-s-OFDM	QPSK		≤ 1	0						
DE 1-2-OFDIVI	16 QAM		≤ 2	≤ 1						
	64 QAM		≤ 2.5							
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5								
	QPSK		≤ 3	≤ 1.5						
CP-OFDM	16 QAM		≤ 3	≤ 2						
CF-OFDIVI	64 QAM		≤ 3.5							
	256 QAM		≤ 6.5							

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability powerBoosting-pi2BPSK and if the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modu	lation		MPR (dB)	
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0
DFT-s-	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 1	0
OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	≤ 1
OFDIVI	64 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	2.5
	256 QAM		≤ 4.5	
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 2
CF-OFDINI	64 QAM		≤ 3.5	
	256 QAM		≤ 6.5	

Where the following parameters are defined to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Outer and Inner RB allocations:

 $N_{RB}$  is the maximum number of RBs for a given Channel bandwidth and sub-carrier spacing defined in Table 5.3.2-1.  $RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor(L_{CRB}/2))$ 

where max() indicates the largest value of all arguments and floor(x) is the greatest integer less than or equal to x.

$$RB_{Start, High} = N_{RB} - RB_{Start, Low} - L_{CRB}$$

The RB allocation is an Inner RB allocation if the following conditions are met

$$RB_{Start,Low} \leq RB_{Start} \leq RB_{Start,High}$$
, and

$$L_{CRB} \leq ceil(N_{RB}/2)$$

where ceil(x) is the smallest integer greater than or equal to x.

An Edge RB allocation is the one for which the RB(s) is (are) allocated at the lowermost or uppermost edge of the channel with  $L_{CRB} \le 2$  RBs.

The RB allocation is an Outer RB allocation for all other allocations which are not an Inner RB allocation or Edge RB allocation.

If CP-OFDM allocation satisfies following conditions, it is considered as almost contiguous allocation

$$N_{RB\_gap} / (N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}) \le 0.25$$

and  $N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}$  is larger than 106, 51 or 24 RBs for 15 kHz, 30 kHz or 60 kHz respectively where  $N_{RB\_gap}$  is the total number of unallocated RBs between allocated RBs and  $N_{RB\_alloc}$  is the total number of allocated RBs. The size and location of allocated and unallocated RBs are restricted by RBG parameters specified in clause 6.1.2.2 of TS 38.214 [10]. For these almost contiguous signals in power class 3, the allowed maximum power reduction defined in Table 6.2.2-1 is increased by

CEIL{ 
$$10 \log_{10}(1 + N_{RB\_gap}/N_{RB\_alloc}), 0.5$$
 } dB,

where CEIL $\{x,0.5\}$  means x rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB. The parameters of  $RB_{Start,Low}$  and  $RB_{Start,High}$  to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Outer and Inner RB allocations are defined as following:

$$RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor((N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap})/2))$$

$$RB_{Start,High} = N_{RB} - RB_{Start,Low} - N_{RB\_alloc} - N_{RB\_gap}$$

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2.4 apply.

## 6.2.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction

#### 6.2.3.1 General

Additional emission requirements can be signalled by the network. Each additional emission requirement is associated with a unique network signalling (NS) value indicated in RRC signalling by an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band and an associated value in the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*. Throughout this specification, the notion of indication or signalling of an NS value refers to the corresponding indication of an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band, the IE field *freqBandIndicatorNR* and an associated value of *additionalSpectrumEmission* in the relevant RRC information elements [7].

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2.1-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2.2. Outer and inner allocation notation used in clause 6.2.3 is defined in clause 6.2.2 In absense of modulation and waveform types the A-MPR applies to all modulation and waveform types.

Table 6.2.3.1-1 specifies the additional requirements with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR and applicable operating band(s) for each NS value. In case of a power class 3 UE, when IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1, power class 2 A-MPR values apply. The mapping of NR frequency band numbers and values of the *additionalSpectrumEmission* to network signalling labels is specified in Table 6.2.3.1-1A.

For almost contiguous allocations in CP-OFDM waveforms in power class 3, the allowed A-MPR defined in clause 6.2.3 is increased by CEIL{  $10 \log_{10}(1 + N_{RB\_gap}/N_{RB\_alloc}), 0.5$  } dB, where  $N_{RB\_gap}$  is the total number of unallocated RBs between allocated RBs and  $N_{RB\_alloc}$  is the total number of allocated RBs, and the parameter  $L_{CRB}$  is replaced by  $N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}$  in specifying the RB allocation regions.

Table 6.2.3.1-1: Additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR)

Network signalling label	Requirements (clause)	NR Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources blocks ( <i>N</i> <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01		Table 5.2-1	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 90, 100	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_03	6.5.2.3.3	n2, n25, n66, n70, n86			Clause 6.2.3.7
NS_03U	6.5.2.3.3, 6.5.2.4.2	n2, n25, n66, n86			Clause 6.2.3.7
NS_04	6.5.2.3.2, 6.5.3.3.1	n41	10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60 80, 90, 100		Clause 6.2.3.2
NS_05	6.5.3.3.4	n1, n84	5, 10, 15, 20 (NOTE 2)		Clause 6.2.3.4
NS_05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	n1, n84	5, 10, 15, 20		Clause 6.2.3.4
NS_06	6.5.2.3.4	n12	5, 10, 15		N/A
NS_10		n20, n82	15, 20	Table 6.2.3.3-1	Table 6.2.3.3-1
NS_17	6.5.3.3.2	n28, n83	5,10	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_18	6.5.3.3.3	n28, n83	5		Table 6.2.3.13-1, A1
140_10	0.0.0.0	1120, 1100	10, 15, 20		Table 6.2.3.13-1, A2
NS_35	6.5.2.3.1	n71	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_37	6.5.3.3.6	n74 (NOTE 3)	10, 15	Table 6.2.3.8-1	Table 6.2.3.8-1
NS_38	6.5.3.3.7	n74	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.3.9-1	Table 6.2.3.9-1
NS_39	6.5.3.3.8	n74	10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.3.10-1	Table 6.2.3.10-1
NS_40	6.5.3.3.9	n51	5		Table 6.2.3.5-1
NS_41	6.5.3.3.10	n50	5, 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60		Table 6.2.3.11-1
NS_42	6.5.3.3.11	n50	5, 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60		Table 6.2.3.12-1
NS_43	6.5.3.3.5	n8, n81	5, 10, 15		Clause 6.2.3.6
NS_43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	n8, n81	5, 10, 15	-	Clause 6.2.3.6
NS_50	6.5.3.3.16	n39	25, 30, 40		Clause 6.2.3.19
NS_100	6.5.2.4.2	n1, n2, n3, n5, n8, n25, n66, n80, n81, n84, n86 (NOTE 1)			Table 6.2.3.1-2

NOTE 1: This NS can be signalled for NR bands that have UTRA services deployed

NOTE 2: No A-MPR is applied for 5 MHz BW<sub>Channel</sub> where the lower channel edge is ≥ 1930 MHz,10 MHz BW<sub>Channel</sub> where the lower channel edge is ≥ 1950 MHz and 15 MHz BW<sub>Channel</sub> where the lower channel edge is ≥ 1955 MHz.

NOTE 3: Applicable when the NR carrier is within 1447.9 – 1462.9 MHz

[The NS\_01 label with the field additionalPmax [7] absent is default for all NR bands.]

Table 6.2.3.1-1A: Mapping of network signaling label

ND bond			Valu	e of additionalS	pectrumEm	ission		
NR band	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
n1	NS_01	NS_100	NS_05	NS_05U				
n2	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n3	NS_01	NS_100						
n5	NS_01	NS_100						
n7	NS_01							
n8	NS_01	NS_100	NS_43	NS_43U				
n12	NS_01	NS_06						
n20	NS_01	Void	NS_10					
n25	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n28	NS_01	NS_17	NS_18					
n34	NS_01							
n38	NS_01							
n39	NS_01	NS_50						
n40	NS_01							
n41	NS_01	NS_04						
n50	NS_01	NS_41	NS_42					
n51	NS_01	NS_40						
n66	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n70	NS_01	NS_03						
n71	NS_01	NS_35						
n74	NS_01	NS_37	NS_38	NS_39				
n77	NS_01							
n78	NS_01							
n79	NS_01							
n80	NS_01	NS_100						
n81	NS_01	NS_100	NS_43	NS_43U				
n82	NS_01	Void	NS_10					
n83	NS_01	NS_17	NS_18					
n84	NS_01	NS_100	NS_05	NS_05U				
n86	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				

NOTE: additional Spectrum Emission corresponds to an information element of the same name defined in clause 6.3.2 of TS 38.331 [7].

Modulation/Waveform Outer (dB) Pi/2 BPSK ≤ 2 DFT-s-OFDM QPSK ≤ 2 16 QAM ≤ 2.5 64 QAM ≤ 3 256 QAM ≤ 4.5 **QPSK** ≤ 4 CP-OFDM 16 QAM ≤ 4 64 QAM ≤ 4 256 QAM ≤ 6.5

Table 6.2.3.1-2: A-MPR for NS\_100 (UTRA protection)

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

#### 6.2.3.2 A-MPR for NS\_04

For NS\_04, A-MPR is not added to MPR. Also, when NS\_04 is signalled, MPR shall be set to zero in the  $P_{CMAX}$  equations to avoid double counting MPR.

Allowed maximum power reduction is defined as A-MPR = max(MPR, A-MPR'),

Note that A-MPR' = 0 dB means only MPR is applied,

where A-MPR' is defined as

```
if RBstart \leq fstart,max,IMD3 / (12·SCS) and LCRB \leq AWmax,IMD3 / (12·SCS) and Fc - BWchannel/2 < FUL_low + offsetIMD3, then the A-MPR' is defined according to Table 6.2.3.2-2 PC3_A2 relative to 23 dBm for power class 3 and PC2_A4 relative to 26 dBm for power class 2, else, if RBstart \leq LCRB/2 + \Deltastart / (12·SCS) and LCRB \leq AWmax,regrowth / (12·SCS) and Fc - BWchannel/2 < FUL_low + offsetregrowth, then the A-MPR' is defined according to Table 6.2.3.2-2 PC3_A1 relative to 23 dBm for power class 3 and PC2_A3 relative to 26 dBm for power class 2, else A-MPR' = 0 dB and apply MPR.
```

With the parameters defined in Table 6.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.2.3.2-1: Parameters for region edges and frequency offsets

Danamatan	0	Val	ue	Deleted and dition		
Parameter	Symbol	CP-OFDM	DFT-s-OFDM	Related condition		
Max allocation start in IMD3 region	f <sub>start,max,IMD3</sub>	0.33 B\	VChannel	RB <sub>start</sub> ≤ f <sub>start,max,IMD3</sub> / (12SCS)		
Max allocation BW in IMD3 region	AW <sub>max,IMD3</sub>	AW <sub>max,IMD3</sub> 4 MHz		L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ AW <sub>max,IMD3</sub> / (12SCS)		
Freq. offset required to avoid A-MPR in IMD3 region	offset <sub>IMD3</sub>	BWchannel - 6 MHz		BW <sub>Channel</sub> – 6 MHz		Fc - BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 ≥ F <sub>UL_low</sub> + offset <sub>IMD3</sub>
Right edge of regrowth region	$\Delta_{start}$	0.08 B\	VChannel	$RB_{start} \le L_{CRB}/2 + \Delta_{start} / (12SCS)$		
Max allocation BW in regrowth region	AW <sub>max,regrowth</sub>	100	MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ Min(L <sub>CRB,Max,</sub> AW <sub>max,regrowth</sub> / (12SCS))		
Freq. offset required to avoid A-MPR in regrowth region	offset <sub>regrowth</sub>	Max (10 MHz, 0.25* BW <sub>Channel</sub> MHz)	Max (10 MHz, 0.45* BW <sub>Channel</sub> MHz)	F <sub>C</sub> - BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 ≥ F <sub>UL_low</sub> + offset <sub>regrowth</sub>		

Table 6.2.3.2-2: A-MPR' values Access

Modulat	ion/Waveform	A-MPR' (dB)							
IVIOGUIAI	ion/waverorm	PC3_A1	PC3_A2	PC2_A3	PC2_A4				
	Pi/2-BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3.5	≤ 3.5	≤ 5.5				
	QPSK	≤ 4	≤ 4	≤ 4.5	≤ 6				
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 4	≤ 4	≤ 5	≤ 6				
	64 QAM	≤ 4	≤ 4.5	≤ 5	≤ 6.5				
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5	≤ 6	≤ 6.5	≤ 8				
	QPSK	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5				
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5				
CF-OFDINI	64 QAM	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5				
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 8	≤ 7.5	≤ 10				

#### 6.2.3.3 A-MPR for NS 10

Table 6.2.3.3-1: A-MPR for NS\_10

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Parameters	Region A
	RB <sub>start</sub>	0 – 10
15	L <sub>CRB</sub> (RBs)	1 – 20
	A (dB)	≤ 3 <sup>6</sup>
	RB <sub>start</sub>	0 – 15
20	L <sub>CRB</sub> (RBs)	1 – 20
	A (dB)	≤ 6 <sup>6</sup>

- NOTE 1: RB<sub>start</sub> indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks
- NOTE 2: LCRB is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation
- NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis. For intra-slot or intra-subslot frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a Tno\_hopping basis.
- NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe. For intra-slot frequency hopping which intersects Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for the slot. For intra-subslot frequency hopping which intersects Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for the subslot.
- NOTE 5: The A-MPR for DFT-s-OFDM is the total backoff and is obtained by taking the maximum value of MPR + A-MPR specified in Table 6.2.3-1 and Table 6.2.4-1 in TS 36.101 and A value specified in Table 6.2.3.3-1.
- NOTE 6: The A-MPR for CP-OFDM is the total backoff and is obtained by adding the A value in Table 6.2.3.3-1 to the corresponding MPR specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

## 6.2.3.4 A-MPR for NS\_05 and NS\_05U

Table 6.2.3.4-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_05 and NS\_05U

Channel	Carrier Centre	R	egion A			Region B		Re	gion C	
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency, Fc (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR
5	1922.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1927.5	< 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 2.52 MHz/12/SCS	А3						
10	1925 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1935	< 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1	> 1.62 MHz/12/SCS ≤ 3.60 MHz/12/SCS	> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	A7	≥ 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
10	1935 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1945		> 4.5 MHz/12/SCS	A4						
15	1927.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1932.5	< 3.24MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1	> 3.24 MHz/12/SCS ≤ 5.40 MHz/12/SCS	> 8.1 MHz/12/SCS	A7	≥ 10.08 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
15	1932.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1942.5	< 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1				≥ 12.24 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
15	1942.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1947.5		> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	A5						
20	1930 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1950	< 4.86 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1	> 4.86 MHz/12/SCS ≤ 7.20 MHz/12/SCS	> 9.0 MHz/12/SCS	A7	≥ 13.68 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
20	1950 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1960		> 9.0 MHz/12/SCS	A6						

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.4-2, 6.2.3.4-3 and 6.2.3.4-10.

NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-2: A-MPR for NS\_05 and NS\_05U

Modulation	/Waveform	A1 (dB)	A2 (dB)	A3 (	dB)
Wodulation	/waveioiiii	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer	Inner
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 4	
DFT-s-	QPSK	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 4.5	
OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤6	
OFDIVI	64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤6	
	256 QAM	≤ 13	≤ 5	≤ 7	
	QPSK	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 7.5	≤ 2
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 7.5	
	64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤8	
	256 QAM	≤ 13		≤ 10	
NOTE 1: 1/	oid	1	l		

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-3: A-MPR for NS\_05

Madulation	Novoform	A4	(dB)	A5 (dB)		A6 (dB)		A7 (dB)
Wiodulation/v	Modulation/Waveform		Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer/Inner
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 1		≤ 1		≤ 1		≤ 6
	QPSK			≤ 1.5		≤ 1.5		≤ 6
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM							≤ 6
	64 QAM							≤ 6
	256 QAM		N/A				N/A	≤ 6
	QPSK	≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 6
CD OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 6
CP-OFDM	64 QAM				≤ 4			≤ 6
	256 QAM							≤ 6
NOTE 1: Void	NOTE 1: Void							

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-4 - Table 6.2.3.4-9: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-10: A-MPR for modulation and waveform type for NS\_05U

Modulation/	Novoform	A4 (	dB)	A5 (dB)		A6 (dB)		A7 (dB)	
Wodulation/	vaveioiiii	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer/Inner	
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 2		≤ 2		≤ 2		≤ 6	
	QPSK	≤ 2		≤ 2		≤ 2		≤ 6	
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 2.5		≤ 2.5		≤ 2.5		≤ 6	
	64 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 3		≤ 3		≤ 6	
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5	N/A	≤ 4.5		≤ 4.5	N/A	≤ 6	
	QPSK	≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 6	
CB OEDM	16 QAM	≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 6	
CP-OFDM	64 QAM	≤ 4		≤ 4	≤ 4	≤ 4		≤ 6	
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5		≤ 6.5		≤ 6.5		≤ 6.5	
NOTE 1: Void	NOTE 1: Void								
NOTE 2: Void									

### 6.2.3.5 A-MPR for NS\_40

Table 6.2.3.5-1: A-MPR for NS\_40

Modulation	n/ Waveform	A (dB)				
		Channel bandwidth: 5 MHz				
		Outer	Inner			
	QPSK	≤ 15.5	≤ 12			
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 14.5	≤ 11			
DL 1-2-OLDINI	64 QAM	≤ 14.5	≤ 10			
	256 QAM	≤ 12.5	≤ 7.5			
	QPSK	≤ 14.5	≤ 10			
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 14.5	≤ 10			
CF-OFDIVI	64 QAM	≤ 14	≤ 8			
İ	256 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5.5			

NOTE 1: The A-MPR for NS\_40 is the total backoff and is obtained by taking the maximum value of MPR + A-MPR specified in Table 6.2.3-1 and Table 6.2.4-30a in TS 36.101 and MPR + A specified in Table 6.2.2-1 and Table 6.2.3.5-1.

### 6.2.3.6 A-MPR for NS\_43 and NS\_43U

Table 6.2.3.6-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_43

Channel	Carrier Centre	Region A			Region B		
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency, Fc (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A-MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR
5 MHz	$902.5 \le F_C < 912.5$		> 15	A1			
10 MH-	F 010		> 40	A2		> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	A4
10 MHz $F_C = 910$		> 45	А3		> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	A5	
15 MHz	F <sub>C</sub> = 907.5	< 1.8 MHz /12/SCS > 12.24 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A6	> 1.8 MHz/12/SCS < 6.12 MHz/12/SCS	≥ 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	A6

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.6-2.

NOTE 2: 15 kHz SCS unless otherwise stated

NOTE 3: Void

Table 6.2.3.6-2: A-MPR for NS\_43

		A1 (	dB)	A2 (	dB)	A3 (	dB)	A4 (	dB)	A5 (	dB)	A6 (dB)
Modulation	/Waveform	Outer	Inner	Outer / Inner								
	Pi/2 BPSK			≤ 1.5								≤ 9
DET -	QPSK	≤ 2						≤ 2.5				≤ 9
DFT-s- OFDM	16 QAM									≤ 2.5		≤ 9
OFDIVI	64 QAM					≤ 2.5						≤ 9
	256 QAM		N/A	≤ 9								
	QPSK	≤ 3.5								≤ 4		≤ 9
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5								≤ 4		≤ 9
CF-OFDIVI	64 QAM					≤ 4						≤ 9
	256 QAM											≤ 9

Table 6.2.3.6-3: Void

When NS\_43U is signalled for 5 and 10 MHz channel bandwidths A-MPR is defined in Table 6.2.3.1-2 except for DFT-s-OFDM QPSK when  $L_{CRB} > 5.4$  MHz/12/SCS the A-MPR is 2.5 dB. For 15 MHz channel bandwidth Table 6.2.3.6-4 applies.

Table 6.2.3.6-4: A-MPR for for NS\_43U

		15 MHz
Modulation	/Waveform	Outer/
	Inner (dB)	
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 9
DFT-s-	QPSK	≤ 9
OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 9
	64 QAM	≤ 9
	256 QAM	≤ 9
	QPSK	≤ 9
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 9
	64 QAM	≤ 9
	256 QAM	≤ 9

### 6.2.3.7 A-MPR for NS\_03 and NS\_03U

Table 6.2.3.7-1 A-MPR for NS\_03

Modula	ation/Waveform	Outer (dB)	Inner (dB)					
5	PI/2 BPSK	≤ 1.5						
FD	QPSK	≤ 2						
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3						
Ė	64 QAM	≤ 3.5						
	256 QAM	≤ 5.5	N/A					
>	QPSK	≤ 4						
Ē	16 QAM	≤ 4						
CP-OFDM	64 QAM	≤ 4.5						
O	256 QAM	≤ 7.5						
_	NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void							

In case UE operates in a band where NS\_03U applies and it receives *additionalSpectrumEmission* value of 3 then A-MPR values specified in Table 6.2.3.7-1 apply with an exception that DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2 BPSK A-MPR is 2 dB.

#### 6.2.3.8 A-MPR for NS\_37

Table 6.2.3.8-1: A-MPR regions for B11/B21 protection (NS\_37) (1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz)

Channel	Carrier Centre	Region A (Outer/Inner)				Region B uter/Inner)		Region C (Outer/Inner)		
Bandwid th (MHz)	Frequen cy, Fc (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub>	LCRB	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR
10	1452.9 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1457.9	≥ 0	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ A1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
15	F <sub>C</sub> = 1455.4	≥ 0	> 9.9 MHz/12/SCS	≤ A1	< 0.54 MHz/12/SC S	< 1.08 MHz/12/SC S	≤ A2	> 13.86 MHz/12/SC S	< 1.08 MHz/12/SC S	≤ A2

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.8-2

NOTE 2: Void NOTE 3: Void

NOTE 4: No A-MPR for SCS = 60 kHz for region B and C only.

Table 6.2.3.8-2: A-MPR for NS\_37

Modulation/W	lavoform	A1 (	dB)	A2 (dB)				
Wiodulation/V	Outer	Inner	Outer/Inner					
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 1		≤3				
	QPSK	≤ 1.5		≤3				
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 2.5		≤3				
	64 QAM	≤ 3		≤3				
	256 QAM		N/A					
	QPSK	≤ 3.5		≤3				
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5		≤3				
CP-OFDIVI	64 QAM							
	256 QAM							
NOTE 1: Void	NOTE 1: Void							

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

## 6.2.3.9 A-MPR for NS\_38

Table 6.2.3.9-1: A-MPR for EESS (NS\_38) Protection (1430 – 1470 MHz)

Channel Bandwidth	Carrier Centre		Region A Outer/Inner				
(MHz)	Frequency, Fc (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A-MPR (dB)	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)	
5	1432.5 ≤ FC < 1437.5	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + LCRB /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 7	≤ 2.16 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 5.5	
10	1435 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1442	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub> /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 12	≤ 2.16 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9	
15	1437.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1447.5	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub> /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13	≤ 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 10	
20	1440 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1450	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub> /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13	≤ 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 10	
NOTE 1 - 4:	Void						

## 6.2.3.10 A-MPR for NS\_39

Table 6.2.3.10-1: A-MPR for own RX (NS\_39) Protection (1440 – 1470 MHz)

Channel	Carrier Centre	Region A (Outer/Inner)			
Bandwidth, MHz	Frequency, Fc, MHz	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)		
10	1462 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1465	> 7.9 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 6		
15	1456.3 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1462.5	> 11.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 6		
20	1450.8 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1460	> 14.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 6		
NOTE 1 - 4: Void		_			

## 6.2.3.11 A-MPR for NS\_41

Table 6.2.3.11-1: A-MPR for NS\_41

Channel Bandwidth	Carrier Centre Frequency, F <sub>c</sub>	Region A Outer/Inner			Region B Outer/Inner	
(MHz)	(MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)
5	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	1437 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1442	≤ -4.5 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 4.5 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9	< 1.8 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
15	1439.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1447.5	≤ -5.4 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 11	< 3.42 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
20	1442 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1450	≤ -5.4 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 12	< 5.04 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
40	1452 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1497	≤ -7.2 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 11.7 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
50	1457 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1492	≤ -7.2 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 15.12 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
60	1462 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1487	≤ -7.2 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 18.72 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
NOTE 1 - 4:	Void					

# 6.2.3.12 A-MPR for NS\_42

Table 6.2.3.12-1: A-MPR for NS\_42

Channel Carrier Centre		Region	A	Region B			
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency, Fc (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR Outer/Inner (dB)	RB <sub>start</sub>	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR Inner (dB)	A-MPR Outer (dB)
5	1512 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1514.5	> 3.1 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 7	< 0.90 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 3.1 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 4
10	1497 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1512	> 6.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 0.90 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 6.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
15	1502 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1509.5	> 9.3 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 3.06 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 9.3 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
20	1497 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1507	> 12.4 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 4.50 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 12.4 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
40	1477 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1497	> 24.8 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 5.40 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 24.8 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
50	1467 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1492	> 31 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 7.20 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 31 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
60	1462 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1487	> 37.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 7.20 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 37.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
NOTE 1 - 5:	Void						

## 6.2.3.13 A-MPR for NS\_18

Table 6.2.3.13-1: A-MPR for NS\_18

Modulation	Modulation/Waveform		A1 (dB)		
Wodulation			Inner	Inner/Outer	
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 2		≤ 5	
	QPSK	≤ 2		≤ 5	
DFT-s-OFDM	16 QAM	≤3		≤ 6	
	64 QAM	≤ 4		≤ 7	
	256 QAM	≤ 6	N/A	≤ 9	
	QPSK	≤ 5		≤ 6.5	
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 5		≤ 7	
CF-OFDIVI	64 QAM	≤ 5.5		≤ 8.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 8.5		≤ 11.5	
NOTE 1: Void					
NOTE 2: Void					

6.2.3.14 Void

6.2.3.15 Void

6.2.3.16 Void

6.2.3.17 Void

6.2.3.18 Void

6.2.3.19 A-MPR for NS\_50

Table 6.2.3.19-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_50

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR
25 MHz	≤ L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS - 5	> 5	A7
25 1011 12	≤ 6.48	≤ 1.44	A8
	≤ 0.48	≤ 3.6	A9
	≤ L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS - 5	> 5	A7
30 MHz	≤ 8.64	≤ 1.44	A8
	≥ 0.04	≤ 3.6	A9
	≤ 4.32	> 0	A1
	> 4.32, ≤ 10.44	≤ 10.8	A3
40 MHz	> 4.32, ≤ 18	> 10.8	A2
	> 18, ≤ 31.68	> max (31.68 - RB <sub>start</sub> *12*SCS, 0)	A6
	> 31.68	> 0	A5
NOTE 1: The A-	MPR values are specified	in Table 6.2.3.19-2.	

Table 6.2.3.19-2: A-MPR for NS\_50

Modulation	Moveform	A1 (dB)	A2 (dB)	A3 (dB)	A5 (dB)	A6 (dB)	A7 (dB)	A8 (dB)	A9 (dB)
Wiodulation	/waveioiiii	Outer/Inner	Inner						
	Pi/2	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤ 3	≤ 5	≤ 2	≤ 4	≤ 2	
	BPSK								
DFT-s-	QPSK	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤ 3	≤ 5	≤ 2	≤ 5	≤ 2	
OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤ 3	≤ 5	≤ 2	≤ 5	≤ 2.5	
	64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤ 3	≤ 5		≤ 5		
	256 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 7		≤ 5		≤ 5		

	QPSK	≤ 12	≤ 8	≤ 4.5	≤ 5	≤ 3.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 3.0
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 12	≤ 8	≤ 4.5	≤ 5	≤ 3.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 3.0
CF-OFDIVI	64 QAM	≤ 12	≤ 8	≤ 4.5	≤ 5		≤ 6.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 12	≤ 8				≤ 6.5	

## 6.2.4 Configured transmitted power

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  for carrier f of serving cell c in each slot. The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX L.f.c} \leq P_{CMAX.f.c} \leq P_{CMAX H.f.c}$$
 with

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L,f,c} = MIN \; \{ P_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_{C,c}, \;\; (P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass}) - MAX(MAX(MPR_c, \; A-MPR_c) + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_{C,c} + \Delta T_{RxSRS}, \\ P-MPR_c) \;\; \} \end{split}$$

$$P_{CMAX\_H,f,c} = MIN \{P_{EMAX,c}, P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass} \}$$

where

P<sub>EMAX,c</sub> is the value given by either the *p-Max* IE or the field *additionalPmax* of the *NR-NS-PmaxList IE*, whichever is applicable according to TS 38.331[7];

P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.1-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.1-1;

When the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1,  $P_{EMAX,c}$  is increased by +3 dB for a power class 3 capable UE operating in TDD bands n40, n41, n77, n78, and n79 with PI/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and 40% or less symbols in certain evaluation period are used for UL transmission when  $P_{EMAX,c} \ge 20$  dBm (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame).

When the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1,  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = -3$  dB for a power class 3 capable UE operating in TDD bands n40, n41, n77, n78, and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and 40% or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission.

ΔP<sub>PowerClass</sub> = 3 dB for a power class 2 capable UE when P-max of 23 dBm or lower is indicated; or when the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than 50%; or when the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is not absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* as defined in TS 38.331 (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); otherwise ΔP<sub>PowerClass</sub> = 0 dB;

 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2A.4.2 for NR CA, clause 6.2C.2 for SUL, or TS 38.101-3 clause 6.2B.4.2 for EN-DC;  $\Delta T_{IB,c} = 0$  dB otherwise; In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

- a) When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
- b) When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

 $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5 dB$  when NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1 in 38.101-1 applies for a serving cell c, otherwise  $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0 dB$ ;

MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> for serving cell c are specified in clause 6.2.2 and clause 6.2.3, respectively;

ΔT<sub>RxSRS</sub> is applied during SRS transmission occasions with *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set as 'antennaSwitching' when

a) UE transmits SRS on the second SRS resource in every configured SRS resource set when the SRS-TxSwitch capability is indicated as 't1r2'

- b) UE transmits SRS on the second, third and fourth SRS resources of the total 4 SRS resources from all configured SRS resource set(s) consisting of one SRS port when the *SRS-TxSwitch* capability is indicated as 't1r4' or, 't1r4-t2r4'
- c) UE transmits SRS from the second SRS port pair on the second SRS resource in every configured SRS resource set consisting of two SRS ports when the SRS-TxSwitch capability is indicated as 't2r4' or 't1r4-t2r4', or
- d) UE transmits SRS to a DL-only carrier.

The value of  $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is 4.5dB for n79 and 3 dB for bands whose  $F_{UL\_high}$  is lower than the  $F_{UL\_low}$  of n79 when the device is capable of power class 3 in the band, or when the device is capable of power class 2 in the band and  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 3$  dB. The value of  $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is 7.5dB for n79 and 6 dB for bands whose  $F_{UL\_high}$  is lower than the  $F_{UL\_low}$  of n79 when the device is capable of power class 2 in the band and  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 0$  dB.

For other SRS transmissions  $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is zero;

P-MPR<sub>c</sub> is the power management maximum power reduction for

- a) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements and addressing unwanted emissions / self desense requirements in case of simultaneous transmissions on multiple RAT(s) for scenarios not in scope of 3GPP RAN specifications;
- b) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements in case of proximity detection is used to address such requirements that require a lower maximum output power.

The UE shall apply P-MPR $_c$  for serving cell c only for the above cases. For UE conducted conformance testing P-MPR $_c$  shall be 0 dB

- NOTE 1: P-MPRc was introduced in the PCMAX,f,c equation such that the UE can report to the gNB the available maximum output transmit power. This information can be used by the gNB for scheduling decisions.
- NOTE 2: P-MPRc may impact the maximum uplink performance for the selected UL transmission path.

