# ETSI TS 138 101-1 V16.9.0 (2021-10)



5G; NR;

User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone (3GPP TS 38.101-1 version 16.9.0 Release 16)



# Reference RTS/TSGR-0438101-1vg90 Keywords 5G

#### **ETSI**

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

#### Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from: <u>http://www.etsi.org/standards-search</u>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format at <a href="https://www.etsi.org/deliver">www.etsi.org/deliver</a>.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

<a href="https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx">https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx</a>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services: https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommitteeSupportStaff.aspx

#### **Copyright Notification**

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2021. All rights reserved.

**DECT™**, **PLUGTESTS™**, **UMTS™** and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP™** and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

oneM2M™ logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners.

GSM® and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

# Intellectual Property Rights

#### **Essential patents**

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (https://ipr.etsi.org/).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

#### **Trademarks**

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

# **Legal Notice**

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document may refer to technical specifications or reports using their 3GPP identities. These shall be interpreted as being references to the corresponding ETSI deliverables.

The cross reference between 3GPP and ETSI identities can be found under http://webapp.etsi.org/key/queryform.asp.

# Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

# Contents

Intellec	tual Property Rights	2
Legal N	Notice	2
Modal	verbs terminology	2
Forewo	rd	16
1 S	Scope	18
2 F	References	18
3 E	Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	
3.1	Definitions	
3.2	Symbols	19
3.3	Abbreviations	21
4 (	General	
4.1	Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements	
4.2	Applicability of minimum requirements	23
4.3	Specification suffix information	23
5 (	Operating bands and channel arrangement	24
5.1	General	
5.2	Operating bands	
5.2A	Operating bands for CA	
5.2A.0	General	
5.2A.1	Intra-band CA	
5.2A.2	Inter-band CA	
5.2A.2.1		
5.2A.2.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5.2A.2.3		
5.2 <b>A</b> .2.3 5.2B	Operating bands for DC	
5.2C	Operating band combination for SUL	
	Operating bands for UL MIMO	
5.2D 5.2E	Operating band for V2X	
5.2E.1	V2X operating bands	
5.2E.2	V2X operating bands for con-current operation	
5.3	UE channel bandwidth	
5.3.1	General	
5.3.2	Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration	
5.3.3	Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration	
5.3.4	RB alignment	
5.3.5	UE channel bandwidth per operating band	
5.3.6	Asymmetric channel bandwidths	
5.3A	UE channel bandwidth for CA	41
5.3A.1	General	41
5.3A.2	Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration for CA	41
5.3A.3	Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration for CA	41
5.3A.4	Void	
5.3A.5	UE channel bandwidth per operating band for CA	
5.3E	Channel bandwidth for V2X	44
5.3E.1	General	
5.3E.2	Channel bandwidth for V2X concurrent operation	
5.4	Channel arrangement	
5.4.1	Channel spacing	
5.4.1.1	Channel spacing for adjacent NR carriers	
5.4.2	Channel raster	
5.4.2.1	NR-ARFCN and channel raster	
5.4.2.2	Channel raster to resource element mapping	
5.4.2.3	Channel raster entries for each operating band	46

5.4.3	Synchronization raster	48
5.4.3.1	Synchronization raster and numbering	48
5.4.3.3	Synchronization raster entries for each operating band	49
5.4.4	TX-RX frequency separation	52
5.4A	Channel arrangement for CA	52
5.4A.1	Channel spacing for CA	52
5.4A.2	Channel raster for CA	
5.4A.3	Synchronization raster for CA	
5.4A.4	Tx-Rx frequency separation for CA	
5.4B	Reserved	
5.4C	Reserved	
5.4D	Reserved	
5.4E	Channel arrangement for V2X	
5.4E.1	Channel spacing	
5.4E.2	Channel raster	
5.4E.2.1	NR-ARFCN and channel raster	
5.4E.2.2	Channel raster to resource element mapping	
5.4E.2.3	Channel raster entries for each operating band	
5.4E.3	Synchronization raster for V2X	
5.4E.3 5.5	Void	
5.5A	Configurations for CA.	
5.5A.0	General	
5.5A.0 5.5A.1		
	Configurations for intra-band contiguous CA	
5.5A.2	Configurations for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
5.5A.3	Configurations for inter-band CA	
5.5A.3.1	Configurations for inter-band CA (two bands)	
5.5A.3.2	Configurations for inter-band CA (three bands)	
5.5A.3.3	Configurations for inter-band CA (four bands)	
5.5B	Configurations for DC	
5.5C	Configurations for SUL	82
6 Tı	ransmitter characteristics	84
6.1	General	
6.1A	General	
6.17 <b>.</b> 6.1F	General	
6.2	Transmitter power	
6.2.1	UE maximum output power	
6.2.2	UE maximum output power reduction	
6.2.3	UE additional maximum output power reduction	
6.2.3.1		
	A-MPR for NS_04	89
6.2.3.2 6.2.3.3	A-MPR for NS_10	
6.2.3.4		
	A-MPR for NS_05 and NS_05U	
6.2.3.5	A-MPR for NS_40	
6.2.3.6	A-MPR for NS_43 and NS_43U	
6.2.3.7	A-MPR for NS_03 and NS_03U	
6.2.3.8	A-MPR for NS_37	
6.2.3.9	A MDD #0# NC 20	
	A-MPR for NS_38	
6.2.3.10	A-MPR for NS_39	101
6.2.3.11	A-MPR for NS_39 A-MPR for NS_41	101 101
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12	A-MPR for NS_39	101 101 102
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_24	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16 6.2.3.17	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_4	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_24	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16 6.2.3.17	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_4	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16 6.2.3.17 6.2.3.18	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_46  A-MPR for NS_47	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16 6.2.3.17 6.2.3.18 6.2.3.19	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_46  A-MPR for NS_47  A-MPR for NS_50	
6.2.3.11 6.2.3.12 6.2.3.13 6.2.3.14 6.2.3.15 6.2.3.16 6.2.3.17 6.2.3.18 6.2.3.19 6.2.3.20	A-MPR for NS_39  A-MPR for NS_41  A-MPR for NS_42  A-MPR for NS_18  A-MPR for NS_21  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_24  A-MPR for NS_46  A-MPR for NS_47  A-MPR for NS_50  A-MPR for NS_44	

6.2.3.24	A-MPR for NS_15	110
6.2.3.25	A-MPR for NS_45	110
6.2.3.26	A-MPR for NS_48	111
6.2.3.27	A-MPR for NS_49	111
6.2.3.28	A-MPR for NS_51	112
6.2.4	Configured transmitted power	113
6.2A	Transmitter power for CA	115
6.2A.1	UE maximum output power for CA	115
6.2A.1.1	UE maximum output power for Intra-band contiguous CA	115
6.2A.1.2	UE maximum output power for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	115
6.2A.1.3	UE maximum output power for Inter-band CA	116
6.2A.1.4	Void	119
6.2A.1.5	Void	119
6.2A.2	UE maximum output power reduction for CA	119
6.2A.2.1	UE maximum output power reduction for Intra-band contiguous CA	119
6.2A.2.2	UE maximum output power reduction for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	121
6.2A.2.2.1	MPR <sub>IM3</sub> to meet -30dBm/MHz	121
6.2A.2.2.2	MPR <sub>IM3</sub> to meet -13dBm/MHz	122
6.2A.2.3	UE maximum output power reduction for Inter-band CA	122
6.2A.2.4	Void	122
6.2A.3	UE additional maximum output power reduction for CA	122
6.2A.3.1.1	UE additional maximum output power reduction for Intra-band contiguous CA	122
6.2A.3.1.1	1.1 A-MPR for CA_NS_04	123
6.2A.3.1.2		
6.2A.3.1.3	• •	
6.2A.4	Configured output power for CA	
6.2A.4.1	Configured transmitted power level	133
6.2A.4.1.1		
6.2A.4.1.2	•	
6.2A.4.1.3		
6.2A.4.1.4		
6.2A.4.2	$\Delta T_{\mathrm{B,c}}$ for CA	
6.2A.4.2.1		
6.2A.4.2.2	2 Void	139
6.2A.4.2.3	$\Delta T_{IB,c}$ for Inter-band CA (two bands)	139
6.2A.4.2.4	$\Delta T_{IB,c}$ for Inter-band CA (three bands)	144
6.2A.4.2.5		
6.2B	Transmitter power for NR-DC	147
6.2B.0	General	
6.2B.1	UE maximum output power for NR-DC	147
6.2B.2	UE maximum output power reduction for NR-DC	148
6.2B.3	UE additional maximum output power reduction for NR-DC	
6.2B.4	Configured output power for NR-DC	
6.2B.4.1	Configured transmitted power level for NR-DC	148
6.2B.4.2	$\Delta T_{\mathrm{B,c}}$ for NR-DC	151
6.2C	Transmitter power for SUL	
6.2C.1	Configured transmitted power for SUL	151
6.2C.2	$\Delta T_{\mathrm{IB,c}}$	151
6.2D	Transmitter power for UL MIMO	
6.2D.1	UE maximum output power for UL MIMO	152
6.2D.2	UE maximum output power reduction for UL MIMO	
6.2D.3	UE additional maximum output power reduction for UL MIMO	
6.2D.4	Configured transmitted power for UL MIMO	
6.2E	Transmitter power for V2X	
6.2E.1	UE maximum output power for V2X	
6.2E.1.1	General	
6.2E.1.2	UE maximum output power for V2X con-current operation	
6.2E.2	UE maximum output power reduction for V2X	
6.2E.2.1	General	156
6.2E.2.2	MPR for Power class 3 V2X UE	156
6.2E.2.3	MPR for Power class 3 V2X con-current operation	157
6.2E.3	UE additional maximum output power reduction for V2X	

6.2E.3.1	General	
6.2E.3.2	A-MPR for Power class 3 V2X UE by NS_33	
6.2E.3.3	A-MPR for Power class 3 V2X UE by NS_52	
6.2E.3.4	A-MPR for power class 3 V2X con-current operation	
6.2E.4	Configured transmitted power for V2X	
6.2E.4.1	General	
6.2E.4.2	Configured transmitted power for V2X con-current operation	
6.2F	Transmitter power for shared spectrum channel access	
6.2F.1	UE maximum output power	
6.2F.1A	UE maximum output power for CA	
6.2F.1A.1		
6.2F.2 6.2F.2A	UE maximum output power reduction	
6.2F.2A 6.2F.2A.1	UE maximum output power reduction for CA	
6.2F.2A.1	UE additional maximum output power reduction	
6.2F.3.1	General	
6.2F.3.1	A-MPR for NS_28	
6.2F.3.3	A-MPR for NS_29	
6.2F.3.4	A-MPR for NS_30	
6.2F.3.5	A-MPR for NS_31	
6.2F.3.6	A-MPR for NS 53	
6.2F.3.7	A-MPR for NS 54	
6.2F.3A	UE additional maximum output power reduction for CA	
6.2F.3A.1		
6.2F.4	Configured transmitted power	
6.3	Output power dynamics	
6.3.1	Minimum output power	
6.3.2	Transmit OFF power	
6.3.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask	
6.3.3.1	General	
6.3.3.2	General ON/OFF time mask	
6.3.3.3	Transmit power time mask for slot and short or long subslot boundaries	
6.3.3.4	PRACH time mask	172
6.3.3.5	Void	173
6.3.3.6	SRS time mask	173
6.3.3.7	PUSCH-PUCCH and PUSCH-SRS time masks	
6.3.3.8	Transmit power time mask for consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short subslo	
	transmission boundaries	
6.3.3.9	Transmit power time mask for consecutive short subslot transmissions boundaries	
6.3.4	Power control	
6.3.4.1	General	
6.3.4.2	Absolute power tolerance	
6.3.4.3	Relative power tolerance	
6.3.4.4	Aggregate power tolerance	
6.3A	Output power dynamics for CA	
6.3A.1	Minimum output power for CA	
6.3A.1.1	Minimum output power for intra-band contiguous CA	
6.3A.1.2	Minimum output power for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.3A.1.3	Minimum output power for inter-band CA	
6.3A.1.4	Void	
6.3A.2	Transmit OFF power for CA	
6.3A.2.1	Transmit OFF power for intra-band contiguous CA	
6.3A.2.2 6.3A.2.3	Transmit OFF power for intra-band non-contiguous CA  Transmit OFF power for inter-band CA	
6.3A.2.3	VoidVoid	
6.3A.2.4 6.3A.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for CA	
6.3A.3.1	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for CA	
6.3A.3.1	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for intra-band non-contiguous CA  Transmit ON/OFF time mask for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.3A.3.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for inter-band CA	
6.3A.3.3.1		
6.3A.3.3.1		
0.3A.3.3.2 6 3Δ 3 <i>1</i>	Void	100 191

6.3A.4	Power control for CA	181
6.3A.4.1	Power control for intra-band contiguous CA	181
6.3A.4.1.1	Absolute power tolerance	181
6.3A.4.1.2	· · · · · I	
6.3A.4.1.3	000 r	
6.3A.4.2	Power control for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.3A.4.2.1	1	
6.3A.4.2.1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
6.3A.4.2.2	1	
6.3A.4.2.2	1	
6.3A.4.2.3	00 0 1	
6.3A.4.3	Power control for inter-band CA	
6.3A.4.4	Void	
	Output power dynamics for NR-DC	
	Output power dynamics for SUL	
6.3C.1 6.3C.2	Void	
6.3C.2 6.3C.3	Void  Transmit ON/OFF time mask for SUL	
6.3C.3.1	Time mask for switching between two uplink carriers	
	Output power dynamics for UL MIMO	
6.3D.1	Minimum output power for UL MIMO	
6.3D.1	Transmit OFF power for UL MIMO	
6.3D.2	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for UL MIMO	
6.3D.3	Power control for UL MIMO	
6.3E	Output power dynamics for V2X	
6.3E.1	Minimum output power for V2X	
6.3E.1.1	General	
6.3E.1.1	Minimum output power for V2X con-current operation	
6.3E.2	Transmit OFF power for V2X	
6.3E.2.1	General	
6.3E.2.1	Transmit OFF power for V2X con-current operation	
6.3E.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for V2X	
6.3E.3.1	General	
6.3E.3.2	General time mask	
6.3E.3.3	S-SSB time mask	
6.3E.3.4	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for V2X con-current operation	
6.3E.4	Power control for V2X	
6.3E.4.1	General	
6.3E.4.2	Absolute power tolerance	186
6.3E.4.3	Power control for V2X con-current operation	186
6.3F	Output power dynamics for shared spectrum channel access	187
6.3F.1	Minimum output power	187
6.3F.2	Transmit OFF power	187
6.3F.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask	187
6.3F.3.1	General	187
6.3F.3.2	General ON/OFF time mask	187
6.3F.3A	General ON/OFF mask for CA	
6.3F.3A.1	General ON/OFF mask for inter-band CA	187
6.3F.4	Power control	188
6.3F.4.1	General	
6.3F.4.2	Absolute power tolerance	
6.3F.4.3	Relative power tolerance	
6.3F.4.4	Aggregate power tolerance	
	Transmit signal quality	
6.4.1	Frequency error	
6.4.2	Transmit modulation quality	
6.4.2.1	Error Vector Magnitude	
6.4.2.1a	Error Vector Magnitude including symbols with transient period	
6.4.2.2	Carrier leakage	
6.4.2.3	In-band emissions	
6.4.2.4	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness	
6.4.2.4.1	Requirements for Pi/2 BPSK modulation	192

6.4A	Transmit signal quality for CA	193
6.4A.1	Frequency error for CA	
6.4A.1.1	Frequency error for intra-band contiguous CA	193
6.4A.1.2	Frequency error for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.4A.1.3	Frequency error for inter-band CA	193
6.4A.1.4	Void	194
6.4A.2	Transmit modulation quality for CA	194
6.4A.2.1	Transmit modulation quality for intra-band contiguous CA	194
6.4A.2.1.1	Error Vector Magnitude	194
6.4A.2.1.2	In-band emissions	194
6.4A.2.1.3	$\mathcal{C}$	
6.4A.2.2	Transmit modulation quality for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.4A.2.2.1		
6.4A.2.2.2		
6.4A.2.3	Transmit modulation quality for inter-band CA	
6.4A.2.4	Void	
6.4B	Transmit signal quality for NR-DC	
6.4D	Transmit signal quality for UL MIMO	
6.4D.1	Frequency error for UL MIMO	
6.4D.2	Transmit modulation quality for UL MIMO	
6.4D.2.1	Error Vector Magnitude	
6.4D.2.2	Carrier leakage	
6.4D.2.3	In-band emissions	
6.4D.2.4	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL MIMO	
6.4D.3	Time alignment error for UL MIMO	
6.4D.4	Requirements for coherent UL MIMO	
6.4E	Transmit signal quality for V2X	
6.4E.1	Frequency error for V2X	
6.4E.1.1	General	
6.4E.1.2	Frequency error for V2X con-current operation	
6.4E.2	Transmit modulation quality for V2X	
6.4E.2.1	General	
6.4E.2.2	Error Vector Magnitude for V2X	
6.4E.2.3	Carrier leakage for V2X	
6.4E.2.4	In-band emissions for V2X	
6.4E.2.5	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for V2X	
6.4E.2.6	Transmit modulation quality for V2X con-current operation	
6.4F	Transmit signal quality for shared spectrum channel access	
6.4F.1	Frequency error	
6.4F.2	Transmit modulation quality	
6.4F.2.1	Error Vector Magnitude	
6.4F.2.2	Carrier leakage	
6.4F.2.3 6.4F.2.4	In-band emissions	
6.4F.2A	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness	
6.4F.2A 6.4F.2A.1	Transmit modulation quality for CA  Transmit modulation quality for inter-band CA	
6.4F.2A.1 6.5	Output RF spectrum emissions	
6.5.1	Occupied bandwidth	
6.5.2	Out of band emission	
6.5.2.1	General	
6.5.2.1	Spectrum emission mask	
6.5.2.3	Additional spectrum emission mask	
6.5.2.3.1	Requirements for network signalling value "NS_35"	204 207
6.5.2.3.1	Requirements for network signalling value "NS_04"	
6.5.2.3.3	Requirements for network signalling value "NS_03" and "NS_21"	205
6.5.2.3.4	Requirements for network signalling value "NS_05" and "NS_21"	
6.5.2.3.5	Void	
6.5.2.3.6	Void	
6.5.2.3.7	Void	
6.5.2.3.8	Requirements for network signalling value "NS_27"	
6.5.2.4	Adjacent channel leakage ratio	
65241	NP ACI P	207

(5242	UTRA ACLR	200
6.5.2.4.2		
6.5.3	Spurious emissions	
6.5.3.1	General spurious emissions	
6.5.3.2	Spurious emissions for UE co-existence	
6.5.3.3	Additional spurious emissions	217
6.5.3.3.1	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_04"	
6.5.3.3.2	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_17"	
6.5.3.3.3	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_18"	
6.5.3.3.4	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_05"	
6.5.3.3.5	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_43"	218
6.5.3.3.6	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_37"	219
6.5.3.3.7	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_38"	219
6.5.3.3.8	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_39"	
6.5.3.3.9	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_40"	
6.5.3.3.10	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_41"	
6.5.3.3.11	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_42"	
6.5.3.3.12	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_21"	220
6.5.3.3.13	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_24"	220
6.5.3.3.14	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_27"	
6.5.3.3.15	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_47"	
6.5.3.3.16	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_50"	
6.5.3.3.17	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_12"	
6.5.3.3.18	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_13"	
6.5.3.3.19	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_14"	
6.5.3.3.20	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_15"	
6.5.3.3.21	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_45"	
6.5.3.3.22	Requirement for network signalling values "NS_48" and "NS_51"	
6.5.3.3.23	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_49"	
6.5.3.3.24	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_44"	224
6.5.3.3.25	Requirement for network signalling value "NS_46"	
6.5.4	Transmit intermodulation	
6.5A O	utput RF spectrum emissions for CA	
6.5A.1	Occupied bandwidth for CA	225
6.5A.1.1	Void	225
6.5A.1.1a	Occupied bandwidth for Intra-band contiguous CA	225
6.5A.1.2	Occupied bandwidth for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	225
6.5A.1.3	Occupied bandwidth for Inter-band CA	225
6.5A.2	Out of band emission for CA	
6.5A.2.1	General	
6.5A.2.2	Spectrum emission mask	
6.5A.2.2.1	Spectrum emission mask for intra-band contiguous C	
6.5A.2.2.2	Spectrum emission mask for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.5A.2.2.3	Spectrum emission mask for Inter-band CA	226
6.5.A.2.2.4	Void	
6.5A.2.3	Additional spectrum emission mask for CA	
6.5A.2.3.1	Additional spectrum emission mask for intra-band contiguous CA	
6.5A.2.3.1	VoidVoid	
	Additional spectrum emission mask for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.5A.2.3.2		
6.5A.2.3.2.1	Minimum requirement (network signalling value "CA_NC_NS_04")	
6.5A.2.3.3	Additional spectrum emission mask for Inter-band CA	
6.5A.2.4	Adjacent channel leakage ratio	
6.5A.2.4.1	NR ACLR	
6.5A.2.4.2	UTRA ACLR	
6.5A.3	Spurious emission for CA	
6.5A.3.1	General spurious emissions	
6.5A.3.2	Spurious emissions for UE co-existence	
6.5A.3.2.1	Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for intra-band contiguous CA	
6.5A.3.2.2	Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for intra-band non-contiguous CA	
6.5A.3.2.3	Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for Inter-band CA	
6.5A.3.2.4	Void	
6.5A.3.2.5	Void	242
654326	Void	242

6.5A.3.	.3 Additional spurious emissions for CA	242
6.5A.3.	.3.1 Additional spurious emissions for intra-band contiguous CA	242
6.5A.4		
6.5A.4.	.2.1 Transmit intermodulation for intra-band contiguous CA	243
6.5A.4.		
6.5B	Output RF spectrum emissions for NR-DC	
6.5D	Output RF spectrum emissions for UL MIMO	
6.5D.1	Occupied bandwidth for UL MIMO	
6.5D.2		
6.5D.3	1	
6.5D.4		
6.5E	Output RF spectrum emissions for V2X	
6.5E.1	Occupied bandwidth for V2X	
6.5E.1.		
6.5E.1. 6.5E.2	Out of band emission for V2X.	
6.5E.2.		
6.5E.2.	•	
6.5E.2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
6.5E.2.		
6.5E.2.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
6.5E.2.		
6.5E.3	Spurious emissions for V2X	
6.5E.3.		
6.5E.3.	2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence	247
6.5E.3.		
6.5E.3.	4 Additional spurious emissions requirements for V2X	247
6.5E.3.		
6.5E.3.		
6.5E.3.		
6.5E.4	Transmit intermodulation	
6.5E.4.		
6.5E.4.	1	
6.5F	Output RF spectrum emissions	
6.5F.1	Occupied bandwidth	
6.5F.2	Out of band emission	
6.5F.2. 6.5F.2.		
6.5F.2.		
6.5F.2.	1	
6.5F.2.		
6.5F.2.	3	
6.5F.2.		
6.5F.3	Spurious emissions	
6.5F.3.	<u>*</u>	
6.5F.3.		
6.5F.3.	1	
6.5F.3.	*	
6.5F.3.		255
6.5F.4	Transmit intermodulation	
6.6	Void	
6.6E	Time alignment error	
7	-	
	Receiver characteristics	
7.1	General	256

7.1A	General	256
7.1F	General	257
7.2	Diversity characteristics	257
7.3	Reference sensitivity	
7.3.1	General	
7.3.2	Reference sensitivity power level	
7.3.3	$\Delta R_{\mathrm{IB,c}}$	
7.3A	Reference sensitivity for CA	
7.3A.1	General	
7.3A.2	Reference sensitivity power level for CA	
7.3A.2.1	Reference sensitivity power level for Intra-band contiguous CA	
7.3A.2.2	Reference sensitivity power level for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	
7.3A.2.3	Reference sensitivity power level for Inter-band CA	
7.3A.2.4	Void	
7.3A.3	$\Delta R_{\mathrm{IB,c}}$ for CA	
7.3A.3.1	General	
7.3A.3.2	$\Delta R_{B,c}$ for Inter-band CA	
7.3A.3.2.1		
7.3A.3.2.2		
7.3A.3.2.3		
7.3A.3.2.4		
7.3A.3.2.2 7.3A.4	Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference for CA	
7.3A.4 7.3A.5	Reference sensitivity exceptions due to OL narmonic interference for CA	
7.3A.6	Reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation for CA	
7.3B	Reference sensitivity for NR-DC	
7.3C	Reference sensitivity for SUL	
7.3C.1	General	
7.3C.2	Reference sensitivity power level for SUL	
7.3C.3	$\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for SUL	
7.3C.3.1	General	
7.3C.3.2	SUL band combination	
7.3C.3.2.1	12.50	
7.3D	Reference sensitivity for UL MIMO	
7.3E	Reference sensitivity for V2X	
7.3E.1	General	
7.3E.2	Minimum requirements	
7.3F	Reference sensitivity for shared spectrum channel access	
7.3F.1	General	
7.3F.2	Reference sensitivity power level	
7.3F.3	$\Delta R_{\mathrm{IB,c}}$	
7.3F.4	Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA	
7.3F.5	Inter-band CA with shared spectrum channel access	295
7.3F.5.1	Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference	
7.3F.5.2	Reference sensitivity exceptions due to receiver harmonic mixing	295
7.3F.5.3	Reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation	296
7.4	Maximum input level	296
7.4A	Maximum input level for CA	297
7.4A.1	Maximum input level for Intra-band contiguous CA	297
7.4A.2	Maximum input level for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	297
7.4A.3	Maximum input level for Inter-band CA	
7.4B	Maximum input level for NR-DC	
7.4D	Maximum input level for UL MIMO	
7.4E	Maximum input level for V2X	
7.4E.1	General	
7.4E.2	Maximum input level for V2X con-current operation	
7.42.2	Adjacent channel selectivity	
7.5A	Adjacent channel selectivity for CA	
7.5A.1	Adjacent channel selectivity for Intra-band contiguous CA	
7.5A.1 7.5A.2	Adjacent channel selectivity for intra-band contiguous CA	
7.5A.2 7.5A.3	Adjacent channel selectivity Intra-band CA	
7.5A.5 7.5B	Adjacent channel selectivity finer-band CA  Adjacent channel selectivity for NR-DC	
7.5D	Adjacent channel selectivity for UL MIMO	306

7.5E	Adjacent channel selectivity for V2X	306
7.5E.1	General	
7.5E.2	Adjacent channel selectivity for V2X con-current operation	
7.5F	Adjacent channel selectivity	
7.5F.1	General	
7.5F.2	Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA	
7.6	Blocking characteristics	
7.6.1	General	
7.6.2	In-band blocking	
7.6.3	Out-of-band blocking.	
7.6.4	Narrow band blocking	
7.6. <del>4</del> 7.6A	Blocking characteristics for CA	
7.6A.1	General	
7.6A.1 7.6A.2	In-band blocking for CA	
7.6A.2.1	In-band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA	
7.6A.2.2	In-band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	
7.6A.2.3	In-band blocking for Inter-band CA	
7.6A.3	Out-of-band blocking for CA	
7.6A.3.1	Out-of-band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA	
7.6A.3.2	Out-of-band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	
7.6A.3.3	Out-of-band blocking for Inter-band CA	
7.6A.4	Narrow band blocking for CA	
7.6A.4.1	Narrow band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA	
7.6A.4.2	Narrow band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	
7.6A.4.3	Narrow band blocking for Inter-band CA	
7.6B	Blocking characteristics for NR-DC	
7.6C	Blocking characteristics for SUL	323
7.6C.1	General	323
7.6C.2	In-band blocking for SUL	323
7.6C.3	Out-of-band blocking for SUL	323
7.6C.4	Narrow band blocking for SUL	324
7.6D	Blocking characteristics for UL MIMO	324
7.6E	Blocking characteristics for V2X	324
7.6E.1	General	324
7.6E.2	In-band blocking	324
7.6E.2.1	General	
7.6E.2.2	In-band blocking for V2X con-current operation	
7.6E.3	Out-of-band blocking	
7.6E.3.1	General	
7.6E.3.2	Out-of-band blocking for V2X con-current operation	
7.6F	Blocking characteristics	
7.6F.1	General	
7.6F.2	In-band blocking	
7.6F.2.1	General	
7.6F.2.2	Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA	
7.6F.3	Out-of-band blocking	
7.6F.3.1	General	
7.6F.3.2	Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA	
7.7	Spurious response	
7.7A	Spurious response for CA.	
7.7A.1	Spurious response for Intra-band contiguous CA	
7.7A.2	Spurious response for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	
7.7A.3	Spurious response for Inter-band CA	
7.7B	Spurious response for NR-DC	
7.7D	Spurious response for UL MIMO	
7.7E	Spurious response for V2X	
7.7.E.1	General	
7.7E.2	Spurious response for V2X con-current operation	
7.7F	Spurious response for shared spectrum channel access	332
7.7F.1	General	
7.7F.2	Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA	333
7 8	Intermodulation characteristics	333

7.8.1	General	333
7.8.2	Wide band Intermodulation	333
7.8A	Intermodulation characteristics for CA	336
7.8A.1	General	336
7.8A.2	Wide band intermodulation for CA	
7.8A.2.1	Wide band intermodulation for Intra-band contiguous CA	336
7.8A.2.2	Wide band intermodulation for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	337
7.8A.2.3	Wide band intermodulation for Inter-band CA	337
7.8B	Intermodulation characteristics for NR-DC	337
7.8D	Intermodulation characteristics for UL MIMO	338
7.8E	Intermodulation characteristics for V2X	338
7.8E.1	General	338
7.8E.2	Wide band Intermodulation	338
7.8E.3	Intermodulation for V2X con-current operation	338
7.8F	Intermodulation characteristics for shared spectrum channel access	338
7.8F.1	General	338
7.8F.2	Wide band Intermodulation	339
7.9	Spurious emissions	339
7.9A	Spurious emissions for CA	
7.9A.1	Void	
7.9A.2	Void	
7.9A.3	Spurious emissions for Inter-band CA	340
7.9B	Spurious emissions for NR-DC	340
		244
Annex .	A (normative): Measurement channels	341
A.1 G	General	341
4 0 T		2.41
	IL reference measurement channels	
A.2.1	General	
A.2.2	Reference measurement channels	
A.2.2.1	DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK	
A.2.2.2	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	
A.2.2.3	DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM	
A.2.2.4	DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM	
A.2.2.5	DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM	
A.2.2.6	CP-OFDM QPSK	
A.2.2.7	CP-OFDM 16QAM	
A.2.2.8	CP-OFDM 64QAM	
A.2.2.9	CP-OFDM 256QAM	
A.2.3	Reference measurement channels for TDD	
A.2.3.1	DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK	
A.2.3.2	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	
A.2.3.3	DFT-s-OFDM (40AM	
A.2.3.4	DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM	
A.2.3.5 A.2.3.6	DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM	
	CP-OFDM QPSK	
A.2.3.7	CP-OFDM 16QAM	
A.2.3.8 A.2.3.9	CP-OFDM 64QAM CP-OFDM 256QAM	
	DL reference measurement channels	
A.3.1	General	
A.3.2	DL reference measurement channels for FDD	
A.3.2.1	General	
A.3.2.2	FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK	
A.3.2.3	FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM	
A.3.2.4	FRC for maximum input level for 256 QAM	
A.3.3	DL reference measurement channels for TDD	
A.3.3.1	General	
A.3.3.2	FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK	
A.3.3.3	FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM	
A 3 3 1	FPC for maximum input level for 256 OAM	373

A.4	CSI reference measurement channels.		
A.5	5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)		
A.5.1			
A.5.1.			
A.5.2			
A.5.2.	.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: Generic OC	CNG TDD Pattern for all unused REs	376
A.6	Void		377
A.7	V2X reference measurement channels		377
A.7.1			
A.7.2		r QPSK	
A.7.3	*	AM	
A.7.4	FRC for maximum input level for 2560	QAM	380
Anne	ex B (informative): Void		383
Anne	ex C (informative): Downlink phy	ysical channels	384
C.1	General		384
C.2			
	1		
C.3			
C.3.1	Measurement of Receiver Characterist	ics	384
Anne	ex D (normative): Characteristi	cs of the interfering signal	386
D.1 C	General		386
D.2	Interference signals		386
	•		
		al conditions	
E.1			
E.2	Environmental		388
E.2.1			
E.2.2	$\mathcal{E}$		
E.2.3	Vibration		389
Anne	ex F (normative): Transmit mo	dulation	390
F.0	General		390
F.1	Measurement Point		390
F.2	Basic Error Vector Magnitude measure	ement	390
F.3	Basic in-band emissions measurement		391
F.4			
F.5			
F.5.1	$\mathcal{C}$		
F.5.2	•		
F.5.3			
F.5.4	<u> </u>		
F.5.5	Window length for PRACH		396
F.6	Averaged EVM		397
F.7	Spectrum Flatness		398
Anne	ex G (informative): Void		398
AIIII	ex H (informative): Void	••••••	398

Annex I (informative):	Void	398
Annex J (informative):	Void	398
Annex K (informative):	Void	398
Annex L (normative):	ModifiedMPR-Behavior	399
L.1 Indication of modifie	d MPR behavior	399
Annex M (informative):	Change history	400
History		414

## **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

shall indicates a mandatory requirement to do somethingshall not indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

**should** indicates a recommendation to do something

**should not** indicates a recommendation not to do something

may indicates permission to do something

**need not** indicates permission not to do something

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

can indicates that something is possiblecannot indicates that something is impossible

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

will indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

will not indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an

agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the

behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

# 1 Scope

The present document establishes the minimum RF requirements for NR User Equipment (UE) operating on frequency Range 1.

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document in the same Release as the present document.

[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
[2]	3GPP TS 38.101-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".
[3]	3GPP TS 38.101-3: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 3: Range 1 and Range 2 Interworking operation with other radios".
[4]	3GPP TS 38.521-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".
[5]	Recommendation ITU-R M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000".
[6]	3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation".
[7]	3GPP TS 38.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".
[8]	3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control".
[9]	ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain".
[10]	3GPP TS 38.214: "NR; Physical layer procedures for data".
[11]	3GPP TS 36.101: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception;
[12]	ETSI TS 102 792: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Mitigation techniques to avoid interference between European CEN Dedicated Short Range Communication (CEN DSRC) equipment and Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS) operating in the 5 GHz frequency range".
[13]	3GPP TS 38.133: "NR; Requirements for support of radio resource management".
[14]	3GPP TS 37.213: "Physical layer procedures for shared spectrum channel access".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

**Aggregated Channel Bandwidth**: The RF bandwidth in which a UE transmits and receives multiple contiguously aggregated carriers.

Carrier aggregation: Aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

**Carrier aggregation band**: A set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

**Carrier aggregation bandwidth class**: A class defined by the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration and maximum number of component carriers supported by a UE.

Carrier aggregation configuration: A combination of CA operating band(s) and CA bandwidth class(es) supported by a UE.

**Con-current operation**: The simultaneous transmission and reception of sidelink and Uu interfaces while operation is agnostic of the service used on each interface.

**Contiguous carriers**: A set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

**Contiguous resource allocation**: A resource allocation of consecutive resource blocks within one carrier or across contiguously aggregated carriers. The gap between contiguously aggregated carriers due to the nominal channel spacing is allowed.

Contiguous spectrum: Spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gaps.

**Inter-band carrier aggregation:** Carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

**Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation**: Contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: Non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

**Sub-band**: For a UE that supports shared spectrum channel access in wideband operation, a sub-band is the set of RBs within an approximately 20 MHz segment of the channel where the wideband channel is uniformly divided into an integer number of 20 MHz sub-bands. Sub-bands may be separately allocated in uplink and downlink.

**Sub-block**: This is one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for transmission and reception by the same UE. There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

Sub-block bandwidth: The bandwidth of one sub-block.

**Sub-block gap**: A frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

**UE transmission bandwidth configuration**: Set of resource blocks located within the UE channel bandwidth which may be used for transmitting or receiving by the UE.

**Vehicular UE:** A UE embedded in a vehicle, permanently connected to an embedded antenna system that radiates externally for NR operating bands.

NOTE: Vehicular UE does not refer to other UE form factors placed inside the vehicle.

**Wideband operation:** For a UE that supports shared spectrum channel access, wideband operation refers to operation within a channel larger than 20 MHz in which intra-cell guard bands may be configured to distinguish individual RB-sets

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \Delta F_{Global} & \qquad & Granularity \ of \ the \ global \ frequency \ raster \\ \Delta F_{Raster} & \qquad & Band \ dependent \ channel \ raster \ granularity \end{array}$ 

 $\Delta f_{OOB}$   $\Delta$  Frequency of Out Of Band emission

 $\begin{array}{lll} \Delta F_{TX\text{-}RX} & \Delta \ Frequency \ of \ default \ TX\text{-}RX \ separation \ of \ the \ FDD \ operating \ band \\ \Delta MPR_c & Allowed \ Maximum \ Power \ Reduction \ relaxation \ for \ serving \ cell \ c \\ \Delta P_{PowerClass} & Adjustment \ to \ maximum \ output \ power \ for \ a \ given \ power \ class \end{array}$ 

 $\Delta_{RB}$  The starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  Allowed reference sensitivity relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation, for serving

cell c

 $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$  Reference sensitivity adjustment due to support for 4 antenna ports

 $\Delta_{\text{Shift}}$  Channel raster offset

 $\Delta T_{\rm C}$  Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation

 $\Delta T_{C,c}$  Allowed operating band edge transmission power relaxation for serving cell c

ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> Allowed maximum configured output power relaxation due to support for inter-band CA

operation, inter-band NR-DC operation and due to support for SUL operations, for serving cell c

BW<sub>Channel</sub> Channel bandwidth

 $BW_{Channel,block} \qquad Sub\text{-block bandwidth, expressed in MHz. } BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high}\text{-} F_{edge,block,low}$ 

BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> Aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz

BW<sub>Channel,max</sub> Maximum channel bandwidth supported among all bands in a release

 $BW_{GB}$  max( $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$ )

 $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  Minimum guard band defined in clause 5.3A.1 of carrier k

 $\begin{array}{ll} BW_{DL} & Channel \ bandwidth \ for \ DL \\ BW_{UL} & Channel \ bandwidth \ for \ UL \\ BW_{interferer} & Bandwidth \ of \ the \ interferer \end{array}$ 

Ceil(x) Rounding upwards; ceil(x) is the smallest integer such that ceil(x)  $\geq$  x Floor(x) Rounding downwards; floor(x) is the greatest integer such that floor(x)  $\leq$  x F<sub>C</sub> RF reference frequency on the channel raster, given in table 5.4.2.2-1

F<sub>C,block, high</sub>
Fc of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a *sub-block*F<sub>C,block, low</sub>
Fc of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a *sub-block* 

 $\begin{array}{lll} F_{C,low} & The \ Fc \ of \ the \ lowest \ carrier, \ expressed \ in \ MHz \\ F_{C,high} & The \ Fc \ of \ the \ highest \ carrier, \ expressed \ in \ MHz \\ F_{DL\_low} & The \ lowest \ frequency \ of \ the \ downlink \ operating \ band \\ F_{DL\_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ F_{UL\_high} & The \ highest \ frequency \ of \ the \ uplink \ operating \ band \\ \hline \end{array}$ 

$$\begin{split} F_{\text{edge,block,low}} & \quad \text{The lower } \textit{sub-block} \text{ edge, where } F_{\text{edge,block,low}} = F_{\text{C,block,low}} - F_{\text{offset, low.}} \\ F_{\text{edge,block,high}} & \quad \text{The upper } \textit{sub-block} \text{ edge, where } F_{\text{edge,block,high}} = F_{\text{C,block,high}} + F_{\text{offset, high.}} \end{split}$$

 $F_{edge,\,low} = F_{edge,\,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset,low}.$  The lower edge of aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz.  $F_{edge,\,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}.$  The higher edge of aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz.  $F_{edge,\,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}.$  Frequency offset of the interferer (between the center frequency of the interferer and the carrier

frequency of the carrier measured)

F<sub>Interferer</sub> Frequency of the interferer

F<sub>Ioffset</sub> Frequency offset of the interferer (between the center frequency of the interferer and the closest

edge of the carrier measured)

 $F_{offset}$  Frequency offset from  $F_{C\_high}$  to the *higher edge* or  $F_{C\_low}$  to the *lower edge*.

 $F_{offset, high} \hspace{1.5cm} Frequency \hspace{0.1cm} offset \hspace{0.1cm} from \hspace{0.1cm} F_{C, high} \hspace{0.1cm} to \hspace{0.1cm} the \hspace{0.1cm} upper \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{UE} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{RF} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{Bandwidth} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{edge}, \hspace{0.1cm} or \hspace{0.1cm} from \hspace{0.1cm} F_{C, block, \hspace{0.1cm} high} \hspace{0.1cm} to \hspace{0.1cm} the \hspace{0.1cm} upper \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{UE} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{RF} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{Bandwidth} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{edge}, \hspace{0.1cm} or \hspace{0.1cm} from \hspace{0.1cm} F_{C, block, \hspace{0.1cm} high} \hspace{0.1cm} to \hspace{0.1cm} the \hspace{0.1cm} upper \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{UE} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{RF} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{Bandwidth} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{edge}, \hspace{0.1cm} or \hspace{0.1cm} from \hspace{0.1cm} F_{C, block, \hspace{0.1cm} high} \hspace{0.1cm} to \hspace{0.1cm} the \hspace{0.1cm} upper \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{UE} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{RF} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{Bandwidth} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{edge}, \hspace{0.1cm} or \hspace{0.1cm} from \hspace{0.1cm} F_{C, block, \hspace{0.1cm} high} \hspace{0.1cm} to \hspace{0.1cm} the \hspace{0.1cm} upper \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{UE} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{AF} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{College} \hspace{0.1cm} \textit{Coll$ 

sub-block edge

 $F_{\text{offset,low}}$  Frequency offset from  $F_{\text{C,low}}$  to the lower UE RF Bandwidth edge, or from  $F_{\text{C,block, low}}$  to the lower sub-block edge

The boundary between the NR out of band emission and spurious emission domains RF reference frequency

 $F_{REF-Offs}$  Offset used for calculating  $F_{REF}$ 

F<sub>REF, shift</sub> RF reference frequency for Supplementary Uplink (SUL) bands, the uplink of all FDD bands, and

TDD bands

F<sub>uw</sub> (offset) The frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the

center frequency of the interferer

GB<sub>Channel</sub> Minimum guard band defined in clause 5.3.3

L<sub>CRB</sub> Transmission bandwidth which represents the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

expressed in units of resources blocks

Max() The largest of given numbers Min() The smallest of given numbers  $n_{\text{PRB}}$  Physical resource block number

NR<sub>ACLR</sub> NR ACLR

 $F_{OOB}$ 

 $F_{REF}$ 

N<sub>RB</sub> Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks

 $N_{RB\_agg}$  The number of the aggregated RBs within the fully allocated aggregated channel bandwidth

 $N_{RB_{\_agg}} = \sum_{1}^{j} N_{RB_{j}} * 2^{\mu_{j}}$  for carrier 1 to j, where  $\mu$  is defined in TS 38.211 [6]

N<sub>RB,c</sub> The transmission bandwidth configuration of component carrier c, expressed in units of resource

olocks

 $N_{RB,cj} = N_{RB_j} * 2^{\mu j}$  for carrier j, where  $\mu$  is defined in TS 38.211 [6]

N<sub>RB,largest BW</sub> The largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the bandwidth

combination, expressed in units of resource blocks

N<sub>RB,low</sub> The transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the lowest assigned

component carrier in clause 5.3A.1

N<sub>RB,high</sub> The transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the highest assigned

component carrier in clause 5.3A.1

NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (NR-ARFCN)

 $N_{\text{REF-Offs}} \qquad \qquad \text{Offset used for calculating $N_{\text{REF}}$}$ 

P<sub>CMAX</sub> The configured maximum UE output power

 $P_{CMAX, c}$  The configured maximum UE output power for serving cell c

 $P_{CMAX, f_{b,c}}$  The configured maximum UE output power for carrier f of serving cell c in each slot

P<sub>EMAX</sub> Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers

 $P_{EMAX, c}$  Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers for serving cell c

P<sub>Interferer</sub> Modulated mean power of the interferer

Plargest BW Power of the largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the

bandwidth combination

 $P_{PowerClass} \hspace{1.5cm} The \hspace{.1cm} nominal \hspace{.1cm} UE \hspace{.1cm} power \hspace{.1cm} (i.e., \hspace{.1cm} no \hspace{.1cm} tolerance)$ 

P-MPR $_c$  Power Management Maximum Power Reduction for serving cell c P $_{RB}$  The transmitted power per allocated RB, measured in dBm P $_{UMAX}$  The measured configured maximum UE output power

Puw Power of an unwanted DL signal Pw Power of a wanted DL signal

RB<sub>start</sub> The lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

RB<sub>start\_CA</sub> The lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks for intra-band contiguous CA

SCS<sub>c</sub> SCS for the component carrier c

SCS<sub>largest BW</sub> SCS for the largest transmission bandwidth configuration of the component carriers in the

bandwidth combination

 $SCS_{low}$  SCS for the lowest assigned component carrier in clause 5.3A.1  $SCS_{high}$  SCS for the highest assigned component carrier in clause 5.3A.1

tp Transient Period value signalled by the UE

tp<sub>start</sub> Start position of transient period relative to the symbol boundary

 $T(P_{CMAX}, f, c)$  Tolerance for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}, f, c$  for configured maximum UE output power for carrier

f of serving cell c

T<sub>L,c</sub> Absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable *operating band* as specified in clause 6.2.1

SS<sub>REF</sub> SS block reference frequency position

UTRA<sub>ACLR</sub> UTRA ACLR

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

A-MPR Additional Maximum Power Reduction

BS Base Station
BW Bandwidth
BWP Bandwidth Part
CA Carrier Aggregation

CA\_nX-nY Inter-band CA of component carrier(s) in one sub-block within Band nX and component carrier(s)

in one sub-block within Band nY where nX and nY are the applicable NR operating bands

CC Component Carriers CG Carrier Group CP-OFDM Cyclic Prefix-OFDM
CW Continuous Wave
DC Dual Connectivity

DFT-s-OFDM Discrete Fourier Transform-spread-OFDM

DM-RS Demodulation Reference Signal DTX Discontinuous Transmission

E-UTRA Evolved UTRA

EIRP Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

EVM Error Vector Magnitude
FR Frequency Range
FRC Fixed Reference Channel
FWA Fixed Wireless Access

GSCN Global Synchronization Channel Number

IBB In-band Blocking

IDFT Inverse Discrete Fourier Transformation ITS Intelligent Transportation System

ITU-R Radiocommunication Sector of the International Telecommunication Union

MBW Measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band

MCG Master Cell Group MOP Maximum Output Power

MPR Allowed maximum power reduction
MSD Maximum Sensitivity Degradation

NR New Radio

NR-ARFCN NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

NS Network Signalling

OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator

OOB Out-of-band

P-MPR Power Management Maximum Power Reduction

PRB Physical Resource Block

PSCCH Physical Sidelink Control CHannel PSSCH Physical Sidelink Shared CHannel QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation

RE Resource Element
REFSENS Reference Sensitivity
RF Radio Frequency

RMS Root Mean Square (value)

RSRP Reference Signal Receiving Power

Rx Receiver SC Single Carrier

SCG Secondary Cell Group
SCS Subcarrier spacing
SDL Supplementary Downlink
SEM Spectrum Emission Mask

SL Sidelink

SL-MIMO Sidelink-Multiple Antenna transmission

SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SRS Sounding Reference Symbol
SS Synchronization Symbol
SUL Supplementary uplink
TAE Time Alignment Error
TAG Timing Advance Group

Tx Transmitter

UL MIMO Uplink Multiple Antenna transmission ULFPTx Uplink Full Power Transmission

V2X Vehicle to Everything

#### 4 General

# 4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The present document is a Single-RAT specification for NR UE, covering RF characteristics and minimum performance requirements. Conformance to the present specification is demonstrated by fulfilling the test requirements specified in the conformance specification 3GPP TS 38.521-1 [4].

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 38.521-1 [4] defines test tolerances. These test tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The test tolerances are used to relax the minimum requirements in this specification to create test requirements. For some requirements, including regulatory requirements, the test tolerance is set to zero.

The measurement results returned by the test system are compared - without any modification - against the test requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The shared risk principle is defined in Recommendation ITU-R M.1545 [5].

# 4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements

- a) In this specification the Minimum Requirements are specified as general requirements and additional requirements. Where the Requirement is specified as a general requirement, the requirement is mandated to be met in all scenarios
- b) For specific scenarios for which an additional requirement is specified, in addition to meeting the general requirement, the UE is mandated to meet the additional requirements.
- c) The spurious emissions power requirements are for the long-term average of the power. For the purpose of reducing measurement uncertainty it is acceptable to average the measured power over a period of time sufficient to reduce the uncertainty due to the statistical nature of the signal
- d) All the requirements for intra-band contiguous and non-contiguous CA apply under the assumption of the same slot format indicated by *TDD-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* and *TDD-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* in the PCell and SCells for NR SA.

# 4.3 Specification suffix information

Unless stated otherwise the following suffixes are used for indicating at  $2^{nd}$  level clause, shown in Table 4.3-1.

 Clause suffix
 Variant

 None
 Single Carrier

 A
 Carrier Aggregation (CA)

 B
 Dual-Connectivity (DC)

 C
 Supplement Uplink (SUL)

 D
 UL MIMO

 E
 V2X

 F
 Shared spectrum channel access

Table 4.3-1: Definition of suffixes

A terminal which supports the above features needs to meet both the general requirements and the additional requirement applicable to the additional clause (suffixes A to F) in clauses 5, 6 and 7. Where there is a difference in requirement between the general requirements and the additional clause requirements (suffixes A to F) in clauses 5, 6 and 7, the tighter requirements are applicable unless stated otherwise in the additional clause.

A terminal which supports more than one feature in clauses 5, 6 and 7 shall meet all of the separate corresponding requirements.

For a terminal that supports SUL for the band combination specified in Table 5.2C-1, the current version of the specification assumes the terminal is configured with active transmission either on UL carrier or SUL carrier at any time in one serving cell and the UE requirements for single carrier shall apply for the active UL or SUL carrier accordingly. For a terminal that supports SUL, the current version of the specification assumes the terminal is not configured with UL MIMO on SUL carrier.

For a terminal that supports operation in shared spectrum, the current version of this specification assumes in the uplink sub-bands within a wideband channel shall be contiguously allocated to the UE. The uplink requirements for one or more non-transmitted sub-bands between two transmitted sub-bands does not form a part of the current version of this specification.

# 5 Operating bands and channel arrangement

#### 5.1 General

The channel arrangements presented in this clause are based on the operating bands and channel bandwidths defined in the present release of specifications.

NOTE: Other operating bands and channel bandwidths may be considered in future releases.

Requirements throughout the RF specifications are in many cases defined separately for different frequency ranges (FR). The frequency ranges in which NR can operate according to this version of the specification are identified as described in Table 5.1-1.

Table 5.1-1: Definition of frequency ranges

Frequency range designation	Corresponding frequency range
FR1	410 MHz – 7125 MHz
FR2	24250 MHz - 52600 MHz

The present specification covers FR1 operating bands.

# 5.2 Operating bands

NR is designed to operate in the FR1 operating bands defined in Table 5.2-1.

Table 5.2-1: NR operating bands in FR1

NR	Uplink (UL) operating band	Downlink (DL) operating band	Duplex
operating	BS receive / UE transmit	BS transmit / UE receive	Mode
band	Full low - Full high	FDI low - FDI high	

n1	1920 MHz – 1980 MHz	2110 MHz – 2170 MHz	FDD
n2	1850 MHz – 1910 MHz	1930 MHz – 1990 MHz	FDD
n3	1710 MHz – 1785 MHz	1805 MHz – 1880 MHz	FDD
n5	824 MHz – 849 MHz	869 MHz – 894 MHz	FDD
n7	2500 MHz – 2570 MHz	2620 MHz – 2690 MHz	FDD
n8	880 MHz – 915 MHz	925 MHz – 960 MHz	FDD
n12	699 MHz – 716 MHz	729 MHz – 746 MHz	FDD
n14	788 MHz – 798 MHz	758 MHz – 768 MHz	FDD
n18	815 MHz – 830 MHz	860 MHz – 875 MHz	FDD
n20	832 MHz – 862 MHz	791 MHz – 821 MHz	FDD
n25	1850 MHz – 1915 MHz	1930 MHz – 1995 MHz	FDD
n26	814 MHz – 849 MHz	859 MHz – 894 MHz	FDD
n28	703 MHz – 748 MHz	758 MHz – 803 MHz	FDD
n29	N/A	717 MHz – 728 MHz	SDL
n30 <sup>3</sup>	2305 MHz – 2315 MHz	2350 MHz – 2360 MHz	FDD
n34	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	TDD
n38 <sup>10</sup>	2570 MHz – 2620 MHz	2570 MHz – 2620 MHz	TDD
n39	1880 MHz – 1920 MHz	1880 MHz – 1920 MHz	TDD
n40	2300 MHz – 2400 MHz	2300 MHz – 2400 MHz	TDD
n41	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	TDD
n46	5150 MHz – 5925 MHz	5150 MHz – 5925 MHz	TDD <sup>13</sup>
n47 <sup>11</sup>	5855 MHz – 5925 MHz	5855 MHz – 5925 MHz	TDD
n48	3550 MHz – 3700 MHz	3550 MHz – 3700 MHz	TDD
n50	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	TDD <sup>1</sup>
n51	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	TDD
n53	2483.5 MHz – 2495 MHz	2483.5 MHz – 2495 MHz	TDD
n65	1920 MHz – 2010 MHz	2110 MHz – 2200 MHz	FDD⁴
n66	1710 MHz – 1780 MHz	2110 MHz – 2200 MHz	FDD
n70	1695 MHz – 1710 MHz	1995 MHz – 2020 MHz	FDD
n71	663 MHz – 698 MHz	617 MHz – 652 MHz	FDD
n74	1427 MHz – 1470 MHz	1475 MHz – 1518 MHz	FDD
n75	N/A	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	SDL
n76	N/A	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	SDL
n77 <sup>12</sup>	3300 MHz – 4200 MHz	3300 MHz – 4200 MHz	TDD
n78	3300 MHz – 3800 MHz	3300 MHz – 3800 MHz	TDD
n79	4400 MHz – 5000 MHz	4400 MHz – 5000 MHz	TDD
n80	1710 MHz – 1785 MHz	N/A	SUL
n81	880 MHz – 915 MHz	N/A	SUL
n82	832 MHz – 862 MHz	N/A	SUL
n83	703 MHz – 748 MHz	N/A	SUL
n84	1920 MHz – 1980 MHz	N/A	SUL
n86	1710 MHz – 1780 MHz	N/A	SUL
n89	824 MHz – 849 MHz	N/A	SUL
n90	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	TDD <sup>5</sup>
n91	832 MHz – 862 MHz	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	FDD <sup>9</sup>
n92	832 MHz – 862 MHz	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	FDD <sup>9</sup>
n93	880 MHz – 915 MHz	1427 MHz – 1432 MHz	FDD <sup>9</sup>
n94	880 MHz – 915 MHz	1432 MHz – 1517 MHz	FDD <sup>9</sup>
n95 <sup>8</sup>	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	N/A	SUL
n96 <sup>14</sup>	5925 MHz – 7125 MHz	5925 MHz – 7125 MHz	TDD <sup>13</sup>
L NIOTE 4 115		=0	

- NOTE 1: UE that complies with the NR Band n50 minimum requirements in this specification shall also comply with the NR Band n51 minimum requirements.
- NOTE 2: UE that complies with the NR Band n75 minimum requirements in this specification shall also comply with the NR Band n76 minimum requirements.
- NOTE 3: Uplink transmission is not allowed at this band for UE with external vehicle-mounted antennas.
- NOTE 4: A UE that complies with the NR Band n65 minimum requirements in this specification shall also comply with the NR Band n1 minimum requirements.
- NOTE 5: Unless otherwise stated, the applicability of requirements for Band n90 is in accordance with that for Band n41; a UE supporting Band n90 shall meet the requirements for Band n41. A UE supporting Band n90 shall also support band n41.
- NOTE 6: A UE that supports NR Band n66 shall receive in the entire DL operating band.
- NOTE 7: A UE that supports NR Band n66 and CA operation in any CA band shall also comply with the minimum requirements specified for the DL CA configurations CA\_n66B and CA\_n66(2A) in the current version of the specification.
- NOTE 8: This band is applicable in China only.

- NOTE 9: Variable duplex operation does not enable dynamic variable duplex configuration by the network, and is used such that DL and UL frequency ranges are supported independently in any valid frequency range for the band.
- NOTE 10: When this band is used for V2X SL service, the band is exclusively used for NR V2X in particular regions.
- NOTE 11: This band is unlicensed band used for V2X service. There is no expected network deployment in this band.
- NOTE 12: In the USA this band is restricted to 3450 3550 MHz and 3700 3980 MHz.
- NOTE 13: This band is restricted to operation with shared spectrum channel access as defined in 37.213.
- NOTE 14: This band is applicable in the USA only subject to FCC Report and Order FCC 20-

# 5.2A Operating bands for CA

#### 5.2A.0 General

CA operating bands including Band n90 are defined by the corresponding CA operating bands including Band n41 with Band n90 replacing Band n41. For brevity the said CA operating bands including Band n90 are not listed in the tables below but are covered by this specification.

#### 5.2A.1 Intra-band CA

NR intra-band carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.2A.1-1 and Table 5.2A.1-2, where all operating bands are within FR1.

Table 5.2A.1-1: Intra-band contiguous CA operating bands in FR1

NR CA Band	NR Band (Table 5.2-1)
CA_n1	n1
CA_n7	n7
CA_n40	n40
CA_n41	n41
CA_n46	n46
CA_n48	n48
CA_n66	n66
CA_n71	n71
CA_n77	n77
CA_n78	n78
CA_n79	n79

NOTE 1: The minimum requirements only apply for non simultaneous Tx/Rx between all carriers for TDD combinations.

Table 5.2A.1-2: Intra-band non-contiguous CA operating bands in FR1

NR CA Band	NR Band (Table 5.2-1)
CA_n3(*)	n3
CA_n7(*)	n7
CA_n25(*)	n25
CA_n41(*)	n41
CA_n48(*)	n48
CA_n66(*)	n66
CA_n77(*)	n77
CA_n78(*)	n78

NOTE 1: The minimum requirements only apply for non simultaneous Tx/Rx between all carriers for TDD combinations.

NOTE 2: The notation CA\_nX(\*) in this table indicates intra-band non-contiguous CA for band nX.

The configurations for each band are in 5.5A.2.

#### 5.2A.2 Inter-band CA

NR inter-band carrier aggregation is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.2A.2.1-1, 5.2A.2.2-1 and Table 5.2A.2.3-1, where all operating bands are within FR1.

**Table 5.2A.2-1: Void** 

**Table 5.2A.2-2: Void** 

**Table 5.2A.2-3: Void** 

#### 5.2A.2.1 Inter-band CA (two bands)

Table 5.2A.2.1-1: Inter-band CA operating bands involving FR1 (two bands)

NR CA Band	NR Band (Table 5.2-1)	DL interruption allowed (Note 8)
CA_n1-n3	n1, n3	
CA_n1-n7	n1, n7	
CA_n1-n8	n1, n8	
CA_n1-n28	n1, n28	
CA_n1-n40	n1, n40	
CA_n1-n41 <sup>1</sup>	n1, n41	.,
CA_n1-n77 <sup>1</sup>	n1, n77	No
CA_n1-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n1, n78	No No
CA_n1-n79 <sup>1</sup> CA_n2-n5	n1, n79 n2, n5	No
CA_n2-n48	n2, n3	+
CA_n2-n66	n2, n66	
CA_n2-n77	n2, n77	
CA_n2-n78	n2, n78	
CA_n3-n7	n3, n7	
CA_n3-n8	n3, n8	
CA n3-n28	n3, n28	
CA_n3-n38	n3, n38	
CA_n3-n40 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n40	
CA_n3-n41 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n41	No
CA_n3-n77 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n77	No
CA_n3-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n78	No
CA_n3-n79 <sup>1</sup>	n3, n79	No
CA_n5-n7	n5, n7	
CA_n5-n66	n5, n66	
CA_n5-n77 <sup>1</sup>	n5, n77	
CA_n5-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n5, n78	No
CA_n5-n79 <sup>1</sup>	n5, n79	No
CA_n7-n25	n7, n25	
CA_n7-n28	n7, n28	
CA_n7-n66	n7, n66	
CA_n7-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n7, n78	
CA_n8-n39 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n39	
CA_n8-n40 <sup>1</sup> CA_n8-n41 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n40	No
CA_no-n41 <sup>-</sup> CA_n8-n75 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n41 n8, n75	INO
CA_n8-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n78	No
CA_n8-n79 <sup>1</sup>	n8, n79	No No
CA_n20-n28 <sup>2</sup>	n20, n28	NO
CA_n20-n75	n20, n75	
CA_n20-n78	n20, n78	
CA_n25-n41	n25, n41	
CA_n25-n46 <sup>6</sup>	n25, n46	
CA_n25-n66	n25, n66	
CA_n25-n71	n25, n71	
CA_n25-n78	n25,n78	
CA_n28-n40	n28, n40	
CA_n28-n41 <sup>1</sup>	n28, n41	
CA_n28-n50	n28, n50	
CA_n28-n75 <sup>2</sup>	n28, n75	
CA_n28-n77 <sup>1</sup>	n28, n77	No
CA_n28-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n28, n78	No
CA_n29-n66	n29, n66	
CA_n29-n70	n29, n70	
CA_n38-n66	n38, n66	
CA_n38-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n38, n78	
CA_n39-n40	n39, n40	N.
CA_n39-n41	n39, n41	No No
CA_n39-n79 <sup>1</sup>	n39, n79	No
CA_n40-n41	n40, n41	
CA_n40-n78 CA_n40-n79 <sup>1,4</sup>	n40, n78	No
CA_n40-n79 <sup>1,4</sup> CA_n41-n50 <sup>1</sup>	n40, n79 n41, n50	No
OA_H41-H3U	1141, 1150	

CA_n41-n66	n41, n66	
CA_n41-n71 <sup>1</sup>	n41, n71	
CA_n41-n78	n41, n78	
CA_n41-n79 <sup>1,3</sup>	n41, n79	No
CA_n46-n48 <sup>6</sup>	n46, n48	
CA_n46-n66 <sup>6</sup>	n46, n66	
CA_n48-n66	n48, n66	
CA_n50-n78	n50, n78	
CA_n66-n70	n66, n70	
CA_n66-n71	n66, n71	
CA_n66-n77	n66, n77	
CA_n66-n78	n66, n78	
CA_n70-n71	n70, n71	
CA_n75-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n75, n78	
CA_n76-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n76, n78	
CA_n77-n79 <sup>7</sup>	n77, n79	
CA_n78-n79 <sup>5</sup>	n78, n79	
CA_n78-n92	n78, n92	
NOTE 4. Applicable for LIC composition inter band consists agree entire with many dataset		

- NOTE 1: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx capability.
- NOTE 2: The frequency range in band n28 is restricted for this band combination to 703-733 MHz for the UL and 758-788 MHz for the DL.
- NOTE 3: The frequency range below 2506 MHz for Band n41 is not used in this combination.
- NOTE 4: Applicable for frequency range above 4800 MHz for Band n79 in this combination.
- NOTE 5: For UEs supporting band n77, the minimum requirements apply only when there is non-simultaneous Rx/Tx operation between n78-n79 NR carriers. This restriction applies also for these carriers when applicable NR CA configuration is part of a higher order configuration.
- NOTE 6: The PCell is allocated in the licensed band in this combination.
- NOTE 7: The minimum requirements apply only when there is non-simultaneous Rx/Tx operation between n77-n79 NR carriers. This restriction applies also for these carriers when applicable NR CA configuration is part of a higher order configuration.
- NOTE 8: Applicable when dynamic switching between two uplink carriers is conducted.

  The DL interruption requirement is specified in clause 8.2.2.2.10 of 38.133 [13].

#### 5.2A.2.2 Inter-band CA (three bands)

Table 5.2A.2.2-1: Inter-band CA operating bands involving FR1 (three bands)

NR CA Band	NR Band
	(Table 5.2-1)
CA_n1-n3-n7	n1, n3, n7
CA_n1-n3-n8	n1, n3, n8
CA_n1-n3-n28	n1, n3, n28
CA_n1-n3-n41 <sup>3</sup>	n1, n3, n41
CA_n1-n3-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n1, n3, n78
CA_n1-n7-n28	n1, n7, n28
CA_n1-n7-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n1, n7, n78
CA_n1-n8-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n1, n8, n78
CA_n1-n28-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n1, n28, n78
CA_n1-n40-n78	n1, n40, n78
CA_n3-n7-n28	n3, n7, n28
CA_n3-n7-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n3, n7, n78
CA_n3-n8-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n3, n8, n78
CA_n3-n28-n77 <sup>3</sup>	n3, n28, n77
CA_n3-n28-n78 <sup>3</sup>	n3, n28, n78
CA_n3-n40-n41	n3, n40, n41
CA_n3-n41-n79 <sup>3</sup>	n3, n41, n79
CA_n5-n66-n78	n5, n66, n78
CA_n7-n25-n66	n7, n25, n66
CA_n7-n28-n78	n7, n28, n78
CA_n7-n66-n78	n7, n66, n78
CA_n8-n39-n41	n8, n39, n41
CA_n8-n41-n79 <sup>3</sup>	n8, n41, n79
CA_n20-n28-n78	n20, n28, n78
CA_n25-n41-n66	n25, n41, n66
CA_n25-n41-n71	n41, n66, n71
CA_n25-n66-n71	n25, n66, n71
CA_n25-n66-n78	n25, n66, n78
CA_n28-n40-n78	n28, n40, n78
CA_n28-n41-n78	n28, n41, n78
CA_n29-n66-n70	n29, n66, n70
CA_n39-n41-n79	n39, n41, n79
CA_n40-n41-n79 <sup>1,2</sup>	n40, n41, n79
CA_ n41-n66-n71	n41, n66, n71
CA_n66-n70-n71	n66, n70, n71

NOTE 1: The frequency range below 2506 MHz for Band n41 is not used in this band combination.

NOTE 2: Applicable for frequency range above 4800 MHz for Band n79 in this band combination.

NOTE 3: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx capability.

#### 5.2A.2.3 Inter-band CA (four bands)

Table 5.2A.2.3-1: Inter-band CA operating bands involving FR1 (four bands)

NR CA Band	NR Band (Table 5.2-1)	
CA_n1-n3-n7-n28	n1, n3, n7, n28	
CA_n1-n3-n7-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n1, n3, n7, n78	
CA_n1-n3-n8-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n1, n3, n8, n78	
CA_n1-n3-n28-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n1, n3, n28, n78	
CA_n3-n7-n28-n78	n3, n7, n28, n78	
CA_n7-n25-n66-n78	n7, n25, n66, n78	
NOTE 1: Applicable for LIE supporting inter-hand carrier		

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx capability.

# 5.2B Operating bands for DC

The operating bands are specified in clause 5.5B for operation with NR dual connectivity configured, where all operating bands are within FR1.

# 5.2C Operating band combination for SUL

NR operation is designed to operate in the operating band combination defined in Table 5.2C-1 and Table 5.2C-2, where all operating bands are within FR1.

Table 5.2C-1: Operating band combination for SUL in FR1

NR Band combination	NR Band
for SUL	(Table 5.2-1)
SUL_n41-n80	n41, n80
SUL_n41-n81	n41, n81
SUL_n41-n95	n41, n95
SUL_n77-n80 <sup>2</sup>	n77, n80
SUL_n77-n84 <sup>2</sup>	n77, n84
SUL_n78-n80 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n80
SUL_n78-n81 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n81
SUL_n78-n82 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n82
SUL_n78-n83 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n83
SUL_n78-n84 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n84
SUL_n78-n86 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n86
SUL_n79-n80 <sup>2</sup>	n79, n80
SUL_n79-n81 <sup>2</sup>	n79, n81
SUL_n79-n84	n79, n84
SUL_n79-n95	n79, n95

NOTE 1: If a UE is configured with both NR UL and NR SUL carriers in a cell, the switching time between NR UL carrier and NR SUL carrier is 0 us.

NOTE 2: For UE supporting SUL band combination simultaneous Rx/Tx capability is mandatory.

NOTE 3: For UE supporting SUL band combination, UL MIMO is not configured on SUL carrier

Table 5.2C-2: Operating SUL band combination with intra-band non-contiguous CA in FR1

NR Ban	d combination	NR Band					
	for SUL	(Table 5.2-1)					
SUL	_n78(*)-n86 <sup>2</sup>	n78, n86					
NOTE 1:		red with both NR UL and NR					
	SUL carriers in a	cell, the switching time					
	between NR UL of	carrier and NR SUL carrier is					
	0 us.						
NOTE 2:	For UE supporting	g SUL band combination					
	simultaneous Rx/	Tx capability is mandatory.					
NOTE 3:	For UE supporting	g SUL band combination, UL					
	MIMO is not conf	igured on SUL carrier.					
NOTE 4:	The notation CA_	nX(*) in this table indicates					
		ontiguous CA for band nX.					
	The configuration	s for each band are in table					
	5.5C-2.						

# 5.2D Operating bands for UL MIMO

NR is designed to support UL MIMO where all of the operating bands are in FR1 defined in Table 5.2D-1.

Table 5.2D-1: NR operating bands for UL MIMO in FR1

NR operating band
n1
n2
n3
n7
n25
n30 <sup>1</sup>
n34
n38
n39
n40
n41
n46
n48
n66
n70
n71 <sup>2</sup>
n77
n78
n79
n96
NOTE 1: Uplink transmission is not allowed at this band

for UE with external vehicle-mounted antennas.

NOTE 2: UL MIMO is targeted for FWA form factor.

# 5.2E Operating band for V2X

# 5.2E.1 V2X operating bands

NR V2X is designed to operate in the operating bands in FR1 defined in Table 5.2E.1-1.

Table 5.2E.1-1 V2X operating bands in FR1

V2X Operating Band	Sidelink (SL) 7 operatin	Sidelink (S operat	•	•	Duplex Mode	Interface						
	F <sub>UL_low</sub> -	F <sub>UL_high</sub>	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	- 1	F <sub>DL_high</sub>							
n38¹	2570 MHz -	2620 MHz	2570 MHz	-	2620 MHz	HD	PC5					
n47	5855 MHz -	5925 MHz	5855 MHz	-	5925 MHz	HD	PC5					
Note 1: When this	Note 1: When this hand is used for V2X SI, service, the hand is exclusively used for NR V2X in particular											

Note 1: When this band is used for V2X SL service, the band is exclusively used for NR V2X in particular regions.

#### 5.2E.2 V2X operating bands for con-current operation

NR V2X operation is designed to operate concurrent with NR uplink/downlink on the operating bands combinations listed in Table 5.2E.2-1.

Table 5.2E.2-1 Inter-band con-current V2X operating bands

V2X con-current operating Band	NR or V2X Operating Band	Interface		
V2X_n71-n47	n71	Uu		
	n47	PC5		

#### 5.3 UE channel bandwidth

#### 5.3.1 General

The UE channel bandwidth supports a single NR RF carrier in the uplink or downlink at the UE. From a BS perspective, different UE channel bandwidths may be supported within the same spectrum for transmitting to and receiving from UEs connected to the BS. Transmission of multiple carriers to the same UE (CA) or multiple carriers to different UEs within the BS channel bandwidth can be supported.

From a UE perspective, the UE is configured with one or more BWP / carriers, each with its own UE channel bandwidth. The UE does not need to be aware of the BS channel bandwidth or how the BS allocates bandwidth to different UEs.

The placement of the UE channel bandwidth for each UE carrier is flexible but can only be completely within the BS channel bandwidth.

The relationship between the channel bandwidth, the guardband and the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration is shown in Figure 5.3.1-1.

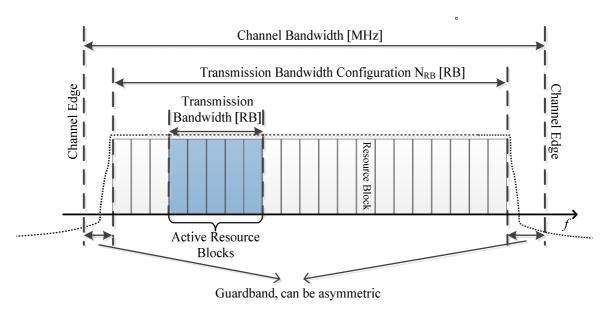


Figure 5.3.1-1: Definition of the channel bandwidth and the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration for one NR channel

#### 5.3.2 Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration

The maximum transmission bandwidth configuration  $N_{RB}$  for each UE channel bandwidth and subcarrier spacing is specified in Table 5.3.2-1.

Table 5.3.2-1: Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration  $N_{\text{RB}}$ 

SCS (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
	N <sub>RB</sub>												
15	25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	189	217	245	273
60	N/A	11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	93	107	121	135

## 5.3.3 Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration

The minimum guardband for each UE channel bandwidth and SCS is specified in Table 5.3.3-1,

Table 5.3.3-1: Minimum guardband for each UE channel bandwidth and SCS (kHz)

SCS (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
15	242.5	312.5	382.5	452.5	522.5	592.5	552.5	692.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	505	665	645	805	785	945	905	1045	825	965	925	885	845
60	N/A	1010	990	1330	1310	1290	1610	1570	1530	1490	1450	1410	1370

NOTE: The minimum guardbands have been calculated using the following equation: (BW<sub>Channel</sub> x 1000 (kHz) -  $N_{RB}$  x SCS x 12) / 2 - SCS/2, where  $N_{RB}$  are from Table 5.3.2-1.

Figure 5.3.3-1: Void

The number of RBs configured in any channel bandwidth shall ensure that the minimum guardband specified in this clause is met.

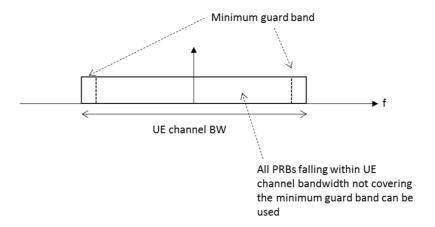


Figure 5.3.3-2: UE PRB utilization

In the case that multiple numerologies are multiplexed in the same symbol due to BS transmission of SSB, the minimum guardband on each side of the carrier is the guardband applied at the configured channel bandwidth for the numerology that is received immediately adjacent to the guard.

If multiple numerologies are multiplexed in the same symbol and the UE channel bandwidth is >50 MHz, the minimum guardband applied adjacent to 15 kHz SCS shall be the same as the minimum guardband defined for 30 kHz SCS for the same UE channel bandwidth.

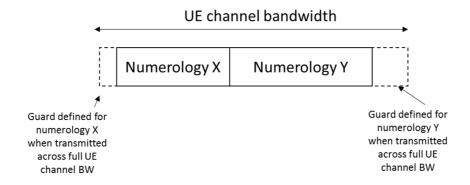


Figure 5.3.3-3 Guard band definition when transmitting multiple numerologies

NOTE: Figure 5.3.3-3 is not intended to imply the size of any guard between the two numerologies. Internumerology guard band within the carrier is implementation dependent.

For a UE supporting wideband operation, the nominal intra-cell guard bands and the corresponding sizes of the RB sets separated by the said guard bands are as specified in Table 5.3.3-2 for each UE channel bandwidth and sub-carrier spacing for the downlink and uplink. The nominal intra-cell guard bands in Table 5.3.3-2 are applicable when the respective IE *intraCellGuardBandsUL-List* and *intraCellGuardBandsDL-List* [7] for the uplink and downlink are not provided, as specified in [10] clause 7.

40 MHz 60 MHz 80 MHz SCS (kHz) 105-6-105 N/A N/A 15 (216)30 50-6-50-6-50 50-6-50-5-50-6-50 50-6-50 (106)(162)(217)60 23-5-23 23-5-23-5-23 23-5-23-5-23-5-23 (79)(107)(51)

Table 5.3.3-2: Nominal intra-cell guard bands for wideband operation

NOTE 1: The intra-cell guard band is denoted TBW<sub>0</sub>-GB<sub>0</sub>-...-GB<sub>N\_RBset-2</sub>-TBW<sub>N\_RBset-1</sub> for N\_RBset > 1 number of RB-sets with TBW<sub>r</sub> the maximum transmission bandwidth (PRB) of RB-set r and GB<sub>r</sub> the guard band (PRB) above the upper edge of RB-set r. The RB-set 0 is starting at the first common resource block (CRB) of the carrier as indicated by offsetToCarrier. The total transmission bandwidth configuration (size of resource grid) including guard bands is given in between parentheses.

For a UE that supports shared spectrum channel access, there are no uplink or downlink intra-cell guard bands for operation with 10 MHz and 20 MHz channel bandwidths; the maximum transmission bandwidth configurations for these channel bandwidths are in accordance with clause 5.3.2.

For each UE channel bandwidth and sub-carrier spacing given by Table 5.3.3-2, the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration of the carrier including intra-cell guard bands, if configured for the uplink and downlink by the respective IE *intraCellGuardBandsUL-List* and *intraCellGuardBandsDL-List* [7], and corresponding RB-set(s) shall be in accordance with clause 5.3.2 with a minimum inter-cell guard band of the UE channel bandwidth as specified in Table 5.3.3-1 for the uplink and downlink. Minimum requirements specified for wideband operation in Clause 6 and Clause 7 also apply for intra-cell guard bands larger than the nominal sizes in Table 5.3.3-2 as listed in Table 5.3.3-3 for each sub-carrier spacing; each guard band in order of CRB index must be larger than or equal to the corresponding nominal guard band specified in Table 5.3.3-2 for each channel bandwidth.

Table 5.3.3-3: Applicable intra-cell guard bands for wideband operation

Parameter	Unit	t SCS		
		15 kHz	30 kHz	
Intra-cell guard band (size)	PRB	6,7	5,6,7	
Transmission bandwidth (size) of RB-set	PRB	104,105	49,50,51	

If the UE is configured with zero width intra-cell guard bands for the uplink and downlink by the IE *intraCellGuardBandsUL-List* and *intraCellGuardBandsDL-List* [7] on a carrier greater than 20 MHz, the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration for the uplink and downlink shall be in accordance with clause 5.3.2 with a minimum inter-cell guard band of the UE channel bandwidth as specified in Table 5.3.3-1.

### 5.3.4 RB alignment

For each numerology, its common resource blocks are specified in Clause 4.4.4.3 in TS 38.211 [6], and the starting point of its transmission bandwidth configuration on the common resource block grid for a given channel bandwidth is indicated by an offset to "Reference point A" in the unit of the numerology. The *UE transmission bandwidth configuration* is indicated by the higher layer parameter *carrierBandwidth* [7] and will fulfil the minimum UE guardband requirement specified in Clause 5.3.3.

# 5.3.5 UE channel bandwidth per operating band

The requirements in this specification apply to the combination of channel bandwidths, SCS and operating bands shown in Table 5.3.5-1. The transmission bandwidth configuration in Table 5.3.2-1 shall be supported for each of the specified channel bandwidths. The channel bandwidths are specified for both the TX and RX path.

Table 5.3.5-1 Channel bandwidths for each NR band

					NR band	/ SCS	/ UE CI	nannel b	andwic	lth				
NR Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n1	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
n2	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes									
n3	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	30 60		Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes						
n5	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	162	162	162						
110	30	163	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n7	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
n8	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n12	15	Yes	Yes	Yes										
	30		Yes	Yes										
-11	60	Vaa	V											
n14	15 30	Yes	Yes											
	60		Yes											
n18	15	Yes	Yes	Yes										
1110	30	103	Yes	Yes										
	60		100	100										
n20	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n25	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
n26	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes		N 7							
n28	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>7</sup>		Yes <sup>7</sup>							
	30 60		Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>7</sup>		Yes <sup>7</sup>							
n29	15	Yes	Yes											
1123	30	163	Yes											
	60		103											
n30	15	Yes	Yes											
	30		Yes											
	60													
n34	15	Yes	Yes	Yes										
	30		Yes	Yes										
	60		Yes	Yes										
n38	15	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>							
	30		Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>							
n20	60	Voc	Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>10</sup>					1		
n39	15 30	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes				-		
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				<del>                                     </del>		
n40	15	Yes <sup>9</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			<del>                                     </del>		
1170	30	, 03	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		
n41	15		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes			1		
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
n46	15		Yes <sup>5</sup>		Yes			Yes						

	NR band / SCS / UE Channel bandwidth													
NR	SCS	5 MHz	10	15	20 MHz	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90 MHz	100
Band	kHz	J 1411 12	MHz	MHz	20 1411 12	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	30 1411 12	MHz
Dana	30		Yes <sup>5</sup>	1411.12	Yes	1411 12	141112	Yes	141112	Yes	1411.12	Yes		1411.12
	60		Yes <sup>5</sup>		Yes			Yes		Yes		Yes		
n47	15		Yes <sup>10</sup>		Yes <sup>10</sup>		Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes <sup>10</sup>		103		103		
1177	30		Yes <sup>10</sup>		Yes <sup>10</sup>		Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes <sup>10</sup>						
	60		Yes <sup>10</sup>		Yes <sup>10</sup>		Yes <sup>10</sup>	Yes <sup>10</sup>						
n48	15	Yes <sup>5</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes		163	Yes	Yes <sup>6</sup>					
1170	30	163	Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes <sup>6</sup>	Yes <sup>6</sup>		Yes <sup>6</sup>	Yes <sup>6,4</sup>	Yes <sup>6</sup>
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	Yes <sup>6</sup>	Yes <sup>6</sup>		Yes <sup>6</sup>	Yes <sup>6,4</sup>	Yes <sup>6</sup>
n50	15	Yes <sup>9</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	163		163	163	163
1130	30	163	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes <sup>3</sup>		
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes <sup>3</sup>		
n51	15	Yes	163	163	163		163	163	163	163		163		
1131	30	162												
	60													
n53	15	Yes	Yes											
1133	30	162	Yes											
	60		Yes											
nCF.		Voc	Yes	Voc	Voc				Voc					
n65	15	Yes		Yes	Yes				Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes				Yes					
	60	V	Yes	Yes	Yes	V	V	Va-	Yes					
n66	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
n70	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>								
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>								
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>								
n71	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n74	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes									
n75	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
n76	15	Yes												
	30													
	60													
n77	15		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes
n78	15		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes
n79	15							Yes	Yes					
	30							Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		Yes
	60							Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		Yes
n80	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes							
n81	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n82	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n83	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n84	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes									

					NR band	I / SCS	/ UE CI	hannel l	bandwic	lth				
NR	SCS	5 MHz	10	15	20 MHz	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90 MHz	100
Band	kHz		MHz	MHz		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		MHz
n86	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes						
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes						
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes						
n89	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n90	15		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes					
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
	60		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
n91	15	Yes	Yes <sup>8</sup>											
	30													
	60													
n92	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n93	15	Yes	Yes <sup>8</sup>											
	30													
	60													
n94	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes									
	30		Yes	Yes	Yes									
	60													
n95	15	Yes	Yes	Yes										
	30		Yes	Yes										
	60		Yes	Yes										
n96	15				Yes			Yes						
	30				Yes			Yes		Yes		Yes		
	60				Yes			Yes		Yes		Yes		

NOTE 1: Void.

NOTE 2: Void.

NOTE 3: This UE channel bandwidth is applicable only to downlink.

NOTE 4: This UE channel bandwidth is optional in this release of the specification.

NOTE 5: For this bandwidth, the minimum requirements are restricted to operation when carrier is configured as an SCell part of DC or CA configuration.

NOTE 6: For this bandwidth, the minimum requirements are restricted to operation when carrier is configured as a downlink SCell part of CA configuration.

NOTE 7: For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for NR UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz. For the 30MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for NR UL transmission bandwidth configuration confined to either 703-733 or 718-748 MHz.

NOTE 8: This UE channel bandwidth is applicable only to uplink.

NOTE 9: For this bandwidth, the minimum requirements are restricted to operation when carrier is configured as an SCell part of DC or CA configuration.

NOTE 10: These UE channel bandwidths are applicable to sidelink operation.

# 5.3.6 Asymmetric channel bandwidths

The UE channel bandwidth can be asymmetric in downlink and uplink. In asymmetric channel bandwidth operation, the narrower carrier shall be confined within the frequency range of the wider channel bandwidth.

In FDD, the confinement is defined as a deviation to the Tx-Rx carrier center frequency separation (defined in table 5.4.4-1) as following:

$$\Delta F_{TX\text{-}RX} = | \; (BW_{DL} - BW_{UL})/2 \; | \;$$

The operating bands and supported asymmetric channel bandwidth combinations are defined in table 5.3.6-1.

Table 5.3.6-1: FDD asymmetric UL and DL channel bandwidth combinations

Channel bandwidths for UL (MHz)	Channel bandwidths for DL (MHz)	Asymmetric channel bandwidth combination set
5, 10	20, 40	0
20	40	
5, 10	20, 25, 30, 40	1
20, 25, 30	40	
5, 10	15	0
5, 10, 15	20, 25	
5	10	0
10	15	
15	20	
10	5	0
5	10, 15, 20	0
10	15, 20	
10	5	0
5	10, 15, 20	0
10	15, 20	
	bandwidths for UL (MHz)  5, 10  20  5, 10  20, 25, 30  5, 10  5, 10, 15  5  10  15  10  10	bandwidths for UL (MHz)         bandwidths for DL (MHz)           5, 10         20, 40           20         40           5, 10         20, 25, 30, 40           20, 25, 30         40           5, 10         15           5, 10, 15         20, 25           5         10           10         15           15         20           10         5           5         10, 15, 20           10         5           5         10, 15, 20           10         5           5         10, 15, 20

NOTE 1: The assignment of the paired UL and DL channels are subject to a TX-RX separation as specified in clause 5.4.4.

In TDD, the operating bands and supported asymmetric channel bandwidth combinations are defined in table 5.3.6-2.

Table 5.3.6-2: TDD asymmetric UL and DL channel bandwidth combinations

NR Band		Channel	Channel						
		bandwidths for UL (MHz)	bandwidths for DL (MHz)						
n50		60	80						
NOTE 1:	betv	Both centre frequency and BWP-ID shall match between DL and UL carriers as defined in TS 38.331 [7] cl. 6.3.2 and TS 38.213 [8] clause 12.							
NOTE 2:	In a BWI	n a case a UE is configured with a full width of BWP within both UL/ DL channels, the centre requency of UL/ DL channels shall be same.							
NOTE 3:	A po	osition of Point A is comn carriers as defined in TS	non between UL and						

### 5.3A UE channel bandwidth for CA

#### 5.3A.1 General

Figure 5.3A.1-1: Void

Figure 5.3A.1-2: Void

# 5.3A.2 Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration for CA

For carrier aggregation, the maximum transmission bandwidth configuration is defined per component carrier and the requirement is specified in clause 5.3.2.

# 5.3A.3 Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, *Aggregated Channel Bandwidth* and *Guard Bands* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.3A.3-1.

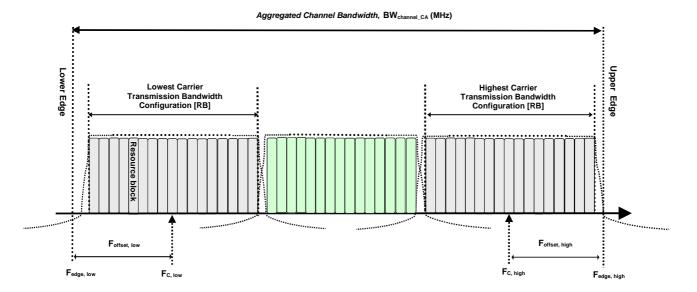


Figure 5.3A.3-1: Definition of Aggregated Channel Bandwidth for intra-band carrier aggregation

The aggregated channel bandwidth, BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub>, is defined as

$$BW_{Channel\_CA} = F_{edge,high} - F_{edge,low}$$
 (MHz).

The lower bandwidth edge  $F_{\text{edge, low}}$  and the upper bandwidth edge  $F_{\text{edge, high}}$  of the aggregated channel bandwidth are used as frequency reference points for transmitter and receiver requirements and are defined by

$$F_{edge,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset,low}$$

$$F_{edge,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset,high}$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carrier and are defined as

$$F_{offset,low} = (N_{RB,low}*12 + 1)*SCS_{low}/2 + BW_{GB}(MHz)$$

$$F_{\text{offset,high}} = (N_{RB,\text{high}}*12 - 1)*SCS_{\text{high}}/2 + BW_{GB} (MHz)$$

$$BW_{GB} = max(BW_{GB,Channel(k)})$$

 $N_{RB,low}$  and  $N_{RB,high}$  are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier,  $SCS_{low}$  and  $SCS_{high}$  are the sub-carrier spacing for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier respectively.  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  use the largest  $\mu$  value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  is the minimum guard band for carrier k according to Table 5.3.3-1 for the said  $\mu$  value. In case there is no common  $\mu$  value for both of the channel bandwidths,  $\mu$ =1 is used for  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$ .

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation *Sub-block Bandwidth* and *Sub-block edges* are defined as follows, see Figure 5.3A.3-2.

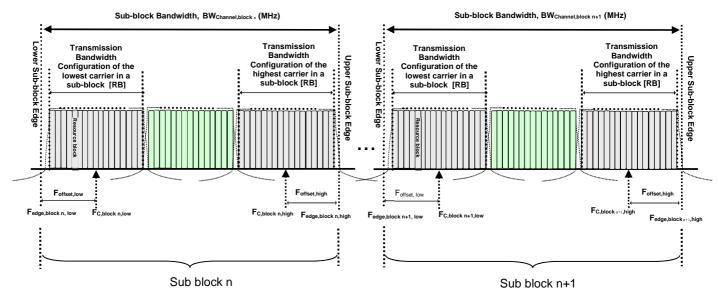


Figure 5.3A.3-2: Definition of sub-block bandwidth for intra-band non-contiguous spectrum

The lower sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth (BW<sub>Channel,block</sub>) is defined as

$$F_{\text{edge,block, low}} = F_{\text{C,block,low}} - F_{\text{offset, low}}$$

The upper sub-block edge of the Sub-block Bandwidth is defined as

$$F_{edge,block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset,high}.$$

The Sub-block Bandwidth, BW<sub>Channel,block</sub>, is defined as follows:

$$BW_{Channel,block} = F_{edge,block,high} - F_{edge,block,low} (MHz)$$

The lower and upper frequency offsets  $F_{offset,block,low}$  and  $F_{offset,block,high}$  depend on the transmission bandwidth configurations of the lowest and highest assigned edge component carriers within a sub-block and are defined as

$$\begin{split} F_{offset,block,low} = & \ (N_{RB,low}*12+1)*SCS_{low}/2 + BW_{GB} \, (MHz) \\ F_{offset,block,high} = & \ (N_{RB,high}*12-1)*SCS_{high}/2 + BW_{GB} (MHz) \\ BW_{GB} = & \ max(BW_{GB,Channel(k)}) \end{split}$$

where  $N_{RB,low}$  and  $N_{RB,high}$  are the transmission bandwidth configurations according to Table 5.3.2-1 for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively.  $SCS_{low}$  and  $SCS_{high}$  are the sub-carrier spacing for the lowest and highest assigned component carrier within a sub-block, respectively.  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  use the largest  $\mu$  value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$  is the minimum guard band for carrier k according to Table 5.3.3-1 for the said  $\mu$  value. In case there is no common  $\mu$  value for both of the channel bandwidths,  $\mu$ =1 is used for  $SCS_{low}$ ,  $SCS_{high}$ ,  $N_{RB,low}$ ,  $N_{RB,high}$ , and  $BW_{GB,Channel(k)}$ .

The sub-block gap size between two consecutive sub-blocks  $W_{\text{gap}}$  is defined as

$$W_{gap} = F_{edge,block n+1,low} - F_{edge,block n,high} (MHz)$$

#### 5.3A.4 Void

# 5.3A.5 UE channel bandwidth per operating band for CA

The requirements for carrier aggregation in this specification are defined for carrier aggregation configurations.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class with associated bandwidth combination sets specified in clause 5.5A.1. For each

carrier aggregation configuration, requirements are specified for all aggregated channel bandwidths contained in a bandwidth combination set, a UE can indicate support of several bandwidth combination sets per carrier aggregation configuration. For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a single operating band supporting two or more sub-blocks, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

For intra-band non-contiguous uplink carrier aggregation, frequency separation class (Fs) specified in Table 5.3A.5-2 indicates the maximum frequency span between lower edge of lowest component carrier and upper edge of highest component carrier that UE can support per band combination in uplink in non-contiguous intra-band operation when the signalling is absent for dualPA-Architecture IE.

For inter-band carrier aggregation, a carrier aggregation configuration is a combination of operating bands, each supporting a carrier aggregation bandwidth class.

Table 5.3A.5-1: NR CA bandwidth classes

NR CA bandwidth class	Aggregated channel bandwidth	Number of contiguous CC	Fallback group
А	BW <sub>Channel</sub> ≤ BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	1	1, 2, 3 <sup>4</sup>
В	20 MHz ≤ BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 100 MHz	2	2, 3 <sup>4</sup>
С	100 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 2 x BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	2	1, 3 <sup>4</sup>
D	200 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 3 x BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	3	
Е	300 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 4 x BW <sub>Channel,max</sub>	4	
G	100 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 150 MHz	3	2
Н	150 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 200 MHz	4	
I	200 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 250 MHz	5	
J	250 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 300 MHz	6	
K	300 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 350 MHz	7	
L	350 MHz < BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 400 MHz	8	
M <sup>3</sup>	50 MHz ≤ BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 200 MHz	3	34
N <sup>3</sup>	80 MHz ≤ BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 300 MHz	4	
$O_3$	100 MHz ≤ BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> ≤ 400 MHz	5	

NOTE 1: BW<sub>Channel, max</sub> is maximum channel bandwidth supported among all bands in a release

NOTE 2: It is mandatory for a UE to be able to fallback to lower order NR CA bandwidth class configuration within a fallback group. It is not mandatory for a UE to be able to fallback to lower order NR CA bandwidth class configuration that belong to a different fallback group.

NOTE 3: This bandwidth class is only applicable to bands identified for use with shared spectrum channel access in Table 5.2-1.

NOTE 4: Fallback group 3 is only applicable to bands identified for use with shared spectrum channel access in Table 5.2-1

Table 5.3A.5-2: NR intra-band non-contiguous UL CA frequency separation classes

NR NC UL CA frequency separation class	Maximum allowed frequency separation
I	100 MHz
II	200 MHz
III	[600 MHz]

### 5.3E Channel bandwidth for V2X

#### 5.3E.1 General

NR V2X operation channel bandwidths for each operating band is specified in Table 5.3.5-1 in clause 5.3.5. The same (symmetrical) channel bandwidth is specified for both the transmission and reception path.

### 5.3E.2 Channel bandwidth for V2X concurrent operation

For NR V2X inter-band con-current operation in FR1, the NR V2X channel bandwidths for each operating band is specified in Table 5.3E.2-1.

Table 5.3E.2-1: Inter-band con-current V2X configurations

V2X con-current operating band Configuration	NR Bands	SCS kHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	Maximum bandwidth [MHz]	Bandwidth combination set
V2X_n71A-n47A	n71	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				60	0
		30		Yes	Yes	Yes					
		60									
	n47	15		Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes			
		30		Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes			
		60		Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes			

# 5.4 Channel arrangement

### 5.4.1 Channel spacing

#### 5.4.1.1 Channel spacing for adjacent NR carriers

The spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent NR carriers is defined as following:

- For NR operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster,

Nominal Channel spacing =  $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$ 

- For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster,

 $Nominal\ Channel\ spacing = (BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2 + \{-5\ kHz,\ 0\ kHz,\ 5\ kHz\}\ for\ \Delta F_{Raster}\ equals\ 15\ kHz\}$ 

Nominal Channel spacing =  $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2 + \{-10 \text{ kHz}, 0 \text{ kHz}, 10 \text{ kHz}\}\$  for  $\Delta F_{Raster}$  equals 30 kHz

where  $BW_{Channel(1)}$  and  $BW_{Channel(2)}$  are the channel bandwidths of the two respective NR carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted depending on the channel raster to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

#### 5.4.2 Channel raster

#### 5.4.2.1 NR-ARFCN and channel raster

The global frequency channel raster defines a set of RF reference frequencies  $F_{REF.}$  The RF reference frequency is used in signalling to identify the position of RF channels, SS blocks and other elements.

The global frequency raster is defined for all frequencies from 0 to 100 GHz. The granularity of the global frequency raster is  $\Delta F_{Global}$ .

RF reference frequencies are designated by an NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (NR-ARFCN) in the range (0...2016666) on the global frequency raster. The relation between the NR-ARFCN and the RF reference frequency  $F_{REF}$  in MHz is given by the following equation, where  $F_{REF-Offs}$  and  $N_{Ref-Offs}$  are given in table 5.4.2.1-1 and  $N_{REF}$  is the NR-ARFCN.

 $F_{REF} = F_{REF\text{-}Offs} + \Delta F_{Global} \ (N_{REF} - N_{REF\text{-}Offs})$ 

Table 5.4.2.1-1: NR-ARFCN parameters for the global frequency raster

Frequency range (MHz)	ΔF <sub>Global</sub> (kHz)	F <sub>REF-Offs</sub> (MHz)	NREF-Offs	Range of N <sub>REF</sub>		
0 – 3000	5	0	0	0 – 599999		
3000 – 24250	15	3000	600000	600000 - 2016666		

The channel raster defines a subset of RF reference frequencies that can be used to identify the RF channel position in the uplink and downlink. The RF reference frequency for an RF channel maps to a resource element on the carrier. For each operating band, a subset of frequencies from the global frequency raster are applicable for that band and forms a channel raster with a granularity  $\Delta F_{Raster}$ , which may be equal to or larger than  $\Delta F_{Global}$ .

For SUL bands except n95, for the uplink of all FDD bands defined in Table 5.2-1, and for TDD bands n34, n39, n48, n90 and n38.

$$F_{REF, shift} = F_{REF} + \Delta_{shift}$$
,  $\Delta_{shift} = 0$  kHz or 7.5 kHz.

where  $\Delta_{\text{shift}}$  is signalled by the network in higher layer parameter *frequencyShift7p5khz* [7]. For Band n34, n38, n39 and n48 F<sub>REF</sub>, shift is only applicable to uplink transmissions using a 15 kHz SCS.

The mapping between the channel raster and corresponding resource element is given in Clause 5.4.2.2. The applicable entries for each operating band are defined in Clause 5.4.2.3.

#### 5.4.2.2 Channel raster to resource element mapping

The mapping between the RF reference frequency on the channel raster and the corresponding resource element is given in Table 5.4.2.2-1 and can be used to identify the RF channel position. The mapping depends on the total number of RBs that are allocated in the channel and applies to both UL and DL. The mapping must apply to at least one numerology supported by the UE.

Table 5.4.2.2-1: Channel raster to resource element mapping

	$N_{RB}$ mod2 = 0	N <sub>RB</sub> mod2 = 1		
Resource element index $k$	0	6		
Physical resource block number $n_{ m PRB}$	$n_{\text{PRB}} = \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}}{2} \right\rfloor$	$n_{\text{PRB}} = \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{RB}}}{2} \right\rfloor$		

k,  $n_{PRB}$ ,  $N_{RB}$  are as defined in TS 38.211[6].

#### 5.4.2.3 Channel raster entries for each operating band

The RF channel positions on the channel raster in each NR operating band are given through the applicable NR-ARFCN in Table 5.4.2.3-1, using the channel raster to resource element mapping in clause 5.4.2.2.

For NR operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = 20 \times \Delta F_{Global}$ . In this case every  $20^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in Table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as <20>.

For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster below 3GHz,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = I \times \Delta F_{Global}$ , where  $I \in \{3,6\}$ . Every  $I^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in Table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as < I >.

For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster above 3GHz,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = I \times \Delta F_{Global}$ , where  $I \in \{1,2\}$ . Every  $I^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as < I >.

In frequency bands with two  $\Delta F_{Raster}$ , the higher  $\Delta F_{Raster}$  applies to channels using only the SCS that is equal to or larger than the higher  $\Delta F_{Raster}$  and SSB SCS is equal to the higher  $\Delta F_{Raster}$ .

Table 5.4.2.3-1: Applicable NR-ARFCN per operating band

Daniel	NR operating	ΔF <sub>Raster</sub> (kHz)	Uplink Range of N <sub>REF</sub>	Downlink Range of N <sub>REF</sub>
n2         100         370000 - 20> - 382000         386000 - 20> - 386000         n3         1100         342000 - 20> - 316000         361000 - <20> - 376000         n5         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         173800 - <20> - 178800         n5         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         173800 - <20> - 178800         n8         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         185000 - <20> - 182000         n8         100         176000 - <20> - 143200         145800 - <20> - 149200         n14         100         139800 - <20> - 149200         145800 - <20> - 149200         n14         100         157600 - <20> - 149200         145800 - <20> - 149200         n14         100         158000 - <20> - 145800         171600 - <20> - 157000         n20         n14         100         158000 - <20> - 158600         172000 - <20> - 15400         n20         n14         100         163000 - <20> - 172400         172000 - <20> - 15400         n20         n20         n20         16200 - <20> - 15800         171800 - <20> - 15800         n20         n20<	band		(First – <step size=""> – Last)</step>	(First – <step size=""> – Last)</step>
n3         100         342000 - 220 - 357000         361000 - 220 - 178800         n75         100         164800 - 220 - 169800         173800 - 220 - 178800           n7         100         500000 - 220 - 514000         524000 - 220 - 53800         n8         100         176000 - 220 - 183000         185000 - 220 - 192000           n12         100         139800 - 220 - 148200         145800 - 220 - 143200         145800 - 220 - 153600           n14         100         167600 - 220 - 159800         151800 - 220 - 17500         n20           n18         100         163000 - 220 - 16600         172000 - 220 - 17500           n20         100         166400 - 220 - 383000         386000 - 220 - 164200           n25         100         370000 - 220 - 383000         386000 - 220 - 178800           n26         100         162800 - 220 - 149800         151600 - 220 - 149600           n28         100         140600 - 220 - 443000         151600 - 220 - 472000           n39         100         461000 - 220 - 463000         470000 - 220 - 472000           n34         100         402000 - 220 - 480000         470000 - 220 - 472000           n34         100         460000 - 220 - 480000         470000 - 220 - 524000           n38         100         376000 - 220 - 3840	n1			
n5         100         164800 - <20 > - 168800         173800 - <20 > - 20 > - 513000           n7         100         500000 - <20 > - 514000         <20 > - 182000           n8         100         176000 - <20 > - 183000         185000 - <20 > - 192000           n12         100         139800 - <20 > - 163900         145800 - <20 > - 153600           n18         100         163000 - <20 > - 166000         172000 - <20 > - 16300           n18         100         163000 - <20 > - 166000         172000 - <20 > - 175000           n20         100         166400 - <20 > - 172400         158200 - <20 > - 189000           n25         100         370000 - <20 > - 383000         386000 - <20 > - 399000           n26         100         1662800 - <20 > - 168900         171800 - <20 > - 399000           n26         100         162800 - <20 > - 168900         171800 - <20 > - 399000           n28         100         1406000 - <20 > - 463000         470000 - <20 > - 472000           n29         100         N/A         143400 - <20 > - 472000           n34         100         402000 - <20 - 524000         514000 - <20 > - 485000           n33         100         514000 - <20 - 534000         514000 - <20 > - 485000           n34         100         460000	n2	100		
n7         100         \$500000 - 20> - \$14000         \$24000 - 20> - \$13900           n8         100         176000 - 20> - \$143000         \$185000 - 20> - \$149200           n12         100         138800 - 20> - \$143200         \$145800 - 20> - \$143200           n14         100         \$157600 - 20> - \$159600         \$151600 - 20> - \$153600           n18         100         \$163000 - 20> - \$169600         \$172000 - 20> - \$175000           n20         100         \$166400 - 20> - \$172400         \$158200 - 20> - \$20> - \$184200           n25         100         \$370000 - 20> - \$189800         \$171800 - 20> - \$177800           n26         100         \$162800 - 20> - \$169800         \$171800 - 20> - \$19900           n28         100         \$140600 - 20> - \$149500         \$151600 - 20> - \$160600           n39         100         \$14000 - 20> - \$463000         \$470000 - 20> - \$472000           n34         100         \$402000 - 20> - \$465000         \$470000 - 20> - \$472000           n38         100         \$514000 - 20> - \$384000         \$376000 - 20> - \$472000           n38         100         \$376000 - 20> - \$384000         \$376000 - 20> - \$48000           n39         100         \$376000 - 20> - \$384000         \$376000 - 20> - \$384000           n40         \$1	n3	100		
n8         100         176000 - <20 - 1483000         185000 - <20 - 192000           n12         100         139800 - <20 - 143200         145800 - <20 - 149200           n14         100         157600 - <20 - 159600         151600 - <20 - 153600           n18         100         163000 - <20 - 166000         172000 - <20 - <175000           n20         100         1683000 - <20 - 383300         386000 - <20 - <175000           n25         100         370000 - <20 - 383300         386000 - <20 - <178800           n26         100         166800 - <20 - 169800         171800 - <20 - <178800           n28         100         140600 - <20 - 149600         151600 - <20 - <145600           n29         100         N/A         143400 - <20 - <145600           n30         100         461000 - <20 - <463000         470000 - <20 - <472000           n34         100         402000 - <20 - <405000         402000 - <20 - <40500           n38         100         316000 - <20 - <384000         31000 - <20 - <34000           n39         100         376000 - <20 - <384000         514000 - <20 - <34500           n40         100         460000 - <20 - <48000         460000 - <20 - <3800           n40         100         460000 - <20 - <48000         460	n5	100	164800 - <20> - 169800	
n12         100         139800 - 220 - 143200         145800 - 220 - 153600         n14500 - 220 - 153600           n14         100         157600 - 220 - 158600         151600 - 220 - 153600           n18         100         163000 - 220 - 166000         17200 - 220 - 175000           n20         100         166400 - 220 - 172400         158200 - 220 - 164200           n25         100         370000 - 220 - 383000         386000 - 220 - 178800           n26         100         162800 - 220 - 149600         171800 - 220 - 178800           n28         100         140600 - 220 - 149600         151600 - 220 - 147200           n39         100         461000 - 220 - 463000         470000 - 220 - 405000           n34         100         402000 - 220 - 524000         514000 - 220 - 405000           n38         100         514000 - 220 - 524000         514000 - 220 - 405000           n39         100         376000 - 220 - 384000         376000 - 220 - 384000           n40         100         460000 - 220 - 348000         376000 - 220 - 384000           n41         15         499200 - <3 - 53799         499200 - <3 - 537998           n46²         15         73333 - 15 - 795000         79333 - 15 - 795000           n47         15         79033	n7	100		
n14         100         157600 - 20> - 159600         151600 - 20> - 153600           n18         100         163000 - 20> - 172400         172000 - 20> - 175000           n20         100         166400 - 20> - 172400         158200 - 20> - 20> - 139000           n25         100         370000 - 20> - 189800         171800 - 20> - 18060           n26         100         140600 - 20> - 149600         151600 - 20> - 149600           n28         100         140600 - 20> - 149600         151600 - 20> - 149600           n29         100         N/A         143400 - 20> - 145600           n30         100         461000 - 20> - 463000         470000 - 20> - 145600           n34         100         402000 - 20> - 405000         42000 - 20> - 245000           n34         100         402000 - 20> - 524000         514000 - 20> - 524000           n39         100         376000 - 20> - 384000         376000 - 20> - 384000           n39         100         376000 - 20> - 384000         460000 - 20> - 480000           n40         100         460000 - 20> - 485000         460000 - 20> - 480000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           n462         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <	n8	100		
n18         100         163000 − 20> − 176000         172000 − 20> − 175000           n20         100         166400 − 20> − 172400         158200 − 20> − 164200           n25         100         370000 − 20> − 383000         386000 − 20> − 1778800           n26         100         162800 − 20> − 149800         171800 − 20> − 178800           n28         100         140600 − 20> − 149600         151600 − 20> − 145600           n30         100         461000 − 20> − 465000         470000 − 20> − 472000           n34         100         461000 − 20> − 445000         470000 − 20> − 472000           n38         100         514000 − 20> − 524000         514000 − 20> − 524000           n38         100         514000 − 20> − 384000         376000 − 20> − 384000           n39         100         376000 − 20> − 480000         376000 − 20> − 384000           n40         100         460000 − 20> − 480000         376000 − 20> − 384000           n41         15         499200 − 63> − 537999         499200 − 63> − 537998           n46²         15         743333 − 1> − 795000         743333 − 1> − 795000           n47         15         790334 − 1> − 795000         790334 − 1> − 795000           n47         15         790334 − 1> − 795000         79	n12	100	139800 - <20> - 143200	145800 - <20> - 149200
n20         100         166400 - 20> - 172400         158200 - 20> - 164200           n25         100         370000 - 20> - 383000         386000 - 20> - 399000           n26         100         162800 - 20> - 169800         171800 - 20> - 178800           n28         100         140600 - 20> - 149600         151600 - 20> - 160600           n29         100         N/A         143400 - 20> - 47200           n30         100         461000 - 20> - 463000         470000 - 20> - 47200           n34         100         402000 - 20> - 405000         402000 - 20> - 465000           n38         100         514000 - 20> - 524000         514000 - 20> - 485000           n39         100         376000 - 20> - 384000         376000 - 20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - 20> - 357999         499200 - 3> - 537999           n40         100         460000 - 20> - 357999         499200 - 3> - 537999           n46²         15         790334 - 1> - 795000         74333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - 1> - 795000         79333 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - 20> - 303400         286400 - 20> - 303400 </td <td>n14</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td>151600 - &lt;20&gt; - 153600</td>	n14	100		151600 - <20> - 153600
n25         100         370000 - <20> - 383000         386000 - <20> - 399000           n26         100         162800 - <20> - 169800         171800 - <20> - 178800           n28         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         151600 - <20> - 140600           n29         100         N/A         143400 - <20> - 145600           n30         100         461000 - <20> - 405000         470000 - <20> - 472000           n34         100         461000 - <20> - 82000         514000 - <20> - 524000           n38         100         514000 - <20> - 84000         514000 - <20> - 524000           n39         100         376000 - <20> - 384000         376000 - <20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 384000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3 - 537999	n18	100	163000 - <20> - 166000	172000 - <20> - 175000
n26	n20	100	166400 - <20> - 172400	158200 - <20> - 164200
100	n25	100	370000 - <20> - 383000	386000 - <20> - 399000
N/A	n26	100	162800 - <20> - 169800	171800 - <20> - 178800
n30         100         461000 - 20> - 465000         470000 - 20> - 472000           n34         100         402000 - 20> - 525000         402000 - 20> - 524000           n38         100         514000 - 20> - 524000         514000 - 20> - 524000           n39         100         376000 - 20> - 384000         376000 - 20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - 20> - 480000         460000 - 20> - 480000           n41         15         499200 - 3> - 537999         499200 - 3> - 537999           30         499200 - 6> - 537996         499200 - 6> - 537999           n46²         15         74333 - <1> - 795000         74333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         799334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636668 - <2 - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20 - 303400           n51         100         285400 - <20 - 303400         285400 - <20 - 303400           n53         100         349000 - <20 - 402000         42600 - <20 - 499000           n66         100         342000 - <20 - 402000         422000 - <20 - 440000           n66         100         342000 - <20 - 33600         422000 - <20 - 40000	n28	100	140600 - <20> - 149600	151600 - <20> - 160600
n34         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         402000 - <20> - 405000           n38         100         514000 - <20> - 524000         514000 - <20> - 524000           n39         100         376000 - <20> - 384000         376000 - <20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 480000           n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 480000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537996         499200 - <3> - 537999           300         499200 - <3 - 537996         499200 - <3 - 537999           n46²         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636668 - <2> - 646666           30         636668 - <2> - 646666         636668 - <2> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n51         100         285400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 34900           n53         100         496700 - <20 - 499000         496700 - <20 - 349000           n65         100         384000 - <20 - 402000         422000 - <20 - 440000	n29	100	N/A	143400 - <20> - 145600
n34         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         402000 - <20> - 504000           n38         100         514000 - <20> - 524000         514000 - <20> - 524000           n39         100         376000 - <20> - 384000         376000 - <20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 480000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537996         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <3< - 537996         499200 - <3> - 537999           n46²         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636668 - <2> - 646666           30         636668 - <2> - 646666         636668 - <2> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20 - 303400         286400 - <20 - 303400           n51         100         285400 - <20 - 303400         286400 - <20 - 303400           n53         100         496700 - <20 - 499000         496700 - <20 - 349900           n65         100         384000 - <20 - 40200         285400 - <20 - 404000           n70         100         339000 - <20 - 342000         399000 - <20 - 404000 <td>n30</td> <td>100</td> <td>461000 - &lt;20&gt; - 463000</td> <td>470000 - &lt;20&gt; - 472000</td>	n30	100	461000 - <20> - 463000	470000 - <20> - 472000
n38         100         514000 - <20> - 524000         514000 - <20> - 524000           n39         100         376000 - <20> - 384000         376000 - <20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 840000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           n46²         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 < <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           n50         100         286400 < <20> - 303400         286400 < <20 - 303400           n51         100         286400 < <20> - 20< - 286400         286400 < <20 - 303400           n53         100         386000 < <20 - 20         286400         220 - 286400           n53         100         384000 < <20 - 220         286400         220 - 286400           n53         100         384000 < <20 - 220         38600         220 - 42000         22000 < <20 - 440000           n66         100         384000 < <20 - 342000         399000 < <20 - 440000         20 - 440000 <td>n34</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td></td>	n34	100		
n39         100         376000 - <20> - 384000         376000 - <20> - 384000           n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 480000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           30         499200 - <5 - 537996         499200 - <5 - 537996           n46²         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         799334 - <1> - 795000         79034 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           30         636686 < <2> - 646666         636668 - <2> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 236400           n51         100         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 236400           n53         100         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 492000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n65         100         342000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20 - 33400         123400 - <20 - 33600	n38	100		
n40         100         460000 - <20> - 480000         460000 - <20> - 480000           n41         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           n46²         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           30         636668 - <2> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n51         100         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 303400           n53         100         496700 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 303400           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 499000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 402000         496700 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 336000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 396000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 39600         123400 - <20> - 303600 <td>n39</td> <td>100</td> <td>376000 - &lt;20&gt; - 384000</td> <td></td>	n39	100	376000 - <20> - 384000	
NA1			460000 - <20> - 480000	1
NA   15				
n46²         15         743333 - <1> - 795000         743333 - <1> - 795000           n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           30         636668 - <2> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n51         100         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n53         100         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 440000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 32000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 336000				
n47         15         790334 - <1> - 795000         790334 - <1> - 795000           n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           30         636668 - <2> - 646666         636668 - <2 - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 2303400           n51         100         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n53         100         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 490000         422000 - <20> - 449000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 365000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 440000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 130400           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 236400           n76         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1< - 653333	n46²			
n48         15         636667 - <1> - 646666         636667 - <1> - 646666           30         636668 - <2> - 646666         636688 - <2> - 646666           n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n51         100         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n53         100         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 402000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           n8         15         620000 - <1< - 653333		_		
30				
n50         100         286400 - <20> - 303400         286400 - <20> - 203400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 440000         422000 - <20> - 440000         422000 - <20> - 440000         100         384000 - <20> - 36000         422000 - <20> - 440000         100         100         339000 - <20> - 20         20         240000         100         399000 - <20> - 440000         100         100         100         100         339000 - <20> - 303600         100 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
n51         100         285400 - <20> - 286400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n53         100         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 492000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 139600         123400 - <20> - 130400           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 303400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 683333           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653332         620000 - <1 - 653333	n50			
n53         100         496700 - <20> - 499000         496700 - <20> - 499000           n65         100         384000 - <20> - 402000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 139600         123400 - <20> - 130400           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1				
n65         100         384000 - <20> - 402000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n66         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 139600         123400 - <20> - 130400           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 330400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <2> - 680000         620000 - <2> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <2> - 680333         620000 - <2> - 683332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           n80         100         342000 - <2> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176600 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100				
n66         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         422000 - <20> - 440000           n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 139600         123400 - <20> - 130400           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 286400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1 - 653333				
n70         100         339000 - <20> - 342000         399000 - <20> - 404000           n71         100         132600 - <20> - 139600         123400 - <20> - 130400           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <2> - 680000         620000 - <2> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <2> - 653332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           n80         100         342000 - <20 - 357000				
n71         100         132600 - <20> - 139600         123400 - <20> - 130400           n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 203400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           30         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <2> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <2> - 653332           30         620000 - <2> - 653332         620000 - <2> - 653332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A				1
n74         100         285400 - <20> - 294000         295000 - <20> - 303600           n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <2> - 653322         620000 - <2> - 653332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733332           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20 - 357000				
n75         100         N/A         286400 - <20> - 303400           n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           30         620000 - <2> - 680000         620000 - <2> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <2> - 653332         620000 - <2 - 653332				
n76         100         N/A         285400 - <20> - 286400           n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           30         620000 - <2> - 680000         620000 - <2> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <2> - 653332         620000 - <2> - 653332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3 - 537996				
n77         15         620000 - <1> - 680000         620000 - <1> - 680000           30         620000 - <2> - 680000         620000 - <2> - 680000           n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <2> - 653332         620000 - <2 - 653332				
n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <2> - 653332         620000 - <2> - 653332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           100         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <0 - 538000				
n78         15         620000 - <1> - 653333         620000 - <1> - 653333           30         620000 - <2> - 653332         620000 - <2> - 653332           n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           100         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20 - 286400	117 7			
n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 20> - 286400           n94         100         402000 - <20> - 183000         N/A	n70			
n79         15         693334 - <1> - 733333         693334 - <1> - 733333           30         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 20> - 20           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400	1170			1
80         693334 - <2> - 733332         693334 - <2> - 733332           n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A <td>n70</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	n70			•
n80         100         342000 - <20> - 357000         N/A           n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A	1179			
n81         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         N/A           n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A	- 00			
n82         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         N/A           n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n83         100         140600 - <20> - 149600         N/A           n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n84         100         384000 - <20> - 396000         N/A           n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537996           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n86         100         342000 - <20> - 356000         N/A           n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n89         100         164800 - <20> - 169800         N/A           n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A			384000 - <20> - 396000	
n90         15         499200 - <3> - 537999         499200 - <3> - 537999           30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
30         499200 - <6> - 537996         499200 - <6> - 537996           100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
100         499200 - <20> - 538000         499200 - <20> - 538000           n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A	n90			
n91         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         285400 - <20> - 286400           n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n92         100         166400 - <20> - 172400         286400 - <20> - 303400           n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n93         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         285400 - <20> - 286400           n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A	n91	100		
n94         100         176000 - <20> - 183000         286400 - <20> - 303400           n95         100         402000 - <20> - 405000         N/A				
n95 100 402000 – <20> – 405000 N/A	n93	100		285400 - <20> - 286400
		100	176000 - <20> - 183000	286400 - <20> - 303400
		100	402000 - <20> - 405000	N/A
	n96 <sup>3</sup>	15		795000 - <1> - 875000

NOTE 1: The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used.

NOTE 2: The following N<sub>REF</sub> are allowed for operation in Band n46: see Table 5.4.2.3-2. NOTE 3: The following N<sub>REF</sub> are allowed for operation in Band n96: see Table 5.4.2.3-3.

Table 5.4.2.3-2: Allowed N<sub>REF</sub> (NR-ARFCN) for operation in Band n46

Channel	Allowed N <sub>REF</sub>
Bandwidth	
10 MHz	782000, 788668
20 MHz	744000, 745332, 746668, 748000, 749332, 750668, 752000,
	753332, 754668, 756000, 765332, 766668, 768000, 769332,
	770668, 772000, 773332, 774668, 776000, 777332, 778668,
	780000, 781332, 783000, 784332, 785668, 787000, 788332,
	789668, 791000, 792332, 793668
40 MHz	744668, 746000, 748668, 751332, 754000, 755332, 766000,
	767332, 770000, 772668, 775332, 778000, 780668, 783668,
	786332, 787668, 790332, 793000
60 MHz	745332, 746668, 748000, 752000, 753332, 754668, 766668,
	768000, 769332, 773332, 774668, 778668, 780000, 784332,
	785668, 791000, 792332
80 MHz	746000, 747332, 752668, 754000, 767332, 768668, 774000,
	779332, 785000, 791668
NOTE: 10 MH	Iz channel bandwidth shall only apply in certain regions where
the at	osence of non 3GPP technologies can be guaranteed on a
long-t	erm basis in this version of specification.

Table 5.4.2.3-3: Allowed N<sub>REF</sub> (NR-ARFCN) for operation in Band n96

Channel	Allowed N <sub>REF</sub>
Bandwidth	
20 MHz	797000, 798332, 799668, 801000, 802332, 803668, 805000,
	806332, 807668, 809000, 810332, 811668, 813000, 814332,
	815668, 817000, 818332, 819668, 821000, 822332, 823668,
	825000, 826332, 827668, 829000, 830332, 831668, 833000,
	834332, 835668, 837000, 838332, 839668, 841000, 842332,
	843668, 845000, 846332, 847668, 849000, 850332, 851668,
	853000, 854332, 855668, 857000, 858332, 859668, 861000,
	862332, 863668, 865000, 866332, 867668, 869000, 870332,
	871668, 873000, 874332
40 MHz	797668, 800332, 803000, 805668, 808332, 811000, 813668,
	816332, 819000, 821668, 824332, 827000, 829668, 832332,
	835000, 837668, 840332, 843000, 845668, 848332, 851000,
	853668, 856332, 859000, 861668, 864332, 867000, 869668,
	872332
60 MHz	798332, 799668, 803668, 805000, 809000, 810332, 814332,
	815668, 819668, 821000, 825000, 826332, 830332, 831668,
	835668, 837000, 841000, 842332, 846332, 847668, 851668,
	853000, 857000, 858332, 862332, 863668, 867668, 869000,
	873000
80 MHz	799000, 804332, 809668, 815000, 820332, 825668, 831000,
	836332, 841668, 847000, 852332, 857668, 863000, 868332

# 5.4.3 Synchronization raster

#### 5.4.3.1 Synchronization raster and numbering

The synchronization raster indicates the frequency positions of the synchronization block that can be used by the UE for system acquisition when explicit signalling of the synchronization block position is not present.

A global synchronization raster is defined for all frequencies. The frequency position of the SS block is defined as  $SS_{REF}$  with corresponding number GSCN. The parameters defining the  $SS_{REF}$  and GSCN for all the frequency ranges are in Table 5.4.3.1-1.

The resource element corresponding to the SS block reference frequency  $SS_{REF}$  is given in clause 5.4.3.2. The synchronization raster and the subcarrier spacing of the synchronization block is defined separately for each band.

Table 5.4.3.1-1: GSCN parameters for the global frequency raster

Frequency range	SS Block frequency position SSREF	GSCN	Range of GSCN
0 – 3000 MHz	N * 1200kHz + M * 50 kHz,	3N + (M-3)/2	2 – 7498
	N=1:2499, M ε {1,3,5} (Note 1)		
3000 – 24250 MHz	3000 MHz + N * 1.44 MHz	7499 + N	7499 – 22255
	N = 0:14756		
NOTE 1: The default value	for operating bands with which only support	SCS spaced channel ras	ster(s) is M=3.

### 5.4.3.2 Synchronization raster to synchronization block resource element mapping

The mapping between the synchronization raster and the corresponding resource element of the SS block is given in Table 5.4.3.2-1.

Table 5.4.3.2-1: Synchronization raster to SS block resource element mapping

Resource element index $k$	120

k is the subcarrier number of SS/PBCH block defined in TS 38.211 clause 7.4.3.1 [6].

#### 5.4.3.3 Synchronization raster entries for each operating band

The synchronization raster for each band is give in Table 5.4.3.3-1. The distance between applicable GSCN entries is given by the <Step size> indicated in Table 5.4.3.3-1.

Table 5.4.3.3-1: Applicable SS raster entries per operating band

NR operating band	SS Block SCS	SS Block pattern <sup>1</sup>	Range of GSCN
			(First – <step size=""> –</step>
			Last)
n1	15 kHz	Case A	5279 - <1> - 5419
n2	15 kHz	Case A	4829 - <1> - 4969
n3	15 kHz	Case A	4517 - <1> - 4693
n5	15 kHz	Case A	2177 - <1> - 2230
	30 kHz	Case B	2183 - <1> - 2224
n7	15 kHz	Case A	6554 - <1> - 6718
n8	15 kHz	Case A	2318 - <1> - 2395
n12	15 kHz	Case A	1828 – <1> – 1858
n14	15 kHz	Case A	1901 – <1> – 1915
n18	15 kHz	Case A	2156 - <1> - 2182
n20	15 kHz	Case A	1982 - <1> - 2047
n25	15 kHz	Case A	4829 - <1> - 4981
n26	15 kHz	Case A	2153 - <1> - 2230
n28	15 kHz	Case A	1901 – <1> – 2002
n29	15 kHz	Case A	1798 – <1> – 1813
n30	15 kHz	Case A	5879 - <1> - 5893
n34	15 kHz	Case A	NOTE 5
	30 kHz	Case C	5036 - <1> - 5050
n38	15 kHz	Case A	NOTE 2
	30 kHz	Case C	6437 - <1> - 6538
n39	15 kHz	Case A	NOTE 6
Ι Γ	30 kHz	Case C	4712 - <1> - 4789
n40	30 kHz	Case C	5762 - <1> - 5989
n41	15 kHz	Case A	6246 - <3> - 6717
	30 kHz	Case C	6252 - <3> - 6714
n46³	30 kHz	Case C	8993 - <1> - 9530
n48	30 kHz	Case C	7884 – <1> – 7982
n50	30 kHz	Case C	3590 - <1> - 3781
n51	15 kHz	Case A	3572 - <1> - 3574
n53	15 kHz	Case A	6215 - <1> - 6232
n65	15 kHz	Case A	5279 - <1> - 5494
n66	15 kHz	Case A	5279 - <1> - 5494
	30 kHz	Case B	5285 - <1> - 5488
n70	15 kHz	Case A	4993 - <1> - 5044
n71	15 kHz	Case A	1547 – <1> – 1624
n74	15 kHz	Case A	3692 - <1> - 3790
n75	15 kHz	Case A	3584 - <1> - 3787
n76	15 kHz	Case A	3572 - <1> - 3574
n77	30 kHz	Case C	7711 – <1> – 8329
n78	30 kHz	Case C	7711 – <1> – 8051
n79	30 kHz	Case C	8480 - <16> - 8880
n90	15 kHz	Case A	6246 - <1> - 6717
	30 kHz	Case C	6252 - <1> - 6714
n91	15 kHz	Case A	3572 - <1> - 3574
n92	15 kHz	Case A	3584 - <1> - 3787
n93	15 kHz	Case A	3572 - <1> - 3574
n94	15 kHz	Case A	3584 - <1> - 3787
n96 <sup>4</sup>	30 kHz	Case C	9531 – <1> – 10363
NOTE 1: SS Block pattern is			

NOTE 1: SS Block pattern is defined in clause 4.1 in TS 38.213 [8].

NOTE 2: The applicable SS raster entries are GSCN = {6432, 6443, 6457, 6468, 6479, 6493, 6507, 6518, 6532, 6543}.

NOTE 3: The following GSCN are allowed for operation in band n46: GSCN = {8996, 9010, 9024, 9038, 9051, 9065, 9079, 9093, 9107, 9121, 9218, 9232, 9246, 9260, 9274, 9288, 9301, 9315, 9329, 9343, 9357, 9371, 9385, 9402, 9416, 9430, 9444, 9458, 9472, 9485, 9499, 9513}.

NOTE 4: The following GSCN are allowed for operation in band n96: GSCN = {9548, 9562, 9576, 9590, 9603, 9617,9631, 9645, 9659, 9673, 9687, 9701, 9714, 9728, 9742, 9756, 9770, 9784, 9798, 9812, 9826, 9840, 9853, 9867, 9881, 9895, 9909, 9923, 9937, 9951, 9964, 9978, 9992, 10006, 10020, 10034, 10048, 10062, 10076, 10090, 10103, 10117, 10131, 10145, 10159, 10173, 10187, 10201, 10214, 10228, 10242, 10256, 10270, 10284, 10298, 10312, 10325, 10339, 10353}.

NOTE 5: The applicable SS raster entries are GSCN = {5032, 5043, 5054}

NOTE 6: The applicable SS raster entries are GSCN = {4707, 4715, 4718, 4729, 4732, 4743, 4747, 4754, 4761, 4768, 4772, 4782, 4786, 4793}

### 5.4.4 TX-RX frequency separation

The default TX channel (carrier centre frequency) to RX channel (carrier centre frequency) separation for operating bands is specified in Table 5.4.4-1.

Table 5.4.4-1: UE TX-RX frequency separation

NR Operating Band	TX – RX
	carrier centre frequency
	separation
n1	190 MHz
n2	80 MHz
n3	95 MHz
n5	45 MHz
n7	120 MHz
n8	45 MHz
n12	30 MHz
n14	-30 MHz
n18	45 MHz
n20	-41 MHz
n25	80 MHz
n26	45 MHz
n28	55 MHz
n30	45 MHz
n65	190 MHz
n66	400 MHz
n70	300 MHz
n71	-46 MHz
n74	48 MHz
n91	570 MHz – 595 MHz
	(NOTE 2)
n92	$575 \text{ MHz} - 680 \text{ MHz} (\mu = 0)$
	580 MHz $-$ 675 MHz ( $\mu$ = 1)
	(NOTE 2)
n93	517 MHz – 547 MHz
	(NOTE 2)
n94	522 MHz $-$ 632 MHz ( $\mu$ = 0)
	527 MHz $-$ 627 MHz ( $\mu$ = 1)
NOTE 1: Void	(NOTE 2)

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: The range of TX-RX frequency separation given paired UL and DL channel bandwidths BW<sub>UL</sub> and BW<sub>DL</sub> is given by the respective lower and upper limit F<sub>DL\_low</sub> – F<sub>UL\_high</sub> + 0.5(BW<sub>DL</sub> + BW<sub>UL</sub>) and F<sub>DL\_high</sub> – F<sub>UL\_low</sub> – 0.5(BW<sub>DL</sub> + BW<sub>UL</sub>). The UL and DL channel bandwidth combinations specified in Table 5.3.5-1 and 5.3.6-1 depend on the subcarrier spacing configuration  $\mu$  [6].

# 5.4A Channel arrangement for CA

# 5.4A.1 Channel spacing for CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation with two or more component carriers, the nominal channel spacing between two adjacent NR component carriers is defined as the following unless stated otherwise:

For NR operating bands with a 100 kHz channel raster:

Nominal channel spacing = 
$$\left[ \frac{BW_{Channel (1)} + BW_{Channel (2)} - 2 \left| GB_{Channel (1)} - GB_{Channel (2)} \right|}{0.6} \right] 0.3 [MHz]$$

while for NR operating bands without a 100 kHz channel raster:

Nominal channel spacing = 
$$\frac{BW_{Channel (1)} + BW_{Channel (2)} - 2|GB_{Channel (1)} - GB_{Channel (2)}|}{0.015 * 2^{n+1}} \left| 0.015 * 2^{n} [MHz] \right|$$

with

$$n = \mu_0$$

where BW<sub>Channel(1)</sub> and BW<sub>Channel(2)</sub> are the channel bandwidths of the two respective NR component carriers according to Table 5.3.2-1 with values in MHz,  $\mu_0$  is the largest  $\mu$  value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and  $GB_{Channel(i)}$  is the minimum guard band for channel bandwidth i according to Table 5.3.3-1 for the said  $\mu$  value with  $\mu$  as defined in TS 38.211. In case there is no common  $\mu$  value for both of the channel bandwidths,  $\mu_0$ =1 is selected and  $GB_{Channel(i)}$  is the minimum guard band for channel bandwidth i according to Table 5.3.3-1 for  $\mu$ =1 with  $\mu$  as defined in TS 38.211.

The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of least common multiple of channel raster and sub-carrier spacing less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the channel spacing between two NR component carriers in different sub-blocks shall be larger than the nominal channel spacing defined in this clause.

#### 5.4A.2 Channel raster for CA

For inter-band and intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the channel raster requirements in clause 5.4.2 apply for each operating band.

### 5.4A.3 Synchronization raster for CA

For inter-band and intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the synchronization raster requirements in clause 5.4.3 apply for each operating band.

# 5.4A.4 Tx-Rx frequency separation for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation, the Tx-Rx frequency separation requirements in clause 5.4.4 apply for each operating band.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the same TX-RX frequency separation as specified in Table 5.4.4-1 is applied to PCC and SCC, respectively.

- 5.4B Reserved
- 5.4C Reserved
- 5.4D Reserved

# 5.4E Channel arrangement for V2X

### 5.4E.1 Channel spacing

For NR V2X, the channel spacing requirements in clause 5.4.1 apply for each operating band.

#### 5.4E.2 Channel raster

#### 5.4E.2.1 NR-ARFCN and channel raster

For NR V2X, the NR-ARFCN and channel raster requirements in clause 5.4.2.1 apply for each operating band.

For NR V2X UE, the reference frequency can be shifted by configuration.

$$F_{REF\ V2X} = F_{REF} + \Delta_{shift} + N * 5 \text{ kHz}$$

where

 $\Delta_{\text{shift}} = 0 \text{ kHz or } 7.5 \text{ kHz indicated in IE } (\text{frequencyShift7p5khz}), \text{ and}$ 

N can be set as one of following values {-1, 0, 1}, which are signalled by the network in higher layer parameters or configured by pre-configuration parameters.

#### 5.4E.2.2 Channel raster to resource element mapping

For NR V2X, the channel raster to resource element mapping requirements in clause 5.4.2.2 apply for each operating band.

### 5.4E.2.3 Channel raster entries for each operating band

For NR V2X, the channel raster entries, the channel raster entries requirements in clause 5.4.2.3 apply for each operating band.

The RF channel positions on the channel raster in each NR V2X operating band are given through the applicable NR-ARFCN in Table 5.4.2.3-1, using the channel raster to resource element mapping in clause 5.4E.2.2.

For NR V2X operating band n47,  $\Delta F_{Raster} = I \times \Delta F_{Global}$ , where  $I \in \{1\}$ . Every  $I^{th}$  NR-ARFCN within the operating band are applicable for the channel raster within the operating band and the step size for the channel raster in Table 5.4.2.3-1 is given as  $\langle I \rangle$ .

### 5.4E.3 Synchronization raster for V2X

There is no synchronization raster definition for NR V2X for both licensed bands and unlicensed bands.

### 5.5 Void

# 5.5A Configurations for CA

#### 5.5A.0 General

The configurations for CA operating band including Band n41 also apply for the corresponding CA operating bands with Band n90 replacing Band n41 but with otherwise identical parameters. For brevity the said configuration for CA operating bands with Band n90 are not listed in the tables below but are covered by this specification.

Non-contiguous resource allocation and almost contiguous allocation are not applicable for each NR carrier of intra-band contiguous and non-contiguous CA configurations.

For a CA configuration with one or more operating band supporting asymmetric channel bandwidths as specified in sub-clause 5.3.6, requirements are defined for an asymmetric UL and DL channel bandwidth combination of a supported asymmetric channel bandwidth combination set for an operating band of the CA configuration when the said UL and DL channel bandwidths are also contained in a supported bandwidth combination set of the CA configuration.

# 5.5A.1 Configurations for intra-band contiguous CA

Table 5.5A.1-1: NR CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for intra-band contiguous CA

	T				th combinatio		1	I
NR CA configuratio n	Uplink CA configur ations	Channel bandwidths for carrier (MHz)	Channel bandwidth s for carrier	Channel bandwidth s for carrier	Channel bandwidth s for carrier	Channel bandwidth s for carrier	Maximum aggregate d bandwidt	Bandwidth combination set
0.4 4.5		4.0	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	h (MHz)	
CA_n1B	-	10	10,15				40	0
		15	15,20				-	
CA_n7B	CA_n7B	20 10	20 10, 15, 20,				50	0
CA_II/B	CA_II/B		30, 40				50	0
		15	15, 20, 30				<u> </u>	
		20	20, 30					
CA_n40B	-	20	80				100	0
OA :: 44D	OA :: 44D	50	50				400	0
CA_n41B	CA_n41B	10, 20, 30,	10, 20, 30,				100	0
CA_n41C	CA_n41	40, 50 40	40, 50 80, 100				180	0
CA_II4 IC	CA_1141	40	80, 100				160	0
		50, 60, 80	60, 80, 100				1	
		10	100				190	1
		15, 20	90, 100				1 .55	
		40	80, 90, 100				-	
		50, 60, 80,	60, 80, 90,					
		90	100					
CA_n46B	-	20, 40, 60	20, 40				100	0
CA_n46C	-	60, 80	60, 80				160	0
 CA_n46D	-	60, 80	80	80			240	0
CA_n46M	-	20, 40, 60	20, 40	20, 40			140	0
CA_n46N	-	20, 40, 80	20, 40	20, 40	20, 40		200	0
CA_n46O	-	20, 60	20, 40	20, 40	20, 40	20, 40	220	0
CA_n48B	CA_n48B	5	15, 20	,	,	,	40	0
_	_	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20				1	
		15, 20	15, 20				-	
	-	10	50, 60, 80,				100	1
		15, 20	40, 50, 60, 80					
		40	40, 50, 60					
CA_n48C	-	10	100				140	0
		15	90,100					
		20	90, 100					
		40	80, 90, 100					
CA_n66B	-	5 <sup>1</sup>	20, 40				50	0
		10	15, 20, 40					
		15	15, 20					
CA 571D		-	20				25	0
CA_n71B	-	5 10	20 15				25	0
		10	10				-	
							1	
		10	20				35	1
		15	15, 20				33	
		10	10, 20				1	
CA_n77C	CA_n77 C	50	60, 80, 100				200	0
		60	60, 80, 100				1	
		80	80, 100				1	
		100	100				1	
		10	100				200	1
		15, 20	90, 100					
		25, 30	80, 90, 100					
			70, 80, 90,					
		40	100					

	i i		1		1		
		50, 60, 70,	60, 70, 80,				
		80, 90, 100	90, 100				
CA_n77D	1	100	100	100		300	0
CA_n78B	-	20	50			70	0
CA_n78C	CA_n78 C	50	60, 80, 100			200	0
		60	60, 80, 100				
		80	80, 100				
		100	100				
		10	100			200	1
		15, 20	90, 100				
		25, 30	80, 90, 100				
		40	70, 80, 90, 100				
		50, 60, 70,	60, 70, 80,				
		80, 90, 100	90, 100				
CA_n78D	-	100	100	100		300	0
CA_n79C	CA_n79 C	50	60, 80, 100			200	0
		60	60, 80, 100				
		80	80, 100				
		100	100				
CA_n79D	-	100	100	100		300	0
NOTE 1: 5 MH	Iz is not app	licable for 30/60	) kHz SCS.		 		

#### **Table 5.5A.1-2: Void**

### 5.5A.2 Configurations for intra-band non-contiguous CA

Table 5.5A.2-1: NR CA configurations and bandwidth combination sets defined for intra-band noncontiguous CA

NR CA Configuration	Uplink Configurations	Channel bandwidths	Channel bandwidths	Channel bandwidths			Bandwidth combination
		for carrier	for carrier	for carrier		bandwidth	set
04 =0(04)		(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	0
CA_n3(2A)	-	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20			40	0
CA_n7(2A)	-	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20			40	0
CA_n25(2A)	-	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20			40	0
CA_n41(2A)	CA_n41(2A)	40, 50, 60,	40, 50, 60,			180	0
		80	80, 100				
		10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,			190	1
		40, 50, 60,	40, 50, 60,				
		80, 90	80, 90, 100				
CA_n48(2A)		10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,			140 <sup>2</sup>	0
		40, 50, 60	40, 50, 60,				
			80, 90, 100				
CA_n48(3A)	-	10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,		140 <sup>2</sup>	0
		40,50, 60,	40,50, 60,	40,50, 60,			
		80, 90, 100	80, 90, 100	80, 90, 100			
CA_n48(4A)	-	10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,	10, 15, 20,	135 <sup>2</sup>	0
		40, 50, 60,	40, 50, 60,	40, 50, 60,	40, 50, 60,		
		80, 90, 100	80, 90, 100	80, 90, 100	80, 90, 100		
CA_n66(2A)	-	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15,			60	0
			20, 40				
CA_n77(2A)	CA_n77(2A)	20, 40, 80,	20, 40, 80,			200	0
		100	100				
CA_n78(2A)	CA_n78(2A)	10, 20, 40,	10, 20, 40,			200	0
		50, 60, 80,	50, 60, 80,				
		90, 100	90, 100				
		10, 20, 25,	10, 20, 25,			200	1
		30, 40, 50,	30, 40, 50,				
		60, 80, 90,	60, 80, 90,				
		100	100				
		10, 20, 25,	10, 20, 25,			200	2
		30, 40, 50,	30, 40, 50,				
		60, 70, 80,	60, 70, 80,				
		90, 100	90, 100				
NOTE 1: Void				<u> </u>			<u> </u>

NOTE 1: Void.

NOTE 2: Parameter value accounts for both, the maximum frequency range of band n48 (150 MHz), and the minimum frequency gaps in between NR non-contiguous component carriers.

# 5.5A.3 Configurations for inter-band CA

**Table 5.5A.3-1: Void** 

**Table 5.5A.3-2: Void** 

**Table 5.5A.3-3: Void** 

#### 5.5A.3.1 Configurations for inter-band CA (two bands)

Table 5.5A.3.1-1: NR CA configurations and bandwidth combinations sets defined for inter-band CA (two bands)

NR CA configuration	Uplink CA configuration	NR Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz) (NOTE 3)											Bandwidth combination set		
			5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	361
CA_n1A-n3A	CA_n1A-n3A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								1
CA_n1B-n3A	CA_n1A-n3A	n1			5	See CA_	n1B Ban	dwidth C	ombina	tion Set (	) in Table	e 5.5A.1-	-1			0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								1
CA_n1A-n3(2A)	CA_n1A-n3A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3			S	ee CA_r	13(2A) ba	andwidth	combina	ation set	0 in Tab	le 5.5A.2	2-1			1
CA_n1A-n7A	CA_n1A-n7A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						1
CA_n1A-n7B	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n7			5	See CA_	n7B Ban	dwidth C	ombina	ion Set (	) in Table	e 5.5A.1-	-1			
CA_n1A-n8A	CA_n1A-n8A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n8	5	10	15	20										
CA_n1A-n28A	CA_n1A-n28A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n28	5	10	15	20										1
CA_n1A-n40A	CA_n1A-n40A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			
CA_n1A-n41A	CA_n1A-n41A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	1
CA_n1A-n77A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_		n77		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	1
CA_n1A-n78A	CA_n1A-n78A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	1
CA_n1A-n78(2A)	CA_n1A-n78A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n78			Se	e CA_n7	78(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	.2-1			1
CA_n1A-n78C	CA_n1A-n78A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n78			S	ee CA_r	n78C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	e 5.5A.1	-1			1
CA_n1A-n79A	CA_n1A-n79A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n79							40	50	60		80		100	1
CA_n1A-n79C	CA_n1A-n79A	n1	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n79			S	ee CA r	79C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	e 5.5A.1	-1	·L	1	1
CA_n2A-n5A	CA_n2A-n5A	n2	5	10	15	20										0
_	_	n5	5	10	15	20										1
CA_n2A-n48A	CA_n2A-n48A	n2	5	10	15	20	İ					1	Ì		İ	0
- <u>-</u>	_	n48	5	10	15	20			40	50 <sup>1</sup>	60 <sup>1</sup>		80 <sup>1</sup>	90 <sup>1</sup>	100 <sup>1</sup>	
CA_n2A-n48C	CA_n2A-n48A	n2	5	10	15	20				1					1	0
		n48 See CA_n48C Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.1-1										1				
CA_n2A-n66A	-	n2	5	10	15	20	1 20 20.									0
:: : ::• <b>-::</b> .		n66	5	10	15	20			40							1
CA_n2A-n77A	CA_n2A-n77A	n2	5	10	15	20										0
	3	n77		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	1
	1	n2	5	10	15	20										

		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n2A-n78(2A)	CA_n2A-n78A	n2	5	10	15	20										0
		n78			Se	e CA_n7	'8(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 1 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n3A-n7A	CA_n3A-n7A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
CA_n3A-n7B	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n7	n7 See CA_n7B Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.1-1													
CA_n3A-n8A	CA_n3A-n8A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n8	5	10	15	20										
CA_n3A-n28A	CA_n3A-n28A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n28	5	10	15	20										
CA_n3A-n38A	CA_n3A-n38A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n38	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n3A-n40A	CA_n3A-n40A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			
CA_n3A-n41A	CA_n3A-n41A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								1
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60					
CA_n3A-n41C	CA_n3A-n41A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n41				ee CA_r	141C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tabl	le 5.5A.1	-1			
CA_n3A-n41(2A)	CA_n3A-n41A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n41					11(2A) Ba		Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n3A-n77A	CA_n3A-n77A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n77		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n77(2A)	CA_n3A-n77A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n77				<u>e CA_n7</u>	7(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n3A-n78A	CA_n3A-n78A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n78C	CA_n3A-n78A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n78					78C Bar		Combina	tion Set	0 in Tabl	e 5.5A.1	-1			
CA_n3A-n78(2A)	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n78					'8(2A) Ba		Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n3A-n79A	CA_n3A-n79A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n3A-n79C	CA_n3A-n79A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n79					79C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tabl	le 5.5A.1	-1			
CA_n5A-n7A	-	n5	5	10	15	20										0
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
CA_n5A-n7B	-	n5	5	10	15	20										0
CA_IISA-III B	1	n7					n7B Ban	dwidth C	Combinat	ion Set (	) in Table	e 5.5A.1-	1			
					4-	00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			0
CA_n5A-n66A	CA_n5A-n66A	n5	5	10	15	20										0
CA_n5A-n66A		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
	CA_n5A-n66A CA_n5A-n77A						25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	0

CA_n5A-n78A	CA_n5A-n78A	n5	5	10	15	20										0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n5A-n78C	CA_n5A-n78A	n5	5	10	15	20										0
	_	n78					78C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	e 5.5A.1	-1	1	1	
CA_n5A-n79A	CA_n5A-n79A	n5	5	10	15	20										0
	_	n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n5A-n79C	CA_n5A-n79A	n5	5	10	15	20									1	0
	_	n79			S	ee CA r	79C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	e 5.5A.1	-1		1	
CA_n7A-n25A	CA_n7A-n25A	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40			10 0107 111				0
		n25	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							-
CA_n7A-n25(2A)	CA_n7A-n25A	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							0
3/1_11// 1120(2/1)	0/(_11//(1120/(	n25		10			25(2A) Ba			ation Se	t 0 in Tal	ble 5 5A	2-1		1	Ü
CA_n7(2A)-n25A	CA_n7A-n25A	n25	5	10	15	20	25	30	40			1				0
0A_III (2A)-II20A	OA_117A-1123A	n7	<u> </u>	10			7(2A) Ba			ation Set	Λ in Tah	l λο 5 5 Λ '	l 2₋1		1	O
CA_n7(2A)-	CA_n7A-n25A	n7					7(2A) Ba 7(2A) Ba									0
n25(2A)	CA_III A-IIZSA	117			36	e CA_II	1 (2A) ba	nawiatii	Combine	allon Sei	UIII Ial	JIE 3.3A.	2-1			U
1125(ZA)		n25				0 CA no	25(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	otion So	t O in To	blo E E A	2 1			
CA_n7A-n28A	CA_n7A-n28A	n7	5	10	15	20	25(ZA) Ba	30	40	50	l U III Tai	DIE 5.5A.	Z-1			0
CA_117 A-1126A	CA_II/A-II26A	n28	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						U
OA :: 7D :: 00A			5	10			- 7D D	مادينة مادام الأ	) l- ! 4	: 0-4 (	in Table	- F F A 4	4			
CA_n7B-n28A	-	n7	_	10			n7B Ban	awiath C	ombinat	ion Set (	in Table	9 5.5A.1-	1	1		0
<u> </u>		n28	5	10	15	20										
CA_n7A-n66A	CA_n7A-n66A	n7	5	10	15	20										0
		n66		10	15	20			40							
CA_n7A-n78A	CA_n7A-n78A	n7	5	10	15	20										0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n7A-n78(2A)	CA_n7A-n78A	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						0
		n78					78(2A) Ba									
CA_n7(2A)-n78A	CA_n7A-n78A	n7			Se	ee CA_n	7(2A) Ba	ndwidth	Combina	ation Set	0 in Tab	le 5.5A.2	2-1			0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n7(2A)- n78(2A)	CA_n7A-n78A	n7			Se	e CA_n	7(2A) Ba	ndwidth	Combina	ation Set	0 in Tab	le 5.5A.2	2-1			0
5 (=)		n78			Se	e CA n7	78(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Tal	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n8A-n39A	CA_n8A-n39A	n8	5	10	15	20				1		3.07 (.	_ · 			0
<u> </u>		n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				J
CA_n8A-n40A	CA_n8A-n40A	n8	5	10	15	20		- 50	10	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>†</b>			+ +	0
O/ _HOA-H+OA	O/\_IIOA-II <del>-</del> UA	n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			U
CA_n8A-n41A	CA_n8A-n41A	n8	5	10	15	20	20	30	40	30	- 00	<del>                                     </del>	- 50	1	1	0
OA_110A-1141A	UA_110A-1141A		3	10	15	20			40	50	60	-	80	90	100	U
		n41							40	50	UØ	1	δU	90	100	4
		n8	5	10	15	20			40		00					1
04 04 774		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60					
CA_n8A-n75A	-	n8	5	10	15	20				ļ	ļ	ļ				0
		n75	5	10	15	20				ļ	ļ	ļ				
CA_n8A-n78A	CA_n8A-n78A	n8	5	10	15	20										0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n8A-n79A	CA_n8A-n79A	n8	5	10	15	20										0

CA_n20A-n28A	0
CA_n20A-n75A         -         n20         5         10         15         20           CA_n20A-n78A         CA_n20A-n78A         n20         5         10         15         20           CA_n25A-n41A         CA_n25A-n41A         n78         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25A-n41A         CA_n25A-n41A         n41         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25(2A)-n41A         CA_n25A-n41A         n41         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25(2A)-n41A         n41         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25A-n41A         n41         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25A-n41A         n41A         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25A-n41A         n41A         See CA_n25A-n41A	0
CA_n20A-n78A	0
CA_n20A-n78A         CA_n20A-n78A         n20 n78         5 n0 n8         10 n5 n0 n5         20 n78         40 50 60 mode notes and n41 notes and n4	1
No.   No.	
CA_n25A-n41A         CA_n25A-n41A         n25         5         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25(2A)-n41A         CA_n25A-n41A         n25         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25A-n41C         CA_n25A-n41A         n41         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25A-n41C         CA_n25A-n41A         n41         See CA_n41C Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.1-1         See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.1-1         And In Table 5.5A.1-1         See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1         CA_n25A-n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1         In Table 5.5A.2-1         CA_n25A-n66(2A)         Na See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n25(2A)-n66(2A)         Na See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n25(2A)-n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n25(2A)-n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n25(2A)-n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	0
Natl	
CA_n25(2A)- n41A         CA_n25A- n41A         n25 n41A         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25A-n41C         CA_n25A- n41A         n41         10         15         20         40         50         60         80         90         100           CA_n25A- n41(2A)         n41         See CA_n41C Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.1-1         See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25A- n66A         n66         5         10         15         20         30         40         <	0
n41A         n41 n41         n41 n41         n41 n41         n41 n41         n41 n41         n41 n41         n25 n410         n5  n41         see CA_n41C Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.1-1           CA_n25A-n41(2A)         CA_n25A-n41(2A)         n41 n41         see CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25A-n66A         CA_n25A-n66A         n66 n66         n66 n66<	
CA_n25A-n41C         CA_n25A- n41A         n25         5         10         15         20         Description         Descri	0
N41A	
CA_n25A- n41(2A)         CA_n25A- n41A         n25         5         10         15         20         Description         De	0
n41(2A)         n41A         n41         See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25A-n66A         CA_n25A-n66A         n25         5         10         15         20         25         30         40 <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
CA_n25A-n66A         CA_n25A- n66A         n25         5         10         15         20         25         30         40	0
n66A         n66         5         10         15         20         30         40         40           CA_n25A- n66(2A)         CA_n25A- n66A         n25         5         10         15         20         25         30         40         <	]
CA_n25A- n66(2A)         CA_n25A- n66A         n25         5         10         15         20         25         30         40 <t< td=""><td>0</td></t<>	0
n66(2A)         n66A         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25(2A)- n66A         CA_n25A- n66A         n25 n66         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25(2A)- n66(2A)         CA_n25A- n66A         n25 n66         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         n66         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	
CA_n25(2A)- n66A         CA_n25A- n66A         n25         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           CA_n25(2A)- n66(2A)         CA_n25A- n66A         n25         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1         n66         See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	0
n66A         n66A         n66         10         15         20         30         40 <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
CA_n25(2A)- n66(2A)  CA_n25A- n66A  n66  See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1  See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	0
n66(2A) n66A See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	
n66 See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	0
CA_n25A-n71A	0
n71 5 10 15 20	
CA_n25A-n78A	0
n78 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60 80 90 100	
CA_n25A-	0
n78 See CA_n78(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1	
CA_n25(2A)-         CA_n25A-         n25         See CA_n25(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1           n78A         n78A	0
n78   10   15   20   25   30   40   50   60   80   90   100	

CA_n25(2A)- n78(2A)	CA_n25A- n78A	n25			Se	e CA_n2	25(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			0
		n78			Se	e CA_n7	'8(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 1 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			
CA_n25A-n46A	-	n25	5	10	15	20										0
		n46				20			40		60		80			
CA_n28A-n40A	CA_n28A- n40A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			
CA_n28A-n41A	CA_n28A- n41A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n28A-n50A	CA_n28A- n50A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n50	5	10	15	20			40	50	60		80 <sup>1</sup>			
CA_n28A-n75A	-	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n75	5	10	15	20										
CA_n28A-n75A	-	n28	5	10	15	20										1
		n75	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
CA_n28A-n77A	CA_n28A- n77A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n77		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n28A- n77(2A)	CA_n28A- n77A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n77			Se	e CA_n7	7(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			
CA_n28A-n78A	CA_n28A- n78A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n28A- n78(2A)	CA_n28A- n78A	n28	5	10	15	20										0
		n78			Se	e CA_n7	'8(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			
CA_n29A-n66A	-	n29	5	10												0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n29A-n66B	-	n29	5	10												0
		n66			S	ee CA_r	n66B Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tabl	e 5.5A.1	-1			
CA_n29A- n66(2A)	-	n29	5	10												0
		n66			Se	e CA_n6	6(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			
CA_n29A-n70A	-	n29	5	10												0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									
CA_n38A-n66A	CA_n38A- n66A	n38	5	10	15	20										0
		n66	5	10	15	20		30	40							
CA_n38A-n78A	CA_n38A- n78A	n38	5	10	15	20										0
		n78	_	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80	90	100	

CA_n38A- n78(2A)	CA_n38A- n78A	n38	5	10	15	20										0
, ,		n78				See CA_	n78(2A)	Bandwid	th Comb	ination (	in Table	e 5.5A.2-	1	•		
CA_n39A-n40A	CA_n39A- n40A	n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							0
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			
CA_n39A-n41A	CA_n39A- n41A	n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							0
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n39A-n41C	CA_n39A- n41A	n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							0
		n41				ee CA_r	41C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	le 5.5A.1	-1			
CA_n39A- n41(2A)	CA_n39A- n41A	n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							0
		n41					1(2A) Ba		Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n39A-n79A	CA_n39A- n79A	n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							0
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n40A-n41A	CA_n40A- n41A	n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			0
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							1
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60					
CA_n40A-n78A	CA_n40A- n78A	n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n40A- n78(2A)	CA_n40A- n78A	n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			0
		n78				e CA_n7		andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 1 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	2-1			
CA_n40A-n79A	CA_n40A- n79A	n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80			0
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							1
		n79		<u> </u>					40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n41A-n50A	CA_n41A- n50A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n50	5	10	15	20			40	50	60		80 <sup>1</sup>			
CA_n41A-n66A	CA_n41A- n66A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n41(2A)- n66A	-	n41		_			11(2A) B	andwidth		nation Se	et 1 inTal	ole 5.5A.	2-1			0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n41C-n66A	-	n41					41C Bar	ndwidth (		tion Set	0 in Tab	le 5.5A.1	-1			0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40							

CA_n41A-n71A	CA_n41A- n71A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n41A-n71B	-	n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n71								tion Set (						
CA_n41C-n71A	-	n41			S	ee CA_r	141C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tabl	e 5.5A.1	-1			0
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n41(2A)- n71A	-	n41		See CA_n41(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1											0	
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n41(2A)- n71B	-	n41					, ,			ation Set						0
		n71								tion Set (						
CA_n41C-n71B	-	n41								tion Set (						0
		n71			S	ee CA_n	71B Bar	ndwidth C	Combina	tion Set (	) in Tab	le 5.5A.1				
CA_n41A-n78A	CA_n41A- n78A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80		100	0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n41A-n78A	CA_n41A- n78A	n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60		80	90	100	1
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	
CA_n41A-n79A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0	
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60					1
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n41C-n79A	CA_n41A- n79A CA_n41C	n41			S	ee CA_r	n41C Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tabl	e 5.5A.1	-1			0
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n46A-n48A	CA_n46A- n48A	n46				20			40		60		80			0
		n48				20										
CA_n46B-n48A	CA_n46A- n48A	n46			See C	A_n46B	Bandwid	th Comb	ination	Set 0 in 3	88.101-1	Table 5.	5A.1-1			0
		n48				20										
CA_n46C-n48A	CA_n46A- n48A	n46			See C	A_n46C	Bandwid	th Comb	oination	Set 0 in 3	38.101-1	Table 5.	.5A.1-1			0
		n48				20										
CA_n46D-n48A	CA_n46A- n48A	n46			See C	A_n46D	Bandwid	th Comb	oination	Set 0 in 3	38.101-1	Table 5.	.5A.1-1			0
		n48				20										
CA_n46A-n66A	-	n46				20			40		60		80			0
		n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							
CA_n48A-n66A	CA_n48A- n66A	n48	5	10	15	20			40	50 <sup>1</sup>	60 <sup>1</sup>		80 <sup>1</sup>	90 <sup>1</sup>	100 <sup>1</sup>	0

		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n48C-n66A	CA_n48A- n66A	n48				See CA_r	148C Bar	ndwidth (		tion Set	0 in Tab	le 5.5A.1	-1			0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n48(2A)- n66A	CA_n48A- n66A	n48				e CA_n4	18(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40							
CA_n50A-n78A	CA_n50A- n78A	n50	5	10	15	20		30	40	50	60		80 <sup>1</sup>			0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n66A-n70A	-	n66	5	10	15	20			40							0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									
CA_n66B-n70A	-	n66				See CA_r		ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	e 5.5A.1	-1			0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									
CA_n66(2A)- n70A	-	n66			Se	e CA_n6	. ,	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									
CA_n66A-n71A	CA_n66A- n71A	n66	5	10	15	20			40							0
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n66(2A)- n71A	CA_n66A- n71A	n66			Se	e CA_n6	66(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	ble 5.5A	.2-1			0
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n66B-n71A	CA_n66A- n71A	n66			S	See CA_r	n66B Bar	ndwidth (	Combina	tion Set	0 in Tab	e 5.5A.1	-1			0
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n66A-n77A	CA_n66A- n77A	n66	5	10	15	20			40							0
		n77		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	
CA_n66A-n78A	CA_n66A- n78A	n66	5	10	15	20			40							0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n66A- n78(2A)	CA_n66A- n78A	n66	5	10	15	20		30	40							0
` ,		n78		•	Se	e CA_n7	78(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 1 in Tal	ole 5.5A	.2-1	•		
CA_n66(2A)- n78A	CA_n66A- n78A	n66		See CA_n78(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 1 in Table 5.5A.2-1 See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1											0	
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n66(2A)- n78(2A)	CA_n66A- n78A	n66		See CA_n66(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1										0		
		n78			Se	e CA_n7	78(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 1 in Tal	ole 5.5A	.2-1			
CA_n70A-n71A	CA_n70A- n71A	n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>									0
		n71	5	10	15	20										
CA_n75A-n78A	-	n75 n78	5	10 10	15 15	20 20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		117.0		10	10	20	<u> </u>		ŦU	50	00	1	00	90	100	

CA_n75A- n78(2A)	-	n75	5	10	15	20										0
		n78			Se	e CA_n7	8(2A) Ba	andwidth	Combin	ation Se	t 1 in Ta	ble 5.5A.	.2-1			
CA_n76A-n78A	-	n76	5													0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n77A-n78A <sup>2</sup>		n77		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	
CA_n77A-n79A	-	n77		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n78A-n79A	-	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n79							40	50	60		80		100	
CA_n78A-n92A	CA_n78A- n92A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90	100	0
		n92	5	10	15	20										
CA_n78(2A)- n92A	CA_n78A- n92A	n78		See CA_n78(2A) Bandwidth Combination Set 0 in Table 5.5A.2-1												0
		n92	5	10	15	20										

NOTE 1: This UE channel bandwidth is applicable only to downlink.