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2.4-1. For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX,L,c}$  for serving cell c are evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$ ; the minimum  $P_{CMAX,L,f,c}$  over one or more  $T_{eval}$  is then applied for the entire  $T_{REF}$ 

Table 6.2.4-1: Evaluation and reference periods for Pcmax

T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub> with frequency hopping
Physical channel length	Physical channel length	Min( <i>T<sub>no_hopping</sub></i> , Physical Channel Length)

The measured configured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX,f,c}$  shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c} \ - \ MAX\{T_{L,c}, T(P_{CMAX\_L,f,c})\} \ \leq \ P_{UMAX,f,c} \ \leq \ P_{CMAX\_H,f,c} \ + \ T(P_{CMAX\_H,f,c}).$$

where the tolerance  $T(P_{CMAX,f,c})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  is specified in Table 6.2.4-1. The tolerance  $T_{L,c}$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable operating band as specified in Table 6.2.1-1.

Table 6.2.4-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance

Pcmax,f,c (dBm)	Tolerance T(Pcmax,f,c) (dB)
23 < P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> ≤ 33	2.0
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> ≤ 23	2.0
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 21	2.5
19 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 20	3.5
18 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 19	4.0
13 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 18	5.0
8 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 13	6.0
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 8	7.0

## 6.2A Transmitter power for CA

## 6.2A.1 UE maximum output power for CA

6.2A.1.1 Void

6.2A.1.2 Void

#### 6.2A.1.3 UE maximum output power for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmitter power requirements in clause 6.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, UE maximum output power shall be measured over all component carriers from different bands. If each band has separate antenna connectors, maximum output power is measured as the sum of maximum output power at each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms). The maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1.

Table 6.2A.1.3-1 UE Power Class for uplink inter-band CA (two bands)

NR CA Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
CA_n3A-n78A					23	+2/-32		
CA_n8A-n78A					23	+2/-32		

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: For an NR CA configuration with one uplink carrier assingned to one NR band, if the uplink NR band has NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1, the band is allowed to reduce the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidths of the band(s) is confined within F<sub>UL\_low</sub> and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> + 4 MHz or F<sub>UL\_high</sub> - 4 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub>.

An uplink NR CA configuration in which at least one of the bands has NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1 is allowed to reduce the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidths of at least one of the bands is confined within Fullow and Fullow + 4 MHz or Fulligh - 4 MHz and Fulligh.

NOTE 3: P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 4: For inter-band carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement should apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

NOTE 5: Power class 3 is the default power class unless otherwise stated

# 6.2A.2 UE maximum output power reduction for CA

6.2A.2.1 Void

6.2A.2.2 Void

#### 6.2A.2.3 UE maximum output power reduction for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply for each uplink component carrier.

## 6.2A.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for CA

6.2A.3.1.1 Void

6.2A.3.1.2 Void

#### 6.2A.3.1.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for Inter-band CA

Unless otherwise stated, for inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

Unless specified in Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1, for inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply for each uplink component carrier. The requirements in Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1 are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR. These requirements apply on each component carrier when both component carriers are activated. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet the additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message. For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one NR band, the requirements defined in clause 6.2.3 apply.

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2.1-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2.2. In case of a power class 3 UE, when IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1, power class 2 A-MPR values apply.

For almost contiguous allocations in CP-OFDM waveforms in power class 3, the allowed A-MPR defined in clause 6.2.3 is increased by CEIL{  $10 \log 10(1 + NRB\_gap / NRB\_alloc)$ , 0.5 } dB, where NRB\\_gap is the total number of unallocated RBs between allocated RBs and NRB\_alloc is the total number of allocated RBs, and the parameter LCRB is replaced by NRB\_alloc + NRB\\_gap in specifying the RB allocation regions.

Unless otherwise specified, pi/2 BPSK in following A-MPR tables refers to both variants of pi/2 BPSK referenced in 6.2.2 tables 6.2.2-1.

The emission requirements specified in Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1 also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1: Additional Requirements for uplink inter-band carrier aggregation (two-bands)

NR CA combination	Band	Applied NS	Requirements (clause)	A-MPR (table/clause)	Note	
CA_n3-n78	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1	
CA n0 n70	n8	43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	4	
CA_n8-n78	110	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	1	
NOTE 4. NO OFFI	NIC 40LL	and NC 400 as	us ha sisuadlad fau NID ha	ada that have LITD A		

NOTE 1: NS\_05U, NS\_43U and NS\_100 can be signalled for NR bands that have UTRA services deployed.

# 6.2A.4 Configured output power for CA

6.2A.4.1 Configured transmitted power level

6.2A.4.1.1 Void

6.2A.4.1.2 Void

#### 6.2A.4.1.3 Configured transmitted power for Inter-band CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  on serving cell c shall be set as specified in clause 6.2.4.

For uplink inter-band carrier aggregation, MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> apply per serving cell c and are specified in clause 6.2.2 and clause 6.2.3, respectively. P-MPR<sub>c</sub> accounts for power management for serving cell c. P<sub>CMAX,c</sub> is calculated under the assumption that the transmit power is increased independently on all component carriers.

The total configured maximum output power P<sub>CMAX</sub> shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L} \le P_{CMAX} \le P_{CMAX\_H}$$

For uplink inter-band carrier aggregation with one serving cell c per operating band when same slot symbol pattern is used in all aggregated serving cells,

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L} = MIN ~ \{10log_{10} \sum MIN ~ [~p_{EMAX,c}/(\Delta t_{C,c}), ~p_{PowerClass,c}/(MAX(mpr_c,a-mpr_c) \cdot \Delta t_{C,c} \cdot \Delta t_{IB,c} \cdot \Delta t_{RxSRS,c}) ~, \\ p_{PowerClass,c}/pmpr_c], ~P_{EMAX,CA}, ~P_{PowerClass,CA} \} \end{split}$$

$$P_{CMAX\_H} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} \ , \ P_{EMAX,CA}, \ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}$$

#### where

- $p_{EMAX,c}$  is the linear value of  $P_{EMAX,c}$  which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell c in [7];
- P<sub>PowerClass,CA</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2A.1.3-1;
- p<sub>PowerClass,c</sub> is the linear value of the maximum UE power for serving cell *c* specified in Table 6.2.1-1 without taking into account the tolerance;
- mpr<sub>c</sub> and a-mpr<sub>c</sub> are the linear values of MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> as specified in clause 6.2.2 and clause 6.2.3, respectively;
- pmpr<sub>c</sub> is the linear value of P-MPR<sub>c</sub>;
- $\Delta t_{RxSRS,c}$  is the linear value of  $\Delta T_{RxSRS,c}$ ;
- $\Delta t_{C,c}$  is the linear value of  $\Delta T_{C,c}$ .  $\Delta t_{C,c} = 1.41$  when NOTE 2 in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 applies for a serving cell c, otherwise  $\Delta t_{C,c} = 1$ ;
- Δt<sub>IB,c</sub> is the linear value of the inter-band relaxation term ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> of the serving cell c as specified in clause
   6.2A.4.2 for NR CA, clause 6.2C.2 for SUL, or TS 38.101-3 clause
   6.2B.4.2 for EN-DC; otherwise Δt<sub>IB,c</sub> = 1; In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then
  - a) When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq 1$  GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
  - b) When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.
- $P_{EMAX,CA}$  is the value indicated by p-NR-FR1 or by p-UE-FR1 whichever is the smallest if both are present. For uplink inter-band carrier aggregation with one serving cell c per operating band when at least one different numerology/slot pattern is used in aggregated cells, the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}$  for serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i, and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}(p)$  in slot p of serving cell c(i) on slot numerology type i shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) \leq P_{CMAX,f,c(i),\,i}\left(p\right) \leq P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right)$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}\ (p)$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\ (p)$  are the limits for a serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i as specified in clause 6.2.4.

The total UE configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}(p,q)$  in a slot p of slot numerology or symbol pattern i, and a slot q of slot numerology or symbol pattern j that overlap in time shall be set within the following bounds unless stated otherwise:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) \le P_{CMAX}(p,q) \le P_{CMAX\_H}(p,q)$$

When slots p and q have different transmissions lengths and belong to different cells on different bands:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) = MIN \; \{ 10 \; log_{10} \; [p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}(p) + p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),j}(q)], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, P_{EMAX,CA} \; \}$$

$$P_{CMAX H}(p,q) = MIN \left\{10 \log_{10} \left[p_{CMAX H,f_{C}(i),i}(p) + p_{CMAX H,f_{C}(i),i}(q)\right], P_{PowerClass,CA}, P_{EMAX,CA}\right\}$$

where  $p_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}$  and  $p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  are the respective limits  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  expressed in linear scale.

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.3-0 when same and different slot patterns are used in aggregated carriers. For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$ ; the minimum  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  over the one or more  $T_{eval}$  is then applied for the entire  $T_{REF}$ . The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

Table 6.2A.4.1.3-0: P<sub>CMAX</sub> evaluation window for different slot and channel durations

T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub> with frequency hopping
T <sub>REF</sub> of largest slot duration over	Physical channel	Min(T <sub>no_hopping</sub> , Physical
both UL CCs	length	Channel Length)

If the UE is configured with multiple TAGs and transmissions of the UE on slot i for any serving cell in one TAG overlap some portion of the first symbol of the transmission on slot i+1 for a different serving cell in another TAG, the UE minimum of  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  for slots i and i+1 applies for any overlapping portion of slots i and i+1. The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells with same slot pattern shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L} - MAX\{T_L,\,T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L})~\} & \leq P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\_H} + ~T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H}) \\ \\ P_{UMAX} = 10~log_{10} \sum p_{UMAX,c} \end{split}$$

where  $p_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.3-1. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1-2 for inter-band carrier aggregation.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells, when at least one slot has a different transmission numerology or symbol pattern, shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} - \ MAX\{T_L, \, T_{LOW} \left( P'_{CMAX\_L} \right) \} \leq \ P'_{UMAX} \leq P'_{CMAX\_H} + T_{HIGH} \left( P'_{CMAX\_H} \right) \\ \\ P'_{UMAX} = 10 \ log_{10} \sum p'_{UMAX,c} \end{split}$$

where  $p'_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the average measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale over  $T_{REF}$ . The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P'_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P'_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P'_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.3-1 for inter-band carrier aggregation. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 for inter-band carrier aggregation.

where:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} &= MIN\{\ MIN\ \{10log_{10}\sum(\ p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}),\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\}\\ P'_{CMAX\_H} &= MAX\{\ MIN\{10\ log_{10}\sum p_{EMAX\_c}\ ,\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\} \end{split}$$

Table 6.2A.4.1.3-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance for uplink inter-band CA (two bands)

P <sub>CMAX</sub> (dBm)	Tolerance T <sub>LOW</sub> (P <sub>CMAX</sub> ) (dB)	Tolerance Thigh(Pcmax) (dB)			
P <sub>CMAX</sub> = 23	3.0	2.0			
22 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 23	5.0	2.0			
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 22	5.0	3.0			
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 21	6.0	4.0			
16 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 20	5.0				
11 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 16	6.0				
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 11	7.	.0			

## 6.2A.4.2 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ for CA

For the UE which supports inter-band NR CA configuration,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  in tables below applies. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

6.2A.4.2.1 Void

6.2A.4.2.2 Void

6.2A.4.2.3 ΔTIB,c for Inter-band CA (two bands)

Table 6.2A.4.2.3-1: ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> due to NR CA (two bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔT <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n3-n77	n3	0.6
CA_113-1171	n77	0.8
CA_n3-n78	n3	0.6
CA_113-1178	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n79	n3	0.3
CA_113-1179	n79	0.8
CA n8-n75	n8	0.3
CA =0 = 70	n8	0.6
CA n8-n78	n78	0.8
CA =0 =70	n8	0.3
CA_n8-n79	n79	0.8
CA n28-n75	n28	0.3
CA 220 270	n28	0.5
CA_n28-n78	n78	0.8
CA n44 n701	n41	0.3
CA_n41-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n78	0.8
CA_n75-n78	n78	0.8
CA_n76-n78	n78	0.8
	n77	0.5
CA n77-n79	n79	0.5
	-70	0.5
CA =70 =70	n78	1.5 <sup>2</sup>
CA_n78-n79	- 70	0.5
	n79	1.5 <sup>2</sup>

NOTE: The requirements only apply when the sub-frame and Tx-Rx timings are synchronized between the component carriers. In the absence of synchronization, the requirements are not within scope of these specifications.

NOTE 2: The requirements only apply for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with simultaneous Rx/Tx capability, and NR UL carrier frequencies are confined to 3700 MHz-3800MHz for n78 and 4400 MHz-4500MHz for n79. Simultaneous Rx/Tx capability does not apply for UEs supporting band n78 with a n77 implementation.

#### 6.2B Void

# 6.2C Transmitter power for SUL

# 6.2C.1 Configured transmitted power for SUL

When a UE is configured with both NR UL and NR SUL carriers in a serving cell with active transmission either on the UL carrier or SUL carrier, the configured transmit power requirements specified in clause 6.2.4 are applicable for the UL carrier and the SUL carrier, respectively.

#### 6.2C.2 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$

For the UE which supports SUL band combination,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  in Tables below applies. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

Band combination for NR Band ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> (dB) SUL n78 0.8 SUL\_n78-n80 n80 0.6 n78 8.0 SUL\_n78-n81 n81 0.6 n78 0.8 SUL\_n78-n82 n82 0.6 n78 8.0 SUL\_n78-n83 n83 0.5 n78 8.0 SUL\_n78-n84 n84 0.3 n78 8.0 SUL\_n78-n86 n86 0.6

Table 6.2C.2-1: ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> due to SUL

# 6.2D Transmitter power for UL MIMO

# 6.2D.1 UE maximum output power for UL MIMO

For power class 2 UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth is specified in Table 6.2D.1-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting UL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from both UE antenna connectors. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms).

The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations of using 2-layer UL MIMO transmission with codebook of  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . DCI Format for UE configured in PUSCH transmission mode for uplink single-user MIMO shall be used.

Table 6.2D.1-1: UE Power Class for UL MIMO in closed loop spatial multiplexing scheme

NR band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
n41			26	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>	23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
n77			26	+2/-3	23	+2/-3		
n78			26	+2/-3	23	+2/-3		
n79			26	+2/-3	23	+2/-3		

NOTE 1: The transmission bandwidths confined within FUL\_low and FUL\_low + 4 MHz or FUL\_high – 4 MHz and FUL\_high, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 2: Power class 3 is the default power class unless otherwise stated

Table 6.2D.1-2: UL MIMO configuration in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Transmission scheme	DCI format	Codebook Index
Codebook based uplink	DCI format 0_1	Codebook index 0

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.1 apply.

## 6.2D.2 UE maximum output power reduction for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2D.1-1 is specified in Table 6.2.2-1. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations defined in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting UL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power afrom both UE antenna connector.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2D.4 apply.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply.

## 6.2D.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the A-MPR values specified in clause 6.2.3 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2D.1-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting UL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from both UE antenna connector. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2D.4 apply.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply.

# 6.2D.4 Configured transmitted power for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the transmitted power is configured per each UE.

The definitions of configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$ , the lower bound  $P_{CMAX\_L,c}$ , and the higher bound  $P_{CMAX\_H,c}$  specified in clause 6.2.4 shall apply to UE supporting UL MIMO, where

- $P_{PowerClass}$ ,  $\Delta P_{PowerClass}$  and  $\Delta T_{C,c}$  are specified in clause 6.2D.1;
- MPR<sub>c</sub> is specified in clause 6.2D.2;
- A-MPR<sub>c</sub> is specified in clause 6.2D.3.

The measured configured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX,c}$  for serving cell c shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,c} - \ MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L,c})\} \ \leq \ P_{UMAX,c} \leq \ P_{CMAX\_H,c} + \ T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H,c})$$

where  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L,c})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H,c})$  are defined as the tolerance and applies to  $P_{CMAX\_L,c}$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,c}$  separately, while  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance in Table 6.2D.1-1 for the applicable operating band.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2D.4-1. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2.

Table 6.2D.4-1: P<sub>CMAX,c</sub> tolerance in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Р <sub>смах,с</sub> (dВm)	Tolerance Tolerance TLOW(PCMAX_L,c) (dB) THIGH(PCMAX_H,c) (d		
$P_{CMAX,c} = 26$	3.0	2.0	
23 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 26	3.0	2.0	
22 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 23	5.0	2.0	
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 22	5.0	3.0	
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 21	6.0 4.0		
16 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 20	5.0		
11 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 16	6.0		
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 11	7.0		

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.4 apply.

# 6.3 Output power dynamics

## 6.3.1 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in at least one sub-frame 1 ms. The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.1-1.

Table 6.3.1-1: Minimum output power

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum output power (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth (MHz)
5	-40	4.515
10	-40	9.375
15	-40	14.235
20	-40	19.095
25	-39	23.955
30	-38.2	28.815
40	-37	38.895
50	-36	48.615
60	-35.2	58.35
80	-34	78.15
90	-33.5	88.23
100	-33	98.31

# 6.3.2 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in the channel bandwidth when the transmitter is OFF. The transmitter is considered OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit on any of its ports..

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1 ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2-1.

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Transmit OFF power (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth (MHz)
5	-50	4.515
10	-50	9.375
15	-50	14.235
20	-50	19.095
25	-50	23.955
30	-50	28.815
40	-50	38.895
50	-50	48.615
60	-50	58.35
80	-50	78.15
90	-50	88.23
100	-50	98.31

Table 6.3.2-1: Transmit OFF power

#### 6.3.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask

#### 6.3.3.1 General

The transmit power time mask defines the transient period(s) allowed

- between transmit OFF power as defined in clause 6.3.2 and transmit ON power symbols (transmit ON/OFF)
- between continuous ON-power transmissions with powerchange or RB hopping is applied.

In case of RB hopping, transition period is shared symmetrically.

Unless otherwise stated the requirements in clause 6.5 apply also in transient periods.

In the following clauses, following definitions apply:

- A slot or long subslot transmission is a transmission with more than 2 symbols.
- A short subslot transmission is a transmission with 1 or 2 symbols.

#### 6.3.3.2 General ON/OFF time mask

The general ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between transmit OFF and ON power and between transmit ON and OFF power for each SCS. ON/OFF scenarios include: contiguous, and non-contiguous transmission, etc

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one slot excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over one slot excluding any transient period.



Figure 6.3.3.2-1: General ON/OFF time mask for NR UL transmission in FR1

### 6.3.3.3 Transmit power time mask for slot and short or long subslot boundaries

The transmit power time mask for slot and a long subslot transmissionboundaries defines the transient periods allowed between slot and long subslot PUSCH transmissions. For PUSCH-PUCCH and PUSCH-SRS transitions and multiplexing the time masks in clause 6.3.3.7 apply.

The transmit power time mask for slot or long subslot and short subslot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between slot or long subslot and short subslot transmissions. The time masks in clause 6.3.3.8 apply.

The transmit power time mask for short subslot transmissiona boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between short subslot transmissions. The time masks in clause 6.3.3.9 apply.

#### 6.3.3.4 PRACH time mask

The PRACH ON power is specified as the mean power over the PRACH measurement period excluding any transient periods as shown in Figure 6.3.3.4-1. The measurement period for different PRACH preamble format is specified in Table 6.3.3.4-1.

Table 6.3.3.4-1: PRACH ON power measurement period

PRACH preamble format	SCS (kHz)	Measurement period (ms)	
0	1.25	0.903125	
1	1.25	2.284375	
2	1.25	3.352604	
3	5	0.903125	
Λ.4	15	0.142708	
A1	30	0.071354	
A2	15	0.285417	
AZ	30	0.142708	
A3	15	0.428125	
A3	30	0.2140625	
B1	15	0.140365	
DI	30	0.070182	
D4	15	0.83046875	
D <del>4</del>	B4 30 0.415234375		
	15	0.142708 ms for first six occasion	
A1/B1		0.140365 ms for the last occasion	
AI/DI	30	0.071354 ms for first six occasion	
	30	0.070182 ms for the last occasion	
	15	0.285417 ms for first two occasion	
A2/B2		0.278385 ms for the third occasion	
712/02	30	0.142708 ms for first two occasion	
		0.1391925 ms for the third occasion	
	15	0.428125 ms for the first occasion	
A3/B3		0.41640625 ms for the second occasion	
710720	30	0.2140625 ms for the first occasion	
		0.208203125 ms for the second occasion	
C0	15	0.10703125	
30 0.053515625			
		0.333333	
	30 0.166667		
NOTE: For PRACH on PRACH occasion start from the beginning of 0.5 ms or span the			
boundary of 0.5 ms of the subframe, the measurement period will plus 0.032552 μs			

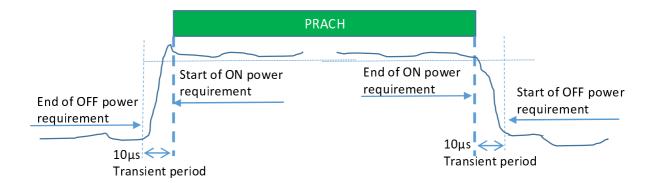


Figure 6.3.3.4-1: PRACH ON/OFF time mask

#### 6.3.3.5 Void

#### 6.3.3.6 SRS time mask

For SRS transmission mapped to one OFDM symbol, the ON power is defined as the mean power over the symbol duration excluding any transient period; See Figure 6.3.3.6-1

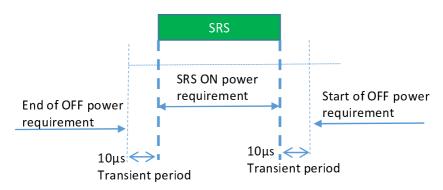


Figure 6.3.3.6-1: Single SRS time mask for NR UL transmission

For SRS transmission mapped to two or more OFDM symbols the ON power is defined as the mean power for each symbol duration excluding any transient period. For consecutive SRS transmissions without power change, Figure 6.3.3.6-2 applies.

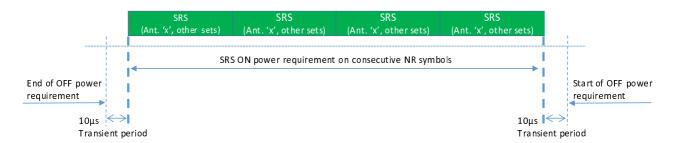


Figure 6.3.3.6-2: Consecutive SRS time mask for the case when no power change is required with SRS usage other than antenna switching.

When power change between consecutive SRS transmissions is required, then Figure 6.3.3.6-3 and Figure 6.3.3.6-4 apply.

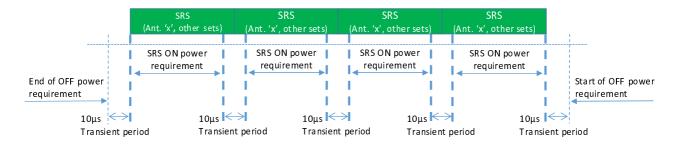


Figure 6.3.3.6-3: Consecutive SRS time mask for the case when power change is required and when 15 kHz and 30 kHz SCS is used in FR1 with SRS usage other than antenna switching.

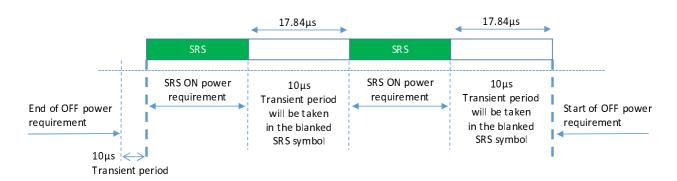


Figure 6.3.3.6-4: Consecutive SRS time mask for the case when power change is required and when 60 kHz SCS is used in FR1

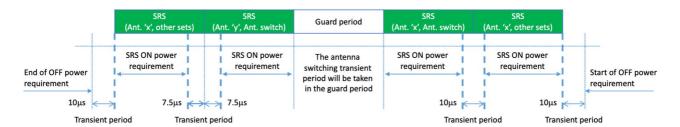


Figure 6.3.3.6-5: FR1 Time mask for 15 kHz and 30 kHz SCS for the case when consecutive SRS switching usage is between antenna switching & other sets

where "other sets" belongs to a "usage set" other than the set for antenna switching. The usage sets for SRS switching are defined in clause 6.2.1 of TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE: Guard period of one symbol is defined between two SRS resources of an SRS resource set for antenna switching for 15kHz, 30kHz and 60kHz SCS in Table 6.2.1.2-1 of TS 38.214 [10].

The above transient period applies to all the transmit CCs in CA with the CC sounding SRS. UE RF requirements do not apply during this transient period.

#### 6.3.3.7 PUSCH-PUCCH and PUSCH-SRS time masks

The PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask defines the observation period between sounding reference symbol (SRS) and an adjacent PUSCH/PUCCH symbol and subsequent UL transmissions. The time masks apply for all types of frame structures and their allowed PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS transmissions unless otherwise stated.

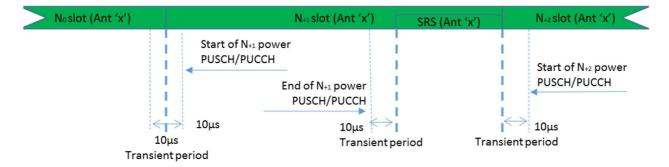


Figure 6.3.3.7-1: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before or after or both before and after SRS, when sounded on the same antenna (Ant 'x')

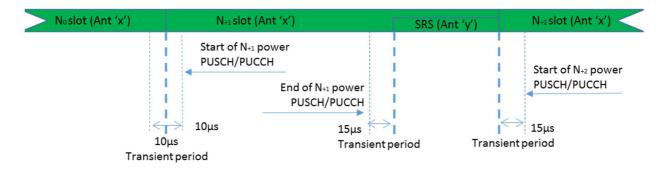


Figure 6.3.3.7-2: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before or after or both before and after SRS, when sounded on a different antenna (Ant 'x' and Ant 'y' are different antenna ports)

This transient period of 15 usec applies before and after SRS transmission to all the transmit CCs in CA with the CC sounding SRS. UE RF requirements do not apply during this transient period.

When there is no transmission preceding SRS transmission or succeeding SRS transmission, then the same time mask applies as shown in Figure 6.3.3.7-1.

# 6.3.3.8 Transmit power time mask for consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short subslot transmission boundaries

The transmit power time mask for consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short slot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between such transmissions.

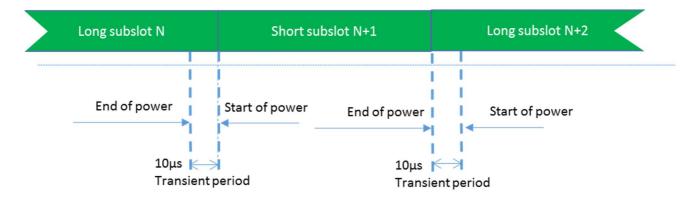


Figure 6.3.3.8-1: Consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short subslot transmission time mask

# 6.3.3.9 Transmit power time mask for consecutive short subslot transmissions boundaries

The transmit power time mask for consecutive short subslot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between short subslot transmissions.

The transient period shall be equally shared as shown on Figure 6.3.3.9-2.

Figure 6.3.3.9-1: Void

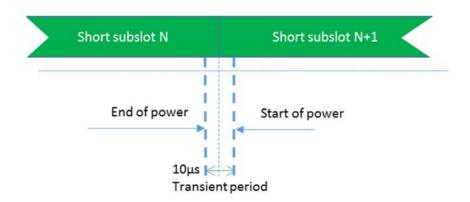


Figure 6.3.3.9-2: Consecutive short subslot transmissions time mask

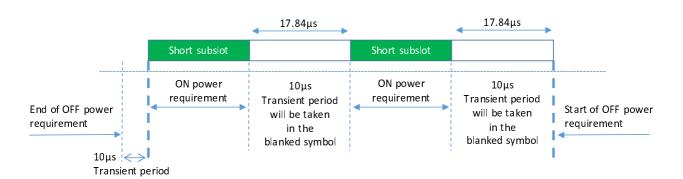


Figure 6.3.3.9-3: Consecutive short subslot (1 symbol gap) time mask for the case when transient period is required on both sides of the symbol and when 60 kHz SCS is used in FR1

#### 6.3.4 Power control

#### 6.3.4.1 General

The requirements on power control accuracy apply under normal conditions.

#### 6.3.4.2 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame (1 ms) at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 20 ms. The tolerance includes the channel estimation error.

The minimum requirement specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1 apply in the power range bounded by the minimum output power as specified in clause 6.3.1 and the maximum output power as specified in clause 6.2.1.

Table 6.3.4.2-1: Absolute power tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance
Normal	± 9.0 dB

#### 6.3.4.3 Relative power tolerance

The relative power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power in a target sub-frame (1 ms) relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted reference sub-frame (1 ms) if the transmission gap between these sub-frames is less than or equal to 20 ms.

The minimum requirements specified in Table 6.3.4.3-1 apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames are within the power range bounded by the minimum output power as defined in clause 6.3.1 and the measured  $P_{UMAX}$  as defined in clause 6.2.1.

To account for RF Power amplifier mode changes, 2 exceptions are allowed for each of two test patterns. The test patterns are a monotonically increasing power sweep and a monotonically decreasing power sweep over a range bounded by the requirements of minimum power and maximum power specified in clauses 6.3.1 and 6.2.1, respectively. For those exceptions, the power tolerance limit is a maximum of  $\pm$  6.0 dB in Table 6.3.4.3-1.

Table 6.3.4.3-1: Relative power tolerance

Power step ΔP (Up or down) (dB)	All combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions (dB)	All combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions between sub- frames (dB)	PRACH (dB)
ΔP < 2	± 2.0 (NOTE)	± 2.5	± 2.0
2 ≤ ΔP < 3	± 2.5	± 3.5	± 2.5
3 ≤ ΔP < 4	± 3.0	± 4.5	± 3.0
4 ≤ ΔP < 10	± 3.5	± 5.5	± 3.5
10 ≤ ΔP < 15	± 4.0	± 7.0	± 4.0
15 ≤ ΔP	± 5.0	± 8.0	± 5.0

NOTE: For PUSCH to PUSCH transitions with the allocated resource blocks fixed in frequency and no transmission gaps other than those generated by downlink subframes, DwPTS fields or Guard Periods: for a power step  $\Delta P \le 1$  dB, the relative power tolerance for transmission is  $\pm$  0.7 dB.

#### 6.3.4.4 Aggregate power tolerance

The aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to maintain its power in a sub-frame (1 ms) during non-contiguous transmissions within 21 ms in response to 0 dB commands with respect to the first UE transmission and all other power control parameters as specified in TS 38.213 [8] kept constant.

The minimum requirement specified in Table 6.3.4.4-1 apply in the power range bounded by the minimum output power as specified in clause 6.3.1 and the maximum output power as specified in clause 6.2.2.

Table 6.3.4.4-1: Aggregate power tolerance

TPC command	UL channel	Aggregate power tolerance within 21 ms
0 dB	PUCCH	± 2.5 dB
0 dB	PUSCH	± 3.5 dB

# 6.3A Output power dynamics for CA

## 6.3A.1 Minimum output power for CA

6.3A.1.1 Void

6.3A.1.2 Void

#### 6.3A.1.3 Minimum output power for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the minimum output power requirements in clause 6.3.1 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the minimum output power is defined per carrier and the requirement is specified in clause 6.3.1.

## 6.3A.2 Transmit OFF power for CA

6.3A.2.1 Void

6.3A.2.2 Void

#### 6.3A.2.3 Transmit OFF power for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmit OFF power requirements in subclause 6.3.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the transmit OFF power specified in clause 6.3.2.1 is applicable for each component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on all component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit on any of its ports.