NOTE 2: The minimum requirements for intra-band contiguous or non-contiguous CA apply.

NOTE 3: The SCS of each channel bandwidth for NR band refers to Table 5.3.5-1.

5.5A.3.2 Configurations for inter-band CA (three bands)

Table 5.5A.3.2-1: NR CA configurations and bandwidth combinations sets defined for inter-band CA (three bands)

NR CA configuration	Uplink CA configuration	NR Band														
		}	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	set	
CA_n1A-n3A-n7A	-	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
CA_n1A-n3A-n7B	-	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
_		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n7			See CA	n7B Ba	ndwidth	Combina	ation Se	t 0 in Ta	able 5.5	A.1-1			1	
CA_n1A-n3A-n8A	-	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n8	5	10	15	20										
CA_n1A-n3A- n28A	-	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n28	5	10	15	20 <sup>2</sup>										
CA_n1A-n3A- n41A	CA_n1A-n3A CA_n1A- n41A CA_n3A- n41A	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60	80	90	100	1	
CA_n1A-n3A- n78A	CA_n1A-n3A CA_n1A- n78A CA_n3A- n78A	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100		
CA_n1A-n8A- n78A	-	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n8	5	10	15	20										
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100		
CA_n1A-n7A- n28A	CA_n1A-n7A CA_n1A- n28A CA_n7A- n28A	n1	5	10	15	20									0	
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					1	
		n28	5	10	15	20									1	

CA_n1A-n7A- n78A	CA_n1A-n7A CA_n1A- n78A CA_n7A- n78A	n1	5	10	15	20									0
		n7 n78	5	10	15 15	20 20	25	30	40	50 50	60	80	90 <sup>1</sup>	100	
CA_n1A-n7A- n78(2A)	CA_n1A-n7A CA_n1A- n78A CA_n7A-	n1	5	10	15	20			40	30	00	00	90	100	0
	n78A														
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	<u> </u>				
CA =4A =20A		n78				) Bandwid	Ith Com	bination S	Set 0 in	Table 5	.5A.2-1	in TS 3	88.101-1	1	
CA_n1A-n28A- n78A	-	n1	5	10	15	20									0
		n28 n78	5	10	15 15	20 <sup>2</sup> 20			40	F0	60	90	00	100	
CA_n1A-n40A-	_	n/8 n1	5	10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
n78A	-						0.5		10						U
		n40 n78	5	10 10	15 15	20 20	25	30	40 40	50 50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n7A- n28A	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	30	00	80	90	100	0
11207		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					
		n28	5	10	15	20									
CA_n3A-n7B- n28A	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							0
		n7				A_n7B Ba	ndwidth	Combina	tion Se	t 0 in Ta	able 5.5	A.1-1			
		n28	5	10	15	20									
CA_n3A-n7A- n78A	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							0
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					
04 04 75		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n7B- n78A	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							0
		n7		1 40		A_n7B Ba								100	
CA_n3A-n8A-	CA_n3A-n8A	n78 n3	5	10 10	15 15	20 20	25 25	30 30	40	50	60	80	90	100	0
n78A	CA_n3A-n8A CA_3A-n78A CA_n8A- n78A	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							U
		n8	5	10	15	20									
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	

	,														
CA_n3A-n28A-	CA_n3A-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							0
n77A	n28A														
	CA_n3A-														
	n77A														
	CA_n28A-														
	_ n77A														
		n28	5	10	15	20									
		n77	Ŭ	10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n28A-	CA_n3A-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30	1.0	- 00	- 00	- 00	- 00	100	0
n77(2A)	n28A	110	3	10	13	20	23	30							U
1111 (2A)	CA_n3A-														
	n77A														
	CA_n28A-														
	n77A														
		n28	5	10	15	20									
		n77				n77(2A) [	Bandwic	Ith Combi	ination S	Set 0 in	Table 5	5.5A.2-1			
CA_n3A-n28A- n78A	-	n3	5	10	15	20									0
		n28	5	10	15	20 <sup>2</sup>									
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n28A- n78(2A)	-	n3	5	10	15	20									0
,		n28	5	10	15	20 <sup>2</sup>									
		n78				n78(2A) [	Bandwic	th Combi	ination S	Set 0 in	Table 5	5.5A.2-1			
CA_n3A-n40A-	CA_n3A-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							0
n41A	n40A														-
	CA_n3A-														
	n41A														
	CA_n40A-														
	n41A														
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80			
		n41		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n3A-n41A-	_	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	30	00	00	90	100	0
n79A	-	113	5	10	15	20	25	30							U
1179A		:- 44		40	4.5	00			40	<b>50</b>		00		400	
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80		100	
		n79							40	50	60	80		100	
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30							1
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80			
		n79							40	50	60	80		100	
CA_n5A-n66A- n78A	CA_n5A- n66A CA_n5A- n78A CA_n66A-	n5	5	10	15	20									0
	n78A					1									
		n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40				1		
	•														

		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n7A-n25A- n66A	CA_n7A- n25A CA_n7A- n66A CA_n25A- n66A	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					0
		n25	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						
		n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						
CA_n7A-n28A- n78A	-	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					0
		n28	5	10	15	20	05	00	40		00	00	00	400	
OA :: 7D :: 00A		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n7B-n28A- n78A	-	n7		1.0		A_n7B Ba	ınawıatr	Combina	ation Se	t U IN T	able 5.5	A.1-1			0
		n28	5	10	15	20	05	20	40	F2	60	00	00	100	
04 -74 -004	04 74	n78 n7	5	10 10	15 15	20 20	25 25	30 30	40 40	50 50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n7A-n66A- n78A	CA_n7A- n66A CA_n7A- n78A CA_n66A- n78A									50					0
		n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n7A-n66A- n78(2A)	CA_n7A- n66A CA_n7A- n78A CA_n66A- n78A	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					0
		n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						
		n78				n78(2A) [	Bandwic	Ith Combi	nation S	Set 1 in	Table 5	5.5A.2-1			
CA_n8A-n39A-	-	n8	5	10	15	20									0
n41A		n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80		100	
		n8	5	10	15	20	6-	00	40						1
		n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					
00 - 00 - 440		n41	-	10	15	20			40	50	60				
CA_n8A-n41A- n79A	-	n8	5	10	15	20									0
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80		100	
		n79	_						40	50	60	80		100	
		n8	5	10	15	20									1
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60			100	
		n79				İ		I	40	50	60	80	1	100	

CA_n20A-n28A- n78A	-	n20	5	10	15	20									0
111.07		n28	5	10	15	20									
		n78	<u> </u>	10	15	20		30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n25A-n41A- n66A	-	n25	5	10	15	20		- 50	40	00	00	00	30	100	0
1100/1		n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
CA_n25A-n41C- n66A	-	n25	5	10	15	20									0
		n41		See	CA_n41	C Bandw	idth Co	mbination	Set 0 ir	า 38.10	1-1 Tab	le 5.5A	.1-1		
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
CA_n25A- n41(2A)-n66A	-	n25	5	10	15	20									0
		n41		See C	A_n41(	2A) Band	width C	ombinatio	n Set 1	in 38.1	01-1 Ta	ble 5.5	A.2-1		
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
CA_n25A-n41A- n71A	-	n25	5	10	15	20									0
		n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n25A- n41(2A)-n71A	-	n25	5	10	15	20									0
		n41		See C		2A) Band	width C	ombinatio	n Set 1	in 38.1	01-1 Ta	ble 5.5	A.2-1		
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n25A-n41C- n71A	-	n25	5	10	15	20									0
		n41				IC Bandw	idth Co	mbination	Set 0 ir	า 38.10	1-1 Tab	le 5.5A	.1-1		
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n25A-n66A- n71A	-	n25	5	10	15	20									0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n25A-n66A- n78A	CA_n25A- n66A CA_n25A- n78A CA_n66A- n78A -	n25	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						0
	117.57	n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
		n78	,	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n28A-n40A- n78A	-	n28	5	10	15	20	20	- 55	70	- 50	- 50	30	30	100	0
•		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50					
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	

04 = 004 = 444	ΟΛ ΟΟΛ	00	_	10	4.5	00	I		1	1		1	1	1 1	
CA_n28A-n41A-	CA_n28A-	n28	5	10	15	20									0
n78A	n41A CA_n41A-														
	n78A														
	078A CA_n28A-														
	n78A														
	1176A	n41		10	15	20	-	30	40	50	60		90	100	
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
CA_n29A-n66A-	-	n29	5	10	13	20	20	30	70	30	00	- 00	30	100	0
n70A	_														U
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>								
CA_n29A-n66B- n70A	-	n29	5	10											0
		n66				Bandwidt		ination Se	et 0 in T	able 5.	5A.1-1 i	n TS38	.101-1		
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>								
CA_n29A- n66(2A)-n70A	-	n29	5	10											0
,		n66	S	See CA_	n66(2A	) Bandwid	dth Com	bination S	Set 0 in	Table 5	5.5A.2-1	in TS3	8.101-1		
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>								
CA_n39A-n41A- n79A	-	n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						0
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	
		n79							40	50	60	80			
		n39	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						1
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60			100	
		n79							40	50	60	80			
CA_n40A-n41A-	CA_n40A-	n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80			0
_ n79A	n41A														
	CA_n40A-														
	n79A														
	CA_n41A-														
	n79A														
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80		100	
		n79							40	50	60	80		100	
		n40	5	10	15	20	25	30	40						1
		n41		10	15	20			40	50	60				
		n79							40	50	60	80		100	
CA_n41A-n66A- n71A	-	n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60	80	90	100	0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
		n71	5	10	15	20	1				1				
CA_n41(2A)- n66A-n71A	-	n41		See C		(2A) Band	width Co	ombinatio	n Set 1	in 38.1	01-1 Ta	ble 5.5	A.2-1		0
11007 ( 117 17 (		n66	5	10	15	20			40		1				
		n71	5	10	15	20	1		10		<u> </u>				
		1117 1	_						1	1			1		

CA_n41C-n66A- n71A	-	n41		See	CA_n41	1C Bandw	ridth Co	mbination	Set 0 in	า 38.10	)1-1 Tab	le 5.5A	1-1		0
		n66	5	10	15	20			40						
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n66A-n70A- n71A	CA_n66A- n71A CA_n70A- n71A	n66	5	10	15	20			40						0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>								
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n66B-n70A- n71A	CA_n66A- n71A CA_n70A- n71A	n66	,	See CA	_n66B	Bandwidtl	h Combi	nation Se	et 0 in T	able 5.	5A.1-1 i	n TS 38	3.101-1		0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>								
		n71	5	10	15	20									
CA_n66(2A)- n70A-n71A	CA_n66A- n71A CA_n70A- n71A	n66	S	ee CA_	n66(2A	) Bandwic	Ith Com	bination S	Set 0 in	Table 5	5.5A.2-1	in TS 3	38.101-	1	0
		n70	5	10	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>								
		n71	5	10	15	20									

NOTE 1: This UE channel bandwidth is applicable only to downlink

NOTE 2: For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for NR UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz.

NOTE 3: The SCS of each channel bandwidth for NR band refers to Table 5.3.5-1.

5.5A.3.3 Configurations for inter-band CA (four bands)

Table 5.5A.3.3-1: NR CA configurations and bandwidth combinations sets defined for inter-band CA (four bands)

NR CA configuration	Uplink CA configuration	NR Band					Chann	el band	dwidth	(MHz) (	NOTE	3)				Bandwidth combination set
			5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	301
CA_n1A-n3A- n7A-n28A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
		n28	5	10	15	20										
CA_n1A-n3A- n7B-n28A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n7				CA_n7	B Band	width C	ombina	ation Se	t 0 in T	able 5.	5A.1-1			
		n28	5	10	15	20										
CA_n1A-n3A- n7A-n78A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								_
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	
CA_n1A-n3A- n7B-n78A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n7							Combina							
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	
CA_n1A-n3A- n8A-n78A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n8	5	10	15	20										
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90¹	100	
CA_n1A-n3A- n28A-n78A	-	n1	5	10	15	20										0
		n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								
		n28	5	10	15	20 <sup>2</sup>								1		=
		n78		10	15	20			40	50	60		80	90 <sup>1</sup>	100	
CA_n3A-n7A- n28A-n78A	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						
		n28	5	10	15	20			<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
<u> </u>		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	ļ
CA_n3A-n7B- n28A-n78A	-	n3	5	10	15	20	25	30								0
		n7		T .			B Band	width C	Combina	ation Se	t 0 in T	able 5.	5A.1-1	1	1	
		n28	5	10	15	20			<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	

CA_n7A- n25A-n66A- n78A	-	n7	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50						0
		n25	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							
		n66	5	10	15	20	25	30	40							
		n78		10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	

NOTE 1: This UE channel bandwidth is optional in this release of the specification.

NOTE 2: For the 20 MHz bandwidth, the minimum requirements are specified for NR UL carrier frequencies confined to either 713-723 MHz or 728-738 MHz.

NOTE 3: The SCS of each channel bandwidth for NR band refers to Table 5.3.5-1.

#### Configurations for DC 5.5B

For an NR DC configuration specified in 5.5B.1-1, the bandwidth combination sets for the corresponding NR CA configuration in 5.5A.3,i.e.,dual uplink inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, are applicable to Dual Connectivity.

Table 5.5B.1-1: Inter-band NR DC configurations (two bands)

NR DC configuration	Uplink NR DC configuration									
DC_n2A-n5A	DC_n2A-n5A									
DC_n3A-n28A	DC_n3A-n28A									
DC_n3A-n77A <sup>1</sup>	DC_n3A-n77A									
DC_n3A-n77(2A) 1 DC_n3A-n77A										
DC_n3A-n78A <sup>1</sup>	DC_n3A-n78A									
DC_n28A-n77A <sup>1</sup>	DC_n28A-n77A									
DC_n28A-n78A <sup>1</sup>	DC_n28A-n78A									
NOTE 1: Applicable for UE suppo	rting inter-band NR DC with									

mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx capability.

# 5.5C Configurations for SUL

Table 5.5C-1: Supported channel bandwidths per SUL band combination

SUL configuration	NR Ba nd				Chan	nel ba	ndwid	th (MH	z) (NO	TE 1)				Bandwidth combination set
		5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	•
SUL_n41A- n80A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n80	5	10	15	20	25	30							
SUL_n41A- n81A	n41		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n81	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n41A- n95A	n41		10	15	20		30	40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n95	5	10	15										
SUL_n77A- n80A	n77		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n80	5	10	15	20	25	30							
SUL_n77A- n84A	n77		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
0111 704	n84	5	10	15	20			40		00	00		400	•
SUL_n78A- n80A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n80	5	10	15	20	25	30							
SUL_n78A- n81A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n81	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n78A- n82A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n82	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n78A- n83A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n83	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n78A- n84A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n84	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n78A- n86A	n78		10	15	20			40	50	60	80	90	100	0
	n86	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n79A- n80A	n79							40	50	60	80		100	0
0	n80	5	10	15	20	25	30	4-					465	_
SUL_n79A- n81A	n79							40	50	60	80		100	0
0	n81	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n79A- n84A	n79							40	50	60	80		100	0
	n84	5	10	15	20									
SUL_n79A- n95A	n79		40	4-				40	50	60	80		100	0
NOTE 1: The S	n95	5	10	15		N.E	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		

Table 5.5C-2: Supported channel bandwidths per SUL band combination with intra-band non-contiguous CA

SUL band combination with intra- band non- contiguous CA	SUL configuratio n	NR Ban d			С	hann	el ba	ndwi	dth (I	MHz)	(NOT	ΓE 1)			Bandwidth combinatio n set
5 1 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10															
				0	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SUL_n78(2A)	SUL_n78A-	n78	,	See C	A_n7	78(2A	) Ban	dwid	th Co	mbina	ation	Set 0	in Ta	able	0
-n86A	n86A					•	-	5.5	A.2-1						
		n86	5	1	1	2									
				0	5	0									
NOTE 1: The	SCS of each char	nnel ban	dwic	dth fo	r NR	band	refer	s to T	able	5.3.5	-1.				

# 6 Transmitter characteristics

#### 6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE with a single or multiple transmit antenna(s). For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

Transmitter requirements for UL MIMO operation apply when the UE transmits on 2 ports on the same CDM group. The UE may use higher MPR values outside this limitation.

The applicability of transmitter requirements for Band n90 is in accordance with that for Band n41; a UE supporting Band n90 shall meet the minimum requirements for Band n41.

### 6.1A General

The minimum requirements for band combinations including Band n41 also apply for the corresponding band combinations with Band n90 replacing Band n41 but with otherwise identical parameters. For brevity the said band combinations with Band n90 are not listed in the tables below but are covered by this specification.

## 6.1F General

For wideband operations, the minimum requirements for the transmitter characteristics are specified for transmissions on one scheduled RB set or  $\geq 1$  scheduled contiguous RB set(s) within the UE channel. The requirements apply with configured UL intra-cell guard bands of non-zero size according to Table 5.3.3-2, with the union of the scheduled RB sets and the intra-cell guard bands between the said RB sets scheduled and available for transmission according to the channel access procedures in [14].

# 6.2 Transmitter power

# 6.2.1 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth of NR carrier unless otherwise stated. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.1-1: UE Power Class

n1         n2         23         ±2³           n3         23         ±2³           n5         23         ±2³           n7         23         ±2³           n8         23         ±2³           n12         23         ±2³           n14         316         +2/-3         23         ±2³           n18         23         ±2         23         ±2³           n20         23         ±2³         23         ±2³           n20         23         ±2³         23         ±2³           n26         23         ±2³         23         ±2³           n28         23         ±2         3         ±2           n30         23         ±2         3         ±2           n34         23         ±2         3         ±2           n38         23         ±2         3         ±2           n41         29°         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2           n41         29°         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2           n41         29°         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³ <th>NR band</th> <th>Class 1 (dBm)</th> <th>Tolerance (dB)</th> <th>Class 1.5 (dBm)</th> <th>Tolerance (dB)</th> <th>Class 2 (dBm)</th> <th>Tolerance (dB)</th> <th>Class 3 (dBm)</th> <th>Tolerance (dB)</th>	NR band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 1.5 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
10	n1		,	,	,	,	, ,	23	
10	n2							23	±2 <sup>3</sup>
10									±2 <sup>3</sup>
n7         n8         23         ±2³         ±2³         n12         23         ±2³         n14         316         +2/-3         12         23         ±2³         n14         316         +2/-3         12         123         ±2³         n18         23         ±2³         n20         23         ±2³         n22         n22³         ±2³         n22³         ±2³         n23         ±2°         n34         n23         ±2°         n34         n23         ±2°         n34         n23         ±2°         n34         n34         n23         ±2°         n34         n34         n23         ±2°         n34         n34         n23         ±2°         n34         n34         n23         ±2°         n42°         n34         ±2°         n42°         n34         ±2°         n42°         n44         n47°         n23         ±2°         <									
n8									
n12         23         ±2³           n14         316         +2/-3         23         ±2           n20         23         ±2³         123         ±2³           n25         23         ±2³         123         ±2³           n26         23         ±2³         123         ±2³           n28         23         ±2         123         ±2           n30         23         ±2         13         ±2           n34         23         ±2         123         ±2           n38         23         ±2         123         ±2           n40         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2           n41         295         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         23         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2         123         ±2								23	±2 <sup>3</sup>
n14         316         +2/-3         23         ±2           n20         23         ±2 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> n25         23         ±2 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup> 12 <sup>3</sup>									
n18     23     ±2       n20     23     ±2³       n25     23     ±2³       n26     23     ±2³       n28     23     ±2²       n30     23     ±2²       n34     23     ±2       n38     23     ±2       n40     29°     ±2/3³     26     ±2/-3³     23     ±2       n41     29°     ±2/-3³     26     ±2/-3³     23     ±2°       n41     29°     ±2/-3³     26     ±2/-3³     23     ±2°       n41     29°     ±2/-3³     26     ±2/-3³     23     ±2°       n48     23     ±2/-3³     23     ±2°       n50     23     ±2     ±2     ±2       n61     23     ±2     ±2     ±2       n65     23     ±2     ±2     ±2       n66     23     ±2     ±2     ±2       n77     26     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n78     26     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n80     26     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n81     23     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n82     26     ±2/-3     23     ±		31 <sup>6</sup>	+2/-3						
n20         23         ±2³           n26         23         ±2³           n28         23         ±2²           n30         23         ±2²           n34         23         ±2           n38         23         ±2           n39         23         ±2           n40         29°         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         23         ±2         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°									
n25         23         ±2³           n26         23         ±2³           n28         23         ±2¹           n30         23         ±2           n34         23         ±2           n39         23         ±2           n40         26         ±2¹-3³         23         ±2°           n41         29°         ±2³-3³         26         ±2³-3³         23         ±2°           n47         23         ±2         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2³         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°         ±2°									
n26         23         ±2³           n28         23         ±2/2.5           n30         23         ±2           n34         23         ±2           n38         23         ±2           n40         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2           n41         29°         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         29°         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n48         23         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n50         23         ±2         123         ±2°           n61         23         ±2         123         ±2°           n65         23         ±2         123         ±2°           n66         23         ±2         12         12         12           n70         23         ±2         12<								23	±2 <sup>3</sup>
n28         23         +2/-2.5           n30         23         ±2           n34         23         ±2           n38         23         ±2           n40         26         +2/-3         23         ±2           n41         295         +2/-3³         26         +2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         295         +2/-3³         26         +2/-3³         23         ±2³           n48         23         +2/-3³         23         ±2°           n50         23         ±2         10         23         ±2°           n51         23         ±2         10         23         ±2°         10         23         ±2°         10         10         23         ±2°         10         10         23         ±2°         10         10         23         ±2°         10<									
n30         23         ±2           n34         23         ±2           n38         23         ±2           n39         23         ±2           n40         295         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n41         295         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         23         ±2         ±2³									
n34         23         ±2           n38         23         ±2           n40         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2           n41         295         ±2/-3³         26         ±2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         23         ±2/-3         ±2³									
n38         23         ±2           n39         23         ±2           n40         26         +2/-3         23         ±2           n41         295         +2/-3³         26         +2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         23         ±2         3         ±2         3         ±2³           n48         23         ±2         3         ±2         3         ±2         3         ±2         3         ±2         3         ±2         3         ±2         1         23         ±2         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         1         1         1         23         ±2         1         1         1									
n39         26         +2/-3         23         ±2           n41         295         +2/-3³         26         +2/-3³         23         ±2³           n47         23         ±2         123         ±2								23	
n40         295         +2/-33         26         +2/-33         23         ±23           n47         23         ±2         23         ±2           n48         23         +2/-3         23         ±2           n50         23         ±2         ±2         ±2         ±2           n51         23         ±2									
n41         29 <sup>5</sup> +2/-3 <sup>3</sup> 26         +2/-3 <sup>3</sup> 23         ±2 <sup>3</sup> n47         23         ±2         142         143         143         142         143         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         142         143         143         142         143         143         142         143         143         144 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>26</td><td>+2/-3</td><td></td><td></td></td<>						26	+2/-3		
n47     23     ±2       n48     23     +2/-3       n50     23     ±2       n51     23     ±2       n53     23     ±2       n66     23     ±2       n70     23     ±2       n71     23     ±2/-2.5       n74     23     ±2/-3       n77     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n78     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2       n84     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2       n93     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>				295	+2/-3 <sup>3</sup>				
n48     23     +2/-3       n50     23     ±2       n51     23     ±2       n53     23     ±2       n65     23     ±2       n70     23     ±2       n71     23     ±2/-2.5       n74     23     ±2/-3       n77     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n79     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     23     ±23       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2       n84     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2       n93     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>					12/0	20	12/0		
n50     23     ±2       n51     23     ±2       n53     23     ±2       n65     23     ±2       n66     23     ±2       n70     23     ±2       n71     23     ±2       n77     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n78     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     23     ±2       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2       n84     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2       n92     23     ±2       n93     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> 193     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> 194     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>									
n51         23         ±2           n65         23         ±2           n66         23         ±2           n70         23         ±2           n71         23         ±2/-2.5           n74         23         ±2/-3           n77         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n78         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n79         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n80         23         ±2           n81         23         ±2           n82         23         ±2           n83         23         ±2/-2.5           n84         23         ±2           n89         23         ±2           n91         23         ±2           n92         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n93         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>									
n65         23         ±2           n66         23         ±2           n70         23         ±2           n71         23         ±2/-2.5           n74         23         ±2/-3           n77         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n79         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n80         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n81         23         ±2           n82         23         ±2           n83         23         ±2/-2.5           n84         23         ±2           n89         23         ±2           n91         23         ±2           n92         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n93         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>									
n65     23     ±2       n70     23     ±2       n71     23     ±2       n74     23     ±2       n77     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n78     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n79     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     23     ±2³       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     +2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2       n92     23     ±2³.4       n93     23     ±2³.4       n94     23     ±2³.4									
n66     23     ±2       n70     23     ±2       n71     23     ±2-2.5       n74     23     ±2       n77     26     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n78     26     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n79     26     ±2/-3     23     ±2/-3       n80     23     ±2³       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2       n92     23     ±2³,4       n93     23     ±2³,4       n94     23     ±2³,4									
n70         23         ±2           n71         23         ±2/-2.5           n74         23         ±2           n77         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n78         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n79         26         ±2/-3         23         ±2/-3           n80         23         ±2           n81         23         ±2           n82         23         ±2           n83         23         ±2/-2.5           n84         23         ±2           n86         23         ±2           n91         23         ±2           n92         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n93         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94         23         ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>									
n71     23     +2/-2.5       n74     23     ±2       n77     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n78     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n79     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     23     ±2 <sup>3</sup> n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n92     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n93     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>									
n74         26         +2/-3         23         +2           n77         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n78         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n80         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n80         23         +2/-3           n81         23         +2           n82         23         +2           n83         23         +2/-2.5           n84         23         +2           n86         23         +2           n89         23         +2           n91         23         +2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92         23         +2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93         23         +2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94         23         +2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									
n77         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n78         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n79         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n80         23         ±2 <sup>3</sup> n81         23         ±2           n82         23         ±2           n83         23         ±2/-2.5           n84         23         ±2           n86         23         ±2           n89         23         ±2           n91         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									
n78     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n79     26     +2/-3     23     +2/-3       n80     23     ±2³       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     +2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2³, 4       n92     23     ±2³, 4       n93     23     ±2³, 4       n94     23     ±2³, 4						26	+2/-3		
n79         26         +2/-3         23         +2/-3           n80         23         ±2           n81         23         ±2           n82         23         ±2           n83         23         +2/-2.5           n84         23         ±2           n86         23         ±2           n89         23         ±2           n91         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94         23         ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									
n80     23     ±2³       n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2³, ⁴       n92     23     ±2³, ⁴       n93     23     ±2³, ⁴       n94     23     ±2³, ⁴									
n81     23     ±2       n82     23     ±2       n83     23     ±2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>							, _		
n82     23     ±2       n83     23     +2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									
n83     23     +2/-2.5       n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									
n84     23     ±2       n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n92     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n93     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3,4</sup>			1						
n86     23     ±2       n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n92     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n93     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> n94     23     ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>			1						
n89     23     ±2       n91     23     ±2 <sup>3</sup> , 4       n92     23     ±2 <sup>3</sup> , 4       n93     23     ±2 <sup>3</sup> , 4       n94     23     ±2 <sup>3</sup> , 4			1						
n91     23     ±2³, ⁴       n92     23     ±2³, ⁴       n93     23     ±2³, ⁴       n94     23     ±2³, ⁴			1					23	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									+23, 4
n93 n94 23 ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup> 23 ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									+23, 4
n94 23 ±2 <sup>3, 4</sup>									+23, 4
			1						

- NOTE 1: P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance
- NOTE 2: Power class 3 is default power class unless otherwise stated
- NOTE 3: Refers to the transmission bandwidths confined within F<sub>UL\_low</sub> and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> + 4 MHz or F<sub>UL\_high</sub> 4 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub>, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB.
- NOTE 4: The maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 0.3 dB
- NOTE 5: Achieved via dual Tx
- NOTE 6: Generally, PC1 UE for Band n14 is not targeted for smartphone form factor. The UE power class 1 requirements for Band n14 are applicable for public safety scenario only.

If a UE supports a different power class than the default UE power class for the band and the supported power class enables the higher maximum output power than that of the default power class:

- if the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than 50% (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); or

- if the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is not absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* as defined in TS 38.331 (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); or
- if the IE P-Max as defined in TS 38.331 [7] is provided and set to the maximum output power of the default power class or lower;
- shall apply all requirements for the default power class to the supported power class and set the configured transmitted power as specified in clause 6.2.4;
- else if the UE does not support a power class with higher maximum output power than PC2; or
- if the field of UE capability *maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1* is absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than 25% (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); or
- if the field of UE capability maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 is not absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than 0.5\*maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1.(The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); or if the IE P-Max as defined in TS 38.331 [7] is provided and set to the maximum output power of the power class 2 or lower; shall apply all requirements for power class 2 to the supported power class and set the configured transmitted power as specified in clause 6.2.4;
- else shall apply all requirements for the supported power class and set the configured transmitted power as specified in clause 6.2.4.

### 6.2.2 UE maximum output power reduction

UE is allowed to reduce the maximum output power due to higher order modulations and transmit bandwidth configurations. For UE power class 1.5, 2 and 3 and UE power class 1 in Band n14, the allowed maximum power reduction (MPR) is defined in Table 6.2.2-4, Table 6.2.2-2, Table 6.2.2-1 and Table 6.2.2-5, respectively for channel bandwidths < 100 MHz.

If the relative channel bandwidth  $\leq 4\%$  for TDD bands or  $\leq 3\%$  for FDD bands, the  $\Delta$ MPR is set to zero.

If the relative channel bandwidth > 4% for TDD bands or > 3% for FDD bands, the  $\Delta$ MPR is defined in Table 6.2.2-3.

Where relative channel bandwidth =  $2*BW_{Channel} / (F_{UL\ low} + F_{UL\ high})$ 

The allowed MPR for SRS, PUCCH formats 0, 1, 3 and 4, and PRACH shall be as specified for QPSK modulated DFT-s-OFDM of equivalent RB allocation. The allowed MPR for PUCCH format 2 shall be as specified for QPSK modulated CP-OFDM of equivalent RB allocation.

Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

Mo	dulation	MPR (dB)						
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations				
DFT-s-	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5 <sup>1</sup>	≤ 1.2 <sup>1</sup>	≤ 0.21				
OFDM								
		$\leq 0.5^2$	≤ 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	$0^{2}$				
	Pi/2 BPSK w Pi/2	≤ 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	≤ 0 <sup>2</sup>	O <sup>2</sup>				
	BPSK DMRS							
	QPSK		≤ 1	0				
	16 QAM		≤ 2	≤ 1				
	64 QAM		≤ 2.5					
	256 QAM							
CP-OFDM	QPSK		≤ 3	≤ 1.5				
	16 QAM		≤ 3	≤ 2				
	64 QAM		≤ 3.5					
	256 QAM		≤ 6.5					

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability powerBoosting-pi2BPSK and if the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modu	lation	MPR (dB)						
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations				
DFT-s- Pi/2 BPSK OFDM		≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0				
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 1	0				
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	≤ 1				
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	2.5				
	256 QAM		≤ 4.5					
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5				
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 2				
	64 QAM		≤ 3.5					
	256 QAM		≤ 6.5					

**Table 6.2.2-3: △MPR** 

NR Band	Power class	Channel bandwidth	∆MPR (dB)
n28	Power class 3	30 MHz	0.5

Table 6.2.2-4 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 1.5 with dual Tx

Modulation		MPR (dB)						
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations				
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 6.5	≤ 3.5	≤ 1.5				
	QPSK	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5				
	16 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 5	≤ 2.5				
	64 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 4				
	256 QAM	≤ 7.5	≤ 7.5	≤ 7.5				
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 6.5	≤ 6	≤ 3				
	16 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 6	≤ 3.5				
	64 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 5				
	256 QAM	≤ 9.5	≤ 9.5	≤ 9.5				

≤ 1.5

≤ 2

256 QAM

QPSK

**16 QAM** 

64 QAM

256 QAM

CP-OFDM

Modulation MPR (dB) **Edge RB allocations Outer RB allocations** Inner RB allocations DFT-s-Pi/2 BPSK ≤ 0.5 ≤ 0.5 **OFDM** Pi/2 BPSK w Pi/2 0 ≤ 0.5 ≤ 0 **BPSK DMRS** QPSK ≤ 1 0 16 QAM ≤ 2 ≤ 1 64 QAM ≤ 2.5

≤ 3

≤ 3

≤ 4.5

≤ 3.5

≤ 6.5

Table 6.2.2-5 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 1 for Band n14

Where the following parameters are defined to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Outer and Inner RB allocations:

 $N_{RB}$  is the maximum number of RBs for a given Channel bandwidth and sub-carrier spacing defined in Table 5.3.2-1.  $RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor(L_{CRB}/2))$ 

where max() indicates the largest value of all arguments and floor(x) is the greatest integer less than or equal to x.

$$RB_{Start, High} = N_{RB} - RB_{Start, Low} - L_{CRB}$$

The RB allocation is an Inner RB allocation if the following conditions are met

$$RB_{Start,Low} \leq RB_{Start} \leq RB_{Start,High},$$
 and

$$L_{CRB} \leq ceil(N_{RB}/2)$$

where ceil(x) is the smallest integer greater than or equal to x.

An Edge RB allocation is the one for which the RB(s) is (are) allocated at the lowermost or uppermost edge of the channel with  $L_{CRB} \le 2$  RBs.

The RB allocation is an Outer RB allocation for all other allocations which are not an Inner RB allocation or Edge RB allocation.

If CP-OFDM allocation satisfies following conditions, it is considered as almost contiguous allocation

$$N_{RB\_gap} / (N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}) \le 0.25$$

and  $N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}$  is larger than 106, 51 or 24 RBs for 15 kHz, 30 kHz or 60 kHz respectively where  $N_{RB\_gap}$  is the total number of unallocated RBs between allocated RBs and  $N_{RB\_alloc}$  is the total number of allocated RBs. The size and location of allocated and unallocated RBs are restricted by RBG parameters specified in clause 6.1.2.2 of TS 38.214 [10]. For these almost contiguous signals in power class 2 and 3, the allowed maximum power reduction defined in Table 6.2.2-1 is increased by

CEIL{ 
$$10 log_{10}(1 + N_{RB\_gap} / N_{RB\_alloc}), 0.5$$
 } dB,

where CEIL $\{x,0.5\}$  means x rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB. The parameters of RB<sub>Start,Low</sub> and RB<sub>Start,High</sub> to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Outer and Inner RB allocations are defined as following:

$$RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor((N_{RB alloc} + N_{RB gap})/2))$$

$$RB_{Start, High} = N_{RB} - RB_{Start, Low} - N_{RB\_alloc} - N_{RB\_gap}$$

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2.4 apply.

### 6.2.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction

#### 6.2.3.1 General

Additional emission requirements can be signalled by the network. Each additional emission requirement is associated with a unique network signalling (NS) value indicated in RRC signalling by an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band and an associated value in the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*. Throughout this specification, the notion of indication or signalling of an NS value refers to the corresponding indication of an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band, the IE field *freqBandIndicatorNR* and an associated value of *additionalSpectrumEmission* in the relevant RRC information elements [7].

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2.1-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2.2. Outer and inner allocation notation used in clause 6.2.3 is defined in clause 6.2.2 In absence of modulation and waveform types the A-MPR applies to all modulation and waveform types.

Table 6.2.3.1-1 specifies the additional requirements with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR and applicable operating band(s) for each NS value. In case of a power class 3 UE, when IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1, power class 2 A-MPR values apply. The mapping of NR frequency band numbers and values of the *additionalSpectrumEmission* to network signalling labels is specified in Table 6.2.3.1-1A.

For almost contiguous allocations in CP-OFDM waveforms in power class 3, the allowed A-MPR defined in clause 6.2.3 is increased by CEIL{  $10 \log_{10}(1 + N_{RB\_gap}/N_{RB\_alloc}), 0.5$  } dB, where  $N_{RB\_gap}$  is the total number of unallocated RBs between allocated RBs and  $N_{RB\_alloc}$  is the total number of allocated RBs, and the parameter  $L_{CRB}$  is replaced by  $N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}$  in specifying the RB allocation regions.

Unless otherwise specified, pi/2 BPSK in following A-MPR tables refers to both variants of pi/2 BPSK referenced in 6.2.2 tables 6.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.3.1-1: Additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR)

Network signalling label	Requirements (clause)	NR Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources blocks ( <i>N</i> <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01		Table 5.2-1	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_03	6.5.2.3.3	n2, n25, n66, n70, n86			Clause 6.2.3.7
NS_03U	6.5.2.3.3, 6.5.2.4.2	n2, n25, n66, n86			Clause 6.2.3.7
NS_04	6.5.2.3.2, 6.5.3.3.1	n41	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 80, 90, 100		Clause 6.2.3.2
NS_05	6.5.3.3.4	n1, n65, n84	5, 10, 15, 20 (NOTE 2)		Clause 6.2.3.4
NS_05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	n1, n65, n84	5, 10, 15, 20		Clause 6.2.3.4
NS_06	6.5.2.3.4	n12	5, 10, 15		N/A
		n14	5,10		
NS_10		n20, n82	15, 20	Table 6.2.3.3-1	Table 6.2.3.3-1
NS_12	6.5.3.3.17	n26	5,10	Table 6.2.3.21-1	Table 6.2.3.21-2
NS_13	6.5.3.3.18	n26	5	Table 6.2.3.22-1	Table 6.2.3.22-2
NS_14	6.5.3.3.19	n26	10,15,20	Table 6.2.3.23-1	Table 6.2.3.23-2
NS_15	6.5.3.3.20	n26	5,10,15,20	Table 6.2.3.24-1	Table 6.2.3.24-2
NS_17	6.5.3.3.2	n28, n83	5,10	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_18	6.5.3.3.3	n28, n83	5		Table 6.2.3.13-1, A1
			10, 15, 20		Table 6.2.3.13-1, A2
			30		Table 6.2.3.13-1, A3, A4, A5
NS_21	6.5.3.3.12	n30	5, 10		Clause 6.2.3.14
NS_24	6.5.3.3.13	n65 (NOTE 4)	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.3.15-1	Clause 6.2.3.15
NS_27	6.5.2.3.8 6.5.3.3.14	n48	5, 10, 15, 20, 40	Table 6.2.3.16-1	Table 6.2.3.16-2
NS_35	6.5.2.3.1	n71	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_37	6.5.3.3.6	n74 (NOTE 3)	10, 15	Table 6.2.3.8-1	Table 6.2.3.8-1
NS_38	6.5.3.3.7	n74	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.3.9-1	Table 6.2.3.9-1
NS_39	6.5.3.3.8	n74	10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.3.10-1	Table 6.2.3.10-1
NS_40	6.5.3.3.9	n51	5		Table 6.2.3.5-1
NS_41	6.5.3.3.10	n50	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60		Table 6.2.3.11-1
NS_42	6.5.3.3.11	n50	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60		Table 6.2.3.12-1
NS_43	6.5.3.3.5	n8, n81	5, 10, 15		Clause 6.2.3.6
NS_43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	n8, n81	5, 10, 15		Clause 6.2.3.6
NS_44	6.5.3.3.24	n38	25, 30, 40	Table 6.2.3.20-1	Table 6.2.3.20-1
NS_45	6.5.3.3.21	n53	5, 10		Clause 6.2.3.25
NS_46	6.5.3.3.25	n7	25, 30, 40, 50	Table 6.2.3.17-1	Table 6.2.3.17-2
NS_47	6.5.3.3.15	n41 (Note 5)	30	Table 6.2.3.18-1	Table 6.2.3.18-2
NS_48	6.5.3.3.22	n1	25, 30, 40, 50	Table 6.2.3.26-1	Table 6.2.3.26-1

NS_49	6.5.3.3.23	n1	25, 30, 40, 50	Table 6.2.3.27-1	Table 6.2.3.27-1
NS_50	6.5.3.3.16	n39	25, 30, 40		Clause 6.2.3.19
NS_51	6.5.3.3.22	n65	50	Table 6.2.3.28-1	Table 6.2.3.28-2
NS_55	NOTE 6	n77	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100		N/A
NS_100	6.5.2.4.2	n1, n2, n3, n5, n8, n18, n25, n26, n65, n66, n80, n81, n84, n86, n89 (NOTE 1)			Table 6.2.3.1-2

- NOTE 1: This NS can be signalled for NR bands that have UTRA services deployed
- NOTE 2: No A-MPR is applied for 5 MHz BW<sub>Channel</sub> where the lower channel edge is ≥ 1930 MHz,10 MHz BW<sub>Channel</sub> where the lower channel edge is ≥ 1950 MHz and 15 MHz BW<sub>Channel</sub> where the lower channel edge is ≥ 1955 MHz.
- NOTE 3: Applicable when the NR carrier is within 1447.9 1462.9 MHz
- NOTE 4: Applicable when the upper edge of the channel bandwidth frequency is greater than 1980 MHz
- NOTE 5: Applicable when the NR carrier is within 2545 2575 MHz
- NOTE 6: This NS value is applicable for cells in the range 3450 3550 MHz for operations in the USA. This NS value does not indicate any additional spurious emission and maximum output power reduction requirements.

[The NS\_01 label with the field additionalPmax [7] absent is default for all NR bands.]

Table 6.2.3.1-1A: Mapping of network signalling label

NR band		Value of additionalSpectrumEmission						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
n1	NS_01	NS_100	NS_05	NS_05U	NS_48	NS_49		
n2	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n3	NS_01	NS_100						
n5	NS_01	NS_100						
n7	NS_01	NS_46						
n8	NS_01	NS_100	NS_43	NS_43U				
n12	NS_01	NS_06						
n14	NS_01	NS_06						
n18	NS_01	NS_100						
n20	NS_01	Void	NS_10					
n25	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n26	NS_01	NS_100	NS_12	NS_13	NS_14	NS_15		
n28	NS_01	NS_17	NS_18	_	_	_		
n30	NS_01	NS_21	_					
n34	NS_01	_						
n38	NS_01	NS_44						
n39	NS_01	NS_50						
n40	NS_01	_						
n41	NS_01	NS_04	NS_47					
n48	NS_01	NS_27	_					
n50	NS_01	NS_41	NS_42					
n51	NS_01	NS_40	_					
n53	NS_01	NS_45						
n65	NS_01	NS_24	NS_100	NS_05	NS 05U	NS_51		
n66	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n70	NS_01	NS_03	_	_				
n71	NS_01	NS_35						
n74	NS_01	NS_37	NS_38	NS_39				
n77	NS_01	NS_55						
n78	NS_01	_						
n79	NS_01							
n80	NS_01	NS_100						
n81	NS_01	NS_100	NS_43	NS_43U				
n82	NS_01	Void	NS_10					
n83	NS_01	NS_17	NS_18					
n84	NS_01	NS_100	NS_05	NS_05U				
n86	NS_01	NS_100	NS_03	NS_03U				
n89	NS_01	NS_100	_	_				
n91	NS_01	_						
n92	NS_01							
n93	NS_01							
n94	NS_01							
n95	NS_01							
		in impoint			-1		e	

NOTE: additionalSpectrumEmission corresponds to an information element of the same name defined in clause 6.3.2 of TS 38.331 [7].

Table 6.2.3.1-2: A-MPR for NS\_100 (UTRA protection)

Modulat	ion/Waveform	Outer (dB)
O T T, S	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 2
	QPSK	≤ 2
	16 QAM	≤ 2.5
	64 QAM	≤ 3
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5
ОЧОП	QPSK	≤ 4
	16 QAM	≤ 4
	64 QAM	≤ 4
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5
NOTE 1:	Void	
NOTE 2:	Void	

#### 6.2.3.2 A-MPR for NS\_04

For NS\_04, A-MPR is not added to MPR. Also, when NS\_04 is signalled, MPR shall be set to zero in the  $P_{\text{CMAX}}$  equations to avoid double counting MPR.

Allowed maximum power reduction is defined as A-MPR = max(MPR, A-MPR'),

Note that A-MPR' = 0 dB means only MPR is applied,

where A-MPR' is defined as

```
if RB_{start} \leq f_{start,max,IMD3} / (12·SCS) and L_{CRB} \leq AW_{max,IMD3} / (12·SCS) and F_{C} - BW_{Channel}/2 < F_{UL\_low} + offset_{IMD3}, then the A-MPR' is defined according to Table 6.2.3.2-2 PC3_A2 relative to 23 dBm for power class 3, PC2_A4 relative to 26 dBm for power class 2, and PC1.5_A6 relative to 29 dBm for power class 1.5, else, if RB_{start} \leq L_{CRB}/2 + \Delta_{start} / (12·SCS) and L_{CRB} \leq AW_{max,regrowth} / (12·SCS) and F_{C} - BW_{Channel}/2 < F_{UL\_low} + offsetregrowth, then the A-MPR' is defined according to Table 6.2.3.2-2 PC3_A1 relative to 23 dBm for power class 3, PC2_A3 relative to 26 dBm for power class 2, , and PC1.5_A5 relative to 29 dBm for power class 1.5, else  
A-MPR' = 0 dB and apply MPR.
```

With the parameters defined in Table 6.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.2.3.2-1: Parameters for region edges and frequency offsets

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ue	Related condition
	-	CP-OFDM	DFT-s-OFDM	
Max allocation start in IMD3	f <sub>start,max,IMD3</sub>	0.33 BV	V <sub>Channel</sub>	$RB_{start} \le f_{start,max,IMD3} / (12SCS)$
region				
Max allocation BW in IMD3	$AW_{max,IMD3}$	4 M	Hz	L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ AW <sub>max,IMD3</sub> / (12SCS)
region				
Freq. offset required to avoid	offset <sub>IMD3</sub>	BW <sub>Channel</sub> – 6 MHz		$F_C$ - $BW_{Channel}/2 \ge F_{UL\_low}$ +
A-MPR in IMD3 region				offset <sub>IMD3</sub>
Right edge of regrowth	$\Delta_{start}$	0.08 BV	VChannel	$RB_{start} \leq L_{CRB}/2 + \Delta_{start}/$
region				(12SCS)
Max allocation BW in	AW <sub>max,regrowth</sub>	100	MHz	$L_{CRB} \leq Min(L_{CRB,Max,})$
regrowth region				AW <sub>max,regrowth</sub> / (12SCS))
Freq. offset required to avoid	offsetregrowth	Max (10 MHz, Max (10 MHz,		F <sub>C</sub> - BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 ≥ F <sub>UL_low</sub> +
A-MPR in regrowth region		0.25* BWChannel	0.45* BW <sub>Channel</sub>	offset <sub>regrowth</sub>
		MHz)	MHz)	

Table 6.2.3.2-2: A-MPR' values Access

Modulation/Waveform		A-MPR' (dB)							
		PC3_A1	PC3_A2	PC2_A3	PC2_A4	PC1.5_A5 <sup>1</sup>	PC1.5_A6 <sup>1</sup>		
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2-BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3.5	≤ 3.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 5	≤ 7		
	QPSK	≤ 4	≤ 4	≤ 4.5	≤ 6	≤ 6	≤ 7.5		
	16 QAM	≤ 4	≤ 4	≤ 5	≤ 6	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5		
	64 QAM	≤ 4	≤ 4.5	≤ 5	≤ 6.5	≤ 6.5	≤8		
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5	≤ 6	≤ 6.5	≤8	≤ 8	≤ 9.5		
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5	≤ 8	≤ 9		
	16 QAM	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5	≤ 8	≤ 9		
	64 QAM	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5	≤ 8	≤ 9		
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 8	≤ 7.5	≤ 10	≤ 9	≤ 11.5		
NOTE 1: F	PC1.5 assumes dua	ıl Tx.							

### 6.2.3.3 A-MPR for NS\_10

Table 6.2.3.3-1: A-MPR for NS\_10

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	e length of a contiguous resource block allocation subframe frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply slot basis. For intra-slot or intra-subslot frequency hopping which intersects notes 1 and 2 apply on a Tno_hopping basis. subframe frequency hopping which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR to be applied for both slots in the subframe. For intra-slot frequency hopping					
15	RB <sub>start</sub>	0 – 10				
	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline (\text{MHz}) & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & &$	1 – 20				
	A (dB)	≤ 3 <sup>6</sup>				
20	RB <sub>start</sub>	0 – 15				
	L <sub>CRB</sub> (RBs)	1 – 20				
	A (dB)	≤ 6 <sup>6</sup>				
NOTE 2: LCRB is the NOTE 3: For intra on a per Region A NOTE 4: For intra value may which into	ne length of a contiguous re -subframe frequency hopping slot basis. For intra-slot or A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a -subframe frequency hopping ay be applied for both slots dersects Region A, the large	source block allocation ng which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply intra-subslot frequency hopping which intersects Tno_hopping basis. ng which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR in the subframe. For intra-slot frequency hopping or A-MPR value may be applied for the slot. For				
NOTE 5: The A-M value of	PR for DFT-s-OFDM is the					

NOTE 6: The A-MPR for CP-OFDM is the total backoff and is obtained by adding the A value in Table 6.2.3.3-1 to the corresponding MPR specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

# 6.2.3.4 A-MPR for NS\_05 and NS\_05U

Table 6.2.3.4-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_05 and NS\_05U

Channel Bandwidt h (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc (MHz)	Re	gion A		Region B		Region C			
		RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A- MPR
5	1922.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1927.5	< 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 2.52 MHz/12/SCS	А3						
10	1925 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1935	< 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1	> 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	A7	≥ 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
					≤ 3.60 MHz/12/SCS					
10	1935 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1945		> 4.5 MHz/12/SCS	A4						
15	1927.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1932.5	< 3.24MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1	> 3.24 MHz/12/SCS		A7	≥ 10.08 MHz/12/SC S	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
					≤ 5.40 MHz/12/SCS					
15	$1932.5 \le F_C < 1942.5$	< 1.62 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1				≥ 12.24 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
15	1942.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1947.5		> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	A5						
20	1930 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1950	< 4.86 MHz/12/SCS	> 0	A1	> 4.86 MHz/12/SCS ≤ 7.20 MHz/12/SCS	> 9.0 MHz/12/SCS	A7	≥ 13.68 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 1.08 MHz/12/SCS	A2
20	1950 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1960		> 9.0 MHz/12/SCS	A6	- 1.20 Wil 12/12/000					

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.4-2, 6.2.3.4-3 and 6.2.3.4-10. NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-2: A-MPR for NS\_05 and NS\_05U

Modulation	/Waveform	A1 (dB)	A2 (dB)	A3 (dB)	
		Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer	Inner
DFT-s-	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 4	
OFDM					
	QPSK	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 4.5	
	16 QAM	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 6	
	64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤6	
	256 QAM	≤ 13	≤ 5	≤ 7	
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 7.5	≤ 2
	16 QAM	≤ 10	≤ 5	≤ 7.5	
	64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤ 8	
	256 QAM	≤ 13		≤ 10	
NOTE 1: Vo	oid				

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-3: A-MPR for NS\_05

Modulation/	Waveform	A4 (dB)		A5 (dB)		A6 (dB)		A7 (dB)
		Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 1	N/A	≤ 1		≤ 1	N/A	≤ 6
	QPSK			≤ 1.5		≤ 1.5		≤ 6
	16 QAM							≤ 6
	64 QAM							≤ 6
	256 QAM							≤ 6
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 6
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 3.5		≤ 6
	64 QAM				≤ 4			≤ 6
	256 QAM							≤6
NOTE 1: Void								

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-4 - Table 6.2.3.4-9: Void

Table 6.2.3.4-10: A-MPR for modulation and waveform type for NS\_05U

Modulation/\	<b>Naveform</b>	A4 (dB)		A5 (	dB)	A6 (	dB)	A7 (dB)
		Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤2	N/A	≤ 2		≤ 2	N/A	≤ 6
	QPSK	≤ 2		≤ 2		≤ 2		≤ 6
	16 QAM	≤ 2.5		≤ 2.5		≤ 2.5		≤ 6
	64 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 3		≤ 3		≤ 6
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5		≤ 4.5		≤ 4.5		≤ 6
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 6
	16 QAM	≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 4		≤ 6
	64 QAM	≤ 4		≤ 4	≤ 4	≤ 4		≤ 6
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5		≤ 6.5		≤ 6.5		≤ 6.5
NOTE 1: Void	NOTE 1: Void							
NOTE 2: Void	t							

#### 6.2.3.5 A-MPR for NS\_40

Table 6.2.3.5-1: A-MPR for NS\_40

Modulation	n/ Waveform	A (dB)				
		Channel bandwidth: 5 MHz				
		Outer	Inner			
DFT-s-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 15.5	≤ 12			
	16 QAM	≤ 14.5	≤ 11			
	64 QAM	≤ 14.5	≤ 10			
	256 QAM	≤ 12.5	≤ 7.5			
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 14.5	≤ 10			
	16 QAM	≤ 14.5	≤ 10			
	64 QAM	≤ 14	≤ 8			
	256 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5.5			

NOTE 1: The A-MPR for NS\_40 is the total backoff and is obtained by taking the maximum value of MPR + A-MPR specified in Table 6.2.3-1 and Table 6.2.4-30a in TS 36.101 and MPR + A specified in Table 6.2.2-1 and Table 6.2.3.5-1.

#### 6.2.3.6 A-MPR for NS\_43 and NS\_43U

Table 6.2.3.6-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_43

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc (MHz)		Region A			Region B	
		RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A-MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A-MPR
5 MHz	$902.5 \le F_C < 912.5$		> 15	A1			
10 MHz	F <sub>C</sub> = 910		> 40	A2		> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	A4
			> 45	A3		> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	A5
15 MHz	F <sub>C</sub> = 907.5	< 1.8 MHz /12/SCS	> 0	A6	> 1.8 MHz/12/SCS	≥ 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	A6
		> 12.24 MHz/12/SCS			< 6.12 MHz/12/SCS		

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.6-2.

NOTE 2: 15 kHz SCS unless otherwise stated NOTE 3: Void

Table 6.2.3.6-2: A-MPR for NS\_43

Modulation	/Waveform	A1 (	dB)	A2 (	dB)	A3 (	dB)	A4 (d	dB)	A5 (	dB)	A6 (dB)
		Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer	Inner	Outer /
												Inner
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK		N/A	≤ 1.5	N/A				N/A		N/A	≤ 9
	QPSK	≤ 2						≤ 2.5				≤ 9
	16 QAM									≤ 2.5		≤ 9
	64 QAM					≤ 2.5						≤ 9
	256 QAM											≤ 9
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5								≤ 4		≤ 9
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5								≤ 4		≤ 9
	64 QAM	•				≤ 4		·				≤ 9
	256 QAM	•						·				≤ 9

#### Table 6.2.3.6-3: Void

When NS\_43U is signalled for 5 and 10 MHz channel bandwidths A-MPR is defined in Table 6.2.3.1-2 except for DFT-s-OFDM QPSK when  $L_{CRB} > 5.4$  MHz/12/SCS the A-MPR is 2.5 dB. For 15 MHz channel bandwidth Table 6.2.3.6-4 applies.

Table 6.2.3.6-4: A-MPR for NS\_43U

Modulation	/Waveform	15 MHz
		Outer / Inner (dB)
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 9
	QPSK	≤ 9
	16 QAM	≤ 9
	64 QAM	≤ 9
	256 QAM	≤ 9
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 9
	16 QAM	≤ 9
	64 QAM	≤ 9
	256 QAM	≤ 9

### 6.2.3.7 A-MPR for NS\_03 and NS\_03U

Table 6.2.3.7-1 A-MPR for NS\_03

Table 6.2.3.7-1 A-MPR for NS\_03

Modulatio	on/Waveform	Outer (dB)	Inner (dB)
	PI/2 BPSK	≤ 1.5	N/A
	QPSK	≤ 2	
	16 QAM	≤ 3	
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 5.5	
ОЧОП	QPSK	≤ 4	
	16 QAM	≤ 4	
	64 QAM	≤ 4.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 7.5	
NOTE 1:			
NOTE 2:	Void		

In case UE operates in a band where NS\_03U applies and it receives *additionalSpectrumEmission* value of 3 then A-MPR values specified in Table 6.2.3.7-1 apply with an exception that DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2 BPSK A-MPR is 2 dB.

# 6.2.3.8 A-MPR for NS\_37

Table 6.2.3.8-1: A-MPR regions for B11/B21 protection (NS\_37) (1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz)

Channel Bandwid th (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequen cy, Fc (MHz)		Region A (Outer/Inner)			Region B (Outer/Inner)		Region C (Outer/Inner)		
	, ,	RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR	RB <sub>start</sub>	L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR
10	1452.9 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1457.9	≥ 0	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ A1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
15	F <sub>C</sub> = 1455.4	≥ 0	> 9.9 MHz/12/SCS	≤ A1	< 0.54 MHz/12/SC S	< 1.08 MHz/12/SC S	≤ A2	> 13.86 MHz/12/SC S	< 1.08 MHz/12/SC S	≤ A2

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.8-2

NOTE 2: Void NOTE 3: Void

NOTE 4: No A-MPR for SCS = 60 kHz for region B and C only.

Table 6.2.3.8-2: A-MPR for NS\_37

Modulation/W	aveform	A1 (d	iB)	A2 (dB)	
		Outer	Inner	Outer/Inner	
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 1	N/A	≤3	
	QPSK	≤ 1.5		≤ 3	
	16 QAM	≤ 2.5	1	≤ 3	
	64 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 3	
	256 QAM		]		
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5		≤ 3	
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	1	≤ 3	
	64 QAM		]		
	256 QAM				
NOTE 1: Void		•			

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

### 6.2.3.9 A-MPR for NS\_38

Table 6.2.3.9-1: A-MPR for EESS (NS\_38) Protection (1430 – 1470 MHz)

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc (MHz)	Regi Outer	Region B Outer/Inner			
, ,		RB <sub>start</sub>	LCRB	A-MPR (dB)	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)
5	1432.5 ≤ FC < 1437.5	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + LCRB /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 7	≤ 2.16 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 5.5
10	1435 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1442	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub> /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 12	≤ 2.16 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
15	1437.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1447.5	≤ -1.8 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub> /2	> 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13	≤ 3.6 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 10
20	1440 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1450			≤ 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 10	

# 6.2.3.10 A-MPR for NS\_39

Table 6.2.3.10-1: A-MPR for own RX (NS\_39) Protection (1440 – 1470 MHz)

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc, MHz	Region A (Outer/Inne	r)
		RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)
10	1462 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1465	> 7.9 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 6
15	1456.3 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1462.5	> 11.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 6
20	1450.8 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1460	> 14.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 6
NOTE 1 - 4: Void			

# 6.2.3.11 A-MPR for NS\_41

Table 6.2.3.11-1: A-MPR for NS\_41

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequency, F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	Re Out		Region B Outer/Inner		
		RB <sub>start</sub>	Lcrb	A-MPR (dB)	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR (dB)
5	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	1437 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1442	≤ -4.5 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 4.5 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9	< 1.8 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
15	1439.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1447.5	≤ -5.4 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 11	< 3.42 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
20	1442 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1450	≤ -5.4 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 5.4 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 12	< 5.04 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 9
30	1452 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1502	≤ -7.2MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 11.7 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
40	1452 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1497	≤ -7.2 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 11.7 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
50	1457 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1492	≤ -7.2 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 15.12 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
60	1462 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 1487	≤ -7.2 MHz/12/SCS + L <sub>CRB</sub>	> 7.2 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5	< 18.72 MHz/12/SCS	≤ 13.5
NOTE 1 - 4:	Void					

# 6.2.3.12 A-MPR for NS\_42

Table 6.2.3.12-1: A-MPR for NS\_42

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc (MHz)	Region	Region A Region B				
		RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A-MPR Outer/Inner (dB)	RB <sub>start</sub>	RB <sub>start</sub> +L <sub>CRB</sub>	A- MPR Inner (dB)	A-MPR Outer (dB)
5	$1512 \le F_C \le 1514.5$	> 3.1 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 7	< 0.90 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 3.1 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 4
10	1497 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1512	> 6.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 0.90 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 6.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
15	1502 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1509.5	> 9.3 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 3.06 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 9.3 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
20	1497 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1507	> 12.4 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 4.50 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 12.4 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
30	1477 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1502	> 24.8 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 5.40 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 24.8 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
40	1477 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1497	> 24.8 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 5.40 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 24.8 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
50	1467 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1492	> 31 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 7.20 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 31 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
60	1462 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1487	> 37.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 8	< 7.20 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 37.2 MHz / 12 / SCS	≤ 1.5	≤ 5
NOTE 1 - 5:	Void						

# 6.2.3.13 A-MPR for NS\_18

Table 6.2.3.13-0: Band n28 30MHz A-MPR regions for NS\_18

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Frequency range of UL transmission bandwidth configuration, MHz		A-MPR	
		RB <sub>start</sub> *12*SCS MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS MHz	
30	703~733	>(L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS)/2+ 5.22	≥Max(0, 12*SCS*N <sub>RB</sub> – 1.8 – RBstart*12*SCS)	A3
		≤(L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS)/2+ 5.22	≥5.4	A4
		≤7.92	<5.4	A5

Table 6.2.3.13-1: A-MPR for NS\_18

Modulat	ion/Waveform	A1	(dB)	A2 (dB)	A3 (dB)	A4 (dB)	A5 (dB)
		Outer	Inner	Inner/Outer	Outer/Inne	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
					r		
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 2	N/A	≤ 5	3	8	3
	QPSK	≤ 2		≤ 5	3	8	3
	16 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 6	3	8	3
	64 QAM	≤ 4		≤ 7	3	8	4.5
	256 QAM	≤ 6		≤ 9	3	8	5.5
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 5		≤ 6.5	4.5	9.5	5
	16 QAM	≤ 5		≤ 7	4.5	9.5	5
	64 QAM	≤ 5.5		≤ 8.5	4.5	9.5	5.5
	256 QAM	≤ 8.5		≤ 11.5	4.5	9.5	7.5
NOTE 1: Voi	d						

NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void

# 6.2.3.14 A-MPR for NS\_21

Table 6.2.3.14-1: A-MPR for "NS\_21"

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulatio n	n/Wavefor n	Region A1a RB <sub>start</sub> ≤ 1.44MHz/12/ SCS L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ [0.54] MHz/12/SCS	L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ 2.16MHz/12/ SCS	Region A2 L <sub>CRB</sub> > 5.4MHz/12/SC S	Region A3b RB <sub>end</sub> ≥ 7.74MHz/12/ SCS L <sub>CRB</sub> > [0.54] MHz/12/SCS L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ 2.16MHz/12/ SCS	Region A3a RB <sub>end</sub> ≥ 7.74MHz/12/ SCS L <sub>CRB</sub> ≤ [0.54] MHz/12/SCS	
			Oute	r/Inner	Outer	Outer/Inner		
10	DFT-s- OFDM	PI/2 BPSK	6	3	4	3	6	
		QPSK	6	3	4	3	6	
		16 QAM	6	3	4	3	6	
		64 QAM	6	3	4	3	6	
		256 QAM	6	3	4	3	6	
	CP-OFDM	QPSK	6	4	5.5	4	6	
		16 QAM	6	4	5.5	4	6	
		64 QAM	6	4	5.5	4	6	
		256 QAM	6	4	5.5	4	6	

### 6.2.3.15 A-MPR for NS\_24

Table 6.2.3.15-1: A-MPR for NS\_24

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc, MHz	Region A		Region B			Region C		
		RB <sub>end</sub> *12* SCS MHz	LCRB*12* SCS MHz	A- MPR	RB <sub>end</sub> *12*S CS MHz	LCRB*12* SCS MHz	A- MPR	RB <sub>end</sub> *12*S CS MHz	LCRB*12* SCS MHz
5MHz	Fc=1992.5		>3.24	A7					
5MHz	Fc=1997.5		>3.24	A4					
5MHz	Fc=2002.5		>1.98	A1	>3.6	>1.08 ≤1.98	A2	≤3.6	≤1.98
						≤1.08	A6		
10MHz	Fc=1985	>5.4		A4					
10MHz	Fc=1995		>4.32	A1	>7.38	>1.08 ≤4.32	A2	≤7.38	≤4.32
						≤1.08	A6		
10MHz	Fc=2000	>6.66		A5	<3.06		A5	≥3.06 ≤6.66	>1.44
15MHz	Fc=1987.5		>6.84	A1	>11.34	>1.08 ≤6.84	A2	≤11.34	≤6.84
						≤1.08	A6		
15MHz	Fc=1997.5	>9.18		A5	<3.78		A5	≥3.78 ≤9.18	>1.44
20MHz	Fc=1990	>13.32		A5	<4.68		A5	≥4.68 ≤13.32	>2.16
20MHz	Fc=1995	>12.42		A5	<5.58		A5	≥5.58 ≤12.42	>1.44

NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are listed in Table 6.2.3.15-2. NOTE 2: For any undefined region, MPR applies

Table 6.2.3.15-2: A-MPR for modulation and waveform type

Modulation/Waveform	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7
	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer
DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 18	≤ 10	≤ 3.5
DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 18	≤ 10	≤ 3.5
DFT-s-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 18	≤ 10	≤ 3.5
DFT-s-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 19	≤ 10	≤ 3.5
DFT-s-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 5		≤ 8.5	≤ 20	≤ 10	
CP-OFDM QPSK	≤ 13	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 19	≤ 12	≤ 5.5
CP-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 13	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 19	≤ 12	≤ 5.5
CP-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 13	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 8.5	≤ 19	≤ 12	≤ 5.5
CP-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 13	≤ 6.5		≤ 8.5	≤ 20	≤ 12	

NOTE 1: The backoff applied is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in Table 6.2.2-1 NOTE 2: Outer and inner allocations are defined in clause 6.2.2

#### A-MPR for NS\_27 6.2.3.16

Table 6.2.3.16-1: A-MPR for NS\_27

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc, MHz		Regio		Region B		
		RBstart*12* SCS	RB <sub>end</sub> *12*S CS	LCRB*12* SCS	A-MPR	LCRB*12* SCS	A-MPR
15 MHz	3557.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 3562.5	<1.8 MHz			А3	≥10.8 MH z	А3
	$3687.5 < F_C \le 3692.5$	>11.52 MHz					
15 MHz	3562.5 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 3567.5	≤1.08 MHz		<1.44 MH z	A4	≥11.52 M Hz	2
	3682.5 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 3687.5		≥13.22 MH z				
20 MHz	3560 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 3570	<3.6 MHz			A5	≥10.8 MH z	A5
	3680 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 3690	>12.96 MHz					
20 MHz	3570 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> < 3580	≤2.16 MHz		<1.44 MH z	A6	≥14.4 MH z	2
	3670 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 3680		≥16.92				
40 MHz	$3570 \le F_C < 3600$	<11.34 MHz			A7		
		≥11.34 MH, ≤31.0 MHz		≥18 MHz	A2		
				<18 MHz	A1		
		>31.0 MHz		<3.6 MHz	A7		
	3650 < F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 3680		>24.48 MH z		A7		
			≤24.48 MH z,	≥18 MHz	A2		
			≥6.48 MHz				
				<18 MHz	A1	_	
			<6.48 MHz	<3.6 MHz	A7		
40 MHz	3600 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 3650	≤6.12 MHz		<1.44 MH z	A8	>20 MHz	4.5
			≥ 32.76				
NOTE 1: Vo	oid						

NOTE 2: Void

Table 6.2.3.16-2: A-MPR for modulation and waveform type

Modulat	ion/Wave	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8
fo	orm								
		Outer	Outer	Outer/In	Outer/In	Outer/In	Outer/In	Outer/In	Outer/In
				ner	ner	ner	ner	ner	ner
DFT-s-	PI/2	4.5	6	4	4	4	4	10.5	4
OFDM	BPSK								
	QPSK	4.5	6	4	4	4	4	10.5	4
	16 QAM	4.5	6	5	4	5	4	11	4
	64 QAM	4.5	6	5	4	5	4	11	4
	256		6					11	
	QAM								
CP-	QPSK	5.5	7	6	4	6	4	11.5	4
OFDM									
	16 QAM	5.5	7	6	4	6	4	11.5	4
	64 QAM	5.5	7	6	4	6	4	11.5	4
	256		7					11.5	
	QAM								

NOTE 1: The backoff applied is max (MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in Table 6.2.2-1 NOTE 2: Outer and inner allocations are defined in clause 6.2.2

# 6.2.3.17 A-MPR for NS\_46

Table 6.2.3.17-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_46

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier Center Frequency, Fc, MHz		A-MPR	
		RB <sub>end</sub> *12*SCS MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS MHz	
25 MHz	$2534.5 \le F_C < 2557.5$		Note 1	А3
30 MHz	2515 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 2555	≥0, <1.44	>0	A4
		≥1.44, <13.5	>max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> -1.8)	A5
		≥13.5, <19.8	>11.52	A6
		≥19.8, <25.92	>6.3	A7
		≥25.92	>0	A8
40 MHz	2520 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 2550	≥0, <4.14	>0	A4
		≥4.14, <18	>max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 4.5)	A5
		≥18, <25.74	>13.5	A6
		≥25.74, <32.4	>12.6	Α7
		≥32.4	>0	A8
50 MHz	$2525 \le F_C \le 2545$	≥0, <9	>0	A4
		≥9, <21.6	>max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 7.2)	A5
		≥21.6, <31.5	>18	A6
		≥31.5, <39.6	>16.2	A7
		≥39.6	>0	A8

Table 6.2.3.17-2: A-MPR for NS\_46

Modulati	on/Waveform	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8
		Outer	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s- OFDM	PI/2 BPSK	4.5	5	2	3.5	6	10
	QPSK	4.5	5	2	3.5	6	10
	16 QAM	4.5	5	2	3.5	6	10
	64 QAM	4.5	5		3.5	6	10
	256 QAM					6	10
CP- OFDM	QPSK	6	5	3.5	5.5	7	11
	16 QAM	6	5	3.5	5.5	7	11
	64 QAM	6	5	3.5	5.5	7	11
	256 QAM	6				7	11

# 6.2.3.18 A-MPR for NS\_47

Table 6.2.3.18-1: A-MPR regions and types for NS\_47

Channel Bandwidth, (MHz)	Carrier Centre Frequency, Fc, (MHz)	RBstart*12*SCS (MHz)	LCRB*12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR
30MHz	Fc=2560-2560.020	≤5.04	≤1.44	A1
		>5.04, ≤9.6	≤1.44	A2
		>24.48	≤1.44	A3
		≤9.6	>21	A2
			>14.4, <21	A4
		≤6.12	>10, ≤14.4	A4
			>1.44, <10	A2
NOTE: Th	e A-MPR values are list	ed in Table 6.2.3.18-2	)	

Table 6.2.3.18-2: A-MPR for modulation and waveform type

Modulation/Waveform	A1(dB) A2(dB)		dB)	A3(dB)		A4(dB)		
	PC3	PC2	PC3	PC2	PC3	PC2	PC3	PC2
	Outer/	Outer/	Outer/	Outer/	Outer/	Outer/	Outer/	Outer/
	Inner	Inner	Inner	Inner	Inner	Inner	Inner	Inner
DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	≤ 7	≤ 10	≤ 5.5	≤ 8.5	≤ 2	≤5	≤ 3	≤ 6
DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	≤ 7	≤ 10	≤ 5.5	≤ 8.5	≤ 2	≤ 5	≤ 3	≤ 6
DFT-s-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 7	≤ 10	≤ 5.5	≤ 8.5		≤ 5	≤ 3	≤ 6
DFT-s-OFDM 64 QAM	≤7	≤ 10	≤ 6	≤ 8.5		≤ 5	≤ 3	≤ 6
DFT-s-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 7	≤ 10	≤ 6	≤ 8.5		≤5		≤ 6
CP-OFDM QPSK	≤ 7	≤ 10	≤ 7	≤ 10		≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 7
CP-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 7	≤ 10	≤ 7	≤ 10		≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 7
CP-OFDM 64 QAM	≤7	≤ 10	≤ 7	≤ 10		≤ 5		≤7
CP-OFDM 256 QAM	≤7	≤ 10	≤ 7	≤ 10				≤7

# 6.2.3.19 A-MPR for NS\_50

Table 6.2.3.19-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_50

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	RB <sub>start</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR				
25 MHz	≤ L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS - 5	> 5	A7				
	≤ 20	≤ 1.44	A8				
30 MHz	≤ L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS - 5	> 5	A7				
	≤ 25	≤ 1.44	A8				
		≤ 3.6	A9				
40 MHz	≤ 4.32	> 0	A1				
	> 4.32, ≤ 10.44	≤ 10.8	A3				
	> 4.32, ≤ 18	> 10.8	A2				
	> 18, ≤ 31.68	> max (31.68 - RB <sub>start</sub> *12*SCS, 0)	A6				
	> 31.68	> 0	A5				
NOTE 1: The A-MPR values are specified in Table 6.2.3.19-2.							

Table 6.2.3.19-2: A-MPR for NS\_50

Modulation/Waveform		A1 (dB)	A2 (dB)	A3 (dB)	A5 (dB)	A6 (dB)	A7 (dB)	A8 (dB)
		Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s-	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤ 3	≤ 5	≤ 2	≤ 4	≤ 2
OFDM								
	QPSK	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤3	≤5	≤ 2	≤ 5	≤ 2
	16 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤3	≤5	≤ 2	≤ 5	≤ 2.5
	64 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 7	≤3	≤5		≤ 5	
	256 QAM	≤ 11	≤ 7		≤5		≤ 5	
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 12	≤8	≤ 4.5	≤5	≤ 3.5	≤ 6.5	
	16 QAM	≤ 12	≤8	≤ 4.5	≤5	≤ 3.5	≤ 6.5	
	64 QAM	≤ 12	≤ 8	≤ 4.5	≤ 5		≤ 6.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 12	≤ 8				≤ 6.5	

# 6.2.3.20 A-MPR for NS\_44

Table 6.2.3.20-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_44

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier Center Frequency, Fc, MHz		A-MPR	
		RB <sub>end</sub> *12*SCS MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS MHz	
25 MHz	2582.5≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 2602.5	<18.0	>max(0, 12*SCS* RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	A3
		≥18.0	<7.2	A3
		≥18.0	≥7.2	A6
30 MHz	$2585 \le F_C \le 2600$	<21.6	>max(0, 12*SCS* RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	A3
		≥21.6	<12.6	A3
		≥21.6	≥12.6	A6
40 MHz 2590 s	2590 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 2595	≥0, <2.88	>0	A1
		≥2.88, <14.4	>max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	A2
		≥14.4, <23.4	>10.8	A3
		≥23.4, <32.4	>16.2	A4
		≥32.4	>0	A5

Table 6.2.3.20-2: A-MPR for NS\_44

Modulati	Modulation/Waveform		A2	A3	A4	A5	A6
		Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s- OFDM	PI/2 BPSK	5	2	3	7	12	4
	QPSK	5	2	3	7	12	
	16 QAM	5	2	3	7	12	4
	64 QAM	5		3	7	12	4
	256 QAM	5			7	12	
CP- OFDM	QPSK	5	4	5	8	12	
	16 QAM	5	4	5	8	12	
	64 QAM	5	4	5	8	12	
	256 QAM				8	12	

# 6.2.3.21 A-MPR for NS\_12

Table 6.2.3.21-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_12

Channel BW	RB <sub>Start</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR
5MHz	≤1.8	>0	A1
10MHz	≤3.6	>0	A1

Table 6.2.3.21-2: A-MPR for NS\_12

Modulation/Waveform	A1
	Outer/Inner
DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	≤ 5
DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	≤ 5
DFT-s-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 5.5
DFT-s-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 5.5
DFT-s-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 9.5
CP-OFDM QPSK	≤ 7
CP-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 7
CP-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 7
CP-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 9.5

# 6.2.3.22 A-MPR for NS\_13

Table 6.2.3.22-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_13

Channel BW	Carrier Frequency, Fc, MHz	RB <sub>Start</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR
5MHz	819.5 ≤ Fc < 821.5	≤1.44	<1.08	A1
		≤1.44	≥1.08	A2
5MHz	Fc ≥ 821.5	≤0.54	<1.08	A1
			≥3.24	A3

Table 6.2.3.22-2: A-MPR for NS\_13

Modulation/Waveform	A1	A2	A3
	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer
DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 4.5	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 4.5	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 5	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 4.5	≤ 5	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 8	≤ 6	
CP-OFDM QPSK	≤ 5	≤ 6.5	≤ 4.5
CP-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 6.5	≤ 4.5
CP-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 6	≤ 6.5	≤ 4.5
CP-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 8	≤ 8	

# 6.2.3.23 A-MPR for NS\_14

Table 6.2.3.23-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_14

Channel BW	RB <sub>Start</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	LCRB*12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR
10MHz	≤0.18	<1.08	A1
	≥0	≥9	A2
15MHz	≤1.8	<1.8	A1
	≥0	≥9	A2
20MHz	≤3.42	<1.8	A3
	≥0	≥9	A2

Table 6.2.3.23-2: A-MPR for NS\_14

Modulation/Waveform	A1	A2	A3
	Outer/Inner	Outer	Outer/Inner
DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	≤ 3	≤ 2	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	≤ 3	≤ 2	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 3	≤ 2	≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 3
DFT-s-OFDM 256 QAM			≤ 8
CP-OFDM QPSK	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 5
CP-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 5
CP-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 6		≤ 6
CP-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 8		≤ 8

# 6.2.3.24 A-MPR for NS\_15

Table 6.2.3.24-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_15

Channel BW	Carrier Frequency, Fc, MHz	RB <sub>end</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS (MHz)	A-MPR
5MHz	840.5 < Fc ≤ 846.5	≥3.24	>0	A1
		<3.24, ≥2.52	≥1.44	A2
		<0.9	≤0.36	A3
10MHz	840 < Fc ≤ 844	≥5.76	>1.08	A1
		≥5.76	≤1.08	A4
		<5.76, ≥4.14	≥2.7	A2
		<2.52	≤0.36	A3
	835 < Fc ≤ 840	≥7.2	>0	A1
		<7.2, ≥5.22	≥4.32	A2
		<1.08	≤0.36	A3
15MHz	837.5 < Fc ≤ 841.5	≥9.36	>1.08	A1
		≥9.36	≤1.08	A4
		<9.36, ≥4.68	≥3.6	A2
		<3.96	≤0.36	A3
	831.5 < Fc ≤ 837.5	≥10.8	>1.08	A1
		≥10.8	≤1.08	A4
		<10.8, ≥6.48	≥3.6	A2
		<2.7	≤0.36	A3
	Fc ≤ 831.5	≥13.14	>0	A1
		<13.14, ≥7.92	≥3.6	A2
		<0.72	≤0.36	A3
20MHz	835 < Fc ≤ 839	≥12.24	>1.08	A1
		≥12.24	≤1.08	A4
		<12.24, ≥8.46	≥5.4	A2
		<5.58	≤0.36	A3
	Fc ≤ 835	≥13.68	>1.08	A1
		≥13.68	≤1.08	A4
		<13.68, ≥8.46	≥5.4	A2
		<4.32	≤0.36	A3

Table 6.2.3.24-2: A-MPR for NS\_15

Modulation/Waveform	A1	A2	A3	A4
	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	≤ 9	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 9
DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	≤ 9	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 9
DFT-s-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 9	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 9
DFT-s-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 9	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 9
DFT-s-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 9	≤ 5	≤ 9	≤ 13.5
CP-OFDM QPSK	≤ 10.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 10.5
CP-OFDM 16 QAM	≤ 10.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 10.5
CP-OFDM 64 QAM	≤ 10.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 4	≤ 10.5
CP-OFDM 256 QAM	≤ 10.5	≤ 6.5	≤ 9	≤ 13.5

# 6.2.3.25 A-MPR for NS\_45

Table 6.2.3.25-1: A-MPR for NS\_45

Modulation/W	Outer	
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 1.5
	QPSK	≤ 2
	16 QAM	≤ 2.5
	64 QAM	≤ 3

# 6.2.3.26 A-MPR for NS\_48

Table 6.2.3.26-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_48

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier Center Frequency, Fc, MHz	Regions		A-MPR
		RB <sub>end</sub> *12*SCS MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS MHz	
25 MHz	1932.5≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1967.5	≥0	≥9.72	А3
		≥18.72	<1.08	A3
30 MHz	1935 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1965	≥0	≥13.5	A3
		≥21.6	<1.08	A5
40 MHz	$1940 \le F_C \le 1960$	≥0, <2.88	≥0	A2
		≥2.88, <17.1	≥max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	A3
		≥17.1, <27.36	≥13.5	A4
		≥27.36, <34.56	≥13.5	A2
		≥27.36, <34.56	<1.08	A3
		≥34.56	≥0	A1
50 MHz	1945 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1955	≥0, <6.12	>0	A2
		≥6.12, <20.7	≥max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	A4
		≥20.7, <41.04	≥17.1	A2
		≥33.84, <41.04	<1.08	A5
		≥41.04	>0	A1

Table 6.2.3.26-2: A-MPR for NS\_48

Modulati	Modulation/Waveform		A2	A3	A4	A5
		Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
DFT-s- OFDM	PI/2 BPSK	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
	QPSK	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
	16 QAM	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
	64 QAM	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
	256 QAM	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
CP- OFDM	QPSK	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5
	16 QAM	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5
	64 QAM	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5
	256 QAM	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5

# 6.2.3.27 A-MPR for NS\_49

Table 6.2.3.27-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_49

Channel	Carrier Center		Regions		
Bandwidth, MHz	Frequency, Fc, MHz	RB <sub>end</sub> *12*SCS MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS MHz	A-MPR	
		≥0	≥9.72	A3	
25 MHz	1932.5≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1967.5	≥18.72	<1.08	A3	
		≤3.96	<1.08	A3	
		≥0, <3.6	≥0	A1	
		≥3.6, <6.48	≥0	A5	
30 MHz	1935 ≤ Fc ≤ 1965	≥6.48, <14.4	≥max (0,12*SCS* RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	А3	
00 1011 12	1000 = 1 0 = 1000	≥14.4, <21.6	≥10.8	A4	
		≥21.6	≥10.8	A2	
		≥21.6		A5	
		≥0, <7.2	≥0, <7.2 ≥0		
	1940 ≤ F <sub>C</sub> ≤ 1960	≥7.2, <10.44	<1.08	A5	
		≥7.2, <18	≥max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 3.6)	A4	
40 MHz		≥18, <34.56	≥14.4, <28.8	A2	
		≥27.36, <34.56	<1.08	A5	
		<34.56	≥28.8	A1	
		≥34.56	≥0	A1	
		≥7.74, <14.4	< min [1.08, max(0,12*SCS* RB <sub>end</sub> -7.74)]	A5	
		≥36, <39.6	<1.08	A5	
50 MHz	1045 / Fo / 1055	<39.6	≥18, <max (0,="" 12*scs*rb<sub="">end</max>	۸۵	
50 IVITZ	$1945 \le F_C \le 1955$	<39.0	<b>–</b> 7.74)	A2	
		<39.6	≥max (0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> −	A1	
		<39.0	7.74)	Aı	
		≥39.6	>0	A1	

Table 6.2.3.27-2: A-MPR for NS\_49

Moduloti	on/Waveform	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5
wodulati	on/waverorm	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
	PI/2 BPSK	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
DET 6	QPSK	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
DFT-s- OFDM	16 QAM	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
OFDIVI	64 QAM	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
	256 QAM	≤10	≤6	≤3	≤4	≤5
	QPSK	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5
CP-	16 QAM	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5
OFDM	64 QAM	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5
	256 QAM	≤11	≤7	≤4.5	≤5.5	≤5

# 6.2.3.28 A-MPR for NS\_51

Table 6.2.3.28-1: A-MPR regions for NS\_51

Channel	Carrier Center		Regions		
Bandwidth, MHz	Frequency, Fc, MHz	RB <sub>end</sub> *12*SCS MHz	L <sub>CRB</sub> *12*SCS MHz	A-MPR	
	F <sub>c</sub> ≤ 1945	≤ 4.5	> 0	A7	
EO MILIT		>4.5, < 32.4	≥ max(0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 14.4)	A4	
50 MHz		< 32.4	< max(0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 14.4)	A5	
		≥ 32.4	> 0	A6	
		< 27	≥ max(0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 14.4)	A1	
50 MHz	1945 < F <sub>c</sub> ≤ 1980	< 27	< max(0, 12*SCS*RB <sub>end</sub> - 14.4)	A2	
		≥ 27	> 0	A3	

Modulati	on/Moveform	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A5	A7
Wodulati	Modulation/Waveform		Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner	Outer/Inner
	PI/2 BPSK	15	12.5	22	7	4.5	16	14
DET	QPSK	15	12.5	22	7	4.5	16	14
DFT-s- OFDM	16 QAM	15	12.5	22	7	4.5	16	14
OFDIVI	64 QAM	15	12.5	22	7	4.5	16	14
	256 QAM	15	12.5	22	7	4.5	16	14
	QPSK	15	12.5	22	8.5	4.5	17	14
CP-	16 QAM	15	12.5	22	8.5	4.5	17	14
OFDM	64 QAM	15	12.5	22	8.5	4.5	17	14
	256 QAM	15	12.5	22	8.5	4.5	17	14

Table 6.2.3.28-2: A-MPR for NS\_51

# 6.2.4 Configured transmitted power

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  for carrier f of serving cell c in each slot. The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c} \leq \, P_{CMAX,f,c} \, \leq \, P_{CMAX\_H,f,c} \, \, with \, \,$$

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L,f,c} = MIN \; \{ P_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_{C,c}, \;\; (P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass}) - MAX(MAX(MPR_c + \Delta MPR_c, \; A-MPR_c) + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_{C,c} + \Delta T_{RxSRS}, P-MPR_c) \; \} \end{split}$$

$$P_{CMAX\_H,f,c} = MIN \{P_{EMAX,c}, P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass} \}$$

where

P<sub>EMAX,c</sub> is the value given by either the *p-Max* IE or the field *additionalPmax* of the *NR-NS-PmaxList IE*, whichever is applicable according to TS 38.331[7];

P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.1-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.1-1;

When the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1,  $P_{EMAX,c}$  is increased by +3 dB for a power class 3 capable UE operating in TDD bands n40, n41, n77, n78, and n79 with PI/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and 40% or less symbols in certain evaluation period are used for UL transmission when  $P_{EMAX,c} \ge 20$  dBm (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame).