#### 6.3A.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for CA

6.3A.3.1 Void

6.3A.3.2 Void

#### 6.3A.3.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmit ON/OFF time mask requirements in subclause 6.3.3 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3.3.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in clause 6.3.3.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

#### 6.3A.4 Power control for CA

6.3A.4.1 Void

6.3A.4.2 Void

### 6.3A.4.3 Power control for inter-band CA

No requirements unique to CA operation are defined.

# 6.3D Output power dynamics for UL MIMO

## 6.3D.1 Minimum output power for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum output power is defined as the sum of the mean power at each transmit connector in one sub-frame (1 ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.1-1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.3.1 apply.

## 6.3D.2 Transmit OFF power for UL MIMO

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1 ms) excluding any transient periods.

The transmit OFF power at each transmit antenna connector shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2-1.

## 6.3D.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the ON/OFF time mask requirements in clause 6.3.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements specified in clause 6.3.3.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.3.3 apply.

#### 6.3D.4 Power control for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the power control tolerance applies to the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

The power control requirements specified in clause 6.3.4 apply to UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.3.4 apply.

## 6.4 Transmit signal quality

## 6.4.1 Frequency error

The UE basic measurement interval of modulated carrier frequency is 1 UL slot. The mean value of basic measurements of UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within  $\pm$  0.1 PPM observed over a period of 1 ms of cumulated measurement intervals compared to the carrier frequency received from the NR Node B.

## 6.4.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in clause 6.4.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrentList* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [7]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in clause 6.4.2.2 and 6.4.2.3 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

### 6.4.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Before calculating the EVM the measured waveform is corrected by the sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the carrier leakage shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM.

The measured waveform is further equalised using the channel estimates subjected to the EVM equaliser spectrum flatness requirement specified in clause 6.4.2.4. For DFT-s-OFDM waveforms, the EVM result is defined after the front-end FFT and IDFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %. For CP-OFDM waveforms, the EVM result is defined after the front-end FFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The basic EVM measurement interval in the time domain is one preamble sequence for the PRACH and one slot for PUCCH and PUSCH in the time domain. The EVM measurement interval is reduced by any symbol that contains an allowable power transient in the measurement interval, as defined in clause 6.3.3.

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements over 10 subframes for the average EVM case, and over 60 subframes for the reference signal EVM case, for the different modulation schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.1-1 for the parameters defined in Table 6.4.2.1-2. For EVM evaluation purposes, all 13 PRACH preamble formats and all 5 PUCCH formats are considered to have the same EVM requirement as QPSK modulated.

Table 6.4.2.1-1: Requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level
Pi/2-BPSK	%	30
QPSK	%	17.5
16 QAM	%	12.5
64 QAM	%	8
256 QAM	%	3.5

Table 6.4.2.1-2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ Table 6.3.1-1
UE Output Power for 256 QAM	dBm	≥ Table 6.3.1-1 + 10 dB
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

### 6.4.2.2 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform whose frequency is the same as the modulated waveform carrier frequency. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

In the case that uplink sharing, the carrier leakage may have 7.5 kHz shift with the carrier frequency.

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.2-1.

Table 6.4.2.2-1: Requirements for Carrier Leakage

Parameter	Relative Limit (dBc)
Output power > 10 dBm	-28
0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power < 0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

#### 6.4.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average emission across 12 sub-carriers and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non-allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain; however, the minimum requirement applies when the in-band emission measurement is averaged over 10 sub-frames. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one or more symbols, accordingly.

The average of the basic in-band emission measurement over 10 sub-frames shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.3-1.

Table 6.4.2.3-1: Requirements for in-band emissions

Parameter description	Unit		Limit (NOTE 1)	Applicable Frequencies		
General	dB	max 20 - - 57	Any non-allocated (NOTE 2)			
IQ Image	IQ Image dB		Q Image dB		Image frequencies when output power > 10 dBm	Image frequencies
	42	-25	Image frequencies when output power ≤ 10 dBm	(NOTES 2, 3)		
		-28	Output power > 10 dBm	Corrier leakers		
Carrier <sub>dBc</sub>		-25	0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	Carrier leakage		
leakage	ubc	-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power < 0 dBm	frequency		
		-10 -40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm		(NOTES 4, 5)		

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of  $\overline{P_{RB}}$  30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply.  $\overline{P_{RB}}$  is defined in NOTE 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs. For pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured power in the allocated RB with highest PSD.
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the carrier leakage frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.
- NOTE 4: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit depend on the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE, and are those that are enclosed either in the RB containing the carrier leakage frequency, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the carrier leakage frequency but excluding any allocated RB.
- NOTE 6: LCRB is the Transmission Bandwidth (see clause 5.3).
- NOTE 7: *N<sub>RB</sub>* is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see clause 5.3).
- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.4.2.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9:  $_{\Delta_{RB}}$  is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.  $_{RB}$  = 1 or  $_{RB}$  = -1 for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10:  $P_{\it RB}$  is an average of the transmitted power over 10 sub-frames normalized by the number of allocated RBs, measured in dBm.
- NOTE 11: For almost contiguous allocations defined in sub-clause 6.2.2,  $L_{CRB} = N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}$  with no in-gap emission requirement.

### 6.4.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The zero-forcing equalizer correction applied in the EVM measurement process (as described in Annex F) must meet a spectral flatness requirement for the EVM measurement to be valid. The EVM equalizer spectrum flatness is defined in terms of the maximum peak-to-peak ripple of the equalizer coefficients (dB) across the allocated uplink block. The basic measurement interval is the same as for EVM.

The peak-to-peak variation of the EVM equalizer coefficients contained within the frequency range of the uplink allocation shall not exceed the maximum ripple specified in Table 6.4.2.4-1 for normal conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 5 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 7 dB (see Figure 6.4.2.4-1).

The EVM equalizer spectral flatness shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.4-2 for extreme conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 6 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 10 dB (see Figure 6.4.2.4-1).

Table 6.4.2.4-1: Requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (normal conditions)

Frequency range	Maximum ripple (dB)						
Ful_Meas - Ful_Low ≥ 3 MHz and Ful_High - Ful_Meas ≥ 3 MHz	4 (p-p)						
(Range 1)							
F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> – F <sub>UL_Low</sub> < 3 MHz or F <sub>UL_High</sub> – F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> < 3 MHz	8 (p-p)						
(Range 2)							
NOTE 1: Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which	the equalizer coefficient is						
evaluated							
NOTE 2: Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each NR frequency band specified in Table 5.2-1							

Table 6.4.2.4-2: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (extreme conditions)

Frequency range	Maximum Ripple (dB)
Ful_Meas - Ful_Low ≥ 5 MHz and Ful_High - Ful_Meas ≥ 5 MHz (Range 1)	4 (p-p)
Ful_Meas - Ful_Low < 5 MHz or Ful_High - Ful_Meas < 5 MHz (Range 2)	12 (p-p)
NOTE 1: Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which evaluated	the equalizer coefficient is
NOTE 2: Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each NR frequency band	specified in Table 5.2-1

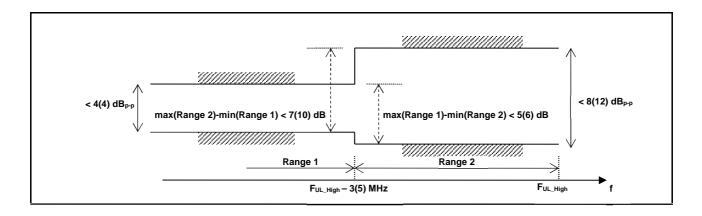


Figure 6.4.2.4-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation of the coefficients indicated (the ETC minimum requirement are within brackets).

#### 6.4.2.4.1 Requirements for Pi/2 BPSK modulation

These requirements apply if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1 for power class 3 capable UE operating in TDD bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission. Otherwise the requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness defined in clause 6.4.2.4 apply.

The EVM equalizer coefficients across the allocated uplink block shall be modified to fit inside the mask specified in Table 6.4.2.4.1-1 for normal conditions, prior to the calculation of EVM. The limiting mask shall be placed to minimize the change in equalizer coefficients in a sum of squares sense.

Table 6.4.2.4.1-1: Mask for EVM equalizer coefficients for Pi/2 BPSK, normal conditions

Frequency range	Parameter	Maximum ripple (dB)				
F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> – F <sub>center</sub>   ≤ X MHz (Range 1)	X1	6 (p-p)				
F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> – F <sub>center</sub>   > X MHz (Range 2)	X2	14 (p-p)				
NOTE 1: Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which the equalizer coefficient is evaluated NOTE 2: Fcenter refers to the center frequency of an allocated block of PRBs NOTE 3: X, in MHz, is equal to 25% of the bandwidth of the PRB allocation NOTE 4: See Figure 6.4.2.4.1-1 for description of X1, X2						

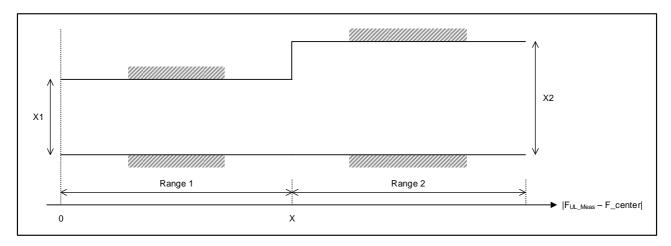


Figure 6.4.2.4.1-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation.

For Pi/2 BPSK modulation the UE shall be allowed to employ spectral shaping and the shaping filter shall be restricted so that the impulse response of the shaping filter itself shall meet

$$\left| \tilde{a}_{t}(t,0) \right| \geq \left| \tilde{a}_{t}(t,\tau) \right| \quad \forall \tau \neq 0$$

$$20 \log_{10} \left| \tilde{a}_{t}(t,\tau) \right| < -15 \text{ dB} \quad 1 < \tau < M - 1,$$

where  $|\tilde{a}_{t}(t,\tau)| = IDFT\{ |\tilde{a}_{t}(t,f)| e^{j\varphi(t,f)}\}$ , f is the frequency of the M allocated subcarriers,  $\tilde{a}(t,f)$  and  $\varphi(t,f)$  are the amplitude and phase response.

0 dB reference is defined as  $20log_{10} \mid \tilde{a}_t(t,0) \mid$ .

# 6.4A Transmit signal quality for CA

## 6.4A.1 Frequency error for CA

6.4A.1.1 Void

6.4A.1.2 Void

### 6.4A.1.3 Frequency error for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the frequency error requirements in subclause 6.4.1 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the frequency error requirements defined in clause 6.4.1 shall apply on each component carrier with all component carriers active.

# 6.4A.2 Transmit modulation quality for CA

6.4A.2.1 Void

6.4A.2.2 Void

### 6.4A.2.3 Transmit modulation quality for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmit modulation quality requirements in subclause 6.4.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the transmit modulation quality requirements shall apply on each component carrier as defined in clause 6.4.2 with all component carriers active: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

# 6.4D Transmit signal quality for UL MIMO

## 6.4D.1 Frequency error for UL MIMO

For UE(s) supporting UL MIMO, the basic measurement interval of modulated carrier frequency is 1 UL slot. The mean value of basic measurements of UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within  $\pm$  0.1 PPM observed over a period of 1 ms of cumulated measurement intervals compared to the carrier frequency received from the NR Node B.

## 6.4D.2 Transmit modulation quality for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the transmit modulation quality requirements are specified based on measurements made at each transmit antenna connector.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements specified for single carrier apply.

The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage (caused by IQ offset)
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrentList* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [7]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in clause 6.4D.2.2 and 6.4D.2.3 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

#### 6.4D.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Error Vector Magnitude requirements specified in in clause 6.4.2.1 apply per layer. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

#### 6.4D.2.2 Carrier leakage

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Relative Carrier Leakage Power requirements specified in Table 6.4.2.2-1 which is defined in clause 6.4.2.2 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

#### 6.4D.2.3 In-band emissions

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the In-band Emission requirements specified in Table 6.4.2.3-1 which is defined in clause 6.4.2.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the uplink MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

### 6.4D.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the EVM Equalizer Spectrum Flatness requirements specified in clause 6.4.2.4 apply per layer. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

## 6.4D.3 Time alignment error for UL MIMO

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors supporting UL MIMO, this requirement applies to frame timing differences between transmissions on multiple transmit antenna connectors in the closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme.

The time alignment error (TAE) is defined as the average frame timing difference between any two transmissions on different transmit antenna connectors.

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors, the Time Alignment Error (TAE) shall not exceed 130 ns.

## 6.4D.4 Requirements for coherent UL MIMO

For coherent UL MIMO, Table 6.4D.4-1 lists the maximum allowable difference between the measured relative power and phase errors between different antenna ports in any slot within the specified time window from the last transmitted SRS on the same antenna ports, for the purpose of uplink transmission (codebook or non-codebook usage) and those measured at that last SRS. The requirements in Table 6.4D.4-1 apply when the UL transmission power at each antenna port is larger than 0 dBm for SRS transmission and for the duration of time window.

Table 6.4D.4-1: Maximum allowable difference of relative phase and power errors in a given slot compared to those measured at last SRS transmitted

Difference of relative phase error	Difference of relative power error	Time window
40 degrees	4 dB	20 msec

The above requirements when all the following conditions are met within the specified time window:

- UE is not signaled with a change in number of SRS ports in SRS-config, or a change in PUSCH-config
- UE remains in DRX active time (UE does not enter DRX OFF time)
- No measurement gap occurs
- No instance of SRS transmission with the usage antenna switching occurs
- Active BWP remains the same
- EN-DC and CA configuration is not changed for the UE (UE is not configured or de-configured with PSCell or SCell(s))

# 6.5 Output RF spectrum emissions

# 6.5.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel. The occupied bandwidth for all transmission bandwidth configurations (Resources Blocks) shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.1-1.

Table 6.5.1-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

		NR channel bandwidth										
	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ
Occupied channel bandwidth (MHz)	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100

-25

-25

### 6.5.2 Out of band emission

#### 6.5.2.1 General

± 90-95

± 95-100 ± 100-105

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an adjacent channel leakage power ratio.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

## 6.5.2.2 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies ( $\Delta f_{OOB}$ ) starting from the  $\pm$  edge of the assigned NR channel bandwidth. For frequencies offset greater than  $\Delta f_{OOB}$ , the spurious requirements in clause 6.5.3 are applicable.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.2-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm) / Channel bandwidth Measurement an Δfоов 5 10 15 30 100 (MHz) MHz bandwidth MHz 1 % channel -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13  $\pm 0 - 1$ bandwidth ± 0-1 -24 -24 -24 -24 -24 30 kHz -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 ± 1-5 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -13 ± 5-6 -13 ± 6-10 -25 -13 -13 -25 ± 10-15 -13 -13 ± 15-20 -25 -13 ± 20-25 -25 -13 ± 25-30 -25 -13  $\pm 30-35$ -25 -13 ± 35-40 -13 ± 40-45 -25 -13 1 MHz ± 45-50 -25 ± 50-55 ± 55-60 -25 ± 60-65  $\pm 65-80$ ± 80-85 -25 ± 85-90

Table 6.5.2.2-1: General NR spectrum emission mask

### 6.5.2.3 Additional spectrum emission mask

### 6.5.2.3.1 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_35"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_35" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1.

Δf <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)		nnel band um emiss	Measurement bandwidth		
(1411 12)	5	10	15	20	banawiath
± 0-0.1	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz
± 0.1-6	-13	-13	-13	-13	100 kHz
± 6-10	-25 <sup>1</sup>	-13	-13	-13	100 kHz
± 10-15		-25 <sup>1</sup>	-13	-13	100 kHz
± 15-20			-25 <sup>1</sup>	-13	100 kHz
± 20-25				-25	1 MHz
NOTE 1: T	he measur	ement ban	dwidth sh	all be 1 Mi	Hz

Table 6.5.2.3.1-1: Additional requirements for "NS 35"

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5.2.3.2 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_04"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

The n41 SEM transition point from -13 dBm/MHz to -25 dBm/MHz is based on the emission bandwidth. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power. Since the 26-dB emission bandwidth is implementation dependent, the maximum transmission bandwidths in MHz ( $N_{RB}$  \* SCS \* 12 / 1,000,000) is used for the SEM.

Table 6.5.2.3.2-1: n41 maximum transmission bandwidth for CP-OFDM

SCS	Chann	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Maximum transmission bandwidth (MH:									
(kHz)	10	15	20	40	50	60	80	90	100		
15	9.36	14.22	19.08	38.88	48.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
30	8.64	13.68	18.36	38.16	47.88	58.32	78.12	88.02	98.28		
60	7.92	12.96	17.28	36.72	46.8	56.88	77.04	87.12	97.20		

Table 6.5.2.3.2-2: n41 maximum transmission bandwidth for DFT-S-OFDM

SCS	Chann	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Maximum transmission bandwidth (MHz)									
(kHz)	10	15	20	40	50	60	80	90	100		
15	9.00	13.50	18.00	38.88	48.60	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
30	8.64	12.96	18.00	36.00	46.08	58.32	77.76	87.48	97.20		
60	7.20	12.96	17.28	36.00	46.08	54.00	72.00	86.40	97.20		

When "NS\_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.2-3.

Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) Δfоов Measurement bandwidth MHz 50 90 100 10 15 20 40 60 80 2 % channel bandwidth -10 -10 -10 -10 ±0-1 1 MHz -10 ±1-5 -10 ±5-X -13 1 MHz ± X - (BW<sub>Channel</sub> + 5 -25 NOTE: X is defined in Table 6.5.2.3.2-1 for CP-OFDM and 6.5.2.3.2-2 for DFT-S-OFDM

Table 6.5.2.3.2-3: n41 SEM with "NS\_04"

## 6.5.2.3.3 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_03"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_03", is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.3-1.

Δfoob	Cha	nnel band emiss	Measurement bandwidth				
(MHz)	5	10	10 15 20		40	Dandwidth	
± 0-1	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 % of channel BW	
± 1-6	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 6-10	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 10-15		-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 15-20			-25	-13	-13	1 MHz	
± 20-25				-25	-13	1 MHz	
± 25-40					-13	1 MHz	
+ 40-45					-25	1 MHz	

Table 6.5.2.3.3-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_03"

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

Table 6.5.2.3.3-2: Void

#### 6.5.2.3.4 Requirements for network signalling value "NS 06"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_06" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.4-1.

Table 6.5.2.3.4-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_06"

Δf <sub>OOB</sub>	Channel bar emi	Measurement bandwidth			
(IVITIZ)	5	10	15	Danuwium	
± 0 – 0.1	-15	-18	-20	30 kHz	
± 0.1 –	-13	-13	-13	100 kHz	
±1-6	-13				
±6- 10	-25	-13	-13		
± 10 – 15		-25		1 MHz	
± 15 – 20			-25		

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.5.2.3.7

## 6.5.2.4 Adjacent channel leakage ratio

Void

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5.2.4.1 NR ACLR

NR Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio ( $NR_{ACLR}$ ) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned NR channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent NR channel frequency at nominal channel spacing.

The assigned NR channel power and adjacent NR channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1.

If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the NR<sub>ACLR</sub> shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-2.

Table 6.5.2.4.1-1: NR ACLR measurement bandwidth

	NR channel bandwidth / NR ACLR measurement bandwidth											
	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
NR ACLR measurement bandwidth (MHz)	4.515	9.375	14.235	19.095	23.955	28.815	38.895	48.615	58.35	78.15	88.23	98.31

Table 6.5.2.4.1-2: NR ACLR requirement

	Power class 2	Power class 3
NR ACLR	31 dB	30 dB

#### 6.5.2.4.2 UTRA ACLR

UTRA adjacent channel leakage power ratio (UTRA<sub>ACLR</sub>) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned NR channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

 $UTRA_{ACLR}$  is specified for the first adjacent UTRA channel ( $UTRA_{ACLR1}$ ) which center frequency is  $\pm$  2.5 MHz from NR channel edge and for the  $2^{nd}$  adjacent UTRA channel ( $UTRA_{ACLR2}$ ) which center frequency is  $\pm$  7.5 MHz from NR channel edge.

The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC filter with roll-off factor  $\alpha = 0.22$  and bandwidth of 3.84 MHz. The assigned NR channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1.

If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the UTRA<sub>ACLR1</sub> and UTRA<sub>ACLR2</sub> shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5.2.4.2-1.

Table 6.5.2.4.2-1: UTRA ACLR requirement

	Power class 3
UTRA <sub>ACLR1</sub>	33 dB
UTRA <sub>ACLR2</sub>	36 dB

UTRA ACLR requirement is applicable when signalled by the network with network signalling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*.

## 6.5.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions unless otherwise stated. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements in line with SM.329 [9] and NR operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

#### 6.5.3.1 General spurious emissions

Unless otherwise stated, the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. The spurious emission limits in Table 6.5.3.1-2 apply for all transmitter band configurations ( $N_{RB}$ ) and channel bandwidths.

Table 6.5.3.1-1: Boundary between NR out of band and general spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	OOB boundary F <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)
BW <sub>Channel</sub>	BW <sub>channel</sub> + 5

Table 6.5.3.1-2: Requirement for general spurious emissions limits

6 dBm	4
6 dBm 100 kHz	4
	4
) dBm	4
J UDITI	1 7
5 dBm 1 MHz	3
) dBm 1 MHz	1
	2
	dBm 1 MHz

NOTE 1: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the UL Band more than 2.69 GHz

NOTE 2: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the UL Band more than 5.2 GHz

NOTE 3: Applies for Band n41, CA configurations including Band n41, and EN-DC configurations that include n41 specified in clause 5.2B of TS 38.101-3 [3] when NS\_04 is signalled.

NOTE 4: Does not apply for Band n41, CA configurations including Band n41, and EN-DC configurations that include n41 specified in subclause 5.2B of TS 38.101-3 [3] when NS\_04 is signalled.

## 6.5.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence

This clause specifies the requirements for NR bands for coexistence with protected bands.

Table 6.5.3.2-1: Requirements for spurious emissions for UE co-existence

	Spurio	ous emiss	ion fo	r UE co-exi	istence		
NR Band	Protected band	Frequer	icy ran	ige (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
n1, n84	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	1	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 3, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	15, 27
	Frequency range	1895	1	1915	-15.5	5	15, 26, 27
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	15, 26, 27
n2	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 41, 42, 48, 50, 51, 53, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 43	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
n3, n80	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73,74, 75, 76. NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 11, 18, 19, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>		F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42, 52, NR Band n77, n78	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2

	Spurio	ous emiss	ion fo	r UE co-exi	stence		
NR Band	Protected band	Frequen	icy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
n5	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 45, 48, 50, 51, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85  NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 41, 52, 53 NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
n7	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	15, 21, 26
	Frequency range	2575	ı	2595	-15.5	5	15, 21, 26
	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	15, 21
n8, n81	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 45, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76	$F_{DL_{low}}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA band 3, 7, 22, 41, 42, 43, 52, NR Band n77, n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA 8	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	ı	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
n12	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 41, 50, 53, 70, 71, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 4, 48, 51, 66	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 12, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
n20, n82	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 22, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 43, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 20	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 38, 42, 52, 69, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	758	-	788	-50	1	
n25	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 41, 42, 48, 53, 66, 70, 71, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA Band 43	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
n28, n83	E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 22, 32, 42, 43, 50, 51, 65, 66, 73, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	19, 25
	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 20, 25, 26, 27, 31, 34, 38, 40, 41, 52, 72, NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	19, 24
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	15, 35
	Frequency range	470	-	710	-26.2	6	34

	Spurio	ous emiss	ion fo	r UE co-exi	stence		
NR Band	Protected band	Frequen	icy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
	Frequency range	662	-	694	-26.2	6	15
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	15
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 19
n34	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 28, 31, 32, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 69, 72, 74, 75, 76,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	5
	NR Band n78, n79	_		_	50	4	0
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
n38	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	1	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2620	ı	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26
	Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	15, 22
n39	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 22, 26, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 74,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	NR Band n79						
	NR Band n77, n78	$F_{DL\_low}$	ı	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1805	-	1855	-40	1	33
	Frequency range	1855	-	1880	-15.5	5	15, 26, 33
n40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5		1915.7	-41	0.3	8
n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 34, 39, 42, 44, 45, 48, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	,	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	NR Band n79	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 11, 18, 19, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5		1915.7	-41	0.3	8
n50	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 17, 20, 26, 28, 29, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
n51	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 17, 20, 26, 28, 29, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 65, 66, 67, 68	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
n66, n86	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12, 13, 14, 17, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 38, 41, 43, 50, 51, 53, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 42, 48	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
n70	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 41, 48, 66, 70, 71, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	

	Spurious emission for UE co-existence								
NR Band	Protected band	Frequen	icy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE		
n71	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 26, 30, 48, 53, 66, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25, 41, 70	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	15		
	E-UTRA Band 71	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15		
n74	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 26, 28, 29, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 85 NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	1	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	NR Band n79	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8		
	Frequency range	1400	-	1427	-32	27	15, 41		
	Frequency range	1475	-	1488	-50	1	42		
	Frequency range	1488	-	1518	-50	1	15		
n77, n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8		
n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 42, 65, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8		

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- NOTE 1: FDL\_low and FDL\_high refer to each frequency band specified in Table 5.2-1 in TS 38.101-1 or Table 5.5-1 in TS 36.101
- NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x L<sub>CRB</sub> x RB<sub>size</sub> kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, 5 for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 3: 15 kHz SCS is assumed when RB is mentioned in the note when channel bandwidth is less than or equal to 50MHz, lowest SCS is assumed when channel bandwidth is larger than 50 MHz. The transmission bandwidth in terms of RB position and range is not limited to 15 kHz SCS and shall scale with SCS accordingly.
- NOTE 4: Void
- NOTE 5: For non-synchronised TDD operation to meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 6: N/A
- NOTE 7: Void
- NOTE 8: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 1915.7 MHz. NOTE 9: Void
- NOTE 10: Void
- NOTE 11: Void
- NOTE 12: Void
- NOTE 13: Void NOTE 14: Void
- NOTE 15: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 16: Void
- NOTE 17: Void
- NOTE 18: Void
- NOTE 19: Applicable when the assigned NR carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.
- NOTE 20: Void
- NOTE 21: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2500 2570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 - 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 - 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.

	Spurious emission for UE co-existence				
NR	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)	Maximum	MBW	NOTE
Band			Level (dBm)	(MHz)	
NOTE 22:	NOTE 22: This requirement is applicable for power class 3 UE for any channel bandwidths within the range				
	2570 - 2615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier				
	centre frequency is within the range				
	when carrier centre frequency is wit only for an uplink transmission band				
	any channel bandwidths within the				
	or 3 UE for carriers with channel ba	ndwidth overlapping the free	juency range 2	2615 - 2620	) MHz the
NOTE OF	requirement applies with the maxim	um output power configured	to +19 dBm in	the IE P-N	Лах.
NOTE 23:	As exceptions, measurements with	a lovel up to the applicable r	oquiromont of	20 dBm/N	⁄l⊔z ic
NOTE 24.	permitted for each assigned NR car				
	emissions. An exception is allowed				
	bandwidth (see Figure 5.3.1-1) for v	which the 2nd harmonic total	ly or partially c	verlaps the	e
NOTE OF	measurement bandwidth (MBW).			00 -ID /N	41.1— :-
NOTE 25:	As exceptions, measurements with permitted for each assigned NR car				
	emissions. An exception is allowed				
	bandwidth (see Figure 5.3.1-1) for v				
	measurement bandwidth (MBW).				
NOTE 26:	For these adjacent bands, the emission and the emission of the protection of the emission of t		harmful interfe	rence to U	E(s)
NOTE 27	operating in the protected operating This requirement is applicable for a		n the range 19	20 - 1980 I	MHz with
1101227.	the following restriction: for carriers				
	the range 1927.5 - 1929.5 MHz and	for carriers of 20 MHz band	width when ca	rrier centre	)
	frequency is within the range 1930 -		is applicable of	only for an i	uplink
NOTE 28:	transmission bandwidth less than or	r equal to 54 RB.			
NOTE 29:					
NOTE 30:					
NOTE 31:					
NOTE 32:		for corriers with bandwidth w	n to 20MHz or	nd confined	Lwithin
INOTE 33.	This requirement is only applicable 1885-1920 MHz (requirement for ca				
	specified). This requirement applies				
	RB for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth				
	1894.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 N	MHz bandwidth when carrier	center frequer	ncy is withir	n the
NOTE 34:	range 1895 - 1903 MHz. This requirement is applicable for 5	and 10 MHz NP channel ha	ndwidth alloca	tod within .	718-728
INOTE 34.	MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz bandw				
	bandwidth less than or equal to 30 l				
NOTE 35:	This requirement is applicable in the				
NOTE 20.	733 MHz, otherwise the requiremen	t of -25 dBm with a measure	ement bandwic	Ith of 8 MH	z applies.
NOTE 36: NOTE 37:					
NOTE 38:					
NOTE 39:					
NOTE 40:		1 (4 . 1)	15.111		
NOTE 41:	Applicable for cases and when the I frequency is greater than or equal to				
	bandwidth, and when the lower edg				
	greater than or equal to 1440 MHz f	or 15 and 20 MHz bandwidt	h.	•	
NOTE 42:	Applicable for 5 MHz bandwidth, an				
	bandwidth frequency is less than or				
1	the upper edge of the assigned NR	o∟ charinei bandwidin frequ	f the assigned	iari ur equa	เเบ

NOTE: To simplify Table 6.5.3.2-1, E-UTRA band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for E-UTRA operation or both E-UTRA and NR operation. NR band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for NR operation.

bandwidth frequency is less than or equal to 1460.8 MHz for 20 MHz bandwidth.

1 MHz

### 6.5.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

0.009 < f < 2490.5

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

#### 6.5.3.3.1 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_04"

When "NS 04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

 Frequency range (MHz)
 Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)
 Measurement bandwidth

 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60, 80, 90, 100
 10
 10

 2495 ≤ f < 2496</td>
 -13
 1 % of Channel BW

 2490.5 ≤ f < 2495</td>
 -13
 1 MHz

-25

Table 6.5.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_04"

#### 6.5.3.3.2 Requirement for network signalling value "NS 17"

When "NS\_17" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_17"

Frequency	Channel bandwidth (MHz) /	Measurement	NOTE
range	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	bandwidth	
(MHz)	5, 10		
	•		
470 ≤ f ≤ 710	-26.2	6 MHz	1
NOTE 1: Applicable when the assigned NR carrier is confined within 718 MHz and			
748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.			

### 6.5.3.3.3 Requirement for network singalling value "NS\_18"

When "NS\_18" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3. 3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.3-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_18"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20	Measurement bandwidth	
692-698	-26.2	6 MHz	

### 6.5.3.3.4 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_05"

When "NS\_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.4-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_05"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20	Measurement bandwidth	
1884.5 ≤ f ≤ 1915.7	-41	300 kHz	

### 6.5.3.3.5 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_43"

When "NS 43" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.5-1: Additional requirement for "NS\_43"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15	Measurement bandwidth	
860 ≤ f ≤ 890	-40	1 MHz	
NOTE 1: Applicable for 5 MHz and 15 MHz channel BW confined between 900 MHz and 915 MHz and for 10 MHz channel BW confined between 905 MHz and 915 MHz			

#### 6.5.3.3.6 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_37"

When "NS\_37" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.6-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.6-1: Additional requirement for "NS\_37"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15,20	Measurement bandwidth
1475.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9	-35	1 MHz

#### 6.5.3.3.7 Requirement for network signalling value "NS 38"

When "NS\_38" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.7-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.7-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1430-1452MHz for "NS 38"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5, 10, 15, 20	]
1400 ≤ f ≤ 1427	-32	27 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall be verified with UE transmission power of 15 dBm.		

### 6.5.3.3.8 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_39"

When "NS\_39" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.8-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_39"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20	Measurement bandwidth
1475 ≤ f ≤ 1488	-28	1 MHz

#### 6.5.3.3.9 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_40"

When "NS\_40" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.9-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.9-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1427-1432MHz for "NS\_40"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5	Measurement bandwidth
1400 ≤ f ≤ 1427	-32	27 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall be verified with UE transmission power of 15 dBm.		

### 6.5.3.3.10 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_41"

When "NS\_41" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.10-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.10-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1432-1517 MHz for "NS 41"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60	Measurement bandwidth
1400 ≤ f ≤ 1427	-32	27 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall be verified with UE transmission power of 15 dBm.		

#### 6.5.3.3.11 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_42"

When "NS\_42" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.11-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.11-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1432-1517 MHz for "NS\_42"

	Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60	Measurement bandwidth
Γ	1518 ≤ f ≤ 1520	-0.8	1 MHz
	1520 < f ≤ 1559	-30	1 MHz

6.5.3.3.12	Void
6.5.3.3.13	Void
6.5.3.3.14	Void
6.5.3.3.15	Void

#### 6.5.3.3.16 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_50"

When "NS\_50" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.16-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.16-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_50"

Protected band	Frequenc	cy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE		
Frequency range	1805	·	1855	-40	1	1		
Frequency range	1855	-	1880	-15.5	5	1, 2, 3		
NOTE 1: This requirer	ment is applica	ble for	carriers with	aggregated channel bandwidth	s confined in 1885	-1920 MHz		
for 25MHz and 30MHz channel BWs and confined in 1880-1920 MHz for 40MHz channel BW.								
NOTE 2: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and								

Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 3: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

#### 6.5.4 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

UE transmit intermodulation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through NR rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.5.4-1.

The requirement of transmit intermodulation is specified in Table 6.5.4-1.

Table 6.5.4-1: Transmit Intermodulation

Wanted signal channel bandwidth	BW	Channel				
Interference signal frequency offset from channel center	BW <sub>Channel</sub>	2*BWchannel				
Interference CW signal level	-40 dBc					
Intermodulation product	< -29 dBc	< -35 dBc				
Measurement bandwidth	The maximum transmission bandwidth configuration among the different SC the channel BW as defined in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1					
Measurement offset from channel center	BWchannel and 2*BWchannel	2*BW <sub>Channel</sub> and 4*BW <sub>Channel</sub>				

# 6.5A Output RF spectrum emissions for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the output RF spectrum emissions requirements in clause 6.5 apply.

## 6.5A.1 Occupied bandwidth for CA

6.5A.1.1 Void

6.5A.1.2 Void

### 6.5A.1.3 Occupied bandwidth for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the occupied bandwidth is defined per component carrier. Occupied bandwidth is the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on assigned channel bandwidth on the component carrier. The occupied bandwidth shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.1-1.

### 6.5A.2 Out of band emission for CA

#### 6.5A.2.1 General

This clause contains requirements for out of band emissions for UE configured of carrier aggregation.

### 6.5A.2.2 Spectrum emission mask

6.5A.2.2.1 Void

6.5A.2.2.2 Void

#### 6.5A.2.2.3 Spectrum emission mask for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the spectrum emission mask of the UE is defined per component carrier while both component carriers are active and the requirements are specified in clauses 6.5.2.1 and 6.5.2.2. If for some frequency spectrum emission masks of component carriers overlap then spectrum emission mask allowing higher power spectral density applies for that frequency. If for some frequency a component carrier spectrum emission mask overlaps with the channel bandwidth of another component carrier, then the emission mask does not apply for that frequency.

6.5A.2.3	Additional spectrum emission mask
6.5A.2.3.1	Void
6.5A.2.3.2	Void
6.5A.2.3.3	Additional spectrum emission mask for Inter-band CA
6.5A.2.4	Adjacent channel leakage ratio
6.5A.2.4.1	NR ACLR
6.5A.2.4.1.1	Void
6.5A.2.4.1.2	Void

NR ACLR for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the NR Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (NRACLR) is defined per component carrier while both component carriers are active and the requirement is specified in clause 6.5.2.4.1.

6.5A.2.4.2	UTRA ACLR	
6.5A.2.4.2.1	Void	
6.5A.2.4.2.2	Void	
6.5A.2.4.2.3	UTRA ACLR for Inter-b	and CA

6.5A.2.4.1.3

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRAACLR) is defined per component carrier while both component carrier are active and the requirement is specified in clause 6.5.2.4.2.

# 6.5A.3 Spurious emission for CA

### 6.5A.3.1 General spurious emissions

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the spurious emission requirement Table 6.5.3.1-2 apply for the frequency ranges that are more than  $F_{OOB}$  as defined in Table 6.5.3.1-1 away from edges of the assigned channel bandwidth on a component carrier. If for some frequency a spurious emission requirement of individual component carrier overlaps with the spectrum emission mask or channel bandwidth of another component carrier then it does not apply.

NOTE: For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands the requirements in Table 6.5.3.1-2 could be verified by measuring spurious emissions at the specific frequencies where second and third order intermodulation products generated by the two transmitted carriers can occur; in that case, the requirements for remaining applicable frequencies in Table 6.5.3.1-2 would be considered to be verified by the measurements verifying the one uplink inter-band CA spurious emission requirement.

### 6.5A.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence

6.5A.3.2.1 Void

6.5A.3.2.2 Void

#### 6.5A.3.2.3 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with the uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1 apply on each component carrier with all component carriers are active.

NOTE: For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands the requirements in Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1 could be verified by measuring spurious emissions at the specific frequencies where second and third order intermodulation products generated by the two transmitted carriers can occur; in that case, the requirements for remaining applicable frequencies in Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1 would be considered to be verified by the measurements verifying the one uplink inter-band CA UE to UE co-existence requirements.

Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1: Requirements for uplink inter-band carrier aggregation (two bands)

NR CA		Spui	rious er	nission			
combination	Protected Band	Frequen	cy rang	je (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
CA_n3-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n8-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 11, 20, 21, 28, 34, 39, 40, 65, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3, 7, 41	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3

NOTE 1: F<sub>DL\_low</sub> and F<sub>DL\_high</sub> refer to each frequency band specified in Table 5.2-1 in TS 38.101-1 or Table 5.5-1 in TS 36.101

NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5<sup>th</sup> harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x L<sub>CRB</sub> x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, 5 for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.

NOTE 3: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 -1915.7 MHz

NOTE 4: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F<sub>OOB</sub> (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 5: Void

NOTE: To simplify Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1, E-UTRA band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for E-UTRA operation or both E-UTRA and NR operation. NR band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for NR operation.

### 6.5A.4 Transmit intermodulation for CA

6.5A.4.1 Void

6.5A.4.2 Void

#### 6.5A.4.3 Transmit intermodulation for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the transmit intermodulation requirement is specified in Table 6.5.4-1 which shall apply on each component carrier with both component carriers active.

# 6.5D Output RF spectrum emissions for UL MIMO

## 6.5D.1 Occupied bandwidth for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the requirements for occupied bandwidth apply to the sum of the powers from both UE transmit antenna connectors The occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the occupied bandwidth at each transmitter antenna shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in table 6.5.1-1. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.1 apply.

### 6.5D.2 Out of band emission for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the requirements for Out of band emissions resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitters is defined as the sum of the emissions from both UE transmit antenna connectors.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclause 6.5.2 apply. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.2 apply.

## 6.5D.3 Spurious emission for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the requirements for Spurious emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products are specified at each transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements specified in subclause 6.5.3 apply. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is configured for transmission on single-antenna port, the requirements in clause 6.5.3 apply.

#### 6.5D.4 Transmit intermodulation for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the transmit intermodulation requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector and the wanted signal is defined as the sum of output powers from both transmit antenna connector.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements specified in clause 6.5.4 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.4 apply.

# 7 Receiver characteristics

## 7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector(s) of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna(s) with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed for each antenna port(s). UE with an integral antenna(s) may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector, identical interfering signals shall be applied to each receiver antenna port if more than one of these is used (diversity).

The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective clauses below.

With the exception of clause 7.3, the requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS\_01 configured (Table 6.2.3-1).

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the UL reference measurement channels specified in Annexes A.2.2, the DL reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.2 and using the set-up specified in Annex C.3.1.

# 7.2 Diversity characteristics

The UE is required to be equipped with a minimum of two Rx antenna ports in all operating bands except for the bands n7, n38, n41, n77, n78, n79 where the UE is required to be equipped with a minimum of four Rx antenna ports. This requirement applies when the band is used as a standalone band or as part of a band combination.

For the single carrier REFSENS requirements in Clause 7, the UE shall be verified with two Rx antenna ports in all supported frequency bands, additional requirements for four Rx ports shall be verified in operating bands where the UE is equipped with four Rx antenna ports.

For Rx requirements other than single carrier REFSENS in Clause 7, the UE shall be verified with four Rx antenna ports and skip two Rx antenna ports requirements in operating bands where the UE is equipped with four Rx antenna ports, otherwise, the UE shall be verified with two Rx antenna ports.

The above rules apply for all clauses with the exception of clause 7.9.

# 7.3 Reference sensitivity

#### 7.3.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports for all UE categories, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

In later clauses of Clause 7 where the value of REFSENS is used as a reference to set the corresponding requirement:

in all bands, the UE shall be verified against those requirements by applying the REFSENS value in Table 7.3.2-1 with 2 Rx antenna ports tested;

for bands where the UE is required to be equipped with 4 Rx antenna ports, the UE shall additionally be verified against those requirements by applying the resulting REFSENS value derived from the requirement in Table 7.3.2-2 with 4 Rx antenna ports tested.

# 7.3.2 Reference sensitivity power level

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2.

Table 7.3.2-1: Two antenna port reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

				0	perating ba	ind / SCS / 0	Channel ban	dwidth / Du	plex-mode					
Operating Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8									
n1	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0									FDD
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2									
	15	-98.0	-94.8	-93.0	-91.8									
n2	30		-95.1	-93.1	-92.0									FDD
	60		-95.5	-93.4	-92.2									
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-92.0	-90.8	-89.7	-88.9							
n3	30		-94.1	-92.1	-91.0	-89.8	-89.0							FDD
	60		-94.5	-92.4	-91.2	-90.0	-89.1							
	15	-98.0	-94.8	-93.0	-86.8									
n5	30		-95.1	-93.1	-88.6									FDD
	60													
	15	-98.0	-94.8	-93.0	-91.8									
n7¹	30		-95.1	-93.1	-92.0									FDD
	60		-95.5	-93.4	-92.2									
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-91.4	-85.8									
n8	30		-94.1	-91.7	-87.2									FDD
	60													
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-84.0										
n12	30		-94.1	-84.1										FDD
	60													
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-91.0	-89.8									
n20	30		-94.1	-91.1	-90.0									FDD
	60													
	15	-96.5	-93.3	-91.5	-90.3									
n25	30		-93.6	-91.6	-90.5									FDD
Ī	60		-94.0	-91.9	-90.7									
	15	-98.5	-95.5	-93.5	-90.8									
n28	30		-95.6	-93.6	-91.0									FDD
Ţ	60													
n34	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0										TDD

Operating band / SCS / Channel bandwidth / Duplex-mode														
Operating Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode
	30		-97.1	-95.1	,	,		`	•		,	,		
	60		-97.5	-95.4										
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8									
n38¹	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0									TDD
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2									
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6						
n39	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7						TDD
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9						
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6	-89.6					
n40	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7	-89.7	-88.9	-87.6			TDD
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9	-89.8	-89.1	-87.6			
	15		-94.8	-93.0	-91.8			-88.6	-87.6					
n41 <sup>1</sup>	30		-95.1	-93.1	-92.0			-88.7	-87.7	-86.9	-85.6	-85.1	-84.7	TDD
	60		-95.5	-93.4	-92.2			-88.9	-87.8	-87.1	-85.6	-85.1	-84.7	
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8			-90.6	-89.6					
n50	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0			-90.7	-89.7	-88.9	-87.6			TDD
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2			-90.9	-89.8	-89.1	-87.6			
	15	-100.0												
n51	30													TDD
	60													
	15	-99.5	-96.3	-94.5	-93.3			-90.1						
n66	30		-96.6	-94.6	-93.5			-90.2						FDD
	60		-97.0	-94.9	-93.7			-90.4						
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7								
n70	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8								FDD
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0								
	15	-97.2	-94.0	-91.6	-86.0									
n71	30		-94.3	-91.9	-87.4									FDD
	60													
	15	-99.5 <sup>3</sup>	-96.3 <sup>3</sup>	-94.5 <sup>3</sup>	-89.3 <sup>3</sup>									
n74	30		-96.6 <sup>3</sup>	-94.6 <sup>3</sup>	-89.5 <sup>3</sup>									FDD
	60		-97.0 <sup>3</sup>	-94.9 <sup>3</sup>	-89.6 <sup>3</sup>									
n75 <sup>7</sup>	15	-100	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8									CDI
n/5'	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0									SDL

				0	perating ba	nd / SCS / 0	Channel ban	dwidth / Du	plex-mode					
Operating Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2									
	15	-100												
n76 <sup>7</sup>	30													SDL
-	60													
	15		-95.3	-93.5	-92.2			-89.1	-88.1					
n77 <sup>1,4</sup>	30		-95.6	-93.6	-92.4			-89.2	-88.2	-87.4	-86.1	-85.6	-85.1	TDD
-	60		-96.0	-93.9	-92.6			-89.4	-88.3	-87.5	-86.2	-85.7	-85.2	
	15		-95.8	-94.0	-92.7			-89.6	-88.6					
n78¹	30		-96.1	-94.1	-92.9			-89.7	-88.7	-87.9	-86.6	-86.1	-85.6	TDD
-	60		-96.5	-94.4	-93.1			-89.9	-88.8	-88.0	-86.7	-86.2	-85.7	
	15							-89.6	-88.6					
n79¹	30							-89.7	-88.7	-87.9	-86.6		-85.6	TDD
 	60							-89.9	-88.8	-88.0	-86.7		-85.7	

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NOTE 1: Four Rx antenna ports shall be the baseline for this operating band except for two Rx vehicular UE.

NOTE 2: The transmitter shall be set to P<sub>UMAX</sub> as defined in clause 6.2.4

NOTE 3: The requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the assigned NR channel bandwidth is confined within 1475.9 - 1510.9 MHz.

NOTE 4: The requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the assigned UE channel bandwidth is confined within 3300 - 3800 MHz.

NOTE 6: Void.

NOTE 7: For SDL bands, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified by inter-band CA combinations with SDL band, which are supported by UE.

For UE(s) equipped with 4 Rx antenna ports, reference sensitivity for 2Rx antenna ports in Table 7.3.2-1 shall be modified by the amount given in  $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$  in Table 7.3.2-2 for the applicable operating bands.

Table 7.3.2-2: Four antenna port reference sensitivity allowance  $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$ 

Operating band	ΔR <sub>IB,4R</sub> (dB)
n1, n2, n3, n40, n7, n34, n38, n39, n41, n66, n70	-2.7
n77, n78, n79	-2.2

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 shall be met with uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.2-3.

Table 7.3.2-3: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

			Оре	erating	band / S	CS / Cha	annel ba	andwid	h / Dup	lex mo	de			
Operating Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	Duplex Mode
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75¹	100 <sup>1</sup>									
n1	30		24	36¹	50 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	24									
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>									
n2	30	10 <sup>1</sup>	24	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>							
n3	30		24	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>							FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>							
	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>									
n5	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60													
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>									
n7	30		24	36¹	36 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	18 <sup>1</sup>									
	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>									
n8	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60													
	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>										
n12	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
	60													
	15	25	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>2</sup>	20 <sup>2</sup>									
n20	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>									FDD
	60													
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>									
n25	30		24	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									
	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									
n28	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60													
	15	25	50	75										
n34	30		24	36										TDD
	60		10	18										
	15	25	50	75	100									
n38	30		24	36	50									TDD
	60		10	18	24									
200	15	25	50	75	100	128	160	216						TDD
n39	30		24	36	50	64	75	100						TDD

			Оре	erating	band / S	CS / Cha	nnel ba	andwid	h / Dup	lex mo	de			
Operating Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	Duplex Mode
24.14	60		10	18	24	30	36	50						mouo
	15	25	50	75	100	128	160	216	270					
n40	30		24	36	50	64	75	100	128	162	216			TDD
-	60		10	18	24	30	36	50	64	75	100			
	15		50	75	100			216	270					
n41	30		24	36	50			100	128	162	216	243	270	TDD
	60		10	18	24			50	64	75	100	120	135	
	15	25	50	75	100			216	270					
n50	30		24	36	50			100	128	162	NOTE 3			TDD
	60		10	18	24			50	64	75	NOTE 3			
	15	25												
n51	30													TDD
	60													
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75¹	100 <sup>1</sup>			216						
n66	30		24	36 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>			100 <sup>1</sup>						FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	24			50 <sup>1</sup>						
	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>	NOTE 3	NOTE 3								
n70	30		24	36¹	NOTE 3	NOTE 3								FDD
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	NOTE 3	NOTE 3								
	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>									
n71	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60													
	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									
n74	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>									FDD
	60		5 <sup>1</sup>	5 <sup>1</sup>	5 <sup>1</sup>									
	15		50	75	100			216	270					
n77	30		24	36	50			100	128	162	216	243	270	TDD
	60		10	18	24			50	64	75	100	120	135	
	15		50	75	100			216	270					
n78	30		24	36	50			100	128	162	216	243	270	TDD
	60		10	18	24			50	64	75	100	120	135	
	15							216	270					
n79	30							100	128	162	216		270	TDD
	60							50	64	75	100		135	

NOTE 1: UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.3.2-1).

NOTE 2: For Band 20; for 15 kHz SCS, in the case of 15 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 11 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 16; for 30 kHz SCS, in the case of 15 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 6 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 3 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 3 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RBstart 4;

NOTE 3: For DL channel bandwidths that do not have symmetric UL channel bandwidth, highest valid UL configuration with lowest duplex distance shall be used.

Unless given by Table 7.3.2-4, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3.2-1 and 7.3.2-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS\_01 (Table 6.2.3-1) configured.

 Operating band
 Network Signalling value

 n2
 NS\_03

 n12
 NS\_06

NS\_03 NS\_03

NS 03

NS 35

n25

n66 n70

n71

Table 7.3.2-4: Network signaling value for reference sensitivity

## 7.3.3 $\Delta R_{IB.c}$

For a UE supporting CA, SUL or DC band combination, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in Table 7.3.2-1 shall be increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

- When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
- When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

# 7.3A Reference sensitivity for CA

### 7.3A.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports for all UE categories, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

# 7.3A.2 Reference sensitivity power level for CA

## 7.3A.2.1 Reference sensitivity power level for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the throughput of each component carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.2.3.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1, Table 7.3.2-2, and Table 7.3.2-3.

#### 7.3A.2.2 Void

#### 7.3A.2.3 Reference sensitivity power level for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band the throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1, Table 7.3.2-2 and Table 7.3.2-3 modified in accordance with clause 7.3A.3.2. The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with all downlink

component carriers active and one of the uplink carriers active. Exceptions to reference sensitivity are allowed in accordance with clause 7.3A.4.

7.3A.2.4 Void

## 7.3A.3 $\Delta R_{IB.c}$ for CA

#### 7.3A.3.1 General

For a UE supporting a CA configuration, the  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  applies for both SC and CA operation.

#### 7.3A.3.2 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for Inter-band CA

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in clause 7.3A.2 shall be increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in clause 7.3A.3.2 for the applicable operating bands. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

- When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq 1$  GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
- When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{\rm IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

### 7.3A.3.2.1 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for two bands

Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1: ΔR<sub>IB,c</sub> due to CA (two bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n3-n77	n3	0.2
CA_IIS-III I	n77	0.5
CA n3-n78	n3	0.2
CA_113-1176	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n79	n79	0.5
CA n8-n78	n8	0.2
CA 110-117 0	n78	0.5
CA_n8-n79	n79	0.5
CA n28-n75	n28	0.2
CA n20 n70	n28	0.2
CA_n28-n78	n78	0.5
CA_n41-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n78	0.5
CA_n75-n78	n78	0.5
CA_n76-n78	n78	0.5

NOTE 1: The requirements only apply when the sub-frame and Tx-Rx timings are synchronized between the component carriers. In the absence of synchronization, the requirements are not within scope of these specifications.

#### 7.3A.3.2.2 Void

## 7.3A.4 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference for CA

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band in frequency range 1 if it is impacted by UL harmonic interference from another band in frequency range 1 of the same CA configuration. Reference sensitivity exceptions are specified in Table 7.3A.4-1 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3A.4-2.

Table 7.3A.4-1: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic for NR CA FR1

MSD due to harmonic exception for the DL band													
UL band	DL band	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
		dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
n3	n77 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.9	16.1	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n77 <sup>3</sup>		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n3	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.9	16.1	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78 <sup>3</sup>		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n8	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8.0			5.1	4.2	3.5	2.3	2.1	1.4
n8	n79 <sup>6,7</sup>							[6.8]	6.2	[5.6]	4.9		4.4
n28	n75 <sup>1,2</sup>	28.1	25.3	24.0	22.8								
	n78 <sup>6,7</sup>		[10.4]	[8.9]	[7.8]			[4.7]	[3.7]	[3]	[1.7]	[1.2]	[0.7]

- NOTE 1: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band and a range  $\Delta F_{HD}$  above and below the edge of this downlink transmission bandwidth. The value  $\Delta F_{HD}$  depends on the band combination:  $\Delta F_{HD} = 10$  MHz for CA\_n3-n77, CA\_n3-n78.
- NOTE 2: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} = \lfloor f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}} / 0.2 \rfloor b.1$  in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}\_low}^{\mathit{LB}} + B \, W_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}} / 2 \leq f_{\mathit{UL}\_high}^{\mathit{LB}} B \, W_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}} / 2$  with  $f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $BW_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band.
- NOTE 3: The requirements are only applicable to channel bandwidths no larger than 20 MHz and with a carrier frequency at  $\frac{\pm \left(20 + BW \frac{HB}{Channel} / 2\right)}{2}$  MHz offset from  $\frac{2}{2} f_{UL}^{LB}$  in the victim (higher band) with  $F_{UL-low}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL-high}^{LB} B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$ , where  $\frac{BW_{Channel}^{LB}}{Channel}$  are the channel bandwidths configured in the aggressor (lower) and victim (higher) bands in MHz, respectively.
- NOTE 4: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of a low band for which the 4<sup>th</sup> transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a high band
- NOTE 5: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of a low band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{\scriptscriptstyle UL}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} = \left\lfloor f_{\scriptscriptstyle DL}^{\scriptscriptstyle HB} / 0.4 \right\rfloor 0.1_{\rm in~MHz~and} \ F_{\scriptscriptstyle UL\_low}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} + BW_{\scriptscriptstyle Channel}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} / 2 \leq f_{\scriptscriptstyle UL}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} \leq F_{\scriptscriptstyle UL\_high}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} BW_{\scriptscriptstyle Channel}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} / 2 \text{ with } f_{\scriptscriptstyle DL}^{\scriptscriptstyle HB} \text{ the carrier frequency of a high band in MHz and } BW_{\scriptscriptstyle Channel}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} \text{ the channel bandwidth configured in the low band.}$
- NOTE 6: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of a low band for which the 5th transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a high band.

Table 7.3A.4-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference for NR CA, FR1

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band												
UL band	DL band	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n3	n77		25	36	50			50	50	50	50	50	50
n3	n78		25	36	50			50	50	50	50	50	50
n8	n78		16	25	25			25	25	25	25	25	25
n8	n79							25	25	25	25		25
n28	n75	12	25	36	50								
n28	n78		10	15	20			25	25	25	25	25	25

NOTE 1: 15 kHz SCS is assumed for UL band.

NOTE 2: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.

NOTE 3: Unless stated otherwise, UL resource blocks shall be centred within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth.

**Table 7.3A.4-3: Void** 

Table 7.3A.4-3a: Void

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band if it is impacted by receiver harmonic mixing due to another band part of the same CA configuration. Reference sensitivity exceptions are specified in Table 7.3A.4-4 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3A.4-4a.

Table 7.3A.4-4: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to harmonic mixing for CA in NR FR1

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band												
UL band													
n41													
n78	n78												

NOTE 1: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left[ f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.15 \right] 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL\_high}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} - B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $F_{Channel}^{LB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band

NOTE 2: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (high) band (superscript HB) such that  $f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} = \left\lfloor 15 * f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}} \right\rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{HB}} + \mathit{BW} \atop \mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{HB}} / 2 \le f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{HB}} \le f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{HB}} - \mathit{BW} \atop \mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{HB}} / 2$  with  $f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{LB}}$  carrier frequency in the victim (lower) band in MHz and  $g_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{BW}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the higher band.

Table 7.3A.4-4a: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to receiver harmonic mixing for CA in NR FR1

			NR Ba	nd / SCS	6 / Chanı	nel band	width of	the affe	ected DL	band			
UL band	DL band	SCS (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n41	n41 n78 30 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24												
n78	n78 n41 30 50 50 50 50 50 50 50												

NOTE 1: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the UL band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.

## 7.3A.5 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to intermodulation interference due to 2UL CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands given in Table 7.3A.5-1 the reference sensitivity is defined only for the specific uplink and downlink test points specified in Table 7.3A.5-1. For these test points the reference sensitivity requirement specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 are relaxed by the amount of the corresponding parameter MSD given in Table 7.3A.5-1.

Table 7.3A.5-1: 2DL/2UL interband Reference sensitivity QPSK P<sub>REFSENS</sub> and uplink/downlink configurations

	Band / C	hannel ban	dwidth / NR	в / Duplex n	node			
NR CA band combination	NR band	UL F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	UL/DL BW (MHz)	UL C <sub>LRB</sub>	DL F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	MSD (dB)	Duplex mode	Source of IMD
CA_n3-n78	n3	1740	5	25	1835	[26] [28.7 <sup>5</sup> ]	FDD	IMD2 <sup>4</sup>
	n78	3575	10	25	3575	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n3-n78	n3	1765	5	25	1860	[8.0] [10.7 <sup>5</sup> ]	FDD	IMD4 <sup>4</sup>
	n78	3435	10	25	3435	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA n0 n70	n8	897.5	5	25	942.5	8.3	FDD	IMD4
CA_n8-n78	n78	3635	10	50	3635	N/A	TDD	N/A

NOTE 1: Both of the transmitters shall be set min(+20 dBm, PCMAX\_L,f,c) as defined in clause 6.2A.4

NOTE 2: RB<sub>START</sub> = 0, 15 kHz SCS is assumed.

NOTE 3: No requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the intermodulation generated by the dual uplink is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the FDD band. The reference sensitivity should only be verified when this is not the case (the requirements specified in clause 7.3 apply).

NOTE 4: This band is subject to IMD5 also which MSD is not specified.

NOTE 5: Applicable only if operation with 4 antenna ports is supported in the band with carrier aggregation configured.

### 7.3A.6 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation for CA

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band if it is impacted by UL of another band part of the same NR CA configuration due to cross band isolation issues. Reference sensitivity exceptions for the victim band are specified in Table 7.3A.6-1 with uplink configuration of the agressor band specified in Table 7.3A.6-2.

Table 7.3A.6-1: Reference sensitivity exceptions (MSD) due to cross band isolation for NR CA FR1

				NR Band	d / Chann	el bandw	idth of th	ne affecte	d DL bar	nd				
UL band	band band MHz													
n41														
n78	n41 <sup>1</sup>		4.5	4.5	4.5			4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	
n78	n78 n79 2 2 2 2 2 2													
n79														

NOTE 1: Applicable only when harmonic mixing MSD for this combination is not applied.

NOTE 2: The requirements only apply for UEs supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with simultaneous Rx/Tx capability. Simultaneous Rx/Tx capability does not apply for UEs supporting band n78 with a n77 implementation.

Table 7.3A.6.2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation for NR CA FR1

			NR Bar	nd / SC	S / Cha	nnel ba	ndwidt	h of th	e affect	ted DL	band			
UL band	DL band	SCS of UL band (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n41	n78	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n41	30		270	270	270			270	270	270	270	270	270
n78	n79	30							270 <sup>2</sup>	270 <sup>2</sup>	270 <sup>2</sup>	270 <sup>2</sup>		270 <sup>2</sup>
n79	n78	30		270 <sup>2</sup>	270 <sup>2</sup>	270 <sup>2</sup>			270 <sup>2</sup>					

NOTE 1: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the UL band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.

NOTE 2: The requirements only apply for UEs supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with simultaneous Rx/Tx capability. Simultaneous Rx/Tx capability does not apply for UEs supporting band n78 with a n77 implementation.

#### 7.3B Void

### 7.3C Reference sensitivity for SUL

#### 7.3C.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports for all UE categories, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

### 7.3C.2 Reference sensitivity power level for SUL

For SUL operation, the reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement for downlink bands specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 or supplementary uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3C.2-1 with reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1), unless sensitivity degradation is allowed in this clause of this specification. These exceptions also apply to any higher order CA or DC combination containing one of the exception combinations in this clause as subset.

Table 7.3C.2-1: Supplementary uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

Do	ownlink ba	nd/ Upli	nk ban	d / Cha	nnel ba	ndwidth	/ N <sub>RB</sub>	
Downlink band	Uplink band	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz
n78	n80	15	25	50	75	100	128	160
n78	n81	15	25	50	75	100		
n78	n82	15	25	50	75	100		
n78	n83	15	25	50	75	100		
n78	n84	15	25	50	75	100		
n78	n86	15	25	50	75	100		
n79	n80	15	25	50	75	100		
n79	n81	15	25	50	75	100		

For the UE that supports any of the SUL operation given in Table 7.3C.2-2, exceptions to the requirements specified in Table 7.3.2-1 are allowed when the uplink is active in a lower frequency band and is within a specified frequency range such that transmitter harmonics fall within the downlink transmission bandwidth assigned in a higher band as noted in

Table 7.3C.2-2. For these exceptions, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.3C.2-2 and Table 7.3C.2-3

Table 7.3C.2-2: Reference sensitivity for SUL operation (exceptions due to harmonic issue)

			N	IR Band	/ Chanr	nel band	lwidth o	f the hig	h band				
UL	DL	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
band	band	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
		dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
n80	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78³		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n82	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8			6	4.0	3.2	2.0	1.5	1.0
n81	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8			5.1	4.2	3.5	2.3	1.5	1.4
n83	n78 <sup>6,7</sup>		10.4	8.9	7.8			4.7	3.7	3	1.7	1.2	0.7
n86	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0	14.8	14.3	13.8
1100	n78³		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n81	n79 <sup>6,7</sup>							[6.8]	6.2	[5.6]	4.9		4.4

- NOTE 1: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band and a range ΔF<sub>HD</sub> above and below the edge of this downlink transmission bandwidth. The value ΔF<sub>HD</sub> depends on the band combination: ΔF<sub>HD</sub> = 10 MHz for SUL\_n78-n80, SUL\_n78-n86.
- NOTE 2: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \lfloor f_{DL}^{BB} / 0.2 \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $f_{UL-low}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL-high}^{LB} B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{BB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $f_{Channel}^{BW}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band
- NOTE 3: The requirements are only applicable to channel bandwidths no larger than 20 MHz and with a carrier frequency at  $\frac{\pm \left(20 + BW \frac{HB}{Channel} / 2\right)}{2}$  MHz offset from  $\frac{2}{2} f_{UL}^{LB}$  in the victim (higher band) with  $F_{UL-low}^{LB} + B W \frac{LB}{Channel} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL-high}^{LB} B W \frac{LB}{Channel} / 2$ , where  $\frac{BW_{Channel}^{LB}}{Channel}$  are the channel bandwidths configured in the aggressor (lower) and victim (higher) bands in MHz, respectively.
- NOTE 4: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 4<sup>th</sup> transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band.
- NOTE 5: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \lfloor f_{DL}^{BB} / 0.4 \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL\_high}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $BW_{Channel}^{LB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band
- NOTE 6: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 5th transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band.
- NOTE 7: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} = \lfloor f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}} / 0.5 \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}\_low}^{\mathit{LB}} + B \, W_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}} / 2 \le f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} \le F_{\mathit{UL}\_high}^{\mathit{LB}} B \, W_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}} / 2$  with  $f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $BW_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band.