When the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1,  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = -3$  dB for a power class 3 capable UE operating in TDD bands n40, n41, n77, n78, and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability powerBoosting-pi2BPSK and 40% or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission.

 $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 3$  dB for a power class 2 capable UE or 6 dB for a power class 1.5 UE when P-max of 23 dBm or lower is indicated; or when the field of UE capability maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 is absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than 50%; or when the field of UE capability maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 is not absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is larger than maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 as defined in TS 38.331 (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); 3 dB for a power class 1.5 capable UE when P-max of between 23 dBm and 26 dB is indicated; or when the field of UE capability maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 is absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is between 25% and 50%; or when the field of UE capability maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 is not absent and the percentage of uplink symbols transmitted in a certain evaluation period is between maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 and maxUplinkDutyCycle-PC2-FR1 as defined in TS 38.331 (The exact evaluation period is no less than one radio frame); otherwise  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 0$  dB;

 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2A.4.2 for NR CA, clause 6.2C.2 for SUL, or TS 38.101-3 clause 6.2B.4.2 for EN-DC;  $\Delta T_{IB,c} = 0$  dB otherwise; In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

a) When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS

38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied

b) When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

 $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5$ dB when NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1 in 38.101-1 applies for a serving cell c, otherwise  $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0$  dB;

MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> for serving cell c are specified in clause 6.2.2 and clause 6.2.3, respectively;

 $\Delta$ MPR<sub>c</sub> for serving cell c is specified in clause 6.2.2.

 $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is applied during SRS transmission occasions with usage in SRS-ResourceSet set as 'antennaSwitching' when

- a) UE transmits SRS on the second SRS resource in every configured SRS resource set when the SRS-TxSwitch capability is indicated as 't1r2'
- b) UE transmits SRS on the second, third and fourth SRS resources of the total 4 SRS resources from all configured SRS resource set(s) consisting of one SRS port when the *SRS-TxSwitch* capability is indicated as 't1r4' or, 't1r4-t2r4'
- c) UE transmits SRS from the second SRS port pair on the second SRS resource in every configured SRS resource set consisting of two SRS ports when the *SRS-TxSwitch* capability is indicated as 't2r4' or 't1r4-t2r4', or
- d) UE transmits SRS to a DL-only carrier

The value of  $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is 4.5dB for n79 and 3 dB for bands whose  $F_{UL\_high}$  is lower than the  $F_{UL\_low}$  of n79 when the device is capable of power class 3 in the band, or when the device is capable of power class 2 in the band and  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 3$  dB. The value of  $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is 7.5dB for n79 and 6 dB for bands whose  $F_{UL\_high}$  is lower than the  $F_{UL\_low}$  of n79 when the device is capable of power class 2 in the band and  $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 0$  dB.

For other SRS transmissions  $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is zero;

P-MPRc is the power management maximum power reduction for

- a) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements and addressing unwanted emissions / self desense requirements in case of simultaneous transmissions on multiple RAT(s) for scenarios not in scope of 3GPP RAN specifications;
- b) ensuring compliance with applicable electromagnetic energy absorption requirements in case of proximity detection is used to address such requirements that require a lower maximum output power.

The UE shall apply P-MPR $_c$  for serving cell c only for the above cases. For UE conducted conformance testing P-MPR $_c$  shall be 0 dB

- NOTE 1: P-MPRc was introduced in the P<sub>CMAX,f,c</sub> equation such that the UE can report to the gNB the available maximum output transmit power. This information can be used by the gNB for scheduling decisions.
- NOTE 2: P-MPRc may impact the maximum uplink performance for the selected UL transmission path.

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2.4-1. For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX,L,c}$  for serving cell c are evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$ ; the minimum  $P_{CMAX,L,f,c}$  over one or more  $T_{eval}$  is then applied for the entire  $T_{REF}$ .

Table 6.2.4-1: Evaluation and reference periods for Pcmax

T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub> with frequency hopping
Physical channel length	Physical channel length	$Min(T_{no\_hopping}, Physical \ Channel \ Length)$

The measured configured maximum output power P<sub>UMAX,f,c</sub> shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\ L.f.c} \ - \ MAX\{T_{L.c}, T(P_{CMAX\ L.f.c})\} \ \leq \ P_{UMAX,f.c} \ \leq \ P_{CMAX\ H.f.c} \ + \ T(P_{CMAX\ H.f.c}).$$

where the tolerance  $T(P_{CMAX,f,c})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  is specified in Table 6.2.4-1. The tolerance  $T_{L,c}$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for the applicable operating band as specified in Table 6.2.1-1.

P <sub>CMAX,f,c</sub> (dBm)	Tolerance T(P <sub>CMAX,f,c</sub> ) (dB)
23 < P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> ≤ 33	2.0
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> ≤ 23	2.0
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 21	2.5
19 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 20	3.5
18 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 19	4.0
13 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 18	5.0
8 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 13	6.0
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX,c</sub> < 8	7.0

Table 6.2.4-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance

# 6.2A Transmitter power for CA

# 6.2A.1 UE maximum output power for CA

# 6.2A.1.1 UE maximum output power for Intra-band contiguous CA

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2A.1.1-1. For downlink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation with a single uplink component carrier configured in the NR band, the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

Table 6.2A.1.1-1: UE Power Class for intra-band contiguous CA

NR CA Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
CA_n7B					23	+2/-2 <sup>1</sup>		
CA_n41C					23	+2/-2 <sup>1</sup>		
CA_n48B					23	+2/-3		
CA_n77C					23	+2/-3		
CA_n78C					23	+2/-3		
CA_n79C					23	+2/-3		

NOTE 1: If all transmitted resource blocks over all component carriers are confined within F<sub>UL\_low</sub> and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> + 4 MHz or/and F<sub>UL\_high</sub> - 4 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub>, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

NOTE 2: PPowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 3: For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement shall apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

### 6.2A.1.2 UE maximum output power for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier on the PCC, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply. For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with two uplink carriers the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2A.1.2-1.

Table 6.2A.1.2-1: UE Power Class for intraband non-contiguous CA

NR CA Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
CA_n41(2A)					23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
CA_n77(2A)					23	+2/-3		
CA_n78(2A)					23	+2/-3		

- NOTE 1: For transmission bandwidths confined within Fullow and Fullow + 4 MHz or Fullingh 4 MHz and Fullingh, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB
- NOTE 2: PPowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance
- NOTE 3: For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement shall apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

# 6.2A.1.3 UE maximum output power for Inter-band CA

For inter-band downlink carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmitter power requirements in clause 6.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two uplink contiguous carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmitter power requirements specified in subclause 6.2A.1.1 apply.

For inter-band uplink carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, UE maximum output power shall be measured over all component carriers from different bands. If each band has separate antenna connectors, maximum output power is defined as the sum of maximum output power from each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms). The maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1.

For PC3 inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink component carrier assigned to one NR band in NR band n41, n77, n78, and n79, the requirements for power class 2 are not applicable and the corresponding requirements for a power class 3 UE shall apply.

Table 6.2A.1.3-1 UE Power Class for uplink inter-band CA (two bands)

Uplink CA Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
CA_n1A-n3A	,		,		23	+2/-3	,	` '
CA_n1A-n7A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n1A-n8A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n1A-n28A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n1A-n40A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n1A-n41A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n1A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n1A-n79A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n2A-n5A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n2A-n48A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n2A-n77A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n2A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n7A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n8A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n28A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3-n38A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n40A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n41A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n77A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n3A-n79A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n5A-n66A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n5A-n77A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n5A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n5A-n79A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n7A-n25A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n7A-n28A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n7A-n66A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n7A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n8A-n39A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n8A-n40A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n8A-n41A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n8A-n77A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n8A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n8A-n79A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n20A-n28A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n20A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n25A-n41A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n25A-n66A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n25A-n78A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n28A-n40A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n28A-n41A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n28A-n50A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n28A-n77A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n28A-n78A				1	23	+2/-3		
CA_n38A-n66A				1	23	+2/-3		
CA_n38A-n78A				ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n39A-n40A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n39A-n41A				1	23	+2/-3		
CA_n39A-n79A		ļ		ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n40A-n41A		ļ		ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n40A-n78A		ļ		ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n40A-n79A				ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n41A-n66A				ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n41A-n71A				ļ	23	+2/-3		ļ
CA_n41A-n78A		ļ		ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n41A-n79A		ļ		ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n41A-n50A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n48A-n66A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n50A-n78A				ļ	23	+2/-3		
CA_n66A-n71A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n66A-n77A					23	+2/-3		
CA_n66A-n78A				<u> </u>	23	+2/-3		

CA_n70A-n71A			23	+2/-3	
CA n78A-n92A			23	+2/-3	

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: For an NR CA configuration with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, if the uplink NR band has NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1, the band is allowed to reduce the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidths of the band(s) is confined within Fullow and Fullow + 4 MHz or Fullhigh - 4 MHz and Fullhigh. An uplink CA configuration in which at least one of the bands has NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1 is allowed to reduce the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidths of at least one of the bands is confined within Fullow and Fullow + 4 MHz or Fullhigh - 4 MHz and Fullhigh.

NOTE 3: PowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 4: For inter-band carrier aggregation the maximum power requirement should apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE).

NOTE 5: Power class 3 is the default power class unless otherwise stated

6.2A.1.4 Void

6.2A.1.5 Void

# 6.2A.2 UE maximum output power reduction for CA

### 6.2A.2.1 UE maximum output power reduction for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2A.1.1-1 with contiguous RB allocation is specified in Table 6.2A.2.1-1 for UE power class 3 CA bandwidth classes B and C.

In case the modulation format is different on different component carriers then the MPR is determined by the rules applied to higher order of those modulations.

Unless otherwise specified, pi/2 BPSK in following A-MPR tables refers to both variants of pi/2 BPSK referenced in 6.2.2 tables 6.2.2-1.

Modulation MPR for bandwidth class B(dB) MPR for bandwidth class C(dB) inner outer inner outer DFT-s-Pi/2 BPSK 1.0 3.5 2.5 **OFDM** 3.5 **QPSK** 1.0 2.5 7 16QAM 1.5 3.5 2.5 7 64QAM 3.0 5 4.0 256QAM 7 7.5 5.5 6.0 CP-OFDM QPSK 2.0 3.5 4.0 8 16QAM 2.5 4.0 3.5 8 64QAM 3.5 4.0 5 8 256QAM 7 8 6.5 6.5

Table 6.2A.2.1-1: Contiguous RB allocation for Power Class 3

For CA bandwidth class B and bandwidth class C with contiguous RB allocation, the following parameters are defined to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Inner and Outer RB allocations:

An RB allocation is contiguous if  $L_{CRB1} = 0$  or  $L_{CRB2} = 0$  or  $(L_{CRB1} \neq 0 \text{ and } L_{CRB2} \neq 0 \text{ and } RB_{Start1} + L_{CRB1} = N_{RB1} \text{ and } RB_{Start2} = 0)$ , where  $RB_{Start1}$ ,  $L_{CRB1}$ , and  $N_{RB1}$  are for CC1,  $RB_{Start2}$ ,  $L_{CRB2}$ , and  $N_{RB2}$  are for CC2, CC1 is the component carrier with lower frequency.

In contiguous CA, a contiguous allocation is an inner allocation if

 $RB_{Start,Low} \leq \ RB_{Start\_CA} \leq \ RB_{Start,High}, and \ N_{RB\_alloc} \leq \ ceil(N_{RB,agg}/2),$ 

where

 $RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor(N_{RB\_alloc}/2))$ 

 $RB_{Start, High} = N_{RB, agg} - RB_{Start, Low} - N_{RB, alloc}, \label{eq:RB_start}$ 

with

$$N_{RB \ alloc} = L_{CRB1} \cdot 2^{\wedge} \mu_1 + L_{CRB2} \cdot 2^{\wedge} \mu_2$$

$$N_{RB\_alloc} = (N_{RB1} - RB_{Start1}) \cdot 2^{\mu_1} + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{\mu_2}$$

 $N_{RB,agg} = N_{RB1} \cdot 2^{h_1} + N_{RB2} \cdot 2^{h_2}$ .

If  $L_{CRB1} = 0$ ,  $RB_{Start\_CA} = N_{RB1} 2^{\mu_1} + RB_{Start} 2^{\mu_2}$ ,

if  $L_{CRB1} > 0$ ,  $RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{\mu_1}$ .

A contiguous allocation that is not an Inner contiguous allocation is an Outer contiguous allocation.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2A.1.1-1 with non-contiguous RB allocation is specified in Table 6.2A.2.1-2 for UE power class 3 CA bandwidth classes B and C.

Table 6.2A.2.1-2: non-contiguous RB allocation for Power Class 3

Mod	lulation	MPR fo	r bandwidth cla	ss B(dB)	MPR for bandwidth class C(dB)		
		inner	Outer1 <sup>1</sup>	Outer2 <sup>2</sup>	inner	Outer1 <sup>1</sup>	Outer2 <sup>2</sup>
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	2	5.5	11.5	2.5	6	13
	QPSK	2	5.5		2.5	6	
	16QAM	2.5	5.5		3	6	
	64QAM	4.5	6		5	6	
	256QAM	6	6.5		6.5	6.5	
CP- OFDM	QPSK	2.5	6.5	12	3.5	7	14
	16QAM	3	7		3.5	7	
	64QAM	5	7		5	7	
	256QAM	7.5	7.5		7.5	7.5	

NOTE 1: Outer 1 MPR for Pi/2 BPSK and QPSK is reduced by 2dB for aggregated allocation bandwidth > 10MHz NOTE 2: Outer 2 MPR is reduced by 4.5dB for aggregated allocation bandwidth > 10MHz

For CA bandwidth classes B and C with non-contiguous RB allocation, the following parameters are defined to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Inner, Outer1 and Outer2 RB allocations:

Non-Contiguous RB allocation is defined as  $RB_{Start1} + L_{CRB1} < N_{RB1}$ , or  $RB_{Start2} > 0$ , when both uplink CCs are activated and allocated with RB(s), where  $RB_{Start1}$ ,  $L_{CRB1}$ , and  $N_{RB1}$  are for CC1,  $RB_{Start2}$ ,  $L_{CRB2}$ , and  $N_{RB2}$  are for CC2, CC1 is the component carrier with lower frequency.

In contiguous CA, a non-contiguous RB allocation is a non-contiguous Inner RB allocation if the following conditions are met:

$$RB_{Start,Low} \le RB_{Start\_CA} \le RB_{Start,High}$$
 and  $N_{RB\_alloc} \le ceil((BW_{Channel\_CA} / 3 - BW_{gap}) / 0.18MHz)$ ,

where

$$N_{RB\_alloc} = (N_{RB1} - RB_{Start1}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start1} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start\_CA} = RB_{Start2} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_1 + (RB_{Start2} + L_{CRB2}) \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2, RB_{Start2} \cdot 2^{h} \mu_2$$

$$RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor(N_{RB\_alloc} + (BW_{gap} - BW_{GB,low})/0.18MHz))$$

$$RB_{Start,High} = floor((BW_{Channel\_CA} - 2 \cdot BW_{gap} - BW_{GB,low}) / 0.18MHz - 2 \cdot N_{RB\_alloc})$$

$$BW_{GB,low}\!=\!\!F_{offset,low}-(N_{RB1}\!\cdot\!12\!+\!1)\!\cdot\!SCS_1\!/\!2$$

 $BW_{gap}$  is the bandwidth of the gap between  $N_{RB1}$  and  $N_{RB2}$  possible allocations of CC1 and CC2 respectively.

In contiguous CA, a non-contiguous RB allocation is a non-contiguous outer 1 RB allocation if the following conditions are met:

$$RB_{Start,Low} \leq \ RB_{Start,High} \ and \ N_{RB\_alloc} \leq \ ceil((3 \ BW_{Channel\_CA} \ / \ 5 - BW_{gap}) \ / \ 0.18MHz)$$

where

$$RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, 2 \cdot N_{RB\_alloc} - floor(\ (BW_{Channel\_CA} - 2 \cdot BW_{gap} + BW_{GB,low}) / 0.18MHz)),$$

$$RB_{Start, High} = floor((2 \cdot BW_{Channel\_CA} - 3 \cdot BW_{gap} - BW_{GB, low}) \, / \, 0.18MHz - 3 \cdot N_{RB\_alloc})$$

 $N_{RB~alloc}$ ,  $RB_{Start~CA}$ ,  $BW_{gap}$  and  $BW_{GB,low}$  are as defined for the Inner region.

In contiguous CA, a non-contiguous allocation is an Outer 2 allocation if it is neither a non-contiguous Inner allocation nor an Outer 1 allocation.

# 6.2A.2.2 UE maximum output power reduction for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous CA, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power is specified into 2 types: MPR to meet -30dBm/MHz and -13dBm/MHz. The UE determins the MPR type as follows:

$$If~AND(~F_{IM3,low\_block,low} > SEM_{\text{-}13,low}~,~F_{IM3,high\_block,high} < SEM_{\text{-}13,high}~)$$

MPR<sub>IM3</sub> defined in Clause 6.2A.2.2.2

Else If AND(  $F_{IM3,low\_block,low}\!>\!SEM_{\text{-}25,low}$  ,  $F_{IM3,high\_block,high}\!<\!SEM_{\text{-}25,high}$  )

MPR<sub>IM3</sub> defined in Clause 6.2A.2.2.1

Else

MPR<sub>IM3</sub> defined in Clause 6.2A.2.2.1

#### where

- $F_{IM3,high\_block,high} = (2 * F_{high\_alloc,high\_edge}) F_{low\_alloc,low\_edge}$
- $F_{IM3,low\_block,low} = (2 * F_{low\_alloc,low\_edge}) F_{high\_alloc,high\_edge}$
- Flow\_alloc,low\_edge is the lowermost frequency of the lower transmission bandwidth allocation.
- $F_{low\_alloc,high\_edge}$  is the uppermost frequency of the lower transmission bandwidth allocation.
- F<sub>high\_alloc,low\_edge</sub> is the lowermost frequency of the upper transmission bandwidth allocation.
- Fhigh\_alloc,high\_edge is the uppermost frequency of the upper transmission bandwidth allocation.
- SEM<sub>-13,low</sub> = Threshold frequency where lower spectral emission mask below the lower channel drops from -13 dBm / MHz to -25 dBm / MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.2.2.
- SEM<sub>-13,high</sub> = Threshold frequency where upper spectral emission mask above the upper channel drops from -13 dBm / MHz to -25 dBm / MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.2.2.
- $SEM_{-25,low}$  = Threshold frequency where lower spectral emission mask below the lower channel drops from -25 dBm / MHz to -30 dBm / MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.2.2.
- SEM<sub>-25,high</sub> = Threshold frequency where upper spectral emission mask above the upper channel drops from -25 dBm / MHz to -30 dBm / MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.2.2.

#### 6.2A.2.2.1 MPR<sub>IM3</sub> to meet -30dBm/MHz

MPR in this clause is for intra-band non-contiguous CA power class 3 for UEs indicating IE *dualPA-Architecture* supported. The allowed maximum output power reduction is defined as:

MPR=M<sub>A</sub>Where M<sub>A</sub> is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A = & 15; \quad 0 \leq B < 1.08 \\ & 14.5; \quad 1.08 \leq B < 2.16 \\ & 13.5; \quad 2.16 \leq B < 3.24 \\ & 12.5; \quad 3.24 \leq B < 5.04 \\ & 11.5; \quad 5.04 \leq B < 10.08 \end{split}$$

10.5;  $10.08 \le B < 16.38$ 

10;  $16.38 \le B < 21.78$ 

9; 21.78 < B

Where:

 $B=(L_{CRB\ alloc,\ 1}*\ 12*\ SCS_1 + L_{CRB\ alloc,2}*\ 12*\ SCS_2)/1,000,000$ 

### 6.2A.2.2.2 MPR<sub>IM3</sub> to meet -13dBm/MHz

MPR in this clause is for intra-band non-contiguous CA power class 3 for UEs indicating IE *dualPA-Architecture* supported. The allowed maximum output power reduction is defined as:

 $MPR=M_A$ 

Where MA is defined as follows

 $M_A = 9$  ;  $0 \le B < 0.54$ 

8;  $0.54 \le B < 1.08$ 

7;  $1.08 \le B < 2.16$ 

6.5;  $2.16 \le B < 3.24$ 

5.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.4$ 

4;  $5.4 \le B$ 

Where:

 $B=(L_{CRB alloc, 1}*12*SCS_1 + L_{CRB alloc, 2}*12*SCS_2)/1,000,000$ 

### 6.2A.2.3 UE maximum output power reduction for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the requirements in subclause 6.2.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two uplink contiguous carrier assigned to one NR band, the maximum output power reduction requirements for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation in subclause 6.2A.2.1 apply for that band.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply for each uplink component carrier.

### 6.2A.2.4 Void

# 6.2A.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for CA

# 6.2A.3.1.1 UE additional maximum output power reduction for Intra-band contiguous CA

Additional emission requirements can be signalled by the network. Each additional emission requirement is associated with a unique network signalling (NS) value indicated in RRC signalling by an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band and an associated value in the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*. Throughout this specification, the notion of indication or signalling of an NS value refers to the corresponding indication of an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band, the IE field *freqBandIndicatorNR* and an associated value of

*additionalSpectrumEmission* in the relevant RRC information elements [7]. Relation between NR CA band and NR frequency band is specified in Table 5.2A.1-1.

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2A.1.5-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2A.2.4. In absense of modulation and waveform types the A-MPR applies to all modulation and waveform types.

Table 6.2A.3.1.1-1 specifies the additional requirements with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR and applicable CA band(s) for each CA\_NS value. The mapping of NR CA band numbers and values of the *additionalSpectrumEmission* to network signalling labels is specified in Table 6.2.3.1.1-2.

Table 6.2A.3.1.1-1: Additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR)

Network signalling label	Requirements (clause)	NR CA Band	Aggregated channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
CA_NS_01		Table 5.2A.1-1	All applicaple NR CA bands	All applicaple NR CA configurations	N/A
CA_NS_04	6.5A.2.3.1.1 6.5A.3.3.1.1	CA_n41	Table 5.5A.1-1	6.2A.3.1.1.1	6.2A.3.1.1.1
CA_NS_27	6.5A.2.3.1.2 6.5A.3.3.1.2	CA_n48	Table 5.5A.1-1	6.2A.3.1.1.2	6.2A.3.1.1.2
CA_NS_46	6.5A.3.3.1.3	CA_n7	Table 5.5A.1-1	6.2A.3.1.1.3	6.2A.3.1.1.3

[The CA\_NS\_01 label with the field additionalPmax [7] absent is default for all NR bands.]

Table 6.2.3.1.1-2: Mapping of network signaling label

NR CA band		Value of additionalSpectrumEmission						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
CA_n41	CA_NS_01	CA_NS_04						
CA_n48	CA_NS_01	CA_NS_27						
CA_n7	CA_NS_01	CA_NS_46						
		<u> </u>		:			1 ( 1 1	

NOTE: additional Spectrum Emission corresponds to an information element of the same name defined in clause 6.3.2 of TS 38.331 [7].

### 6.2A.3.1.1.1 A-MPR for CA\_NS\_04

#### 6.2A.3.1.1.1 Contiguous allocations

For all waveform type, modulations and scs when  $F_{\text{edge, low}}$  -  $BW_{Channel\_CA} \ge 2490.5$  MHz, A-MPR = MPR

For all modulations and scs when  $F_{\text{edge, low}}$  -  $BW_{Channel\_CA} < \, 2490.5 \; MHz$ 

if the RB allocation is an inner allocation as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-1 then A-MPR = MPR

Except for RBstart  $\leq 0.33$ \*BWchannel\_CA/0.18MHz, AMPR= max (MPR, AMPRcc).

if the RB allocation is an outer allocation as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-2,

then A-MPR = MPR+1.5dB for BW Class B A-MPR = MPR for BW class C.

#### Where

- MPR is the MPR as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-1 for the respective CA bandwidth class
- AMPRcc is defined as the PC3\_A2 AMPR in table 6.2.3.2-2.

#### 6.2A.3.1.1.1.2 Non-contiguous allocations

For intra-band contiguous CA\_n41B and CA\_n41C and it receives IE CA\_ NS\_04, the UE determines the allowed Additional Maximum Power Reduction (AMPR) for the maximum output power as specified in this clause. The AMPR is specified by AMPR<sub>IM3</sub> to meet -25dBm/MHz when IM3 falls in -25dBm/MHz region of Table 6.5A.2.3.1-1 or Table 6.5A.3.3.1-1. And uses MPR for all other cases.

The UE determines the AMPR type as follows:

For all waveform types, modulations and SCS when  $F_{\text{edge, low}}$  -  $BW_{Channel\_CA} \ge 2490.5$  MHz,

if allocation is an inner or outer 1 allocation as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-2 then A-MPR = MPR

if allocation is an outer 2 allocation as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-2 then A-MPR = MPR-1dB

For all waveform types, modulations and SCS when  $F_{\text{edge, low}}$  -  $BW_{Channel\_CA} < \, 2490.5 \; MHz$ 

 $If \ AND(\ MIN(F_{IM3,low\_block,high},\ SEM_{-13,low}) < F_{filter,low},\ MAX(\ SEM_{-13,high},\ F_{IM3,high\_block,low}) > F_{filter,high})$ 

if RB allocation is an inner or outer 1 allocation as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-1 then A-MPR = MPR

if RB allocation is an outer 2 allocation as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-2 then A-MPR = MPR-1dB

Else

 $A-MPR = A-MPR_{IM3}$  defined in Clause 6.2A.3.1.2.2.1

#### where

- MPR is the MPR as defined in Table 6.2A.2.4-2 for the respective CA bandwidth class
- $F_{IM3,low\_block,high} = (2 * F_{low\_alloc,high\_edge}) F_{high\_alloc,low\_edge}$
- $F_{IM3,high\_block,low} = (2 * F_{high\_alloc,low\_edge}) F_{low\_alloc,high\_edge}$
- F<sub>low\_alloc,low\_edge</sub> is the lowermost frequency of lower transmission bandwidth allocation.
- F<sub>low\_alloc,high\_edge</sub> is the uppermost frequency of lower transmission bandwidth allocation.
- Fhigh\_alloc,low\_edge is the lowermost frequency of upper transmission bandwidth allocation.
- Fhigh alloc,high edge is the uppermost frequency of upper transmission bandwidth allocation.
- $F_{\text{filter,low}} = 2480 \text{ MHz}$
- $F_{\text{filter,high}} = 2745 \text{ MHz}$
- $SEM_{-13,high}$  = Threshold frequency where upper spectral emission mask for upper channel drops from -13 dBm / 1MHz to -25 dBm / 1MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.3.1.1
- $SEM_{-13,low}$  = Threshold frequency where lower spectral emission mask below the lower channel drops from -13 dBm / MHz to -25 dBm / MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.3.1.1

#### 6.2A.3.1.1.3 AMPR<sub>IM3</sub> to meet -25dBm/MHz

AMPR in this clause is for intra-band contiguous CA\_n41B and CA\_n41C. The allowed maximum output power reduction is defined as:

AMPR<sub>IM3</sub>=M<sub>A</sub>. Where M<sub>A</sub> is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A = & 13; \quad 0 \leq B < 2.16 \\ & 11.5; \quad 2.16 \leq B < 3.24 \\ & 10.5; \quad 3.24 \leq B < 5.04 \\ & 9.5; \quad 5.04 \leq B < 10.08 \end{split}$$

8; 
$$10.08 \le B < 16.56$$

7; 
$$16.56 \le B < 21.96$$

6; 
$$21.96 \le B$$

Where:

$$B=(L_{CRB1}*12*SCS_1 + L_{CRB2}*12*SCS_2)/1,000,000$$

and LCRB1, SCS1 are for CC1, LCRB2, SCS2 are for CC2, CC1 is the component carrier with lower frequency.

#### 6.2A.3.1.1.2 A-MPR for CA NS 27

#### 6.2A.3.1.1.2.1 Contiguous allocations

For all modulations and scs when  $F_{edge, low}$  -  $BW_{Channel\_CA} \ge 3540 \text{ MHz}$  AND  $F_{edge, high} + BW_{Channel\_CA} \le 3710 \text{ MHz}$  if allocation is inner 1 then A-MPR = 0 dB where inner 1 is defined as

$$RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, floor(L_{CRB}/2))$$

where max() indicates the largest value of all arguments and floor(x) is the greatest integer less than or equal to x.

$$RB_{Start, High} = N_{RB\_agg} - RB_{Start, Low} - L_{CRB}$$

with following conditions

$$RB_{Start,Low} \leq RB_{Start} \leq RB_{Start,High}$$
, and

$$L_{CRB} \leq \, ceil(N_{RB\_agg} \, / 2)$$

Inner 1 region exceptions thresholds are for LCRB < 8 and

RBstart 
$$\leq$$
 30 and RBend  $\geq$  164 for BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> = 40MHz, and

when 3540 MHz +  $BW_{Channel\_CA} \leq F_{edge,\ low} < 3530\ MHz + 2*BW_{Channel\_CA},$ 

RBstart ≤ 25 for BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> = 35MHz, and

RBstart  $\leq$  19 for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 30MHz, and

RBstart  $\leq 14$  for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 25MHz, and

 $RBstart \le 9 \text{ for } BW_{Channel\_CA} = 20MHz, \text{ and }$ 

RBstart  $\leq$  3 for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 15MHz, and

when  $3720~MHz - 2*BW_{Channel\_CA} < F_{edge, high} \le 3710~MHz$  -  $BW_{Channel\_CA}$ ,

RBend  $\geq$  144 for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 35MHz, and

RBend ≥ 124 for BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> = 30MHz, and

 $RBend \ge 104$  for  $BW_{Channel\_CA} = 25MHz$ , and

RBend  $\geq 80$  for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 20MHz, and

RBend  $\geq$  68 for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 15MHz,

For which AMPR = 5dB.

else A-MPR= 5 dB

For all modulations and scs when 3550 MHz  $\leq F_{edge,\,low} < 3540$  MHz +  $BW_{Channel\_CA}$ 

if allocation is inner 3 then A-MPR = 0 dB.

Inner 3 region exceptions thresholds are

RBstart  $\leq$  63 for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 40MHz, and

RBstart  $\leq$  52 for BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> = 35MHz, and

 $RBstart \le 42$  for  $BW_{Channel\_CA} = 30MHz$ , and

For which AMPR = 7dB for  $BW_{Channel\_CA} \le 20MHz$  and 11.5dB for  $BW_{Channel\_CA} > 20MHz$ 

where inner 3 is defined as

 $RBStart = NRB\_agg / 4$ 

 $LCRB = NRB_agg/4$ 

 $RB_{Start} = N_{RB\_agg} \ 3/4 - L_{CRB}$ 

with following conditions

 $N_{RB\_agg} \ / 4 < RB_{Start} < N_{RB\_agg} \ 3/4 - L_{CRB} \ AND \ L_{CRB} < N_{RB\_agg}/4$ 

else when BWagg ≤ 20 MHz, A-MPR = 7 dB or when BWagg > 20 MHz, A-MPR = 11.5dB.

For all modulations and scs when 3710 MHz -  $BW_{Channel\_CA} < F_{edge,\; high} \leq 3700$ 

if allocation is inner 3 then A-MPR = 0 dB.

Inner 3 region exceptions thresholds are

RBend  $\geq 132$  for BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> = 40MHz, and

RBend  $\geq$  121 for BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> = 35MHz, and

RBend ≥ 110 for BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> = 30MHz, and

For which AMPR = 7dB for  $BW_{Channel\_CA} \le 20MHz$  and 11.5dB for  $BW_{Channel\_CA} > 20MHz$ 

where inner 3 is defined as

 $RBStart = NRB_agg / 4$ 

LCRB = NRB agg/4

 $RB_{Start} = N_{RB\_agg} \ 3/4 - L_{CRB}$ 

with following conditions

 $N_{RB\_agg} \ / 4 < RB_{Start} < N_{RB\_agg} \ 3 / 4 - L_{CRB} \ AND \ L_{CRB} < N_{RB\_agg} / 4$ 

else when  $BWagg \le 20$  MHz, A-MPR = 7 dB or when BWagg > 20 MHz, A-MPR = 11.5dB.

6.2A.3.1.1.2.2 Non-contiguous allocations

 $For \ all \ modulations \ and \ scs \ when \ F_{edge, \ low} - BW_{Channel\_CA} \geq 3540 \ MHz \ AND \ F_{edge, \ high} + BW_{Channel\_CA} \leq 3710 \ MHz \ AND \ F_{edge, \ high} + BW_{Channel\_CA} + BW_$ 

A-MPR<sub>CA\_IM5</sub>=

13;  $0 \le B < 1.08$ 

12; 1.08 ≤B<2.16

11; 2.16 ≤B<3.24

10.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.04$ 

9.5; 5.04≤B< 10.08

8; 10.08 ≤B< 16.56

7;  $16.56 \le B < 21.96$ 

6.5; 21.96 ≤B

For all modulations and scs when 3550 MHz  $\leq$   $F_{edge,\ low}$  < 3540 MHz +  $BW_{Channel\_CA}$  or 3710 MHz -  $BW_{Channel\_CA}$  <  $F_{edge,\ high}$   $\leq$  3700

when  $BWagg \le 20 \text{ MHz}$ 

# $A\text{-}MPR_{CA\_IM5}\!\!=\!$

13; 0 ≤B<1.08

12; 1.08 ≤B<2.16

11; 2.16 ≤B<3.24

 $10.5; \quad 3.24 \leq B < 5.04$ 

9.5; 5.04 ≤B< 10.08

8; 10.08 ≤B< 16.56

7;  $16.56 \le B < 21.96$ 

6.5; 21.96 ≤B

or when BWagg > 20 MHz

 $A\text{-}MPR_{CA\_IM3} =$ 

20;  $0 \le B < 1.08$ 

19.5; 1.08 ≤B<2.16

19; 2.16 ≤B<3.24

18.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.04$ 

18; 5.04 ≤B< 10.08

17; 10.08 ≤B< 16.56

16;  $16.56 \le B < 21.96$ 

13; 21.96 ≤B.

Where:

$$B=(L_{CRB1}*12*SCS_1 + L_{CRB2}*12*SCS_2)/1,000,000$$

and LCRB1, SCS1 are for CC1, LCRB2, SCS2 are for CC2, CC1 is the component carrier with lower frequency.

6.2A.3.1.1.3 A-MPR for CA\_NS\_46

6.2A.3.1.1.3.1 Contiguous allocations

[For all modulations and scs when BWChannel\_CA > 25 MHz

IF RBend > NRB\_agg 5/6 with the exception of NRB\_agg 3/4 for BWChannel\_CA = 50MHz OR RBend > 4/3 NRB\_agg - LCRB

THEN A-MPR = 11dB

ELSE IF RBend < NRB\_agg /6 AND LCRB < 5

THEN A-MPR = 5dB

ELSE IF LCRB 3/2< RBend < NRB\_agg 3/4 AND LCRB < NRB\_agg /4

THEN A-MPR = 0 dB,

OTHERWISE A-MPR = [7] dB.

For all modulations and scs when BWChannel\_CA <= 25 MHz and 2595 MHz –  $2*BWChannel_CA <$  Fedge,high  $\leq$  2570 MHz

IF RBend  $\geq 4/3$  NRB\_agg - LCRB

THEN A-MPR = 6 dB.

OTHERWISE A-MPR = 0 dB.

 $For all \ modulations \ and \ scs \ when \ BWChannel\_CA <= 25 \ MHz \ and \ Fedge\_high <= 2595 \ MHz - 2*BWChannel\_CA,$ 

A-MPR = 0 dB.

#### 6.2A.3.1.1.3.2 Non-contiguous allocations

 $[For all \ modulations \ and \ scs \ when \ BWChannel\_CA > 25 \ MHz \ and \ 2595 \ MHz \ - \ BWChannel\_CA \leq Fedge\_high \leq 2570 \ MHz$ 

#### A-MPR<sub>CA IM3</sub> =

20;  $0 \le B < 1.08$ 

19.5; 1.08 ≤B<2.16

19; 2.16 ≤B<3.24

18.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.04$ 

18; 5.04 ≤B< 10.08

17;  $10.08 \le B < 16.56$ 

16;  $16.56 \le B < 21.96$ 

13; 21.96 ≤B

For all modulations and scs when BWChannel\_CA > 25 MHz and Fedge\_high < 2595 MHz - BWChannel\_CA

#### $A-MPR_{CA\ IM5} =$

13;  $0 \le B < 1.08$ 

12; 1.08 ≤B<2.16

11; 2.16 ≤B<3.24

10.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.04$ 

9.5;  $5.04 \le B < 10.08$ 

8; 10.08 ≤B< 16.56

7.5;  $16.56 \le B < 21.96$ 

7; 21.96 ≤B

For all modulations and scs when BWChannel\_CA <= 25 MHz and 2595 MHz  $- 2*BWChannel_CA \le Fedge\_high \le 2570$  MHz

#### $A-MPR_{CA\_IM5} =$

13; 0 <B<1.08

12; 1.08 ≤B<2.16

11; 2.16 ≤B<3.24

10.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.04$ 

9.5; 5.04 ≤B< 10.08

8; 10.08 ≤B< 16.56

7.5;  $16.56 \le B < 21.96$ 

7; 21.96 ≤B

Where:

 $B=(L_{CRB1}*12*SCS_1 + L_{CRB2}*12*SCS_2)/1,000,000$ 

and LCRB1, SCS1 are for CC1, LCRB2, SCS2 are for CC2, CC1 is the component carrier with lower frequency.]

### 6.2A.3.1.2 UE additional maximum output power reduction for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

Table 6.2A.3.1.2-1 specifies the additional requirements with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR and applicable CA band(s) for each CA\_NC\_NS value. The mapping of NR CA band numbers and values of the *additionalSpectrumEmission* to network signalling labels is specified in Table 6.2A.3.1.2-2.

Table 6.2A.3.1.2-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) for intra-band non-contiguous CA

CA Network Signalling value	Requirements (clause)	Uplink CA Configuration	A-MPR for sub-blocks in order of increasing uplink carrier frequency  A-MPR [dB] (clause)
CA_NC_NS_01		All applicaple NR CA configurations	N/A
CA_NC_NS_04	6.5A.2.3.2.1 6.5A.3.3.2.1	CA_n41(2A)	6.2A.3.1.2.1

Table 6.2A.3.1.2-2: Mapping of network signaling label

NR CA	Value of additionalSpectrumEmission							
band	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
CA_n41	CA_NC_NS_01	CA_NC_NS_04						
NOTE: a	NOTE: additionalSpectrumEmission corresponds to an information element of the same name defined in clause 6.3.2 of							
Т	S 38.331 [7].							

### 6.2A.3.1.2.1 AMPR for CA\_NC\_NS\_04 (CA\_n41(2A))

For intra-band non-contiguous CA\_n41(2A) and it receives IE CA\_NC\_NS\_04, the UE determins the allowed Additional Maximum Power Reduction (AMPR) for the maximum output power as specified in this clause. The AMPR is specified into 2 types: AMPR to meet -25dBm/MHz and -13dBm/MHz. The A-MPR defined in this clause is used instead of MPR defined in 6.2A.2.2, not additively, so CA MPR=0 when CA\_NC\_NS\_04 is signaled.

The UE determins the AMPR type as follows:

 $If\ AND(\ MIN(F_{IM3,low\_block,high},\ SEM_{-13,low}) < F_{filter,low},\ MAX(\ SEM_{-13,high},\ F_{IM3,high\_block,low}) > F_{filter,high})$ 

A-MPR<sub>IM3</sub> defined in Clause 6.2A.3.2.1.2

Else

A-MPR<sub>IM3</sub> defined in Clause 6.2A.3.2.1.1

#### where

- $F_{IM3,low\_block,high} = (2 * F_{low\_alloc,high\_edge}) F_{high\_alloc,low\_edge}$
- $F_{IM3,high\_block,low} = (2 * F_{high\_alloc,low\_edge}) F_{low\_alloc,high\_edge}$
- F<sub>low\_alloc,low\_edge</sub> is the lowermost frequency of lower transmission bandwidth allocation.
- $F_{low\_alloc,high\_edge}$  is the uppermost frequency of lower transmission bandwidth allocation.
- F<sub>high\_alloc,low\_edge</sub> is the lowermost frequency of upper transmission bandwidth allocation.
- $F_{high\_alloc,high\_edge}$  is the uppermost frequency of upper transmission bandwidth allocation.
- $F_{\text{filter,low}} = [2480 \text{ MHz}]$
- $F_{\text{filter,high}} = [2745 \text{ MHz}]$
- SEM<sub>-13,high</sub> = Threshold frequency where upper spectral emission mask for upper channel drops from -13 dBm / 1MHz to -25 dBm / 1MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.3.2.
- SEM<sub>-13,low</sub> = Threshold frequency where lower spectral emission mask below the lower channel drops from -13 dBm / MHz to -25 dBm / MHz, as specified in Clause 6.5A.2.3.2.

#### 6.2A.3.1.2.1.1 AMPR<sub>IM3</sub> to meet -25dBm/MHz

AMPR in this clause is for intra-band non-contiguous CA\_n41(2A) power class 3 for UEs indicating IE *dualPA-Architecture* supported. The allowed maximum output power reduction is defined as:

AMPR<sub>IM3</sub>=M<sub>A</sub>Where M<sub>A</sub> is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_A = & 12; \quad 0 \leq B < 1.08 \\ & 12; \quad 1.08 \leq B < 2.16 \\ & 11; \quad 2.16 \leq B < 3.24 \\ & 10; \quad 3.24 \leq B < 5.04 \\ & 9; \quad 5.04 \leq B < 10.08 \\ & 8; \quad 10.08 \leq B < 16.38 \\ & 7; \quad 16.38 \leq B < 21.78 \\ & 6; \quad 21.78 \leq B \end{split}$$

Where:

### 6.2A.3.1.2.1.2 AMPR<sub>IM3</sub> to meet -13dBm/MHz

AMPR in this clause is for intra-band non-contiguous CA\_n41(2A) power class 3 for UEs indicating IE *dualPA-Architecture* supported. The allowed maximum output power reduction is defined as:

Where M<sub>A</sub> is defined as follows

 $M_A = 9$ ;  $0 \le B < 0.54$ 

8;  $0.54 \le B < 1.08$ 

7 :  $1.08 \le B \le 2.16$ 

6.5;  $2.16 \le B < 3.24$ 

5.5;  $3.24 \le B < 5.4$ 

4;  $5.4 \le B$ 

Where:

 $B=(L_{CRB\_alloc, 1}*12*SCS_1 + L_{CRB\_alloc, 2}*12*SCS_2)/1,000,000$ 

### 6.2A.3.1.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for Inter-band CA

Unless otherwise stated, for inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the requirements in subclause 6.2.3 apply.

Unless otherwise stated, for inter-band carrier aggregation with two uplink contiguous carrier assigned to one NR band, the additional maximum output power reduction requirements for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation in subclause 6.2A.3.1.1 apply for that band, for inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply for each uplink component carrier.

Unless specified in Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1, for inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply for each uplink component carrier. The requirements in Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1 are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR. These requirements apply on each component carrier when both component carriers are activated. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet the additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message. For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to one NR band, the requirements defined in clause 6.2.3 apply.

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2.1-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2.2. In case of a power class 3 UE, when IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1, power class 2 A-MPR values apply.

For almost contiguous allocations in CP-OFDM waveforms in power class 3, the allowed A-MPR defined in clause 6.2.3 is increased by CEIL{  $10 \log 10(1 + NRB\_gap / NRB\_alloc)$ , 0.5 } dB, where NRB\\_gap is the total number of unallocated RBs between allocated RBs and NRB\_alloc is the total number of allocated RBs, and the parameter LCRB is replaced by NRB\_alloc + NRB\\_gap in specifying the RB allocation regions.

Unless otherwise specified, pi/2 BPSK in following A-MPR tables refers to both variants of pi/2 BPSK referenced in 6.2.2 tables 6.2.2-1.

The emission requirements specified in Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1 also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.2A.3.1.3-1: Additional Requirements for uplink inter-band carrier aggregation (two-bands)

NR CA	Τ	Applied	Requirements	A-MPR	
combination	Band	NS	(clause)	(table/clause)	Note
		05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	
CA_n1-n3	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	1
_	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	
		05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	
04 4 0	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	
CA_n1-n8		43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	1
	n8	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	
	1	05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	
CA_n1-n28	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	1,2
_	n28	17	6.5.3.3.2	N/A	,
04 40	4	05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	4
CA_n1-n40	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	1
	4	05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	
CA_n1-n41	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	1
_	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	
04 4 70		05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	,
CA_n1-n78	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	1
0.4 4 70		05	6.5.3.3.4	Clause 6.2.3.4	
CA_n1-n79	n1	05U	6.5.3.3.4, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.4	1
	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	
CA_n3-n8		43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	1
	n8	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	
04 0 00	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	4.0
CA_n3-n28	n28	17	6.5.3.3.2	N/A	1,2
CA_n3-n40	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
00 0 14	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	4
CA_n3-n41	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	1
CA_n3-n77	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
CA_n3-n78	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
CA_n3-n79	n3	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
CA_n5-n77	n5	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
CA_n5-n78	n5	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
CA_n5-n79	n5	100	6.5.2.4.2	Table 6.2.3.1-2	1
CA =0 = 40	0	43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	4
CA_n8-n40	n8	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	1
	0	43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	
CA_n8-n41	n8	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	1
	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	
CA 20 270	n0	43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	4
CA_n8-n78	n8	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	1
CA =0 =70	0	43	6.5.3.3.5	Clause 6.2.3.6	4
CA_n8-n79	n8	43U	6.5.3.3.5, 6.5.2.4.2	Clause 6.2.3.6	1
CA_n28-n40	n28	17	6.5.3.3.2	N/A	2
	n28	17	6.5.3.3.2	N/A	
CA_n28-n41	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	2
CA_n28-n77	n28	17	6.5.3.3.2	N/A	2
CA_n28-n78	n28	17	6.5.3.3.2	N/A	2
CA_n40-n41	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	
CA_n41-n78	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	
CA_n41-n79	n41	47	6.5.3.3.15	Table 6.2.3.18-2	
NOTE 4: NO OF			an ha simplied for ND ha	and that have LITDA	

NOTE 1: NS\_05U, NS\_43U and NS\_100 can be signalled for NR bands that have UTRA

services deployed.

NOTE 2: Applicable when the assigned NR carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.

# 6.2A.4 Configured output power for CA

### 6.2A.4.1 Configured transmitted power level

#### 6.2A.4.1.1 Configured transmitted power for Intra-band contiguous CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  on serving cell c shall be set as specified in clause 6.2.4, but with MPR $_c$  = MPR and A-MPR $_c$  = A-MPR with MPR and A-MPR as determined by subclause 6.2A.2 and 6.2A.3, respectively. For PH reporting the following exception applies: if the UE is configured with multiple uplink serving cells, the power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  used for the purpose of PH reporting on first serving cell  $c = c_1$  does not consider for computation of the PH report transmissions on a second serving cell  $c_2$  as exempted in subclause 7.7.1 in [8]. There is one power management term for the UE, denoted P-MPR, and P-MPR $_c$  = P-MPR.

The total configured maximum output power P<sub>CMAX</sub> shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L} \leq P_{CMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\_H}$$

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation when same slot pattern is used in all aggregated serving cells,

 $P_{CMAX\_L} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_C, P_{EMAX,CA}, P_{PowerClass,CA} - MAX(MAX(MPR, A-MPR) + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_C + \Delta T_{RxSRS}, P-MPR_c) \}$ 

$$P_{CMAX\_H} = MIN\{10 log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c}, P_{EMAX,CA}, P_{PowerClass,CA}\}$$

where

- $p_{EMAX,c}$  is the linear value of  $P_{EMAX,c}$  which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c* in [7];
- P<sub>PowerClass,CA</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2A.1.1-1 without taking into account the tolerance;
- MPR and A-MPR are specified in clause 6.2A.2 and 6.2A.3, respectively;
- ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2A.4.2 for NR CA, clause 6.2C.2 for SUL, or TS 38.101-3 clause 6.2B.4.2 for EN-DC; In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then
  - a) When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
  - b) When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.
- P-MPR is the power management term for the UE;
- $\Delta T_C$  is the highest value  $\Delta T_{C,c}$  among all serving cells c;
- $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is the highest value among all serving cells c;
- P<sub>EMAX,CA</sub> is the value indicated by *p-NR-FR1* or by *p-UE-FR1* whichever is the smallest if both are present.

For uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, when at least one different numerology/slot pattern is used in aggregated cells, the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}$  for serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i, and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}(p)$  in slot p of serving cell c(i) on slot numerology type i shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) \leq P_{CMAX,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) \leq P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right)$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}$  (p) and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  (p) are the limits for a serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i as specified in clause 6.2.4.

The total UE configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}(p,q)$  in a slot p of slot numerology or symbol pattern i, and a slot q of slot numerology or symbol pattern j that overlap in time shall be set within the following bounds unless stated otherwise:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) \leq \, P_{CMAX}\left(p,q\right) \, \leq \, P_{CMAX\_H}\left(p,q\right)$$

When slots p and q have different transmissions lengths and belong to different cells on different or same bands:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) = MIN \left\{ 10 \ log_{10} \left[ p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}(p) + p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),j}(q) \right], P_{PowerClass,CA}, P_{EMAX,CA} \right\}$$

$$P_{CMAX\_H}\left(p,q\right) = MIN \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{PowerClass,CA}, \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], \; P_{EMAX,CA} \right\} \; \left\{ 10 \; log_{10} \; \left[p_{CMAX\_H,f,c($$

where  $p_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  (i),i and  $p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  are the respective limits  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  (i),i and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  expressed in linear scale.

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.1-0 when same and different slot patterns are used in aggregated carriers. For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$ ; the minimum  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  over the one or more  $T_{eval}$  is then applied for the entire  $T_{REF}$ . The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

Table 6.2A.4.1.1-0: P<sub>CMAX</sub> evaluation window for different slot and channel durations

T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub> with frequency hopping
T <sub>REF</sub> of largest slot duration over	Physical channel	Min(T <sub>no_hopping</sub> , Physical
both UL CCs	length	Channel Length)

If the UE is configured with multiple TAGs and transmissions of the UE on slot i for any serving cell in one TAG overlap some portion of the first symbol of the transmission on slot i+1 for a different serving cell in another TAG, the UE minimum of  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  for slots i and i+1 applies for any overlapping portion of slots i and i+1. The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells with same slot pattern shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L} - MAX\{T_L,\,T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L})~\} & \leq P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\_H} + ~T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H}) \\ \\ P_{UMAX} = 10~log_{10} \sum p_{UMAX,c} \end{split}$$

where  $p_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.1-1. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.1-1 for intraband carrier aggregation.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells, when at least one slot has a different transmission numerology or slot pattern, shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} - \ MAX\{T_L, \, T_{LOW} \, (P'_{CMAX\_L})\} & \leq \ P'_{UMAX} \leq \ P'_{CMAX\_H} + T_{HIGH} \, (P'_{CMAX\_H}) \end{split}$$
 
$$P'_{UMAX} = 10 \, log_{10} \, \sum p'_{UMAX,c}$$

where  $p'_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the average measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale over  $T_{REF}$ . The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P'_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P'_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P'_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.1-1 for intra-band carrier aggregation. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.1-1 for inter-band carrier aggregation.

where:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} &= MIN\{\ MIN\ \{10log_{10}\sum(\ p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}),\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\} \\ P'_{CMAX\_H} &= MAX\{\ MIN\{10\ log_{10}\sum p_{EMAX,c}\ ,\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\} \end{split}$$

Рсмах Tolerance Tolerance (dBm) TLOW(PCMAX) THIGH(PCMAX) (dB) (dB)  $21 \le P_{CMAX} \le 23$ 2.0  $20 \le P_{CMAX} < 21$ 2.5  $19 \le P_{CMAX} < 20$ 3.5  $18 \le P_{CMAX} < 19$ 4.0 13 ≤ P<sub>CMAX</sub> < 18 5.0  $8 \le P_{CMAX} < 13$ 6.0  $-40 \le P_{CMAX} < 8$ 7.0

Table 6.2A.4.1.1-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance for uplink intra-band contiguous CA

### 6.2A.4.1.2 Configured transmitted power for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  on serving cell c shall be set as specified in subclause 6.2.4.

The configured maximum output power PCMAX,c on serving cell c shall be set as specified in subclause 6.2.4, but with MPRc = MPR and A-MPRc = A-MPR with MPR and A-MPR as determined by subclause 6.2A.2 and 6.2A.3, respectively. For PH reporting the following exception applies: if the UE is configured with multiple uplink serving cells, the power PCMAX,c used for the purpose of PH reporting on first serving cell c = c1 does not consider for computation of the PH report transmissions on a second serving cell c2 as exempted in subclause 7.7.1 in [8]. There is one power management term for the UE, denoted P-MPR, and P-MPR c = P-MPR.

The total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$  shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L} \leq P_{CMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\_H}$$

For uplink intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation when same slot pattern is used in all aggregated serving cells,

 $P_{CMAX\_L} = MIN\{10 \ log_{10} \ \sum p_{EMAX,c} \ -\Delta T_C \ , \ P_{EMAX,CA}, P_{PowerClass,CA} - MAX(MAX(MPR, \ A-MPR) \ + \Delta T_{IB,c} \ + \Delta T_C \ + \Delta T_{RxSRS}, P-MPR) \ \}$ 

$$P_{CMAX_H} = MIN\{10 \log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c}, P_{EMAX,CA}, P_{PowerClass,CA}\}$$

#### where

- $p_{EMAX,c}$  is the linear value of  $P_{EMAX,c}$  which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell *c* in [7];
- P<sub>PowerClass,CA</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2A.1.2-1 without taking into account the tolerance;
- MPR and A-MPR are specified in subclause 6.2A.2 and subclause 6.2A.3 respectively;
- ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2A.4.2 for NR CA, clause 6.2C.2 for SUL, or TS 38.101-3 clause 6.2B.4.2 for EN-DC; In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then
  - a) When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
  - b) When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.
- P-MPR is the power management term for the UE;
- $\Delta T_C$  is the highest value  $\Delta T_{C,c}$  among all serving cells c;

- $\Delta T_{RxSRS}$  is the highest value among all serving cells c;
- $P_{EMAX,CA}$  is the value indicated by p-NR-FR1 or by p-UE-FR1 whichever is the smallest if both are present.[For uplink intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, when at least one different numerology/slot pattern is used in aggregated cells, the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}$  for serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i, and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}(p)$  in slot p of serving cell c(i) on slot numerology type i shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\ L,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) \leq P_{CMAX,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) \leq P_{CMAX\ H,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right)$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}$  (p) and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  (p) are the limits for a serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i as specified in subclause 6.2.4.

The total UE configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}(p,q)$  in a slot p of slot numerology or symbol pattern i, and a slot q of slot numerology or symbol pattern j that overlap in time shall be set within the following bounds unless stated otherwise:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) \leq \, P_{CMAX}(p,q) \, \leq \, P_{CMAX\_H}(p,q)$$

When slots p and q have different transmissions lengths and belong to different cells on different or same bands:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}\left(p,q\right) = MIN \left\{10 \ log_{10} \left[p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}\left(p\right) + p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),j}\left(q\right)\right], P_{PowerClass,CA}, P_{EMAX,CA}\right\}$$

 $P_{CMAX\_H}(p,q) = MIN \ \{10 \ log_{10} \ [p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}(p) + p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),j}(q)], \ P_{PowerClass,CA}, \ P_{EMAX,CA}\}$ where  $p_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}$  and  $p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  are the respective limits  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c\ (i),i}$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  expressed in linear scale.]

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.2-1 when same and different slot patterns are used in aggregated carriers. For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$ ; the minimum  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  over the one or more  $T_{eval}$  is then applied for the entire  $T_{REF}$ . The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

Table 6.2A.4.1.2-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> evaluation window for different slot and channel durations

T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub> with frequency hopping
T <sub>REF</sub> of largest slot duration over	Physical channel	Min(T <sub>no_hopping</sub> , Physical
both UL CCs	lenath	Channel Length)

If the UE is configured with multiple TAGs and transmissions of the UE on slot i for any serving cell in one TAG overlap some portion of the first symbol of the transmission on slot i+1 for a different serving cell in another TAG, the UE minimum of  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  for slots i and i+1 applies for any overlapping portion of slots i and i+1. The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells with same slot pattern shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L} - MAX\{T_L,\,T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L})~\} & \leq P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\_H} + ~T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H}) \end{split}$$
 
$$P_{UMAX} = 10~log_{10} \sum p_{UMAX,c}$$

where  $p_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.2-2. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.2-1 for intraband carrier aggregation.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells, when at least one slot has a different transmission numerology or slot pattern, shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} - \ MAX\{T_L, \, T_{LOW} \left( P'_{CMAX\_L} \right) \} & \leq P'_{UMAX} \leq P'_{CMAX\_H} + T_{HIGH} \left( P'_{CMAX\_H} \right) \\ P'_{UMAX} & = 10 \, log_{10} \, \sum p'_{UMAX.c} \end{split}$$

where  $p'_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the average measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale over  $T_{REF}$ . The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P'_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P'_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P'_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.2-2 for intra-band carrier aggregation. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.2-2 for intra-band carrier aggregation.

where:

 $P'_{CMAX\_L} = MIN\{\ MIN\ \{10log_{10}\sum(\ p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}),\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\}$ 

 $P'_{CMAX\_H} = MAX\{ MIN\{10 log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c}, P_{PowerClass,CA} \}$  over all overlapping slots in  $T_{REF}\}$ 

Table 6.2A.4.1.2-2: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance for uplink intra-band non-contiguous CA

P <sub>CMAX</sub> (dBm)	Tolerance T <sub>LOW</sub> (P <sub>CMAX</sub> ) (dB)	Tolerance T <sub>HIGH</sub> (P <sub>CMAX</sub> ) (dB)	
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> ≤ 23	3.0	2.0	
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 21	2	.5	
19 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 20	3.5		
18 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 19	4.	.0	
13 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 18	5	.0	
8 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 13	6	.0	
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 8	7.	.0	

### 6.2A.4.1.3 Configured transmitted power for Inter-band CA

For uplink carrier aggregation the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  for serving cell c and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$  on serving cell c shall be set as specified in clause 6.2.4.

For uplink inter-band carrier aggregation, MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> apply per serving cell c and are specified in clause 6.2.2 and clause 6.2.3, respectively. P-MPR<sub>c</sub> accounts for power management for serving cell c. P<sub>CMAX,c</sub> is calculated under the assumption that the transmit power is increased independently on all component carriers.

The total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$  shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX~L} \leq P_{CMAX} \leq P_{CMAX~H}$$

For uplink inter-band carrier aggregation with one serving cell c per operating band when same slot symbol pattern is used in all aggregated serving cells,

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L} = MIN ~ \{10log_{10} \sum MIN ~ [ ~ p_{EMAX,c} / (\Delta t_{C,c}), ~ p_{PowerClass,c} / (MAX(mpr_c \cdot \Delta mpr_c, ~ a-mpr_c) \cdot \Delta t_{C,c} \cdot \Delta t_{IB,c} \cdot \Delta t_{RxSRS,c}) ~, \\ p_{PowerClass,c} / pmpr_c ], ~ P_{EMAX,CA}, ~ P_{PowerClass,CA} \} \end{split}$$

$$P_{CMAX\ H} = MIN\{10 log_{10} \sum p_{EMAX,c}, P_{EMAX,CA}, P_{PowerClass,CA}\}$$

where

- p<sub>EMAX,c</sub> is the linear value of P<sub>EMAX,c</sub> which is given by IE *P-Max* for serving cell c in [7];
- P<sub>PowerClass,CA</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2A.1.3-1;
- p<sub>PowerClass,c</sub> is the linear value of the maximum UE power for serving cell *c* specified in Table 6.2.1-1 without taking into account the tolerance;
- mpr<sub>c</sub> and a-mpr<sub>c</sub> are the linear values of MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> as specified in clause 6.2.2 and clause 6.2.3, respectively;
- $\Delta$ mpr<sub>c</sub> is the linear value of  $\Delta$ MPR<sub>c</sub> as specified in clause 6.2.2;
- pmpr<sub>c</sub> is the linear value of P-MPR<sub>c</sub>;

- $\Delta t_{RxSRS,c}$  is the linear value of  $\Delta T_{RxSRS,c}$ ;
- $\Delta t_{C,c}$  is the linear value of  $\Delta T_{C,c}$ .  $\Delta t_{C,c} = 1.41$  when NOTE 2 in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 applies for a serving cell c, otherwise  $\Delta t_{C,c} = 1$ ;
- Δt<sub>IB,c</sub> is the linear value of the inter-band relaxation term ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> of the serving cell c as specified in clause
   6.2A.4.2 for NR CA, clause 6.2C.2 for SUL, or TS 38.101-3 clause
   6.2B.4.2 for EN-DC; otherwise Δt<sub>IB,c</sub> = 1; In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then
  - a) When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq 1$  GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
  - b) When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 6.2A.4.2, 6.2C.2 in this specification and 6.2B.4.2 in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.
- $P_{EMAX,CA}$  is the value indicated by p-NR-FR1 or by p-UE-FR1 whichever is the smallest if both are present. For uplink inter-band carrier aggregation with one serving cell c per operating band when at least one different numerology/slot pattern is used in aggregated cells, the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}$  for serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i, and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c(i),i}(p)$  in slot p of serving cell c(i) on slot numerology type i shall be set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}(p) \le P_{CMAX,f,c(i),i}(p) \le P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}(p)$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  (i),i (p) and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  (p) are the limits for a serving cell c(i) of slot numerology type i as specified in clause 6.2.4.

The total UE configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}(p,q)$  in a slot p of slot numerology or symbol pattern i, and a slot q of slot numerology or symbol pattern j that overlap in time shall be set within the following bounds unless stated otherwise:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) \le P_{CMAX}(p,q) \le P_{CMAX\_H}(p,q)$$

When slots p and q have different transmissions lengths and belong to different cells on different bands:

$$P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q) = MIN \ \{10 \ log_{10} \ [p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}(p) + p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),j}(q)], \ P_{PowerClass,CA}, \ P_{EMAX,CA}\}$$

$$P_{CMAX_H}(p,q) = MIN \{10 log_{10} [p_{CMAX_H,f,c(i),i}(p) + p_{CMAX_H,f,c(i),i}(q)], P_{PowerClass,CA}, P_{EMAX_CA} \}$$

where  $p_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  (i),i and  $p_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  are the respective limits  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  (i),i and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c(i),i}$  expressed in linear scale.

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.3-0 when same and different slot patterns are used in aggregated carriers. For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the minimum value taken over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$ ; the minimum  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  over the one or more  $T_{eval}$  is then applied for the entire  $T_{REF}$ . The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

Table 6.2A.4.1.3-0: P<sub>CMAX</sub> evaluation window for different slot and channel durations

T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub> with frequency hopping
T <sub>REF</sub> of largest slot duration over	Physical channel	Min(T <sub>no_hopping</sub> , Physical
both UL CCs	length	Channel Length)

If the UE is configured with multiple TAGs and transmissions of the UE on slot i for any serving cell in one TAG overlap some portion of the first symbol of the transmission on slot i+1 for a different serving cell in another TAG, the UE minimum of  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  for slots i and i+1 applies for any overlapping portion of slots i and i+1. The lesser of  $P_{PowerClass,CA}$  and  $P_{EMAX\_CA}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any period of time.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells with same slot pattern shall be within the following range:

$$P_{CMAX\_L} - MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L})\} \le P_{UMAX} \le P_{CMAX\_H} + T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H})$$

$$P_{UMAX} = 10 \log_{10} \sum_{P_{UMAX\_C}} p_{UMAX\_C}$$

where  $p_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale. The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.3-1. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1-2 for inter-band carrier aggregation.

The measured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over all serving cells, when at least one slot has a different transmission numerology or symbol pattern, shall be within the following range:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} - \ MAX\{T_L, \, T_{LOW} \, (P'_{CMAX\_L})\} \leq \ P'_{UMAX} \leq P'_{CMAX\_H} + T_{HIGH} \, (P'_{CMAX\_H}) \\ \\ P'_{UMAX} = 10 \, log_{10} \sum p'_{UMAX,c} \end{split}$$

where  $p'_{UMAX,c}$  denotes the average measured maximum output power for serving cell c expressed in linear scale over  $T_{REF}$ . The tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P'_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P'_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P'_{CMAX}$  are specified in Table 6.2A.4.1.3-1 for inter-band carrier aggregation. The tolerance  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance for applicable NR CA configuration as specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 for inter-band carrier aggregation.

where:

$$\begin{split} P'_{CMAX\_L} &= MIN\{\ MIN\ \{10log_{10}\sum(\ p_{CMAX\_L,f,c(i),i}),\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\} \\ P'_{CMAX\_H} &= MAX\{\ MIN\{10\ log_{10}\sum\ p_{EMAX,c}\ ,\ P_{PowerClass,CA}\}\ over\ all\ overlapping\ slots\ in\ T_{REF}\} \end{split}$$

Table 6.2A.4.1.3-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance for uplink inter-band CA (two bands)

P <sub>CMAX</sub> (dBm)	Tolerance TLow(Pcmax) (dB)	Tolerance Thigh(Pcmax) (dB)	
P <sub>CMAX</sub> = 23	3.0	2.0	
22 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 23	5.0	2.0	
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 22	5.0	3.0	
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 21	6.0	4.0	
16 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 20	5	.0	
11 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 16	6.0		
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 11	7	.0	

#### 6.2A.4.1.4 Void

#### 6.2A.4.2 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ for CA

For the UE which supports inter-band NR CA configuration,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  in tables below applies. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

6.2A.4.2.1	Void
6.2A.4.2.2	Void

6.2A.4.2.3  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  for Inter-band CA (two bands)

Table 6.2A.4.2.3-1:  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  due to NR CA (two bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔT <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n1-n3	n1	0.3
	n3	0.3
CA_n1-n7	n1	0.5
	n7	0.6
CA_n1-n8	n1	
	n8	
CA_n1-n28	n1	
	n28	
CA_n1-n40	n1	
00 74 744	n40	
CA_n1-n41	n1	
CA_n1-n77	n41 n1	
CA_III-II//	n77	
CA_n1-n78	n1	
CA_III-II/6	n78	
CA_n2-n5	n2	
	n5	
CA_n2-n48	n2	
5, C.12 11 16	n48	
CA_n2-n66	n2	
	n66	
CA_n2-n77	n2	
_	n77	
CA_n2-n78	n2	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n7	n3	0.3 0.5 0.6 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.8 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.8 0.3 0.6 0.8 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.3 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.8
	n7	0.5
CA_n3-n8	n3	
	n8	
CA_n3-n28	n3	
	n28	
CA_n3-n38	n3	
	n38	
CA_n3-n40	n3	
CA_n3-n41	n40 n3	
CA_113-1141	n41	
	1141	
CA_n3-n77	n3	
CA_IIS-III	n77	
CA_n3-n78	n3	
	n78	
CA_n3-n79	n3	
	n79	
CA_n5-n7	n5	
	n7	
CA_n5-n66	n5	
	n66	
CA_n5-n77	n5	
	n77	0.8
CA_n5-n78	n5	0.6
	n78	
CA_n7-n25	n7	
	n25	
CA_n7-n28	n7	
	n28	
CA_n7-n66	n7	
	n66	
CA_n7-n78	n7	
04 0 05	n78	
CA_n8-n39	n8	
	n39	0.3

CA_n8-n40         n8         0.3           CA_n8-n41         n8         0.6           n41         0.3           CA_n8-n75         n8         0.3           CA_n8-n78         n8         0.6           n78         0.8         0.6           CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.3	
CA_n8-n41         n8         0.6           CA_n8-n75         n8         0.3           CA_n8-n78         n8         0.6           n78         0.8         0.3           CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           n79         0.8         0.3           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.5           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           cA_n25-n66         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           cA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           cA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.4           cA_n28-n75         n28         0.5	
CA_n8-n75         n8         0.3           CA_n8-n78         n8         0.6           n78         0.8         0.8           CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           n79         0.8         0.5           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3	
CA_n8-n75         n8         0.3           CA_n8-n78         n8         0.6           n78         0.8           CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           n79         0.8         0.5           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.6           n78         0.8         0.6           cA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.9           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           cA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           cA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           cA_n28-n77         n28         0.5	
CA_n8-n78         n8         0.6           CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           n79         0.8           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           cA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           cA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           cA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           cA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           cA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           cA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           cA_n28-n76         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           cA_n29-n66         n66         0.5	
CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           n79         0.8           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.6           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n38-n66	
CA_n8-n79         n8         0.3           n79         0.8           CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           n28         0.5         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.3           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n79         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.5	
CA_n20-n28         n79         0.8           n20         0.5           n28         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           cA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           cA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           cA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78	
CA_n20-n28         n20         0.5           CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           cA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.3           cA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.3           cA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           cA_n28-n76         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8           cA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           cA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           n78         0.8           cA_n	
CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         <	
CA_n20-n75         n20         0.3           CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.5           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n41         0.2           n39<	
CA_n20-n78         n20         0.6           n78         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n39         0.5           n41<	
CA_n25-n41         n78         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.5           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n4	
CA_n25-n41         n78         0.8           CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.5           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n4	
CA_n25-n41         n25         0.5           n41         0.46         0.97           CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.3           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5	
CA_n25-n66     n25     0.5       CA_n25-n71     n25     0.5       n66     0.5     0.3       n71     0.6       CA_n28-n40     n28     0.3       n40     0.3       CA_n28-n41     n28     0.3       n41     0.3       CA_n28-n50     n28     0.3       n50     0.4       CA_n28-n75     n28     0.3       CA_n28-n77     n28     0.5       n77     0.8     0.5       n78     0.8       CA_n29-n66     n66     0.3       CA_n29-n70     n70     0.3       CA_n38-n66     n38     0.5       n66     0.5     0.5       n78     0.8       CA_n39-n78     n38     0.3       n78     0.8       CA_n39-n79     n39     0.53       n41     0.53       n79     0.8	
CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.5           n41         0.53         0.53           n41         0.53         0.53           n79	
CA_n25-n66         n25         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.5           n41         0.2         0.5           n41         0.53         0.5           n41         0.53         0.3           n79         0.8	-
CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.2           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           n79         0.8	
CA_n25-n71         n25         0.3           n71         0.6         0.3           CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.2           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n40         n71         0.6           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8         0.2           n78         0.8         0.5           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.2           n41         0.5³         0.5³           n41         0.5³         0.3           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8         0.8	
CA_n28-n40         n28         0.3           n40         0.3           CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n41         n40         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.2           n41         0.2         0.53           n41         0.53         0.3           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n41         n28         0.3           n41         0.3         0.3           CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.3           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0.2           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n41         0.53           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8         0.5           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n50         n28         0.3           n50         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0°           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
n50         0.4           CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n75         n28         0.3           CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n77         n28         0.5           n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
n77         0.8           CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n28-n78         n28         0.5           n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
n78         0.8           CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n29-n66         n66         0.3           CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n29-n70         n70         0.3           CA_n38-n66         n38         0.5           n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n38-n66     n38     0.5       n66     0.5       CA_n38-n78     n38     0.3       n78     0.8       CA_n39-n41     n39     0²       n41     0²       n39     0.5³       n41     0.5³       CA_n39-n79     n39     0.3       n79     0.8	
n66         0.5           CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n38-n78         n38         0.3           n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²           n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
n78         0.8           CA_n39-n41         n39         0²           n41         0²         n39         0.5³           n41         0.5³         0.3           CA_n39-n79         n39         0.3           n79         0.8	
CA_n39-n41     n39     0²       n41     0²       n39     0.5³       n41     0.5³       CA_n39-n79     n39     0.3       n79     0.8	
n41     0²       n39     0.5³       n41     0.5³       CA_n39-n79     n39     0.3       n79     0.8	
n39     0.5³       n41     0.5³       CA_n39-n79     n39     0.3       n79     0.8	
n41     0.5³       CA_n39-n79     n39     0.3       n79     0.8	
CA_n39-n79	
n79 0.8	
CA_n40-n41	
n41 0.5 <sup>3</sup>	
CA_n40-n78	
n78 0.5	
CA_n40-n79	
n79 0.8	
CA_n41-n50	
n50 0.4	
CA_n41-n66 n41 0.8 <sup>6</sup>	
1.3 <sup>7</sup>	
n66 0.5	
CA_n41-n71	
n71 0.6	
CA_n41-n78 <sup>1</sup> n41 0.3	
n78 0.8	
CA_n41-n79 n41 0.3	
n79 0.8	
CA_n48-n66 n48 0.8	
n66 0.6	
CA_n50-n78 n50 0 <sup>2</sup>	
n78 0 <sup>2</sup>	

	n50	$0.5^{3}$
	n78	0.5 <sup>3</sup>
CA_n66-n70	n66	0.5
	n70	0.5
CA_n66-n71	n66	0.3
	n71	0.3
CA_n66-n77	n66	0.6
	n77	0.8
CA_n66-n78	n66	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n70-n71	n70	0.3
	n71	0.6
CA_n75-n78	n78	0.8
CA_n76-n78	n78	0.8
CA_n77-n79	n77	0.5
	n79	0.5
CA_n78-n79	n78	0.5
		1.5 <sup>8</sup>
	n79	0.5
		1.5 <sup>8</sup>
CA_n78-n92	n78	0.8
	n92	0.6

- NOTE 1: The requirements only apply when the sub-frame and Tx-Rx timings are synchronized between the component carriers. In the absence of synchronization, the requirements are not within scope of these specifications.
- NOTE 2: Only applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink in one NR band and without simultaneous Rx/Tx.
- NOTE 3: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation without simultaneous Rx/Tx.
- NOTE 4: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2515-2690 MHz.
- NOTE 5: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496-2515 MHz.
- NOTE 6: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2545-2690 MHz.
- NOTE 7: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496-2545 MHz.
- NOTE 8: The requirements only apply for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with simultaneous Rx/Tx capability, and NR UL carrier frequencies are confined to 3700 MHz-3800MHz for n78 and 4400 MHz-4500MHz for n79. Simultaneous Rx/Tx capability does not apply for UEs supporting band n78 with a n77 implementation.