Table 7.3C.2-3: Supplementary uplink configuration (exceptions due to harmonic issue)

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band													
UL band	DL band	5 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	10 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	15 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	20 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	25 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	30 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	40 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	50 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	60 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	80 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	90 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	100 MHz (N <sub>RB</sub> )	
n80	n78		25	36	50			50	50	50	50	50	50	
n81	n78		16	25	25			25	25	25	25	25	25	
n81	n79							25	25	25	25		25	
n82	n78		16	20	20			20	20	20	20	20	20	
n83	n78		10	15	20			25	25	25	25	25	25	
n86	n78		25	36	50			100	100	100	100	100	100	

NOTE 1: 15 kHz SCS is assumed for UL band.

NOTE 2: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band.

NOTE 3: Unless stated otherwise, UL resource blocks shall be centered within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth.

### 7.3C.3 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for SUL

#### 7.3C.3.1 General

For a UE supporting a SUL configuration, the  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  applies for both SC and SUL operation.

#### 7.3C.3.2 SUL band combination

For the UE which supports SUL band combiantion, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in clause 7.3C.2 shall be increased by the amount given in  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in clause 7.3C.3.2 for the applicable operating bands. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

- When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq 1$  GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
- When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

#### 7.3C.3.2.1 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for two bands

Table 7.3C.3.2.1-1:  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  due to SUL (two bands)

Band combination for SUL	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
SUL_n78-n80	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n81	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n82	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n83	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n84	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n86	n78	0.5

### 7.3D Reference sensitivity for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.3 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1 and the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2 for CP-OFDM waveforms shall apply. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{UMAX}$  is the total transmitter power over the two transmits power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

### 7.4 Maximum input level

Maximum input level is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel. The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexs A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4-1.

Table 7.4-1: Maximum input level

Rx	Units					Ch	annel b	oandwi	dth				
Parameter		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
		IVITZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITIZ	IVITZ	IVITZ	IVITIZ	IVITZ	IVITZ	IVITZ	IVITIZ
Power in			-2	5 <sup>2</sup>		-24 <sup>2</sup>	-23 <sup>2</sup>	-22 <sup>2</sup>	-21 <sup>2</sup>		-2	$0^{2}$	
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm		-273			-26 <sup>3</sup>	-25 <sup>3</sup>	-24 <sup>3</sup>	-23 <sup>3</sup>	-22 <sup>3</sup>			

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> as defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.3 or A.3.3.3 for 64 QAM.
- NOTE 3: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.4 or A.3.3.4 for 256 QAM.

### 7.4A Maximum input level for CA

### 7.4A.1 Maximum input level for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation maximum input level is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, over the Transmission bandwidth configuration of each CC.

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexs A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4A.1-1 for each component carrier.

Table 7.4A.1-1: Maximum input level for Intra-band contiguous CA

Rx Parameter	Units	N	R CA Bandwidth Clas	SS
		С		
Power in largest transmission		<b>-23</b> <sup>2</sup>		
bandwidth configuration CC, Plargest	dBm	-25 <sup>3</sup>		
Power in each other CC	dBm	P <sub>largest BW</sub> +10*log{	((NRB,c*SCSc)/(NRB,larges	st BW*SCSlargest BW)}

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> as defined in clause 6.2.4.

- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.3 or A.3.3.3 for 64 QAM.
- NOTE 3: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.4 or A.3.3.4 for 256 QAM.

#### 7.4A.2 Void

#### 7.4A.3 Maximum input level for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the maximum input level is defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.4 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexs A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) for each component carrier.

### 7.4D Maximum input level for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.4 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

### 7.5 Adjacent channel selectivity

Adjacent channel selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive an NR signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirements specified in Table 7.5-1 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and the minimum requirements specified in Table 7.5-2 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz. These requirements apply for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm and for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. However, it is not possible to directly measure the ACS; instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen as in Table 7.5-3 and Table 7.5-4 for verification of the requirements specified in Table 7.5-1, and as in Table 7.5-5 and Table 7.5-6 for verification of the requirements specified in Table 7.5-2. For these test parameters, the throughput shall be  $\ge 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1). For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.5-1: ACS for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
ACS	dB	33	33	30	27	26
RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
ACS	dB	25.5	24	23	22.5	21
RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
ACS	dB	20.5	20			

Table 7.5-2: ACS for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz
ACS	dB	33	33	33	33	33
RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	
ACS	dB	33	33	33	33	

Table 7.5-3: Test parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz, case 1

RX parameter	Units		CI	hannel bandwid	lth	
•		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		R	EFSENS + 14 d	В	
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 42.5 dB	REFSENS + 39.5 dB	REFSENS + 38.5 dB
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	5 / -5	7.5 / -7.5	10 / -10	12.5 / -12.5	15 / -15
RX parameter	Units	-		hannel bandwid		
·		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		R	EFSENS + 14 d	В	
P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	REFSENS + 38 dB	REFSENS + 36.5 dB	REFSENS + 35.5 dB	REFSENS + 35 dB	REFSENS + 33.5 dB
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	17.5 / -17.5	22.5 / -22.5	27.5 / -27.5	32.5 / -32.5	42.5 / -42.5
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwid	th	
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSEN	S + 14 dB			
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 33 dB	REFSENS + 32.5 dB			
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	5	5			
Finterferer (Offset)	MHz	47.5 / -47.5	52.5 / -52.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(\lceil F_{\text{interferer}} \rceil / SCS \rceil + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the NR interferer RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5-4: Test parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz, case 2

RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwic	ith	
-		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth	dBm	-56.5	-56.5	-53.5	-50.5	-49.5
configuration						
Pinterferer	dBm			-25		
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	5	7.5	10	12.5	15
		/	/	/	/	/
		-5	-7.5	-10	-12.5	-15
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwic		•
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	-49	-47	-46.5	-46	-44.5
Pinterferer	dBm			-25		
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
F <sub>interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	17.5 / -17.5	22.5 / -22.5	27.5 / -27.5	32.5 / -32.5	42.5 / -42.5
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwic		•
•		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	-44	-43.5			
Pinterferer	dBm	-25				
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5			
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	47.5 / -47.5	52.5 / -52.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(\lceil F_{interferer} \mid / SCS \mid \rceil + 0.5)_{SCS}$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

Table 7.5-5: Test parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 1

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
-		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz
Power in	dBm		R	EFSENS + 14 d	В	
transmission						
bandwidth						
configuration						
Pinterferer	dBm		RI	FSENS + 45.5	dB	
BWinterferer	MHz	10	15	20	40	50
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10	15	20	40	50
		/	/	/	/	/
		-10	-15	-20	-40	-50
RX parameter	Units		CI	hannel bandwid		
		60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	
Power in	dBm					
transmission			REESENS	6 + 14 dB		
bandwidth			INEI OLIVO	7 14 05		
configuration						
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	REFSENS	
		+ 45.5 dB	+ 45.5 dB	+ 45.5 dB	+ 45.5 dB	
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	60	80	90	100	
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	60	80	90	100	
		/	/	/	/	
		-60	-80	-90	-100	

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{interferer}| / SCS | + 0.5 ) SCS | MHz$  with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the wanted signal.
- NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5-6: Test parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 2

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
-		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz
Power in	dBm					
transmission bandwidth configuration		-56.5				
Pinterferer	dBm			-25		
BWinterferer	MHz	10	15	20	40	50
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10	15	20	40	50
		/	/	/	/	/
		-10	-15	-20	-40	-50
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	dth	
		60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		-5	6.5		
Pinterferer	dBm	-25	-25	-25	-25	
BWinterferer	MHz	60	80	90	100	
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	60	80	90	100	
		/	/	/	/	
		-60	-80	-90	-100	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(|F_{interferer}|/SCS|^2 + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the wanted signal.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

### 7.5A Adjacent channel selectivity for CA

### 7.5A.1 Adjacent channel selectivity for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5A.1-1 and 7.5A.1-1a for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.5A.1-2, 7.5A.1-2a, 7.5A.1-3 and 7.5A.1-3a.

Table 7.5A.1-1: ACS for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

		NR CA bandwidth class		
Rx Parameter	Units	С		
ACS	dB	33.0		

Table 7.5A.1-1a: ACS for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL low</sub> < 2700 MHz and F<sub>UL low</sub> < 2700 MHz

		NR CA bandwidth class
Rx Parameter	Units	С
ACS	dB	17.0

Table 7.5A.1-2: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 1

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class
		С
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB
P <sub>Interferer</sub>	dBm	Aggregated power + 31.5 dB
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	MHz	BW <sub>channel CA</sub>
F <sub>Interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	BW channel CA/-BW channel CA

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4 .

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(F_{interferer} | / SCS] + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5A.1-2a: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$ <2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$ <2700 MHz, case 1

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class				
		С				
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB				
Configuration, per CC		REFSENS + 14 UB				
P <sub>Interferer</sub>	dBm	Aggregated power + 15.5 dB				
BWInterferer	MHz	5				
FInterferer (offset)	MHz	2.5 + F <sub>offset</sub>				
		/				
		-2.5 - F <sub>offset</sub>				
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below PCMAX_L,f,c at the minimum UL						
configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P <sub>CMAX_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.						
NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F <sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further						

adjusted to  $\frac{|F_{\text{interferer}}|/SCS|^{+0.5}SCS}{|F_{\text{interferer}}|/SCS|^{+0.5}SCS}$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5A.1-3: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 2

Rx Parameter	Units		NR CA bandwidth class
		С	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	-56.5	
P <sub>Interferer</sub>	dBm	-25	
BWInterferer	MHz	BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	BW <sub>channel</sub> CA / -BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{interferer}| / SCS | + 0.5) SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5A.1-3a: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  <2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  <2700 MHz, case 2

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA Bandwidth Class				
		С				
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	-40.5 + 10log(N <sub>RB,c</sub> /N <sub>RB_agg</sub> )				
Pinterferer	dBm	-25				
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	MHz	5				
F <sub>Interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	2.5 + F <sub>offset</sub>				
		/				
		-2.5 - F <sub>offset</sub>				
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below Power to at the minimum III						

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(\lceil F_{\text{interferer}} \mid / SCS \rceil + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz
- NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

#### 7.5A.2 Void

### 7.5A.3 Adjacent channel selectivity Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the adjacent channel requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.5 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.5D Adjacent channel selectivity for UL MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.5 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{\text{CMAX L}}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

### 7.6 Blocking characteristics

#### 7.6.1 General

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occurs.

### 7.6.2 In-band blocking

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz in-band blocking (IBB) is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.2-1 and Table 7.6.2-2. The relative

throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.6.2-1: In-band blocking parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	ith	
		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
Power in	dBm	R	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth s	pecific value belo	)W
transmission	dB	6	6	7	9	10
bandwidth						
configuration						
BWinterferer	MHz			5		
Floffset, case 1	MHz			7.5		
Floffset, case 2	MHz			12.5		
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwic		
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in	dBm	R	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth s	pecific value belo	)W
transmission			_			
bandwidth	dB	11	12	13	14	15
configuration						
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz			5		
Floffset, case 1	MHz			7.5		
F <sub>loffset, case 2</sub>	MHz			12.5		
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwic	ith	T
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in	dBm	REFSENS	S + channel			
transmission			specific value			
bandwidth		below				
configuration						
	dB	15.5	16			
BWinterferer	MHz		5			
Floffset, case 1	MHz		.5			
Floffset, case 2	MHz		2.5		111 6 6	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and 15 kHz SCS.

Table 7.6.2-2: In-band blocking for NR bands with  $F_{DL\ high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\ high}$  < 2700 MHz

Case 3
-15
F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 12

NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(|F_{interferer}|/SCS|+0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BWchannel/2 - Floffset, case 1; b: BWchannel/2 + Floffset, case 1

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz in-band blocking (IBB) is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into an immediately adjacent frequency range up to  $3*BW_{Channel}$  below or above the UE receive band where  $BW_{Channel}$  is the bandwidth of the wanted signal. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\ge 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1)] with parameters specified in Table 7.6.2-3 and Table 7.6.2-4. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6.2-3: In-band blocking parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

RX parameter	Units		CI	nannel bandwid	lth			
		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz		
Power in	dBm	R	EFSENS + chan	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	W		
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB		6					
BWinterferer	MHz	10	15	20	40	50		
Floffset, case 1	MHz	15	22.5	30	60	75		
Floffset, case 2	MHz	25	37.5	50	100	125		
RX parameter	Units		CI	nannel bandwid	lth			
		60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in	dBm	REFSENS	S + channel band	dwidth specific va	alue below			
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	6						
BWinterferer	MHz	60	80	90	100			
Floffset, case 1	MHz	90	120	135	150			
Floffset, case 2	MHz	150	200	225	250			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

Table 7.6.2-4: In-band blocking for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	-56	-44
n77, n78,	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -	≤ -BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -
n79			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2
			and	and
			BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +	≥ BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2
	Finterferer			F <sub>DL_low</sub> –
				3*BW <sub>Channel</sub>
			NOTE 2	to
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> +
				3*BW <sub>Channel</sub>

NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(\lceil F_{\text{interferer}} \mid / SCS \rceil + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the wanted signal.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BWchannel/2 - Floffset, case 1; b: BWchannel/2 + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: BW<sub>Channel</sub> denotes the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

### 7.6.3 Out-of-band blocking

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling outside a frequency range 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as

described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3-1 and Table 7.6.3-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.6.3-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

Power in transmission	Units dBm	5 MHz	10 MHz					
transmission	dRm		I U IVI ITZ	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz		
	abili		REFSENS +	channel specific	value below			
h a n duui dth	dB	6	6	7	9	10		
bandwidth								
configuration								
RX parameter	Units		CI	hannel bandwid	lth			
NA parameter	Ullits	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz		
Power in transmission	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below						
bandwidth configuration	dB	11	12	13	14	15		
DV narameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
RX parameter	Units	90 MHz	100 MHz					
Power in	dBm	REFSENS	+ channel					
transmission		bandwidth s	pecific value					
bandwidth		below						
configuration								
	dB	15.5	16					

Table 7.6.3-2: Out of-band blocking for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
n1, n2, n3,	Pinterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15
n5, n7, n8,	Finterferer (CW)	MHz			
n12, n20,					
n25, n28,					
n34, n38,			-60 < f - F <sub>DL low</sub> < -15	-85 < f − F <sub>DL low</sub> ≤ -60	$1 \le f \le F_{DL\_low} - 85$
n39, n40,			Or	= -	or
n41, n50,			$15 < f - F_{DL\_high} < 60$	or $60 \le f - F_{DL\_high} < 85$	F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 85 ≤ f
n51, n66,			15 < 1 - FDL_high < 60	00 ≤ I — FDL_high < 03	≤ 12750
n70, n71,					
n74, n75,					
n76					

- NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 6000 MHz.
- NOTE 2: For band 51 the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> of band 50 is applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> for band 51. For band 50, the F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of band 51 is applied as F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for band 50.
- NOTE 3: For band 76 the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> of band 75 is applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> for band 76. For band 75, the F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of band 76 is applied as F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for band 75.
- NOTE 4: For UEs supporting both bands 38 and 41, the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> and F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of band 41 is applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> and F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for band 38.
- NOTE 5: Void.
- NOTE 6: Void.
- NOTE 7: For UE supporting both bands 25 and 70, the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> of band 70 is applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> for band 25, and the F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of band 25 is applied as F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for band 70.

For interferer frequencies across ranges 1, 2 and 3 in Table 7.6.3-2, a maximum of

$$\left[\max \left\{24, 6 \cdot \left[n \cdot N_{RB} / 6\right]\right\} / \min \left\{\left[n \cdot N_{RB} / 10\right], 5\right\}\right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channe}/2)$ , 5) MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission

bandwidth configuration, BW<sub>Channel</sub> is the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in subclause 7.7 apply.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling outside a frequency range up to  $3*BW_{Channel}$  below or from  $3*BW_{Channel}$  above the UE receive band, where  $BW_{Channel}$  is the channel bandwidth. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\ge 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3-3 and Table 7.6.3-4. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6.3-3: Out-of-band blocking parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

Units	Channel bandwidth				
	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz
dBm	R	EFSENS + chan	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	W
dB	6	7	9	9	9
Units		CI	nannel bandwid	lth	
	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	
dBm	REFSENS	+ channel band	width specific va	alue below	
dB	9	9	9	9	
	dBm dB Units	10 MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz

NOTE: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.6.3-4: Out of-band blocking for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Range1	Range 2	Range 3
n77, n78	Pinterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15
(NOTE 3)	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	-60 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ -33*BWchannel or 3*BWchannel ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 60	-200 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ - MAX(60,3*BW <sub>Channel</sub> ) or MAX(60,3*BW <sub>Channel</sub> ) ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 200	$1 \le f \le F_{DL\_low} - \\ MAX(200,3*BW_{Channel}) \\ or \\ F_{DL\_high} \\ + \\ MAX(200,3*BW_{Channel}) \\ \le f \le 12750$
n79 (NOTE 4)	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	-150 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ - MAX(60,3*BWchannel) or MAX(60,3*BW <sub>Channel</sub> ) ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 150	1 ≤ f ≤ F <sub>DL_low</sub> −  MAX(150,3*BWchannel )  or  F <sub>DL_high</sub> +  MAX(150,3*BWchannel ) ≤ f ≤ 12750

NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 6000 MHz.

NOTE 2: BW<sub>Channel</sub> denotes the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

NOTE 3: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2700 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 4800 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel</sub> > 15 MHz, the requirement for Range 1 is not applicable and Range 2 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel</sub> from the band edge. For BW<sub>Channel</sub> larger than 60 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel</sub> from the band edge.

NOTE 4: The power level of the interferer ( $P_{Interferer}$ ) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for  $F_{Interferer}$  > 3650 MHz and  $F_{Interferer}$  < 5750 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel</sub>  $\geq$  40 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel</sub> from the band edge.

For interferer frequencies across ranges 1, 2 and 3 in Table 7.6.3-4, a maximum of

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channe}/2 \downarrow 5)$  MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration,  $BW_{Channe}$  the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in subclause 7.7 apply.

### 7.6.4 Narrow band blocking

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a NR signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band CW interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

The relative throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.4-1. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.6.4-1: Narrow Band Blocking

NR band	Parameter	Unit	•		•	•		Channel E	Bandwidth				•	
			5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n1, n2, n3,	Pw	dBm					Prefse	<sub>NS</sub> + channel	-bandwidth	specific value	e below			•
n5, n7, n8,			16	13	14	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
n12, n20,	Puw (CW)	dBm	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55
n25, n28,	F <sub>uw</sub> (offset SCS= 15 kHz)	MHz	2.7075	5.2125	7.7025	10.2075	13.0275	15.6075	20.5575	25.7025	NA	NA	NA	NA
n34, n38, n39, n40, n41, n50, n51, n66, n70, n71, n74, n75, n76	Fuw (offset SCS= 30 kHz)	MHz	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	30.855	40.935	45.915	50.865

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below PCMAX\_L,f,c at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with PCMAX\_L,f,c defined in clause 6.2.4

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

NOTE 3: The Prefsens power level is specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 for two and four antenna ports, respectively.

### 7.6A Blocking characteristics for CA

#### 7.6A.1 General

#### 7.6A.2 In-band blocking for CA

#### 7.6A.2.1 In-band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.6A.2.1-1 and 7.6A.2.1-1a for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm. The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.6A.2.1-1: In-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

Rx Parameter	Unit	NR C				
	s	С				
Pw in Transmission		REFSENS + CA ba	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific va			
Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dB	6				
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	MHz	BW <sub>channel CA</sub>				
Floffset, case 1	MHz	BWchannel CA+ BWchannel CA/2				
Floffset, case 2	MHz	BW <sub>Interferer</sub> + F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattrn OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6A.2.1-1a: In-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class
		С
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSENS + NR CA bandwidth class specific value below
Configuration, per CC	ubili	19.0
BWInterferer	MHz	5
Floffset, case 1	MHz	7.5
Floffset, case 2	MHz	12.5

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6A.2.1-2: In-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2				
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44				
n77, n78,	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 -F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	≤ -BW <sub>channel</sub> CA/2 -Floffset, case 2				
n79			and	and				
			BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	≥ BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 2</sub>				
	F <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz		F <sub>DL_low</sub> - 3BW <sub>channel CA</sub>				
			NOTE 2	to				
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 3BW <sub>channel CA</sub>				
NOTE 1: T	NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to							

 $(\lceil F_{\text{interferer}} \mid / SCS \mid + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in

MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 - Floffset, case 1; b: BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 + Floffset, case 1

BW<sub>channel CA</sub> denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

Table 7.6A.2.1-2a: In-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> < 2700 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> < 2700 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44
n41	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BWchannel CA/2 -Floffset, case 1	≤ -BW <sub>channel</sub> CA/2 -Floffset, case 2
			and	and
			BW <sub>channel</sub> CA/2 +F <sub>loffset</sub> , case 1	≥ BWchannel CA/2 +Floffset, case 2
	Finterferer	MHz		F <sub>DL_low</sub> - 15
			NOTE 2	to
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 15

NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to

 $(|F_{\text{interferer}}|/SCS|+0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in

MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 - Floffset, case 1; b: BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: BW<sub>channel CA</sub> denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

#### 7.6A.2.2 Void

#### 7.6A.2.3 In-band blocking for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.6.2 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.6.2-2 and 7.6.2-4 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.6A.3 Out-of-band blocking for CA

#### 7.6A.3.1 Out-of-band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. For FDD, the PCC shall be configured closest to the uplink band. All downlink carriers shall be active throughout the test.

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Tables 7.6A.3-1 and Tables 7.6A.3-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.6A.3-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous CA

RX parameter	Units	CA bandwidth class					
		С					
Power in transmission	dBm	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific value below					
bandwidth configuration dB		9					
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P <sub>CMAX</sub> L <sub>f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table							
7 2 2 2 with Day	dof	inad in alauga 6.2.4	· ·	•			

#### Table 7.6A.3-2: Out of-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Range1	Range 2	Range 3
	Pinterferer	dBm	-45	-30	-15
n41	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	$-60 < f - F_{DL_{low}} < -15$ or $15 < f - F_{DL_{high}} < 60$	$-85 < f - F_{DL\_low} \le -60$ or $60 \le f - F_{DL\_high} < 85$	1 ≤ f ≤ F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 85 or F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 85 ≤ f ≤ 12750
n77, n78 (NOTE 3)	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	N/A	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \leq f \leq F_{DL\_low} - \\ MAX(200,3^*BW_{Channel\_CA}) \\ or \\ F_{DL\_high} + MAX(200,3^*BW_{Channel\_CA}) \\ \leq f \leq 12750 \end{array}$
n79 (NOTE 4)	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	N/A	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \leq f \leq F_{DL\_low} - \\ MAX(150,3^*BW_{Channel\_CA}) \\ or \\ F_{DL\_high} + MAX(150,3^*BW_{Channel\_CA}) \\ \leq f \leq 12750 \end{array}$

- NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (PInterferer) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for FInterferer > 6000 MHz.
- NOTE 2: BWChannel CA denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal
- NOTE 3: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2700 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 4800 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> > 15 MHz, the requirement for Range 1 is not applicable and Range 2 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> from the band edge. For BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> larger than 60 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> from the band edge.
- NOTE 4: The power level of the interferer ( $P_{Interferer}$ ) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for  $F_{Interferer} > 3650$  MHz and  $F_{Interferer} < 5750$  MHz. For BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub>  $\geq 40$  MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> from the band edge

#### 7.6A.3.2 Void

#### 7.6A.3.3 Out-of-band blocking for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.6.3 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with component carriers in operating bands < 2.7GHz including n48, and for  $F_{DL\_Low(j)}-15$  MHz  $\leq f \leq F_{DL\_High(j)}+15$  MHz, the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking requirements in the respective subclauses 7.5 and 7.6.2 shall be applied for carrier j. For inter-band carrier aggregation with component carriers in operating bands > 2.7GHz excluding n48, and for  $F_{DL\_Low(j)}-3*BW_{channel} \leq f \leq F_{DL\_High(j)}+3*BW_{channel}$ , the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking requirements in the respective subclauses 7.5 and 7.6.2 shall be applied for carrier j.  $F_{DL\_Low(j)}$  and  $F_{DL\_High(j)}$  denote the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the operating band containing carrier j, j=1,...,X, with carriers numbered in increasing order of carrier frequency and X the number of component carriers in the band combination.  $BW_{channel}$  denotes the channel

bandwidth of the wanted signal component carrier j. If CW interferer falls in a gap between  $F_{DL\_High(j)}$  and  $F_{DL\_Low(j+1)}$  where the corresponding OOB ranges 1 and 2 overlap, then the lower level interferer limit of the overlapping OOB ranges applies.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the out-of-band blocking requirements specified in clause 7.6.3 shall be met with the transmitter power for the uplink set to 7 dB below  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  for each serving cell c.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.6.3-2 and 7.6.3-4 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

For inter-band CA combination listed in Table 7.6A.3.3-1, exceptions to the requirement specified in Table 7.6A.3.3-2 are allowed when the second order intermodulation product of the lower frequency band UL carrier and the CW interfering signal fully or partially overlaps with the higher frequency band DL carrier.

Table 7.6A.3.3-1: CA band combination with exceptions allowed

CA band combination					
CA_n8-n78					
CA_n8-n79					
CA_n28-n78					

Table 7.6A.3.3-2: Requirement for out-of-band blocking exceptions

Parameter	Unit	Level
P <sub>Interferer</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44 <sup>1</sup>

NOTE 1: The requirement applies when  $\left|f_{Interferer} \pm f_{UL}^{LB} - f_{DL}^{HB}\right| \le (BW_{UL}^{LB} + BW_{DL}^{HB})/2$ , where  $f_{UL}^{LB}$  and  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  are the carrier frequencies for lower frequency band UL and higher frequency band DL, respectively.  $BW_{UL}^{LB}$  and  $BW_{DL}^{HB}$  are the channel bandwidths configured for lower frequency band UL carrier and higher frequency band DL carrier in MHz, respectively.

For all interferer frequency ranges specified in clause 7.6.3 a maximum of

$$\left[ \max \left\{ 24, 6 \cdot \left\lceil n \cdot N_{RB} \right| / 6 \right] \right] / \min \left\{ \left\lceil n \cdot N_{RB} \right| / 10 \right\rfloor 5 \right\} \right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channel}/2\rfloor,5)$  MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration, BW<sub>Channel</sub> the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in subclause 7.7 apply.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.6A.4 Narrow band blocking for CA

#### 7.6A.4.1 Narrow band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. For FDD, the PCC shall be configured closest to the uplink band. All downlink carriers shall be active throughout the test. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6A.4.1-1 with the uplink configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.2-3. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.6A.4.1-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6A.4.1-1.

Table 7.6A.4.1-1: Narrow-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA

NR	Parameter	Unit	NR CA bandwidth class		
band	Parameter	Unit	С		
	Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSENS + NA CA Bandwidth Class specific value below		
	Configuration, per CC	UDIII	16		
	P <sub>uw</sub> (CW)	dBm	-55		
n41			- F <sub>offset</sub> – 0.2		
	$F_{uw}$ (offset for $\Delta f = 15$ kHz, 30 kHz)	MHz	/		
			+ F <sub>offset</sub> + 0.2		

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The PREFSENS power level is specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 for two and four antenna ports, respectively.
- NOTE 4: The  $F_{uw}$  (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interferer and shall be further adjusted to  $[F_{interferer}/SCS + 0.5]SCS + 0.5]SCS + 0.5SCS$  MHz to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.

#### 7.6A.4.2 Void

#### 7.6A.4.3 Narrow band blocking for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the narrow band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.6.4 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{UW}$  power defined in Table 7.6.4-1 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.6C Blocking characteristics for SUL

#### 7.6C.1 General

### 7.6C.2 In-band blocking for SUL

For SUL operation, the in-band blocking requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.6.2 shall be met.

### 7.6C.3 Out-of-band blocking for SUL

For SUL operation, the out-of-band blocking requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.6.3 shall be met. For operation band combination listed in Table 7.6C.3-1, exceptions to the requirement specified in Table 7.6C.3-2 are allowed when the second order intermodulation product of the SUL carrier and the CW interfering signal fully or partially overlaps with the DL carrier.

Table 7.6C.3-1: SUL operating band combination with exceptions allowed

NR Band combination for SUL						
SUL_n78-n81						
SUL_n78-n82						
SUL_n78-n83						
SUL_n79-n81						

Table 7.6C.3-2: Requirement for out-of-band blocking exceptions

Parameter	Unit	Level				
P <sub>Interferer</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44 <sup>1</sup>				
NOTE 1: The requirement applies when $ f_{Interferer} \pm f_{SUL} - f_{DL}  \le (BW_{SUL} +$						
$BW_{DL}$ )/2, where $BW_{SUL}$ and $BW_{DL}$ are the channel bandwidths configured fo						
SUL and DL (vic	tim) bands in MHz, respectiv	ely.				

For all interferer frequency ranges specified in clause 7.6.3 a maximum of

$$\left[ \max \left\{ 24, 6 \cdot \left[ n \cdot N_{RB} / 6 \right] \right\} / \min \left\{ \left[ n \cdot N_{RB} / 10 \right] \right\} \right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channe}/2 \downarrow 5)$  MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration,  $BW_{Channel}$  the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in subclause 7.7 apply.

#### 7.6C.4 Narrow band blocking for SUL

Narrow band blocking is not specified for SUL band combination.

### 7.6D Blocking characteristics for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.6 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

### 7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the ability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency for which a response is obtained, i.e. for which the out-of-band blocking limit as specified in clause 7.6.3 is not met.

The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters for the wanted signal as specified in Table 7.7-1 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and in Table 7.7-1a for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} \geq 3300$  MHz and for the interferer as specified in Table 7.7-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.7-1: Spurious response parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_high</sub> < 2700 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub> < 2700 MHz

DV noromotor	Units	Channel bandwidth					
RX parameter	Ullits	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	
Power in	dBm	R	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below				
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	6	6	7	9	10	
DV naramatar	Unito		С	hannel bandwid	lth		
RX parameter	Units	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	
Power in	dBm	R	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below				
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	11	12	13	14	15	
DV naramatar	Units	Channel bandwidth					
RX parameter	Ullits	90 MHz	100 MHz				
Power in	dBm	REFSENS	+ channel				
transmission		bandwidth specific value					
bandwidth		be	below				
configuration	dB	15.5	16				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.7.1-1a: Spurious response parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

RX parameter	Units		lth			
		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz
Power in	dBm	R	EFSENS + chan	nel bandwidth s	pecific value belo	w
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	6	7	9	9	9
RX parameter Units			C	Channel bandwidth		
		60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz	
Power in	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below				
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	9	9	9	9	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.7-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P <sub>Interferer</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

### 7.7A Spurious response for CA

### 7.7A.1 Spurious response for Intra-band contiguous CA

Table 7.7A-1: Spurious response parameters for intra-band contiguous CA

RX parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class			
		С			
Power in transmission	dBm	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific value below			
bandwidth configuration	dB	9			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.7A-2: Spurious response for CA

Parameter	Unit	Level
PInterferer (CW)	dBm	-44
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

#### 7.7A.2 Void

### 7.7A.3 Spurious response for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the spurious response are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.7 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.7-2 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.7D Spurious response for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.7 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{CMAX\ L}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

#### 7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

#### 7.8.1 General

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal

#### 7.8.2 Wide band Intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined using a CW carrier and modulated NR signal as interferer 1 and interferer 2 respectively.

The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.2-1 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and Table 7.8.2-2 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \geq 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \geq 3300$  MHz. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.8.2-1: Wide band intermodulation parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

Rx parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth										
		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
P <sub>w</sub> in					REFSE	NS + cha	annel bar	ndwidth s	pecific va	lue belo	W		
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	6	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	15	16
PInterferer 1 (CW)	dBm						-4	6					
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm						-4	6					
BW <sub>Interferer 2</sub>	MHz						5						
F <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (Offset)	MHz		-BW/2 - 7.5 / +BW/2 + 7.5										
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz						2*Finte	rferer 1					

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1)
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and 15 kHz SCS
- NOTE 4: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

Table 7.8.2-2: Wide band intermodulation parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

Dv					Channel	bandwidth							
Rx parameter	Units	10 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz				
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration , per CC	dBm		REFSENS + 6										
P <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (CW)	dBm					-46							
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm					-46							
BWInterferer 2	MHz					BW							
F <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (Offset)	MHz		-2BW / +2BW										
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz		2*FInterferer 1										

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and the same SCS as the wanted signal.
- NOTE 4: The F<sub>interferer 1</sub> (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and F<sub>interferer 2</sub> (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

#### 7.8A Intermodulation characteristics for CA

#### 7.8A.1 General

#### 7.8A.2 Wide band intermodulation for CA

### 7.8A.2.1 Wide band intermodulation for Intra-band contiguous CA

Table 7.8A.2.1-1: Wide band intermodulation parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz

Dy navamatar	Units	N	IR CA bandwidth clas	SS		
Rx parameter	Units	С				
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + 6				
PInterferer 1 (CW)	dBm		-46			
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm		-46			
BW <sub>Interferer 2</sub>	MHz	BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>				
F <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (Offset)	MHz	-2BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> / +2BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>				
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz	2*F <sub>Interferer 1</sub>				

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and the same SCS as the closest carrier.
- NOTE 4: The F<sub>interferer 1</sub> (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and F<sub>interferer 2</sub> (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

Table 7.8A.2.1-2: Wide band intermodulation parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz

Dy naramatar	Units	NR CA bandwidth class
Rx parameter	Units	С
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + 22
P <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (CW)	dBm	-46
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm	-46
BW <sub>Interferer 2</sub>	MHz	5
F <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (Offset)	MHz	-F <sub>offset</sub> -7.5 / F <sub>offset</sub> +7.5
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz	2*Finterferer 1

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and 15 kHz SCS.
- NOTE 4: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

#### 7.8A.2.2 Void

#### 7.8A.2.3 Wide band intermodulation for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.8 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.8.2-1 and 7.8.2-2 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

#### 7.8D Intermodulation characteristics for UL MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in clause 7.8 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{\text{CMAX L}}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

### 7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9-1

Table 7.9-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency range	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	NOTE
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	
12.75 GHz ≤ f ≤ 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	2
12.75 GHz – 26 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	3

NOTE 1: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH as defined in Annex C.3.1.

NOTE 2: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the DL Band more than 2.69 GHz. NOTE 3: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the DL Band more than 5.2 GHz.

### 7.9A Spurious emissions for CA

7.9A.1 Void

7.9A.2 Void

### 7.9A.3 Spurious emissions for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation including an operating band without uplink band, the UE shall meet the Rx spurious emissions requirements specified in clause 7.9 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

# Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

### A.1 General

The throughput values defined in the measurement channels specified in Annex A, are calculated and are valid per datastream (codeword). For multi-stream (more than one codeword) transmissions, the throughput referenced in the minimum requirements is the sum of throughputs of all datastreams (codewords).

The UE category entry in the definition of the reference measurement channel in Annex A is only informative and reveals the UE categories, which can support the corresponding measurement channel. Whether the measurement channel is used for testing a certain UE category or not is specified in the individual minimum requirements.

### A.2 UL reference measurement channels

#### A.2.1 General

The measurement channels in the following clauses are defined to derive the requirements in clause 6 (Transmitter Characteristics) and clause 7 (Receiver Characteristics). The measurement channels represent example configurations of physical channels for different data rates. The measurement channels in the following clauses are applicable to both FDD and TDD.

The active uplink slots for TDD configurations are specified in table A.2.1-1. TDD slot patterns defined for reference sensitivity tests will be used for TDD UL RMCs.

Table A.2.1-1: TDD active uplink slots

SCS	Active Uplink slots
15 kHz	4, 9
30 kHz	8, 9, 18, 19
60 kHz	16, 17, 18, 19, 36, 37, 38, 39

### A.2.2 Reference measurement channels

#### A.2.2.1 DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK

Table A.2.2.1-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	32	16	2	1	132	132
	5	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	160	16	2	1	660	660
	9	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	288	16	2	1	1188	1188
	10	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	320	16	2	1	1320	1320
	12	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	384	16	2	1	1584	1584
	15	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	480	16	2	1	1980	1980
	18	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	576	16	2	1	2376	2376
	24	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	768	16	2	1	3168	3168
	25	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	808	16	2	1	3300	3300
	30	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	984	16	2	1	3960	3960
	32	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1032	16	2	1	4224	4224
	36	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1128	16	2	1	4752	4752
	50	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1544	16	2	1	6600	6600
	60	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1864	16	2	1	7920	7920
	64	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2024	16	2	1	8448	8448
	75	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2408	16	2	1	9900	9900
	80	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2472	16	2	1	10560	10560
	81	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2536	16	2	1	10692	10692
	100	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3104	16	2	1	13200	13200
	108	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3368	16	2	1	14256	14256
	120	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3752	16	2	1	15840	15840
	128	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3976	24	2	2	16896	16896
	135	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	4104	24	2	2	17820	17820
	160	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	4872	24	2	2	21120	21120
	162	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	5000	24	2	2	21384	21384
	216	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	6664	24	2	2	28512	28512
	243	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	7560	24	2	2	32076	32076
	270	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	8448	24	2	3	35640	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

Table A.2.2.1-2: Void

Table A.2.2.1-3: Void

#### A.2.2.2 DFT-s-OFDM QPSK

Table A.2.2.2-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM QPSK

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	QPSK	2	48	16	2	1	264	132
	5	11	QPSK	2	256	16	2	1	1320	660
	9	11	QPSK	2	456	16	2	1	2376	1188
	10	11	QPSK	2	504	16	2	1	2640	1320
	12	11	QPSK	2	608	16	2	1	3168	1584
	15	11	QPSK	2	768	16	2	1	3960	1980
	18	11	QPSK	2	928	16	2	1	4752	2376
	20	11	QPSK	2	1032	16	2	1	5280	2640
	24	11	QPSK	2	1192	16	2	1	6336	3168
	25	11	QPSK	2	1256	16	2	1	6600	3300
	30	11	QPSK	2	1544	16	2	1	7920	3960
	32	11	QPSK	2	1608	16	2	1	8448	4224
	36	11	QPSK	2	1800	16	2	1	9504	4752
	50	11	QPSK	2	2472	16	2	1	13200	6600
	60	11	QPSK	2	3104	16	2	1	15840	7920
	64	11	QPSK	2	3240	16	2	1	16896	8448
	75	11	QPSK	2	3752	16	2	1	19800	9900
	80	11	QPSK	2	3976	24	2	2	21120	10560
	81	11	QPSK	2	4040	24	2	2	21384	10692
	100	11	QPSK	2	5000	24	2	2	26400	13200
	108	11	QPSK	2	5384	24	2	2	28512	14256
	120	11	QPSK	2	5896	24	2	2	31680	15840
	128	11	QPSK	2	6408	24	2	2	33792	16896
	135	11	QPSK	2	6664	24	2	2	35640	17820
	160	11	QPSK	2	7944	24	2	3	42240	21120
	162	11	QPSK	2	8064	24	2	3	42768	21384
	216	11	QPSK	2	10752	24	2	3	57024	28512
	243	11	QPSK	2	12040	24	2	4	64152	32076
	270	11	QPSK	2	13320	24	2	4	71280	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

**Table A.2.2.2-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.2-3: Void** 

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

#### A.2.2.3 DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM

Table A.2.2.3-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit		,			Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	16QAM	10	176	16	2	1	528	132
	5	11	16QAM	10	888	16	2	1	2640	660
	9	11	16QAM	10	1608	16	2	1	4752	1188
	10	11	16QAM	10	1800	16	2	1	5280	1320
	12	11	16QAM	10	2088	16	2	1	6336	1584
	15	11	16QAM	10	2664	16	2	1	7920	1980
	18	11	16QAM	10	3240	16	2	1	9504	2376
	24	11	16QAM	10	4224	24	1	1	12672	3168
	25	11	16QAM	10	4352	24	1	1	13200	3300
	30	11	16QAM	10	5248	24	1	1	15840	3960
	32	11	16QAM	10	5632	24	1	1	16896	4224
	36	11	16QAM	10	6272	24	1	1	19008	4752
	50	11	16QAM	10	8712	24	1	2	26400	6600
	60	11	16QAM	10	10504	24	1	2	31680	7920
	64	11	16QAM	10	11272	24	1	2	33792	8448
	75	11	16QAM	10	13064	24	1	2	39600	9900
	80	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42240	10560
	81	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42768	10692
	100	11	16QAM	10	17424	24	1	3	52800	13200
	108	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	57024	14256
	120	11	16QAM	10	21000	24	1	3	63360	15840
	128	11	16QAM	10	22536	24	1	3	67584	16896
	135	11	16QAM	10	23568	24	1	3	71280	17820
	160	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	84480	21120
	162	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	85536	21384
	216	11	16QAM	10	37896	24	1	5	114048	28512
	243	11	16QAM	10	43032	24	1	6	128304	32076
	270	11	16QAM	10	47112	24	1	6	142560	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

Table A.2.2.3-2: Void

**Table A.2.2.3-3: Void** 

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

### A.2.2.4 DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.2.4-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	10	11	64QAM	18	3968	24	1	1	7920	1320
	18	11	64QAM	18	7168	24	1	1	14256	2376
	24	11	64QAM	18	9480	24	1	2	19008	3168
	25	11	64QAM	18	9992	24	1	2	19800	3300
	30	11	64QAM	18	12040	24	1	2	23760	3960
	36	11	64QAM	18	14344	24	1	2	28512	4752
	50	11	64QAM	18	19968	24	1	3	39600	6600
	64	11	64QAM	18	25608	24	1	4	50688	8448
	75	11	64QAM	18	30216	24	1	4	59400	9900
	100	11	64QAM	18	39936	24	1	5	79200	13200
	120	11	64QAM	18	48168	24	1	6	95040	15840
	128	11	64QAM	18	51216	24	1	7	101376	16896
	135	11	64QAM	18	54296	24	1	7	106920	17820
	160	11	64QAM	18	63528	24	1	8	126720	21120
	162	11	64QAM	18	64552	24	1	8	128304	21384
	216	11	64QAM	18	86040	24	1	11	171072	28512
	243	11	64QAM	18	96264	24	1	12	192456	32076
	270	11	64QAM	18	108552	24	1	13	213840	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

Table A.2.2.4-2: Void

**Table A.2.2.4-3: Void** 

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

### A.2.2.5 DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.2.5-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	10	11	256QAM	20	7040	24	1	1	10560	1320
	18	11	256QAM	20	12552	24	1	2	19008	2376
	24	11	256QAM	20	16896	24	1	3	25344	3168
	25	11	256QAM	20	17424	24	1	3	26400	3300
	30	11	256QAM	20	21000	24	1	3	31680	3960
	36	11	256QAM	20	25104	24	1	3	38016	4752
	50	11	256QAM	20	34816	24	1	5	52800	6600
	64	11	256QAM	20	45096	24	1	6	67584	8448
	75	11	256QAM	20	53288	24	1	7	79200	9900
	100	11	256QAM	20	69672	24	1	9	105600	13200
	120	11	256QAM	20	83976	24	1	10	126720	15840
	128	11	256QAM	20	90176	24	1	11	135168	16896
	135	11	256QAM	20	94248	24	1	12	142560	17820
	160	11	256QAM	20	112648	24	1	14	168960	21120
	162	11	256QAM	20	114776	24	1	14	171072	21384
	216	11	256QAM	20	151608	24	1	18	228096	28512
	243	11	256QAM	20	172176	24	1	21	256608	32076
	270	11	256QAM	20	188576	24	1	23	285120	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

**Table A.2.2.5-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.5-3: Void** 

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-2 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

### A.2.2.6 CP-OFDM QPSK

Table A.2.2.6-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM QPSK

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits		,	Bits	
	1	11	QPSK	2	48	16	2	1	264	132
	6	11	QPSK	2	304	16	2	1	1584	792
	9	11	QPSK	2	456	16	2	1	2376	1188
	11	11	QPSK	2	552	16	2	1	2904	1452
	12	11	QPSK	2	608	16	2	1	3168	1584
	13	11	QPSK	2	672	16	2	1	3432	1716
	16	11	QPSK	2	808	16	2	1	4224	2112
	18	11	QPSK	2	928	16	2	1	4752	2376
	19	11	QPSK	2	984	16	2	1	5016	2508
	24	11	QPSK	2	1192	16	2	1	6336	3168
	25	11	QPSK	2	1256	16	2	1	6600	3300
	26	11	QPSK	2	1288	16	2	1	6864	3432
	31	11	QPSK	2	1544	16	2	1	8184	4092
	33	11	QPSK	2	1672	16	2	1	8712	4356
	38	11	QPSK	2	1928	16	2	1	10032	5016
	39	11	QPSK	2	2024	16	2	1	10296	5148
	40	11	QPSK	2	2024	16	2	1	10560	5280
	51	11	QPSK	2	2536	16	2	1	13464	6732
	52	11	QPSK	2	2600	16	2	1	13728	6864
	53	11	QPSK	2	2664	16	2	1	13992	6996
	54	11	QPSK	2	2664	16	2	1	14256	7128
	61	11	QPSK	2	3104	16	2	1	16104	8052
	65	11	QPSK	2	3240	16	2	1	17160	8580
	67	11	QPSK	2	3368	16	2	1	17688	8844
	68	11	QPSK	2	3368	16	2	1	17952	8976
	78	11	QPSK	2	3848	24	2	2	20592	10296
	79	11	QPSK	2	3912	24	2	2	20856	10428
	80	11	QPSK	2	3976	24	2	2	21120	10560
	81	11	QPSK	2	4040	24	2	2	21384	10692
	106	11	QPSK	2	5256	24	2	2	27984	13992
	107	11	QPSK	2	5256	24	2	2	28248	14124
	108	11	QPSK	2	5384	24	2	2	28512	14256
	109	11	QPSK	2	5384	24	2	2	28776	14388
	121	11	QPSK	2	6024	24	2	2	31944	15972
	123	11	QPSK	2	6152	24	2	2	32472	16236
	133	11	QPSK	2	6664	24	2	2	35112	17556
	135	11	QPSK	2	6664	24	2	2	35640	17820
	137	11	QPSK	2	6792	24	2	2	36168	18084
	160	11	QPSK	2	7944	24	2	3	42240	21120
	162	11	QPSK	2	8064	24	2	3	42768	21384
	216	11	QPSK	2	10752	24	2	3	57024	28512
	217	11	QPSK	2	10752	24	2	3	57288	28644
	245	11	QPSK	2	12296	24	2	4	64680	32340
	270	11	QPSK	2	13320	24	2	4	71280	35640
NOTE 4 D	273	11	QPSK	2	13576	24	2	4	72072	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.6-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.6-3: Void** 

### A.2.2.7 CP-OFDM 16QAM

Table A.2.2.7-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM 16QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit		, , ,			Bits	Bits		(,	Bits	
-	1	11	16QAM	10	176	16	2	1	528	132
	6	11	16QAM	10	1064	16	2	1	3168	792
	9	11	16QAM	10	1608	16	2	1	4752	1188
	11	11	16QAM	10	1928	16	2	1	5808	1452
	12	11	16QAM	10	2088	16	2	1	6336	1584
	13	11	16QAM	10	2280	16	2	1	6864	1716
	16	11	16QAM	10	2792	16	2	1	8448	2112
	18	11	16QAM	10	3240	16	2	1	9504	2376
	19	11	16QAM	10	3368	16	2	1	10032	2508
	24	11	16QAM	10	4224	24	1	1	12672	3168
	25	11	16QAM	10	4352	24	1	1	13200	3300
	26	11	16QAM	10	4480	24	1	1	13728	3432
	31	11	16QAM	10	5376	24	1	1	16368	4092
	33	11	16QAM	10	5760	24	1	1	17424	4356
	38	11	16QAM	10	6656	24	1	1	20064	5016
	39	11	16QAM	10	6784	24	1	1	20592	5148
	40	11	16QAM	10	7040	24	1	1	21120	5280
	51	11	16QAM	10	8968	24	1	2	26928	6732
	52	11	16QAM	10	9224	24	1	2	27456	6864
	53	11	16QAM	10	9224	24	1	2	27984	6996
	54	11	16QAM	10	9480	24	1	2	28512	7128
	61	11	16QAM	10	10760	24	1	2	32208	8052
	65	11	16QAM	10	11272	24	1	2	34320	8580
	67	11	16QAM	10	11784	24	1	2	35376	8844
	68	11	16QAM	10	11784	24	11	2	35904	8976
	78	11	16QAM	10	13576	24	11	2	41184	10296
	79	11	16QAM	10	13832	24	11	2	41712	10428
	80	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42240	10560
	81	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42768	10692
	106	11	16QAM	10	18432	24	1	3	55968	13992
	107	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	56496	14124
	108	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	57024	14256
	109	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	57552	14388
	121	11	16QAM	10	21000	24	1	3	63888	15972
	123	11	16QAM	10	21504	24	1	3	64944	16236
	133	11	16QAM	10	23040	24	1	3	70224	17556
	135	11	16QAM	10	23568	24	11	3	71280	17820
	137	11	16QAM	10	24072	24	1	3	72336	18084
	160	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	84480	21120
	162	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	85536	21384
	216	11	16QAM	10	37896	24	1	5	114048	28512
	217	11	16QAM	10	37896	24	1	5	114576	28644
	245	11	16QAM	10	43032	24	1	6	129360	32340
	270	11	16QAM	10	47112	24	1	6	142560	35640
NOTE 4 D	273	11	16QAM	10	48168	24	1	6	144144	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.7-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.7-3: Void** 

#### A.2.2.8 CP-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.2.8-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM 64QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	11	11	64QAM	19	4352	24	1	1	8712	1452
	18	11	64QAM	19	7168	24	1	1	14256	2376
	24	11	64QAM	19	9480	24	1	2	19008	3168
	25	11	64QAM	19	9992	24	1	2	19800	3300
	31	11	64QAM	19	12296	24	1	2	24552	4092
	38	11	64QAM	19	15112	24	1	2	30096	5016
	51	11	64QAM	19	20496	24	1	3	40392	6732
	52	11	64QAM	19	21000	24	1	3	41184	6864
	65	11	64QAM	19	26120	24	1	4	51480	8580
	78	11	64QAM	19	31240	24	1	4	61776	10296
	79	11	64QAM	19	31752	24	1	4	62568	10428
	106	11	64QAM	19	42016	24	1	5	83952	13992
	107	11	64QAM	19	43032	24	1	6	84744	14124
	121	11	64QAM	19	48168	24	1	6	95832	15972
	133	11	64QAM	19	53288	24	1	7	105336	17556
	135	11	64QAM	19	54296	24	1	7	106920	17820
	160	11	64QAM	19	63528	24	1	8	126720	21120
	162	11	64QAM	19	64552	24	1	8	128304	21384
	216	11	64QAM	19	86040	24	1	11	171072	28512
-	217	11	64QAM	19	86040	24	1	11	171864	28644
	245	11	64QAM	19	98376	24	1	12	194040	32340
	270	11	64QAM	19	108552	24	1	13	213840	35640
	273	11	64QAM	19	108552	24	1	13	216216	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.8-2: Void** 

Table A.2.2.8-3: Void

#### A.2.2.9 CP-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.2.9-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM 256QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	11	11	256QAM	20	7680	24	1	1	11616	1452
	18	11	256QAM	20	12552	24	1	2	19008	2376
	24	11	256QAM	20	16896	24	1	3	25344	3168
	25	11	256QAM	20	17424	24	1	3	26400	3300
	31	11	256QAM	20	22032	24	1	3	32736	4092
	38	11	256QAM	20	26632	24	1	4	40128	5016
	51	11	256QAM	20	35856	24	1	5	53856	6732
	52	11	256QAM	20	36896	24	1	5	54912	6864
	65	11	256QAM	20	46104	24	1	6	68640	8580
	78	11	256QAM	20	55304	24	1	7	82368	10296
	79	11	256QAM	20	55304	24	1	7	83424	10428
	106	11	256QAM	20	73776	24	1	9	111936	13992
	107	11	256QAM	20	75792	24	1	9	112992	14124
	121	11	256QAM	20	86040	24	1	11	127776	15972
	133	11	256QAM	20	94248	24	1	12	140448	17556
	135	11	256QAM	20	94248	24	1	12	142560	17820
	160	11	256QAM	20	112648	24	1	14	168960	21120
	162	11	256QAM	20	114776	24	1	14	171072	21384
	216	11	256QAM	20	151608	24	1	18	228096	28512
	217	11	256QAM	20	151608	24	1	18	229152	28644
	245	11	256QAM	20	172176	24	1	21	258720	32340
	270	11	256QAM	20	188576	24	1	23	285120	35640
	273	11	256QAM	20	192624	24	1	23	288288	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted. NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-2 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

Table A.2.2.9-2: Void

Table A.2.2.9-3: Void

# A.2.3 Reference measurement channels for TDD

The TDD UL RMCs are defined in clause A.2.2 with the active UL slots specified in table A.2.1-1 and TDD slot patterns as defined for reference sensitivity tests.

### A.2.3.1 DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK

Table A.2.3.1-1: Void

**Table A.2.3.1-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.3.1-3: Void** 

#### A.2.3.2 DFT-s-OFDM QPSK

**Table A.2.3.2-1: Void** 

Table A.2.3.2-2: Void

**Table A.2.3.2-3: Void** 

## A.2.3.3 DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM

**Table A.2.3.3-1: Void** 

Table A.2.3.3-2: Void

Table A.2.3.3-3: Void

#### A.2.3.4 DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.3.4-1: Void

Table A.2.3.4-2: Void

Table A.2.3.4-3: Void

### A.2.3.5 DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.3.5-1: Void

**Table A.2.3.5-2: Void** 

Table A.2.3.5-3: Void

### A.2.3.6 CP-OFDM QPSK

**Table A.2.3.6-1: Void** 

Table A.2.3.6-2: Void

**Table A.2.3.6-3: Void** 

### A.2.3.7 CP-OFDM 16QAM

**Table A.2.3.7-1: Void** 

Table A.2.3.7-2: Void

**Table A.2.3.7-3: Void** 

### A.2.3.8 CP-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.3.8-1: Void

Table A.2.3.8-2: Void

Table A.2.3.8-3: Void

#### A.2.3.9 CP-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.3.9-1: Void

**Table A.2.3.9-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.3.9-3: Void** 

# A.3 DL reference measurement channels

# A.3.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.2-1, A.3.2.2-2, A.3.2.2-3, A.3.3.2-1, A.3.3.2-2 and A.3.3.2-3 are applicable for measurements of the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of clauses 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.3-1, A.3.2.3-2, A.3.2.3-3, A.3.3.3-1, A.3.3.3-2 and A.3.3.3-3 are applicable for clauses 7.4 (Maximum input level) and for UE not supporting PDSCH 256QAM,

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.4-1, A.3.2.4-2, A.3.2.4-3, A.3.3.4-1, A.3.3.4-2 and A.3.3.4-3 are applicable for clauses 7.4 (Maximum input level) and for UE supporting PDSCH 256QAM,

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.2-1, A.3.2.2-2, A.3.2.2-3, A.3.3.2-1, A.3.3.2-2 and A.3.3.2-3 also apply for the modulated interferer used in Clauses 7.5, 7.6 and 7.8 with test specific bandwidths.

Table A.3.1-1. Common reference channel parameters

Para	meter	Unit	Value
CORESET frequency doma	in allocation		Full BW
CORESET time domain allo	ocation		2 OFDM symbols at the begin of each slot
PDSCH mapping type			Type A
PDSCH start symbol index	(S)		2
Number of consecutive PDS	SCH symbols (L)		12
PDSCH PRB bundling		PRBs	2
Dynamic PRB bundling			false
Overhead value for TBS de			0
First DMRS position for Typ	e A PDSCH mapping		2
DMRS type			Type 1
Number of additional DMRS	3		2
FDM between DMRS and F			Disable
CSI-RS for tracking	First subcarrier index in the PRB used for CSI-RS (k0)		0 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
	OFDM symbols in the		I <sub>0</sub> = 6 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 3
	PRB used for CSI-RS		l <sub>0</sub> = 10 for CSI-RS resource 2 and 4
	Number of CSI-RS ports		1 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
	CDM Type		'No CDM' for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
	Density (ρ)		3 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
	CSI-RS periodicity	Slots	15 kHz SCS: 10 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4 30 kHz SCS: 20 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4 60 kHz SCS: 40 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
	CSI-RS offset	Slots	15 kHz SCS:
	OOI ITO OHSET	Oloto	0 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 2
			1 for CSI-RS resource 3 and 4
			30 kHz SCS: 1 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 2 2 for CSI-RS resource 3 and 4
			60 kHz SCS: 2 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 2 3 for CSI-RS resource 3 and 4
	Frequency Occupation		Start PRB 0 Number of PRB = BWP size
	QCL info		TCI state #0
PTRS configuration			PTRS is not configured

# A.3.2 DL reference measurement channels for FDD

# A.3.2.1 General

Table A.3.2.1-1 Additional reference channels parameters for FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value
Number of HARQ Processes		4
K1 value		2 for all slots

# A.3.2.2 FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK

Table A.3.2.2-1 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, FDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $^{\mu}$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination				6	4QAM				
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK						
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	1672	3368	5120	6912	8712	10504	14088	17424
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	CBs	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	CBs	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	5400	11232	17064	22896	28728	34560	46656	58320
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.338	2.694	4.096	5.530	6.970	8.403	11.27 0	13.93 92

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

Table A.3.2.2-2 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, FDD, QPSK 1/3)

ameter	Unit						Va	lue			
I bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80
configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217
ource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
-rame		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
determination							64QAM				
		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK						
1		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
it Payload per Slot											
	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
	Bits	736	1608	2472	3368	4224	4992	6912	8712	10504	14088
С	Bits	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24
		2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
de Blocks per Slot											
-	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
nel Bits per Slot											
-	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
	Bits	2376	5184	8208	11016	14040	16848	22896	28728	34992	46872
/eraged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.251	2.734	4.202	5.726	7.181	8.486	11.750	14.810	17.857	23.950

Il parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

nan one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

I block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

lot index per frame

Table A.3.2.2-3 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, FDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit						Value				
nnel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	
sing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
irce blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	
resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
per Frame		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	
		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
TBS Determination							64QAM				
		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	C
Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	
per of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
n Bit Payload per Slot											
2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
,39	Bits	736	1192	1608	2024	2472	3368	4224	5120	6912	-
CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	
ph		2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	
f Code Blocks per Slot											
2,3	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
,39	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
hannel Bits per Slot											
2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
,39	Bits	2376	3888	5184	6696	8208	11016	14040	17064	23112	2
ut averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	2.650	4.291	5.789	7.286	8.899	12.125	15.206	18.432	24.883	2

tional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

ore than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

'BCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

i is slot index per frame

# A.3.2.3 FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM

Table A.3.2.3-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, FDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $^{\mu}$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	[160]	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination				6	4QAM				
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	12296	25608	38936	52224	64552	77896	10657 6	13117 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	CBs	2	4	5	7	8	10	13	16
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	16200	33696	51192	68688	86184	10368 0	13996 8	17496 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	9.837	20.48 6	31.14 9	41.77 9	51.64 2	62.31 7	85.26 1	104.9 41

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.2.3-2 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, FDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination							64QAM					
Modulation		64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
		QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	5376	11784	18432	25104	31752	37896	52224	64552	79896	106576	135296
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	8	10	13	17
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	7128	15552	24624	33048	42120	50544	68688	86184	104976	140616	176904
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mhna	0.120	20.022	24 224	12 677	F2 070	64 422	88.781	109.73	135.82	181.17	230.00
- · · · ·	Mbps	9.139	20.033	31.334	42.677	53.978	64.423	00./81	8	3	9	3

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.3-3 Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, FDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination						640	QAM				
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM						
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	5376	8712	11784	15112	18432	25104	31752	38936	52224	65576
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 4,,39	CBs	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	7	8
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	7128	11664	15552	20088	24624	33048	42120	51192	69336	87480
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	19.354	31.363	42.422	54.403	66.355	90.374	114.30 7	140.17 0	188.00 6	236.07 4

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

# A.3.2.4 FRC for maximum input level for 256 QAM

Table A.3.2.4-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, **FDD**, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $^{\mu}$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination					2560	QAM			
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM						
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	16896	34816	53288	71688	90176	10855 2	14340 0	18037 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	CBs	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	CBs	3	5	7	9	12	14	18	23
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	21600	44928	68256	91584	11491 2	13824 0	18662 4	23328 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	13.51 7	27.85 3	42.63 0	57.35 0	72.14 1	86.84 2	114.7 20	144.3 10

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.2.4-2 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, FDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination							256QAM					
Modulation		256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256
		QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM						
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	7424	16136	25608	33816	44040	52224	71688	90176	108552	147576	184424
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 3,,19	CBs	1	3	4	5	6	7	9	12	14	19	23
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	9504	20736	32832	44064	56160	67392	91584	114912	139968	187488	235872
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	12.621	27.431	43.534	57.487	74.868	88.781	121.87 0	153.29 9	184.53 8	250.87 9	313.52 1

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.4-3 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, FDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination						2560	QAM				
Modulation		256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256
		QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	7424	12040	16136	21000	25608	33816	44040	53288	71688	90176
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	9	12
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	9504	15552	20736	26784	32832	44064	56160	68256	92448	116640
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	26.726	43.344	58.090	75.600	92.189	121.73 8	158.54 4	191.83 7	258.07 7	324.63 4

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

#### A.3.3 DL reference measurement channels for TDD

# A.3.3.1 General

Table A.3.3.1-1 Additional reference channels parameters for TDD

D	arameter		Value	
"	arameter	SCS 15 kHz (µ=0)	SCS 30 kHz (µ=1)	SCS 60 kHz (µ=2)
TDD Slot Con (Note 1)	figuration pattern	DDDSU	7DS2U	14DS <sub>1</sub> S <sub>2</sub> 4U
Special Slot C	onfiguration (Note 2)	10D+2G+2U	6D+4G+4U	S <sub>1</sub> =12D+2G, S <sub>2</sub> =6G+8U
referenceSubo	carrierSpacing	15 kHz	30 kHz	60 kHz
UL-DL configuration	dl-UL- TransmissionPerio dicity	5 ms	5 ms	5 ms
	nrofDownlinkSlots	3	7	14
	nrofDownlinkSymb ols	10	6	12
	nrofUplinkSlot	1	2	4
	nrofUplinkSymbols	2	4	8
Number of HA	RQ Processes	8	8	16
	f slots between orresponding HARQ- on (Note 3)	K1 = 4 if mod(i,5) = 0 K1 = 3 if mod(i,5) = 1 K1 = 2 if mod(i,5) = 2 where i is slot index per frame; i = {0,,9}	K1 = 8 if $mod(i,10) = 0K1 = 7$ if $mod(i,10) = 1K1 = 6$ if $mod(i,10) = 2K1 = 5$ if $mod(i,10) = 3K1 = 4$ if $mod(i,10) = 4K1 = 3$ if $mod(i,10) = 5K1 = 2$ if $mod(i,10) = 6where i is slot index per frame; i = \{0,,19\}$	K1 = 13 if mod(i,20) = 2 K1 = 12 if mod(i,20) = 3 K1 = 11 if mod(i,20) = 4 K1 = 10 if mod(i,20) = 5 K1 = 9 if mod(i,20) = 6 K1 = 8 if mod(i,20) = 7 K1 = 7 if mod(i,20) = 8 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 9 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 10 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 11 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 12 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 13 where i is slot index per frame; i = {0,,39}

NOTE 1: D denotes a slot with all DL symbols; S denotes a slot with a mix of DL, UL and guard symbols; U denotes a slot with all UL symbols. The field is for information.