Table 6.2A.4.2.3-2: Void

Table 6.2A.4.2.3-3: Void

6.2A.4.2.4  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  for Inter-band CA (three bands)

Table 6.2A.4.2.4-1:  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  due to NR CA (three bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔT <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n1-n3-n7	n1	0.6
	n3	0.6
	n7	0.6
CA_n1-n3-n8	n1	0.3
	n3	0.3
	n8	0.3
CA_n1-n3-n28	n1	0.3
	n3	0.3
	n28	0.6
CA_n1-n3-n41	n1	0.5
	n3	0.5
	n41	0.31
		0.82
CA_n1-n3-n78	n1	0.6
	n3	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n1-n8-n78	n1	0.3
	n8	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n1-n28-n78	n1	0.3
	n28	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n8-n78	n3	0.6
	n8	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n1-n7-n28	<u>n1</u>	0.5
	n7	0.6
0.0 1 7 70	n28	0.6
CA_n1-n7-n78	<u>n1</u>	0.6
	n7	0.6
04 74 740 770	n78	0.8
CA_n1-n40-n78	n1	0.3
	n40	0.5
CA =2 =7 =20	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n7-n28	<u>n3</u> n7	0.5 0.5
<u> </u>	n28	0.3
CA_n3-n7-n78	n3	0.6
GA_113-117-1170	n7	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n28-n77	n3	0.6
0/ <u>1</u> 10 1120 11/	n28	0.5
	n77	0.8
CA_n3-n28-n78	n3	0.5
	n28	0.3
	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n40-n41	n3	0.5
	n40	0.5
	n41	0.5 <sup>1,3</sup>
		0.8 <sup>2,3</sup>
CA_n3-n41-n79	n3	0.3
	n41	0.3 <sup>1</sup>
		0.82
	n79	0.8
CA_n5-n66-n78	n5	0.6
	n66	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n7-n25-n66	n7	0.5
	n25	0.5
	n66	0.5
CA_n7-n28-n78	n7	0.3
	n28	0.3
	n78	0.8

CA_n7-n66-n78	n7	0.5
	n66	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n8-n39-n41	n8	0.6
	n39	$0.5^{4}$
	n41	0.54
CA_n8-n41-n79	n8	0.6
	n41	0.3
	n79	0.8
CA_n20-n28-n78	n20	0.6
	n28	0.5
	n78	0.8
CA_n25-n41-n66	n25	0.5
	n41	0.85
		1.3 <sup>6</sup>
	n66	0.5
CA_n25-n41-n71	n25	0.5
	n41	0.5
	n71	0.6
CA_n25-n66-n71	n25	0.5
	n66	0.5
	n71	0.6
CA_n25-n66-n78	n25	0.6
	n66	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n28-n40-n78	n28	0.5
	n40	0.3
	n78	0.8
CA_n28-n41-n78	n28	0.5
	n41	0.3
	n78	0.8
CA_n29-n66-n70	n29	0
	n66	0.5
	n70	0.5
CA_n39-n41-n79	n39	0.3
	n41	0.34
	n79	0.84
CA_n40-n41-n79	n40	$0.5^{3}$
	n41	$0.5^{3}$
	n79	0.8
CA_n41-n66-n71	n41	0.85
		1.36
	n66	0.5
	n71	0.3
CA_n66-n70-n71	n66	0.5
	n70	0.5
	n71	0.6

NOTE 1: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2515-2690 MHz. NOTE 2: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496-2515 MHz.

NOTE 3: Only applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation without simultaneous Rx/Tx among band 40 and 41.

NOTE 4: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation without simultaneous Rx/Tx between n39 and n41.

NOTE 5: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2545 -2690 MHz.

NOTE 6: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496 -2545 MHz.

#### 6.2A.4.2.5 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ for Inter-band CA (four bands)

Table 6.2A.4.2.5-1: ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> due to NR CA (four bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔT <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n1-n3-n7-n28	n1	0.6
	n3	0.6
	n7	0.6
	n28	0.6
CA_n1-n3-n7-n78	n1	0.7
	n3	0.7
	n7	0.7
	n78	0.8
CA_n1-n3-n8-n78	n1	0.6
	n3	0.6
	n8	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n1-n3-n28-n78	n1	0.6
	n3	0.6
	n28	0.6
	n78	0.8
CA_n3-n7-n28-n78	n3	0.6
	n7	0.6
	n28	0.6
	n78	0.6
CA_n7-n25-n66-n78	n7	0.5
	n25	0.6
	n66	0.6
	n78	0.8

## 6.2B Transmitter power for NR-DC

#### 6.2B.0 General

The requirements apply for inter-band NR-DC with one uplink serving cell configured per CG.

## 6.2B.1 UE maximum output power for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink carrier assigned per NR band, the transmitter power requirements in clause 6.2 apply per band.

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink assigned per band, the UE maximum output power shall be measured over all component carriers from different bands. If each band has separate antenna connectors, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of maximum output power from each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms). The maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2B.1.3-1.

Table 6.2B.1.3-1 UE Power Class for inter-band NR-DC

Uplink CA	Class 1	Tolerance	Class 2	Tolerance	Class 3	Tolerance	Class 4	Tolerance
Configuration	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)
DC_n2A-n5A					23	+2/-3		

NOTE 1: An uplink DC configuration in which at least one of the bands has NOTE 3 in Table 6.2.1-1 is allowed to reduce the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidths of at least one of the bands is confined within F<sub>UL low</sub> and F<sub>UL low</sub> + 4 MHz or F<sub>UL high</sub> - 4 MHz and F<sub>UL high</sub>.

NOTE 2: PPowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without account of the tolerance

NOTE 3: The maximum power requirement applies to the total transmitted power over both the MCG and SCG.

NOTE 4: Power class 3 is the default power class unless otherwise stated.

## 6.2B.2 UE maximum output power reduction for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink assigned per band, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply for each uplink component carrier.

## 6.2B.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink assigned per band, the requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply for each uplink component carrier.

## 6.2B.4 Configured output power for NR-DC

#### 6.2B.4.1 Configured transmitted power level for NR-DC

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}$  and  $P_{CMAX,f,c,SCG}$  for the respective MCG and SCG and its total configured maximum output power for NR-DC operation  $P_{Total}^{NR-DC} = 10log10(\hat{P}_{Total}^{NR-DC})$  with  $\hat{P}_{Total}^{NR-DC}$  as specified in clause 7.6.2 of [8]. The UE is configured with an inter-CG power sharing mode by NR-DC-PC-mode. The requirements apply for one uplink serving cell configured per CG and for asynchronous and synchronous NR-DC if not otherwise stated.

Unless otherwise stated, the configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}(q)$  in physical-channel q for carrier f of serving cell c shall be set within the bounds if contained in the MCG,

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG}}(q) \le P_{\text{CMAX,f,c,MCG}}(q) \le P_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,MCG}}(q)$$

and the corresponding  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}(q)$  for a serving cell contained in the SCG,

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}}(q) \le P_{\text{CMAX,f,c,SCG}}(q) \le P_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG}}(q)$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG}$ ,  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG}$ ,  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG}$  are the limits for a serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2.4 modified as follows:

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG} = MIN\{MIN(P_{EMAX,c}~,~P_{EMAX,NR-DC},P_{NR}) - \Delta T_{C,c}~, & (P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass}) - MAX(MAX(MPR_c + \Delta MPR_c) + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_{C,c} + \Delta T_{RxSRS}, P-MPR_c)\} \end{split}$$

$$P_{CMAX\_H,f,c,MCG} = MIN\{P_{EMAX,c}, P_{EMAX,NR\text{-DC}}, P_{NR}, P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass}\}$$

for the MCG and

$$\begin{split} P_{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG} = MIN\{MIN(P_{EMAX,c}\;,\;P_{EMAX,NR\text{-DC}},P_{NR}) - \Delta T_{C,c}\;,\;(P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass}) - MAX(MAX(MPR_c + \Delta MPR_c) + \Delta T_{B,c} + \Delta T_{C,c} + \Delta T_{RxSRS},\;P\text{-MPR}_c)\} \end{split}$$

$$P_{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG} = MIN\{P_{EMAX,c}, P_{EMAX,NR-DC}, P_{NR}, P_{PowerClass} - \Delta P_{PowerClass}\}$$

for the SCG, where

- P<sub>EMAX,NR-DC</sub> is the value given by the field *p-UE-FR1* of the *PhysicalCellGroupConfig* IE for the MCG as defined in [7];
- P<sub>NR</sub> is the value given by the field *p-NR-FR1* of the *PhysicalCellGroupConfig* IE as defined in [7];
- P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2B.1.3-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2B.1.3-1;
- ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> is the additional tolerance for serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2B.4.2 for NR-DC; ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> = 0 dB otherwise;
- $\Delta T_{C,c} = 1.5 dB$  when NOTE 2 in Table 6.2B.1.3-1 applies for a serving cell c, otherwise  $\Delta T_{C,c} = 0 dB$ ;
- $\Delta$ MPR<sub>c</sub> for serving cell c is specified in clause 6.2.2.
- $\Delta P_{PowerClass} = 0$  dB for a power class 3 capable UE.

For a UE provided with *NR-DC-PC-mode* = *Semi-static-mode*1,

$$P_{Total}^{NR-DC} = MIN\{P_{EMAX, NR-DC}, P_{PowerClass}\} + 0.3 dB$$

with  $P_{PowerClass}$  set to power class 3 in case the UE indicates a higher power class in any CG. The UE determines the maximum transmission power for the MCG and the SCG using the respective configured maximum power  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}$  and  $P_{CMAX,f,c,SCG}$ .

If for synchronous NR-DC operation a UE is provided NR-DC-PC-mode = Semi-static-mode 2, the  $P_{Total}^{NR-DC}$  is determined as above and

- if at least one symbol of slot i<sub>1</sub> of the MCG/SCG is indicated as uplink or flexible to a UE by tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon and tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated, if provided, overlaps with a symbol for any ongoing transmission overlapping with slot i<sub>2</sub> of the SCG/MCG, the UE determines a maximum power for the transmission on the SCG/MCG overlapping with slot i<sub>2</sub> using the configured maximum power P<sub>CMAX,f,c,SCG</sub> or P<sub>CMAX,f,c,MCG</sub> for the SCG or MSG, respectively,
- otherwise (i.e. an ongoing transmission overlapping with slot  $i_2$  of the SCG/MCG overlaps with only semi-static downlink symbols within slot  $i_1$  of the MCG/SCG), the UE determines a maximum power for the transmission on MCG or the SCG overlapping with slot  $i_2$  using the configured maximum power as specified in clause 6.2.4.

If a UE indicates a capability for dynamic power sharing between the MCG and the SCG and is provided with NR-DC-PC-mode = Dynamic,

$$P_{Total}^{NR-DC} = MIN\{P_{EMAX, NR-DC}, P_{PowerClass}\}$$

with  $P_{PowerClass}$  set to power class 3 in case the UE indicates a higher power class in any CG. The UE determines the maximum transmission power for the MCG and the SCG using the respective configured maximum power  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}$  and  $P_{CMAX,f,c,SCG}$  except

if UE transmission(s) in slot i<sub>1</sub> of the MCG or in slot i<sub>2</sub> of the SCG do not overlap in time with any UE transmission(s) on the SCG or the MCG, respectively, the UE determines a maximum transmission power in slot i<sub>1</sub> of the MCG or in slot i<sub>2</sub> of the SCG using the configured maximum power as specified in clause 6.2.4.

If a UE indicates a capability to determine a total transmission power on the SCG at a first symbol of a transmission occasion on the SCG by determining transmissions on the MCG as specified in clause 7.6.2 of [8], and is provided with NR-DC-PC-mode = Dynamic,

$$P_{Total}^{NR-DC} = MIN\{P_{EMAX, NR-DC}, P_{PowerClass}\}$$

with  $P_{PowerClass}$  set to power class 3 in case the UE indicates a higher power class in any CG. The UE determines the maximum transmission power for the MCG and the SCG using the respective configured maximum power  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}$  and  $P_{CMAX,f,c,SCG}$ .

The measured total maximum output power  $P_{UMAX}$  over both CGs measured over the transmission reference time duration is

$$P_{\text{UMAX}} = 10 \log_{10} (p_{\text{UMAX},c,\text{MCG}} + p_{\text{UMAX},c,\text{SCG}}),$$

where  $p_{UMAX,c,MSG}$  and  $p_{UMAX,c,SCG}$  denote the measured output power of serving cells c contained in the respective MSG and SCG expressed in linear scale.

The measured total configured maximum output power P<sub>UMAX</sub> shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\ L}$$
 - $T_{LOW}$  ( $P_{CMAX\ L}$ )  $\leq P_{UMAX} \leq P_{CMAX\ H} + T_{HIGH}$  ( $P_{CMAX\ H}$ )

with the tolerances T<sub>LOW</sub>(P<sub>CMAX</sub> H) and T<sub>HIGH</sub>(P<sub>CMAX</sub> H) for applicable values of P<sub>CMAX</sub> specified in Table 6.2B.4.1.3-2.

When a subframe p on the MSG overlap with a physical-channel q on the SCG, then for  $P_{UMAX}$  evaluation, the subframe p on the MCG is taken as reference period  $T_{REF}$  and always considered as the reference measurement duration and the following rules are applicable.

 $T_{REF}$  and  $T_{eval}$  are specified in Table 6.2B.4.1.3-1 when same or different subframe and physical-channel durations are used on the carriers. The  $P_{PowerClass}$  shall not be exceeded by the UE during any evaluation period of time.

Table 6.2B.4.1.3-1: P<sub>CMAX</sub> evaluation window

Transmission duration	T <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>eval</sub>
Different transmission duration in different CG carriers	MCG subframe	MIN( <i>T<sub>no_hopping</sub></i> , Physical Channel Length)

For each  $T_{REF}$ , the  $P_{CMAX\_H}$  is evaluated per  $T_{eval}$  and given by the maximum value over the transmission(s) within the  $T_{eval}$  as follows:

$$P_{\text{CMAX H}} = \text{MAX}\{P_{\text{CMAX NR-DC H}}(p,q), P_{\text{CMAX NR-DC H}}(p,q+1), \dots, P_{\text{CMAX NR-DC H}}(p,q+n)\}$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_NR-DC\_H}$  entries are the applicable upper limits for each overlapping scheduling unit pairs (p,q), (p,q+1), up to (p,q+n) for each applicable  $T_{eval}$  duration, where q+n is the last physical-channel on the SCG overlapping with subframe p on the MCG, while  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is computed as follows:

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}(p,q), P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}(p,q+1), \dots, P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}(p,q+n)\}$$

where  $P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}$  entries are the applicable lower limits for each overlapping scheduling unit pairs (p,q), (p,q+1) up to (p,q+n) for each applicable  $T_{\text{eval}}$  duration, where q+n is the last physical-channel on the SCG overlapping with subframe p on the MCG.

For a UE provided with NR-DC-PC-mode = Semi-static-mode1 and configured with  $p_{NR,MCG} + p_{NR,SCG} \le \hat{P}_{Total}^{NR-DC}$  with  $p_{NR,MCG}$  and  $p_{NR,SCG}$  the values of the  $P_{NR}$  for the respective MCG and SCG expressed in linear scale

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}(p,q) = 10 \log_{10} \left[ p_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG}}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}}(q) \right]$$

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_H}}(p,q) = 10 \log_{10} [p_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,MCG}}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG}}(q)]$$

with p<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG</sub>, p<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG</sub>, p<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG</sub> and p<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG</sub> the values of the respective P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG</sub>, P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG</sub>, and P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG</sub> expressed in linear scale, while the measured configured maximum power P<sub>UMAX</sub> for each CG shall meet the requirements as specified in clause 6.2.4 but with bounds for P<sub>CMAX,f,c,MCG</sub> (p) and P<sub>CMAX,f,c,SCG</sub> as specified in this clause.

If for synchronized NR-DC a UE is provided with NR-DC-PC-mode = Semi-static-mode2 and configured with  $p_{NR,MCG} + p_{NR,SCG} \le \hat{P}_{rotal}^{NR-DC}$  with  $p_{NR,MCG}$  and  $p_{NR,SCG}$  the linear-scale values of the  $P_{NR}$  for the respective MCG and SCG

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}(p,q) = 10 \log_{10} [p_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG}}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}}(q)]$$

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_H}}(p,q) = 10 \log_{10} \left[ p_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,MCG}}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG}}(q) \right]$$

while the measured configured maximum power  $P_{UMAX}$  for each CG shall meet the requirements specified in Table 6.2.4-2 but with bounds for  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}(p)$  and  $P_{CMAX,f,c,SCG}$  as specified in this clause except

- if an ongoing transmission overlapping with physical channel q of the SCG or subframe p of the MCG overlaps with only semi-static downlink symbols within the respective subframe p of the MCG or physical channel q of the SCG as indicated to a UE by tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon and tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated, if provided,

then the measured configured maximum power  $P_{\text{UMAX}}$  for the transmission subframe p on the MCG or physical channel q on the SCG shall meet the requirements as specified in clause 6.2.4 and with bounds for  $P_{\text{CMAX},f,c,\text{MCG}}(p)$  or  $P_{\text{CMAX},f,c,\text{SCG}}$  as specified in clause 6.2.4.

For a UE provided with NR-DC-PC-mode = Dynamic,

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_L}}(p,q) = \text{MIN}\{10 \log_{10} [p_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,MCG}}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}}(q)], P_{Total}^{NR-DC}\}$$

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_NR-DC\_H}}(p,q) = \text{MIN}\{10 \log_{10} \left[ p_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,MCG}}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG}}(q) \right], P_{Total}^{NR-DC} \}$$

while the measured configured maximum power  $P_{UMAX}$  on the MCG shall meet the requirements as specified in clause 6.2.4-2 but with bounds for  $P_{CMAX,f,c,MCG}(p)$  as specified in this clause, and the  $P_{UMAX}$  on the SCG shall be within

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c} \ - \ MAX\{T_{L,c}, T(P_{CMAX\_L,f,c})\} \ \leq \ P_{UMAX,f,c} \ \leq \ P_{CMAX\_H,f,c} \ + \ T(P_{CMAX\_H,f,c}).$$

where

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c}} = \text{MIN}\{P_{\text{CMAX\_L,f,c,SCG}}(p), 10 \log_{10}(\hat{P}_{\textit{Total}}^{\textit{NR-DC}} - p_{\text{NR,MSG}})\}$$

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c}} = \text{MIN}\{P_{\text{CMAX\_H,f,c,SCG}}(p), 10 \log_{10}(\hat{P}_{\textit{Total}}^{\textit{NR-DC}} - p_{\text{NR,MSG}})\}$$

with limits as specified in Table 6.2.4-2 and p<sub>NR,MCG</sub> the value of the P<sub>NR</sub> for the MCG expressed in linear scale.

Table 6.2B.4.1.3-2: P<sub>CMAX</sub> tolerance for NR-DC

Р <sub>смах</sub> (dВm)	Tolerance Tolerance TLOW (PCMAX_L) (dB) THIGH (PCMAX_H) (dB)						
23 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> ≤ 33	3.0	2.0					
22 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 23	5.0	2.0					
21 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 22	5.0	3.0					
20 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 21	6.0	4.0					
16 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 20		5.0					
11 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 16	6.0						
-40 ≤ P <sub>CMAX</sub> < 11		7.0					

NOTE 1: For UEs provided with NR-DC-PC-mode = Semi-static-mode1 or with NR-DC-PC-mode = Semi-static-mode2, the upper tolerance  $T_{high}$  shall be reduced by 0.3 dB for  $P \ge 20$  dBm.

#### 6.2B.4.2 $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink carrier assigned per NR band, the  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 6.2A.4.2 applies.

## 6.2C Transmitter power for SUL

## 6.2C.1 Configured transmitted power for SUL

When a UE is configured with both NR UL and NR SUL carriers in a serving cell with active transmission either on the UL carrier or SUL carrier, the configured transmit power requirements specified in clause 6.2.4 are applicable for the UL carrier and the SUL carrier, respectively.

### 6.2C.2 $\Delta T_{IB.c}$

For the UE which supports SUL band combination,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  in Tables below applies. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta T_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

Table 6.2C.2-1: ΔT<sub>IB,c</sub> due to SUL

Band combination for SUL	NR Band	ΔT <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
SUL_n41-n80	n41	0.31
		0.82
	n80	0.5
SUL_n41-n81	n41	0.3
	n81	0.3
SUL_n77-n80	n77	0.8
	n80	0.6
SUL_n77-n84	n77	0.8
	n84	0.6
SUL_n78-n80	n78	0.8
	n80	0.6
SUL_n78-n81	n78	0.8
	n81	0.6
SUL_n78-n82	n78	0.8
	n82	0.6
SUL_n78-n83	n78	0.8
	n83	0.5
SUL_n78-n84	n78	0.8
	n84	0.3
SUL_n78-n86	n78	0.8
	n86	0.6

NOTE 1: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2515 – 2690 MHz.

NOTE 2: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496 - 2515 MHz.

## 6.2D Transmitter power for UL MIMO

## 6.2D.1 UE maximum output power for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth is specified in Table 6.2D.1-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting UL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from both UE antenna connectors. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms).

The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations of using 2-layer UL MIMO transmission with codebook of  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . DCI Format for UE configured in PUSCH transmission mode for uplink single-user MIMO shall be used.

Table 6.2D.1-1: UE Power Class for UL MIMO in closed loop spatial multiplexing scheme

NR band	Class 1.5 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
n1					23	+2/-3		
n2					23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
n3					23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
n7					23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
n25					23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
n30					23	+2/-3		
n34					23	+2/-3		
n38					23	+2/-3		
n39					23	+2/-3		
n40					23	+2/-3		
n41	29	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>	26	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>	23	+2/-3 <sup>1</sup>		
n48					23	+2/-3		
n66					23	+2/-3		
n70					23	+2/-3		
n71					23	+2/-3		
n77			26	+2/-3	23	+2/-3		
n78			26	+2/-3	23	+2/-3		
n79			26	+2/-3	23	+2/-3		

NOTE 1: The transmission bandwidths confined within F<sub>UL\_low</sub> and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> + 4 MHz or F<sub>UL\_high</sub> - 4 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub>, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB NOTE 2: Power class 3 is the default power class unless otherwise stated

Table 6.2D.1-2: UL MIMO configuration in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

Transmission scheme	DCI format	Number of layers	TPMI index				
Codebook based uplink	DCI format 0_1	2	0				
NOTE 1: The UE is configured with one SRS resource with the parameter <i>nrofSRS-Ports</i> set to 2.							

For UE support uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx) for UL MIMO, the maximum output power requirements specified in Table 6.2D.1-1 shall be met with the PUSCH configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-3, based upon UE's support of uplink full power transmission mode.

Table 6.2D.1-3: PUSCH Configuration for uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx)

ULFPTx	Transmission scheme	DCI format	Modulation	Number	Number of	TPMI
Mode				of layers	Tx Port	index
Mode-1	Codebook based uplink	DCI format 0_1	DFT-s-OFDM, CP-OFDM NOTE3	1	2	2
Mode-2	Codebook based uplink	DCI format 0_1	DFT-s-OFDM, CP-OFDM	1	2	0 or 1 <sup>NOTE2</sup>
Mode-full	Codebook based uplink	DCI format 0_1	DFT-s-OFDM, CP-OFDM	1	2	0,1
power						

NOTE 1: The UE is configured with one SRS resource with the parameter *nrofSRS-Ports* set to 2.

NOTE 2: TPMI index selected shall be based upon the full power TPMI reported by the UE [8, TS 38.213].

NOTE 3: For PUSCH configured with ULFPTxModes set to Mode-1, all the transmitter requirement for CP-OFDM based modulation is not needed to be verified if the requirement for UL MIMO has been validated.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.1 apply for the power class as indicated by the *ue-PowerClass* field in capability signalling.

## 6.2D.2 UE maximum output power reduction for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2D.1-1 is specified in Table 6.2.2-1. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations defined in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting UL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from both UE antenna connectors.

For UE support uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx) for UL MIMO, the allowed MPR for the maximum output power in Table 6.2D.1-1 is specified in Table 6.2.2-1, and the requirements shall be met with the PUSCH configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-3, based upon UE's support of uplink full power transmission mode.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2D.4 apply.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply for the power class as indicated by the *ue-PowerClass* field in capability signaling.

## 6.2D.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the A-MPR values specified in clause 6.2.3 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2D.1-1. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting UL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from both UE antenna connector. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For UE support uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx) for UL MIMO, the A-MPR values specified in clause 6.2.3 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2D.1-1. The requirements shall be met with the PUSCH configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-3, based upon UE's support of uplink full power transmission mode.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2D.4 apply.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.4 apply for the power class as indicated by the *ue-PowerClass* field in capability signaling.

## 6.2D.4 Configured transmitted power for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the transmitted power is configured per each UE.

The definitions of configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$ , the lower bound  $P_{CMAX\_L,c}$ , and the higher bound  $P_{CMAX\_H,c}$  specified in clause 6.2.4 shall apply to UE supporting UL MIMO, where

- $P_{PowerClass}$ ,  $\Delta P_{PowerClass}$  and  $\Delta T_{C,c}$  are specified in clause 6.2.4 unless otherwise stated;
- MPR<sub>c</sub> is specified in clause 6.2D.2;
- A-MPR<sub>c</sub> is specified in clause 6.2D.3.

The measured configured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX,c}$  for serving cell c shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,c} - \ MAX\{T_L, T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L,c})\} \ \leq \ P_{UMAX,c} \leq \ P_{CMAX\_H,c} + \ T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H,c})$$

where  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L,c})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX\_H,c})$  are defined as the tolerance and applies to  $P_{CMAX\_L,c}$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,c}$  separately, while  $T_L$  is the absolute value of the lower tolerance in Table 6.2D.1-1 for the applicable operating band.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2D.4-1. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2.

For UE support uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx) for UL MIMO, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2D.4-1. The requirements shall be met with the PUSCH configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-3, based upon UE's support of uplink full power transmission mode.

Tolerance  $P_{CMAX,c}$ Tolerance (dBm)  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX\_L,c})$  (dB) THIGH(PCMAX\_H,c) (dB) 3.0 2.0  $P_{CMAX,c} = 26$ 3.0 2.0  $23 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 26$ 5.0 2.0  $22 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 23$ 5.0 3.0  $21 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 22$ 6.0 4.0  $20 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 21$ 5.0  $16 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 20$  $11 \le P_{\text{CMAX},c} < 16$ 6.0  $-40 \le P_{\text{CMAX},c} < 11$ 7.0

Table 6.2D.4-1: P<sub>CMAX,c</sub> tolerance in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.2.4 apply for the power class as indicated by the *ue-PowerClass* field in capability signaling.

## 6.2E Transmitter power for V2X

## 6.2E.1 UE maximum output power for V2X

#### 6.2E.1.1 General

When NR V2X UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the allowed NR V2X UE maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2.1-1 in clause 6.2.1.

When a UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions in NR Band n47, the V2X UE shall meet the following additional requirements for transmission within the frequency ranges 5855-5925 MHz:

- The maximum mean power spectral density shall be restricted to 23 dBm/MHz EIRP when the network signaling value NS\_33 is indicated.

where the network signaling values are specified in clause 6.2E.3.

NOTE: The PSD limit in EIRP shall be converted to conducted requirement depend on the supported post antenna connector gain G<sub>post connector</sub> declared by the UE following the principle described in annex I in [11].

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the maximum output power requirements in Table 6.2E.1.1-1 shall be met with the SL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2. The maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms).

Table 6.2E.1.1-1: NR V2X UE Power Class for SL-MIMO

NR band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
n38					23	+2/-3		
n47					23	+2/-3		

If the UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements in Table 6.2.1-1 shall apply to the active antenna connector.

### 6.2E.1.2 UE maximum output power for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2E.1.1-1. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2E.1.2-1: NR V2X UE Power Class for inter-band con-current combination (two bands)

NR V2X con- current operating band Configuration	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
V2X_n71A-n47A					23	+2/-34		
NOTE 1: The con-current band combinations are used for NR V2X Service.  NOTE 2: P <sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance  NOTE 3: For inter-band con-current aggregation the maximum power requirement apply to the total transmitted power over all component carriers (per UE)								

over all component carriers (per UE).

NOTE 4: <sup>4</sup> refers to the transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F<sub>UL\_low</sub> and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> + 4 MHz or F<sub>UL\_high</sub> –

4 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub>, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB

## 6.2E.2 UE maximum output power reduction for V2X

#### 6.2E.2.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, this clause specifies the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) power for V2X physical channels and signals due to PSCCH/PSSCH, PSFCH and S-SSB transmission.

#### 6.2E.2.2 MPR for Power class 3 V2X UE

For contiguous allocation of PSCCH and PSSCH simultaneous transmission, the allowed MPR for the maximum output power for NR V2X physical channels PSCCH and PSSCH shall be as specified in Table 6.2E.2.2-1 for Power class 3 NR V2X UE.

Table 6.2E.2.2-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for power class 3 NR V2X

Modulation		Channel bandwidth/MPR (dB)		
		Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations	
CP- OFDM	QPSK	≤ 4.5	≤ 2.5	
	16QAM	≤ 4.5	≤ 2.5	
	64 QAM	≤ 4.5		
	256 QAM	≤ .	7.0	

Where the following parameters are defined to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Outer and Inner RB allocations:

N<sub>RB</sub> is the maximum number of RBs for a given Channel bandwidth and sub-carrier spacing defined in Table 5.3.2-1.

$$RB_{Start,Low} = max(1, \, floor(L_{CRB}/2))$$

where max() indicates the largest value of all arguments and floor(x) is the greatest integer less than or equal to x.

$$RB_{Start, High} = N_{RB} - RB_{Start, Low} - L_{CRB}$$

The RB allocation is an Inner RB allocation if the following conditions are met

$$RB_{Start,Low} \leq RB_{Start} \leq RB_{Start,High},$$
 and

$$L_{CRB} \leq ceil(N_{RB}/2)$$

where ceil(x) is the smallest integer greater than or equal to x.

The RB allocation is an Outer RB allocation for all other allocations which are not an Inner RB allocation.

For PSFCH with single RB transmission for PC3 NR V2X UE, the required MPR is defined as follow

$$MPR_{PSFCH} = 3.5 dB$$

For contiguous and non-contiguous allocation for simultaneous PSFCH transmission for PC3 NR V2X UE, the required MPR are specified as follow

$$MPR_{PSFCH} = CEIL \{M_{A_PSFCH}, 0.5\}$$

Where M<sub>A PSFCH</sub> is defined as follows

$$\begin{split} M_{A\_PSFCH} = \ 7.5 & ; 0.00 < N_{Gap}/N_{RB} \leq 0.55 \\ = \ 12.0 & ; 0.55 < N_{Gap}/N_{RB} \leq 1.0 \end{split}$$

Where,

 $N_{\text{Gap}}$  is the gap RB amount between  $RB_{\text{start}}$  and  $RB_{\text{end}}$  for contiguous and non-contiguous allocation simultaneous PSFCH transmission. ( $N_{\text{Gap}} = RB_{\text{end}} - RB_{\text{start}}$ )

CEIL $\{M_A, 0.5\}$  means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB.

The allowed MPR for the maximum output power for NR V2X physical channels on S-SSB transmission shall be specified in Table 6.2E.2.2-2.

Table 6.2E.2.2-2: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for S-SSB transmission for power class 3 NR V2X

Channel	MPR <sub>S-SSB</sub> (dB)		
	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations	
S-SSB	≤ 6.0	≤ 2.5	

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) values specified in clause 6.2E.2 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2E.1.1-1. The requirements shall be met with SL MIMO configurations defined in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting SL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from each UE antenna connector.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2E.4 apply.

#### 6.2E.2.3 MPR for Power class 3 V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the allowed maximum power reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power shall be applied per each component carrier. The MPR requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply for NR Uu operation in licensed band, and the MPR requirements in in clause 6.2E.2 apply for NR sidelink operation in licensed band or Band n47.

## 6.2E.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction for V2X

#### 6.2E.3.1 General

For the applied maximum output power reduction is obtained by taking the maximum value of MPR requirements specified in clause 6.2E.2 and A-MPR requirements specified in clause 6.2E.3.

Additional emission requirements can be indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters. Each additional emission requirement is associated with a unique network signalling (NS) value indicated in RRC signalling by an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band and an associated value in the field [additionalSpectrumEmission]. Throughout this specification, the notion of indication or signalling of an NS value refers to the corresponding indication of an NR V2X frequency band number of the applicable operating band, the IE field [freqBandIndicatorNR] and an associated value of [additionalSpectrumEmission] in the relevant RRC information elements [7].

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2.1-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is

max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2E.2. Outer and inner allocation notation used in clause 6.2E.3 is defined in clause 6.2E.2. In absence of modulation and waveform types the A-MPR applies to all modulation and waveform types.

Table 6.2E.3.1-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) for PC3 NR V2X

Network Signalling value	Requirements (clause)	NR Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01		Table 5.2E.1- 1	10, 20, 30, 40	Table 5.3.2-1	N/A
NS_33	6.5E.2.3.1 (A-SEM) 6.5E.3.4 (A-SE)	n47	10	Clause	6.2E.3.2
NS_52	6.5E.2.3.2 (A-SEM)	n47	40	Clause	6.2E.3.3

Table 6.2E.3.1-2: Mapping of network signaling label

NR V2X operating bands		Value of additionalSpectrumEmission						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
n38	NS_01							
n47	NS_01	NS_33	NS_52					
NOTE:	[additionalSpe	IditionalSpectrumEmission] corresponds to an information element of the same name defined in clause						
	6.3.2 of TS 38.	331 [7].	•					

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the A-MPR values specified in clause 6.2.3 shall apply to the maximum output power specified in Table 6.2E.1-1. The requirements shall be met with the SL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2. For UE supporting SL MIMO, the maximum output power is defined as the sum of the maximum output power from each UE antenna connector. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2E.4 apply.

#### 6.2E.3.2 A-MPR for Power class 3 V2X UE by NS\_33

When NS\_33 is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the additional maximum output power reduction specified as

$$A-MPR = CEIL \{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where M<sub>A</sub> is defined as follows

$$M_A = A\text{-}MPR_{Base} + G_{post\;connector} * A\text{-}MPR_{Step}$$

CEIL $\{M_A, 0.5\}$  means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB.

A-MPR<sub>Base</sub> and A-MPR<sub>Step</sub> are specified in Tables 6.2E.3-1, 6.2E.3-2 is allowed when network signalling value is provided. A-MPR<sub>Base</sub> is the default A-MPR value when no  $G_{post\ connector}$  is declared. The supported post antenna connector gain  $G_{post\ connector}$  is declared by the UE following the principle described in annex I in [11]. The A-MPR<sub>step</sub> is the increase in A-MPR allowance to allow UE to meet tighter conducted A-SE and A-SEM requirements with higher value of declared  $G_{post\ connector}$ .

For the contiguous PSSCH and PSCCH transmission when NS\_33 is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the NR UE allow the follow A-MPR requirements.

Table 6.2E.3.2-1: A-MPR for PSSCH/PSCCH by NS\_33 (at Fc =5860MHz)

Carrier frequency [MHz]	Resources Blocks (LCRB)	Start Resource Block	A-MI	PR <sub>Base</sub> (dB)	
			QPSK/16QAM	64QAM	256QAM
5860	≥ 10 and ≤ 15	0		≤ 24	
		≥ 1 and ≤ 3		≤19	
	≥ 10 and ≤ 15	≥ 26 and ≤ 38		≤6	
	≥ 10 and ≤ 15	≥38		≤ 6	
	≥ 10 and ≤ 20	≥ 12 and ≤ 14		≤11	
		≥ 15 and ≤ 19	≤9.5		
		≥ 20 and ≤ 25		≤8.0	
	> 15 and < 25	≥ 25		≤ 8	
	≥ 10 and < 40	≥ 4 and ≤7	≤ 16		
		≥ 8 and ≤ 11		≤ 13.5	
	≥ 20 and < 40	≥ 0 and ≤ 3		≤ 22	
	≥ 25 and < 40	≥ 16 and ≤ 21		≤ 9.5	
		≥ 22 and ≤ 27	≤ 8.0		
	≥ 24 and ≤ 40	≥ 12 and ≤ 15		≤ 12	
	40 and 45	0 and 1		≤ 19	
		≥ 2 and ≤ 5		≤ 16	
		≥ 6 and ≤ 11		≤ 13.5	
	>45	≥ 0		≤ 16	

NOTE 1: A-MPR<sub>step</sub> = 1.2 dB is applied for RB<sub>start</sub> 0 and 1 and A-MPR<sub>step</sub> = 0.7 dB is applied for all other RB<sub>start</sub>

NOTE 2: Applicable for Channel Bandwidth = 10 MHz

Table 6.2E.3.2-2: A-MPR for PSSCH/PSCCH by NS\_33 (at other carrier frequency)

Carrier frequency [MHz]	RB allocations	A-MPR <sub>Base</sub> (dB)			A-MPR <sub>step</sub> (dB)	
		QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	256QAM	
5870, 5880, 5890, 5900, 5910, 5920	Inner	⊻	3.0	≤ 5.0	≤ 6.0	0.5
	Outer	≤	4.5			

NOTE 1: Inner and Outer RB allocations are defined in clause 6.2E.2.1

NOTE 2: Applicable for Channel Bandwidth = 10 MHz

For the simultaneous PSFCH transmission when NS $_33$  is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the NR UE allow the follow A-MPR requirements

Table 6.2E.3.2-3: A-MPR for simultaneous PSFCH by NS\_33

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Center Frequency [MHz]	RB allocation	A-MPR <sub>Base</sub> (dB)			A-MPR <sub>step</sub> (dB)
			0 ≤ N <sub>Gap</sub> / N <sub>RB</sub> < 0.15	0.15≤ N <sub>Gap</sub> / N <sub>RB</sub> < 0.3	0.3≤ N <sub>Gap</sub> / N <sub>RB</sub> ≤ 1	
10	5860	N <sub>RB</sub> =1		19.0	•	1.0
		N <sub>RB</sub> > 1		22.0		
	5870, 5880,	N <sub>RB</sub> =1		5		0.8
	5890, 5900, 5910, 5920	N <sub>RB</sub> > 1	14	7	18.5	

Note 1: N<sub>Gap</sub> is the gap RB amount between RB<sub>start</sub> and RB<sub>end</sub> for contiguous and non-contiguous allocation simultaneous PSFCH transmission. (N<sub>Gap</sub> = RB<sub>end</sub> - RB<sub>start</sub>)

For the S-SSB transmission when NS\_33 is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the NR UE allow the follow A-MPR requirements.

Table 6.2E.3.2-4: A-MPR for S-SSB transmission by NS\_33

Carrier Frequency (MHz)	RBStart * 12*SCS [MHz]	A-MPR <sub>Base</sub> (dB)	AMPR <sub>Step</sub> (dB)
5860	≤1.0	≤ 25	0.6
	>1.0 and ≤2.0	≤ 19	
	>2.0 and ≤3.24	≤ 12	
	>3.24 and ≤3.6	≤ 10	
	>3.6	≤ 9	
5870, 5880, 5890, 5900, 5910, 5920	≤1.0	≤ 7.0	0.85
	>1.0 and ≤1.6	≤ 6.5	
	>1.6 and ≤2.6	≤ 5.8	
	>2.6 and ≤3.24	≤ 4.5	
	>3.24 and ≤4.32	≤ 5.5	
	>4.32	≤ 6.5	

## 6.2E.3.3 A-MPR for Power class 3 V2X UE by NS\_52

When NS\_52 is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the additional maximum output power reduction specified as

A-MPR = CEIL 
$$\{M_A, 0.5\}$$

Where MA is defined as follows

$$M_A = A-MPR$$

CEIL $\{M_A, 0.5\}$  means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB.

For the contiguous PSSCH and PSCCH transmission when  $NS_52$  is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the NR UE allow the follow A-MPR requirements.

Table 6.2E.3.3-1: A-MPR for PSSCH/PSCCH by NS\_52

Carrier frequency(MHz)	Modulation	A-MPR(dB)		
		Region 1	Region 2	Region 3
5885	QPSK	≤ 15	≤ 8.0	≤ 5.5
	16QAM		≤ 8.0	≤ 5.5
	64QAM		≤ 8.5	≤ 5.5
	256QAM		≤ 8.5	≤ 6.0
Note1: Void.				

Where the following parameters are defined to specify valid RB allocation ranges for Region1, Region2 and Region3 according to RB allocations:

Table 6.2E.3.3-1a: A-MPR Region definitions for PSSCH/PSCCH by NS\_52

Channel Bandwidth, MHz	Carrier frequency (MHz)	A-MPR parameters for region definitions		A-MPR
		RB <sub>start</sub> or RB <sub>end</sub> L <sub>CRB</sub>		
40	5885	$RB_{start} \le floor(N_{RB}^*0.2) \text{ or } RB_{end} \ge N_{RB} - floor(N_{RB}^*0.2)$ $L_{CRB} \le floor(N_{RB}^*0.2)$		Region 1
		The RB allocation is in Region 2 allocation for all other allocations which are not a Region1 or Region3 allocation.		Region 2
		$floor(N_{RB}/3.5) \le RB_{start} \le N_{RB} - floor(N_{RB}/3.5) - L_{CRB}$	Lcrb ≤ceil(N <sub>RB</sub> /3.5)	Region 3

N<sub>RB</sub> is the maximum number of RBs for a given Channel bandwidth and sub-carrier spacing defined in Table 5.3.2-1 [3].

For the simultaneous PSFCH transmission when NS\_52 is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the NR UE allow the follow A-MPR requirements

Table 6.2E.3.3-2: A-MPR for simultaneous PSFCH by NS\_52

Channel Bandwidth [MHz]	Carrier frequency [MHz]	A-MPR (dB)
40 MHz	5885	23.5

For the S-SSB transmission when NS\_52 is indicated by the network or pre-configured radio parameters for NR V2X UE, the NR UE allow the follow A-MPR requirements

Table 6.2E.3.2-3: A-MPR for S-SSB transmission by NS\_52

Carrier Frequency [MHz]	RB <sub>Start</sub> * 12*SCS [MHz]	A-MPR (dB)
5885	≤ 7	≤ 16
	> 7 and ≤ 12	≤ 10.5
	> 12 and ≤ 19	≤ 4.0
	> 19 and ≤ 25	≤ 10.5
	> 25	≤ 16

### 6.2E.3.4 A-MPR for power class 3 V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the allowed additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) for the maximum output power shall be applied per each component carrier. The A-MPR requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply for NR Uu operation in licensed band, and the A-MPR requirements in in clause 6.2E.3 apply for NR sidelink operation in Band n47.

## 6.2E.4 Configured transmitted power for V2X

#### 6.2E.4.1 General

The NR V2X UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  for carrier f of serving cell c in each slot. The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,f,c}$  is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,f,c} \leq P_{CMAX,f,c} \leq P_{CMAX\_H,f,c}$$
 with

 $P_{CMAX\_L,f,\ c} = MIN \left\{ P_{EMAX,c} - \Delta T_{C,c}, \ P_{PowerClass} - - MAX(MAX(MPR_c,\ A-MPR_c) + \Delta T_{IB,c} + \Delta T_{C,c},\ P-MPR_c), \ P_{Regulatory,c} \ \right\}$ 

 $P_{CMAX_H,f,c} = MIN \{P_{EMAX,c}, P_{PowerClass}, P_{Regulatory} \}$ 

#### where

- P<sub>CMAX,f,c</sub> is configured for PSSCH\PSCCH, S-SSB and PSFCH, respectively;
- For the total transmitted power  $P_{CMAX,PSSCH/PSCCH}$ ,  $P_{EMAX,c}$  is the value given by IE *sl-maxTxPower*, defined by TS 38.331, when the UE is not associated with a serving cell on the NR V2X carrier.
- P<sub>PowerClass</sub> is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.1-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.1-1;
- MPR<sub>c</sub> and A-MPR<sub>c</sub> for serving cell c are specified in clause 6.2E.2 and clause 6.2E.3 for PSSCH\PSCCH, S-SSB and PSFCH, respectively;
  - $\Delta T_{IB,c}$ ,  $\Delta T_{C,c}$ , and P-MPR<sub>c</sub> are specified in clause 6.2.4
  - $P_{Regulatory,c} = 10$   $G_{post\ connector}\ dBm\ the\ V2X\ UE$  is within the protected zone [12] of CEN DSRC tolling system and operating in Band n47;  $P_{Regulatory,c} = 33$   $G_{post\ connector}\ dBm\ otherwise$ .

The maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,PSSCH}$  and  $P_{CMAX,PSSCH}$  are derived from  $P_{CMAX,c}$  based on 0dB PSD offset between PSSCH and PSCCH.

For the measured configured maximum output power  $P_{UMAX,c}$  for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions, the same requirement as in clause 6.2.4 shall be applied.

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the transmitted power is configured per each UE.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2E.4.1-1. The requirements shall be met with SL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2.

If the UE transmits on two antenna connectors at the same time, the tolerance is specified in Table 6.2E.4.1-1.

Tolerance Tolerance P<sub>CMAX,c</sub> (dBm) TLOW(PCMAX\_L,c) (dB) THIGH(PCMAX\_H,c) (dB)  $P_{CMAX,c} = 26$ 3.0 2.0 2.0  $23 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 26$ 3.0  $\overline{22} \le P_{\text{CMAX},c} < 23$ 5.0 2.0  $21 \le P_{\text{CMAX},c} < 22$ 3.0 5.0  $20 \le P_{\text{CMAX},c} < 21$ 4.0 6.0  $16 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 20$ 5.0  $11 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 16$ 6.0  $-40 \le P_{CMAX,c} < 11$ 7.0

Table 6.2E.4.1-1: P<sub>CMAX,c</sub> tolerance schemes for MIMO

### 6.2E.4.2 Configured transmitted power for V2X con-current operation

When a UE is configured for simultaneous NR V2X sidelink and NR uplink transmissions for inter-band con-current operation, the UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c,NR}$  and  $P_{CMAX,c,V2X}$  for the configured NR uplink carrier and the configured NR V2X carrier, respectively, and its total configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX,c}$ .

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX c,NR}(p)$  in slot p for the configured NR uplink carrier shall be set within the bounds:

$$P_{CMAX\_L,c,NR}(p) \le P_{CMAX,c,NR}(p) \le P_{CMAX\_H,c,NR}(p)$$

where P<sub>CMAX</sub> L<sub>c,NR</sub> and P<sub>CMAX</sub> H<sub>c,NR</sub> are the limits for a serving cell c as specified in clause 6.2.4.

The configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX c, V2X}(q)$  in slot q for the configured NR V2X carrier shall be set within the bounds:

$$P_{CMAX,c,V2X}(q) \leq P_{CMAX H,c,V2X}(q)$$

where P<sub>CMAX H.c.V2X</sub> is the limit as specified in clause 6.2E.4.

The total UE configured maximum output power  $P_{CMAX}(p,q)$  in a slot p of NR uplink carrier and a slot q of NR V2X sidelink that overlap in time shall be set within the following bounds for synchronous and asynchronous operation unless stated otherwise:

$$P_{CMAX L}(p,q) \leq P_{CMAX}(p,q) \leq P_{CMAX H}(p,q)$$

with

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_L}}(p,q) = P_{\text{CMAX\_L},c,NR}(p)$$

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_H}}(p,q) = 10 \log_{10} [p_{\text{CMAX\_H},c,NR}(p) + p_{\text{CMAX\_H},c,V2X}(q)]$$

where  $p_{CMAX\_H,c,VZX}$  and  $p_{CMAX\_H,c,NR}$  are the limits  $P_{CMAX\_H,c,VZX}(q)$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H,c,NR}(p)$  expressed in linear scale.

The measured total maximum output power P<sub>UMAX</sub> over both the NR uplink and NR V2X carriers is

$$P_{UMAX} = 10 \log_{10} [p_{UMAX,c,NR} + p_{UMAX,c,V2X}],$$

where  $p_{UMAX,c,NR}$  denotes the measured output power of serving cell c for the configured NR uplink carrier, and  $p_{UMAX,c,V2X}$  denotes the measured output power for the configured NR V2X carrier expressed in linear scale.

When a UE is configured for synchronous V2X sidelink and uplink transmissions,

$$P_{\text{CMAX\_L}}(p, q) - T_{\text{LOW}}\left(P_{\text{CMAX\_L}}(p, q)\right) \leq P_{\text{UMAX}} \leq P_{\text{CMAX\_H}}(p, q) + T_{\text{HIGH}}\left(P_{\text{CMAX\_H}}(p, q)\right)$$

where  $P_{CMAX\_L}(p,q)$  and  $P_{CMAX\_H}(p,q)$  are the limits for the pair (p,q) and with the tolerances  $T_{LOW}(P_{CMAX})$  and  $T_{HIGH}(P_{CMAX})$  for applicable values of  $P_{CMAX}$  specified in Table 6.2E.4-1.  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  may be modified for any overlapping portion of slots (p,q) and (p+1,q+1).

## 6.2F Transmitter power for shared spectrum channel access

## 6.2F.1 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth of shared spectrum channel access carrier unless otherwise stated. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2F.1-1: UE Power Class

NR band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 5 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
n46							20	+2/-3
n96							20	+2/-3
NOTE 4. D								

NOTE 1: PowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

NOTE 2: Power class 5 is default power class unless otherwise stated.

The UE operating shall meet the following additional requirements for maximum mean transmission power density specified in Table 6.2F.1-2 when NS is signaled and when transmission overlaps with any portion of the specified frequency range. In case transmission overlaps multiple frequency ranges, the lowest power density requirement applies.

4

-1

17

NR NS value Channel bandwidth Frequency range (MHz) Maximum mean power (MHz) density (dBm/MHz) **Band** n46 NS\_28 20, 40, 60, 80 5150 - 5350 5470 - 5725 5170 - 5330 NS 29 20 10 5490 - 5730 5170 - 5330 40 7 5490 - 5730 5170 - 5330 60, 80 4 5490 - 5730 NS 30 20, 40, 60, 80 5150 - 5350 11 5470 - 5725 NS\_31 20 5150 - 5230 10 5250 - 5350<del>5470</del> – 5725 5725 - 5850 5230 - 5250 4 40 5150 - 5230 5250 - 5350

5470 - 5725 5725 - 5850 5230 - 5250

5925 - 7125

5925 - 6425

6525 - 6875

Table 6.2F.1-2: Additional requirements for transmit power density

## 6.2F.1A UE maximum output power for CA

NS\_53

NS\_54

n96

### 6.2F.1A.1 UE maximum output power for inter-band CA

60, 80

20, 40, 60, 80

20, 40, 60, 80

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmitter power requirements in clause 6.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, UE maximum output power shall be measured over all component carriers from different bands. If each band has separate antenna connectors, maximum output power is defined as the sum of maximum output power from each UE antenna connector. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1 ms). The maximum output power is specified in Table 6.2F.1.3A-1.

Table 6.2F.1A.1-1 UE Power Class for uplink inter-band CA (two bands)

Uplink CA	Class 1	Tolerance	Class 2	Tolerance	Class 3	Tolerance	Class 4	Tolerance
Configuration	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dB)
CA n46A-n48A					23	+2/-32		

## 6.2F.2 UE maximum output power reduction

For UE maximum output power reduction, the general requirements of clause 6.2.2 do not apply but instead the UE is allowed to reduce the maximum output power due to higher order modulations and transmit bandwidth configurations for power class 5 according to Table 6.2F.2-1 and Table 6.2F.2-2.

Table 6.2F.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for shared spectrum access UE power class 5

Pre-codir	ıg	Modulation	RB All	ocation
			Full <sup>2</sup> (dB)	Partial <sup>3</sup> (dB)
DFT-s-ODI	-M	Pi/2 BPSK⁴	≤ 1.5	≤ 2.5
		QPSK	≤ 1.5	≤ 2.5
		16 QAM	≤ 2.0	≤ 3.0
		64 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 4.5
		256 QAM	≤ 5.0	≤ 5.5
CP-OFDI	Л	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3.5
		16 QAM	≤ 4.0	≤ 4.0
		64 QAM	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5
		256 QAM	≤ 7.0	≤ 7.0
NOTE 1: Th	e MPR	shall apply to all S	CS in all active 20	0 MHz sub-
ba	nds co	ntiguously allocated	I in the channel.	The MPR
ар	plies to	o interlaced allocation	ons with uplink re	source allocation
		specified in TS 38.		
		Illocation MPR appli		
		or all RB's in all sub		•
		allocated and sub-ba		ted according to
	_	ition A in Table 6.2F		
_	one or more sub-bands are not allocated or when the			
		ed sub-bands for wi	•	
		g to configuration B		<b></b>
NOTE 4: Ap	plicabl	e to Pi/2-BPSK mod	dulation when IE	

Table 6.2F.2-2 MPR mapping for wideband operation

powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 0.

Wideband operation channel bandwidth (MHz)	Sub-band configuration					
	A	В				
40	11	10, 01				
60	111, 011, 110, 001, 010, 100	None				
80	1111, 0111, 1110, 0110, 0001,	1100, 0011, 0100, 0010				
NOTE 4 TI II	1000	1.41. 1. 41.				

NOTE 1: The sub-band configuration is represented as a bitmap where '1' indicates that a sub-band is transmitted and '0' indicates a sub-band is not transmitted. The bitmap is ordered with MSB mapped to the lowest frequency sub-band and LSB mapped to highest frequency sub-band within the wideband channel.

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in clause 6.2F.4 apply.

## 6.2F.2A UE maximum output power reduction for CA

#### 6.2F.2A.1 UE maximum output power reduction for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.2 apply for the NR uplink carrier and clause 6.2F.2 for the carrier operating with shared spectrum access.

## 6.2F.3 UE additional maximum output power reduction

#### 6.2F.3.1 General

Additional emission requirements can be signalled by the network. Each additional emission requirement is associated with a unique network signalling (NS) value indicated in RRC signalling by an NR frequency band number of the applicable operating band and an associated value in the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*. Throughout this specification, the notion of indication or signalling of an NS value refers to the corresponding indication of an NR

frequency band number of the applicable operating band, the IE field freqBandIndicatorNR and an associated value of additionalSpectrumEmission in the relevant RRC information elements [7].

To meet the additional requirements, additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the maximum output power as specified in Table 6.2F.1-1. Unless stated otherwise, the total reduction to UE maximum output power is max(MPR, A-MPR) where MPR is defined in clause 6.2F.2.

Table 6.2F.3.1-1 specifies the additional requirements with their associated network signalling values and the allowed A-MPR and applicable operating band(s) for each NS value. The mapping of NR frequency band numbers and values of the additional Spectrum Emission to network signalling labels is specified in Table 6.2F.3.1-1A.

Table 6.2F.3.1-1: Additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR)

Network signalling label	Requirements (clause)	NR Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources blocks ( <i>N</i> <sub>RB</sub> )	A-MPR (clause)				
NS_01		n46, n96	20, 40, 60, 80		N/A				
NS_28		n46	20, 40, 60, 80		6.2F.3.2				
NS_29		n46	20, 40, 60, 80		6.2F.3.3				
NS_30		n46	20, 40, 60, 80		6.2F.3.4				
NS_31		n46	20, 40, 60, 80		6.2F.3.5				
NS_53		n96	20, 40, 60, 80		6.2F.3.6				
NS_54		n96	20, 40, 60, 80		6.2F.3.7				
NOTE 1: The A	NOTE 1: The A-MPR shall apply to all active 20 MHz sub-bands contiguously allocated in the channel.								

[The NS\_01 label with the field *additionalPmax* [7] absent is default for all NR bands.]

Table 6.2F.3.1-1A: Mapping of network signaling label

NR band		Value of additionalSpectrumEmission							
NK Dallu	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
n46	NS_01	NS_28	NS_29	NS_30	NS_31				
n96	NS_01	NS_53	NS_54						
NOTE: additionalSpectrumEmission corresponds to an information element of the same name defined in clause 6.3.2 of TS 38.331 [7].									

#### 6.2F.3.2 A-MPR for NS\_28

When "NS\_28" is indicated in the cell, the A-MPR is specified in Table 6.2F.3.2-1.

Table 6.2F.3.2-1: A-MPR for NS\_28 power class 5

Pre-coding	Modulation	RB Allocation (Note 2)		RB Allocation (Note 3)
		Full (dB)	Partial (dB)	Full/Partial
DFT-s-ODFM	QPSK	≤ 4.0	≤ 6.0	See Table 6.2F.2-1
	16 QAM	≤ 4.5	≤ 6.0	=
	64 QAM	≤ 4.5	≤ 6.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5	
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 6.0	≤ 7.0	
	16 QAM	≤ 6.0	≤ 7.5	
	64 QAM	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 7.0	≤ 7.5	

NOTE 1: Full allocation A-MPR applies when all RB's in a 20 MHz channel or all RB's in all sub-bands for wideband operation are fully allocated and all sub-bands are transmitted. Partial allocation A-MPR applies when one or more RB's in one or more sub-bands are not allocated or when not all transmitted sub-bands for wideband operation are transmitted.

NOTE 2: Applicable for 20 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5160, 5340, 5480, and 5700 MHz, 40 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5170, 5190, 5310, 5330, 5490, and 5510 MHz, 60 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5180, 5200, 5220, 5280, 5300, 5320, 5500, 5520, 5540, 5680 MHz, and 80 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5190, 5210, 5290, 5310, 5510, and 5530 MHz.

NOTE 3: Applicable for all valid channels other than those enumerated under NOTE 2.

#### 6.2F.3.3 A-MPR for NS 29

When "NS\_29" is indicated in the cell, the A-MPR is specified in Table 6.2F.3.3-1.

Table 6.2F.3.3-1: A-MPR for NS\_29 power class 5

Pre-coding	Modulation	Channel bandwidth (Sub-band allocation) / RB Allocation						
		20 MHz	40	MHz	60 MHz	2, 80 MHz		
		Full/Partial	Full (dB)	Partial (dB)	Full (dB)	Partial (dB)		
DFT-s-ODFM	QPSK	See Table 6.2F.2-1	≤ 2.0	≤ 4.0	≤ 4.0	≤ 6.0		
	16 QAM		≤ 2.5	≤ 4.0	≤ 4.0	≤ 6.0		
	64 QAM		≤ 3.5	≤ 4.0	≤ 4.5	≤ 6.0		
	256 QAM		≤ 5.0	≤ 5.5	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.0		
CP-OFDM	QPSK		≤ 3.5	≤ 4.5	≤ 4.0	≤ 6.0		
	16 QAM		≤ 4.0	≤ 4.5	≤ 4.0	≤ 6.0		
	64 QAM		≤ 5.5	≤ 5.0	≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5		
	256 QAM		≤ 7.0	≤ 6.5	≤ 7.0	≤ 7.0		

NOTE 1: Full allocation A-MPR applies when all RB's in a 20 MHz channel or all RB's in all sub-bands for wideband operation are fully allocated and all sub-bands are transmitted. Partial allocation A-MPR applies when one or more RB's in one or more sub-bands are not allocated but when all sub-bands within the channel are transmitted. When not all sub-bands within the channel are transmitted, the A-MPR associated with the channel bandwidth according to the bandwidth of the contiguously transmitted sub-bands and according to the allocation type applies.

### 6.2F.3.4 A-MPR for NS\_30

When "NS\_30" is indicated in the cell, the A-MPR is specified in Table 6.2F.3.4-1.

≤ 7.0

256 QAM

**RB Allocation (Note 3)** Modulation Pre-coding **RB Allocation (Note 2)** RB Allocation (Note 4) Full (dB) Partial (dB) Full (dB) Partial (dB) Full/Partial DFT-s-ODFM QPSK ≤ 9.0 ≤ 15.0 ≤ 2.5 ≤ 5.0 See Table 6.2F.2-1 16 QAM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 3.0 ≤ 5.0 ≤ 15.5 ≤ 9.0 ≤ 15.5 ≤ 4.5 ≤ 5.5 64 QAM 256 QAM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 16.0 ≤ 5.5 ≤ 5.5 QPSK CP-OFDM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 14.0 ≤ 4.0 ≤ 6.0 ≤ 6.0 16 QAM ≤ 9.5 ≤ 14.5 ≤ 4.0 64 QAM ≤ 15.0 ≤ 9.5 ≤ 5.5 ≤ 6.5

Table 6.2F.3.4-1: A-MPR for NS\_30 power class 5

NOTE 1: Full allocation A-MPR applies when all RB's in a 20 MHz channel or all RB's in all sub-bands for wideband operation are fully allocated and all sub-bands are transmitted. Partial allocation A-MPR applies when one or more RB's in one or more sub-bands are not allocated or when not all transmitted sub-bands for wideband operation are transmitted.

≤ 15.0

≤ 7.0

- NOTE 2: Applicable for 20 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5160, 5340, 5480, and 5700 MHz, 40 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5170, 5190, 5310, 5330, 5490, and 5510 MHz, 60 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5180, 5200, 5220, 5280, 5300, 5320, 5500, 5520, 5540, 5680 MHz, and 80 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5190, 5210, 5290, 5310, 5510, and 5530 MHz.
- NOTE 3: Applicable for 20 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5180 and 5320 MHz, and 40 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5230 and 5270 MHz.

### NOTE 4: Applicable for all valid channels other than those enumerated under NOTE 2 and NOTE 3.

≤ 9.5

### 6.2F.3.5 A-MPR for NS\_31

When "NS\_31" is indicated in the cell, the A-MPR is specified in Table 6.2F.3.5-1.

Table 6.2F.3.5-1: A-MPR for NS\_31 power class 5

Pre-coding	Modulation	RB Allocation (Note 2)	RB Allocation (Note 3)	
		Full/Partial	Full (dB)	Partial (dB)
DFT-s-ODFM	QPSK	See Table 6.2F.2-1	≤ 4.0	≤ 6.5
	16 QAM		≤ 4.0	≤ 6.5
	64 QAM		≤ 4.0	≤ 6.5
	256 QAM		≤ 5.0	≤ 6.5
CP-OFDM	QPSK		≤ 5.5	≤ 6.5
	16 QAM		≤ 5.5	≤ 7.0
	64 QAM		≤ 5.5	≤ 7.0
	256 QAM	1	≤ 7.0	≤ 7.0

- NOTE 1: Full allocation A-MPR applies when all RB's in a 20 MHz channel or all RB's in all sub-bands for wideband operation are fully allocated and all sub-bands are transmitted. Partial allocation A-MPR applies when one or more RB's in one or more sub-bands are not allocated or when not all transmitted sub-bands for wideband operation are transmitted.
- NOTE 2: Applicable for 20 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to 5180, 5200, 5220, 5280, 5300, 5320, 5500, 5520, 5540, 5560, 5580, 5600, 5620, 5640, 5660, 5680, 5745, 5765, 5785, and 5805 MHz.
- NOTE 3: Applicable for all valid channels and bandwidths other than those enumerated in NOTE 2.

#### 6.2F.3.6 A-MPR for NS 53

When "NS\_53" is indicated in the cell, the A-MPR is specified in Table 6.2F.3.6-1.

≤ 6.5

≤ 6.5

≤ 7.0

≤ 6.0

≤ 7.0

≤ 4.0

≤ 5.5

≤ 7.0

≤ 5.5

≤ 5.5

≤ 7.0

Modulation Channel bandwidth (Sub-band allocation) / RB Allocation Pre-coding 20 MHz 40 MHz 60 MHz 80 MHz Full **Partial** Full **Partial** Full **Partial** Full **Partial** (dB) (dB) (dB) (dB) (dB) (dB) (dB) (dB) DFT-s-**QPSK** ≤ 9.0 ≤ 12.0 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 8.5 ≤ 4.5 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 3.0 ≤ 5.5 **ODFM** 16 QAM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 12.0 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 8.5 ≤ 4.5 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 3.0 ≤ 5.5 ≤ 4.5 ≤ 12.0 64 QAM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 8.5 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 4.0 ≤ 5.5 256 QAM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 12.0 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 8.5 ≤ 5.0 ≤ 7.0 ≤ 5.0 ≤ 5.5 CP-OFDM QPSK ≤ 9.0 ≤ 12.0 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 8.5 ≤ 4.5 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 4.0 ≤ 5.5 16 QAM ≤ 9.0 ≤ 12.0 ≤ 6.5 ≤ 8.5 ≤ 4.5

Table 6.2F.3.6-1: A-MPR for NS 53 power class 5

NOTE 1: Full allocation A-MPR applies when all RB's in a 20 MHz channel or all RB's in all sub-bands for wideband operation are fully allocated and all sub-bands are transmitted. Partial allocation A-MPR applies when one or more RB's in one or more sub-bands are not allocated but when all sub-bands within the channel are transmitted. When not all sub-bands within the channel are transmitted, the A-MPR associated with the channel bandwidth according to the bandwidth of the contiguously transmitted sub-bands and according to the allocation type applies.

≤ 6.5

≤ 7.0

≤ 8.5

≤ 8.5

≤ 5.5

≤ 7.0

≤ 5.5

≤ 7.0

≤ 12.0

≤ 12.0

#### 6.2F.3.7 A-MPR for NS 54

64 QAM

256 QAM

When "NS\_54" is indicated in the cell, the A-MPR is specified in Table 6.2F.3.7-1.

≤ 9.0

≤ 9.0

Pre-coding Modulation **RB RB Allocation (Note 3)** Allocation (Note 2) Full/Partial Full (dB) Partial (dB) DFT-s-ODFM QPSK See Table ≤ 5.0 ≤ 2.5 6.2F.2-1 16 QAM ≤ 3.0 ≤ 5.0 64 QAM ≤ 5.0 256 QAM ≤ 5.0 ≤ 6.0 CP-OFDM **QPSK** ≤ 6.0 ≤ 4.5 16 QAM ≤ 4.5 ≤ 6.0

Table 6.2F.3.7-1: A-MPR for NS\_54 power class 5

NOTE 1: Full allocation A-MPR applies when all RB's in a 20 MHz channel or all RB's in all sub-bands for wideband operation are fully allocated and all sub-bands are transmitted. Partial allocation A-MPR applies when one or more RB's in one or more sub-bands are not allocated or when not all transmitted sub-bands for wideband operation are transmitted.

NOTE 2: Applicable for all valid channels and bandwidths other than those enumerated in NOTE 3.

NOTE 3: Applicable for 40 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to [5965 MHz], 60 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to [5975 and 5995 MHz], and 80 MHz channels centered at the nearest NR-ARFCN corresponding to [5985 MHz].

## 6.2F.3A UE additional maximum output power reduction for CA

64 QAM

256 QAM

#### 6.2F.3A.1 UE additional maximum output power reduction for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two bands, the requirements in clause 6.2.3 apply for the NR uplink carrier and clause 6.2F.3 for the carrier operating with shared spectrum access.

## 6.2F.4 Configured transmitted power

The requirements for configured maximum output power in clause 6.2.4 apply.

## 6.3 Output power dynamics

## 6.3.1 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in at least one sub-frame 1 ms. The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.1-1.

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum output power (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth (MHz)
5	-40	4.515
10	-40	9.375
15	-40	14.235
20	-40	19.095
25	-39	23.955
30	-38.2	28.815
40	-37	38.895
50	-36	48.615
60	-35.2	58.35
70	-34.6	68.07
80	-34	78.15
90	-33.5	88.23
100	-33	98.31

Table 6.3.1-1: Minimum output power

## 6.3.2 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in the channel bandwidth when the transmitter is OFF. The transmitter is considered OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit on any of its ports..

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1 ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2-1.

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Transmit OFF power (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth (MHz)
5	-50	4.515
10	-50	9.375
15	-50	14.235
20	-50	19.095
25	-50	23.955
30	-50	28.815
40	-50	38.895
50	-50	48.615
60	-50	58.35
70	-50	68.07
80	-50	78.15
90	-50	88.23
100	-50	98.31

**Table 6.3.2-1: Transmit OFF power** 

#### 6.3.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask

#### 6.3.3.1 General

The transmit power time mask defines the transient period(s) allowed

- between transmit OFF power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and transmit ON power symbols (transmit ON/OFF)
- between continuous ON-power transmissions with power change or RB hopping is applied. When a UE signals the transient period capability, the transient period value (tp) can be 2, 4, or 7 usec. If no capability is signalled, the default transient period value of 10 usec applies. In case of RB hopping, transition period is shared symmetrically when the transient period is 10usec ( $tp_{start}$  would then be equal to -5 $\mu$ s in following figures). If the UE signals a transient period (tp) of 2, 4 or 7usec, the transient period start position is given by  $tp_{start}$  in Table 6.3.3.1-1.

Table	6.3.3.1	-1:	tp <sub>start</sub>	va	lues
-------	---------	-----	---------------------	----	------

tp (μs)	tp <sub>start</sub> (μs)
2	[-0.5]
4	[-1]
7	[-2]

NOTE 1: Negative values mean that the transient period starts before the symbol boundary

Unless otherwise stated the requirements in clause 6.5 apply also in transient periods.

In the following clauses, following definitions apply:

- A slot or long subslot transmission is a transmission with more than 2 symbols.
- A short subslot transmission is a transmission with 1 or 2 symbols.

#### 6.3.3.2 General ON/OFF time mask

The general ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between transmit OFF and ON power and between transmit ON and OFF power for each SCS. ON/OFF scenarios include: contiguous, and non-contiguous transmission, etc.

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one slot excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over one slot excluding any transient period.



Figure 6.3.3.2-1: General ON/OFF time mask for NR UL transmission in FR1

### 6.3.3.3 Transmit power time mask for slot and short or long subslot boundaries

The transmit power time mask for slot and a long subslot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between slot and long subslot PUSCH transmissions. For PUSCH-PUCCH and PUSCH-SRS transitions and multiplexing the time masks in clause 6.3.3.7 apply.

The transmit power time mask for slot or long subslot and short subslot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between slot or long subslot and short subslot transmissions. The time masks in clause 6.3.3.8 apply.

The transmit power time mask for short subslot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between short subslot transmissions. The time masks in clause 6.3.3.9 apply.

### 6.3.3.4 PRACH time mask

The PRACH ON power is specified as the mean power over the PRACH measurement period excluding any transient periods as shown in Figure 6.3.3.4-1. The measurement period for different PRACH preamble format is specified in Table 6.3.3.4-1.

Table 6.3.3.4-1: PRACH ON power measurement period

PRACH preamble format	SCS (kHz)	Measurement period (ms)
0	1.25	0.903125
1	1.25	2.284375
2	1.25	3.352604
3	5	0.903125
A1	15	0.142708
	30	0.071354
A2	15	0.285417
	30	0.142708
A3	15	0.428125
	30	0.2140625
B1	15	0.140365
	30	0.070182
B4	15	0.83046875
<u>-</u> .	30	0.415234375
A1/B1	15	0.142708 ms for first six
71751		occasion
		0.140365 ms for the last
		occasion
	30	0.071354 ms for first six
		occasion
		0.070182 ms for the last
		occasion
A2/B2	15	0.285417 ms for first two
		occasion
		0.278385 ms for the
		third occasion
	30	0.142708 ms for first two
		occasion
		0.1391925 ms for the
		third occasion
A3/B3	15	0.428125 ms for the first
		occasion
		0.41640625 ms for the
		second occasion
	30	0.2140625 ms for the
		first occasion
		0.208203125 ms for the
		second occasion
C0	15	0.10703125
	30	0.053515625
C2	15	0.333333
NOTE: For PRACH on PRACH occasion start from the	30	0.166667

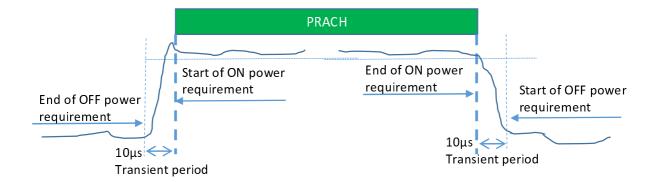


Figure 6.3.3.4-1: PRACH ON/OFF time mask

#### 6.3.3.5 Void

### 6.3.3.6 SRS time mask

For SRS transmission mapped to one OFDM symbol, the ON power is defined as the mean power over the symbol duration excluding any transient period; See Figure 6.3.3.6-1

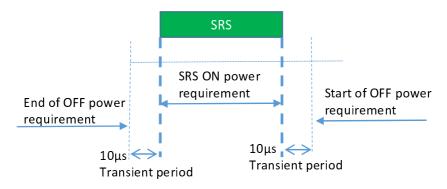


Figure 6.3.3.6-1: Single SRS time mask for NR UL transmission

For SRS transmission mapped to two or more OFDM symbols the ON power is defined as the mean power for each symbol duration excluding any transient period. For consecutive SRS transmissions without power change, Figure 6.3.3.6-2 applies.

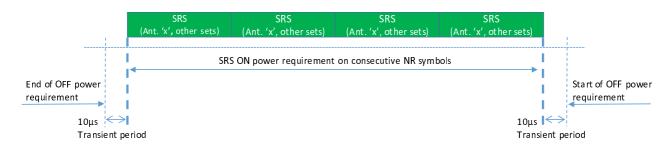


Figure 6.3.3.6-2: Consecutive SRS time mask for the case when no power change is required with SRS usage other than antenna switching.

When power change between consecutive SRS transmissions is required, then Figure 6.3.3.6-3 and Figure 6.3.3.6-4 apply.

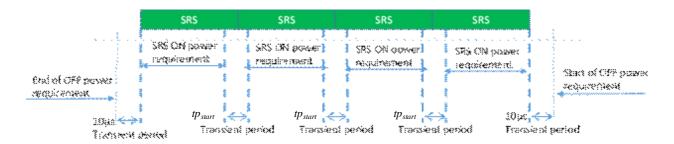


Figure 6.3.3.6-3: Consecutive SRS time mask for the case when power change is required and when 15 kHz and 30 kHz SCS is used in FR1 with SRS usage other than antenna switching.

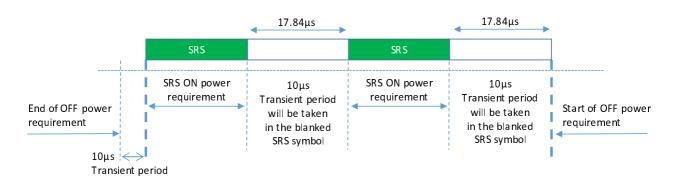


Figure 6.3.3.6-4: Consecutive SRS time mask for the case when power change is required and when 60 kHz SCS is used in FR1, when the transient period is 10  $\mu$ s

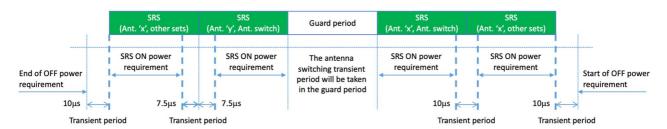


Figure 6.3.3.6-5: FR1 Time mask for 15 kHz and 30 kHz SCS for the case when consecutive SRS switching usage is between antenna switching & other sets

where "other sets" belongs to a "usage set" other than the set for antenna switching. The usage sets for SRS switching are defined in clause 6.2.1 of TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE: Guard period of one symbol is defined between two SRS resources of an SRS resource set for antenna switching for 15kHz, 30kHz and 60kHz SCS in Table 6.2.1.2-1 of TS 38.214 [10].

The above transient period applies to all the transmit CCs in CA with the CC sounding SRS. UE RF requirements do not apply during this transient period.

#### 6.3.3.7 PUSCH-PUCCH and PUSCH-SRS time masks

The PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask defines the observation period between sounding reference symbol (SRS) and an adjacent PUSCH/PUCCH symbol and subsequent UL transmissions. The time masks apply for all types of frame structures and their allowed PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS transmissions unless otherwise stated.

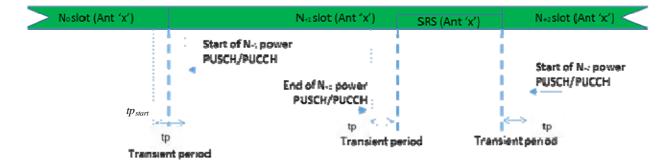


Figure 6.3.3.7-1: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before or after or both before and after SRS, when sounded on the same antenna (Ant 'x')

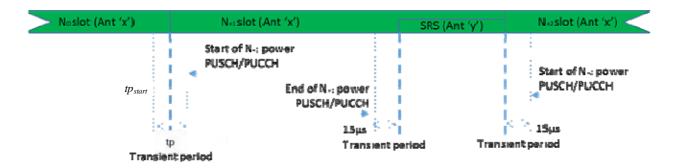


Figure 6.3.3.7-2: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before or after or both before and after SRS, when sounded on a different antenna (Ant 'x' and Ant 'y' are different antenna ports)

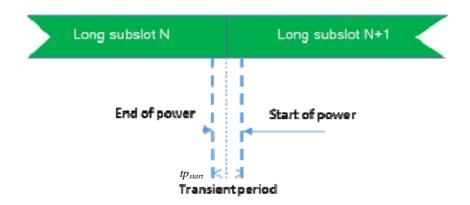


Figure 6.3.3.7-3: Consecutive long subslot transmission and long subslot transmission time mask

This transient period of 15  $\mu$ sec applies before and after SRS transmission to all the transmit CCs in CA with the CC sounding SRS. UE RF requirements do not apply during this transient period.

When there is no transmission preceding SRS transmission or succeeding SRS transmission, then the same time mask applies as shown in Figure 6.3.3.7-1.

# 6.3.3.8 Transmit power time mask for consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short subslot transmission boundaries

The transmit power time mask for consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short slot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between such transmissions.

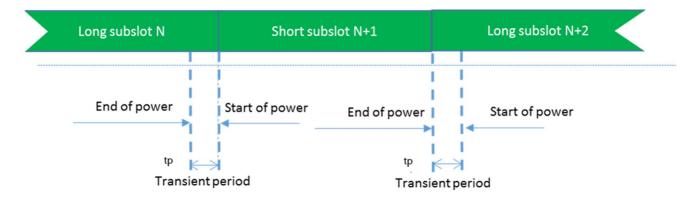


Figure 6.3.3.8-1: Consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short subslot transmission time mask

### 6.3.3.9 Transmit power time mask for consecutive short subslot transmissions boundaries

The transmit power time mask for consecutive short subslot transmission boundaries defines the transient periods allowed between short subslot transmissions.

The transient period shall be equally shared as shown on Figure 6.3.3.9-2.

Figure 6.3.3.9-1: Void

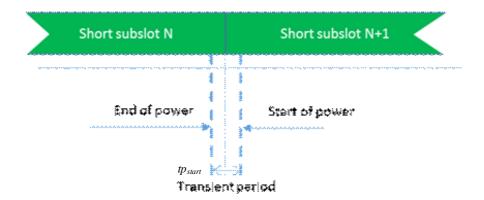


Figure 6.3.3.9-2: Consecutive short subslot transmissions time mask

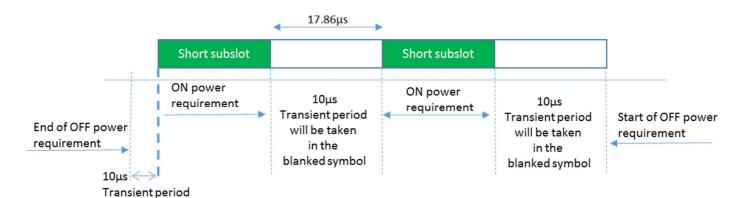


Figure 6.3.3.9-3: Consecutive short subslot (1 symbol gap) time mask for the case when transient period is required on both sides of the symbol and when 60 kHz SCS is used in FR1, when the transient period is 10  $\mu$ s.

#### 6.3.4 Power control

#### 6.3.4.1 General

The requirements on power control accuracy apply under normal conditions.

#### 6.3.4.2 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame (1 ms) at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 20 ms. The tolerance includes the channel estimation error.

The minimum requirement specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1 apply in the power range bounded by the minimum output power as specified in clause 6.3.1 and the maximum output power as specified in clause 6.2.1.

Table 6.3.4.2-1: Absolute power tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance
Normal	± 9.0 dB

### 6.3.4.3 Relative power tolerance

The relative power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power in a target sub-frame (1 ms) relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted reference sub-frame (1 ms) if the transmission gap between these sub-frames is less than or equal to 20 ms.

The minimum requirements specified in Table 6.3.4.3-1 apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames are within the power range bounded by the minimum output power as defined in clause 6.3.1 and the measured  $P_{UMAX}$  as defined in clause 6.2.1.

To account for RF Power amplifier mode changes, 2 exceptions are allowed for each of two test patterns. The test patterns are a monotonically increasing power sweep and a monotonically decreasing power sweep over a range bounded by the requirements of minimum power and maximum power specified in clauses 6.3.1 and 6.2.1, respectively. For those exceptions, the power tolerance limit is a maximum of  $\pm$  6.0 dB in Table 6.3.4.3-1.

Table 6.3.4.3-1: Relative power tolerance

Power step ΔP (Up or down) (dB)	All combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions (dB)	All combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions between sub- frames (dB)	PRACH (dB)
ΔP < 2	± 2.0 (NOTE)	± 2.5	± 2.0
2 ≤ ΔP < 3	± 2.5	± 3.5	± 2.5
3 ≤ ΔP < 4	± 3.0	± 4.5	± 3.0
4 ≤ ΔP < 10	± 3.5	± 5.5	± 3.5
10 ≤ ΔP < 15	± 4.0	± 7.0	± 4.0
15 ≤ ΔP	± 5.0	± 8.0	± 5.0

NOTE: For PUSCH to PUSCH transitions with the allocated resource blocks fixed in frequency and no transmission gaps other than those generated by downlink subframes, DwPTS fields or Guard Periods: for a power step  $\Delta P \le 1$  dB, the relative power tolerance for transmission is  $\pm$  0.7 dB.

### 6.3.4.4 Aggregate power tolerance

The aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to maintain its power in a sub-frame (1 ms) during non-contiguous transmissions within 21 ms in response to 0 dB commands with respect to the first UE transmission and all other power control parameters as specified in TS 38.213 [8] kept constant.

The minimum requirement specified in Table 6.3.4.4-1 apply in the power range bounded by the minimum output power as specified in clause 6.3.1 and the maximum output power as specified in clause 6.2.2.