NOTE 2: D, G, U denote DL, guard and UL symbols, respectively. The field is for information.

NOTE 3: i is the slot index per frame.

# A.3.3.2 FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK

Table A.3.3.2-1 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, TDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination					64C	(MA)			
Modulation		QPSK							
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A							
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	1672	3368	5120	6912	8712	10504	14088	17424
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	CBs	N/A							
For Slots 2,5,6,7	CBs	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A							
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	5400	11232	17064	22896	28728	34560	46656	58320
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.669	1.347	2.048	2.765	3.485	4.202	5.635	6.970

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.2-2 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, TDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination							64QAM					
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	736	1608	2472	3368	4224	4992	6912	8712	10504	14088	17928
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	2376	5184	8208	11016	14040	16848	22896	28728	34992	46872	58968
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.810	2.1.769	2.719	3.705	4.646	5.491	7.603	9.583	11.554	15.497	19.721

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.2-3 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, TDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination						640	QAM				
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	736	1192	1608	2024	2472	3368	4224	5120	6912	8712
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = $\{0,,13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	2376	3888	5184	6696	8208	11016	14040	17064	23112	29160
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.766	3.2.861	3.859	4.858	5.933	8.083	10.138	12.288	16.589	20.909

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

# A.3.3.3 FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM

Table A.3.3.3-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, TDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $^{\mu}$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination					640	QAM			
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	12296	25608	38936	52224	64552	77896	10657 6	13117 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	CBs	2	4	5	7	8	10	13	16
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	16200	33696	51192	68688	86184	10368 0	13996 8	17496 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.918	10.24 3	15.57 4	20.89	20.89	31.15 8	42.63 0	52.47 0

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.3-2 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, TDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination				•	•	•	64QAM	•	•	•	•	•
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM									
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A									
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{13,,19\}$	Bits	5376	11784	18432	25104	31752	37896	52224	64552	79896	106576	135296
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	CBs	N/A	N/A									
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	8	10	13	17
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{7,8,9\}$ for i from $\{0,,19\}$	Bits	N/A	N/A									
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	7128	15552	24624	33048	42120	50544	68688	86184	104976	140616	176904
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	5.914	12.962	20.275	27.614	34.927	41.686	57.446	71.007	87.886	117.23 4	148.82 6

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.3.3-3. Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, TDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination						640	QAM				
Modulation		64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
		QAM	QAM								
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A								
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	5376	8712	11784	15112	18432	25104	31752	38936	52224	65576
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	CBs	N/A	N/A								
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	CBs	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	7	8
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A								
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	7128	11664	15552	20088	24624	33048	42120	51192	69336	87480
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	12.902	20.909	28.282	36.269	44.237	60.250	76.205	93.446	125.33 8	157.38 2

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

# A.3.3.4 FRC for maximum input level for 256 QAM

Table A.3.3.4-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, **TDD, 256QAM)** 

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS table for TBS determination					2560	QAM			
Modulation		256 QAM							
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A							
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	16896	34816	53288	71688	90176	10855 2	14340 0	18037 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	CBs	N/A							
For Slots 2,5,6,7	CBs	3	5	7	9	12	14	18	23
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A							
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	21600	44928	68256	91584	11491 2	13824 0	18662 4	23328 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	6.758	13.92 6	21.31 5	28.67 5	36.07 0	43.42 1	57.36 0	72.15 0

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.4-2 Fixed Reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, TDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination				•	•	•	256QAM		•	•	•	•
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM								
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A								
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	7424	16136	25608	33816	44040	52224	71688	90176	108552	147576	184424
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{7,8,9\}$ for i from $\{0,,19\}$	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A								
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{7,8,9\}$ for i from $\{0,,19\}$	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A								
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	9504	20736	32832	44064	56160	67392	91584	114912	139968	187488	235872
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	8.166	17.750	28.169	37.198	48.444	57.446	78.857	99.194	119.40 7	162.33 4	202.86 6

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.3.4-3 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, TDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $^{\mu}$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination						2560	QAM				
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM						
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	7424	12040	16136	21000	25608	33816	44040	53288	71688	90176
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	9	12
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	9504	15552	20736	26784	32832	44064	56160	68256	92448	116640
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	17.818	28.896	38.726	50.400	61.459	81.158	105.69 6	127.89 1	172.05 1	216.42 2

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

# A.4 CSI reference measurement channels

# A.5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)

### A.5.1 OCNG Patterns for FDD

# A.5.1.1 OCNG FDD pattern 1: Generic OCNG FDD Pattern for all unused REs

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.1 FDD: Generic OCNG FDD Pattern for all unused REs

OCNG Appliance	Control Region	Data Region
OCNG Parameters	(Core Set)	
Resources allocated	All unused REs (Note 1)	All unused REs (Note 2)
Structure	PDCCH	PDSCH
Content	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data
Transmission scheme for multiple antennas ports transmission	Single Tx port transmission	Spatial multiplexing using any precoding matrix with dimensions same as the precoding matrix for PDSCH
Subcarrier Spacing	Same as for RMC PDCCH in the active BWP	Same as for RMC PDSCH in the active BWP
Power Level	Same as for RMC PDCCH	Same as for RMC PDSCH

NOTE 1: All unused REs in the active CORESETS appointed by the search spaces in use.

NOTE 2: Unused available REs refer to REs in PRBs not allocated for any physical channels, CORESETs, synchronization signals or reference signals in channel bandwidth.

# A.5.2 OCNG Patterns for TDD

# A.5.2.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: Generic OCNG TDD Pattern for all unused REs

Table A.5.2.1-1: OP.1 TDD: Generic OCNG TDD Pattern for all unused REs

OCNG Appliance	Control Region	Data Region			
OCNG Parameters	(Core Set)				
Resources allocated	All unused REs (Note 1)	All unused REs (Note 2)			
Structure	PDCCH	PDSCH			
Content	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data			
Transmission scheme for multiple antennas ports transmission	Single Tx port transmission	Spatial multiplexing using any precoding matrix with dimensions same as the precoding matrix for PDSCH			
Subcarrier Spacing	Same as for RMC PDCCH in the active BWP	Same as for RMC PDSCH in the active BWP			
Power Level	Same as for RMC PDCCH	Same as for RMC PDSCH			

NOTE 1: All unused REs in the active CORESETS appointed by the search spaces in use.

NOTE 2: Unused available REs refer to REs in PRBs not allocated for any physical channels, CORESETs, synchronization signals or reference signals in channel bandwidth.

# A.6 Void

# Annex B (informative): Void

# Annex C (informative): Downlink physical channels

# C.1 General

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done.

# C.2 Setup

Table C.2-1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel
PBCH
SSS
PSS
PDCCH
PDSCH
PBCH DMRS
PDCCH DMRS
PDSCH DMRS
CSI-RS

# C.3 Connection

#### C.3.1 Measurement of Receiver Characteristics

Unless otherwise stated, Table C.3.1-1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7).

Table C.3.1-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
SSS transmit power	W	Test specific
EPRE ratio of PSS to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PBCH to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PBCH to PBCH DMRS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDCCH to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDCCH to PDCCH DMRS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDSCH to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDSCH to PDSCH DMRS (Note 1)	dB	-3
EPRE ratio of CSI-RS to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PTRS to PDSCH	dB	Test specific
EPRE ratio of OCNG DMRS to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of OCNG to OCNG DMRS (Note 1)	dB	0

NOTE 1: No boosting is applied to any of the channels except PDSCH DMRS. For PDSCH DMRS, 3 dB power boosting is applied assuming DMRS Type 1 configuration when DMRS and PDSCH are TDM'ed and only half of the DMRS REs are occupied.

NOTE 2: Number of DMRS CDM groups without data for PDSCH DMRS configuration for OCNG is set to 1.

# Annex D (normative): Characteristics of the interfering signal

#### D.1 General

Some RF performance requirements for the NR UE receiver are defined with interfering signals present in addition to the wanted signal.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz, a modulated 5 MHz full bandwidth NR down link signal, and in some cases an additional CW signal, are used as interfering signal. For intra-band contiguous CA bandwidth class C, a modulated 5 MHz NR downlink signal is used. And for some cases an additional CW signal is used.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz, a modulated NR downlink signal which equals to channel bandwidth of the wanted signal for single carrier and inter-band CA cases is used as interfering signal. For intra-band contiguous CA bandwidth Class C, a modulated NR downlink signal which equals to the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal is used. For intra-band contiguous CA bandwidth class D and E cases, a modulated 50 MHz NR downlink signal is used. And for some cases an additional CW signal is used.

# D.2 Interference signals

Table D.2-1 and Table D.2-4 describes the modulated interferer for different channel bandwidth options for NR band lower than 2700MHz.

Table D.2-1: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

	Channel bandwidth					
	5 MHz	10MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz
RB	NOTE 1					
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>		5 MHz				
	Channel bandwidth					
	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
RB	NOTE 1					
BWInterferer	5 MHz					
	RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB					
nur	nber defined	d in Table 5	5.3.2-1 for e	each sub-car	rier spacin	g.

Table D.2-2 and Table D.2-3 describe the modulated interferer for different channel bandwidth options for NR band higher than 3300MHz.

Table D.2-2: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

		Channel bandwidth							
	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
RB	NOTE 1								
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
NOTE 1: The RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB number defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for each sub-carrier spacing.									

Table D.2-3: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub>≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub>≥ 3300 MHz for Intra-band contiguous CA

	Aggregated Channel bandwidth of Bandwdith Class C							Bandwidth	
	110 MHz	120 MHz	130 MHz	140 MHz	150 MHz	160 MHz	180 MHz	200 MHz	Class D/E
RB(SCS=30 kHz)				NO	ΓE 1				133
RB(SCS=60 kHz)				NO	ΓE 1				65
BWInterferer	110 MHz	120 MHz	130 MHz	140 MHz	150 MHz	160 MHz	180 MHz	200 MHz	50MHz

NOTE 1: The interfering signal shall be configured in the same way as the aggregated bandwidth of the wanted signal. The RB configurations for each component carrier are defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for each sub-carrier spacing.

Table D.2-4: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz for Intra-band contiguous CA

	Bandwidth Class C			
RB	NOTE 1			
BWInterferer	5 MHz			
NOTE 1. The RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB number defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for				

IOTE 1: The RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB number defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for each sub-carrier spacing.

# Annex E (normative): Environmental conditions

#### E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

#### E.2 Environmental

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

#### E.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfill all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

**Table E.2.1-1: Temperature conditions** 

+15°C to +35°C	For normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to +55°C	For extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation.

#### E.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table E.2.2-1: Voltage conditions

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries:			
Leclanché	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal
Lithium	0,95 * nominal	1,1 * Nominal	1,1 * Nominal
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal		Nominal

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

#### E.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

**Table E.2.3-1: Vibration conditions** 

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration
5 Hz to 20 Hz	0.96 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup>
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0.96 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup> at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB/Octave

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 38.101-1 for extreme operation.

# Annex F (normative): Transmit modulation

#### F.0 General

While measuring the transmit modulation quality of carriers, an existence of the carrier leakage needs to be taken into account indicated by the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE.

#### F.1 Measurement Point

Figure F.1-1 shows the measurement point for the unwanted emission falling into non-allocated RB(s) and the EVM for the allocated RB(s).

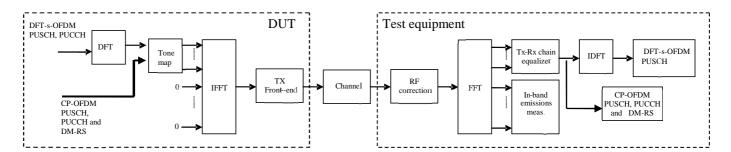


Figure F.1-1: EVM measurement points

# F.2 Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement

The EVM is the difference between the ideal waveform and the measured waveform for the allocated RB(s)

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{v \in T_m} |z'(v) - i(v)|^2}{|T_m| \cdot P_0}},$$

where

 $T_m$  is a set of  $|T_m|$  modulation symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

z'(v) are the samples of the signal evaluated for the EVM,

i(v) is the ideal signal reconstructed by the measurement equipment, and

 $P_0$  is the average power of the ideal signal. For normalized modulation symbols  $P_0$  is equal to 1.

The basic EVM measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain for PUCCH and PUSCH and over one preamble sequence for the PRACH.

#### F.3 Basic in-band emissions measurement

The in-band emissions are a measure of the interference falling into the non-allocated resources blocks. The in-band emission requirement is evaluated for PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. The in-band emission requirement is not evaluated for PRACH transmissions.

The in-band emissions are measured as follows

$$Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{max(f_{min}, f_{t} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f) \\ min(f_{max}, f_{h} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} < 0 \\ \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f \\ f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where

 $T_{\perp}$  is a set of  $T_{\parallel}$  OFDM symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

 $_{\Delta_{RB}}$  is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.  $_{\Delta_{RB}}$  = 1 or  $_{\Delta_{RB}}$  = -1 for the first adjacent RB),

 $f_{\min}$  (resp.  $f_{\max}$ ) is the lower (resp. upper) edge of the UL UE channel bandwidth,

 $f_{h}$  and  $f_{h}$  are the lower and upper edge of the allocated BW, and

Y(t, f) is the frequency domain signal evaluated for in-band emissions as defined in the clause (ii)

The relative in-band emissions are, given by

Emissions relative 
$$(\Delta_{RB}) = \frac{Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB})}{\frac{1}{\left|T_{s}\right| \cdot N_{RB}} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{f_{l}}^{f_{l} + (12 \cdot N_{RB} - 1)\Delta f} \left|Y(t, f)\right|^{2}}$$

where

 $N_{RB}$  is the number of allocated RBs

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one OFDM symbol, accordingly.

In the evaluation of in-band emissions, the timing is set according to  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{c}$ , where sample time offsets  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  and  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  are defined in clause F.4.

# F.4 Modified signal under test

Implicit in the definition of EVM is an assumption that the receiver is able to compensate a number of transmitter impairments.

The DFT-s-OFDM modulated signals or PRACH signal under test is modified and, in the case of DFT-s-OFDM modulated signals, decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = IDFT \left\{ \frac{FFT \left\{ z(v - \Delta \widetilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \widetilde{y}v} \right\} e^{j2\pi f\Delta \widetilde{t}}}{\widetilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} \right\}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

The CP-OFDM modulated signals or PUSCH demodulation reference signal or PUCCH data signal under test is equalised and, in the case of CP-OFDM modulated signals decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = \frac{FFT\left\{z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi\Delta \tilde{f}v}\right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}{\tilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)}}$$

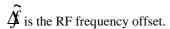
where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

To minimize the error, the signal under test should be modified with respect to a set of parameters following the procedure explained below.

Notation:

 $\Delta \tilde{t}$  is the sample timing difference between the FFT processing window in relation to nominal timing of the ideal signal.



 $\tilde{\varphi}(t, f)$  is the phase response of the TX chain.

 $\tilde{a}(t, f)$  is the amplitude response of the TX chain.

In the following  $\mathcal{L}$  represents the middle sample of the EVM window of length W (defined in the next clauses) or the last sample of the first window half if W is even.

The EVM analyser shall

- detect the start of each slot and estimate  $\Delta i$  and  $\hat{A}$ .
- determine  $\Delta \widetilde{c}$  so that the EVM window of length W is centred
  - on the time interval determined by the measured cyclic prefix minus  $16\kappa$  samples of the considered OFDM symbol for symbol 1 for subcarrier spacing configuration  $\mu$  in a subframe, with l=0 or  $l=7*2^{\mu}$  for normal CP, i.e. the first  $16\kappa$  samples of the CP should not be taken into account for this step. In the determination of the number of excluded samples, a sampling rate of  $1/T_c$  is assumed. If a different sampling rate is used, the number of excluded samples is scaled linearly.
  - on the measured cyclic prefix of the considered OFDM symbol symbol for all other symbols for normal CP and for symbol 0 to 11 for extended CP.
  - on the measured preamble cyclic prefix for the PRACH

To determine the other parameters a sample timing offset equal to  $\mathcal{L}$  is corrected from the signal under test. The EVM analyser shall then

- correct the RF frequency offset  $\widehat{\mathcal{F}}$  for each time slot, and
- apply an FFT of appropriate size. The chosen FFT size shall ensure that in the case of an ideal signal under test, there is no measured inter-subcarrier interference.

The carrier leakage shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM and the in-band emissions; however, the removed relative carrier leakage power also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

At this stage the allocated RBs shall be separated from the non-allocated RBs. In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH EVM, the signal on the non-allocated RB(s), Y(t, f), is used to evaluate the in-band emissions.

Moreover, the following procedure applies only to the signal on the allocated RB(s).

- In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain equalizer coefficients  $\tilde{a}(t,f)$  and  $\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)$  used by the ZF equalizer for all subcarriers by time averaging at each signal subcarrier of the amplitude and phase of the reference and data symbols. The time-averaging length is 1 slot. This process creates an average amplitude and phase for each signal subcarrier used by the ZF equalizer. The knowledge of data modulation symbols may be required in this step because the determination of symbols by demodulation is not reliable before signal equalization.
- In the case of PRACH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain coefficients  $\tilde{a}(t)$  and  $\tilde{\varphi}(t)$  used for phase and amplitude correction and are seleted so as to minimize the resulting EVM. The TX chain coefficients are not dependent on frequency, i.e.  $\tilde{a}(t, f) = \tilde{a}(t)$  and  $\tilde{\varphi}(t, f) = \tilde{\varphi}(t)$ . The TX chain coefficient are chosen independently for each preamble transmission and for each  $\Delta \tilde{f}$ .

At this stage estimates of  $\widehat{\Delta f}$ ,  $\widetilde{a}_{(t,f)}$ ,  $\widetilde{\varphi}_{(t,f)}$  and  $\widetilde{\Delta c}$  are available.  $\widetilde{\Delta t}$  is one of the extremities of the window W, i.e.  $\widetilde{\Delta c}$  can be  $\widetilde{\Delta c} + \alpha - \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$  or  $\widetilde{\Delta c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ , where  $\alpha = 0$  if W is odd and  $\alpha = 1$  if W is even. The EVM analyser shall then

- calculate EVM<sub>1</sub> with  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  set to  $\Delta \tilde{c} + \alpha \left| \frac{W}{2} \right|$ ,
- calculate EVM<sub>h</sub> with  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  set to  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  +  $\left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ .

### F.5 Window length

#### F.5.1 Timing offset

As a result of using a cyclic prefix, there is a range of  $\Delta \tilde{t}$ , which, at least in the case of perfect Tx signal quality, would give close to minimum error vector magnitude. As a first order approximation, that range should be equal to the length of the cyclic prefix. Any time domain windowing or FIR pulse shaping applied by the transmitter reduces the  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  range within which the error vector is close to its minimum.

#### F.5.2 Window length

The window length *W* affects the measured EVM and is expressed as a function of the configured cyclic prefix length. In the case where equalization is present, as with frequency domain EVM computation, the effect of FIR is reduced. This is because the equalization can correct most of the linear distortion introduced by the FIR. However, the time domain windowing effect can't be removed.

### F.5.3 Window length for normal CP

Table F.5.3-1, F.5.3-2, F.5.3-3 below specify the EVM window length (W) for normal CP.

Table F.5.3-1: EVM window length for normal CP for NR, FR1, 15 kHz SCS

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length for symbols 1-6 and 8- 13 in FFT samples	EVM window length <i>W</i>	Ratio of W to total CP length for symbols 1-6 and 8- 13 <sup>1</sup> (%)
5	512	36	18	50
10	1024	72	36	50
15	1536	108	54	50
20	2048	144	72	50
25	2048	144	72	50
30	3072	216	108	50
40	4096	288	144	50
50	4096	288	144	50

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative and apply to a slot's symbols 1 to 6 and 8 to 13. Symbols 0 and 7 have a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

Table F.5.3-2: EVM window length for normal CP for NR, FR1, 30 kHz SCS

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length for symbols 1-13 in FFT samples	EVM window length <i>W</i>	Ratio of <i>W</i> to total CP length for symbols 1-13 <sup>1</sup> (%)
5	256	18	9	50
10	512	36	18	50
15	768	54	27	50
20	1024	72	36	50
25	1024	72	36	50
30	1536	108	54	50
40	2048	144	72	50
50	2048	144	72	50
60	3072	216	108	50
70	3072	216	108	50
80	4096	288	144	50
90	4096	288	144	50
100	4096	288	144	50

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative and apply to a slot's symbols 1 through 13. Symbol 0 has a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

Table F.5.3-3: EVM window length for normal CP for NR (60 kHz SCS)

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length for symbols in FFT samples	EVM window length <i>W</i>	Ratio of W to total CP length <sup>1</sup> (%)
10	256	18	9	50
15	384	27	14	50
20	512	36	18	50
25	512	36	18	50
30	768	54	27	50
40	1024	72	36	50
50	1024	72	36	50
60	1536	108	54	50
70	1536	108	54	50
80	2048	144	72	50
90	2048	144	72	50
100	2048	144	72	50

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative and apply to all OFDM symbols within subframe except for symbol 0 of slot 0 and slot 2. Symbol 0 of slot 0 and slot 2 may have a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

#### F.5.4 Window length for Extended CP

Table F.5.4-1 below specifies the EVM window length (*W*) for extended CP. The number of CP samples excluded from the EVM window is the same as for normal CP length.

Table F.5.4-1: EVM window length for extended CP for NR, FR1, 60 kHz SCS

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length in FFT samples	EVM window length <i>W</i>	Ratio of <i>W</i> to total CP length <sup>1</sup> (%)			
10	256	64	54	84.4			
15	384	96	80	83.3			
20	512	128	106	82.8			
25	512	128	110	85.9			
30	768	192	164	85.4			
40	1024	256	220	85.9			
50	1024	256	220	85.9			
60	1536	384	330	85.9			
70	1536	384	330	85.9			
80	2048	512	440	85.9			
90	2048	512	440	85.9			
100	2048	512	440	85.9			
NOTE 1: Th	NOTE 1: These percentages are informative.						

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative.

# F.5.5 Window length for PRACH

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 839 and  $\Delta f^{RA} \in \{1.25, 5\}$  kHz

Table F.5.5-1 EVM window length for PRACH formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 839

Preamble format	Cyclic prefix length <i>NcP</i>	Nominal FFT size <sup>1</sup>	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP <sup>2</sup>
0	3168	24576	2307	72.8%
1	21024	24576	20163	95.9%
2	4688	24576	3827	81.6%
3	3168	6144	2952	93.2%

NOTE 1: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

NOTE 2: These percentages are informative

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 139 and  $\Delta f^{RA}$  = 15 · 2  $\mu$  kHz where  $\mu \in \{0,1,2\}$ .

Table F.5.5-2 EVM window length for PRACH formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 139

Preamble format	Cyclic prefix length <i>NcP</i>	Nominal FFT size <sup>1</sup>	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP <sup>2</sup>
A1	288⋅2 <sup>-</sup> μ	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	144·2 <sup>-</sup>	50.0%
A2	576·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	432·2 <sup>-</sup>	75.0%
A3	864·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	720·2 <sup>-</sup>	83.3%
B1	216·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	72·2 <sup>-</sup>	33.3%
B2	360·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	216·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	60.0%
B3	504·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	360·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	71.4%
B4	936·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	792·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	84.6%
C0	1240·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	1096·2⁻ <sup>μ</sup>	88.4%
C2	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	1904·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	93.0%

NOTE 1: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

NOTE 2: These percentages are informative

# F.6 Averaged EVM

The general EVM is averaged over basic EVM measurements for n slots in the time domain.

$$\overline{EVM} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} EVM_{i}^{2}},$$

where n is

$$n = \begin{cases} 10, for \ 15 \ kHz \ SCS \\ 20, for \ 30 \ kHz \ SCS \\ 40, for \ 60 \ kHz \ SCS \end{cases}$$

for PUCCH, PUSCH.

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{1}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{1}$  in the expressions above and  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{h}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{h}$ .

Thus we get:

$$EVM = \max \overline{EVM}, \overline{EVM})$$

The calculation of the EVM for the demodulation reference signal,  $_{EVM}$  , follows the same procedure as calculating the general EVM, with the exception that the modulation symbol set  $_{T_m}$  defined in clause F.2 is restricted to symbols containing uplink demodulation reference signals.

The basic EVM measurements are first averaged over n slots in the time domain to obtain an intermediate average EVM DMRS.

$$\overline{EVM}_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} EVM_{DMRS,i}^{2}}$$

In the determination of each  $EVM_{DMRS,i}$ , the timing is set to  $\Delta \tilde{\tau} = \Delta \tilde{\tau}_i$  if  $\overline{EVM}_i > \overline{EVM}_h$ , and it is set to  $\Delta \tilde{\tau} = \Delta \tilde{\tau}_i$  otherwise, where  $\overline{EVM}_i$  and  $\overline{EVM}_h$  are the general average EVM values calculated in the same n slots over which the intermediate average  $\overline{EVM}_{DMRS}$  is calculated. Note that in some cases, the general average EVM may be calculated only for the purpose of timing selection for the demodulation reference signal EVM.

Then the results are further averaged to get the EVM for the demodulation reference signal,  $_{EVM}$   $_{_{DMRS}}$  ,

$$EVM_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} \sum_{j=1}^{6} \overline{EVM}_{DMRS,j}^{2}}$$

The PRACH EVM,  $_{EVM}$  , is averaged over 2 preamble sequence measurements for long preamble formats as defined in table 6.3.3.1-1 in [6] and averaged over 10 preamble sequence measurements for short preamble formats as defined in table 6.3.3.1-2 in [6].

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window *W* extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH, } 1}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{l}$  and  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH, } h}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{h}$ .

Thus we get:

#### F.7 Spectrum Flatness

The data shall be taken from FFT coded data symbols and the demodulation reference symbols of the allocated resource block.

## Annex G (informative): Void

# Annex H (normative): ModifiedMPR-Behavior

#### H.1 Indication of modified MPR behavior

This annex contains the definitions of the bits in the field *modifiedMPR-Behavior* indicated per supported NR band in the IE *RF-Parameters* [7] by a UE supporting an MPR or A-MPR modified in a given version of this specification. A modified MPR or A-MPR behaviour can apply to a supported NR band in stand-alone operation (including CA and NN-DC operation) or in non-standalone operation with the said NR band as part of an EN-DC or NE-DC band combination.