Table 6.3.4.4-1: Aggregate power tolerance

TPC command	UL channel	Aggregate power tolerance within 21 ms
0 dB	PUCCH	± 2.5 dB
0 dB	PUSCH	± 3.5 dB

## 6.3A Output power dynamics for CA

## 6.3A.1 Minimum output power for CA

#### 6.3A.1.1 Minimum output power for intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the minimum output power is defined per carrier and the requirement is specified in clause 6.3.1.

#### 6.3A.1.2 Minimum output power for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the minimum output power is defined per carrier and the requirement is specified in clause 6.3.1.

### 6.3A.1.3 Minimum output power for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the minimum output power requirements in clause 6.3.1 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two uplink contiguous carrier assigned to one NR band, the minimum output power requirements in subclause 6.3A.1.1apply for those carriers.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the minimum output power is defined per carrier and the requirement is specified in clause 6.3.1.

#### 6.3A.1.4 Void

## 6.3A.2 Transmit OFF power for CA

### 6.3A.2.1 Transmit OFF power for intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the transmit OFF power specified in clause 6.3.2.1 is applicable for each component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on all component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit on any of its ports.

### 6.3A.2.2 Transmit OFF power for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the transmit OFF power specified in clause 6.3.2.1 is applicable for each component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on all component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit on any of its ports.

### 6.3A.2.3 Transmit OFF power for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmit OFF power requirements in subclause 6.3.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the transmit OFF power requirements in subclause 6.3A.2.1 apply for those carriers.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the transmit OFF power specified in clause 6.3.2.1 is applicable for each component carrier when the transmitter is OFF on all component carriers. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit on any of its ports.

#### 6.3A.2.4 Void

#### 6.3A.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for CA

### 6.3A.3.1 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for intra-band contiguous CA

For s intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3.3.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in clause 6.3.3.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

#### 6.3A.3.2 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For s intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3.3.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in clause 6.3.3.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

#### 6.3A.3.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for inter-band CA

#### 6.3A.3.3.1 General

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmit ON/OFF time mask requirements in subclause 6.3.3 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the transmit ON/OFF time mask requirements in subclause 6.3A.3.1 apply for those carriers.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3.3.1 is applicable for each component carrier during the ON power period and the transient periods. The OFF period as specified in clause 6.3.3.1 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

#### 6.3A.3.3.2 Time mask for switching between two uplink carriers

In addition to the requirements in 6.3A.3.3.1 and the maximum output power requirement specified in Table 6.2A.1.3-1 with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the switching time mask specified in this sub-clause is applicable for an uplink band pair of a inter-band UL CA configuration when the capability *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod* is present, and is only applicable for uplink switching mechanisms specified in sub-clause 6.1.6 of TS 38.214 [10], where NR UL carrier 1 is capable of one transmit antenna connector and NR UL carrier 2 is capable of two transmit antenna connectors with 3dB boosting on the maximum output power when the capability *uplinkTxSwitching-PowerBoosting* is present and the IE *uplinkTxSwitchingPowerBoosting* is enabled, and the two uplink carriers are in different bands with different carrier frequencies. The UE shall support the switch between single layer transmission with one antenna port and two-layer transmission with two antenna ports on the two uplink carriers following the scheduling commands and rank adaptation, i.e., both single layer and two-layer transmission with 2 antenna ports, and single layer transmission with 1 antenna port shall be supported on NR UL carrier 2.

The switching periods described in Figure 6.3A.3.3.2-1a and Figure 6.3A.3.3.2-1b are located in either NR carrier 1 or carrier 2 as indicated in RRC signalling *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriodLocation* [7], and the length of uplink switching period *X* is less than the value indicated by UE capability *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod*.

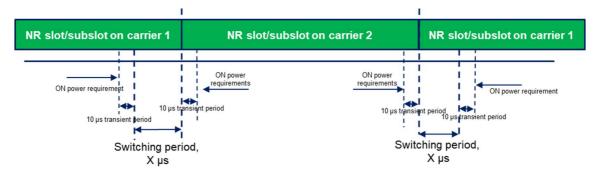


Figure 6.3A.3.3.2-1a: Time mask for switching between UL carrier 1 and UL Carrier 2, where the switching period is located in carrier 1

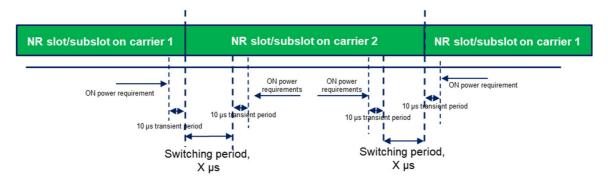


Figure 6.3A.3.3.2-1b: Time mask for switching between UL carrier 1 and UL Carrier 2, where the switching period is located in carrier 2

The requirements apply for the case of co-located and synchronized network deployment for the two uplink carriers.

The requirements apply for the case of single TAG for the two uplink carriers, i.e., the same uplink timing for the two carriers as described in clause 4.2 of TS 38.213 [8].

#### 6.3A.3.4 Void

#### 6.3A.4 Power control for CA

#### 6.3A.4.1 Power control for intra-band contiguous CA

#### 6.3A.4.1.1 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap on each active component carriers larger than 20ms. The requirement can be tested by time aligning any transmission gaps on the component carriers.

#### 6.3A.4.1.1.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the absolute power control tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

#### 6.3A.4.1.2 Relative power tolerance

#### 6.3A.4.1.2.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the requirements apply when the power of the target and reference subframes on each component carrier exceed the minimum output power as defined in clause 6.3A.1 and the total power is limited by  $P_{UMAX}$  as defined in clause 6.2A.4. The UE shall meet the following requirements for transmission on both assigned component carriers when the average transmit power per PRB is aligned across both assigned carriers in the reference sub-frame:

- a) for all possible combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions per component carrier, the corresponding requirements given in Table 6.3.4.3-1;
- b) for SRS transitions on each component carrier, the requirements for combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions given in Table 6.3.4.2-1 with simultaneous SRS of constant SRS bandwidth allocated in the target and reference subrames;
- c) for RACH on the primary component carrier, the requirements given in Table 6.3.4.3-1 for PRACH.

For a) and b) above, the power step  $\Delta P$  between the reference and target subframes shall be set by a TPC command and/or an uplink scheduling grant transmitted by means of an appropriate DCI Format.

#### 6.3A.4.1.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the aggregate power tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.4.4-1. The average power per PRB shall be aligned across both assigned carriers before the start of the test. The requirement can be tested with the transmission gaps time aligned between component carriers.

#### 6.3A.4.2 Power control for intra-band non-contiguous CA

#### 6.3A.4.2.1 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap on each active component carriers larger than 20ms. The requirement can be tested by time aligning any transmission gaps on the component carriers.

#### 6.3A.4.2.1.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the absolute power control tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

#### 6.3A.4.2.2 Relative power tolerance

#### 6.3A.4.2.2.1 Minimum requirements

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the requirements apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames on each component carrier exceed the minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3A.1 and the total power is limited by  $P_{UMAX}$  as defined in subclause 6.2A.4. The UE shall meet the following requirements for transmission on both assigned component carriers when the average transmit power per PRB is aligned across both assigned carriers in the reference sub-frame:

- a) for all possible combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions per component carrier, the corresponding requirements given in Table 6.3.4.3-1;
- b) for SRS transitions on each component carrier, the requirements for combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions given in Table 6.3.4.3-1 with simultaneous SRS of constant SRS bandwidth allocated in the target and reference subrames;
- c) for RACH on the primary component carrier, the requirements given in Table 6.3.4.3-1 for PRACH.

For a) and b) above, the power step  $\Delta P$  between the reference and target subframes shall be set by a TPC command and/or an uplink scheduling grant transmitted by means of an appropriate DCI Format.

#### 6.3A.4.2.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the aggregate power tolerance per component carrier is given in Table 6.3.4.4-1. The average power per PRB shall be aligned across both assigned carriers before the start of the test. The requirement can be tested with the transmission gaps time aligned between component carriers.

#### 6.3A.4.3 Power control for inter-band CA

No requirements unique to CA operation are defined.

6.3A.4.4 Void

# 6.3B Output power dynamics for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink carrier assigned per NR band, the output power dynamics for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in subclause 6.3A applies.

# 6.3C Output power dynamics for SUL

6.3C.1 Void

6.3C.2 Void

#### 6.3C.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for SUL

#### 6.3C.3.1 Time mask for switching between two uplink carriers

The switching time mask specified in this sub-clause is applicable for an uplink band pair of a SUL configuration when the capability *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod* is present, is only applicable for uplink switching mechanisms specified in sub-

clause 6.1.6 of TS 38.214 [10], where NR SUL carrier 1 is capable of one transmit antenna connector and NR UL carrier 2 is capable of two transmit antenna connectors, and the two uplink carriers are in different bands with different carrier frequencies. The UE shall support the switch between single layer transmission with one antenna port and two-layer transmission with two antenna ports on the two uplink carriers following the scheduling commands and rank adaptation, i.e., both single layer and two-layer transmission with 2 antenna ports, and single layer transmission with 1 antenna port shall be supported on NR UL carrier 2.

The switching periods described in Figure 6.3C.3.1-1a and Figure 6.3C.3.1-1b are located in either NR carrier 1 or carrier 2 as indicated in RRC signalling *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriodLocation* [7], and the length of uplink switching period *X* is less than the value indicated by UE capability *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod*.

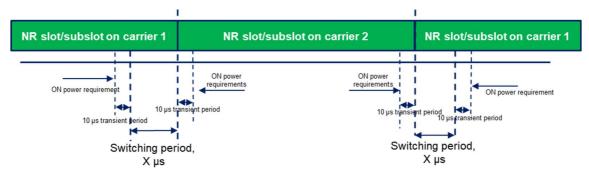


Figure 6.3C.3.1-1a: Time mask for switching between SUL carrier 1 and UL Carrier 2, where the switching period is located in carrier 1

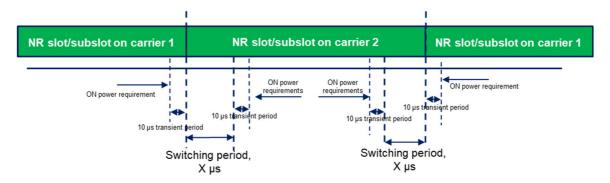


Figure 6.3C.3.1-1b: Time mask for switching between SUL carrier 1 and UL Carrier 2, where the switching period is located in carrier 2

The requirements apply for the case of co-located and synchronized network deployment for the two uplink carriers.

The requirements apply for the case of single TAG for the two uplink carriers, i.e., the same uplink timing for the two carriers as described in clause 4.2 of TS 38.213 [8].

### 6.3D Output power dynamics for UL MIMO

### 6.3D.1 Minimum output power for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum output power is defined as the sum of the mean power from both transmit connector in one sub-frame (1 ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.1-1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.3.1 apply.

### 6.3D.2 Transmit OFF power for UL MIMO

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power at each transmit antenna connector in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1 ms) excluding any transient periods.

The transmit OFF power at each transmit antenna connector shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2-1.

#### 6.3D.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the ON/OFF time mask requirements in clause 6.3.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements specified in clause 6.3.3.1 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.3.3 apply.

#### 6.3D.4 Power control for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the power control tolerance applies to the sum of output powers from both transmit antenna connector.

The power control requirements specified in clause 6.3.4 apply to UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.3.4 apply.

### 6.3E Output power dynamics for V2X

### 6.3E.1 Minimum output power for V2X

#### 6.3E.1.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands in Table 5.2E.1-1, the minimum output power is specified in Table 6.3E.1.1-1. The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in at least one sub-frame 1 ms.

Channel bandwidth Minimum output power Measurement bandwidth (MHz) (MHz) (dBm) 9.375 10 -30 -30 19.095 20 30 -28.228.815 40 -27 38.895

Table 6.3E.1.1-1: Minimum output power

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the minimum output power is defined as the sum of the mean power at each transmit connector in one sub-frame (1 ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified for single carrier.

If the UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to the active antenna connector.

#### 6.3E.1.2 Minimum output power for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.3.1 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.3E.1 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

#### 6.3E.2 Transmit OFF power for V2X

#### 6.3E.2.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands in Table 5.2E.1-1, the requirements specified in clause 6.3E.2.1 apply.

Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Transmit OFF power (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth (MHz)
10	-50	9.375
20	-50	19.095
30	-50	28.815
40	-50	38 895

Table 6.3E.2.1-1: Transmit OFF power

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the transmit OFF power at each transmit antenna connector shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3E.2.1-1 for single carrier. Transmit off power is defined as the mean power in at least one sub-frame 1 ms.

#### 6.3E.2.2 Transmit OFF power for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.3.2 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.3E.2 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

#### 6.3E.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for V2X

#### 6.3E.3.1 General

For NR V2X UE, additional requirements on ON/OFF time masks for V2X physical channels and signals are specified in this clause.

#### 6.3E.3.2 General time mask

The General ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between the Transmit OFF and ON power and between Transmit ON and OFF power for PSCCH, and PSSCH transmissions in a slot wherein the last symbol is punctured to create a guard period.

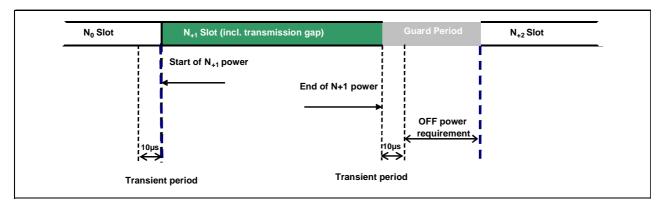


Figure 6.3E.3.2-1: General PSCCH/PSSCH time mask for NR V2X UE

#### 6.3E.3.3 S-SSB time mask

The S-PSS/S-SSS/PSBCH time mask for NR V2X UE defines the observation period between transmit OFF and ON S-PSS power and between transmit ON PSBCH and OFF power in a slot wherein the last symbol is punctured to create a guard period.

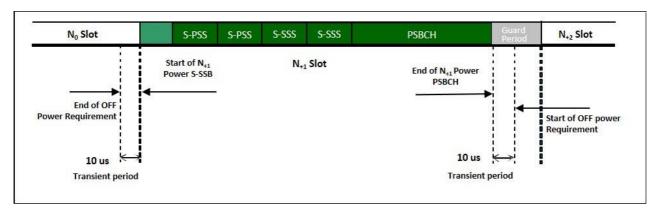


Figure 6.3E.3.3-1: S-SSB time mask for NR V2X UE

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the ON/OFF time mask requirements apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements specified in subclause 6.3E.3 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the SL MIMO configurations described in subclause 6.2D.1.

If the UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the general ON/OFF time mask requirements apply to the active antenna connector.

#### 6.3E.3.4 Transmit ON/OFF time mask for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.3.3 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.3E.3 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

#### 6.3E.4 Power control for V2X

#### 6.3E.4.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands in Table 5.2E.1-1, the following requirements are applied for NR V2X sidelink transmission.

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the power control tolerance for single carrier shall apply to the sum of output power at each transmit antenna connector.

If the UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements for single carrier shall apply to the active antenna connector.

#### 6.3E.4.2 Absolute power tolerance

The requirements in clause 6.3.4.2 shall apply for NR V2X transmission.

#### 6.3E.4.3 Power control for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.3.4 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.3E.4 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

# 6.3F Output power dynamics for shared spectrum channel access

### 6.3F.1 Minimum output power

The requirements for minimum output power in clause 6.3.1 apply.

### 6.3F.2 Transmit OFF power

The requirements for Transmit OFF power in clause 6.3.2 apply.

#### 6.3F.3 Transmit ON/OFF time mask

#### 6.3F.3.1 General

The transmit power time mask defines the transient period(s) allowed between transmit OFF power as defined in clause 6.3F.2 and transmit ON power symbols (transmit ON/OFF). The transmit power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3F.3.2 supercedes the ON/OFF masks specified in clause 6.3.3; however, between continuous ON-power transmissions the requirements in clause 6.3.3 apply. Unless otherwise stated the requirements in clause 6.5F apply also in transient periods.

#### 6.3F.3.2 General ON/OFF time mask

The general ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between transmit OFF and ON power and between transmit ON and OFF power for each SCS as illustrated below in Figure 6.3F.3.2-1. ON/OFF scenarios include: contiguous, and non-contiguous transmission, etc.

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one slot excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over the duration of at least one slot excluding any transient period and non-transmitted symbols. The leading transient period starts 5us before the beginning of the first symbol of transmission and extends 10us into the transmission including the CP extension if applicable. The trailing transient period starts 5us before the end of transmission and extends 5us beyond the end of transmission.

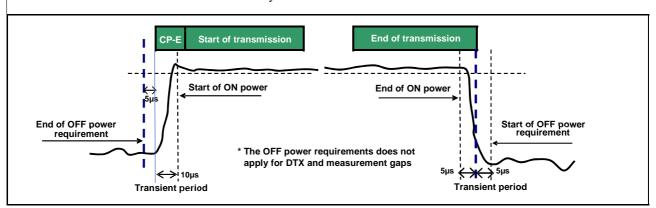


Figure 6.3F.3.2-1: General ON/OFF time mask for shared spectrum channel access

#### 6.3F.3A General ON/OFF mask for CA

#### 6.3F.3A.1 General ON/OFF mask for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two bands, the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3.3.1 is applicable for the NR uplink carrier while the general output power ON/OFF time mask specified in clause 6.3F.3 is applicable for the carrier operating with shared spectrum access. The OFF period as specified in clause 6.3.3.1 and clause 6.3F.3 shall only be applicable for each component carrier when all the component carriers are OFF.

#### 6.3F.4 Power control

#### 6.3F.4.1 General

The requirements on power control accuracy apply under normal conditions.

#### 6.3F.4.2 Absolute power tolerance

The absolute power tolerance requirements of clause 6.3.4.2 apply at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 40 ms.

#### 6.3F.4.3 Relative power tolerance

The relative power tolerace requirements of clause 6.3.4.3 apply if the transmission gap between the target sub-frame and the reference sub-frame is less than or equal to 40 ms.

#### 6.3F.4.4 Aggregate power tolerance

The aggregate power tolerance requirements of clause 6.3.4.4 apply during non-contiguous transmissions within 41ms with respect to the first UE transmission.

### 6.4 Transmit signal quality

### 6.4.1 Frequency error

The UE basic measurement interval of modulated carrier frequency is 1 UL slot. The mean value of basic measurements of UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within  $\pm$  0.1 PPM observed over a period of 1 ms of cumulated measurement intervals compared to the carrier frequency received from the NR Node B.

### 6.4.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in clause 6.4.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrentList* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [7]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in clause 6.4.2.2 and 6.4.2.3 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

#### 6.4.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Before calculating the EVM the measured waveform is corrected by the sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the carrier leakage shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM.

The measured waveform is further equalised using the channel estimates subjected to the EVM equaliser spectrum flatness requirement specified in clause 6.4.2.4. For DFT-s-OFDM waveforms, the EVM result is defined after the

front-end FFT and IDFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %. For CP-OFDM waveforms, the EVM result is defined after the front-end FFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The basic EVM measurement interval in the time domain is one preamble sequence for the PRACH and one slotfor PUCCH and PUSCH in the time domain. The EVM measurement interval is reduced by any symbols that contains an allowable power transient in the measurement interval, as defined in clause 6.3.3.

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements over 10 subframes for the average EVM case, and over 60 subframes for the reference signal EVM case, for the different modulation schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.1-1 for the parameters defined in Table 6.4.2.1-2. For EVM evaluation purposes, all 13 PRACH preamble formats and all 5 PUCCH formats are considered to have the same EVM requirement as QPSK modulated..

 Parameter
 Unit
 Average EVM Level

 Pi/2-BPSK
 %
 30

 QPSK
 %
 17.5

 16 QAM
 %
 12.5

%

%

8 3.5

Table 6.4.2.1-1: Requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Table 6.4.2.1-2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ Table 6.3.1-1
UE Output Power for 256 QAM	dBm	≥ Table 6.3.1-1 + 10 dB
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

#### 6.4.2.1a Error Vector Magnitude including symbols with transient period

64 QAM

256 QAM

In 6.4.2.1, EVM has been defined by excluding the symbols which have a transient period. In this section, measurement interval is defined for the symbols with a transient period to include these symbols in the RMS average EVM computation when the UE reports a transient period capability other than the default. Before calculating the EVM, the measured waveform is corrected for sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the carrier leakage shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM. The symbols with transient period should not be used for equalization. Only CP-OFDM waveform is used for conformance testing."

In the case of PUSCH or PUCCH transmissions when the mean power, modulation or RB allocation across slot or subslot boundaries is expected to change the EVM result over the symbols where the transient occurs is calculated according to Table 6.4.2.1a-1.

Table 6.4.2.1a-1: EVM definition for reported transient period

Reported transient capability (us)	EVM definition	tp <sub>start</sub> (µs)	SCS <sup>4</sup>
2	$EVM_{after} = \max(\overline{EVM_{l\_tp}}, \overline{EVM_{h}})$ $EVM_{before} = \max(\overline{EVM_{l}}, \overline{EVM_{h\_tp}})$	[-0.5]	15kHz or 30kHz <sup>5</sup>
4	$EVM_{after} = \max(\overline{EVM_{l_tp}}, \overline{EVM_h})$ $EVM_{before} = \max(\overline{EVM_l}, \overline{EVM_{h_tp}})$	[-1]	15kHz
7	$EVM_{after} = \min(\overline{EVM_{l.tp}}, \overline{EVM_{h}})$ $EVM_{before} = \max(\overline{EVM_{l}}, \overline{EVM_{h.tp}})$	[-2]	15kHz

NOTE 1:  $\overline{EVM_l}$ ,  $\overline{EVM_h}$ ,  $\overline{EVM_{l_{\_tp}}}$ , and  $\overline{EVM_{h_{\_tp}}}$  are defined in Annex F

NOTE 2:  $EVM_{after}$  is the EVM for a symbol right after a transition;  $EVM_{before}$  is the EVM for a symbol right before a transition

NOTE 3: tpstart denotes the start position of the EVM exclusion window as shown in Annex F.4

NOTE 4: SCS denotes the SCS that can be used in the conformance test

Reported transient capability (us)	EVM definition	tp <sub>start</sub> (µs)	SCS⁴
	d in the conformance test unless the U $gUL$ in $\emph{FeatureSetPerCC}$ that it only s	9	ne corresponding

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements over [108] subframes for the symbols where the transient occurs for the different modulation schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.1a-2 for the parameters defined in Table 6.4.2.1a-3. This requirement can be verified with 64 QAM and 256 QAM modulation.

Table 6.4.2.1a-2: Requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level
64 QAM	%	[10]
256 QAM	%	[8]

Table 6.4.2.1a-3: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ Table 6.3.1-1
UE Output Power for 256 QAM	dBm	≥ Table 6.3.1-1 + 10 dB
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

#### 6.4.2.2 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform whose frequency is the same as the modulated waveform carrier frequency. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

In the case that uplink sharing, the carrier leakage may have 7.5 kHz shift with the carrier frequency.

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.2-1.

Table 6.4.2.2-1: Requirements for Carrier Leakage

Parameter	Relative Limit (dBc)
Output power > 10 dBm	-28
0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power < 0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

#### 6.4.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average emission across 12 sub-carriers and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non–allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain; however, the minimum requirement applies when the in-band emission measurement is averaged over 10 sub-frames. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one or more symbols, accordingly.

The average of the basic in-band emission measurement over 10 sub-frames shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.3-1.

Parameter description	Unit		Limit (NOTE 1)	Applicable Frequencies
General	dB	20 ·	$\begin{cases} -25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} (N_{RB} / L_{CRB}), \\ \log_{10} EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left  \Delta_{RB} \right  - 1) / L_{CRB}, \\ 7 dBm + 10 \log_{10} (SCS / 15 kHz) - \overline{P_{RB}} \end{cases}$	Any non-allocated (NOTE 2)
IQ Image	dB	-28	Image frequencies when output power > 10 dBm	Image frequencies (NOTES 2, 3)
		-25	Image frequencies when output power ≤ 10 dBm	
Carrier leakage	dBc	-28	Output power > 10 dBm	Carrier leakage frequency (NOTES 4, 5)

0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm

-30 dBm ≤ Output power < 0 dBm

-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm

Table 6.4.2.3-1: Requirements for in-band emissions

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of  $\overline{P_{RB}}$  30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply.  $\overline{P_{RB}}$  is defined in NOTE 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs. For pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured power in the allocated RB with highest PSD.
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the carrier leakage frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.
- NOTE 4: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit depend on the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE, and are those that are enclosed either in the RB containing the carrier leakage frequency, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the carrier leakage frequency but excluding any allocated RB.
- NOTE 6: *L<sub>CRB</sub>* is the Transmission Bandwidth (see clause 5.3).
- NOTE 7: NRB is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see clause 5.3).

-25

-20

-10

- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.4.2.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9:  $\Delta_{RB}$  is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.  $\Delta_{RB}$  = 1 or  $\Delta_{RB}$  = -1 for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10:  $P_{RB}$  is an average of the transmitted power over 10 sub-frames normalized by the number of allocated RBs, measured in dBm.
- NOTE 11: For almost contiguous allocations defined in clause 6.2.2,  $L_{CRB} = N_{RB\_alloc} + N_{RB\_gap}$  with no in-gap emission requirement.

#### 6.4.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The zero-forcing equalizer correction applied in the EVM measurement process (as described in Annex F) must meet a spectral flatness requirement for the EVM measurement to be valid. The EVM equalizer spectrum flatness is defined in terms of the maximum peak-to-peak ripple of the equalizer coefficients (dB) across the allocated uplink block. The basic measurement interval is the same as for EVM.

The peak-to-peak variation of the EVM equalizer coefficients contained within the frequency range of the uplink allocation shall not exceed the maximum ripple specified in Table 6.4.2.4-1 for normal conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 5 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 7 dB (see Figure 6.4.2.4-1).

The EVM equalizer spectral flatness shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4.2.4-2 for extreme conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 6 dB,

and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 10 dB (see Figure 6.4.2.4-1).

Table 6.4.2.4-1: Requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (normal conditions)

Frequency range	Maximum ripple (dB)	
Ful_Meas - Ful_Low ≥ 3 MHz and Ful_High - Ful_Meas ≥ 3 MHz	4 (p-p)	
(Range 1)		
Ful_Meas - Ful_Low < 3 MHz or Ful_High - Ful_Meas < 3 MHz	8 (p-p)	
(Range 2)		
NOTE 1: Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which the equalizer coefficient is		
evaluated		
NOTE 2: Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each NR frequency band specified in Table 5.2-1		

Table 6.4.2.4-2: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (extreme conditions)

Frequency range	Maximum Ripple (dB)	
Ful_Meas - Ful_Low ≥ 5 MHz and Ful_High - Ful_Meas ≥ 5 MHz (Range 1)	4 (p-p)	
F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> - F <sub>UL_Low</sub> < 5 MHz or F <sub>UL_High</sub> - F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> < 5 MHz (Range 2)	12 (p-p)	
NOTE 1: F <sub>UL_Meas</sub> refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which evaluated	the equalizer coefficient is	
NOTE 2: Ful_Low and Ful_High refer to each NR frequency band specified in Table 5.2-1		

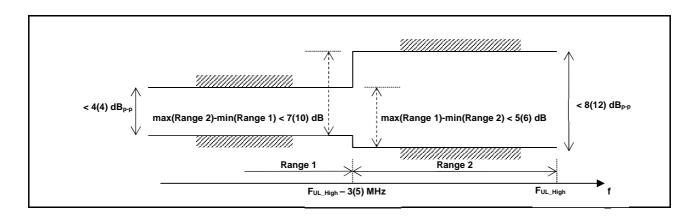


Figure 6.4.2.4-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation of the coefficients indicated (the ETC minimum requirement are within brackets).

#### 6.4.2.4.1 Requirements for Pi/2 BPSK modulation

These requirements apply if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1 for power class 3 capable UE operating in TDD bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission. These requirements also apply if the IE *dmrs-UplinkTransformPrecoding-r16* is configured and UE indicates support for UE capability *lowPAPR-DMRS-PUSCHwithPrecoding-r16*. Otherwise the requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness defined in clause 6.4.2.4 apply.

The EVM equalizer coefficients across the allocated uplink block shall be modified to fit inside the mask specified in Table 6.4.2.4.1-1 for normal conditions, prior to the calculation of EVM. The limiting mask shall be placed to minimize the change in equalizer coefficients in a sum of squares sense.

Table 6.4.2.4.1-1: Mask for EVM equalizer coefficients for Pi/2 BPSK, normal conditions

Frequency range	Parameter	Maximum ripple (dB)		
Ful_Meas - Fcenter  ≤ X MHz	X1	6 (p-p)		
(Range 1)				
Ful_Meas - Fcenter  > X MHz	X2	14 (p-p)		
(Range 2)				
NOTE 1: Ful_Meas refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which the equalizer coefficient is evaluated				
NOTE 2: F <sub>center</sub> refers to the center frequency of an allocated block of PRBs				
NOTE 3: X, in MHz, is equal to 25% of the bandwidth of the PRB allocation				
NOTE 4: See Figure 6.4.2.4.1-1 for description of X1, X2				

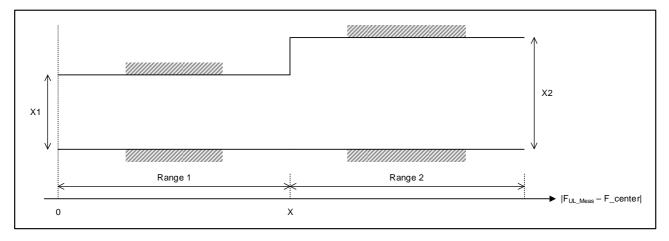


Figure 6.4.2.4.1-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation.

For Pi/2 BPSK modulation the UE shall be allowed to employ spectral shaping and the shaping filter shall be restricted so that the impulse response of the shaping filter itself shall meet

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \tilde{a}_{t}(t,0) \right| &\geq \left| \tilde{a}_{t}(t,\tau) \right| &\quad \forall \tau \neq 0 \\ \\ 20log_{10} \left| \tilde{a}_{t}(t,\tau) \right| &< -15 \text{ dB} \quad 1 < \tau < M - 1, \end{aligned}$$

where  $|\tilde{a}_{t}(t,\tau)| = IDFT\{ |\tilde{a}_{t}(t,f)| e^{j\varphi(t,f)}\}$ , f is the frequency of the M allocated subcarriers,  $\tilde{a}(t,f)$  and  $\varphi(t,f)$  are the amplitude and phase response.

0 dB reference is defined as  $20log_{10} \mid \tilde{a}_t(t,0) \mid$ .

### 6.4A Transmit signal quality for CA

### 6.4A.1 Frequency error for CA

#### 6.4A.1.1 Frequency error for intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the UE modulated carrier frequencies per band shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency of primary component carrier received in the corresponding band

#### 6.4A.1.2 Frequency error for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the requirements in Section 6.4.1 applies per component carrier.

#### 6.4A.1.3 Frequency error for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the frequency error requirements in subclause 6.4.1 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the frequency error requirements in subclause 6.4A.1.1 apply for those carriers.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the frequency error requirements defined in clause 6.4.1 shall apply on each component carrier with all component carriers active.

#### 6.4A.1.4 Void

### 6.4A.2 Transmit modulation quality for CA

#### 6.4A.2.1 Transmit modulation quality for intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the requirements in clauses 6.4A.2.1.1, 6.4A.2.1.2 applies.

The requirements in this clause apply with PCC and SCC in the UL configured and activated: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via *txDirectCurrentLocation* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [13]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in clause 6.4A.2.4.2 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

#### 6.4A.2.1.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For the intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the Error Vector Magnitude requirement should be defined for each component carrier. Requirements only apply with PRB allocation in one of the component carriers. Similar transmitter impairment removal procedures are applied for CA waveform before EVM calculation as is specified for non-CA waveform in sub-clause 6.4.2.1.

When a single component carrier is configured Table 6.4.2.1-1 apply.

The EVM requirements are according to Table 6.4A.2.1.1-1 if CA is configured in uplink with the parameters defined in Table 6.4.2.1-2.

Parameter Unit Average EVM Level per CC Pi/2-BPSK % 30 QPSK % 17.5 **16 QAM** % 12.5 64 QAM % 8 256 QAM % 3.5

Table 6.4A.2.1.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

#### 6.4A.2.1.2 In-band emissions

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the requirements in Table 6.4A.2.1.2-1 and 6.4A.2.1.2-2 apply within the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration with both component carrier (s) active and one single contiguous PRB allocation of bandwidth  $L_{CRB}$  at the edge of the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration.

The inband emission is defined as the interference falling into the non allocated resource blocks for all component carriers. The measurement method for the inband emissions in the component carrier with PRB allocation is specified in annex F.3. For a non allocated component carrier a spectral measurement is specified.

Table 6.4A.2.1.2-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (allocated component carrier)

Parameter	Unit		Limit	Applicable Frequencies
General	dB	$\max \left\{ -25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left( N_{RB} / L_{CRB} \right) \right\}$		Any non-allocated (NOTE 2)
		20 · log 10	$EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left \Delta_{RB}\right  - 1) / L_{CRB}$ ,	
		– 57 dBm	$t + 10 \log_{10} \left( SCS / 15  kHz \right) - \overline{P_{RB}} $	
IQ Image	dB	-28	Output power > 10 dBm	Image frequencies (NOTE 3)
		-25	0≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	
Carrier leakage	dBc	-28	Output power > 10 dBm	Carrier leakage frequency (NOTE 4,5)
_		-25	0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	
		-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm	
		-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of  $\overline{P_{RB}}$  30 dB dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply.  $\overline{P_{RB}}$  is defined in NOTE 10. The limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the carrier leakage frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.
- NOTE 4: Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs. The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in the non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit depend on the parameter txDirectCurrentLocation in UplinkTxDirectCurrent IE indicated in active uplink carrier(s). For band combinations with supporting additional DC location reporting for intra-band CA, the applicable LO leakage frequency depend on the txDirectCurrentLocation indicated in the additional reporting IE, and are those that are enclosed either in the RB containing the carrier leakage frequency, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the carrier leakage frequency but excluding any allocated RB. Otherwise, the applicable frequencies for this limit depend on the parameter txDirectCurrentLocation in UplinkTxDirectCurrent IE. For only one uplink carrier is activated, the applicable LO leakage frequency follow definition in clause 6.4.2.
- NOTE 6:  $L_{\it CRB}$  is the Transmission Bandwidth (see clause 5.3) not exceeding  $\lfloor N_{\it RB}/2-1 \rfloor$  .
- NOTE 7:  $N_{\it RB}$  is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see clause 5.3) of the component carrier with RBs allocated.
- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.4.2.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9:  $\Delta_{RB}$  is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.  $\Delta_{RB}=1$  or  $\Delta_{RB}=-1$  for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth).
- NOTE 10:  $P_{RB}$  is an average of the transmitted power over 10 sub-frames normalized by the number of allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

Table 6.4A.2.1.2-2: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions (not allocated component carrier)

Para-	Unit	Meas BW NOTE 1		Limit	remark	Applicable
meter General	dB	BW of 1 RB	may [	$25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} (N_{RB} / L_{CRB}),$	The	Frequencies Any RB in the
General	QD.	DW OI I KB			reference	non allocated
			$20 \cdot \log_{10}$	$EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot (\left \Delta_{RB}\right  - 1) / L_{CRB}$ ,	value is the	component
			– 57 dBm	$+10 \log_{10} (SCS / 15  kHz) - \overline{P_{RB}}$	average	carrier.
				J 10 ( ) J	power per	The frequency
					allocated	raster of the
					RB in the allocated	RBs is derived when this
					component	component
					carrier	carrier is
						allocated with
						RBs
IQ Image	dB	BW of 1 RB		NOTE 2	The	The
					reference	frequencies of
					value is the	the $L_{\it CRB}$
					average power per	contiguous
					allocated	non-allocated
					RB in the	RBs are
					allocated	unknown.
					component	The frequency raster of the
					carrier	RBs is derived
						when this
						component
						carrier is
						allocated with RBs
			-28	Output power > 10 dBm		ND3
	in.	514/ ( 4 5 5	-25	0≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	<del>-</del>	
Carrier	dBc	BW of 1 RB		NOTE 3	The reference	The fraguencies of
leakage					value is the	frequencies of the up to 2
					total power	non-allocated
					of the	RBs are
					allocated	unknown.
					RBs in the	The frequency
					allocated	raster of the
					component	RBs is derived
					carrier	when this component
						carrier is
						allocated with
						RBs
			-28	Output power > 10 dBm		
			-25	0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm		
			-20	-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm		
			-10	-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30		
			-	dBm		
NOTE						

NOTE1: Resolution BWs smaller than the measurement BW may be integrated to achieve the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE 2: Exceptions to the general limit is are allowed for up to  $L_{\it CRB}$  +1 RBs within a contiguous width of  $L_{\it CRB}$ 

NOTE 3: Two Exceptions to the general limit are allowed for up to two contiguous non-allocated RBs NOTE 4: NOTES 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 from Table 6.4A.2.3.1-1 apply for Table 6.4A.2.3.2-2 as well.

NOTE 5:  $\Delta_{RB}$  for measured non-allocated RB in the non allocated component carrier may take non-integer values when the carrier spacing between the CCs is not a multiple of RB.

#### 6.4A.2.1.3 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage is an additive sinusoid waveform that is confined within the aggrecated transmission bandwidth configuration. For intra-band contiguous CA, the carrier leakage requirement is defined with applicable frequencies dependent on parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE indicated in active uplink carrier(s). For band combinations with supporting additional DC location reporting for intra-band CA, the applicable LO leakage frequency depend on the txDirectCurrentLocation indicated in the additional reporting IE, and are those that are enclosed either in the RB containing the carrier leakage frequency, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the carrier leakage frequency but excluding any allocated RB. Otherwise, the applicable frequencies for this limit depend on the parameter txDirectCurrentLocation in UplinkTxDirectCurrent IE. For only one uplink carrier is activated, the applicable LO leakage frequency follow definition in clause 6.4.2.The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4A.2.4.3-1.

Table 6.4A.2.1.3-1: Minimum requirements for Relative Carrier Leakage Power

Parameters	Relative Limit (dBc)
Output power > 10 dBm	-28
0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 10 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power < 0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

#### 6.4A.2.2 Transmit modulation quality for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-coutiguous carrier aggregation, the requirements in subclauses 6.4A.2.2.1, 6.4A.2.2.2 applies.

The requirements in this clause apply with PCC and SCC in the UL configured and activated: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via *txDirectCurrentLocation* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [13]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in subclause 6.4A.2.2.2 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

#### 6.4A.2.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For the intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the Error Vector Magnitude requirement should be defined for each component carrier. Requirements only apply with PRB allocation in one of the component carriers. Similar transmitter impairment removal procedures are applied for CA waveform before EVM calculation as is specified for non-CA waveform in sub-section 6.4.2.1.

When a single component carrier is configured Table 6.4.2.1-1 apply.

The EVM requirements are according to Table 6.4A.2.2.1-1 if CA is configured in uplink with the parameters defined in Table 6.4.2.1-2.

Table 6.4A.2.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level per CC
Pi/2-BPSK	%	30
QPSK	%	17.5
16 QAM	%	12.5
64 QAM	%	8
256 QAM	%	3.5

#### 6.4A.2.2.2 In-band emissions

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the requirements for in-band emissions should be defined for each component carrier. Requirements only apply with PRB allocation in one of the component carriers according to Table 6.4.2.3-1.

For intra-band non-contiguous CA, the carrier leakage requirement is defined with applicable frequencies dependent on parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE indicated in active uplink carrier(s). For band combinations with supporting additional DC location reporting for intra-band CA, the applicable LO leakage frequency depend on the txDirectCurrentLocation indicated in the additional reporting IE, and are those that are enclosed either in the RB containing the carrier leakage frequency, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the carrier leakage frequency but excluding any allocated RB. Otherwise, The applicable frequencies for this limit depend on the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE.

For intra-band non-contiguous CA, the IQ image requirement is defined with the applicable frequencies based on symmetry with respect to the carrier leakage frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.

#### 6.4A.2.3 Transmit modulation quality for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the transmit modulation quality requirements in subclause 6.4.2 apply.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the transmit modulation quality requirements in subclause 6.4A.2.1 apply for those carriers.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the transmit modulation quality requirements shall apply on each component carrier as defined in clause 6.4.2 with all component carriers active: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

#### 6.4A.2.4 Void

### 6.4B Transmit signal quality for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink carrier assigned per NR band, the transmit signal quality for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 6.4A applies.

### 6.4D Transmit signal quality for UL MIMO

### 6.4D.1 Frequency error for UL MIMO

For UE(s) supporting UL MIMO, the basic measurement interval of modulated carrier frequency is 1 UL slot. The mean value of basic measurements of UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within  $\pm$  0.1 PPM observed over a period of 1 ms of cumulated measurement intervals compared to the carrier frequency received from the NR Node B.

### 6.4D.2 Transmit modulation quality for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the transmit modulation quality requirements are specified based on measurements made at each transmit antenna connector.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.4.2 apply.

The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage (caused by IQ offset)
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrentList* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [7]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in clause

6.4D.2.2 and 6.4D.2.3 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

#### 6.4D.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Error Vector Magnitude requirements specified in in clause 6.4.2.1 apply per layer. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

#### 6.4D.2.2 Carrier leakage

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the Relative Carrier Leakage Power requirements specified in Table 6.4.2.2-1 which is defined in clause 6.4.2.2 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

#### 6.4D.2.3 In-band emissions

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the In-band Emission requirements specified in Table 6.4.2.3-1 which is defined in clause 6.4.2.3 apply at each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the uplink MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

#### 6.4D.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the EVM Equalizer Spectrum Flatness requirements specified in clause 6.4.2.4 apply per layer. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-2

### 6.4D.3 Time alignment error for UL MIMO

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors supporting UL MIMO, this requirement applies to frame timing differences between transmissions on multiple transmit antenna connectors in the closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme.

The time alignment error (TAE) is defined as the average frame timing difference between any two transmissions on different transmit antenna connectors.

For UE(s) with multiple transmit antenna connectors, the Time Alignment Error (TAE) shall not exceed 130 ns.

### 6.4D.4 Requirements for coherent UL MIMO

For coherent UL MIMO, Table 6.4D.4-1 lists the maximum allowable difference between the measured relative power and phase errors between different antenna ports in any slot within the specified time window from the last transmitted SRS on the same antenna ports, for the purpose of uplink transmission (codebook or non-codebook usage) and those measured at that last SRS. The requirements in Table 6.4D.4-1 apply when the UL transmission power at each antenna port is larger than 0 dBm for SRS transmission and for the duration of time window.

Table 6.4D.4-1: Maximum allowable difference of relative phase and power errors in a given slot compared to those measured at last SRS transmitted

Difference of relative phase error	Difference of relative power error	Time window
40 degrees	4 dB	20 msec

The above requirements when all the following conditions are met within the specified time window:

- UE is not signaled with a change in number of SRS ports in SRS-config, or a change in PUSCH-config
- UE remains in DRX active time (UE does not enter DRX OFF time)
- No measurement gap occurs

- No instance of SRS transmission with the usage antenna switching occurs
- Active BWP remains the same
- EN-DC and CA configuration is not changed for the UE (UE is not configured or de-configured with PSCell or SCell(s))
- When UE is not configured with uplink switching with parameter *uplinkTxSwitching-r16*; or when UE is configured with uplink switching with parameter *uplinkTxSwitching-r16*, and the capability [*uplinkTxSwitching-PSUCH-TransCoherence*] is absent or indicated as ['coherent']; or when UE is configured with uplink switching with parameter *uplinkTxSwitching-r16*, the capability [*uplinkTxSwitching-PSUCH-TransCoherence*] is indicated as ['non-coherent'], and uplink switching is not triggered by the switching mechanisms specified in sub-clause 6.1.6 of TS 38.214 [10] between last transmitted SRS and scheduled transmission.

## 6.4E Transmit signal quality for V2X

### 6.4E.1 Frequency error for V2X

#### 6.4E.1.1 General

The UE modulated carrier frequency for NR V2X sidelink transmissions in Table 5.2E.1-1, shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of 1 ms compared to the absolute frequency in case of using GNSS synchronization source. The same requirements applied over a period of 1 ms compared to the carrier frequency received from the gNB or V2X synchronization reference UE in case of using the gNB or V2X synchronization reference UE sidelink synchronization signals.

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of 0.5 ms in case of using GNSS synchronization source. The same requirements apply over a period of 0.5 ms compared to the relative frequency in case of using the NR gNode B or V2X synchronization reference UE sidelink synchronization signals.

If the UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements for single carrier shall apply to the active antenna connector.

#### 6.4E.1.2 Frequency error for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.4.1 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.4E.1 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

### 6.4E.2 Transmit modulation quality for V2X

#### 6.4E.2.1 General

The transmit modulation quality requirements in this clause apply to V2X sidelink transmissions.

For NR V2X UE supporting SL MIMO, the transmit modulation quality requirements for single carrier shall apply to each transmit antenna connector.

If V2X UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements specified for single carrier apply to the active antenna connector.

#### 6.4E.2.2 Error Vector Magnitude for V2X

For V2X sidelink physical channels PSCCH and PSSCH, the Error Vector Magnitude requirements shall be as specified for PUSCH in Table 6.4.2.1-1 except pi/2-BPSK for NR V2X operating bands in Table 5.2E.1-1. When sidelink transmissions are shortened due to transmission gap of one symbol at the end of the slot, the EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol, accordingly.

#### 6.4E.2.3 Carrier leakage for V2X

Carrier leakage of NR V2X sidelink transmission, the requirements for NR PUSCH in Table 6.4.2.2-1 shall be applied.

#### 6.4E.2.4 In-band emissions for V2X

For V2X sidelink physical channels PSCCH, PSSCH and PSBCH, the In-band emissions requirements shall be as specified for PUSCH in subclause 6.4.2.3 for the corresponding modulation and transmission bandwidth. When V2X transmissions are shortened due to transmission gap of one symbol at the end of the subframe, the In-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one symbol, accordingly.

#### 6.4E.2.5 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness for V2X

For V2X sidelink physical channels PSCCH, PSSCH and PSBCH, the EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements shall be as specified for PUSCH in clause 6.4.2.4 for the corresponding modulation and transmission bandwidth.

#### 6.4E.2.6 Transmit modulation quality for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.4.2 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.4E.2 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

### 6.4F Transmit signal quality for shared spectrum channel access

### 6.4F.1 Frequency error

The requirements for frequency error in clause 6.4.1 apply.

### 6.4F.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in clause 6.4.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

In case the parameter 3300 or 3301 is reported from UE via *txDirectCurrentLocation* IE (as defined in TS 38.331 [7]), carrier leakage measurement requirement in clause 6.4F.2.2 and 6.4F.2.3 shall be waived, and the RF correction with regard to the carrier leakage and IQ image shall be omitted during the calculation of transmit modulation quality.

#### 6.4F.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The requirements for Error Vector Magnitude in clause 6.4.2.1 apply.

#### 6.4F.2.2 Carrier leakage

The requirements for carrier leakage in clause 6.4.2.2 apply.

#### 6.4F.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average emission across 12 sub-carriers and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non–allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain; however, the minimum requirement applies when the in-band emission measurement is averaged over 10 sub-frames. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one or more symbols, accordingly. The requirement applies for power class 5 UE for 20 MHz channel bandwidth and 15 kHz SCS,

Instead of the general requirement in clause 6.4.2.3, the average of the basic in-band emission measurement over 10 sub-frames shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.4F.2.3-1.

Parameter Unit Limit (NOTE 1) **Applicable** description **Frequencies** Any non-allocated General dB  $-57\frac{dBm}{180}kHz - P_{RB}$ (NOTE 2) Image frequencies when output power > 10 dBm **IQ** Image dB -28 **Image** frequencies (NOTES 2, 3) -25 Image frequencies when output power ≤ 10 dBm Carrier dBc Output power > 10 dBm Carrier frequency -28 (NOTES 4, 5) leakage -25 0 dBm ≤ Output power ≤10 dBm

-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm

-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm

Table 6.4F.2.3-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of  $P_{RB}$  30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply.  $P_{RB}$  is defined in NOTE 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs. The requirement applies with  $|\Delta_{RB}| \le 5$  for any non-allocated RB with RIV=1 and RIV=5 in the uplink scheduling grant where RIV is specified in [10].
- NOTE 3: [The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated RBs, based on symmetry with respect to the reported carrier frequency location in txDirectCurrentLocation field of the UplinkTxDirectCurrentBWP, but excluding any allocated RBs. If txDirectCurrentLocation is not available or is reported with value 3300 or 3301, applicable frequencies shall be calculated with an assumed carrier frequency location at the center of the channel.]
- NOTE 4: [The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one non-allocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs with *RIV*=1 and *RIV*=5 in the uplink scheduling grant.]
- NOTE 5: [The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the RBs containing the DC frequency if  $N_{RB}$  is odd, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the DC frequency if  $N_{RB}$  is even, but excluding any allocated RB. The location of the DC frequency is given by txDirectCurrentLocation field of the UplinkTxDirectCurrentBWP. If txDirectCurrentLocation is not available or is reported with value 3300 or 3301, applicable frequencies shall be those that are enclosed in the RB(s) in the center of the channel.]
- NOTE 6:  $N_{RR}$  is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1).

-20 -10

- NOTE 7:  $\Delta_{RB}$  is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.  $\Delta_{RB}=1$  or  $\Delta_{RB}=-1$  for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10:  $P_{pR}$  is the transmitted power per 180\*2 $^{\mu}$  kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

#### 6.4F.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness in clause 6.4.2.4 apply.

### 6.4F.2A Transmit modulation quality for CA

#### 6.4F.2A.1 Transmit modulation quality for inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two bands, the transmit modulation quality requirements shall apply on the NR carrier as defined in clause 6.4.2 and on the carrier operating with shared spectrum access as defind in clause 6.4F.2. The requirements apply with all component carrier active: PCC with PRB allocation and SCC without PRB allocation and without CSI reporting and SRS configured.

### 6.5 Output RF spectrum emissions

### 6.5.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel. The occupied bandwidth for all transmission bandwidth configurations (Resources Blocks) shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.1-1.

NR channel bandwidth 10 15 20 25 40 60 70 80 90 100 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz Occupied 15 20 25 80 90 100 10 30 40 50 60 70 5 channel bandwidth (MHz)

Table 6.5.1-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

#### 6.5.2 Out of band emission

#### 6.5.2.1 General

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an adjacent channel leakage power ratio.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5.2.2 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies ( $\Delta f_{OOB}$ ) starting from the  $\pm$  edge of the assigned NR channel bandwidth. For frequencies offset greater than  $\Delta f_{OOB}$ , the spurious requirements in clause 6.5.3 are applicable.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.2-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

-25

-25

-25

Spectrum emission limit (dBm) / Channel bandwidth 100 5 10 15 30 40 60 90 Measurement Δfоов 20 (MHz) MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth ± 0-1 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 % channel bandwidth ± 0-1 -24 -24 -24 -24 -24 -24 30 kHz ± 1-5 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 1 MHz ± 5-6 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -25 ± 6-10 ± 10-15 -25 ± 15-20 -25 -25 ± 20-25 ± 25-30 -25 -25 ± 30-35 ± 35-40 ± 40-45 -25 ± 45-50 ± 50-55 -25 ± 55-60 -25  $\pm 60-65$ ± 65-70 -25 ± 70-75 ± 75-80

Table 6.5.2.2-1: General NR spectrum emission mask

#### 6.5.2.3 Additional spectrum emission mask

± 80-85 ± 85-90 ± 90-95

± 95-100

± 100-105

#### 6.5.2.3.1 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_35"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_35" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1.

Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Measurement Δfoob bandwidth (MHz) Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5 10 15 20 -15 -18 -20 30 kHz  $\pm 0 - 0.1$ -21  $\pm 0.1-6$ -13 -13 -13 -13 100 kHz -25<sup>1</sup> 100 kHz ± 6-10 -13 -13 -13 -25<sup>1</sup> -13 -13 100 kHz ± 10-15 -25<sup>1</sup> -13 100 kHz ± 15-20 1 MHz -25  $\pm 20-25$ NOTE 1: The measurement bandwidth shall be 1 MHz

Table 6.5.2.3.1-1: Additional requirements for "NS 35"

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

### 6.5.2.3.2 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_04"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

The n41 SEM transition point from -13 dBm/MHz to -25 dBm/MHz is based on the emission bandwidth. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power. Since the 26-dB emission bandwidth is implementation dependent, the maximum transmission bandwidths in MHz ( $N_{RB}$ \* SCS \* 12 / 1,000,000) is used for the SEM.

Table 6.5.2.3.2-1: n41 maximum transmission bandwidth for CP-OFDM

SCS (kHz)	Cha	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Maximum transmission bandwidth (MHz)									
	10	15	20	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
15	9.36	14.22	19.08	28.80	38.88	48.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
30	8.64	13.68	18.36	28.08	38.16	47.88	58.32	78.12	88.02	98.28	
60	7.92	12.96	17.28	27.36	36.72	46.8	56.88	77.04	87.12	97.20	

Table 6.5.2.3.2-2: n41 maximum transmission bandwidth for DFT-S-OFDM

SCS (kHz)	Ch	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Maximum transmission bandwidth (MHz)									
	10	15	20	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
15	9.00	13.50	18.00	28.80	38.88	48.60	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
30	8.64	12.96	18.00	27.00	36.00	46.08	58.32	77.76	87.48	97.20	
60	7.20	12.96	17.28	25.92	36.00	46.08	54.00	72.00	86.40	97.20	

When "NS\_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.2-3.

Table 6.5.2.3.2-3: n41 SEM with "NS\_04"

Δf <sub>OOB</sub> MHz	Channel b	andwidth (N	sm)	Measurement bandwidth							
	10	15	20	30	40	50	60	80	90	100	
± 0 - 1	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10						2 % channel bandwidth
								-10			1 MHz
±1-5			-	·10							1 MHz
± 5 - X			-	·13							
± X - (BW <sub>Channel</sub> + 5		-25									
MHz)											
NOTE: X is defined in Table 6.5.2.3.2-1 for CP-OFDM and 6.5.2.3.2-2 for DFT-S-OFDM											

#### 6.5.2.3.3 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_03" and "NS\_21"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_03" or "NS\_21", is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.3-1.

Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) Δfooв Measurement MHz bandwidth 5 10 15 20 25 30 40 1 % of channel BW -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13  $\pm 0-1$ ± 1-6 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz -13 -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz  $\pm 6-10$ 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13  $\pm 10 - 15$ -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz -13  $\pm 15-20$ -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz  $\pm 20-25$ -25 -13 -13 1 MHz  $\pm 25 - 30$ -25  $\pm 30-35$ -13 1 MHz -13 1 MHz  $\pm 35-40$ -25 1 MHz  $\pm 40-45$ 

Table 6.5.2.3.3-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_03" and "NS\_21"

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### Table 6.5.2.3.3-2: Void

#### 6.5.2.3.4 Requirements for network signalling value "NS 06"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_06" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.4-1.

∆f <sub>ooв</sub> (MHz)		Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)								
	5	10	15							
± 0 – 0.1	-15	-18	-20	30 kHz						
± 0.1 – 1	-13	-13	-13	100 kHz						
±1-6	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz						
±6- 10	-25									
± 10 – 15		-25								
± 15 – 20			-25							

Table 6.5.2.3.4-1: Additional requirements for "NS 06"

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6	5.	2 :	3	5	'	/	oi	id	١
v.	· • · ·	∠.,	J.	J	1	v	v	u	ı

6.5.2.3.6 Void

6.5.2.3.7 Void

#### 6.5.2.3.8 Requirements for network signalling value "NS 27"

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_27" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.3.8-1.

Table 6.5.2.3.8-1: Additional requirements for "NS 27"

Δf <sub>OOB</sub> MHz	Channel	bandwidth (	Measurement bandwidth			
	5	10	15	20	40	
±0-1			-13			1 % channel bandwidth
± 1 - X			-13			1 MHz
< - X  or  > X			-25			
NOTE 1: X						

NOTE 2: The requirements apply only at the frequency range from 3540 MHz to 3710 MHz.

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5.2.4 Adjacent channel leakage ratio

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### NR ACLR 6.5.2.4.1

NR Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (NR<sub>ACLR</sub>) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned NR channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent NR channel frequency at nominal channel spacing.

The assigned NR channel power and adjacent NR channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1.

If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the NR<sub>ACLR</sub> shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-2.

Table 6.5.2.4.1-1: NR ACLR measurement bandwidth

	NR channel bandwidth / NR ACLR measurement bandwidth												
	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
NR ACLR	4.515	9.375	14.235	19.095	23.955	28.815	38.895	48.615	58.35	68.07	78.15	88.23	98.31
measurement													
bandwidth													
(MHz)													

Table 6.5.2.4.1-2: NR ACLR requirement

	Power class 1 <sup>1</sup>	Power class 1.5	Power class 2	Power class 3				
NR ACLR	37 dB <sup>1</sup>	31 dB	31 dB	30 dB				
NOTE 1: Applicable for power class 1 UE operating in Band n14.								

#### 6.5.2.4.2 UTRA ACLR

UTRA adjacent channel leakage power ratio (UTRA<sub>ACLR</sub>) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned NR channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

 $UTRA_{ACLR}$  is specified for the first adjacent UTRA channel ( $UTRA_{ACLR1}$ ) which center frequency is  $\pm$  2.5 MHz from NR channel edge and for the  $2^{nd}$  adjacent UTRA channel ( $UTRA_{ACLR2}$ ) which center frequency is  $\pm$  7.5 MHz from NR channel edge.

The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC filter with roll-off factor  $\alpha = 0.22$  and bandwidth of 3.84 MHz. The assigned NR channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1.

If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the  $UTRA_{ACLR1}$  and  $UTRA_{ACLR2}$  shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5.2.4.2-1.

UTRA<sub>ACLR</sub> is not applicable to the power class 3 UE operating in Band n12, n14, n17, and n30.

UTRA<sub>ACLR</sub> is not applicable to the power class 1 UE operating in Band n14.

Table 6.5.2.4.2-1: UTRA ACLR requirement

	Power class 3
UTRA <sub>ACLR1</sub>	33 dB
UTRA <sub>ACLR2</sub>	36 dB

UTRA ACLR requirement is applicable when signalled by the network with network signalling value indicated by the field *additionalSpectrumEmission*.

### 6.5.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions unless otherwise stated. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements in line with SM.329 [9] and NR operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

#### 6.5.3.1 General spurious emissions

Unless otherwise stated, the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. The spurious emission limits in Table 6.5.3.1-2 apply for all transmitter band configurations ( $N_{RB}$ ) and channel bandwidths.

Table 6.5.3.1-1: Boundary between NR out of band and general spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	OOB boundary F <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)
BW <sub>Channel</sub>	BW <sub>Channel</sub> + 5

Table 6.5.3.1-2: Requirement for general spurious emissions limits

Frequency Range	Maximum Level	Measurement bandwidth	NOTE
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz	
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	
1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	4
	-25 dBm	1 MHz	3
12.75 GHz ≤ f < 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	1
12.75 GHz < f < 26 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	2

- NOTE 1: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the UL Band more than 2.69 GHz
- NOTE 2: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the UL Band more than 5.2 GHz
- NOTE 3: Applies for Band n41, CA configurations including Band n41, and EN-DC configurations that include n41 specified in clause 5.2B of TS 38.101-3 [3] when NS\_04 is signalled.
- NOTE 4: Does not apply for Band n41, CA configurations including Band n41, and EN-DC configurations that include n41 specified in clause 5.2B of TS 38.101-3 [3] when NS\_04 is signalled.

#### 6.5.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence

This clause specifies the requirements for NR bands for coexistence with protected bands.

Table 6.5.3.2-1: Requirements for spurious emissions for UE co-existence

NR Band	Spurious emission for UE co-existence									
	Protected band	Frequer	icy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE			
n1, n84	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 3, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	15, 27			
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	15, 26, 27			
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	15, 26, 27			
n2	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 41, 42, 48, 50, 51, 53, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
	E-UTRA Band 43, NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	•	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
n3, n80	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 20, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73,74, 75, 76. NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 3	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	15			
	E-UTRA Band 11, 18, 19, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	ı	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42, 52, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n5, n89	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 45, 48, 50, 51, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85  NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	1	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 41, 52, 53 NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n7	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	15, 21, 26			
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	15, 21, 26			
	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	15, 21			
n8, n81	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 45, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1				
	E-UTRA band 3, 7, 22, 41, 42, 43, 52, NR Band n77, n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	FDL_high	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA 8	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			

NR Band	Spurious emission for UE co-existence									
Dana	Protected band	Frequen	ncy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE			
n12	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 41, 50, 53, 70, 71, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 4, 48, 51, 66 NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 12, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
n14	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 41, 48, 53, 66, 70, 71, 85	FD <sub>L_low</sub>	-	FD <sub>L_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	769	-	775	-35	0.0062 5	12, 15			
	Frequency range	799	-	805	-35	0.0062 5	11, 12, 15			
n18	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 11, 21, 34, 40, 42, 65 NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1				
	NR Band n77, n78	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	758	-	799	-50	1				
	Frequency range	799	-	803	-40	1				
	Frequency range	860	-	890	-40	1				
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1				
	Frequency range	2595	-	2645	-50	1				
n20, n82	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 22, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 43, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 20	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
	E-UTRA Band 38, 42, 52, 69, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	758	-	788	-50	1				
n25	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 41, 42, 48, 53, 66, 70, 71, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
	E-UTRA Band 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
	E-UTRA Band 43, NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
n26	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18,19, 21, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 31, 34, 39, 40, 42, 43, 48, 50, 51, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73,74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 41, 53 NR Band n77, n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	703	-	799	-50	1				
	Frequency range	799	-	803	-40	1	15			
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n28, n83	E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 22, 32, 42, 43, 50, 51, 65, 66, 73, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	19, 25			
	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 20, 25, 26, 27, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 52, 72, NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	-			
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	19, 24			

NR Band	Spurious emission for UE co-existence									
	Protected band	Frequen	cy rar	nge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE			
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	15, 35			
	Frequency range	470	-	710	-26.2	6	34			
	Frequency range	662	-	694	-26.2	6	15			
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	15			
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 19			
n30	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 38, 41, 48, 53, 66, 70, 71, 85, NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
n34	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 28, 31, 32, 33, 38,39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 69, 72, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	5			
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n38	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1				
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26			
	Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	15, 22			
n39	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 22, 26, 28, 34, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 74, NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	1805	-	1855	-40	1	33			
	Frequency range	1855	-	1880	-15.5	5	15, 26, 33			
n40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	44			
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	1884.5		1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 34, 39, 42, 44, 45, 48, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1				
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 11, 18, 19, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5		1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n47	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 22, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 65, 68, 72, 73	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1				
	NR Band n71, n77, n78, n79	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1				
n48	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 41, 50, 51, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				

NR Band	Spurious emission for UE co-existence									
	Protected band	Frequer	icy ran	ige (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE			
n50	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 17, 20, 26, 28, 29, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 65, 66, 67, 68	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
n51	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 17, 20, 26, 28, 29, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
n53	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 48, 66, 70, 71, 85, NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
n65	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 50, 51, 65, 68, 69, 72, 74, 75, 76, NR Band n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	43			
	Frequency range	1900 1915	-	1915 1920	-15.5 +1.6	5 5	15, 26, 27 15, 26,			
00 00	Frequency range		-				27			
n66, n86	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12, 13, 14, 17, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 38, 41, 43, 50, 51, 53, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 42, 48, NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
n70	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 41, 48, 66, 70, 71, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	1	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n47, n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
n71	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 26, 30, 48, 53, 66, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25, 41, 70, NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	15			
74	E-UTRA Band 71	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15			
n74	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 26, 28, 29, 31, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 85 NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
	Frequency range	1400	-	1427	-32	27	15, 41			
	Frequency range	1475	-	1488	-50	1	42			
n77	Frequency range  E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 34, 39, 40, 41, 53, 65, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	1488 F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	1518 F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50 -50	1	15			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1				
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8			
		1		i .	•		1			

NR Band	Spurious emission for UE co-existence								
	Protected band	Frequer	Frequency range (MHz)			MBW (MHz)	NOTE		
n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 42, 65, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8		
n95	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 28, 39, 40, 41, NR Band n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	5		
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8		

- NOTE 1: F<sub>DL\_low</sub> and F<sub>DL\_high</sub> refer to each frequency band specified in Table 5.2-1 in TS 38.101-1 or Table 5.5-1 in TS 36.101
- NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x L<sub>CRB</sub> x RB<sub>size</sub> kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, 5 for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 3: 15 kHz SCS is assumed when RB is mentioned in the note when channel bandwidth is less than or equal to 50 MHz, lowest SCS is assumed when channel bandwidth is larger than 50 MHz. The transmission bandwidth in terms of RB position and range is not limited to 15 kHz SCS and shall scale with SCS accordingly.
- NOTE 4: Void
- NOTE 5: For non-synchronised TDD operation to meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 6: N/A
- NOTE 7: Void
- NOTE 8: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 1915.7 MHz.
- NOTE 9: Void
- NOTE 10: Void
- NOTE 11: Void
- NOTE 12: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB
- NOTE 13: Void
- NOTE 14: Void
- NOTE 15: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F<sub>OOB</sub> (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 16: Void
- NOTE 17: Void
- NOTE 18: Void
- NOTE 19: Applicable when the assigned NR carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.
- NOTE 20: Void
- NOTE 21: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths up to 20MHz within the range 2500 2570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 22: This requirement is applicable for power class 3 UE for any channel bandwidths up to 20 MHz. For channel bandwidth within the range 2570 2615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when the carrier centre frequency is within the range 2605.5 2607.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when the carrier centre frequency is within the range 2597 2605 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB. For carriers overlapping the frequency range 2615 2620 MHz the requirement applies with the maximum output power configured to +19 dBm in the IE P-Max.
- NOTE 23: Void
- NOTE 24: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -38 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.3.1-1) for which the 2nd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 25: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -36 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 3rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.3.1-1) for which the 3rd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 26: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.
- NOTE 27: This requirement is applicable for channel bandwidths up to 20 MHz within the range 1920 1980 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when the carrier centre frequency is within the range 1927.5 1929.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when the carrier centre frequency is within the range 1930 1938 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 28: Void
- NOTE 29: Void
- NOTE 30: Void

NR Band	Spurious emission for UE co-existence				
Danu	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)	Maximum	MBW	NOTE
	Trotostou bunu	i requeriey range (iiii iz)	Level	(MHz)	NOIL
			(dBm)	,	
NOTE 31:					
NOTE 32:					
NOTE 33:	This requirement is only applicable				
	1885-1920 MHz (requirement for ca				
	specified). This requirement applies				
	RB for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth				
	1894.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 N range 1895 - 1903 MHz.	inz bandwidth when camer	center frequer	icy is within	i trie
	This requirement is applicable for 5	and 10 MHz NP channel ha	ndwidth alloca	tad within .	718-728
11012 34.					
	MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz bandwidth, this requirement applies for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 30 RB with RB $_{ m start}$ > 1 and RB $_{ m start}$ < 48.			OII	
NOTE 35:	This requirement is applicable in the			hin 703 MH	dz and
	733 MHz, otherwise the requirement of -25 dBm with a measurement bandwidth of 8 MHz applies.				
NOTE 36:	TE 36: Void				
NOTE 37:	Void				
NOTE 38:	Void				
NOTE 39:					
NOTE 40:					
	Applicable for cases and when the I				
	frequency is greater than or equal to				
	bandwidth, and when the lower edg			th frequenc	cy is
NOTE 40	greater than or equal to 1440 MHz f			)	1
NOTE 42:	Applicable for 5 MHz bandwidth, an				
	bandwidth frequency is less than or the upper edge of the assigned NR				
	1463.8 MHz for 15 MHz bandwidth,				
	bandwidth frequency is less than or				aillei
NOTE 43	This requirement is applicable for N				7.
	As exceptions, for 90 and 100 MHz				
	frequency range of 2496 – 2505 MH		съри		=

NOTE: To simplify Table 6.5.3.2-1, E-UTRA band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for E-UTRA operation or both E-UTRA and NR operation. NR band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for NR operation.

### 6.5.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

### 6.5.3.3.1 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_04"

When "NS 04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_04"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 90, 100 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
2495 ≤ f < 2496	-13	1 % of Channel BW
2490.5 ≤ f < 2495	-13	1 MHz
0.009 < f < 2490.5	-25	1 MHz

### 6.5.3.3.2 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_17"

When "NS\_17" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_17"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth	NOTE
	5, 10		
470 ≤ f ≤ 710	-26.2	6 MHz	1
NOTE 1: Applicable when the assigned NR carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.			

### 6.5.3.3.3 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_18"

When "NS\_18" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3. 3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.3-1: Additional requirements for "NS 18"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20, 30	Measurement bandwidth	
692-698	-26.2	6 MHz	

### 6.5.3.3.4 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_05"

When "NS\_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.4-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_05"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20	Measurement bandwidth	
1884.5 ≤ f ≤ 1915.7	-41	300 kHz	

### 6.5.3.3.5 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_43"

When "NS 43" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.5-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.5-1: Additional requirement for "NS\_43"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5, 10, 15	
860 ≤ f ≤ 890	-40	1 MHz
NOTE 1: Applica	able for 5 MHz and 15 MHz channel BW confined between	900 MHz and 915 MHz and

NOTE 1: Applicable for 5 MHz and 15 MHz channel BW confined between 900 MHz and 915 MHz and for 10 MHz channel BW confined between 905 MHz and 915 MHz

### 6.5.3.3.6 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_37"

When "NS\_37" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.6-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.6-1: Additional requirement for "NS\_37"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5, 10, 15,20	
1475.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9	-35	1 MHz

## 6.5.3.3.7 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_38"

When "NS\_38" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.7-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.7-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1430-1452MHz for "NS 38"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5, 10, 15, 20	
1400 ≤ f ≤ 1427	-32	27 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall be verified with UE transmission power of 15 dBm.		

### 6.5.3.3.8 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_39"

When "NS\_39" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.8-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.8-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_39"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20	Measurement bandwidth
1475 ≤ f ≤ 1488	-28	1 MHz

### 6.5.3.3.9 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_40"

When "NS\_40" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.9-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.9-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1427-1432MHz for "NS 40"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5	
1400 ≤ f ≤ 1427	-32	27 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall be verified with UE transmission power of 15 dBm.		

### 6.5.3.3.10 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_41"

When "NS\_41" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.10-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.10-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1432-1517 MHz for "NS 41"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60	Measurement bandwidth
1400 ≤ f ≤ 1427	-32	27 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall be verified with UE transmission power of 15 dBm.		

### 6.5.3.3.11 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_42"

When "NS\_42" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.11-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.11-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 1432-1517 MHz for "NS 42"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20, 40, 50, 60 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
1518 ≤ f ≤ 1520	-0.8	1 MHz
1520 < f ≤ 1559	-30	1 MHz

### 6.5.3.3.12 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_21"

When "NS\_21" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.12-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.12-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_21"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5, 10	
2200 ≤ f < 2288	-40	1 MHz
2288 ≤ f < 2292	-37	1 MHz
2292 ≤ f < 2296	-31	1 MHz
2296 ≤ f < 2300	-25	1 MHz
2320 ≤ f < 2324	-25	1 MHz
2324 ≤ f < 2328	-31	1 MHz
2328 ≤ f < 2332	-37	1 MHz
2332 ≤ f ≤ 2395	-40	1 MHz

### 6.5.3.3.13 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_24"

When "NS 24" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.13-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.13-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth				
	5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz					
2010 ≤ f ≤ 2025	-50	1 MHz				
NOTE 1: This requirement applies at a frequency offset equal or larger than 5 MHz from the upper edge of the channel bandwidth, whenever these frequencies overlap with the specified frequency band.						

#### 6.5.3.3.14 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_27"

When "NS 27" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.14-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.14-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_27"

Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5, 10, 15, 20, 40	Measurement bandwidth
9 kHz – 3530 MHz	-40	1 MHz
3530 MHz – 3540 MHz	-25	
3710 MHz - 3720 MHz	-25	
3720 MHz – 12.75 GHz	-40	

#### Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_47" 6.5.3.3.15

When "NS 47" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.15-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F<sub>OOB</sub> (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.15-1: Additional requirements for NR channels assigned within 2545 - 2575 MHz for "NS 47"

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 30	Measurement bandwidth
2530 ≤ f ≤ 2535	-25	1 MHz
2505 ≤ f ≤ 2530	-30	1 MHz

#### 6.5.3.3.16 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_50"

When "NS\_50" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.16-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than F<sub>OOB</sub> (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.16-1: Additional requirements for "NS 50"

Protected band	Frequenc	cy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE	
Frequency range	1805	-	1855	-40	1	1	
Frequency range	1855	-	1880	-15.5	5	1, 2, 3	
NOTE 1: This requirement is applicable for carriers with aggregated channel bandwidths confined in 1885-1920 MHz							

for 25MHz and 30MHz channel BWs and confined in 1880-1920 MHz for 40MHz channel BW. NOTE 2: The requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than Foob (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and

Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. NOTE 3: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in

the protected operating band.

## 6.5.3.3.17 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_12"

When "NS\_12" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.17-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.17-1: Additional requirements NS\_12

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5 MHz, 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
806 ≤ f ≤ 813.5	-42	6.25 kHz
	nt applies for NR carriers with lower channel e E 2: The emissions measurement shall be s	

## 6.5.3.3.18 Requirement for network signalling value "NS 13"

averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.

When "NS\_13" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.18-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.18-1: Additional requirements NS\_13

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth	
	5 MHz		
806 ≤ f ≤ 816	-42	6.25 kHz	
NOTE 1: The requirement 817 MHz.	ent applies for NR carriers with lower channel e	edge at or above	
NOTE 2: The emissions standard devia	s measurement shall be sufficiently power averation < 0.5 dB.	aged to ensure a	

### 6.5.3.3.19 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_14"

When "NS\_14" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.19-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.19-1: Additional requirements NS\_14

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20MHz	Measurement bandwidth			
806 <	≤ f ≤ 816	-42	6.25 kHz			
NOTE 1: The requirement applies for NR carriers with lower channel edge at or above 824 MHz.						
	The emissions standard devia	measurement shall be sufficiently power averation < 0.5 dB.	aged to ensure a			

### 6.5.3.3.20 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_15"

When "NS\_15" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.20-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.20-1: Additional requirements NS\_15

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth				
851 ≤ f ≤ 859	-53	6.25 kHz				
NOTE 1: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.						

### 6.5.3.3.21 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_45"

When "NS\_45" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.21-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.21-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel b Spectrum limit (	Measurement bandwidth	
	5 MHz	10 MHz	
0.009 < f ≤ 2473.5	-25	-25	1 MHz
2473.5 < f ≤ 2477.5	-25	-13	1 MHz
2477.5 < f ≤ 2478.5	-13	-13	1 MHz
2478.5< f ≤ 2483.5	-10	-10	1 MHz
2495 ≤ f < 2496	-13	-13	1% of Channel Bandwidth
2496 ≤ f < 2501	-13	-13	1 MHz
2501 < f ≤ 2505	-25	-13	1 MHz
2505 ≤ f ≤ 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band	-25	-25	1 MHz

### 6.5.3.3.22 Requirement for network signalling values "NS\_48" and "NS\_51"

When "NS\_48" or "NS\_51" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.22-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.22-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_48"

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		nge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
E-UTRA band 34 – NR band n34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
Frequency range	1900	-	1915	-15.5	5	1
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	1

NOTE 1: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

## 6.5.3.3.23 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_49"

When "NS\_49" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.23-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.23-1: Additional requirements for "NS 49"

Protected band	Frequen	cy rai	nge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
E-UTRA band 34 - NR band n34	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	
Frequency range	1895		1915	-15.5	5	1
Frequency range	1915	-	1920	1.6	5	1

NOTE 1: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

### 6.5.3.3.24 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_44"

When "NS\_44" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.24-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.24-1: Additional requirements for "NS 44"

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	1

NOTE 1: This requirement is applicable for carriers confined in 2570-2615 MHz.

NOTE 2: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

### 6.5.3.3.25 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_46"

When "NS\_46" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.3.3.25-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5.3.3.25-1: Additional requirements for "NS\_46"

Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	1

NOTE 1: This requirement is applicable for all carriers confined in 2500-2570 MHz. Sepcial restrictions apply for channel bandwidths up to 20MHz: For carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 - 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 - 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB with the minimum supported SCS of 15KHz.

NOTE 2: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

### 6.5.4 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

UE transmit intermodulation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through NR rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.5.4-1.

The requirement of transmit intermodulation is specified in Table 6.5.4-1.

Table 6.5.4-1: Transmit Intermodulation

Wanted signal channel bandwidth	BWchannel						
Interference signal	BW <sub>Channel</sub> 2*BW <sub>Channel</sub>						
frequency offset from							
channel center							
Interference CW signal level	-40 dBc						
Intermodulation product	< -29 dBc	< -35 dBc					
Measurement bandwidth	The maximum transmission bandwidth of	configuration among the different SCS's for					
	the channel BW as defined in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1						
Measurement offset from	BWChannel and 2*BWChannel 2*BWChannel and 4*BWChannel						
channel center							

# 6.5A Output RF spectrum emissions for CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier assigned to one NR band, the output RF spectrum emissions requirements in clause 6.5 apply.

## 6.5A.1 Occupied bandwidth for CA

### 6.5A.1.1 Void

### 6.5A.1.1a Occupied bandwidth for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum. The occupied bandwidth shall be less than the aggregated channel bandwidth defined in clause 5.3A.3.

### 6.5A.1.2 Occupied bandwidth for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, the OBW requirement is met when the ratio of the transmitted power in all sub-blocks of the uplink CA configuration to the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum is greater than 99%.

### 6.5A.1.3 Occupied bandwidth for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the occupied bandwidth requirements in subclause 6.5A.1.1a apply for that band.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the occupied bandwidth is defined per component carrier. Occupied bandwidth is the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on assigned channel bandwidth on the component carrier. The occupied bandwidth shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.1-1.

### 6.5A.2 Out of band emission for CA

### 6.5A.2.1 General

This clause contains requirements for out of band emissions for UE configured of carrier aggregation.

### 6.5A.2.2 Spectrum emission mask

### 6.5A.2.2.1 Spectrum emission mask for intra-band contiguous C

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies ( $\Delta f_{OOB}$ ) starting from the  $\pm$  edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth. For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5A.2.2.1-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Spectrum emission limit(dBm) MBW(MHz) Δfоов (MHz) ±0-1 -13 Min(0.01\*BW<sub>channel</sub> CA, 0.4) ±1-5 -10 1MHz ± 5 - BW<sub>channel\_CA</sub> -13 1MHz ±BWchannel\_CA--25 1MHz  $BW_{channel\_CA} + 5$ 

Table 6.5A.2.2.1-1: General NR CA spectrum emission mask

### 6.5A.2.2.2 Spectrum emission mask for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation the spectrum emission mask requirement is defined as a composite spectrum emissions mask. Composite spectrum emission mask applies to frequencies up to  $\Delta fOOB$  starting from the edges of the sub-blocks. Composite spectrum emission mask is defined as follows

- a) Composite spectrum emission mask is a combination of individual sub-block spectrum emissions masks
- b) In case the sub-block consist of one component carrier the sub-lock general spectrum emission mask is defined in subclause 6.5.2.1
- c) If for some frequency sub-block spectrum emission masks overlap then spectrum emission mask allowing higher power spectral density applies for that frequency
- d) If for some frequency a sub-block spectrum emission mask overlaps with the sub-block bandwidth of another sub-block, then the emission mask does not apply for that frequency.

For the signalling is absent for dualPA-Architecture IE, if carrier leakage or I/Q image lands inside the gap spectrum between 2 UL CCs when UL CCs are synchronized with frequencies in the gap, exception to the SEM requirement applies.

## 6.5A.2.2.3 Spectrum emission mask for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the spectrum emission mask requirements in subclause 6.5A.2.2.1 apply for that band.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the spectrum emission mask of the UE is defined per component carrier while both component carriers are active and the requirements are specified in clauses 6.5.2.1 and 6.5.2.2. If for some frequency spectrum emission masks of component carriers overlap then spectrum emission mask allowing higher power spectral density applies for that frequency. If for some frequency a component carrier spectrum emission mask overlaps with the channel bandwidth of another component carrier, then the emission mask does not apply for that frequency.

#### 6.5.A.2.2.4 Void

### 6.5A.2.3 Additional spectrum emission mask for CA

### 6.5A.2.3.1 Additional spectrum emission mask for intra-band contiguous CA

### 6.5A.2.3.1.1 Requirements for network signalling value "CA\_NS\_04"

When "CA\_NS\_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5A.2.3.1.1-1.

Table 6.5A.2.3.1.1-1: Additional requirements for "CA NS 04"

Δf <sub>OOB</sub> MHz	BWChannel_CA (MHz) / Spec	Measurement bandwidth	
	≤50	>50	
± 0 – 1	-10		2 % of BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>
		-10	1 MHz
±1-5	-10	1 MHz	
± 5 – X	-13		
± X - (BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> + 5 MHz)	-25		
NOTE: X is aggregated ba	ındwidth		

#### 6.5A.2.3.1.2 Requirements for network signalling value "CA NS 27"

When "CA\_NS\_27" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.2A.2.3.2.1.-1.

Table 6.2A.2.3.2.1-1: Additional requirements for "CA\_NS\_27"

Spectrum emission limit (dBm) / measurement bandwidth for each aggregated channel bandwidth							
Δfoob Aggregated channel bandwidth of Measurement MHz max 40 MHz bandwidth							
± 0 – 1	-13	1 % of X					
± 1 – X	-13	1 MHz					
< - X  or  > X	-25						
NOTE 1: X is the aggregated channel bandwidth  NOTE 2: The requirements apply only at the frequency range from 3540 MHz to							

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5A.2.3.1 Void

### 6.5A.2.3.2 Additional spectrum emission mask for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

### 6.5A.2.3.2.1 Minimum requirement (network signalling value "CA\_NC\_NS\_04")

For intra-band non-cotiguous CA\_n41(2A), the additional SEM requirements in subclause 6.5.2.3.2 (indicated by NS\_04) applies in each uplink CC.

### 6.5A.2.3.3 Additional spectrum emission mask for Inter-band CA

### 6.5A.2.4 Adjacent channel leakage ratio

#### 6.5A.2.4.1 NR ACLR

#### 6.5A.2.4.1.1 NR ACLR for intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the carrier aggregation the Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the aggregated channel bandwidth to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent aggregated channel bandwidth at nominal channel spacing. The assigned aggregated channel bandwidth power and adjacent aggregated channel bandwidth power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.5A.2.4.1.1-1. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than –50dBm then the NR<sub>ACLR</sub> shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5A.2.4.1.1-1.

Table 6.5A.2.4.1.1-1: General requirements for intra-band contiguous CA ACLR

	ACLR / Measurement bandwidth				
CA ACLR	30 dB				
CA Measurement bandwidth (NOTE 1)	Nominal channel space+MBW <sub>ACLR,low</sub> /2+ MBW <sub>ACLR,high</sub> /2				
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	+ BWchannel_CA / - BWchannel_CA				
Difference between ACLR MBW center and F <sub>c,low</sub>	MBWshift= (MBWACLR_CA-MBWACLR,low)/2				
NOTE 1: MBW <sub>ACLR,low</sub> and MBW <sub>ACLR,high</sub> are the single-channel ACLR measurement be specified for channel bandwidths BW <sub>channel(low)</sub> and BW <sub>channel(high)</sub> in 6.5.2.4.1,					

#### 6.5A.2.4.1.2 NR ACLR for intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation, CA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio( $CA_{ACLR}$ ) is the ratio of the sum of the filtered mean power centred on each assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent NR channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. In case the gap bandwidth Wgap between 2 uplink CCs is smaller than maximum of the 2 uplink channel bandwidths then no  $CA_{ACLR}$  requirement is set for the gap. Each assigned NR channel power and adjacent NR channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5A.2.4.1.2-1.

Table 6.5A.2.4.1.2-1: General requirements for intra-band non-contiguous CA ACLR

	ACLR / Measurement bandwidth
CA ACLR	30 dB
CA Measurement bandwidth for each sub block (NOTE 1)	MBW <sub>ACLR</sub>
Adjacent channel centre	+ BW <sub>Channel</sub>
frequency offset (in MHz)	/
	- BWchannel
NOTE 1: MBW <sub>ACLR</sub> is the single-cha	annel ACLR measurement bandwidths specified in 6.5.2.4.1.

When the signalling is absent for dualPA-Architecture IE, if carrier leakage or I/Q image lands inside the gap spectrum between 2 UL CCs when UL CCs are synchronized with frequencies in the gap, exception to the ACLR requirement with 3dB relaxation applies.

#### 6.5A.2.4.1.3 NR ACLR for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the NR Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (NRACLR) requirements in subclause 6.5A.2.4.1.1apply for that band.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the NR Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (NRACLR) is defined per component carrier while both component carriers are active and the requirement is specified in clause 6.5.2.4.1.

6.5A.2.4.1.4	Void	
6.5A.2.4.2	UTRA ACLR	
6.5A.2.4.2.1	Void	
6.5A.2.4.2.2	Void	
6.5A.2.4.2.3	UTRA ACLR for Inte	r-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRAACLR) is defined per component carrier while both component carrier are active and the requirement is specified in clause 6.5.2.4.2.

## 6.5A.3 Spurious emission for CA

### 6.5A.3.1 General spurious emissions

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the spurious emission requirement Table 6.5.3.1-2 apply for the frequency ranges that are more than  $F_{OOB}$  as defined in Table 6.5.3.1-1 away from edges of the assigned channel bandwidth on a component carrier. If for some frequency a spurious emission requirement of individual component carrier overlaps with the spectrum emission mask or channel bandwidth of another component carrier then it does not apply.

NOTE: For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands the requirements in Table 6.5.3.1-2 could be verified by measuring spurious emissions at the specific frequencies where second and third order intermodulation products generated by the two transmitted carriers can occur; in that case, the requirements for remaining applicable frequencies in Table 6.5.3.1-2 would be considered to be verified by the measurements verifying the one uplink inter-band CA spurious emission requirement.

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.5A.3.1-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth. For frequencies  $\Delta fOOB$  greater than FOOB as specified in Table 6.5A.3.1-1 the spurious emission requirements in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are applicable.

Table 6.5A.3.1-1: Boundary between out of band and spurious emission domain for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation

Aggregated Channel bandwidth	OOB boundary F <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)
BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>	BWchannel_ca + 5

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation transmission the spurious emission requirement is defined as a composite spurious emission requirement. Composite spurious emission requirement applies to frequency ranges that are more than FOOB away from the edges of each carrier in the gap and out of the gap. Composite spurious emission requirement is defined as follows

- a) Composite spurious emission requirement is a combination of individual sub-block spurious emission requirements
- b) In case the sub-block consist of one component carrier the sub-lock spurious emission requirement and FOOB are defined in subclause 6.5.3.1
- c) If for some frequency an individual sub-block spurious emission requirement overlaps with the general spectrum emission mask or the sub-block bandwidth of another sub-block then it does not apply

For the signalling is absent for dualPA-Architecture IE, if carrier leakage or I/Q image lands inside the gap spectrum between 2 UL CCs when UL CCs are synchronized with frequencies in the gap, exception to the general spurious requirement applies.

## 6.5A.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence

### 6.5A.3.2.1 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for intra-band contiguous CA

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation configurations for coexistence with protected bands, the requirements in Table 6.5A.3.2.1-1 apply.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.5A.3.2.1-1: Requirements for uplink intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation

NR CA combination	Spurious emission								
	Protected Band	Frequer	ncy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE		
CA_n7	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
CA_n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 34, 39, 42, 44, 45, 48, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1			
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2, 4		
	E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	6		
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5		1915.7	-41	0.3	5, 6		
CA_n48	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 41, 50, 51, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
CA_n77	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	5		
CA_n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	5		
CA_n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 42, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	5		
NOTE 1: Void NOTE 2: Void	1 - 1		1	1					

NOTE 3: Void

NOTE 4: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x L<sub>CRB</sub> x RB<sub>size</sub> kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, 5 for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.

NOTE 5: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 - 1915.7 MHz.

This requirement applies when the NR carrier is confined within 2545 – 2575 MHz or 2595 – 2645 MHz and NOTE 6: the channel bandwidth is 10 or 20 MHz

### 6.5A.3.2.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for intra-band non-contiguous CA

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation configurations for coexistence with protected bands, the requirements in Table 6.5A.3.2.2-1 apply.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.5A.3.2.2-1: Requirements for uplink intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation

NR CA combination		Spurious emission									
	Protected Band	Frequer	icy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE				
	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 34, 39, 42, 44, 45, 48, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85, NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1					
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	1, 2				
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_DL\_high$	-40	1					
	E-UTRA Band 9, 11, 18, 19, 21	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2				
CA_n77	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1					
CA_n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41, 65	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1					

NOTE 1: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x L<sub>CRB</sub> x RB<sub>size</sub> kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, 5 for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.

NOTE 2: This requirement applies when the NR carrier is confined within 2545 – 2575 MHz or 2595 – 2645 MHz and the channel bandwidth is 10 or 20 MHz

## 6.5A.3.2.3 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the requirements in subclause 6.5A.3.2.1 apply for that band.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with the uplink assigned to two NR bands, the requirements in Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1 apply on each component carrier with all component carriers are active.

NOTE: For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands the requirements in Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1 could be verified by measuring spurious emissions at the specific frequencies where second and third order intermodulation products generated by the two transmitted carriers can occur; in that case, the requirements for remaining applicable frequencies in Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1 would be considered to be verified by the measurements verifying the one uplink inter-band CA UE to UE co-existence requirements.

Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1: Requirements for uplink inter-band carrier aggregation (two bands)

NR CA combination	Spurious emission								
	Protected Band	Frequer	icy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE		
CA_n1-n3	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	NR Band n79			_	50				
	E-UTRA band 3, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4		
	E-UTRA band 22, 42, 52 NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	1	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	4,6		
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7		
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	4, 6, 7		
CA_n1-n7	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 20, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31,32, 40, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76 NR Band n78, n79	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1			
	band n77	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	band 3, 34	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4		
	Frequency range	1880		1895	-40	1	4, 6		
	Frequency range	1895		1915	-15.5	5	4. 7, 6		
	Frequency range	1915		1920	+1.6	5	4. 7, 6		
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	4, 7, 18		
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	4, 7, 18		
0.4 4 0	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	11	4, 18		
CA_n1-n8	E-UTRA Band 20, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 45, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76  E-UTRA Band 3, 7, 22, 41,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	FDL_high	-50	1	2		
	42, 43 NR Band n77, n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50		_		
	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4		
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	5		
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	4, 6		
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7		
CA_n1-n28	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 20, 26, 27, 31, 38, 40, 41, 72, 73 NR band n79	1915 F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	1920 FDL_high	+1.6 -50	<u>5</u> 1	4, 6, 7		
	E-UTRA Band 1, 22, 32, 42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 74, 75, 76 NR band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	E-UTRA Band 3, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4		
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 12		
	E-UTRA Band 1, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 15		
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	4, 14		
	Frequency range	470 758	-	710	-26.2	6	15		
	Frequency range		-	773	-30 -50	1	4		
	Frequency range	773 662	-	803 694	-26.2	<u>1</u> 6	4		
	Frequency range Frequency range	1880		1895	-20.2	1	4, 6		
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7		
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	4, 6, 7		
CA_n1-n40	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	,, 0, 1		
	Band 3, 34	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4		
	NR band n77, n79	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2		
	Frequency range	1880		1895	-40	1	4, 14		

ſ	Frequency range	1895		1915	-15.5	5	4, 7, 14
	Frequency range	1915		1920	+1.6	5	4, 7, 14
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n1-n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>		F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	, J
0/(_111 1141	18, 19, 21, 26, 27, 28, 42, 44,	I DL_IOW		I DL_IIIgII	30	'	
	45, 50, 51, 52, 65, 73, 74						
	NR Band n78						
	E-UTRA band 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	FDL_high	-40	1	
	NR Band n77, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	4,6
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	4, 6, 7
CA_n1-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	., 0, .
	11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34,	520		52g			
	40, 41, 65, 74						
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	4, 6
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	4, 6, 7
CA_n1-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	, -,
	11, 18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 34, 40,	220#					
	41, 42, 65, 74						
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	4, 6
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	4, 6, 7
CA_n2-n5	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	, -,
	14, 17, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 42,	2220					
	48, 50, 51, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85,						
	E-UTRA Band 41, 43, 53	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR Band n77			_ 3			
CA_n2-n48	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
_	14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 41,	_		_ 0			
	50, 51, 53, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85						
CA_n2-n77	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 26, 29, 30, 41, 65, 66,						
	70, 71						
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1	2
CA_n2-n78	E-UTRA Band 5, 7, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	26, 28, 41, 66						
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
CA_n3-n7	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 20,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40,						
	43, 44, 50, 51, 65, 67, 72, 74,						
	75, 76						
	E-UTRA band 3	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	E-UTRA band 22, 42, 52	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR-band n77, n78						
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	4, 18
CA_n3-n8	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 20, 21,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_DL\_high$	-50	1	
	28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40,			]			
	44, 50, 51, 65, 67, 72, 73, 74,			]			
	75, 76			<u> </u>			ļ
	E-UTRA band 3, 8	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2, 4
	E-UTRA band 7, 22, 41, 42,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	43, 52						
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	40045		4045 7	4.4	0.0	
04 0 00	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n3-n38	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 8, 20, 27,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 43, 50,			]			
	51, 65, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76	F		<del>  _</del>	<b>50</b>	4	45
	E-UTRA band 3	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	15
	E-UTRA band 22, 42, 52	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26
	Frequency range	2645		2690	-40	1	15, 22

	T			1		1	1
CA_n3-n28	E-UTRA Band 5, 7, 8, 18, 19,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	20, 26, 27, 31, 38, 40, 41, 72						
	E-UTRA Band 32, 42, 43, 50,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	51, 74, 75, 76						
	NR band n77, n78, n79			_			
	E-UTRA Band 3, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 12
	E-UTRA Band 1, 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 15
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	4, 14
	Frequency range	470	-	710	-26.2	6	15
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-30	1	4
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	662	-	694	-26.2	6	4
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	4, 6
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	4, 6, 7
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	4, 6, 7
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	4
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3, 11
CA_n5-n66	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 17, 24, 25,						
	28, 29, 30, 34, 38, 40, 43, 45,						
	50, 51, 65, 66, 70, 71, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 26	859	-	869	-27	1	
	E-UTRA Band 41, 42, 48, 52	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	NR Band n77, n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n5-n77	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 8,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 21,						
	25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34, 40, 65,						
	66, 70, 71, 74						
	E-UTRA Band 41	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n3-n40	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 7, 8, 11,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, 31,						
	32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 43, 44.						
	45, 50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72,						
	73, 74, 75, 76			_			
	E-UTRA Band 3	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	UTRA Band 22, 42, 52	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	10015		1015.7			
0.4.4	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n3-n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 5, 8, 11, 18,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	19, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, 34, 39,						
	44, 45, 50, 51, 65, 73, 74			_	40		
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	E-UTRA Band 42,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	40045	-	4045.7	4.4	0.0	
04 0 ==	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n3-n77	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8,	$F_{DL\_low}$	_	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34,						
	39, 40, 41, 65, 74	40045	-	4045.7	4.4	0.0	
04 0 ==	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n3-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 34,						
	39, 40, 41, 65, 74	40045	-	4045 7	4.4	2.0	
04 0 70	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n3-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11,	$F_{DL\_low}$	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 39, 40, 41,						
	65, 74			_			
	E-UTRA Band 42	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
04	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n5-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19,						
	21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31,						
	34, 38, 40, 45, 65, 66, 70, 74	0.45		000		4	
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	

	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
	Frequency range	2545	-	2575	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	2595	-	2645	-50	1	_
	E-UTRA Band 41	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	7, 2
CA_n5-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>			.,_
G/1_110 111 0	8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19,	· DL_IOW		· DL_mgn			
	21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31,						
	34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 45, 48, 50,						
	51, 65, 66, 70, 71, 73, 74, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 41, 52	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n7-n25	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 7, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	Ŭ
0/\_II/\ II20	14 17, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 42,	i DL_IOW		i DL_IIIgII	00		
	66, 85						
	NR Band n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 43	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	FDL_high	-50	1	4
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	1.6	5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2595	_	2620	-40	1	4, 18
CA_n7-n28	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8,		-		-50	1	7, 10
UΛ_11/-1120	20, 26, 27, 31, 34, 40 72	$F_{DL\_low}$	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-30	'	
	E-UTRA Band 1, 4, 42, 43,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	50, 51, 65, 66, 74, 75, 76	I DL_low	_	I DL_high	-30	'	
	NR band n78						1
	E-UTRA Band n1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 12
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	4
		773	-	803	-50	1	4
	Frequency range	2570	_	2575	+1.6	5	1 7 10
	Frequency range		-			5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2575		2595	-15.5		4, 7, 18
04700	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	4, 18
CA_n7-n66	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	13, 14, 17, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,						
	43, 66, 71, 85 E-UTRA Band 42	Г		Г	F0	1	2
		F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1 7	
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	4, 7, 18
04 7 70	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	4, 18
CA_n7-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	8, 111, 18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27,						
	28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 50, 51,						
	65, 66, 67, 68, 72, 74, 75, 76	0.570		0575	4.0	_	4 = 40
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	4, 7, 18
	Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	4, 7, 18
0, 2	Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	4, 18
CA_n8-n39	E-UTRA Band 1, 34, 40, 50,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	1
	51, 74						
	E-UTRA Band 22, 41, 42	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	NR Band n77, n78, n79						ļ .
	E-UTRA Band 8	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
CA_n8-n40	E-UTRA Bands 1, 5, 11, 18,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	1
	19, 20, 21, 26, 28, 31, 32, 33,						1
	34, 38, 39, 45, 50, 51, 65, 67,						1
	68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76					ļ .	<u> </u>
	E-UTRA Bands 3, 7, 22, 41,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	42, 43, 52						1
	NR Bands n77, n78, n79			_			
	E-UTRA Band 8	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n8-n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 12, 28,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	1
	34, 39, 45, 50, 51, 65, 73,74						ļ
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	
	E-UTRA band 3, 42, 52	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR band n77, n78, n79						ļ
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3

CA_n8-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 11, 20,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	21, 28, 34, 39, 40, 65, 74						
	E-UTRA Band 3, 7, 41	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n8-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 11, 21,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	28, 34, 39, 40, 65, 74	520		52g			
	E-UTRA Band 3, 41, 42	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n20-n28	E-UTRA Band 3, 7, 28, 31, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	Ŭ
O/\_1120 1120	E-UTRA Band 1, 22, 32, 38,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	FDL_high	-50	1	2
	42, 43, 65, 75, 76	I DL_IOW		I DL_nign	-30	'	_
	NR Band n78						
CA_n20-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 34,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>		En	-50	1	
CA_1120-1176	40, 65	I DL_low	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-30	ı	
	E-UTRA Band 20	E	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
		F <sub>DL_low</sub>					2
CA = 25 = 44	E-UTRA Band 38, 69	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
CA_n25-n41	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13 ,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	14, 17, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,						
	42, 48, 66, 70, 71,85	_				_	
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	NR Band n77	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
CA_n25-n66	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 7, 12, 13,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,						
	38, 41, 50, 51, 53, 66, 70, 71,						
	74, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 42, 43, 48,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	NR Band n77, n78						
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
CA_n25-n71	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 24, 26, 30, 48, 53, 66,						
	85						
	E-UTRA Band 41, 70	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR Band n71	F <sub>DL</sub> low	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	4
CA_n25-n78	E-UTRA Band 5, 7, 12, 13,	FDL low	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
071_11_0 111 0	25, 26, 28, 41, 66	I DL_IOW		· DE_mgn	00	•	
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
CA_n28-n40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	FDL_high	-50	1	
O/\_1120 1140	18, 19, 20, 26, 27, 28, 31, 34,	I DL_IOW		I DL_High	30		
	38, 41, 72						
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21, 22, 32,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	42, 43, 50, 51, 52, 65, 73, 74,	I DL_low		I DL_nign	-30	'	_
	75, 76						
	NR band n77, n78, n79						
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n28-n41	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 8, 25,				<del>-41</del> -50	0.3	3
CA_1120-1141	26, 27, 34	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-30	ı	
	E-UTRA Band 4, 42, 50, 51,	Es		F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	52, 65, 66, 73, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	□DL_high	-30	ı	
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	EDI Jaw		EDI biab	<i></i>	4	44
	E-UTRA Band 18, 19	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	<u>-50</u>	1	11
	E-UTRA Band 1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 15
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 12
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	4, 14
	Frequency range	470	-	710	-26.2	6	13
	Frequency range	662	-	694	-26.2	6	4
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	4
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3, 11
CA_n28-n50	E-UTRA Band 2, 3, 5, 7, 8,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 31, 34, 38,						
	39, 40, 41, 72						
	E-UTRA Band 4, 22, 42, 43,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	48, 52, 65, 66, 73	225#		2g.i			
	NR Band n77, n78, 79						
	E-UTRA Band 1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2, 10, 11
	<u></u>			9			

	Fraguency range	470		604	40	0	1 11
	Frequency range	470 470	-	694 710	-42 -26.2	8	4, 14 13
	Frequency range	662	<del>                                     </del>	694	-26.2 -26.2	6	4
	Frequency range	758	<del></del>	773	-26.2 -32	1	4
	Frequency range Frequency range	773	-	803	-52 -50	1	4
		1884.5	1	1915.7	-50 -41	0.3	2 11
CA_n28-n77	Frequency range E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 7, 8, 18,		-		-41 -50	0.3	3, 11
UA_1120-11//	19, 20, 26, 34, 39, 40, 41	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	'	
	E-UTRA Band 65, 74	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 15
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	FDL_high	-50	1	11, 13
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	11, 14
	Frequency range	773	_	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3, 11
CA_n28-n78	E-UTRA Band 3, 5, 7, 8, 18,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	<u> </u>
G/ (_1120 111 0	19, 20, 26, 34, 39, 40, 41	. DL_low		· DL_mgn	00		
	E-UTRA Band 65	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 1	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 15
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	11, 12
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1	<u> </u>
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3, 11
CA_n38-n66	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 43,			5			
	50, 51, 66, 74, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 42	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	5, 7, 19
	Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	5, 19,
CA_n38-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 20,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	28, 34, 40, 65,						
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645	-15.5	5	15, 22, 26
	Frequency range	2645	-	2690	-40	1	15, 22
CA_n39-n40	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 22, 26,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	28, 34, 41, 42, 44, 45, 50, 51,						
	52, 73, 74					<u> </u>	
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1805		1855	-40	1 -	8
	Frequency range	1855		1880	-15.5	5	4, 7, 8
CA_n39-n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 26, 28,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	34, 42, 44, 45, 50, 51, 74	_		_	40		
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	_
	NR Band n77, n78, n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1805	-	1855	-40	1	4
OA = 00 70	Frequency range	1855	-	1880	-15.5	5	4, 7, 8
CA_n39-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 8, 28, 34,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	40, 41, 44, 45	Γ		F	F0	4	
	NR Band n78	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1805	-	1855	-40	1	4, 8
CA = 40 = 44	Frequency range	1855	-	1880	-15.5	5	4, 7, 8
CA_n40-n41	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	18, 19, 21, 26, 27, 28, 34, 39,						
	42, 44, 45, 50, 51, 65, 73, 74, NP Band n77, n78						
	NR Band n77, n78 NR Band n79	Fa		Es	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	F <sub>DL_low</sub> 1884.5	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub> 1915.7	-50 -41	0.3	3
CA_n40-n78	UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	<del>                                     </del>	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	- <del>4</del> 1	1	3
UA_1140-1170	18, 19, 20, 21, 26, 27, 28, 31,	I DL_IOW	_	I DL_nign	-30	'	
	32, 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 44, 45,						
	50, 51, 65, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73,						
	74, 75, 76						
	.,,						
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
I .					• •	0.0	

			1			1	
CA_n40-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 41,						
	42, 65, 74,						
	NR band n78	4004.5		4045.7	4.4	0.0	0
CA = 44 = 50	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n41-n50	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	12, 13, 14, 17, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 34, 39, 42, 43,						
	44, 48, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70,						
	71, 73, 85						
	NR Band n77, n78						
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
CA_n41-n66	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29,						
	30, 50, 51, 66, 70, 71, 74, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 42, 48	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
CA_n41-n71	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	14, 17, 24, 26, 30, 48, 66, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25, 70	FDL_low	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	NR Band n71	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
CA n 44 n 70	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	FDL_high	-38	1	4
CA_n41-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	18, 19, 21, 26, 28, 34, 39, 65, 74						
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	_	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	_	1915.7	-40 -41	0.3	3
CA_n41-n79	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 5, 8, 11,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	<u> </u>
0/\_I\\\	18, 19, 21, 28, 34, 42, 44, 45,	I DL_IOW		i DL_IIIgII	00		
	65						
	E-UTRA Band 40	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-40	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	3
CA_n48-n66	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	13, 14, 17, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29,						
	30, 41, 50, 51, 66, 70, 71, 74,						
	85						
CA_n50-n78	E-UTRA Band 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	8, 12, 13, 17, 20, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40,						
	41, 44, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72,						
	73, 85						
	NR Band n79	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
CA_n66-n71	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 26, 27, 30, 43, 50, 51,	520		2-zg			
	53, 66, 74, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 2, 7, 25, 41,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	42, 48, 70						
	NR Band n77			<u> </u>			
	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	4
04 00 ==	E-UTRA Band 71	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	4
CA_n66-n77	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 12, 13,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	
	14, 17, 26, 29, 30, 41, 65, 66,						
CA_n66-n78	70, 71 E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 7, 12,	F <sub>D1</sub>	_	Fp	-50	1	
OA_1100-1170	13, 14, 17, 29, 26, 28, 41, 66,	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	'	
	71						
CA_n70-n71	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	14, 17, 26, 27, 30, 48, 66, 74,	22011		g.,	<del>-</del> -		
	85		<u> </u>				
	E-UTRA Band 2, 7, 25, 41,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	2
	70,						
	NR Band n77						
	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	4
04 70 55	E-UTRA Band 71	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	4
CA_n78-n92	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 34,	FDL_low	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	40, 65	E		E · ·	50	4	Л
1	E-UTRA Band 20	$F_{DL\_low}$	-	$F_{DL\_high}$	-50	1	4

E-UTRA Band 38, 69	FDL_low	-	►DL_high	-50	1	2
For low and For high refer to each frequen	cy band spe	cified in	Table 5.2-1	in TS 38.101	-1 or Table 5	5.5-1 in TS

- NOTE 1: 36.101
- NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.5.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x LCRB x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4, 5 for the 2nd, 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 3: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 -1915.7 MHz
- NOTE 4: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.5.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 5: Void
- NOTE 6: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 1920 – 1980 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1927.5 - 1929.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1930 – 1938 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.
- NOTE 7: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.
- NOTE 8: This requirement is only applicable for carriers with bandwidth confined within 1885-1920 MHz (requirement for carriers with at least 1RB confined within 1880 - 1885 MHz is not specified). This requirement applies for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 1892.5 - 1894.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 1895 - 1903 MHz.
- NOTE 9: Void.
- NOTE 10: Void.
- NOTE 11: Applicable when the assigned NR carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.
- NOTE 12: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -38 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned NR carrier used in the measurement due to 2<sup>nd</sup> harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.3.1-1) for which the 2<sup>nd</sup> harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 13: This requirement is applicable for 5 and 10 MHz NR channel bandwidth allocated within 718 728 MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz bandwidth, this requirement applies for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 30 RB with RBstart > 1 and Rbstart < 48.
- NOTE 14: This requirement is applicable in the case of a 10 MHz NR carrier confined within 703 MHz and 733 MHz, otherwise the requirement of -25 dBm with a measurement bandwidth of 8 MHz applies.
- NOTE 15: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -36 dBm/MHz is permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 3rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 3rd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the measurement bandwidth (MBW).
- NOTE 17: Void.
- NOTE 18: This requirement is applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2500 2570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2560.5 - 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2552 - 2560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal
- NOTE 19: This requirement is applicable for power class 3 UE for any channel bandwidths within the range 2570 2615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2605.5 - 2607.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2597 - 2605 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB. For power class 2 UE for any channel bandwidths within the range 2570 - 2615 MHz, NS\_44 shall apply. For power class 2 or 3 UE for carriers with channel bandwidth overlapping the frequency range 2615 - 2620 MHz the requirement applies with the maximum output power configured to +19 dBm in the IE P-Max.
  - NOTE: To simplify Table 6.5A.3.2.3-1, E-UTRA band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for E-UTRA operation or both E-UTRA and NR operation. NR band numbers are listed for bands which are specified only for NR operation.

6.5A.3.2.4 Void

6.5A.3.2.5 Void

6.5A.3.2.6 Void

### 6.5A.3.3 Additional spurious emissions for CA

### 6.5A.3.3.1 Additional spurious emissions for intra-band contiguous CA

#### 6.5A.3.3.1.1 Requirement for network signalling value "CA NS 04"

When "CA\_NS04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5A.3.3.1.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than FOOB (MHz) in Table 6.5A.3.1-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5A.3.3.1.1-1: Additional requirements for "CA\_ NS\_04"

Frequency range (MHz)	BWChannel_CA (MHz) / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	20 to 190 MHz	
2495 ≤ f < 2496	-13	Max(1 % of
		BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> , 1 MHz)
2490.5 ≤ f < 2495	-13	1 MHz
0.009 < f < 2490.5	-25	1 MHz

#### 6.5A.3.3.1.2 Requirement for network signalling value "CA\_ NS\_27"

When "CA\_NS 27" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5A.3.3.1.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table Table 6.5A.3.1-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5A.3.3.1.2-1: Additional requirements for "CA\_ NS\_27"

Frequency range (MHz)	Spectrum emission limit (dBm) for aggregated channel bandwidth of max 40 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
9 kHz – 3530 MHz	-40	1 MHz
3530 MHz - 3540 MHz	-25	
3710 MHz - 3720 MHz	-25	
3720 MHz – 12.75 GHz	-40	

#### 6.5A.3.3.1.3 Requirement for network signalling value "CA\_ NS\_46"

When "CA\_NS 46" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5A.3.3.1.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table Table 6.5A.3.1-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5A.3.3.1.3-1: Additional requirements for "CA\_NS\_46"

Protected band	Frequen	cy ran	ge (MHz)	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
Frequency range	2570	-	2575	+1.6	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	1, 2
Frequency range	2595	-	2620	-40	1	1

NOTE 1: This requirement is applicable for carriers confined in 2500-2570 MHz.

NOTE 2: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

### 6.5A.4 Transmit intermodulation for CA

### 6.5A.4.2.1 Transmit intermodulation for intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the requirement of transmitting intermodulation is specified in Table 6.5A.4.2.1-1.

Table 6.5A.4.2.1-1: Transmit Intermodulation

CA bandwidth class(UL)	Ва	and C				
Interference Signal Frequency Offset	BWChannel_CA	2*BWChannel_CA				
Interference CW Signal Level	-40	OdBc				
Intermodulation Product	-29dBc	-35dBc				
Measurement bandwidth	Nominal channel					
(NOTE1)	space+MBW <sub>ACLR,low</sub> /2+					
	MBW <sub>ACLR,high</sub> /2					
Measurement offset from	BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>	2*BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>				
channel center	and	and				
	2*BWChannel_CA 4*BWChannel_CA					
	NOTE 1: MBW <sub>ACLR,low</sub> and MBW <sub>ACLR,high</sub> are the single-					
channel ACLR	channel ACLR measurement bandwidths					
	specified for channel bandwidths BW channel (low) and					
BW <sub>channel(high)</sub> in	6.5.2.4.1, respec	tively.				

#### 6.5A.4.2.2 Void

#### 6.5A.4.2.3 Transmit intermodulation for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with two contiguous carriers assigned to one NR band, the transmit intermodulation requirements in subclause 6.5A.4.2.1apply for that band.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the transmit intermodulation requirement is specified in Table 6.5.4-1 which shall apply on each component carrier with both component carriers active.

# 6.5B Output RF spectrum emissions for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC with one uplink carrier assigned per NR band, the output RF spectrum emissions for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 6.5A applies.

# 6.5D Output RF spectrum emissions for UL MIMO

## 6.5D.1 Occupied bandwidth for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the requirements for occupied bandwidth apply to the sum of the powers from both UE transmit antenna connectors. The occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the occupied bandwidth shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in table 6.5.1-1. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.1 apply.

### 6.5D.2 Out of band emission for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the requirements for Out of band emissions resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitters is defined as the sum of the emissions from both UEtransmit antenna connectors.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements in subclasuse 6.5.2 apply. The requirements shall be met with UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

For UE support uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx) for UL MIMO, the requirements in clause 6.5.2 shall apply. The requirements shall be met with the PUSCH configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-3, based upon UE's support of uplink full power transmission mode.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.2 apply.

## 6.5D.3 Spurious emission for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the requirements for Spurious emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products is defined as the sum of the emissions from both UE transmit antenna connectors.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements specified in subclasuse 6.5.3 apply. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

For UE support uplink full power transmission (ULFPTx) for UL MIMO, the requirements in clause 6.5.3 shall apply. The requirements shall be met with the PUSCH configurations specified in Table 6.2D.1-3, based upon UE's support of uplink full power transmission mode.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.3 apply.

### 6.5D.4 Transmit intermodulation for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the transmit intermodulation requirements are specified at each transmit antenna connector and the wanted signal is defined as the sum of output powers from both UE transmit antenna connectors.

For UEs with two transmit antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the requirements specified in clause 6.5.4 apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If UE is scheduled for single antenna-port PUSCH transmission by DCI format 0\_0 or by DCI format 0\_1 for single antenna port codebook based transmission, the requirements in clause 6.5.4 apply.

# 6.5E Output RF spectrum emissions for V2X

# 6.5E.1 Occupied bandwidth for V2X

#### 6.5E.1.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the requirements in clause 6.5.1 shall apply for NR V2X sidelink transmission.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the occupied bandwidth at each transmitter antenna shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.5.1-1. The requirements shall be met with SL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If V2X UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to the active antenna connector.

### 6.5E.1.2 Occupied bandwidth for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.5.1 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.5E.1 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

### 6.5E.2 Out of band emission for V2X

#### 6.5E.2.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the requirements in clause 6.5E.2 apply for NR V2X sidelink transmission.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with SL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

### 6.5E.2.2 Spectrum emission mask

### 6.5E.2.2.1 General

For NR V2X UE, the existing NR general spectrum emission mask in subclause 6.5.2.2 applies for all supporting NR V2X channel bandwidths. The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies ( $\Delta f_{OOB}$ ) starting from the  $\pm$  edge of the assigned NR channel bandwidth. For frequencies greater than ( $\Delta f_{OOB}$ ), the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5.2.2-1 for the specified channel bandwidth for NR V2X operating bands in Table 5.2E.1-1.

## 6.5E.2.2.2 Spectrum emission mask for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the general/additional SEM requirements specified in clause 6.5.2 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the general/additional SEM requirements specified in clause 6.5E.2 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

### 6.5E.2.3 Additional Spectrum emission mask

### 6.5E.2.3.1 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_33"

The additional spectrum mask in Table 6.5E.2.2.1-1 applies for NR V2X UE within 5 855 MHz to 5 950 MHz according to ETSI EN 302 571. Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_33" is indicated in the cell or pre-configured radio parameters, the power of any V2X UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5E.2.2.1-1.

Table 6.5E.2.2.1-1: Additional spectrum mask requirements for 10MHz channel bandwidth

Spectrum emission limit (dBm EIRP)/ Channel bandwidth					
Δf <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)	10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth			
± 0-0.5	$[-13-12\left(\frac{ \Delta \text{fOOB} }{MHz}\right)]$	100 kHz			
± 0.5-5	$[-19 - \frac{16}{9} (\frac{ \Delta \text{fOOB} }{MHz} - 0.5)]$	100 kHz			
± 5-10	$[-27 - 2( \Delta \text{fOOB} /_{MHz} - 5.0)]$	100 kHz			

- NOTE 1: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- NOTE 2: Additional SEM for NR V2X overrides any other requirements in frequency range 5855-5950MHz.
- NOTE 3: The EIRP requirement is converted to conducted requirement depend on the supported post antenna connector gain G<sub>post connector</sub> declared by the UE following the principle described in annex I in [11].

### 6.5E.2.3.2 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_52"

The additional spectrum mask in Table 6.5E.2.3.2-1 applies for NR V2X UE within 5 765 MHz to 6 005 MHz according to FCC regulation. Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS\_52" is indicated in the cell or pre-configured radio parameters, the power of any V2X UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5E.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.5E.2.3.2-1: Additional spectrum mask requirements for 40MHz channel bandwidth (fc = 5885MHz)

Δf <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)	Emission Limit (dBm)	Measurement Bandwidth
±0-2	-32	100kHz
±2-10	-36	100kHz
±10-20	-38	100kHz
±20-40	-43	100kHz
±40-100	-50	100kHz

### 6.5E.2.4 Adjacent channel leakage ratio

#### 6.5E.2.4.1 General

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

For NR V2X UE, the existing ACLR requirement for NR uplink transmission in clause 6.5.2.4 are applied for NR V2X UE for NR V2X operating bands in 5.2E.1-1.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with SL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

If V2X UE transmits on one antenna connector at a time, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to the active antenna connector.

### 6.5E.2.4.2 ACLR for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the ACLR requirement specified in clause 6.5.2.4 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the ACLR requirement specified in clause 6.5E.2.4 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

## 6.5E.3 Spurious emissions for V2X

### 6.5E.3.1 General spurious emissions

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the general spurious emission requirements in clause 6.5.3.1 shall apply for NR V2X sidelink transmission.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the SL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

### 6.5E.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the requirements in clause 6.5.3.2 shall apply for NR V2X sidelink transmission.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the SL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

## 6.5E.3.3 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the UE-coexistence requirements in Table 6.5E.3.1.1-1 apply for the corresponding inter-band con-current operation with transmission assigned to both uplink in licensed band and sidelink in Band n47.

Table 6.5E.3.3.1-1: Requirements for inter-band con-current V2X operation

V2X	Spurious emission						
con-current operating band cofiguration	Protected band		ency (MHz	range )	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
V2X_n71A-	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17,	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
n47A	24, 26, 30, 48, 66, 85						
	E-UTRA Band 2, 25, 41, 70	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	1
	E-UTRA Band 29	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-38	1	2
	NR Band n71	F <sub>DL_low</sub>	-	F <sub>DL_high</sub>	-50	1	
	Frequency range		-	5950	-30	1	3, 4
	Frequency range	5815	-	5855	-30	1	3

- NOTE 1: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup> or 5<sup>th</sup> harmonic spurious emissions. In case the exceptions are allowed due to spreading of the harmonic emission the exception is also allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2MHz + N x Lcrb x 180kHz), where N is 2, 3 or 4 for the 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.
- NOTE 2: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than F<sub>OOB</sub> (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 and Table 6.6.3.1A-1 from the edge of the aggregated channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 3: Applicable when NS\_33 is configured by the pre-configured radio parameters for power class 3 V2X UE.
- NOTE 4: In the frequency range x-5950MHz, SE requirement of -30dBm/MHz should be applied; where x = max (5925, fc + 15), where fc is the channel centre frequency.

### 6.5E.3.4 Additional spurious emissions requirements for V2X

#### 6.5E.3.4.1 General

This clause specifies additional spurious emission requirements for V2X operation

## 6.5E.3.4.2 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_33"

Table 6.5.3.4.2-1: Additional requirements for "NS 33"

Protected band		Frequency range (MHz)		Maximum Level (EIRP <sup>2</sup> )	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
Frequency range	5925	-	5950	-30	1	1
Frequency range	5815	-	5855	-30	1	3

NOTE 1: In the frequency range x-5950MHz, SE requirement of -30dBm/MHz should be applied; where x = max (5925, fc + 15), where fc is the channel centre frequency.

NOTE 2: The EIRP requirement is converted to conducted requirement depend on the supported post antenna connector gain G<sub>post connector</sub> declared by the UE following the principle described in annex I in [11].

NOTE 3: Resolution BW is 10% of the measurement BW and the result should be integrated to achieve the measurement bandwidth. The sweep time shall be set larger than (symbol length)\*(number of points in sweep) to improve the measurement accuracy.

When "NS\_33" is configured from pre-configured radio parameters or the cell, and the indication from upper layers has indicated that the UE is within the protection zone of CEN DSRC devices or HDR DSRC devices, the power of any NR V2X UE emission shall fulfil either one of the two sets of conditions.

Table 6.5.3.4.2-2: Requirements for spurious emissions to protect CEN DSRC for V2X UE

	Maximum Transmission Power (dBm EIRP1)	Emission Limit in Frequency Range 5795-5815 (dBm/MHz EIRP¹)		
Condition 1	10	-65		
Condition 2	10	-45		
NOTE 1: The EIRP requirement is converted to conducted requirement depend on the supported post antenna connector gain G <sub>post connector</sub> declared by the UE following the principle described in annex I in [11].				

#### 6.5E.3.4.3 Void

### 6.5E.4 Transmit intermodulation

#### 6.5E.4.1 General

When UE is configured for NR V2X sidelink transmissions non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the requirements in clause 6.5.4 apply for NR V2X sidelink transmission.

For NR V2X UE with two transmit antenna connectors, the requirements specified for single carrier shall apply to each transmit antenna connector. The requirements shall be met with the SL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1.

### 6.5E.4.2 Transmit intermodulation for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 6.5.4 shall apply for the uplink in licensed band and the requirements specified in clause 6.5E.4 shall apply for the sidelink in licensed band or Band n47.

# 6.5F Output RF spectrum emissions

## 6.5F.1 Occupied bandwidth

The requirements for occupied bandwidth in clause 6.5.1 apply for the specified NR-U channel bandwidths in Table 5.3.5-1.

#### 6.5F.2 Out of band emission

#### 6.5F.2.1 General

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an adjacent channel leakage power ratio.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5F.2.2 Spectrum emission mask for operation with shared spectrum channel access

Instead of the general spectrum emission mask requirement in clause 6.5.2.2, when operating with shared spectrum channel access the relative power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5F.2.2-1 for the specified channel bandwidth or -30 dBm/MHz whichever is the greatest. The spectrum emission mask for operation with shared spectrum channel access is defined relative to the maximum power density in a 1 MHz measurement bandwidth within the channel bandwidth.

The spectrum emission mask for operation with shared spectrum channel access applies to frequencies ( $\Delta f_{OOB}$ ) starting from the  $\pm$  edge of the assigned channel bandwidth. For frequencies offset greater than  $\Delta f_{OOB}$ , the spurious requirements in clause 6.5.3 are applicable.

Table 6.5F.2.2-1: Spectrum emission mask for operation with shared spectrum channel access

	Spectrum emission limit (dBr) / Channel bandwidth						
Δf <sub>OOB</sub> (MHz)	10 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	Measurement bandwidth (MBW)	
± 0-1			$-20  \Delta f_{OOB} $			[100kHz] <sup>3</sup>	
± 1-5	NOTE 1	NOTE 1	NOTE 1	NOTE 1	NOTE 1	1 MHz	
± 5-10	NOTE 2						
± 10-20	-40	NOTE 2					
± 20-30		-40	NOTE 2				
± 30-40			NOTE 2	NOTE 2			
± 40-50			-40		NOTE 2		
± 50-60							
± 60-70				-40			
± 70-80							
± 80-100					-40		

- NOTE 1: Given as:  $-20 \binom{8}{A} |\Delta f_{00B} 1|$  where  $A = \binom{Channel\ Bandwidth}{2} 1$  NOTE 2: Given as:  $-16 \binom{12}{B} |\Delta f_{00B}|$  where  $B = \binom{Channel\ Bandwidth}{2}$
- NOTE 3: The measured value shall be scaled by a factor equal to the ratio of the reference bandwidth (1 MHz) to the measurement bandwidth before the emission limit (dBr) is applied.
- The carrier leakage exceptions from Table 6.4F.2.3-1 apply and carrier leakage contribution shall be removed prior to setting the 0dBr level of the mask, the reported carrier frequency location in txDirectCurrentLocation field of the UplinkTxDirectCurrentBWP can be used to cancel the carrier leakage contribution. If txDirectCurrentLocation is not available or is reported with value 3300 or 3301, a carrier frequency location at the center of the channel shall be assumed

For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2.

#### 6.5F.2.2.1 Spectrum emission mask for non-transmitted channels

In the case of non-transmitted 20 MHz channel(s) on the edges of an assigned channel bandwidth the spectrum emission mask for operation with shared spectrum channel access, specified in Table 6.5F.2.2-1, is applied by using the total

bandwidth of the remaining transmitted channels. The spectrum emission mask for non-transmitted channels is floored at -28dBr.

The relative power of any UE emission shall not exceed the most stringent levels given by the spectrum emission mask for operation with shared spectrum channel access with full channel bandwidth and the spectrum emission mask for non-transmitted channels with the channel bandwidth of the transmitted channels in the case of non-transmitted channels at the edge of an assigned channel bandwidth.

An exception to the spectrum emission mask for non-transmitted channels allows a single [2] MHz bandwidth to extend to [-28] dBc relative to total transmit power, or [-20] dBm, whichever is the greatest.

### 6.5F.2.3 Additional spectrum emission mask

There are no additional spectrum emission mask requirements in this version of the specification.

### 6.5F.2.4 Adjacent channel leakage ratio

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.5F.2.4.1 Shared spectrum channel access ACLR

The Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. The assigned channel power and adjacent channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1.

Instead of the general ACLR requirement in clause 6.5.2.4, if the measured adjacent channel power is greater than –47 dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.5F.2.4.1-1.

Table 6.5F.2.4.1-1: Shared spectrum channel acess ACLR requirement

	Power class 5
ACLR	27 dB

### 6.5F.2.4.2 Additional requirement for network signaled value "NS\_29"

When "NS\_29" is indicated in the cell, the UE emission shall meet the additional requirements specified in Table 6.5F.2.4.2-1 for shared spectrum channels assigned within 5150 - 5350 MHz and 5470 - 5730 MHz.

Table 6.5F.2.4.2-1: ACLR2 requirement for "NS 29"

Power class 5	20 MHz	40 MHz	60, 80 MHz
ACLR2	40 dB	40 dB	N/A
Measurement bandwidth	20 MHz	40 MHz	N/A
Adjacent channel center frequency	+40 / -40	+80 / -80	N/A
offset (MHz)			

# 6.5F.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions unless otherwise stated. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements in line with SM.329 [9] and NR operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should

be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

### 6.5F.3.1 General spurious emissions

The requirements for general spurious emission requirements in clause 6.5.3.1 apply.

### 6.5F.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence

Spurious emissions requirements for UE coexistence are not applicable to bands restricted to stand-alone operation with shared spectrum channel access as identified in Table 5.2-1.

### 6.5F.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

### 6.5F.3.3.1 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_28"

When "NS\_28" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission for channels assigned within 5150-5350 and 5470-5725 MHz shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5F.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 20, 40, 60, 80, [100] MHz	Measurement bandwidth
47 ≤ f ≤ 74	-54	100 kHz
87.5 ≤ f ≤ 118	-54	100 kHz
174 ≤ f ≤ 230	-54	100 kHz
470 ≤ f ≤ 862	-54	100 kHz
1000 ≤ f ≤ 5150	-30	1 MHz
5350 ≤ f ≤ 5470	-30	1 MHz
5725 ≤ f ≤ 26000	-30	1 MHz

Table 6.5F.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements

### 6.5F.3.3.2 Requirement for network signalling value "NS 29"

When "NS\_29" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission for channels assigned within 5150-5350 and 5470-5730 MHz shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5F.3.3.2-1, Table 6.5F.3.3.2-2, and Table 6.F.3.3.2-3. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5F.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements for 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Center Frequency Fc	Protected range [MHz]	Minimum requirement	Measurement bandwidth
[MHz]	- <b>-</b>	[dBm]	

5179.98 ≤ Fc ≤ 5239.98	5135 ≤ f ≤ 5142	-26	1 MHz
	5142 < f ≤ 5150	-18	
	5250 ≤ f < 5250.2	3 to -2	
	5250.2 ≤ f < 5251	-2 to -10	
	5251 ≤ f < 5260	-10 to -18	
	5260 ≤ f < 5266.7	-18 to -26	
	5266.7 ≤ f ≤ 5365	-26	
5260.02 ≤ Fc ≤ 5320.02	5135 ≤ f ≤ 5233.3	-26	
	5233.3 < f ≤ 5240	-26 to -18	
	5240 < f ≤ 5249	-18 to -10	7
	5249 < f ≤ 5249.8	-10 to -2	
	5249.8 < f ≤ 5250	-2 to 3	
	5350 ≤ f ≤ 5365	-26	
5500.02 ≤ Fc ≤ 5719.98	5420 ≤ f ≤ 5460	-26	
	5460 < f ≤ 5470	-19	
	5745 ≤ f < 5765	-19	
	5765 ≤ f ≤ 5800	-26	

NOTE: The minimum requirement when specified as a range denotes the emission requirement at the end points of the protected range. The requirement within the protected range is obtained by linear interpolation between the requirements at the end points.

Table 6.5F.3.3.2-2: Additional requirements for 40 MHz channel bandwidth

Center Frequency Fc [MHz]	Protected range [MHz]	Minimum requirement [dBm]	Measurement bandwidth
5190 ≤ Fc ≤ 5230.02	5100 ≤ f ≤ 5141.6	-26	1 MHz
	5141.6 < f ≤ 5150	-18	1
	5250 ≤ f < 5251	-3 to -13	
	5251 ≤ f < 5270	-13 to -21	
	5270 ≤ f < 5278.4	-21 to -26	
	5278.4 ≤ f ≤ 5400	-26	
5269.98 ≤ Fc ≤ 5310	5210 < f ≤ 5221.6	-26	
	5221.6 < f ≤ 5230	-26 to -21	1
	5230 < f ≤ 5249	-21 to -13	1
	5249 ≤ f ≤ 5250	-13 to -3	
	5350 ≤ f ≤ 5358.4	-18	
	5358.4 < f ≤ 5400	-26	
5509.98 ≤ Fc ≤ 5670	5420 ≤ f ≤ 5460	-19	
	5460 < f ≤ 5470	-13	
	5770 ≤ f ≤ 5800	-19	

NOTE: The minimum requirement when specified as a range denotes the emission requirement at the end points of the protected range. The requirement within the protected range is obtained by linear interpolation between the requirements at the end points.

Table 6.5F.3.3.2-3: Additional requirements for 60 and 80 MHz channel bandwidth

Center Frequency Fc [MHz]	Protected range [MHz]	Minimum requirement [dBm]	Measurement bandwidth
5200.02 ≤ Fc ≤ 5220	5020 ≤ f ≤ 5123.2	-26	1 MHz
	5123.2 < f ≤ 5150	-18	
	5250 ≤ f < 5251	-6 to -16	
	5251 ≤ f < 5290	-16 to -24	
	5290 ≤ f < 5296.7	-24 to -26	
	5296.7 ≤ f ≤ 5480	-26	
5280 ≤ Fc ≤ 5299.98	5020 ≤ f ≤ 5203.3	-26	
	5203.3 < f ≤ 5210	-26 to -24	
	5210 < f ≤ 5249	-24 to -16	
	5249 < f ≤ 5250	-16 to -6	
	5350 ≤ f < 5376.8	-18	
	5376.8 ≤ f ≤ 5480	-26	
5520 ≤ Fc ≤ 5689.98	5340 ≤ f ≤ 5460	-19	
	5460 < f ≤ 5469.5	-13	
	5469.5 < f ≤ 5470	-13	
NOTE TI	5770 ≤ f ≤ 5800	-19	

NOTE: The minimum requirement when specified as a range denotes the emission requirement at the end points of the protected range. The requirement within the protected range is obtained by linear interpolation between the requirements at the end points.

#### 6.5F.3.3.3 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_30"

When "NS\_30" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission for channels assigned within 5150-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5F.3.3.3-1-1, Table 6.5F.3.3.3-1-2 and Table 6.5F.3.3.3-1-3, respectively. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5F.3.3.3-1: Additional requirements for shared access channels assigned within 5150-5350 MHz

Protected range (MHz)	z) Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 20, 40, 60, 80 MHz					
4500 ≤ f ≤ 5150	-41	4 NALI-				
5350 ≤ f ≤ 5460	-41	1 MHz				

Table 6.5F.3.3.3-2: Additional requirements for shared access channels assigned within 5470-5725

Protected range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	20, 40, 60, 80 MHz	
4500 ≤ f ≤ 5150	-41	
5350 ≤ f ≤ 5460	-41	1 MHz
5460 < f ≤ 5470	-27	I IVIITZ
5725 ≤ f	-27	

Table 6.5F.3.3.3-3: Additional requirements for shared access channels assigned within 5725-5850 MHz

Protected range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 20, 40, 60, 80, [100] MHz	Measurement bandwidth
f < 5650	-27	
5650 ≤ f < 5700	-27 to 10	
5700 ≤ f < 5720	10 to 15.6	
5720 < f ≤ 5725	15.6 to 27	4 MH
5850 ≤ f ≤ 5855	27 to 15.6	1 MHz
5855 < f ≤ 5875	15.6 to 10	
5875 < f ≤ 5925	10 to -27	
5925 < f	-27	

NOTE: The minimum requirement when specified as a range denotes the emission requirement at the end points of the protected range. The requirement within the protected range is obtained by linear interpolation between the requirements at the end points.

#### 6.5F.3.3.4 Requirement for network signalling value "NS\_31"

When "NS\_31" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission for channels assigned within 5150-5250 MHz, 5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5F.3.3.4-1, Table 6.5F.3.3.4-2, Table 6.5F.3.3.4-3 and Table 6.5F.3.3.4-4, respectively. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5F.3.3.4-1: Additional requirements for NR-U channels assigned within 5150-5250 MHz

Frequency band	Channel bandwidth /	Measurement		
(MHz)	Spectrum emission limit	bandwidth		
	(dBm)			
	20, 40, 60, 80 MHz			
f ≤ 5150	-27	1 MHz		
f ≥ 5250	-27	I IVITIZ		

Table 6.5F.3.3.4-2: Additional requirements for NR-U channels assigned within 5250-5350 MHz

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 20, 40, 60, 80 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
f ≤ 5250	-27	4 MILI-
f ≥ 5350	-27	1 MHz

Table 6.5F.3.3.4-3: Additional requirements for NR-U channels assigned within 5470-5725 MHz

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
		20, 40, 60, 80 MHz	
Γ	f ≤ 5470	-27	1 MHz
	f ≥ 5725	-27	I IVITZ

Table 6.5F.3.3.4-4: Additional requirements for NR-U channels assigned within 5725-5850 MHz

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 20, 40, 60, 80 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
f ≤ 5725	-27	1 MHz
f ≥ 5850	-27	I IVIDZ

#### 6.5F.3.3.5 Requirements for network signalling value "NS\_53" or "NS\_54"

When "NS\_53" or "NS\_54" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.5F.3.3.5-1. These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than  $F_{OOB}$  (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.5F.3.3.5-1: Additional requirements

	Frequency band (MHz)	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth		
	f ≤ 5925	-27	1 MHz		
ſ	f ≥ 7125	-27			

#### 6.5F.4 Transmit intermodulation

The requirements for transmit intermodulation in clause 6.5F.4 apply.

#### 6.6 Void

# 6.6E Time alignment error

For V2X UE(s) with two transmit antenna connectors in SL MIMO, this requirement applies to slot timing differences between transmissions on two transmit antenna connectors. The Time Alignment Error (TAE) shall not exceed 260 ns.

## 7 Receiver characteristics

## 7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector(s) of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna(s) with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed for each antenna port(s). UE with an integral antenna(s) may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector, identical interfering signals shall be applied to each receiver antenna port if more than one of these is used (diversity).

The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective clauses below.

The applicability of receiver requirements for Band n90 is in accordance with that for Band n41; a UE supporting Band n90 shall meet the minimum requirements for Band n41.

With the exception of clause 7.3, the requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS\_01 configured (Table 6.2.3-1).

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the UL reference measurement channels specified in Annexes A.2.2, the DL reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.2 and using the set-up specified in Annex C.3.1.

The minium requirements specified in clauses 7.5, 7.6, 7.7 and 7.8 for NR band n48 refer to the minimum requirements for NR bands < 2.7 GHz.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two or more sub-blocks, an in-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal is located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned lowest channel frequency of the highest sub-block and located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned highest channel frequency of the lowest sub-block.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two or more sub-blocks, an out-of-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal(s) is (are) located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency, or located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation of two or more sub-blocks with channel bandwidth larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the existing adjacent channel selectivity requirements, in-band blocking requirements (for each case), and narrow band blocking requirements apply for in-gap tests only if the corresponding interferer frequency offsets with respect to the two measured carriers satisfy the following condition in relation to the sub-block gap size  $W_{\rm gap}$  for at least one of these carriers j=1,2, so that the interferer frequency position does not change the nature of the core requirement tested:

$$Wgap \ge 2 \cdot |FInterferer (offset)_{,j}| - BWChannel(_{j})$$

where  $F_{\text{Interferer (offset)},j}$  for a sub-block with a single component carrier is the interferer frequency offset with respect to carrier j as specified in clause 7.5, clause 7.6.2 and clause 7.6.4 for the respective requirement and  $BW_{Channel(j)}$  the channel bandwidth of carrier j.  $F_{\text{Interferer (offset)},j}$  for a sub-block with two or more contiguous component carriers is the interference frequency offset with respect to the carrier adjacent to the gap is specified in clause 7.5A, 7.6A.2 and 7.6A.3. The interferer frequency offsets for adjacent channel selectivity, each in-band blocking case and narrow-band blocking shall be tested separately with a single in-gap interferer at a time.

For the additional requirements for operation with shared spectrum channel access, the receiver requirements apply under the assumption that all 20 MHz sub-bands and all RB's of each sub-band within the downlink channel are allocated with intra-cell guard bands configured to zero.

### 7.1A General

The minimum requirements for band combinations including Band n41 also apply for the corresponding band combinations with Band n90 replacing Band n41 but with otherwise identical parameters. For brevity the said band combinations with Band n90 are not listed in the tables below but are covered by this specification.

The minium requirements specified in clauses 7.5A, 7.6A, 7.7A and 7.8A for NR band n48 refer to the minimum requirements for NR bands < 2.7 GHz.

The minium requirements specified in clauses 7.5A, 7.6A, 7.7A and 7.8A for NR band n48 refer to the minimum requirements for NR bands < 2.7 GHz.

#### 7.1F General

For wideband operations, the minimum requirements for the receiver characteristics are specified when zero width intra-cell guardbands are configured and with all RB set(s) within the channel scheduled and with all RB sets available for DL transmissions according to the channel access procedures in [14].

# 7.2 Diversity characteristics

The UE is required to be equipped with a minimum of two Rx antenna ports in all operating bands except for the bands n7, n38, n41, n48, n77, n78, n79 where the UE is required to be equipped with a minimum of four Rx antenna ports. This requirement applies when the band is used as a standalone band or as part of a band combination.

For the single carrier REFSENS requirements in Clause 7, the UE shall be verified with two Rx antenna ports in all supported frequency bands, additional requirements for four Rx ports shall be verified in operating bands where the UE is equipped with four Rx antenna ports.

For Rx requirements other than single carrier REFSENS in Clause 7, the UE shall be verified with four Rx antenna ports and skip two Rx antenna ports requirements in operating bands where the UE is equipped with four Rx antenna ports, otherwise, the UE shall be verified with two Rx antenna ports.

The above rules apply for all clauses with the exception of clause 7.9.

## 7.3 Reference sensitivity

#### 7.3.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports for all UE categories, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

In later clauses of Clause 7 where the value of REFSENS is used as a reference to set the corresponding requirement:

in all bands, the UE shall be verified against those requirements by applying the REFSENS value in Table 7.3.2-1 with 2 Rx antenna ports tested;

for bands where the UE is required to be equipped with 4 Rx antenna ports, the UE shall additionally be verified against those requirements by applying the resulting REFSENS value derived from the requirement in Table 7.3.2-2 with 4 Rx antenna ports tested.

## 7.3.2 Reference sensitivity power level

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2.

Table 7.3.2-1: Two antenna port reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

						ing band / SC									
ınd	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	70 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)	D I
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6	-89.6	`	` '	, ,	` '		
	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7	-89.7						l
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9	-89.7						l
	15	-98.0	-94.8	-93.0	-91.8										
	30		-95.1	-93.1	-92.0										1
	60		-95.5	-93.4	-92.2										1
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-92.0	-90.8	-89.7	-88.9	-82.3							
	30		-94.1	-92.1	-91.0	-89.8	-89.0	-82.4							1
	60		-94.5	-92.4	-91.2	-90.0	-89.1	-82.6							1
	15	-98.0	-94.8	-93.0	-86.8										
	30		-95.1	-93.1	-88.6										1
	60														1
	15	-98.0	-94.8	-93.0	-91.8	-90.7	-89.9	-88.6	-81.5						
	30		-95.1	-93.1	-92.0	-90.8	-90.0	-88.7	-81.5						1
	60		-95.5	-93.4	-92.2	-91.0	-90.1	-88.9	-81.5						1
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-91.4	-85.8										
	30		-94.1	-91.7	-87.2										1
	60														1
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-84.0											
	30		-94.1	-84.1											1
	60														1
	15	-97.0	-93.8												
	30		-94.1												İ
	60														1
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0											
	30		-97.1	-95.1											1
	60														l
	15	-97.0	-93.8	-91.0	-89.8										
	30		-94.1	-91.1	-90.0										1
	60														1
	15	-96.5	-93.3	-91.5	-90.3	-89.3	-82.2	-79.5							
	30		-93.6	-91.6	-90.5	-89.4	-82.3	-79.6							l
	60		-94.0	-91.9	-90.7	-89.6	-82.4	-79.7							1
	15	-97.5 <sup>6</sup>	-94.5 <sup>6</sup>	-92.7 <sup>6</sup>	-87.6										
	30		-94.8 <sup>6</sup>	-92.7 <sup>6</sup>	-87.7										1
	15	-98.5	-95.5	-93.5	-90.8		-78.5								
	30		-95.6	-93.6	-91.0		-78.6								l
	60														l
	15	-97.0	-93.8												
Ī	30		-94.1												l
-	60														l

						ing band / SC	S / Channel b	oandwidth / [	Ouplex-mode					
ınd	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	70 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)
-	15	-99.0	-95.8	(aBiii)	(dDiii)	(abiii)		(aBiii)	(aBiii)	(aBiii)	(aBiii)	(uBiii)	(abiii)	
-	30	33.0	-96.1											
-	60		00.1											
-	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0										
-	30	100.0	-97.1	-95.1										
-	60		-97.5	-95.4										
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6						
-	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7						
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9						
-	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6						
	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7						
-	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9						
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6	-89.6					
-	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7	-89.7	-88.9		-87.6		
-	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9	-89.8	-89.1		-87.6		
	15		-94.8	-93.0	-91.8		-89.9	-88.6	-87.6					
-	30		-95.1	-93.1	-92.0		-90.0	-88.7	-87.7	-86.9		-85.6	-85.1	-84.7
	60		-95.5	-93.4	-92.2		-90.1	-88.9	-87.8	-87.1		-85.6	-85.1	-84.7
	15	-99	-95.8	-94.0	-92.7			-89.6	-88.6 <sup>5</sup>					
	30		-96.1	-94.1	-92.9			-89.7	-88.7 <sup>5</sup>	-87.9 <sup>5</sup>		-86.6 <sup>5</sup>	-86.1 <sup>5</sup>	-85.6 <sup>5</sup>
	60		-96.5	-94.4	-93.1			-89.9	-88.8 <sup>5</sup>	-88.0 <sup>5</sup>		-86.7 <sup>5</sup>	-86.2 <sup>5</sup>	-85.7 <sup>5</sup>
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8		-91.9	-90.6	-89.6					
	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0		-92.0	-90.7	-89.7	-88.9		-87.6		
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2		-92.1	-90.9	-89.8	-89.1		-87.6		
	15	-100.0												
	30													
	60													
	15	-100.0	-96.8											
	30		-97.1											
	60		-97.5											
	15	-99.5	-96.3	-94.5	-93.3				-89.2					
	30		-96.6	-94.6	-93.5				-89.3					
	60		-97.0	-94.9	-93.7				-89.4					
	15	-99.5	-96.3	-94.5	-93.3	-92.2	-91.4	-90.1						
	30		-96.6	-94.6	-93.5	-92.3	-91.5	-90.2						
	60		-97.0	-94.9	-93.7	-92.5	-91.6	-90.4						
	15	-100.0	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7								
	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8								
	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0								
	15	-97.2	-94.0	-91.6	-86.0									
	30		-94.3	-91.9	-87.4									

					Operat	ing band / SC	S / Channel b	andwidth / D	Ouplex-mode						
ınd	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	70 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)	
	60	(42)	(4.2)	(42)	(0.2)	(42.11)		(42)	(42)	(42)	(42)	(42)	(4.2)		
	15	-99.5 <sup>3</sup>	-96.3 <sup>3</sup>	-94.5 <sup>3</sup>	-89.3 <sup>3</sup>										
Ī	30		-96.6 <sup>3</sup>	-94.6 <sup>3</sup>	-89.5 <sup>3</sup>										
	60		-97.0 <sup>3</sup>	-94.9 <sup>3</sup>	-89.6 <sup>3</sup>										
	15	-100	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8	-92.7	-91.9	-90.6	-89.6						
Ī	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0	-92.8	-92.0	-90.7	-89.7						
Ī	60		-97.5	-95.4	-94.2	-93.0	-92.1	-90.9	-89.8						
	15	-100													
	30														
Ī	60														
	15		-95.3	-93.5	-92.2	-91.2	-90.4	-89.1	-88.1						
Ī	30		-95.6	-93.6	-92.4	-91.3	-90.5	-89.2	-88.2	-87.4	-86.7	-86.1	-85.6	-85.1	
Ī	60		-96.0	-93.9	-92.6	-91.5	-90.6	-89.4	-88.3	-87.5	-86.8	-86.2	-85.7	-85.2	
	15		-95.8	-94.0	-92.7	-91.7	-90.9	-89.6	-88.6						
Ī	30		-96.1	-94.1	-92.9	-91.8	-91	-89.7	-88.7	-87.9	-87.2	-86.6	-86.1	-85.6	
Ī	60		-96.5	-94.4	-93.1	-92	-91.1	-89.9	-88.8	-88.0	-87.3	-86.7	-86.2	-85.7	
	15							-89.6	-88.6						
	30							-89.7	-88.7	-87.9		-86.6		-85.6	
	60							-89.9	-88.8	-88.0		-86.7		-85.7	
	15	-100													
	30														
	60														
	15	-100	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8										
	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0										
	60														
	15	-100													
Ī	30														
	60														
	15	-100	-96.8	-95.0	-93.8										
Ī	30		-97.1	-95.1	-94.0										
Ī	60														

Jr Rx antenna ports shall be the baseline for this operating band except for two Rx vehicular UE.

e transmitter shall be set to Pumax as defined in clause 6.2.4

e requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the assigned NR channel bandwidth is confined within 1475.9 - 1510.9 MHz.

e requirement is modified by -0.5 dB when the assigned UE channel bandwidth is confined within 3300 - 3800 MHz.

these bandwidths, the minimum requirements are restricted to operation when carrier is configured as a downlink carrier part of CA configuration.

lues are modified by -0.5dB when carrier channel BW is between 865MHz and 894MHz.

SDL bands, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified by inter-band CA combinations with SDL band, which are supported by UE.

For UE(s) equipped with 4 Rx antenna ports, reference sensitivity for 2Rx antenna ports in Table 7.3.2-1 shall be modified by the amount given in  $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$  in Table 7.3.2-2 for the applicable operating bands.

Table 7.3.2-2: Four antenna port reference sensitivity allowance  $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$ 

Operating band	ΔR <sub>IB,4R</sub> (dB)				
n28, n71	-2.7 <sup>1</sup>				
n1, n2, n3, n30, n40, n7, n34, n38, n39, n41, n66, n70	-2.7				
n48, n77, n78, n79	-2.2				
NOTE 1: 4 Rx operation is targeted for FWA form factor					

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 shall be met with uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.2-3.

Table 7.3.2-3: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

Operating	SCS	5	10	15	ng band / S 20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	Duplex
Band	kHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	Mode
n1	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>	100 <sup>1</sup>	128 <sup>1</sup>	128 <sup>1</sup>	128 <sup>1</sup>	128 <sup>1</sup>						FDD
	30		24	36¹	50 <sup>1</sup>	64 <sup>1</sup>	64 <sup>1</sup>	64 <sup>1</sup>	64 <sup>1</sup>						
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	24	30 <sup>1</sup>	30 <sup>1</sup>	30 <sup>1</sup>	30 <sup>1</sup>						
n2	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
	30	10 <sup>1</sup>	24	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>										
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										
n3	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>							FDD
	30		24	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>							
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>							
n5	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										
	60														
n7	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75¹	75 <sup>1</sup>	72 <sup>1</sup>	64 <sup>1</sup>	45 <sup>1</sup>	45 <sup>1</sup>						FDD
	30		24	36¹	36 <sup>1</sup>	36 <sup>1</sup>	32 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>						
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	18 <sup>1</sup>	18 <sup>1</sup>	16 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>						
n8	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										Ì
	60														
n12	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>											FDD
	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>											
	60														
n14	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>												FDD
	30		10 <sup>1</sup>												
	60														
n18	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>											FDD
	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>											
	60														
n20	15	25	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>2</sup>	20 <sup>2</sup>										FDD
	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>										
	60														
n25	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	48 <sup>1</sup>	40 <sup>1</sup>							FDD
	30		24	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	24 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>							
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>							
n26	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	12 <sup>1</sup>	12 <sup>1</sup>										
n28	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>		25 <sup>1</sup>								FDD
	30		10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>		10 <sup>1</sup>								
	60														
n30	15	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>												FDD
	30		10 <sup>1</sup>												1
	60														
n34	15	25	50	75											TDD

					ng band / S										
Operating	SCS	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	Duplex
Band	kHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	Mode
	30 60		24 10	36 18											
n38	15	25	50	75	100	128	160	216							TDD
1130	30	23	24	36	50	64	75	100							100
	60		10	18	24	30	36	50							
n39	15	25	50	75	100	128	160	216							TDD
	30	_	24	36	50	64	75	100							
	60		10	18	24	30	36	50							
n40	15	25	50	75	100	128	160	216	270						TDD
	30		24	36	50	64	75	100	128	162		216			
	60		10	18	24	30	36	50	64	75		100			
n41	15		50	75	100		160	216	270						TDD
	30		24	36	50		75	100	128	162		216	243	270	
40	60	0.5	10	18	24		36	50	64	75		100	120	135	TDD
n48	15 30	25	50	75 20	100			216							TDD
	60		24 10	36 18	50 24			100 50							
n50	15	25	50	75	100		160	216	270		1		1		TDD
1150	30	23	24	36	50		75	100	128	162		NOTE			טטו
	30		24	30	30		/3	100	120	102		3			
	60		10	18	24		36	50	64	75		NOTE			
												3			
n51	15	25													TDD
	30														
	60														
n53	15	25	50												TDD
	30		24												
	60		10		1.5.1				1 1						
n65	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>	100 <sup>1</sup>				128 <sup>1</sup>						FDD
	30 60		24 10 <sup>1</sup>	36 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>				64 <sup>1</sup> 30 <sup>1</sup>						
n66	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	18 75 <sup>1</sup>	100 <sup>1</sup>	128 <sup>1</sup>	160	216	301						FDD
1100	30	25	24	36 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>	64 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>	100 <sup>1</sup>							רטט
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	24	30 <sup>1</sup>	36 <sup>1</sup>	50 <sup>1</sup>							
n70	15	25	50 <sup>1</sup>	75 <sup>1</sup>	NOTE 3	NOTE	- 50	- 50							FDD
0				. 0	110120	3									
	30		24	36 <sup>1</sup>	NOTE 3	NOTE									
						3									
	60		10 <sup>1</sup>	18	NOTE 3	NOTE									
			4	4	4	3									
n71	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>				-		-		-		FDD
	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										
n74	60 15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
n74	30	25	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										רטט
	60		5 <sup>1</sup>	5 <sup>1</sup>	5 <sup>1</sup>										
n77	15		50	<u>5</u> 75	100	128	160	216	270						TDD
,	30		24	36	50	64	75	100	128	162	180	216	243	270	1 .55
	60		10	18	24	30	36	50	64	75	90	100	120	135	1
n78	15		50	75	100	128	160	216	270					1	TDD
	30		24	36	50	64	75	100	128	162	180	216	243	270	
	60		10	18	24	30	36	50	64	75	90	100	120	135	
n79	15							216	270						TDD
	30							100	128	162		216		270	
	60	c-1	0511			1		50	64	75		100		135	
n91	15	25 <sup>4</sup>	201,4						ļ			-			FDD
	30								ļ						
r00	60	0.5	201	201	001	1	1		1			-			רטי
n92	15 30	25	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup> 10 <sup>1</sup>				-		-	-	-		FDD
	60		10'	10'	10'				-		-		-		-
n93	15	25 <sup>4</sup>	25 <sup>1,4</sup>						<del>                                     </del>			<del>                                     </del>			FDD
1130	30	20	20 '						<b> </b>		<b> </b>		<b> </b>		טטיו
		l				1	1	l	1	l	1	1	l		1

	Operating band / SCS / Channel bandwidth / Duplex mode														
Operating	SCS	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	Duplex
Band	kHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	Mode
	60														
n94	15	25	25 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>	20 <sup>1</sup>										FDD
	30		12 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>										
	60														

- NOTE 1: UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.3.2-1).
- NOTE 2: For Band 20; for 15 kHz SCS, in the case of 15 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 11 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 16; for 30 kHz SCS, in the case of 15 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 6 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 8; for 60 kHz SCS, in the case of 15 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB<sub>start</sub> 3 and in the case of 20 MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RBstart 4;
- NOTE 3: For DL channel bandwidths that do not have symmetric UL channel bandwidth, highest valid UL configuration with lowest TX-RX separation (Table 5.4.4-1) shall be used.
- NOTE 4: For band n91 and n93, largest supported UL bandwidth configuration shall be used.

Unless given by Table 7.3.2-4, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3.2-1 and 7.3.2-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS\_01 (Table 6.2.3-1) configured.

Table 7.3.2-4: Network signaling value for reference sensitivity

Operating band	Network Signalling
	value
n2	NS_03
n12	NS_06
n14	NS_06
n25	NS_03
n30	NS_21
n48	NS_27
n53	NS_45
n66	NS_03
n70	NS_03
n71	NS_35

### 7.3.3 $\Delta R_{IB.c}$

For a UE supporting CA, SUL or DC band combination, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in Table 7.3.2-1 shall be increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

- When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied
- When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

# 7.3A Reference sensitivity for CA

#### 7.3A.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports for all UE categories, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

## 7.3A.2 Reference sensitivity power level for CA

#### 7.3A.2.1 Reference sensitivity power level for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the throughput of each component carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1, Table 7.3.2-2, and Table 7.3.2-3.

For UE(s) supporting one uplink carrier, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.2-3 and the downlink PCC carrier center frequency shall be configured closer to uplink operating band than any of the downlink SCC center frequency.

For aggregation of two or more downlink FDD carriers with one or two uplink carriers, the reference sensitivity is defined only for the specific uplink and downlink test points which are specified in Table 7.3A.2.1-1. The requirements apply with all downlink carriers active. Unless given by Table 7.3.2-4, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signaling value NS\_01 (Table 6.2.3.1-1) configured.

Table 7.3A.2.1-1: Intra-band contiguous CA uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

CA configuration	SCS (PCC/SCC) (kHz)	Aggregated channel bandwidth (PCC+SCC)	UL PCC allocation (L <sub>CRB</sub> )	UL SCC allocation (L <sub>CRB</sub> )	PCC ΔR <sub>IBNC</sub> (dB)	SCC ΔR <sub>IBNC</sub> (dB)	Duplex mode
		40MHz + 10MHz	25 (RB <sub>start</sub> = 191)	20 (RB <sub>start</sub> = 32)	25	34	
CA_n7B	15/15	40MHz + 10MHz	64 (RB <sub>start</sub> = 152)	0	5.5	8.5	FDD
		30MHz + 20MHz	64 (RB <sub>start</sub> = 96)	0	4	8.5	
		30MHz + 15MHz	64 (RB <sub>start</sub> = 96)	0	0	8	

NOTE 1: All combinations of channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.5A.1-1.

NOTE 2: The carrier centre frequency of PCC in the UL operating band is configured closer to the DL operating band.

NOTE 3: The transmitted power over both PCC and SCC shall be set to PUMAX as defined in subclause 6.2A.4.

NOTE 4: The PCC allocation is same as Transmission bandwidth configuration N<sub>RB</sub> as defined in Table 5.3.2-1.

#### 7.3A.2.2 Reference sensitivity power level for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, throughput of each downlink component carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) and parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1, Table 7.3.2-2, and Table 7.3A.2.2-1 with the reference sensitivity power level increased by  $\Delta R_{IBNC}$  given in Table 7.3A.2.2-1 for the SCC(s).

For aggregation of two or more downlink FDD carriers with one uplink carrier the reference sensitivity is defined only for the specific uplink and downlink test points which are specified in Table 7.3A.2.2-1. The requirements apply with all downlink carriers active. Unless given by Table 7.3.2-4, the reference sensitivity requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS\_01 (Table 6.2.3.1-1) configured.

Table 7.3A.2.2-1: Intra-band non-contiguous CA with one uplink configuration for reference sensitivity in FDD bands.

CA configuration	SCS (PCC/SCC (kHz)	Aggregated channel bandwidth (PCC+SCC)	W <sub>gap</sub> / [MHz]	UL PCC allocation (LCRB)	ΔR <sub>IBNC</sub> (dB)	Duplex mode
CA_n3(2A)	15/15	5MHz + 5MHz	$W_{gap} = 65.0$	12 <sup>5</sup>	4.7	FDD
			$W_{gap} = 45.0$	25 <sup>5</sup>	0.0	
CA_n7(2A)	15/15	10MHz + 5MHz	$W_{gap} = 55$	32 <sup>5</sup>	0.0	FDD
			$W_{gap} = 30$	50 <sup>5</sup>	0.0	
CA_n25(2A)	15/15	5MHz + 5MHz	$W_{gap} = 55.0$	10 <sup>5</sup>	5.0	FDD
			$W_{gap} = 30.0$	25	0.0	
CA_n66(2A)	N/A	NOTE 1	NOTE 2	NOTE 3, NOTE 4	0.0	FDD

- NOTE 1: All combinations of channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.5A.2-1.
- NOTE 2: All applicable sub-block gap sizes.
- NOTE 3: The PCC allocation is same as Transmission bandwidth configuration N<sub>RB</sub> as defined in Table 5.3.2-1.
- NOTE 4: The carrier center frequency of PCC in the DL operating band is configured closer to the UL operating band.
- NOTE 5: Refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission.
- NOTE 6: W<sub>gap</sub> is the sub-block gap between the two sub-blocks.
- NOTE 7: The carrier centre frequency of SCC in the DL operating band is configured closer to the UL operating

#### 7.3A.2.3 Reference sensitivity power level for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band the throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1, Table 7.3.2-2 and Table 7.3.2-3 modified in accordance with clause 7.3A.3.2. The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with all downlink component carriers active and one of the uplink carriers active. Exceptions to reference sensitivity are allowed in accordance with clause 7.3A.4.

#### 7.3A.2.4 Void

clause

## 7.3A.3 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for CA

#### 7.3A.3.1 General

For a UE supporting a CA configuration, the  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  applies for both SC and CA operation.