NOTE 1: In the present release, the *modifiedMPR-Behavior* is indicated [7] by an 8-bit bitmap per supported NR band

Table H.1-1: Definitions of the bits in the field modifiedMPR-Behavior

NR Band	Index of field	Definition	Notes
	(bit number)	(description of the supported functionality if indicator	
		set to one)	
n41	0 (leftmost bit)	- EN-DC contiguous intraband MPR as defined in	- This bit may be set to 1 by
		clause 6.2B.2.1 of 38.101-3 v15.5.0	a UE supporting
			DC_(n)41AA UE EN-DC
	1	- EN-DC non-contiguous intraband MPR as defined	- This bit may be set to 1 by
		in clause 6.2B.2.2 of 38.101-3 v15.5.0	a UE supporting
			DC_41A_n41A EN-DC
n71	0 (leftmost bit)	- EN-DC contiguous intraband MPR as defined in	- This bit may be set to 1 by
		clause 6.2B.2.1 of 38.101-3 v15.5.0	a UE supporting
			DC_(n)71AA UE EN-DC

Annex I (informative): Void

Annex J (informative): Void

Annex K (informative): Void

# Annex L (informative): Change history

2017-08   RAN4#84   R4-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RAN4#84   RA-							Change history	
2017-10	Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New versio
1708909	2017.00	D / N / 40 /	D/				Initial Chalatan	
2017-10	2017-00	KAN4#04					Initial Skeleton	0.0.1
R4-1709454, TP for TS 38.101-1:UE Tx spurious emission for range 1, ZTE Corporation  2017-10 RAN4#84 R4- Bis 1711978 Embedded approved TPs in RAN4#84Bis R4-1711978 Embedded approved TPs in RAN4#84Bis R4-1711978 Embedded approved TPs in RAN4#84Bis R4-1711968, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1711608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1711608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1711608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1714608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-171408, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub66Hz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub66Hz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub66Hz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, TP for TS 38.101-1 inroduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1; In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1; In-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-171446, TP to 36.101-1; Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-171459, TP for TS 38.101-1; UR RF response plants for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-171409, TP for TS 38.101-1; UR RF response plants for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171451, TP for TS 38.101-1; Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714104, TP for TS 38.101-1; Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714174, TP for TS 38.101-1; Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714174, TP for TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0; ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core re	2017-10	RAN4#84					Added approved TPs in RAN4-NR-AH#3	0.1.0
1, ZTE Corporation		Bis	1709958					
2017-10   RAN4#84   R4-								
R4-1714586, "TP to TS 38.101: Draft CR to Transmitter power clause", Nokia R4-1710962, "TP to TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1: On conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FR1(section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors    2017-12	2017-10	RAN4#84	R4-					020
Calusse*, Nokia   R4-1710962, TP to TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions* Nokia   R4-1711608, TP for TS38.101-1 on conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FR1(section 6.5)* ZTE Corporation   Number of TPs by editors   Approved TPs in RAN4#85   R4-1713805   R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson   R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC.   R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC.   R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC.   R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc.   R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson   R4-1714463, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson   R4-1714369, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei   R4-1714397, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei   R4-1714397, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector)   R4-171414, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector)   R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson   Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen   Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSillicon   R4-1714478   Profeed of the process of the p							R4-1711556, "TP to TS 38.101: Draft CR to Transmitter power	0.2.0
emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1 on conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FR1(section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors   Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4-1713805   R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714463, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714496, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714072, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 R							clause", Nokia	
R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1 on conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FRI (section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors  Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4-1713805 R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking, Ericsson R4-17141464, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714459, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714399, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-171459, TP or NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-171459, TP or TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171439, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-17141414, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, Hisilicon  Purchas R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, Hisilicon  R4-1714479, RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
intermodulation for FR1 (section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors  Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4- 1713805 R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Un-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714446, TP to 36.101-1: Un-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for Introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1; Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714329, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714329, TP to TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714462, TP to 38.101-1: Deand blocking, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-17147479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4-1714569 Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN4#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN4#78								
R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38,101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38,101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38,101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38,101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38,101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714466, TP to 38,101-1: Cut-of-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP to 38,101-1: Dut-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-171439, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38,101-1, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38,101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38,101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38,101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38,101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38,817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon Further corrections and alignments with 38,104 after email review V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78								
R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics. "Hobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714369, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-171497, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171436, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171414, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714092, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN478 R4-171475	2017-12	RAN4#85						0.3.0
R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714446, TP to 36.101-1: Orb-hand blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714529, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714141, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714129, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  40.00 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  1.0.0  2017-12 RAN#78			1/13805					
transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714369, TP for INBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 R4- 1714569  40.00 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  1.0.0  2017-12 RAN#78  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control							R4-1714052. TP for TS 38 101-1 introduction of band n71 for	
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F: R4-1800400, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm							F: R4-1800400, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm	
B: R4-1801102, Draft CR for 30 MHz CBW support, Huawei								
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B: R4-1801121, Draft pCR for TS 38.101-1 version 15.0.0:								
Remaining ON/OFF masks for FR1 NR UE transmissions, Ericsson							· '	
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F: R4-1801114, Proposal on protected band numbering in UE specs,								
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					F: R4-1800407, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Mandatory 4Rx antenna	
					performance for NR UE, Vodafone Group Plc F: R4-1800451 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Clarification of 4Rx NR	
					bands, Huawei, HiSilicon	
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					requirements, MediaTek Inc.	
					F: R4-1800320, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Rx Spurious emission for NR FR1 (section 7.9), ZTE Corporation	
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					38.101-1, Huawei	
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					operation, Dish Network	
					F: R4-1800882, Draft CR for correction of UE channel bandwidth for Bands n77 and n78 for TS 38.101-1, Orange UK	
					F: R4-1801012, Draft CR to 38.101-1; Clarifications to UE spectrum	
					utilization section 5.3, Ericsson	
					F: R4-1800030, 38.101-1 n71 draft CR for section 5.4.4 - TX–RX	
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					F: R4-1801235, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on channel	
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					RAN4#86:	
					R4-1803053, Draft CR for new spec structure of 38.101-1, Ericsson	
					R4-1801479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Default Tx-RX frequency	
					separation for NR FR1(section 5.4.4), ZTE	
					R4-1801581, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 update of 4Rx bands,	
					Huawei Technologies France	
					R4-1802211, draft CR TS 38.101-1 Uplink configuration for FR1 NR REFSENS, Skyworks Solutions Inc.	
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					R4-1802509, Draft CR on 38.101-1 v15.0.0: Remaining ON/OFF	
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					raster in Section 5.4.2.3, Intel Corporation	
					R4-1803064, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Correction of errors, Sprint	
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					R4-1803065, Draft CR for 38.101-1 Introduction of n41requirements,	
					Sprint Corporation R4-1803242, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections to n66, Dish	
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					symmetric uplink Dish Network, Skyworks Solutions Inc.	
					R4-1803436, Introduction of UL subcarrier alignment for additional	
					bands, AT&T R4-1803456, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Spurious Emissions for UE	
					Coexistence, Sprint Corporation	
					R4-1803461, CR on configured transmitted power for TS 38.101-1,	
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					R4-1803452, draft CR for introduction of completed band	
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					R4-1803900, Draft CR into TS 38.101-1 Introduction of band	
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		R4-1804021 CR for clarifications for NR FR1 CA BW Classes
		Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
		R4-1804140 CR for Narrow Band Blocking requirement for FR1
		Intel Corporation R4-1804219 Draft CR for 38.101-1: n41 SEM and additional
		spurious emissions SPRINT Corporation
		R4-1804266 Draft CR to 38.101-1 MPR channel bandwidth
		criteria Skyworks Solutions Inc.
		R4-1804267 Draft CR to 38.101-1 n3,n5,n8 REFSENS levels
		Skyworks Solutions Inc.
		R4-1804268 Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrrection to n41 uplink
		configuration for reference sensitivity Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1804370 Draft CR to add missing NR inter-band DL CA in
		FR1 for TS 38.101-1 NTT DOCOMO, INC.
		R4-1804581 Draft CR to 38.101-1: On EVM Wording Qualcomm,
		Inc.
		R4-1804948 Corrections to 5.3.3 in TS 38.101-1 Nokia, Nokia
		Shanghai Bell R4-1804877 draft CR introduction completed band combinations
		37.865-01-01 -> 38.101-1 Ericsson
		R4-1805444 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Asymmetric CH BW
		operation Dish Network
		R4-1805447 drfat CR for including SRS antenna switching in
		configured output power Qualcomm Incorporated
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		R4-1805684 Draft CR to TS38.101-1: Channel Raster to
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		R4-1805751 Draft CR on UE-to-UE coexistence requirements to
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		R4-1805783 Draft CR for 38.101-1 for Tx(Ch6) of Band n77, n78 and n79 RF requirements CMCC
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		R4-1805904 Draft CR into TS 38.101-1 Introduction of new band
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		R4-1806844 Draft CR for 38.101-1 for Tx(Ch6): missing
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				R4-1807647 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Correction to Asymmetric	
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				R4-1808084 Introduction of n12 into TS 38.101-1 Nokia R4-1808087 Draft CR 38.101-1: Introduction of n2, n25, n66	
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R4-1816604, TDD configuration for UE Tx test in FR1, Ericsson R4-1816605, Draft CR to 38.101-15, 34) RB alignment, Huawei R4-1816755, CR to 38.101-15, CS and IBB intra-band contiguous CA, Intel Corporation Further changes in RAN#82 -7.5 kHz frequency shift is specified for all FDD bands in clause 5.4.2.1  2019-03 RAN#83 RP-182814 0030 2 F Company CR on 2Rx exception for NR vehicular UE at FR1 15.4.0  Endorsed draft CR from Ran4#90 RA-190003 0034 F CR Tx 53.8.101-1; Implementation of endorsed draft CRs from RAN4#90 Endorsed draft CR from Ran4#90 R4-1900032, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1900031, draftCR on SRS IL for CA, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1900032, Point CR on Relative power tolerance, Intel Corporation R4-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1900276, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask ZTE Corporation R4-1900276, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission for network signalled value NS, 40, NS, 41 and NS, 42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900276, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editional corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900276, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editional corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900277, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde 8 Schwarz R4-1900777, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde 8 Schwarz R4-1900486, IRANS LS]Draft CR to 73.8.101-1; adding note for interbapt of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Properties of the Propertie								
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R4-1900032, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1900031, draftCR on SRS IL for CA, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1900161, CR on Relative power tolerance, Intel Corporation R4-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation R4-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation R4-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emission for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900440, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900484, [RANIS LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-1900484, [RANIS LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-190133, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901766, draft, CR TS 38.101-1 Correction to UL configuration for reference sensitivity, Swyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirment for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901835, draftCR on MSD for CA_n41-n78 for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901835, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901852, Praft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901904, Draft CR for 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901904, Draft CR for 38.101-1. Or n41 – B40 coexistence,							Endorced draft CR from Ran4#90	
Incorporated RA-1900161, CR on Relative power tolerance, Intel Corporation RA-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation RA-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation RA-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation RA-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emission for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation RA-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson RA-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation RA-1900509, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation RA-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics Inc. RA-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz RA-1900940, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei RA-1900933, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo RA-1901033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo RA-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson RA-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson RA-1901323, draft CR on spurious requirement for TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon RA-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirement for TS 38.101-1, Huawei RA-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation RA-1901857, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated RA-1901925, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirements for BW class C, D, E, Qualcomm Incorporated RA-1901920, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei RA-1901077, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to nn41 – B40 coexistence,								
R4-190161, CR on Relative power tolerance, Intel Corporation R4-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation R4-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emisssion for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics Inc. R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900848, IRANS LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-190133, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-1901723, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901766, draft, CR TS 38.101-1. Correction to UL configuration for reference sensitivity, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901835, draft CR on spurious requirement for TS 38.101-1, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901947, Draft CR for 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirements for BW class C, D, E, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1 correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence,								
R4-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation R4-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emission for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics Inc. R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900848, RANS LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-191033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-19017273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901766, draft_CR TS 38.101-1 Correction to UL configuration for reference sensitivity, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirment for TS 38.101-1, Huawei HisBilicon R4-1901835, draft CR on spurious requirment for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901955, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence,								
R4-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emission for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics Inc. R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900848, RAN5 LSIDraft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-1901033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901766, draft, CR TS 38.101-1 Correction to UL configuration for reference sensitivity, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirement for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901835, draftCR on MSD for CA_n41-n78 for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901925, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirements for BW class C, D, E, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence,								
emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emisssion for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics Inc. R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900848, RANS LSIDraft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-1901033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirement for TS 38.101-1, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901925, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirements for BW class C, D, E, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1902001, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence,								
R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emisssion for network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos, Ericsson R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics Inc. R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900848, [RAN5 LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-1901033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901766, draft_CR TS 38.101-1 Correction to UL configuration for reference sensitivity, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirment for TS 38.101-1, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1901835, draftCR on MSD for CA_n41-n78 for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirments for BW class C, D, E, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901902, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1901902, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence,								
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R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit intermodulation requirement, Huawei R4-1900848, [RAN5 LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for interband CA spurious emissions, Huawei R4-1901033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson R4-1901766, draft_CR TS 38.101-1 Correction to UL configuration for reference sensitivity, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirment for TS 38.101-1, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1901835, draftCR on MSD for CA_n41-n78 for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class, Sprint Corporation R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901925, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirments for BW class C, D, E, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for n50, Huawei R4-1902001, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence,								
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R4-1902/190, Draft CR to TSS8-101-1_Clarifications on MSD and UL configuration tables for inter-band CA. TEC Corporation R4-1902/196, Tx CNNOFE imm mask for ER1, Qualcomm in R4-1902/196, Tx CNNOFE imm mask for ER1, Qualcomm in R4-1902/196, Draft CR on AMPER requirements for NS_06U and NS_08U 1oT 33 3101-1, Huawel R4-1902/196, July 101-196, July 101-1							
P. CR to TS 38.101-1: Implementation of endorsed draft CRs from RAN4#90bis and RAN4#91  Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#90Bis R4-1902826, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of ACS test parameters case 2 for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1902826, Draft CR for 38.101-1 Correction to Pcmax, Intel Corporation R4-1902926, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 Correction to Pcmax, Intel Corporation R4-1903392, Draft CR on PRACH and PUCCH format description for EVM in FR1, Anritsu corporation R4-1903100, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel Corporation R4-1903151, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel Corporation R4-1903151, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1- removing DC sections, ZTE Corporation R4-1903151, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: remove the bracket of UE capability 'powerBoosting-pizBPSK', Huawei R4-1903392, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements, MediaTek Inc. R4-1903473, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to TUE co-existence, Intel Corporation R4-1903435, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904373, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904375, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904375, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 Correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-190457, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei R4-190457, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-1904927, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 correction of IE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Efficisson R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Efficisson R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for TR38.101-1 - Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904950, Draft CR for 31.01-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1904960, Draft CR for 31.01-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band con						configuration tables for inter-band CA, ZTE Corporation R4-1902166, Tx ON/OFF time mask for FR1, Qualcomm Inc R4-1902174, Draft CR to 38.101-1: On FR1 A-MPR NS_08 for n8, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1902175, Draft CR on AMPR requirements for NS_05U and NS_08U to TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1902194, [41 DL]Draft CR for 38.101-1 adding DL intra-band CA requirements for frequency less than 2700MHz, Huawei R4-1902196, Draft CR for 7.9A Spurious emissions for CA, CMCC R4-1902223, UE optional bandwidth for FR1, Nokia R4-1902225, CR to 38.101-1 on CA BW Classes fallback groups, Intel Corporation R4-1902233, Draft CR to 38.101-1: SUL clarifications, Nokia R4-1902233, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on FR1 extension, Ericsson R4-1902455, Completion of the Pcmax specification: additional P-max and P_NR, Ericsson R4-1902468, Draft CR: Introduction of Annex on Characteristics of the Interfering Signal, Samsung R4-1902479, Draft CR on some errors to TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1902480, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of requirements for network signalled value NS_04, Huawei R4-1902655, CR to 38.101-1 on NR Uplink RBs location, Intel Corporation R4-1901610, Draft CR for 38.101-1 REFSENS for UL MIMO, Huawei Editorial changes after RAN#83 To align the annex numbering with other specifications (TS 38.101-x series), annexes J and K were added and Change history was	
Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#90Bis R4-1902286, Draft CR for 3s .101-1 modification of ACS test parameters case 2 for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1902286, Draft CR for TS 3s.101-1 Correction to Pernax, Intel Corporation R4-1902975, Draft CR on PRACH and PUCCH format description for EVM in FR1, Anritsu corporation R4-1903032, Draft CR on editorial error of TS3s.101-1, LG Electronics France R4-1903120, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 3s.101-1, Intel Corporation R4-1903120, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 3s.101-1, Intel Corporation R4-1903124, Draft CR for D41-n40 coexistence, Intel Corporation R4-1903124, Draft CR for TS3s.101-1, removing DC sections, ZTE Corporation R4-1903124, Draft CR for TS3s.101-1, remove the bracket of UE capability 'powerBoosting-pi2BPSK', Huawei R4-1903195, Draft CR for TS 3s. 101-1: Corrections to EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements, MediaTek Inc. R4-1903390, Draft CR for TS 3s. 101-1: Corrections to EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements, MediaTek Inc. R4-1903430, Draft CR for TS 3s.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904350, Draft CR for TS 3s.101-1 on processor for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904350, Draft CR for TS 3s.101-1 or prections to NS_100 UTRA ACLR frequency band list, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1904350, Draft CR for 3s.101-1 CAP cmax, Huawei R4-1904460, Draft CR for 3s.101-1 CAP cmax, Huawei R4-1904463, Draft CR for TR 3s.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-1904497, Draft CR for Ss.101-1 CAP cmax, Huawei R4-1904987, Draft CR for TR 3s.101-1 or description of UE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904987, Draft CR for Ss.101-1 or Description of UE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904987, Draft CR for TR 3s.101-1 - Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904985, Draft CR for TR R3s.101-1 - Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904985, Draft CR for TR TR3s.101-1 - Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904985, Draft CR for TR3s.101						numbered as annex L.	
Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#90Bis RA1-1902826, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of ACS test parameters case 2 for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei RA1-902926, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 Correction to Pcmax, Intel Corporation RA1-1902975, Draft CR on PRACH and PUCCH format description for EVM in FR1, Anrisu corporation RA1-1903032, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics France RA1-1903120, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel Corporation RA1-1903124, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel Corporation RA1-1903124, Draft CR on b41-n40 coexistence, Intel Corporation RA1-1903124, Draft CR for 38.101-1_removing DC sections, ZTE Corporation RA1-1903151, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1_remove the bracket of UE capability "powerBoosting-pi2BPSK", Huawei RA1-1903392, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: remove the bracket of UE capability "powerBoosting-pi2BPSK", Huawei RA1-1903392, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: orrections to EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements, Media Tek Inc. RA1-1903479, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation RA1-1903435, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation RA1-1904355, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei RA1-1904460, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei RA1-1904564, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei RA1-1904564, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei RA1-1904564, Draft CR to 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei RA1-1904564, Draft CR to 138.101-1 correction of A-MPR for RS_14016654, Draft CR to 138.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei RA1-1904564, Draft CR to 18.101-1 correction of A-MPR for RS_14016654, Draft CR for TR_38.101-1 correction in S8.101-1, Ericsson RA1-1904967, Draft CR for TR_38.101-1 correction to Pi/2 BPSK power boosting, Intel Corporation RA1-1904969, Draft CR for 38.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei RA1-1904966, Draft CR for 38.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band	2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191240	0047	F		15.6.0
R4-1902826, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of ACS test parameters case 2 for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1902926, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 Correction to Pcmax, Intel Corporation R4-1902975, Draft CR on PRACH and PUCCH format description for EVM in FR1, Anritsu corporation R4-1903032, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG Electronics France R4-1903120, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel Corporation R4-1903124, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel Corporation R4-1903151, Draft CR to TS38.101-1, removing DC sections, ZTE Corporation R4-1903195, Draft CR for TS38.101-1; remove the bracket of UE capability "powerBoosting-pi2BPSK", Huawei R4-1903395, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1; corrections to EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements, MediaTek Inc. R4-1903473, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1; or Suprious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1903308, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904350, Draft CR for S8.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904357, Draft CR for S8.101-1 corrections to NS_100 UTRA ACLR frequency band list, Styworks Solutions Inc. R4-1904460, Draft CR for 38.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-1904537, Draft CR for S8.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-1904537, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 on description of UE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Ericsson R4-1904929, draft R6-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Ericsson R4-1904927, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 — Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 — Update to spectrum flatness, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for 38.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1904967, Draft CR for 38.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei						KAN4#9UDIS and KAN4#91	
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R4-1903124, Draft CR on b41-n40 coexistence, Intel Corporation R4-1903151, Draft CR to TS38.101-1; removing DC sections, ZTE Corporation R4-1903195, Draft CR for 38.101-1; remove the bracket of UE capability "powerBoosting-pi2BPSK", Huawei R4-1903392, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements, MediaTek Inc. R4-1903473, Draft CR on FREF, Shift, CMCC R4-1903473, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904335, DraftCR TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE co-existence, ZTE Corporation R4-1904335, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei R4-1904430, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei R4-1904537, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-1904537, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1: FR1 power dynamics DTX removal, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1904927, Draft CR to clarify frequency of carrier leakage in RBs for FR1, Anritsu corporation R4-1904929, Draft CR to S3.101-1 on description of UE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Ericsson R4-1904941, draft CR to 38.101-1 Correction to Pi/2 BPSK power boosting, Intel Corporation R4-1904957, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 – Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 – Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 – Update to spectrum flatness, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 – Update to spectrum flatness, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for S8.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1904969, Draft CR for 38.101-1: editoral correction, Huawei						R4-1903120, Draft CR on DL power allocation for TS 38.101-1, Intel	
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R4-1904335, DraftCR TS 38.101 Corrections to NS_100 UTRA ACLR frequency band list, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1904460, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei R4-1904537, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-1904554, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 power dynamics DTX removal, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1904927, Draft CR to clarify frequency of carrier leakage in RBs for FR1, Anritsu corporation R4-1904928, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on description of UE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Ericsson R4-1904941, draft CR to 38.101-1 Correction to Pi/2 BPSK power boosting, Intel Corporation R4-1904957, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 – Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904958, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 – Update to spectrum flatness, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for 38.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1904969, Draft CR for 38.101-1: editoral correction, Huawei						R4-1903508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emissions for UE	
ACLR frequency band list, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1904460, Draft CR for 38.101-1 CA Pcmax, Huawei R4-1904537, Draft CR for TR 38.101-1 correction of A-MPR for NS_04, Huawei R4-190454, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 power dynamics DTX removal, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1904927, Draft CR to clarify frequency of carrier leakage in RBs for FR1, Anritsu corporation R4-1904928, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on description of UE additional output power reduction, ZTE Corporation R4-1904929, draft Rel-15 CR for editorial corrections in 38.101-1, Ericsson R4-1904941, draft CR to 38.101-1 Correction to Pi/2 BPSK power boosting, Intel Corporation R4-1904947, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 — Update to EVM averaging, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904958, Draft CR for TR38.101-1 — Update to spectrum flatness, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1904967, Draft CR for 38.101-1 definition of Maximum input level for intra-band contiguous CA, Huawei R4-1904969, Draft CR for 38.101-1: editoral correction, Huawei							
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					Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#91	
					R4-1905339 removal of A-MPR brackets in FR1 Nokia	
					R4-1905503 Change description 4.2(d) in Applicability of	
					minimum requirements for TS 38.101-1 vivo	
					R4-1905524 [Rx]Draft CR for 38.101-1 Removing the brackets in	
					Rx requirements Huawei	
					R4-1905526 [Rx]Draft CR for 38.101-1 defining NBB	
					requirements<2.7GHz Huawei	
					R4-1905772 Draft CR to TS38.101-1 Almost contiguous MPR	
					Intel Corporation	
					R4-1905795 Correction to a description of PRB for in-band	
					emission in FR1 Anritsu Corporation	
					R4-1905797 Correction to power control in FR1 Anritsu	
					Corporation	
					R4-1906140 draft CR for TS 38.101-1 Rx requirement for CA	
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		1			R4-1906153 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial corrections to	
					intra-band contiguous CA ACS and in-band blocking requirements  MediaTek Inc.	
					R4-1906154 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Adding symbol definitions	
					for intra-band contiguous CA Rx maximum input level and ACS	
					requirements MediaTek Inc.	
					R4-1906871 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 UE optional bandwidth for	
					FR1 Huawei	
					R4-1907131 Draft CR to 38.101-1. Clarification to FR1 NS_43	
					AMPR frequency ranges Qualcomm Incorporated	
					R4-1907135 Draft CR to 38.101-1 rel. 15 to fix missing	
					Exceptions for Out-of-band Blocking Apple	
					R4-1907419 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial improvement to	
					EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements for Pi/2 BPSK	
					MediaTek Inc.	
					R4-1907429 Draft CR to TS38.101-1 A-MPR for Inter-band CA	
					Intel Corporation	
					R4-1907434 [Rx]Draft CR for 38.101-1 modifying characteristics	
					of the interfering signal in Annex D Huawei	
		1			R4-1907435 Draft CR to TS38.101-1_introduction of n41C and	
					corrections on Rx requirements for NR intra-band contiguous CA	
		1			ZTE Corporation	
		1			R4-1907439 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on CA bandwidth class	
		1			description ZTE Corporation	
		1			R4-1907471 Draft CR to 38.101-1. Clarify all RB reference so	
		1			transmission BW applies for all SCS Qualcomm Incorporated	
					R4-1907474 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 Correction of channel	
					bandwidth set for NR CA Huawei	
		1			R4-1907477 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on maximum aggregated	
		1			bandwidth for NR CA configurations ZTE Corporation	
		1			R4-1907481 Correction of RefSens exceptions due to UL	
					harmonic interference for NR CA in 38.101-1 vivo	
0040.00	DANIJOS	DD 400040	0070	<b>-</b>	R4-1907687 Correction to CA carrier spacing Ericsson	45.7.0
2019-09	KAN#85	RP-192049	0078	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Implementation of endorsed draft CRs from	15.7.0
		1			RAN4#92 (Rel-15)	ļ
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						R4-1907953 Correction to reference sensitivity for Band n74 Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1907955 Correction to reference sensitivity for Band n5 and	
						n8 Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1907985 Update to FR1 EVM definition Rohde & Schwarz	
						R4-1908022 Draft CR to 38.101-1 rel. 15 to fix Out-of-band	
						Blocking issue for bands n51, n76 Apple	
						R4-1908248 Draft CR to 38.101-1 NS_40, NS_41, NS_42 spurious emission requirement Intel Corporation	
						R4-1908249 Draft CR to 38.101-1 A-MPR for NS_05 and	
						NS_05U Intel Corporation	
						R4-1908432 Further correction of RefSens exceptions due to UL harmonic interference for NR CA and SUL in 38.101-1 vivo	
						R4-1908522 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial corrections for	
						transmit ON/OFF time mask MediaTek Inc. R4-1908523 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to inter-band	
						CA and SUL OBB additional exception requirement MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1908572 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on Rx	
						requirements for intra-band CA ZTE Corporation, R4-1908632 Draft CR to TS38.101-1: Corrections on EVM	
						window length (Section F.5)ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1908707 Draft CR to TS38.101-1: corrections on the receiver spurious emission (section 7.9) ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1908782 Draft CR: Correction to n70 UE Co-existence Dish	
						Network	
						R4-1908958 draft CR for 38.101-1: adding operating band for intra-band CA Huawei, HiSilicon	
						R4-1908962 draft CR for 38.101-1: editorial correction for NBB,	
						ACS and In-band emissionsHuawei, HiSilicon R4-1909264 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on maximum output power	
						reduction for PC3 ZTE corporation	
						R4-1909737 Draft CR for editorial corrections in TS 38.101-1	
						Google Inc. R4-1909920 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 Correction of referd table	
						for NBBHuawei, HiSilicon	
						R4-1909954 draftCR 38.101-1 Addition of footnote for n28	
						Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1909959 draftCR to 38.101-1 NS_05 AMPR RBstart	
						correction for CIM3 Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1910247 Draft CR to add simultaneous RX/TX capability requirements in R15 TS 38.101-1 CMCC	
						R4-1910253 draftCR to 38.101-1 NS_43 AMPR MPR threshold	
						change and AMPR reduction Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1910289 Draft CR for 38.101-1: Correction to the Spurious Emission for UE Coexistence table Sprint Corporation, Ericsson,	
						Google	
						R4-1910326 Draft CR: REFSENS for SDL bands Qualcomm, Dish	
						network R4-1910327 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections for DL RMC	
						for FR1 tests Intel Corporation	
						R4-1910330 dCR to 38.101-1: Reference signal clarifications Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1910413 Draft CR for 38.101-1 correction for channel raster	
						Huawei, HiSilicon	
						R4-1910592 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 SUL configured power correction InterDigital Communications	
						R4-1910602 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Channel spacing for	
						adjacent NR carriers Huawei R4-1910604 draft CR to TS38.101-	
						1_Addition_of_a_new_note_on_UL_MIMO_for_SUL (section 5.2C)	
						ZTE Wistron Telecom AB	
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193028	0095		F	CR to 38.101-1: DMRS Exceptions	15.8.0
2019-12		RP-193028			F	CR for 38.101- RX Out-of-Band Blocking for B38 and B41	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193028	0102	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 n39 AMPR	15.8.0
2019-12 2019-12		RP-193028 RP-193028			F	CR on Sync raster to SSB resource element mapping CR to TS 38.101-1 Almost contiguous A-MPR (R15)	15.8.0 15.8.0
2019-12		RP-193028			F	CR to 15 38.101-1 Almost contiguous A-MPR (R15)  CR to 38.101-1 (Rel-15) to clarify measurement interval and	15.8.0
						observation window on frequency error	
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193028	0120	1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Replace CBW with symbols defined in the specification	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193028	0127	1	F	CR for TS38.101-1, Clarification and Editorial corrections	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193028	0135	Ė	F	CR to TS 38.101-1 on A-MPR table cleanup (Rel-15)	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193028	0136		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial correction for n2 uplink configuration	15.8.0
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2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0139		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Removing CA configurations for CA_n77D/E,	15.8.0
				_		CA_n78D/E, and CA_n79D/E	
2019-12			0141	2	F	CR for TS 38.101-1: CA bandwidth class definition amendment	15.8.0
2019-12		RP-193029			F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Fix out-of-band blocking issue for n50 and n75	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0145		F	CR to TS 38.101-1 on corrections to channel raster entries for NR band (Rel-15)	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0149	1	F	CR to transmit modulation quality in FR1	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0152		F	Removal of brackets from reciever requirements in 38.101-1 REL-15	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0156		F	CR to 38.101-1: Editorial correction of UL RMCs	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0158	1	F	CR for asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0176		F	CR to 38.101-1-f70 Corrections to Transient Time Masks	15.8.0
2019-12	RAN#86					Table of contents updated	15.8.1
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2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0202		F	CR to TS 38.101-1 on corrections to network signalling value (Rel-15)	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0207		F	CR for 38.101- n39 NS flag change due to conflict	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0209		F	CR for 38.101-1: n41 and n25 corrections	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0217		F	CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on ACS for intra-band contiguous CA	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0220			CR to TS 38.101-1: Replace CBW with symbols defined in the specification.  NOTE: Corresponding Cat F CR to a non-implementable Rel-16 Cat A CR0221.The CR is not implemented in order to maintain consistency between Releases.	15.9.0
2020-03 2020-03	RAN#87 RAN#87	RP-200394 RP-200394	0228 0230	1	F	CR for TS38.101-1, Remove notes for UE channel bandwidth CR for TS38.101-1, Correction of IE RF-Parameters name of maxUplinkDutyCycle	15.9.0 15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0243		F	CR for 38.101-1: to remove fallback group 1 in table 5.5A.1-1	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0264		F	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: Corresponding Cat F CR to a non-implementable Rel-16 Cat A CR0275.The CR is not implemented in order to maintain consistency between Releases.	15.9.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0277		D	Removal of unnecessary definition of offsetmax,IMD3 from Table 6.2.3.2-1	15.9.0

2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0299		F	CR to asymmetric CBW operation in FR1	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0326		F	Maintenance CR to 38101-1 on relative power tolerance R15	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0330		F	Update of CSI-RS definition for FR1 DL RMCs	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0334		F	Correction to FR1 QPSK UL RMC	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0339		F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Replace CBW with symbols defined in the specification.	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0353		F	IBE measurements for half Pi BPSK with spectrum shaping	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0375		F	CR for 38.101-1 to remove the NR CA configuration for REFSENS exception due to cross band isolation for CA	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0378		F	IBE requirement for almost contiguous allocations	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0399		F	TS38.101-1 CR on 30KHz SSB SCS for n40	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0403		F	CR for 38.101-1: to add some missing sub-clause title for NR interband CA	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0337	1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Correction on the CA nominal channel spacing	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0342	1	F	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0376	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 to add the REFSENS exception for inter band CA with SDL	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0384	1	F	OOB blocking for n70 adjacent to n25	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0297	1	F	Corrections of UE co-ex tables for Japan-related bands (R15)	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0309	1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1 R15: corrections on ACS for intra-band contiguous CA	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0301	1	F	CR on ACLR MBW definition in FR1	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0344	2	F	30k SSB SCS for n50	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0346	2	F	Addition of 30k SSB SCS for Band n38	15.10.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0350	2	F	Introduction of the Annex modifiedMPR-Behaviour into the NR SA specification	15.10.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0410		F	OOB blocking for Inter-band CA	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512		1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on narrow band blocking for intra- band contiguous CA	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89		0434		F	Corrections of Japan-related CA co-ex tables for REL-15 combo	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89	1	0441	1	F	30k SSB for n34 and n39	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89 RAN#89	RP-201512 RP-201512	0443 0457	1	F	Correction for 5 MHz channel bandwidth for n40 and n50 (15k SCS) CR for 38.101-1 RFC corrections (R15)	15.11.0 15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89		0461	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 to add the missing MSD for CA_n41A-n78A	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0464		F	Correction to configured power with allowance for SRS switching	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0482		F	Correction of applicability of 2Rx requirements	15.11.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0490		С	7.5 kHz UL shift for LTE/NR spectrum sharing in Band 38/n38	15.11.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0494	1	F	CR to 38.101-1: UL MIMO EVM and emission requirements update	15.12.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0511	1	F	CR to TS38.101-1 on DC location correction	15.12.0
2020-12 2020-12	RAN#90 RAN#90	RP-202485 RP-202485	0517 0526	1	F	Coexistence cleanup for 38.101-1 Rel15  CR to TS 38.101-1[R15]: Clarification of non-simultaneous Rx/Tx	15.12.0 15.12.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0541		F	operation for CA_n77-n79 and CA_n78-n79 in TS 38.101-1.  CR for 38.101-1 to adjust the structure of NR CA REFSENS	15.12.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	<del></del>		F	CR Removal of Band 10 protection 38101-1 Rel15	15.12.0
2020-12	RAN#90		0570		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: correction of delta Tib for UE supporting multiple band combinations (R15)	15.12.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0580	1	F	CR on correction for AMPR NS_38,NS_40 and NS_41	15.12.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485		1	F	CR to DMRS position in UL RMC for FR1	15.12.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0610		F	CR for TS38 101-1 Rel-15 Correction for definition of P-MPR	15.13.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0661	<u> </u>	F	Simplification of n70	15.13.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0672	4	F	CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on applicability of minimum requirements	15.13.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0675	1	F	CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on the Aggregated Channel Bandwidth	15.13.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0096		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co- existence table	15.13.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0697	2	F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Correction to FR1 time mask for SRS antenna switching	15.13.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0718	<u> </u>	F	Corrections to PCMAX for UL CA	15.13.0
2021-06 2021-06	RAN#92 RAN#92	RP-211084 RP-211085			F	Update of FR1 UL RMC tables CR to TS38.101-1[R15]: Addition of UE co-existence requirements	15.14.0 15.14.0
			0766	1		for n40  Cleanup for UE co-existence 38.101-1 Rel-15	
2021-06 2021-09	RAN#92 RAN#93	RP-211080 RP-211910		1	F B	Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39	15.14.0 15.15.0
2021-09	RAN#93		0909		F	Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-15)	15.15.0
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# History

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