#### 7.3A.3.2 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for Inter-band CA

For the UE which supports inter-band carrier aggregation, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in clause 7.3A.2 shall be increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in clause 7.3A.3.2 for the applicable operating bands. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied

- When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

7.3A.3.2.1  $$\Delta R_{\text{IB,c}}$$  for two bands

Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1:  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  due to CA (two bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n1-n28	n28	0.2
CA_n1-n77	n1	0.2
<u> </u>	n77	0.5
CA_n1-n78	n78	0.5
CA_n2-n48	n2	0.2
CA_112-1140		
04 0 00	n48	0.5
CA_n2-n66	n2	0.3
	n66	0.3
CA_n2-n77	n2	0.2
	n77	0.5
CA_n2-n78	n2	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n41	n41	04
		0.5 <sup>5</sup>
CA_n3-n77	n3	0.2
_	n77	0.5
CA_n3-n78	n3	0.2
0/ (_no m o	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n79	n79	0.5
CA_n5-n77	n5	0.2
04 5 70	n77	0.5
CA_n5-n78	n5	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n7-n66	n7	0.5
	n66	0.5
CA_n7-n78	n7	0.5
	n78	0.5
CA_n8-n78	n8	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n8-n79	n79	0.5
CA_n20-n78	n78	0.5
CA_n25-n66	n25	0.3
04 05 74	n66	0.3
CA_n25-n71	n71	0.3
CA_n25-n78	n25	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n28-n75	n28	0.2
CA_n28-n77	n28	0.2
	n77	0.5
CA_n28-n78	n28	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n38-n66	n38	0.5
	n66	0.5
CA_n38-n78	n38	0.4
U/7_1100-1110	n78	0.5
CA p20 p40		
CA_n39-n40	n39	0.3
04 00 11	n40	0.3
CA_n39-n41	n39	0.22
	n41	0.22
	n39	0.23
	n41	0.23
CA_n39-n79	n79	0.5
 CA_n40-n78	n40	0.4
	n78	0.5
CA_n40-n79	n79	0.5
CA_n41-n66	n41	0.5 <sup>6</sup>
S. (_11.11 1100	1171	17
<u> </u>	266	
CA = 44 = 74	n66	0.5
CA_n41-n71	n71	0.2
CA_n41-n78 <sup>1</sup>	n78	0.5
CA_n41-n79	n41	0.5
	n79	0.5
CA_n48-n66	n48	0.5

	n66	0.2
CA_n50-n78	n50	0.22
	n78	0.22
	n50	$0.2^{3}$
	n78	$0.2^{3}$
CA_n66-n77	n66	0.2
	n77	0.5
CA_n66-n78	n66	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n75-n78	n78	0.5
CA_n76-n78	n78	0.5
CA_n78-n92	n78	0.5

- NOTE 1: The requirements only apply when the sub-frame and Tx-Rx timings are synchronized between the component carriers. In the absence of synchronization, the requirements are not within scope of these specifications.
- NOTE 2: Only applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink in one NR band and without simultaneous Rx/Tx.
- NOTE 3: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation without simultaneous Rx/Tx.
- NOTE 4: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2515 2690 MHz.
- NOTE 5: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496 2515 MHz.
- NOTE 6: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2545-2690 MHz.
- NOTE 7: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496-2545 MHz

Table 7.3A.3.2.1-2: void

7.3A.3.2.2 Void

7.3A.3.2.3  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  for three bands

Table 7.3A.3.2.3-1:  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  due to CA (three bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n1-n3-n7	n1	0
	n3	0
	n7	0
CA_n1-n3-n28	n28	0.2
CA_n1-n3-n41	n41	01
		0.52
CA_n1-n3-n78	n1	0.2
	n3	0.2
21 1 7 22	n78	0.5
CA_n1-n7-n28	<u>n1</u>	0
	n7	0
04 4 7 70	n28	0.2
CA_n1-n7-n78	<u>n1</u>	0.2
	n7	0.2
04 4 0 70	n78	0.5
CA_n1-n8-n78	<u>n1</u>	0
	n8	0.2
04 4 00 =5	n78	0.5
CA_n1-n28-n78	n1	0
	n28	0.2
24 4 12 72	n78	0.5
CA_n1-n40-n78	n1	0
	n40	0
04 0 7 00	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n7-n28	n3	0
	n7	0
04 0 7 70	n28	0
CA_n3-n7-n78	<u>n3</u>	0.2
	n7	0.2
04 0 0 70	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n8-n78	n3	0.2
	n8	0.2
CA =0 =00 =77	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n28-n77	n3	0.2
_	n28	0.2
CA_n3-n28-n78	n77	0.5
CA_113-1120-1170	n3	
_	n28	0.2
CA_n3-n40-n41	n78	0.5 0 <sup>1,3</sup>
CA_113-1140-1141	n41	0.5 <sup>2,3</sup>
CA_n3-n41-n79	n41	0.5
CA_113-1141-1179	n79	0.5
CA_n5-n66-n78	n5	0.5
OA_110-1100-1170	n66	0.3
	n78	0.5
CA_n7-n25-n66	n7	0.5
0/\_III - II 2 3 - II 0 0	n25	0.3
	n66	0.5
CA_n7-n28-n78	n7	0.3
5/\_II/ 1120-11/0	n28	0
	n78	0.5
CA_n7-n66-n78	n7	0.5
3	n66	0.5
	n78	0.5
CA_n8-n39-n41	n39	0.24
	n41	0.24
CA_n8-n41-n79		5.2
	n41	0.5
	n79	0.5
CA_n20-n28-n78	n20	0
	n28	0.2
	n78	0.5
	•	

NOTE 4 A II II (	n71	0
	n66	0.5
		16
CA_n41-n66-n71	n41	0.5 <sup>5</sup>
	n79	0.5
	n41	$0.5^{3}$
CA_n40-n41-n79	n40	$0_3$
	n79	0.8
	n41	0.34
CA_n39-n41-n79	n39	0.34
	n78	0.5
_	n41	0
CA_n28-n41-n78	n28	0.2
	n78	0.5
	n40	0
CA_n28-n40-n78	n28	0
	n78	0.5
0/\_1120 1100 11/0	n66	0.3
CA_n25-n66-n78	n25	0.3
	n71	0.3
CA_1125-1100-117 1	n66	0.3
CA_n25-n66-n71	n25	0.2
	n41 n71	0 0.2
CA_n25-n41-n71	n25	0
04 05 44 74	n66	0.3
		16
	n41	0.55
CA_n25-n41-n66	n25	0.3

NOTE 1: Applicable for the frequency range of 2515-2690 MHz.

NOTE 2: Applicable for the frequency range of 2496-2515 MHz.

NOTE 3: Only applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation without simultaneous Rx/Tx among band 40 and 41.

NOTE 4: Applicable for UE supporting inter-band carrier aggregation without simultaneous Rx/Tx between n39 and n41.

NOTE 5: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2545 - 2690 MHz.

NOTE 6: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496 - 2545 MHz.

NOTE 7: Void. NOTE 8: Void.

## 7.3A.3.2.4 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for four bands

Table 7.3A.3.2.4-1: ΔR<sub>IB,c</sub> due to CA (four bands)

Inter-band CA combination	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
	~20	0.0
CA_n1-n3-n7-n28	n28	0.2
CA_n1-n3-n7-n78	n1	0.3
	n3	0.3
	n7	0.3
	n78	0.5
CA_n1-n3-n8-n78	n1	0.2
	n3	0.2
	n8	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n1-n3-n28- n78	n1	0.2
	n3	0.2
	n28	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n3-n7-n28- n78	n3	0.2
	n7	0.2
	n28	0.2
	n78	0.5
CA_n7-n25-n66- n78	n7	0.5
	n25	0.6
	n66	0.6
	n78	0.8

# 7.3A.4 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference for CA

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band in frequency range 1 if it is impacted by UL harmonic interference from another band in frequency range 1 of the same CA configuration. Reference sensitivity exceptions are specified in Table 7.3A.4-1 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3A.4-2.

Table 7.3A.4-1: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic for NR CA FR1

					MSD	due to	harmor	nic exce	eption fo	r the DL	band			
UL	DL	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
band	band	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
		dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB		dB	dB	dB
n1	n77 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0		14.8	14.3	13.8
	n77 <sup>3</sup>		1.1	0.8	0.3									
n2	n48 <sup>1,</sup>	27.1	23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.9 <sup>12</sup>	16.1 <sup>12</sup>		14.8 <sup>12</sup>	14.3 <sup>12</sup>	13.8 <sup>12</sup>
	2													
	n48 <sup>3</sup>	1.9	1.1	0.8	0.3									
n2	n77 <sup>1,</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9	19.8	19.0	17.9	16.8	16.0	15.5	14.8	14.3	13.8
	2													
	n77 <sup>3</sup>		1.1	0.8	0.3	0.1								
2	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9	19.8	19.0	17.9	16.8	16.0		14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78 <sup>3</sup>		1.1	0.8	0.3									
n3	n77 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.9	16.1		14.8	14.3	13.8
	n77³		1.1	0.8	0.3									
	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.9	16.1		14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78 <sup>3</sup>		1.1	0.8	0.3									
n5	n77 <sup>4,</sup>		10.5	8.9	7.8	7.2	6.5	5.1	4.2	3.5	2.8	2.3	2.1	1.4
n5	n77 <sup>6,7</sup>		10.4	8.9	7.8	7.4	6.5	4.7	3.7	3	2.35	1.7	1.2	0.7
n5	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.5	8.9	7.8			5.4	4.2	3.5		2.3	2.1	1.4
n8	n3 <sup>11</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
	n41 <sup>8,9</sup>		13.0	11.3	10.1			7.0	6.1	5.5		4.3	3.9	3.5
	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8.0			5.1	4.2	3.5		2.3	2.1	1.4
	n79 <sup>6,7</sup>							6.8	6.2	5.6		4.9		4.4
n20	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8			6	4.0	3.2		2.0	1.5	1.0
25	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0		14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78³		1.1	8.0	0.3									
n28	n1 <sup>8,9</sup>	10.2	7.6	6.2	5.3									
	n50 <sup>1,2</sup>		19.8	18.0	16.8			13.8	12.8	12.0		10.8		
	n75 <sup>1,2</sup>	28.1	25.3	24.0	22.8	21.8	21.0	19.7	18.7					
	n77 <sup>6,7</sup>		10.4	8.9	7.8			4.7	3.7	3		1.7	1.2	0.7
	n78 <sup>6,7</sup>		10.4	8.9	7.8			4.7	3.7	3		1.7	1.2	0.7
n66	n48 <sup>1,</sup>	27.1	23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.9 <sup>12</sup>	16.1 <sup>12</sup>		14.8 <sup>12</sup>	14.3 <sup>12</sup>	13.8 <sup>12</sup>
		4.0	4.4	0.0	0.0									
	n48 <sup>3</sup>	1.9	1.1	0.8	0.3	40.0	40.0	47.0	40.0	40.0	45.0	440	440	40.0
n66	n77 <sup>1,</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9	19.8	19.0	17.9	16.8	16.0	15.3	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n77³		1.1	0.8	0.3	0.1								
n66	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0		14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78³		1.1	0.8	0.3									
n71	n25 <sup>10</sup>	10	7.5	6	5.1									
	n41 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8.0			5.1	4.2	3.5		2.3	2.1	1.4
	n70 <sup>8,9</sup>	9.9	7.1	6.7	4.9	4.1								
n92	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8			6	4.0	3.2		2.0	1.5	1.0

- NOTE 1: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band and a range  $\Delta F_{HD}$  above and below the edge of this downlink transmission bandwidth. The value  $\Delta F_{HD}$  depends on the band combination:  $\Delta F_{HD} = 10$  MHz for CA\_n1-n77, CA\_n2-n78, CA\_n3-n78, CA\_n2-n48, CA\_n25-n78, CA\_n48-n66, CA\_n66-n78.
- NOTE 2: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.2 \rfloor_{0.1}$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B \, W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} B \, W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $BW_{Channel}^{LB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band.
- NOTE 3: The requirements are only applicable to channel bandwidths no larger than 20 MHz and with a carrier frequency at  $^{\pm}$   $^{(20 + BW \, ^{HB}_{Channel} / 2)}$  MHz offset from  $^{2} f_{vL}^{LB}$  in the victim (higher band) with  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B \, W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} B \, W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$ , where  $^{BW}_{Channel}^{LB}$  and  $^{BW}_{Channel}^{HB}$  are the channel bandwidths configured in the aggressor (lower) and victim (higher) bands in MHz, respectively.
- NOTE 4: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of a low band for which the 4<sup>th</sup> transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a high band.
- NOTE 5: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of a low band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{\scriptscriptstyle UL}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} = \left \lfloor f_{\scriptscriptstyle DL}^{\scriptscriptstyle HB} / 0.4 \right \rfloor 0.1_{\rm in~MHz~and} F_{\scriptscriptstyle UL\_low}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} + BW_{\scriptscriptstyle Channel}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} / 2 \le f_{\scriptscriptstyle UL}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} \le F_{\scriptscriptstyle UL\_high}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} BW_{\scriptscriptstyle Channel}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB} / 2$  with  $f_{\scriptscriptstyle DL}^{\scriptscriptstyle HB}$  the carrier frequency of a high band in MHz and  $BW_{\scriptscriptstyle Channel}^{\scriptscriptstyle LB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the low band.
- NOTE 6: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of a low band for which the 5th transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a high band.
- NOTE 7: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of a low band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.5 \right \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL\_high}^{LB} BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  the carrier frequency of a high band in MHz and  $F_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with configured in the low band.
- NOTE 8: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 3nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band.
- NOTE 9: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.3 \right \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B \, W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} B \, W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $BW_{Channel}^{LB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band.
- NOTE 10: These requirements apply when the lower edge frequency of the 10 MHz, 15 MHz, or 20 MHz uplink channel in Band 71 is located at or below 668 MHz and the downlink channel in Band n25 is located with its upper edge at 1995 MHz.
- NOTE 11: No requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the low band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the high band. The reference sensitivity for all active downlink component carriers is only verified when this is not the case (the requirements specified in clause 7.3.2 apply unless otherwise specified).
- NOTE 12: For these bandwidths, the minimum requirements are restricted to operation when carrier is configured as a downlink carrier part of CA configuration.

Table 7.3A.4-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference for NR CA, FR1

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band													
UL	DL	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
band	band	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
n1	n77		25	36	50			100	100	100		100	100	100
n2	n48	25	50	50	50			50	50	50		50	50	50
n2	n77		25	36	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
n2	n78		25	36	50	50	50	50	50	50		50	50	50
n3	n77		25	36	50			50	50	50		50	50	50
n3	n78		25	36	50			50	50	50		50	50	50
n5	n77		16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
n5	n78		16	25	25			25	25	25		25	25	25
n8	n41		16	25	25			25	25	25		25	25	25
n8	n78		16	25	25			25	25	25		25	25	25
n8	n79							25	25	25		25		25
n20	n78		16	25	25			25	25	25		25	25	25
n25	n78		25	36	50			50	50	50		50	50	50
n28	n1	8	16	25	25									
n28	n50		25	25	25			25	25	25		25		
n28	n75	12	25	36	50	50	50	50	50					
n28	n77		10	15	20			25	25	25		25	25	25
n28	n78		10	15	20			25	25	25		25	25	25
n66	n48	12	25	36	50			100	128	160		200	200	200
n66	n77		25	36	50	64	80	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
n66	n78		25	36	50			100	100	100		100	100	100
n71	n25	8 <sup>4</sup>	8 <sup>4</sup>	8 <sup>4</sup>	8 <sup>4</sup>									
n71	n41		16	25	25			25	25	25		25	25	25
n71	n70	8	16	20	20	20								
n92	n78	45.1	16	25	25			25	25	25		25	25	25

NOTE 1: 15 kHz SCS is assumed for UL band.

NOTE 2: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.

NOTE 3: Unless stated otherwise, UL resource blocks shall be centred within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth.

NOTE 4: These requirements apply when the lower edge frequency of the uplink channel in Band n71 is located at or below 668 MHz and the downlink channel in Band n25 is located with its upper edge at 1990 MHz.

**Table 7.3A.4-3: Void** 

Table 7.3A.4-3a: Void

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band if it is impacted by receiver harmonic mixing due to another band part of the same CA configuration. Reference sensitivity exceptions are specified in Table 7.3A.4-4 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3A.4-4a.

Table 7.3A.4-4: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to harmonic mixing for CA in NR FR1
NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band													
UL band	DL band	5 MHz (dB)	10 MHz (dB)	15 MHz (dB)	20 MHz (dB)	25 MHz (dB)	30 MHz (dB)	40 MHz (dB)	50 MHz (dB)	60 MHz (dB)	70 MHz (dB)	80 MHz (dB)	90 MHz (dB)	100 MHz (dB)
n25	n71 <sup>3,4</sup>	26.5	23.3	20.9	15.3									
n40	n28 <sup>4</sup>	37.8	34.8	33	30.3									
n40	n78¹		8.3	8.0	6.9			3.9	3	2.3		1.2		0.4
n41	n78¹		8.3	8.0	6.9			3.9	3	2.3		1.2		0.4
n77	n2	6.7	5.0	4.0	3.7									
n77	n5	5.7	4.0	3.0	2.7									
n78	n40 <sup>2</sup>	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4			7.2	6.2	5.5		4.5		
n78	n41 <sup>2</sup>		10.4	10.4	10.4			8.2	7.6	7.3		6.6	6.4	6.3

- NOTE 1: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.15 \right \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} BW_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $g_{Channel}^{HB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band.
- NOTE 2: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (high) band (superscript HB) such that  $f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} = \lfloor 15 * f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}} \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}\_\mathit{low}}^{\mathit{HB}} + \mathit{BW} \stackrel{\mathit{HB}}{\mathit{Channel}} / 2 \le f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{HB}} \le f_{\mathit{UL}\_\mathit{high}}^{\mathit{HB}} \mathit{BW} \stackrel{\mathit{HB}}{\mathit{Channel}} / 2$  with  $f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{LB}}$  carrier frequency in the victim (lower) band in MHz and  $^{\mathit{BW}} \stackrel{\mathit{LB}}{\mathit{Channel}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the higher band.
- NOTE 3: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the victim (lower) band for which the 3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic is within the uplink transmission bandwidth or the uplink adjacent channel's transmission bandwidth of an aggressor (higher) band.
- NOTE 4: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (higher) band (superscript HB) such that  $f_{DL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{UL}^{HB} / 0.3 \right \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $_{F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL\_high}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2}$  with  $f_{DL}^{LB}$  the carrier frequency in the victim (lower) band and  $BW_{Channel}^{HB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the higher band.

Table 7.3A.4-4a: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to receiver harmonic mixing for CA in NR FR1

	NR Band / SCS / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band														
UL	DL	SC	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
band	band	S	MH	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MH	MHz
		(kH	z											z	
		z)													
n25	n71	15	25	50	75	100									
n40	n28	15	25	50	75	100									
n40	n78	30		24	24	24			24	24	24		24		24
n41	n78	30		24	24	24			24	24	24		24		24
n77	n2	15	25	50	75	100									
n77	n5	25	25	20	20										
n78	n40	30	50	50	50	50			50	50	50		50		
n78	n41	30		50	50	50		50	50	50	50		50	50	50

NOTE 1: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the UL band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.

# 7.3A.5 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to intermodulation interference due to 2UL CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands given in Table 7.3A.5-1 and Table 7.3A.5-2 the reference sensitivity is defined only for the specific uplink and downlink test points specified in Table 7.3A.5-1 and Table 7.3A.5-1 and Table 7.3A.5-2. For these test points the reference sensitivity requirement specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 are relaxed by the amount of the corresponding parameter MSD given in Table 7.3A.5-1 and Table 7.3A.5-2.

Table 7.3A.5-1: 2DL/2UL interband Reference sensitivity QPSK P<sub>REFSENS</sub> and uplink/downlink configurations

Band / Channel bandwidth / N <sub>RB</sub> / Duplex mode												
NR CA band combination	NR band	UL F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	UL/DL BW (MHz)	UL C <sub>LRB</sub>	DL F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	MSD (dB)	Duplex mode					
CA_n1-n3	n1	1950	5	25	2140	23	FDD	IMD3				
	n3	1760	5	25	1855	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n1-n8	n1	1965	5	25	2155	6.0	FDD	IMD4				
	n8	887.5	5	25	932.5	N/A	FDD	N/A				
CA_n1-n78	n1	1950	5	25	2140	8.0	FDD	IMD4				
						10.7 <sup>5</sup>						
	n78	3710	10	50	3710	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n2-n48	n2	1852.5	5	25	1932.5	12	FDD	IMD4				
	n48	3625	20	100	3625	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n2-n77	n2	1855	5	25	1935	26	FDD	IMD2				
						28.75						
	n77	3790	10	50	3790	N/A	TDD	N/A				
	n2	1885	5	25	1965	8.0 10.7 <sup>5</sup>	FDD	IMD4				
	n77	3690	10	50	3690	N/A	TDD	N/A				
	n2	1885	5	25	1965	5	FDD	IMD5				
	n77	3790	10	50	3790	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n2-n78	n2	1855	5	25	1935	26	FDD	IMD2 <sup>4</sup>				
o,						28.75	1					
	n78	3790	10	50	3790	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n3-n7	n3	1730	5	25	1825	N/A	FDD	N/A				
<u> </u>	n7	2535	10	50	2655	10.2	FDD	IMD4				
CA_n3-n8	n3	1755	10	50	1850	N/A	FDD	N/A				
<u> </u>	n8	900	5	25	945	8	FDD	IMD4 <sup>4</sup>				
	n3	1747.5	10	50	1842.5	6.4	FDD	IMD5				
	n8	897.5	5	25	942.5	N/A	FDD	N/A				
CA_n3-n38	n3	1713	5	25	1808	8.2	FDD	IMD4				
o, <u>_</u>	n38	2617	5	25	2617	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n3-n41	n3	1740	5	25	1835	8.2	FDD	IMD4				
	n41	2657.5	10	50	2657.5	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n3-n77	n3	1740	5	25	1835	26	FDD	IMD2 <sup>4</sup>				
	n77	2575	10	F0	3575	28.7 <sup>4</sup>	TDD	N/A				
	n77	3575	10 5	50		N/A	FDD	IMD4 <sup>4</sup>				
	n3	1765	5	25	1860	8.0	FDD	IIVID4				
	77	0.405	40	50	0.405	10.74	TDD	NI/A				
CA =2 = 70	n77	3435	10	50	3435	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n3-n78	n3	1740	5	25	1835	26	FDD	IMD2 <sup>4</sup>				
	-70	2575	40	25	2575	28.7 <sup>5</sup>	TDD	NI/A				
	n78 n3	3575 1765	10 5	25 25	3575 1860	N/A	TDD FDD	N/A IMD4 <sup>4</sup>				
	113	1765	3	23	1000	8.0 10.7 <sup>5</sup>		IIVID4				
	n78	3435	10	25	3435	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n5-n66	n5	838	5	25	883	30	FDD	IMD2 <sup>4</sup>				
5. 1.0 1100	n66	1721	5	25	2121	N/A	FDD	N/A				
CA_n5-n77	5	844	5	25	889	8.3	FDD	IMD4				
2	n77	3421	10	50	3421	N/A	TDD	N/A				
	5	829	5	25	875	5.5	FDD	IMD5				
	n77	3600	10	50	3600	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n5-n78	n5	844	5	25	889	8.3	FDD	IMD4				
	n78	3421	10	50	3421	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n7-n66	n7	2535	10	50	2655	15	FDD	IMD4				
= -	n66	1730	5	25	2130	N/A	FDD	N/A				
CA_n8-n41	n8	882.5	5	25	927.5	12.1	FDD	IMD3 <sup>4</sup>				
	n41	2685	10	50	2685	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n8-n78	n8	897.5	5	25	942.5	8.3	FDD	IMD4				
	n78	3635	10	50	3635	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n8-n79	n8	897.5	5	25	942.5	4.8	FDD	IMD5				
3	n79	4532.5	40	216	4532.5	N/A	TDD	N/A				
CA_n20-n78	n20	850	5	25	809	11	FDD	IMD4				
								11VID-T				

CA_n25-n66	n66	1775	5	25	2175	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n25	1855	5	25	1935	20	FDD	IMD3
	n66	1712.5	5	25	2112.5	23	FDD	IMD3
	n25	1912.5	5	25	1992.5	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n66	1750	5	25	2150	4	FDD	IMD5
	n25	1883.3	5	25	1963.3	N/A	FDD	N/A
CA_n25-n78	n25	1855	5	25	1935	26	FDD	IMD2 <sup>4</sup>
	n78	3790	10	50	3790	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n28-n50	n28	730	10	50	775	15.3	FDD	IMD2
	n50	1500	10	50	1500	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n28	740	10	50	785	6.0	FDD	IMD4 <sup>4</sup>
	n50	1500	10	50	1500	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n28-n77	n28	705.5	5	25	760.5	5.5	FDD	IMD5
	n77/n78	3582.5	10	50	3582.5	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n41-n71	n41	2614	5	25	2614	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n71	665	5	25	619	11	FDD	IMD4
CA_n48-n66	n48	3660	5	25	3660	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n66	1730	5	25	2130	5.0	FDD	IMD5
CA_n66-n71	n66	1750	5	25	2150	5	FDD	IMD4
	n71	675	5	25	629	N/A	FDD	N/A
CA_n66-n77	n66	1775	5	25	2175	31	FDD	IMD2
	n77	3950	10	50	3950	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n66	1730	5	25	2130	5.0	FDD	IMD5
	n77	3660	10	50	3660	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n66-n78	n66	1730	5	25	2130	5.0	FDD	IMD5
	n78	3660	10	50	3660	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n70-n71	n70	1697.5	5	25	1997.5	5	FDD	IMD4
	n71	695.5	5	25	649.5	N/A	FDD	N/A

NOTE 1: Both of the transmitters shall be set min(+20 dBm, P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub>) as defined in clause 6.2A.4

NOTE 2: RB<sub>START</sub> = 0, 15 kHz SCS is assumed.

NOTE 3: No requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the intermodulation generated by the dual uplink is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of the FDD band. The reference sensitivity should only be verified when this is not the case (the requirements specified in clause 7.3 apply).

NOTE 4: This band is subject to IMD5 also which MSD is not specified.

NOTE 5: Applicable only if operation with 4 antenna ports is supported in the band with carrier aggregation configured.

Table 7.3A.5-2: 3DL/2UL interband Reference sensitivity QPSK P<sub>REFSENS</sub> and uplink/downlink configurations

	Band / C	hannel ban	dwidth / N <sub>RE</sub>	₃ / Duplex ı	mode			Source of
NR CA band combination	NR band	UL F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	UL/DL BW (MHz)	UL C <sub>LRB</sub>	DL F <sub>c</sub> (MHz)	MSD (dB)	Duplex mode	
CA_n1-n3-n41	n1	1977.5	5	25	2167.5	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n3	1712.5	5	25	1807.5	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n41	2507.5	10	25	2507.5	5.0	TDD	IMD5
CA_n1-n3-n78	n1	1950	5	25	2140	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n3	1750	5	25	1845	N/A		N/A
	n78	3700	10	52	3700	28.4	TDD	IMD2
	n1	1950	5	25	2140	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n3	1770	5	25	1865	N/A		N/A
	n78	3360	10	52	3360	11.2	TDD	IMD4
	n1	1950	5	25	2140	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n3	1735	5	25	1830	27.9	TDD	IMD2
04 4 7 00	n78	3780	10	52	3780	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n1-n7-n28	n1	1935	5	25	2125	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n7	2533	10	50	2653	30.0	FDD	IMD2
	n28	718	5	25	773	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n1	1935	5	25	2125	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n7	2510	10	50	2630	N/A	FDD	N/A
04 -4 -7 -70	n28	730	10	50	785	4.5	FDD FDD	IMD5
CA_n1-n7-n78	n1	1977.5	5	25	2167.5	N/A		N/A
	n7	2507.5	5	25	2627.5	9.1	FDD	IMD4
	n78	3305	10	50	3305	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n1	1950	5	25	2140	8.7	FDD	IMD4
	n7	2510	10 10	50 50	2630	N/A	FDD TDD	N/A
	n78	3580			3580	N/A		N/A
	n1	1970	5	25	2160	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n7	2520	5	25	2640	N/A	FDD	N/A
CA =0 =0 =70	n78 n3	3390 1730	10 5	50 25	3390 1825	10.1 N/A	TDD FDD	IMD4 N/A
CA_n3-n8-n78	n8	910	5	25	955	N/A N/A	FDD	N/A N/A
	n78	3550	10	50	3550	16.1	TDD	IMD3
	n3	1730	5	25	1825	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n8	910	5	25	955	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3370	10	50	3370	4.5	TDD	IMD5
	n3	1725	5	25	1820	15.7	FDD	IMD3
	n8	910	5	25	955	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3640	10	50	3640	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n3-n28-n77	n3	1720	5	25	1815	N/A	FDD	N/A
OA_113-1120-1177	n28	733	5	25	788	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n77	4173	10	50	4173	15.9	TDD	IMD3
	n28	735	5	25	790	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n77	3320	10	50	3320	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n3	1755	5	25	1850	17.0	FDD	IMD3
	n3	1712.5	5	25	1807.5	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n77	4195	10	50	4195	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n28	715	5	25	770	15.3	FDD	IMD3
CA_n3-n28-n78	n28	735	5	25	790	N/A	FDD	N/A
57 1120 117 0	n78	3320	10	50	3320	N/A	TDD	IMD3
	n3	1755	5	25	1850	17.3	FDD	N/A
	n3	1750	5	25	1845	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n28	743	5	25	798	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3764	10	50	3764	4.5	TDD	IMD5
CA_n3-40-n41	n3	1747.5	5	25	1842.5	1.0	FDD	IMD5
	n40	2347.5	5	25	2347.5	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n41	2600	10	50	2600	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n5-n66-n78	n5	830	5	25	875	N/A	FDD	N/A
_, noo m o	n66	1720	5	25	2120	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3380	10	50	3380	16.1	TDD	IMD3
CA_n5-n66-n78	n5	830	5	25	875	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n66	1720	5	25	2120	13.2	FDD	IMD3
	n78	3780	10	50	3780	N/A	TDD	N/A

CA_n7-n66-n78	n7	2560	5	25	2680	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n66	1730	5	25	2130	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3390	10	50	3390	16.1	TDD	IMD3
CA_n7-n66-n78	n7	2550	5	25	2670	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n66	1750	5	25	2150	8.7	FDD	IMD4
	n78	3625	10	50	3625	N/A	TDD	N/A
CA_n25-n66-n78	n25	1880	5	25	1960	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n66	1740	5	25	2140	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3620	10	50	3620	29.4	TDD	IMD2
CA_n28-n41-n78	n28	738	5	25	793	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3380	10	50	3380	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n41	2642	5	25	2642	29.5	TDD	IMD2
	n41	2642	5	25	2642	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n78	3440	10	50	3440	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n28	743	5	25	798	30.8	FDD	IMD2 <sup>1</sup>
	n41	2565	5	25	2565	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n28	745	5	25	800	N/A	FDD	N/A
	n78	3310	10	50	3310	29.7	TDD	IMD2 <sup>2</sup>
CA_n40-n41-n79	n40	2340	5	25	2340	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n41	2600	10	50	2600	N/A	TDD	N/A
	n79	4940	40	216	4940	30.5	TDD	IMD2
NOTE 1. This hand is	b:++- INAD	مام نمایی م	MCD is set		·	·		·

NOTE 1: This band is subject to IMD5 also which MSD is not specified. NOTE 2: This band is subject to IMD4 also which MSD is not specified.

## 7.3A.6 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation for CA

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band if it is impacted by UL of another band part of the same NR CA configuration due to cross band isolation issues. Reference sensitivity exceptions for the victim band are specified in Table 7.3A.6-1 with uplink configuration of the agressor band specified in Table 7.3A.6-2.

Table 7.3A.6-1: Reference sensitivity exceptions (MSD) due to cross band isolation for NR CA FR1

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band													
UL band	DL ban d	5 MHz (dB)	10 MHz (dB)	15 MHz (dB)	20 MHz (dB)	25 MHz (dB)	30 MHz (dB)	40 MHz (dB)	50 MHz (dB)	60 MHz (dB)	70 MHz (dB)	80 MHz (dB)	90 MHz (dB)	100 MHz (dB)
n1	n3	3	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.5							
n1	n40	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6		6.6		
n1	n41		6.1	6.1	6.1			6.1	6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1
n3	n41		0.7	0.7	0.7			0.7	0.7	0.7		0.7	0.7	0.7
n38	n78		8.3	8.3	8.3	7.3	6.5	6.3	5.3	4.5		4.0	3.9	3.8
n40	n1	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3									
n41	n1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1									
n41	n3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6							
n41	n25	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6									
n41 <sup>1</sup>	n66	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5			3.5						
n41	n78		8.3	8.3	8.3	7.3	6.5	6.3	5.3	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.9	3.8
n78	n7¹	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5					
n78	n38	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3									
n78	n40 <sup>1</sup>	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5		
n78	n41 <sup>1</sup>		4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	4.5
n78 <sup>3</sup>	n79							2	2	2		2		2
n79	n78 <sup>3</sup>		2.6	2.6	2.6			2.6	2.6	2.6		2.6	2.6	2.6

NOTE 1: Applicable only when harmonic mixing MSD for this combination is not applied.

NOTE 2: Void

NOTE 3: The requirements only apply for UEs supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with simultaneous Rx/Tx capability. Simultaneous Rx/Tx capability does not apply for UEs supporting band n78 with a n77 implementation.

Table 7.3A.6.2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation for NR CA FR1

	NR Band / SCS / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band														
UL band	DL band	SCS of UL band (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n1	n3	15	25	25	25	25	25	25							
n1	n40	15	25	50	75	100	100	100	100	100	100		100		
n1	n41	15		100	100	100			100	100	100		100	100	100
n3	n41	15		50	50	50			50	50	50		50	50	50
n38	n78	15		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100
n40	n1	30	25	50	75	100									
n41	n1	30	128	128	128	128									
n41	n3	30	160	160	160	160	160	160							
n41	n25	15	160	160	160	160									
n41	n66	30	128	128	128	128			128						
n41	n78	15		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n7	30	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270					
n78	n38	30	270	270	270	270									
n78	n40	30	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270	270		270		
n78	n41	30		270	270	270		270	270	270	270		270	270	270
n78	n79	30						270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>		270 <sup>3</sup>		270 <sup>3</sup>
n79	n78	30		270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>		270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>		270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>	270 <sup>3</sup>

- NOTE 1: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the UL band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.
- NOTE 2: Refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth in Table 5.3.2-1.
- NOTE 3: The requirements only apply for UEs supporting inter-band carrier aggregation with simultaneous Rx/Tx capability. Simultaneous Rx/Tx capability does not apply for UEs supporting band n78 with a n77 implementation.

# 7.3B Reference sensitivity for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the reference sensitivity for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.3A applies.

# 7.3C Reference sensitivity for SUL

#### 7.3C.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports for all UE categories, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

# 7.3C.2 Reference sensitivity power level for SUL

For SUL operation, the reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement for downlink bands specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 or supplementary uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3C.2-1 with reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1), unless sensitivity degradation is allowed in this clause of this specification. These exceptions also apply to any higher order CA or DC combination containing one of the exception combinations in this clause as subset.

For SUL operation with downlink CA, the reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.3A.2 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 or supplementary uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3C.2-1 with reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG

Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1), unless sensitivity degradation is allowed in this clause of this specification. These exceptions also apply to any higher order CA or DC combination containing one of the exception combinations in this clause as subset.

Table 7.3C.2-1: Supplementary uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

		N	R Band	1/SCS	of SUL b	and / Ch	annel k	andwi	dth of the	DL band	d / N <sub>RB</sub>			
DL band	SUL band	SCS of SUL band (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n41	n80	15		160	160	160			160	160	160	160	160	160
n41	n81	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n41	n95	15		75	75	75		75	75	75	75	75	75	75
n77	n80	15		160	160	160			160	160	160	160	160	160
n77	n84	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n80	15		160	160	160			160	160	160	160	160	160
n78	n81	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n82	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n83	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n84	15		100	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100
n78	n86	15		216	216	216			216	216	216	216	216	216
n79	n80	15							160	160	160	160		160
n79	n81	15							100	100	100	100		100
n79	n84	15							100	100	100	100		100
n79	n95	15							75	75	75	75		75

For the UE that supports any of the SUL operation given in Table 7.3C.2-2, exceptions to the requirements specified in Table 7.3.2-1 are allowed when the uplink is active in a lower frequency band and is within a specified frequency range such that transmitter harmonics fall within the downlink transmission bandwidth assigned in a higher band as noted in Table 7.3C.2-2. For these exceptions, the UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 7.3C.2-2 and Table 7.3C.2-3.

Table 7.3C.2-2: Reference sensitivity for SUL operation (exceptions due to harmonic issue)

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band												
UL	DL	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
band	band	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
		dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
n80	n77 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n77³		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n80	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78³		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n81	n41 <sup>8,9</sup>		13	11.3	10.1			7.0	6.1	5.5	4.3	3.9	3.5
	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8			5.1	4.2	3.5	2.3	1.5	1.4
	n79 <sup>6,7</sup>							6.8	6.2	5.6	4.9		4.4
n82	n78 <sup>4,5</sup>		10.8	9.1	8			6	4.0	3.2	2.0	1.5	1.0
n83	n78 <sup>6,7</sup>		10.4	8.9	7.8			4.7	3.7	3	1.7	1.2	0.7
n84	n77 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n77³		1.1	0.8	0.3								
n86	n78 <sup>1,2</sup>		23.9	22.1	20.9			17.9	16.8	16.0	14.8	14.3	13.8
	n78³		1.1	0.8	0.3								

- NOTE 1: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 2nd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band and a range ΔF<sub>HD</sub> above and below the edge of this downlink transmission bandwidth. The value ΔF<sub>HD</sub> depends on the band combination: ΔF<sub>HD</sub> = 10 MHz for SUL\_n78-n80, SUL\_n78-n86.
- NOTE 2: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \lfloor f_{DL}^{BB} / 0.2 \rfloor_{0.1}$  in MHz and  $F_{UL_{low}}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL_{high}}^{LB} B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $g_{Channel}^{BW_{Channel}^{LB}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band
- NOTE 3: The requirements are only applicable to channel bandwidths no larger than 20 MHz and with a carrier frequency at  $\frac{\pm \left(20 + BW \frac{BB}{Channel} / 2\right)}{2}$  MHz offset from  $\frac{2}{2} f_{UL}^{LB}$  in the victim (higher band) with  $F_{UL_{low}}^{LB} + B_{UL_{hainel}}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL_{high}}^{LB} B_{UL_{hainel}}^{LB} / 2$ , where  $\frac{BW_{Channel}^{LB}}{2}$  are the channel bandwidths configured in the aggressor (lower) and victim (higher) bands in MHz, respectively.
- NOTE 4: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 4<sup>th</sup> transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band.

  NOTE 5: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such
- NOTE 5: The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{UL}^{LB} = \left \lfloor f_{DL}^{HB} / 0.4 \right \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}^{LB} + B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \le f_{UL}^{LB} \le F_{UL\_high}^{LB} B W_{Channel}^{LB} / 2$  with  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $BW_{Channel}^{LB}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band
- NOTE 6: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) band for which the 5th transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band.
- NOTE 7: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LB) such that  $f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} = \lfloor f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}} / 0.5 \rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}\_low}^{\mathit{LB}} + B \, W_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}} / 2 \leq f_{\mathit{UL}\_high}^{\mathit{LB}} B \, W_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{LB}} / 2$  with  $f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}}$  carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and  $g_{\mathit{Channel}}^{\mathit{BW}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the lower band.
- NOTE 8: These requirements apply when there is at least one individual RE within the uplink transmission bandwidth of the aggressor (lower) for which the 3rd transmitter harmonic is within the downlink transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band.
- transmission bandwidth of a victim (higher) band. NOTE 9 The requirements should be verified for UL EARFCN of the aggressor (lower) band (superscript LBsuch that  $\int_{UL}^{LB} = \left\lfloor \int_{DL}^{BB} / 0.3 \right\rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $\int_{UL}^{LB} \left( \int_{UL}^{BB} + B W \right) \left( \int_{Channel}^{LB} / 2 \right) dt$  with the carrier frequency in the victim (higher) band in MHz and the channel bandwidth configured in the low band.

Table 7.3C.2-3: Supplementary uplink configuration (exceptions due to harmonic issue)

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the high band												
UL	DL	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
band	band	MHz											
		(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )	(N <sub>RB</sub> )
n80	n77		25	36	50			50	50	50	50	50	50
n80	n78		25	36	50			50	50	50	50	50	50
n81	n41		16	25	25			25	25	25	25	25	25
n81	n78		16	25	25			25	25	25	25	25	25
n81	n79							25	25	25	25		25
n82	n78		16	20	20			20	20	20	20	20	20
n83	n78		10	15	20			25	25	25	25	25	25
n84	n77		25	36	50			100	100	100	100	100	100
n86	n78		25	36	50			100	100	100	100	100	100

NOTE 1: 15 kHz SCS is assumed for UL band.

NOTE 2: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the low band

NOTE 3: Unless stated otherwise, UL resource blocks shall be centered within the transmission bandwidth configuration

for the channel bandwidth.

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band if it is impacted by UL of another band part of the same SUL configuration due to cross band isolation issues. Reference sensitivity exceptions are specified in Table 7.3C.2-4 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3C.2-5.

Table 7.3C.2-4: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation

UL band	DL band	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)
n80	n41		4.3	4.0	3.9			3.9	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0
n95	n41		6.1	6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1

NOTE 1: The B41 requirements are modified by -0.5dB when carrier frequency of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth is within 2515 – 2690 MHz.

Table 7.3C.2-5: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation

UL band	DL band	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)
n80	n41		50	50	50		,	50	50	50	50	50	50
n95	n41		75	75	75		75	75	75	75	75	75	75
NOTE:	15 kHz SCS is assumed for III, hand												

NOTE: 15 kHz SCS is assumed for UL band.

### 7.3C.3 $\Delta R_{IB.c}$ for SUL

#### 7.3C.3.1 General

For a UE supporting a SUL configuration, the  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  applies for both SC and SUL operation.

#### 7.3C.3.2 SUL band combination

For the UE which supports SUL band combiantion, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in clause 7.3C.2 shall be increased by the amount given in  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in clause 7.3C.3.2 for the applicable operating bands. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA, SUL or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then

When the operating band frequency range is  $\leq 1$  GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the average value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3], truncated to one decimal place that apply for that operating band among the supported band combinations. In

case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  among the different supported band combinations involving such band shall be applied

- When the operating band frequency range is > 1 GHz, the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A, 7.3B, 7.3C in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

#### 7.3C.3.2.1 $\Delta R_{IB,c}$ for two bands

Table 7.3C.3.2.1-1: ΔR<sub>IB,c</sub> due to SUL (two bands)

Band combination for SUL	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
SUL_n41-n80	n41	0.5 <sup>(note)</sup>
SUL_n41-n95	n41	0.2
SUL_n77-n80	n77	0.5
SUL_n77-n84	n77	0.5
SUL_n78-n80	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n81	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n82	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n83	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n84	n78	0.5
SUL_n78-n86	n78	0.5

NOTE: The requirement is applied for UE transmitting on the frequency range of 2496 – 2515 MHz.

## 7.3D Reference sensitivity for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.3 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1 and the reference measurement channels as specified in Annex A.2.2 for CP-OFDM waveforms shall apply. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{UMAX}$  is the total transmitter power over the two transmits power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

## 7.3E Reference sensitivity for V2X

### 7.3E.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level  $P_{REFSENS\_V2X}$  is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna port for V2X UE, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

### 7.3E.2 Minimum requirements

When UE is configured for NR V2X reception non-concurrent with NR uplink transmissions for NR V2X operating bands specified in Table 5.2E.1-1, the throughput shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.7.2 with parameters specified in Table 7.3E.2-1.

Table 7.3E.2-1: Reference sensitivity of NR V2X Bands (PC5)

			Channel bandwidth / Prefsens_v2x(dBm)									
NR V2X Band	SCS kHz	10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	Duplex Mode						
n38	15	-96.5	-93.2	-91.4	-90.1	HD						
	30	-96.1	-93.4	-91.7	-90.2	HD						
	60	-96.9	-93.1	-91.9	-90.4	HD						
n47	15	-92.5	-89.2	-87.4	-86.1	HD						
	30	-92.1	-89.4	-87.7	-86.2	HD						
	60	-92.9	-89.1	-87.9	-86.4	HD						

NOTE 1: Reference measurement channel is defined in A.7.2.

NOTE 2: The signal power is specified per antenna port.

NOTE 3: Void.

Table 7.3E.2-2: Sidelink TX configuration for reference sensitivity of NR V2X Bands (PC5)

	NR Band / SCS / Channel bandwidth / Duplex mode										
NR V2X Band	SCS kHz	10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	Duplex Mode					
n38	15	50	105	160	216	HD					
	30	24	50	75	105	HD					
	60	10 <sup>2</sup>	24	36	50	HD					
n47	15	50	105	160	216	HD					
	30	24	50	75	105	HD					
	60	10 <sup>2</sup>	24	36	50	HD					

NOTE 1: The sidelink allocated RB (LCRB) size could be adjusted according to resource pool

configuration in [7].

NOTE 2: For the case, 11 RB is allowed for S-SSB Block.

When UE is configured for NR V2X reception on V2X carrier con-current with NR uplink and downlink, NR V2X sidelink throughput for the carrier shall be  $\geq 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes 7.2 with parameters specified in Table 7.3E.3-1. Also the NR downlink throughput shall be  $\geq 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.3.

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, and the UE also supports an NR downlink inter-band con-current configuration in Table 7.3E.3-2, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity shall be increased by the amount given in  $\Delta R_{IB,V2X}$  in Table 7.3E.3-2 for the corresponding NR V2X inter-band combinations.

Table 7.3E.3-1: Reference sensitivity for V2X Communication QPSK PREFSENS

	and V2X eption				Chan	nel bandw	ridth			
NR V2X Band	NR band	NR Band	SCS (kHz)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode
n47	n71	n71	15	-97.2	-94.0	-91.6	-86.0			FDD
			30		-94.3	-91.9	-87.4			
			60							
		n47	15		-92.5		-89.2	-87.4	-86.1	HD
			30		-92.1		-89.4	-87.7	-86.2	
			60		-92.9		-89.1	-87.9	-86.4	

NOTE 1: Reference measurement channel is defined in A.7.2.

NOTE 2: The signal power is specified per antenna port.

NOTE 3: Void.

Table 7.3E.3-2:  $\Delta R_{IB,V2X}$  (two bands)

V2X inter-band con-current band Combination	NR Band	ΔR <sub>IB,V2X</sub> [dB]
V2X n71-n47	n71	0.0

The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with NR uplink assigned to one band (that differs from the V2X operating band) and all NR downlink carriers active. The NR uplink resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to NR V2X operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel. The uplink configuration for the NR operating band is specified in Table 7.3E.3-3 and 7.3E.3-4. The REFSENS of Uu downlink and PC5 sidelink will be tested at the same time.

Table 7.3E.3-3: Uplink configuration for REFSENS of NR V2X Bands (PC5)

Inter-band NR V			NR UL band / SCS/ Channel BW / Duplex mode							
NR V2X band (PC5)	NR V2X band (Uu)	NR V2X UL band (Uu)	SCS (kHz)	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	N <sub>RB</sub>	Duplex Mode				
n47	n71	n71	15	10	52	FDD				
			30	10	24					
			60	10	11					

Table 7.3E.3-4: Sidelink TX configuration for REFSENS of NR V2X Bands (Uu)

Inter-band NR V band conf			NR UL band / SCS/ Channel BW / Duplex mode							
NR V2X band (PC5)	NR V2X band (Uu)	NR V2X band (PC5)	SCS (kHz)	Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	N <sub>RB</sub>	Duplex Mode				
n47	n71	n47	15	10	50	HD				
			30	10	24					
			60	10	10					
NOTE 1: The sidelink allocated RB (LCRB) size could be adjusted according to resource pool configuration in [7].										

clause

## 7.3F Reference sensitivity for shared spectrum channel access

#### 7.3F.1 General

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to each one of the UE antenna ports, at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

In later clauses of Clause 7 where the value of REFSENS is used as a reference to set the corresponding requirement, the UE shall be verified against those requirements by applying the REFSENS value in Table 7.3G.2-1 with 2 Rx antenna ports tested.

## 7.3F.2 Reference sensitivity power level

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3F.2-1, Table 7.3F.2-2, and Table 7.3F.2-3.

Table 7.3F.2-1: Two antenna port reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

Op	erating l	band / SCS	/ Channel	bandwidth	
Operating Band	SCS kHz	20 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)
n46	15	-89.7	-86.6		
	30	-89.9	-86.7	-84.8	-83.6
	60	-90.1	-86.9	-85.0	-83.6
n96	15	-89.2	-86.1		
	30	-89.4	-86.2	-84.3	-83.1
	60	-89.6	-86.4	-84.5	-83.1

For UE(s) equipped with 4 Rx antenna ports, reference sensitivity for 2Rx antenna ports in Table 7.3F.2-1 shall be modified by the amount given in  $\Delta R_{IB,4R}$  in Table 7.3F.2-2 for the applicable operating bands.

Table 7.3F.2-2: Four antenna port reference sensitivity allowance ΔR<sub>IB,4R</sub>

Operating band	ΔR <sub>IB,4R</sub> (dB)
n46, n96	-2.2

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3F.2-1 and Table 7.3F.2-2 shall be met with uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3F.2-3.

Table 7.3F.2-3: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

Op	erating l	band / SCS	/ Channel	bandwidth	
Operating Band	SCS kHz	20 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)
n46	15	100	216		
	30	50	100	162	216
	60	24	50	75	100
n96	15	100	216		
	30	50	100	162	216
	60	24	50	75	100

Unless given by Table 7.3F.2-4, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3F.2-1 and 7.3F.2-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS\_01 (Table 6.2F.3.1-1) configured.

Table 7.3F.2-4: Network signaling value for reference sensitivity

Operating band	Network Signalling value
n46	NS_01
n96	NS_53

### 7.3F.3 $\Delta R_{IB.c}$

For a UE supporting CA or DC band combination, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity in Table 7.3F.2-1 shall be increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  defined in Table 7.3F.3-1. Unless otherwise stated,  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  is set to zero.

Table 7.3F.3-1: ΔR<sub>IB,c</sub> due to CA (two bands)

Inter-band CA combination	Operating Band	ΔR <sub>IB,c</sub> (dB)
CA_n46-n48	n46	0
	n48	0.5

In case the UE supports more than one of band combinations for CA or DC, and an operating band belongs to more than one band combinations then the applicable additional  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  shall be the maximum value for all band combinations defined in clause 7.3A and 7.3F.3 in this specification and 7.3A, 7.3B in TS 38.101-3 [3] for the applicable operating bands.

## 7.3F.4 Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the throughput of each component carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3F.2-1, Table 7.3F.2-2, and Table 7.3F.2-3.

### 7.3F.5 Inter-band CA with shared spectrum channel access

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band the throughput of the NR carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with parameters specified in Table 7.3.2-1, Table 7.3.2-2 and Table 7.3.2-3 modified in accordance with clause 7.3F.3. The throughput of the NR-U carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3F.2-1, Table 7.3F.2-2, and Table 7.3F.2-3 modified in accordance with clause 7.3F.3. The reference sensitivity is defined to be met with all downlink component carriers active and the PCell uplink carrier active. Exceptions to reference sensitivity are allowed in accordance with clause 7.3F.5.1 and clause 7.3F.5.2.

#### 7.3F.5.1 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to UL harmonic interference

The reference sensitivity for the shared access band does not apply when there is at least one individual RE within the shared access downlink transmission bandwidth which falls into the reference sensitivity exclusion region as specified in Table 7.3F.5.1-1.

Table 7.3F.5.1-1: NR-U reference sensitivity measurement exclusion region in MHz.

	NR Band / Harmonic order / Channel BW in UL											
Band	Band Harmonic 5MHz 10MHz 15MHz 20 MHz 40MHz order											
n25	3	+/- 15	+/- 23	+/- 35	+/- 45	+/- 90						
n66	3	+/- 15	+/- 23	+/- 35	+/- 45	+/- 90						

NOTE 1: Even though UL harmonic does not fall directly into NR-U band the exclusion region still applies.

NOTE 2: The center of the exclusion region is obtained by multiplying the UL channel center frequency by the harmonic order.

### 7.3F.5.2 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to receiver harmonic mixing

Sensitivity degradation is allowed for a band if it is impacted by receiver harmonic mixing due to another band part of the same CA configuration. Reference sensitivity exceptions are specified in Table 7.3F.5.2-1 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3F.5.2-2

Table 7.3F.5.2-1: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to harmonic mixing for CA in NR FR1

	NR Band / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band													
UL	UL DL 5 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100													
band	band   band   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz   MHz													
		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
n46	n48 <sup>1</sup>	22.6	19.5	17.8	16.6			14	13.1	12.6	12	12	12	12

NOTE 1: The requirements should be verified for UL NR-ARFCN of the aggressor (high) band (superscript HB) such that  $f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{LB}} = \left\lfloor 15 * f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{HB}} \right\rfloor 0.1$  in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}\_low}^{\mathit{HB}} + \mathit{BW} \atop \mathit{Channel}^{\mathit{HB}} / 2 \le f_{\mathit{UL}}^{\mathit{HB}} \le f_{\mathit{UL}\_high}^{\mathit{HB}} - \mathit{BW} \atop \mathit{Channel}^{\mathit{HB}} / 2$  with  $f_{\mathit{DL}}^{\mathit{LB}}$  carrier frequency in the victim (lower) band in MHz and  $F_{\mathit{UL}\_low}^{\mathit{HB}} + F_{\mathit{UL}\_high}^{\mathit{LB}}$  the channel bandwidth configured in the higher band.

Table 7.3F.5.2-2: Reference sensitivity exceptions due to harmonic mixing for CA in NR FR1

	Operating band / SCS / Channel bandwidth / Duplex-mode														,
erating Band	SCS kHz	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	25 MHz (dBm)	30 MHz (dBm)	40 MHz (dBm)	50 MHz (dBm)	60 MHz (dBm)	70 MHz (dBm)	80 MHz (dBm)	90 MHz (dBm)	100 MHz (dBm)	Dup Mo
n46	15	12	25	36	50			100	100	100	100	100	100	100	FD

### 7.3F.5.3 Reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation

For unsynchronized operation, Rx de-sensing in one band will be caused by another band due to lack of isolation in the band filters. Reference sensitivity exceptions for cross band are specified in Table 7.3F.5.3-1 with uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3F.5.3-2-2.

Table 7.3F.5.3-1: MSD for cross band isolation

Operating Band / Channel bandwidth of the affected DL band														
CA Configuration UL DL 5 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60 80 90 100														
	band	band	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
			(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
CA_n46A-n48A	n46	n48	13.3	10.4	8.8	7.8	-	-	7.8	7	6.5	5.7	5.4	5.1
	n48	n46	-	-	-	13.5	-	-	10.9	-	9.4	8.7	-	-

Table 7.3F.5.3-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity exceptions due to cross band isolation

		(	Operati	ng Ban	d/SCS	/ Chan	nel ban	dwidth	of the a	ffected	DL ban	d		
UL band	DL band	SCS of UL band (kHz)	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
n46	n48	30	216	216	216	216			216	216	216	216	216	216
n48	n46	15				216			216		216	216		

NOTE 1: The UL configuration applies regardless of the channel bandwidth of the UL band unless the UL resource blocks exceed that specified in Table 7.3.2-3 for the uplink bandwidth in which case the allocation according to Table 7.3.2-3 applies.

NOTE 2: Refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth in Table 5.3.2-1.

# 7.4 Maximum input level

Maximum input level is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel. The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexs A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4-1.

Table 7.4-1: Maximum input level

Rx Parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth										
		5 MHz	10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 dz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MH										
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm		-25 <sup>2</sup>				-23 <sup>2</sup>	-22 <sup>2</sup>	-21 <sup>2</sup>			-20 <sup>2</sup>	
			-2	<b>7</b> 3		-26 <sup>3</sup>	-25 <sup>3</sup>	-24 <sup>3</sup>	-23 <sup>3</sup>			-22 <sup>3</sup>	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> as defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.3 or A.3.3.3 for 64 QAM.

NOTE 3: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.4 or A.3.3.4 for 256 QAM.

### 7.4A Maximum input level for CA

### 7.4A.1 Maximum input level for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation maximum input level is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, over the Transmission bandwidth configuration of each CC.

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexs A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4A.1-1 for each component carrier.

Table 7.4A.1-1: Maximum input level for Intra-band contiguous CA

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA Bandwidth Class							
		В	С	D					
Power in largest transmission bandwidth configuration CC, P <sub>largest BW</sub>	dBm	-23 <sup>2</sup>	-23 <sup>2</sup>	-25 <sup>2</sup>					
		<b>-25</b> <sup>3</sup>	-25 <sup>3</sup>	<b>-27</b> <sup>3</sup>					
Power in each other CC	dBm	Plargest BW +10*log{(NRB,c*SCSc)/(NRB,largest BW*SCSlargest BW)}							

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below PCMAX\_L,f,c at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table

7.3.2-3 with PCMAX\_L,f,c as defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.3 or A.3.3.3 for 64 QAM. NOTE 3: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2.4 or A.3.3.4 for 256 QAM.

### 7.4A.2 Maximum input level for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the maximum input level requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in Table 7.4-1 and Table 7.4A.1-1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The throughput of each downlink component carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the specified reference measurement channel as specified in Annex A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1. The requirements apply with all downlink carriers active.

## 7.4A.3 Maximum input level for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the maximum input level is defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. For NR CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band or an operating band with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements for all downlinks shall be met with the single uplink carrier active in each band capable of UL operation. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.4 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexs A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) for each component carrier.

## 7.4B Maximum input level for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the maximum input level for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.4A applies.

# 7.4D Maximum input level for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.4 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{CMAX\_L}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

## 7.4E Maximum input level for V2X

### 7.4E.1 General

Maximum input level is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel. The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.7.3 and A.7.4 with parameters specified in Table 7.4E.1-1.

Table 7.4E.1-1: Maximum input level of NR V2X

Rx Parameter	Rx Parameter Units			Channel bandwidth				
		10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz			
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	-25 <sup>1</sup>	-25 <sup>1</sup>	-23 <sup>1</sup>	-22 <sup>1</sup>			
		<b>-27</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>-27</b> <sup>2</sup>	-25 <sup>2</sup>	-24 <sup>2</sup>			
NOTE 1: Reference measurement channel is A.7.3 for 64 QAM.								
NOTE 2: Reference measurements	surement	channel is A.	7.4 for 256 QA	λM.				

### 7.4E.2 Maximum input level for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 7.4E shall apply for the NR sidelink reception in the operating Bands in Table 5.2E.1-1 and the requirements specified in clause 7.4 shall apply for the NR downlink reception in licensed band while all downlink carriers are active.

## 7.5 Adjacent channel selectivity

Adjacent channel selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive an NR signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirements specified in Table 7.5-1 for NR bands with FDL\_high < 2700 MHz and FUL\_high < 2700 MHz and the minimum requirements specified in Table 7.5-2 for NR bands with FDL\_low  $\geq$  3300 MHz and FUL\_low  $\geq$  3300 MHz. These requirements apply for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm and for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. However, it is not possible to directly measure the ACS; instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen as in Table 7.5-3 and Table 7.5-4 for verification of the requirements specified in Table 7.5-1, and as in Table 7.5-5 and Table 7.5-6 for verification of the requirements specified in Table 7.5-2. For these test parameters, the throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1). For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.5-1: ACS for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
ACS	dB	33	33	30	27	26
RX parameter	Units		Cha	nnel bandw	idth	
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
ACS	dB	25.5	24	23	22.5	21
RX parameter	Units		Cha	nnel bandw	idth	
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
ACS	dB	20.5	20			

Table 7.5-2: ACS for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz
ACS	dB	33	33	33	33	33
RX parameter	Units		Cha	annel bandw	idth	
		40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz
ACS	dB	33	33	33	33	33
RX parameter	Units		Cha	annel bandw	idth	
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
ACS	dB	33	33			

Table 7.5-3: Test parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz, case 1

RX parameter	Units		CI	hannel bandwid	lth	
		5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz 25 MH				
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		R	REFSENS + 14 d		
P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 42.5 dB	REFSENS + 39.5 dB	REFSENS + 38.5 dB
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	5 / -5	7.5 / -7.5	10 / -10	12.5 / -12.5	15 / -15
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwid		
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		R	REFSENS + 14 d	В	
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 38 dB	REFSENS + 36.5 dB	REFSENS + 35.5 dB	REFSENS + 35 dB	REFSENS + 33.5 dB
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	17.5 / -17.5	22.5 / -22.5	27.5 / -27.5	32.5 / -32.5	42.5 / -42.5
RX parameter	Units		CI	hannel bandwid	th	•
_		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSEN	S + 14 dB			
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 33 dB	REFSENS + 32.5 dB			
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	5	5			
F <sub>interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	47.5 / -47.5	52.5 / -52.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{interferer}| / SCS | | + 0.5) SCS |$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the NR interferer RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5-4: Test parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz, case 2

RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	ith	
-		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	-56.5	-56.5	-53.5	-50.5	-49.5
Pinterferer	dBm			-25		
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	5	7.5	10	12.5	15
, ,		/	/	/	/	/
		-5	-7.5	-10	-12.5	-15
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwic	ith	
-		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	-49	-47	-46.5	-46	-44.5
Pinterferer	dBm		1	-25	•	•
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	17.5	22.5	27.5	32.5	42.5
		/ -17.5	-22.5	/ -27.5	-32.5	-42.5
RX parameter	Units	17.0		hannel bandwic		72.0
TOX paramotor	Ointo	90 MHz	100 MHz	lannor banawie	1	
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	-44	-43.5			
Pinterferer	dBm	-:	25			
BWinterferer	MHz	5	5			
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	47.5 / -47.5	52.5 / -52.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(|F_{interferer}|/SCS|]+0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

Table 7.5-5: Test parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 1

RX parameter	Units		CI	nannel bandwid	th	
		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		R	EFSENS + 14 d	В	
Pinterferer	dBm		RI	EFSENS + 45.5	dB	
BWinterferer	MHz	10	15	20	25	30
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10	15	20	25	30
		/	/	/	/	/
		-10	-15	-20	-25	-30
RX parameter	Units			hannel bandwid	th	
		40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		R	EFSENS +140	dB	
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	40	50	60	70	80
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	40	50	60	70	80
		/	/	/	/	/
		-40	-50	-60	-70	-80
RX parameter	Units		CI	nannel bandwid	th	
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS	S + 14 dB			
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 45.5 dB	REFSENS + 45.5 dB			
BWinterferer	MHz	90	100			
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	100	100 /			
NOTE 1: The tra		-90	-100			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(|F_{interferer}|/SCS|]+0.5)_{SCS}$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the wanted signal.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5-6: Test parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 2

RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	lth	
-		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm			-56.5		
P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm			-25		
BWinterferer	MHz	10	15	20	25	30
F <sub>interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	10 / -10	15 / -15	20 / -20	25 / -25	30 / -30
RX parameter	Units	10		hannel bandwid		30
not parameter	Omico	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm			-56.5		
Corniquiation						
	dBm	-25	-25	-25	-25	-25
Pinterferer BWinterferer	dBm MHz	-25 40	-25 50	-25 60	-25 70	-25 80
P <sub>interferer</sub>					70 70 /	
Pinterferer BWinterferer	MHz	40 40 /	50 50 / -50	60 60 /	70 70 / -70	80 80 /
Pinterferer BWinterferer Finterferer (offset)	MHz MHz	40 40 /	50 50 / -50	60 60 / -60	70 70 / -70	80 80 /
Pinterferer BWinterferer Finterferer (offset)	MHz MHz	40 40 / -40 <b>90 MHz</b>	50 50 / -50	60 60 / -60	70 70 / -70	80 80 /
Pinterferer BWinterferer Finterferer (offset)  RX parameter  Power in transmission bandwidth	MHz MHz Units	40 40 / -40 <b>90 MHz</b> -5	50 50 / -50 <b>C</b>	60 60 / -60	70 70 / -70	80 80 /
Pinterferer BWinterferer Finterferer (offset)  RX parameter  Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	MHz MHz <b>Units</b> dBm	40 40 / -40 <b>90 MHz</b>	50 50 / -50 <b>C</b> 100 MHz	60 60 / -60	70 70 / -70	80 80 /
Pinterferer BWinterferer Finterferer (offset)  RX parameter  Power in transmission bandwidth configuration Pinterferer	MHz MHz Units dBm	40 40 / -40 <b>90 MHz</b> -5	50 50 / -50 <b>C</b> 100 MHz 6.5	60 60 / -60	70 70 / -70	80 80 /

- Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX</sub> L.f.c defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{\text{interferer}}|/SCS] + 0.5 )SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz.

The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the wanted signal.

The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

#### 7.5A Adjacent channel selectivity for CA

#### 7.5A.1 Adjacent channel selectivity for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5A.1-1 and 7.5A.1-1a for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DLsignal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.5A.1-2, 7.5A.1-2a, 7.5A.1-3 and 7.5A.1-3a.

Table 7.5A.1-1: ACS for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

		NR CA bandwidth class				
Rx Parameter	Units	В	С	D		
ACS	dB	26.0	33.0	25.2		

Table 7.5A.1-1a: ACS for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz

		NR CA bandwidth class				
Rx Parameter	Units	В	С			
ACS	dB	20.0	17.0			

Table 7.5A.1-2: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 1

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class						
		В	С	D				
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB	REFSENS + 14 dB	REFSENS + 14 dB				
P <sub>Interferer</sub>	dBm	Aggregated power + 24.5	Aggregated power + 31.5	Aggregated power + 23.7				
		dB	dB	dB				
BWInterferer	MHz	20	BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	50				
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10 + Foffset	BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	25 + F <sub>offset</sub>				
		/	/	/				
		-10 - Foffset	-BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	-25 -Foffset				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> define in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to ([F<sub>interferer</sub> | / SCS ] + 0.5)SCS MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5A.1-2a: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub><2700 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub><2700 MHz, case 1

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class		
		В	С	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB	REFSENS + 14 dB	
Configuration, per CC				
P <sub>Interferer</sub>	dBm	Aggregated power + 18.5 dB	Aggregated power + 15.5 dB	
BWInterferer	MHz	5	5	
F <sub>Interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	2.5 + F <sub>offset</sub>	2.5 + F <sub>offset</sub>	
		/	/	
		-2.5 - F <sub>offset</sub>	-2.5 - F <sub>offset</sub>	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4 .

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset F<sub>interferer</sub> (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{interferer}| / SCS | + 0.5 )SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5A.1-3: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz, case 2

Rx Parameter	Units		NR CA bandwidth class					
		В	С	D				
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	-49.5 + 10log(N <sub>RB,c</sub> /N <sub>RB_</sub> <sub>agg)</sub>	-56.5	-48.7 + 10log(N <sub>RB,c</sub> /N <sub>RB_agg</sub> )				
PInterferer	dBm	-25	-25	-25				
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	MHz	20	BW <sub>channel CA</sub>	50				
F <sub>Interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	10 + F <sub>offset</sub> / -10 -F <sub>offset</sub>	BW <sub>channel</sub> CA / -BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	25 + F <sub>offset</sub> / -25 - F <sub>offset</sub>				

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $([F_{interferer}, F_{interferer}, 
- NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.5A.1-3a: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  <2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  <2700 MHz, case 2

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA Bandwidth Class			
		В	С		
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	-43.5 + 10log(N <sub>RB,c</sub> /N <sub>RB_agg</sub> )	-40.5 + 10log(N <sub>RB,c</sub> /N <sub>RB_agg</sub> )		
PInterferer	dBm	-25	-25		
BWInterferer	MHz	5	5		
F <sub>Interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	2.5 + F <sub>offset</sub>	2.5 + F <sub>offset</sub>		
		/ -2.5 - Foffset	-2.5 - Foffset		

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{interferer}| / SCS | + 0.5 ) SCS | MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.$
- NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

## 7.5A.2 Adjacent channel selectivity Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the adjacent channel selectivity requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clauses 7.5 and 7.5A.1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirements all values of a single adjacent channel interferer in-gap and out-of-gap up to a –25 dBm interferer power while all downlink carriers are active. For the lower range of test parameters (Case 1), the interferer power  $P_{interferer}$  shall be set to the maximum of the levels given by the carriers of the respective sub-blocks as specified in Table 7.5-3 and Table 7.5A.1-2a for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The wanted signal power levels for the carriers of each sub-block shall then be adjusted relative to  $P_{interferer}$  in accordance with the ACS requirement for each sub-block (Table 7.5-1 and Table 7.5A.1-1a). For the upper range of test parameters (Case 2) for which the interferer power  $P_{interferer}$  is -25 dBm (Table 7.5-4 and Table 7.5A.1-3a) the wanted signal power levels for the carriers of each sub-block shall be adjusted relative to  $P_{interferer}$  like for Case 1.

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the adjacent channel selectivity requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clauses 7.5 and 7.5A.1 for one

component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirements all values of a single adjacent channel interferer in-gap and out-of-gap up to a –25 dBm interferer power while all downlink carriers are active. For the lower range of test parameters (Case 1), the interferer power P<sub>interferer</sub> shall be set to the maximum of the levels given by the carriers of the respective sub-blocks as specified in Table 7.5-5 and Table 7.5A.1-2 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The wanted signal power levels for the carriers of each sub-block shall then be adjusted relative to P<sub>interferer</sub> in accordance with the ACS requirement for each sub-block (Table 7.5-2 and Table 7.5A.1-1). For the upper range of test parameters (Case 2) for which the interferer power P<sub>interferer</sub> is -25 dBm (Table 7.5-6 and Table 7.5A.1-3) the wanted signal power levels for the carriers of each sub-block shall be adjusted relative to P<sub>interferer</sub> like for Case 1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.5A.3 Adjacent channel selectivity Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the adjacent channel requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. For NR CA configurations including an operating band without uplink operation or an operating band with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements for all downlinks shall be met with the single uplink carrier active in each band capable of UL operation. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.5 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

## 7.5B Adjacent channel selectivity for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the adjacent channel selectivity for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.5A applies.

# 7.5D Adjacent channel selectivity for UL MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.5 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{\text{CMAX\_L}}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

## 7.5E Adjacent channel selectivity for V2X

#### 7.5E.1 General

Adjacent channel selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive an NR signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirements specified in Table 7.5E.1-1 for NR V2X UE. These requirements apply for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm and for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. However, it is not possible to directly measure the ACS; instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen as in Table 7.5E.1-2 and Table 7.5E.1-3 for verification of the requirements specified in Table 7.5E.1-1. For these test parameters, the throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.7.2.

In licensed band, the minimum requirements shall reuse the same ACS values with NR UE.

Table 7.5E.1-1: Adjacent channel selectivity for NR V2X

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		10 MHz 20 MHz 30 MHz 40 MHz				
ACS	dB	33.0	27.0	25.5	24.0	

Table 7.5E.1-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity for V2X, Case 1

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth			
		10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	Prefsens_v2x + 14 dB			
P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	P <sub>REFSENS_V2X</sub> + 45.5 dB	P <sub>REFSENS_V2X</sub> + 39.5 dB	P <sub>REFSENS_V2X</sub> + 38.0 dB	P <sub>REFSENS_V2X</sub> + 36.5 dB
BWinterferer	MHz	10	10	10	10
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10 / -10	15 / -15	20 / -20	25 / -25

NOTE 1: The interferer is QPSK modulated PUSCH containing data and reference symbols. Normal cyclic prefix is used.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{\text{interferer}}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $([F_{\text{interferer}}]/SCS] + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

Table 7.5E.1-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity for V2X, Case 2

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz		
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	-56.5	-50.5	-49.0	-47.5		
Pinterferer	dBm		-2	25			
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	10	10	10	10		
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10 / -10	15 / -15	20 / -20	25 / -25		

NOTE 1: The interferer is QPSK modulated PUSCH containing data and reference symbols. Normal cyclic prefix is used.

NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $\mathsf{F}_{\mathsf{interferer}}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(|F_{\mathsf{interferer}}|/SCS|+0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

## 7.5E.2 Adjacent channel selectivity for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 7.5E shall apply for the NR sidelink reception in the operating Bands in Table 5.2E.1-1 and the requirements specified in clause 7.5 shall apply for the NR downlink reception in licensed band while all downlink carriers are active.

## 7.5F Adjacent channel selectivity

#### 7.5F.1 General

Adjacent channel selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive an NR signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

Instead of the general ACS requirements specified in clause 7.5, the UE shall fulfil the minimum requirements specified in Table 7.5F.1-1. These requirements apply for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For the test parameters specified in Table 7.5F.1-2, the throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.5F.1-1: ACS for shared spectrum channel access bands

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		20 MHz 40 MHz 60 MHz 80 MHz				
ACS	dB	24	21	19.2	18	

Table 7.5F.1-2: Test parameters for shared spectrum channel acess bands

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		20 MHz	40 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB				
Pinterferer	dBm	REFSENS + 36.5 dB	REFSENS + 33.5 dB	REFSENS + 31.7 dB	REFSENS + 30.5 dB	
BWinterferer	MHz	20				
Finterferer (offset)	MHz		20 /	-20		

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: The absolute value of the interferer offset  $F_{interferer}$  (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(\lceil F_{interferer} \mid / SCS \rceil + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the wanted signal.
- NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

### 7.5F.2 Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA

ACS for intra-band contiguous shared access CA requirements are specified in Table 7.5F.2-1. These requirements apply for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For the test parameters specified in Table 7.5F.2-2, the throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.5F.2-1: ACS for intra-band contiguous shared access CA

			NR-U CA bandwidth class						
Rx Parameter	Units	В	С	D	E	I	M	N	0
raiailletei									
ACS	dB			24	- 10loq <sub>10</sub> (E	WChannel CA	20)		

Table 7.5F.1-2: Test parameters for intra-band contiguous NR-U CA

Rx Parameter	Units	NR-U CA bandwidth class			
		B, C, D, E, M, N, O			
Pw in Transmission	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB			
Bandwidth					
Configuration, per					
CC					
PInterferer	dBm	Aggregated power + 22.5 – 10log <sub>10</sub> (BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> /20) dB			
BWInterferer	MHz	20			
Finterferer (offset)	MHz	10 + Foffset			
		-10 - Foffset			
NOTE 1: The transm	itter shall	be set to 4 dB below P <sub>CMAX_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table			
7.3.2-3 with	PCMAX_L,	fic defined in clause 6.2.4.			
NOTE 2: The absolu	te value d	of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to			
$\left( \mid F_{\text{interferer}} \mid / \right)$		Will 2 Will 666 the 665 carrier opacing of the carrier closest to the interiorer in			
MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.					

NOTE 3: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

# 7.6 Blocking characteristics

#### 7.6.1 General

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occurs.

For shared spectrum channel access and band combinations with operating bands intended for shared spectrum channel access, the blocking characteristics is specified in clause 7.6F.

## 7.6.2 In-band blocking

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz in-band blocking (IBB) is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq 95$ % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.2-1 and Table 7.6.2-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.6.2-1: In-band blocking parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

RX parameter	Units		C	hannel bandwid	ith	
-		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
Power in	dBm	R	EFSENS + chan	nel bandwidth specific value below		
transmission	dB	6	6	7	9	10
bandwidth						
configuration						
BWinterferer	MHz			5		
Floffset, case 1	MHz			7.5		
Floffset, case 2	MHz			12.5		
RX parameter	Units			nannel bandwid		
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in	dBm	R	EFSENS + chan	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	)W
transmission			1	T	1	T
bandwidth	dB	11	12	13	14	15
configuration						
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz			5		
Floffset, case 1	MHz			7.5		
F <sub>loffset, case 2</sub>	MHz			12.5		
RX parameter	Units			nannel bandwid	lth	T
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in	dBm	REFSENS	S + channel			
transmission			pecific value			
bandwidth		below				
configuration			T			
	dB	15.5	16			
BWinterferer	MHz		5			
Floffset, case 1	MHz		.5			
Floffset, case 2	MHz	12	2.5			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in

Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and 15 kHz SCS.

Table 7.6.2-2: In-band blocking for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_high</sub> < 2700 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub> < 2700 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44	-15	-38
	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -	≤ -BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -		-BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2-11
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2		
			and	and		
			BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +	≥ BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +		
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2		
n1, n2, n3,	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 15		
n5, n7, n8,				to		
n12, n14,				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 15		
n18, n20,						
n25, n26,						
n28,n34,						
n38,n39,						
n40, n41,						
n48 <sup>3</sup> , n50,						
n51, n53,						
n65, n66,						
n70, n74,						
n75, n76,						
n91, n92,						
n93, n94						
n30	F <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 15		$F_{DL_{low}} - 11$
				to		
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 15		
n71	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 12 to	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 12	
				FDL_high + 15		

NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $([F_{interferer}]/SCS] + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BW<sub>Channel</sub>/2 - Floffset, case 1; b: BW<sub>Channel</sub>/2 + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: n48 follows the requirement in this frequency range according to the general requirement defined in Clause 7.1.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz in-band blocking (IBB) is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into an immediately adjacent frequency range up to  $3*BW_{Channel}$  below or above the UE receive band where  $BW_{Channel}$  is the bandwidth of the wanted signal. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\ge 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1)] with parameters specified in Table 7.6.2-3 and Table 7.6.2-4. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

NR band

Parameter

Table 7.6.2-3: In-band blocking parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

RX parameter	Units		lth				
-		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	
Power in	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
transmission bandwidth							
configuration	dB			6			
BWinterferer	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	
	MHz	15	22.5	30	37.5	45	
Floffset, case 1	MHz	25	37.5	50	62.5	75	
Floffset, case 2  RX parameter	Units	25		hannel bandwid		75	
nx parameter	Oilles	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	
Power in	dBm				pecific value belo		
transmission							
bandwidth							
configuration							
	dB			6			
BW <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	40	50	60	70	80	
F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	MHz	60	75	90	105	120	
Floffset, case 2	MHz	100	125	150	175	200	
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	lth		
		90 MHz	100 MHz				
Power in	dBm		100 MHz 5 + channel				
Power in transmission	dBm	REFSENS					
	dBm	REFSENS bandwidth s	+ channel				
transmission	dBm	REFSENS bandwidth s	s + channel pecific value				
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	REFSENS bandwidth s be	s + channel pecific value				
transmission bandwidth		REFSENS bandwidth s be	6 + channel pecific value low				
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	REFSENS bandwidth s be	S + channel pecific value low				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the RMC specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

Table 7.6.2-4: In-band blocking for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

Case 1

Case 2

Unit

	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44
n77, n78,	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -	≤ -BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -
n79			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2
			and	and
			BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +	≥ BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2
	Finterferer		NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> –
				3*BW <sub>Channel</sub>
				to
				FDL_high +
				3*BW <sub>Channel</sub>
	The absolute value of further adjusted to (			
	sub-carrier spacing of NR signal with an So		ted signal in MHz. Th o that of the wanted	
NOTE 2:	For each carrier freq			
	carrier frequencies:	a: -BW <sub>Chan</sub>	nel/2 - Floffset, case 1; b:	BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +
	Floffset, case 1			
NOTE 3:	BW <sub>Channel</sub> denotes th	e channel	bandwidth of the wa	nted signal

### 7.6.3 Out-of-band blocking

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling outside a frequency range 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq 95\%$  of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3-1 and Table 7.6.3-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.6.3-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	dth	
		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm		REFSENS + channel specific value below			
	dB	6	6	7	9	10
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	ith	
•		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm				pecific value belo	,
	dB	11	12	13	14	15
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	dth	
		90 MHz	100 MHz			
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	bandwidth s	6 + channel specific value slow			
<b>J</b>	dB	15.5	16			
			B below P <sub>CMAX_L</sub> , ed in clause 6.2.		n UL configuration	n specified in

Table 7.6.3-2: Out of-band blocking for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_high</sub> < 2700 MHz and F<sub>UL\_high</sub> < 2700 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
n1, n2, n3,	Pinterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15
n5, n7, n8,	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	$-60 < f - F_{DL_{low}} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_{low}} \le -60$	$1 \le f \le F_{DL\_low} - 85$
n12, n14,			or	or	or
n18, n20,			$15 < f - F_{DL\_high} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL\_high} < 85$	F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 85 ≤ f
n25, n26,			_	_	≤ 12750
n28, n30,					
n34, n38,					
n39, n40,					
n41, n48 <sup>5</sup> ,					
n50, n51,					
n53 <sup>6</sup> , n65,					
n66, n70,					
n71, n74,					
n75, n76,					
n91, n92,					
n93, n94					

- NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 6000 MHz.
- NOTE 2: For band 51 the  $F_{DL\_high}$  of band 50 is applied as  $F_{DL\_high}$  for band 51. For band 50, the  $F_{DL\_low}$  of band 51 is applied as  $F_{DL\_low}$  for band 50.
- NOTE 3: For band 76 the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> of band 75 is applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> for band 76. For band 75, the F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of band 76 is applied as F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for band 75.
- NOTE 4: For UEs supporting both bands 38 and 41, the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> and F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of band 41 is applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> and F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for band 38.
- NOTE 5: n48 follows the requirement in this frequency range according to the general requirement defined in Clause 7.1. The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2700 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 4800 MHz.
- NOTE 6: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2580 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 2775 MHz.
- NOTE 7 For UE supporting both bands 25 and 70, the  $F_{DL\_high}$  of band 70 is applied as  $F_{DL\_high}$  for band 25, and the  $F_{DL\_low}$  of band 25 is applied as  $F_{DL\_low}$  for band 70.
- NOTE8: For bands 91 and 93 the F<sub>DL\_high</sub> of bands 92 and 94 are applied as F<sub>DL\_high</sub> for bands 91 and 93. For bands 92 and 94, the F<sub>DL\_low</sub> of bands 91 and 93 are applied as F<sub>DL\_low</sub> for bands 92 and 94

For interferer frequencies across ranges 1, 2 and 3 in Table 7.6.3-2, a maximum of

$$\left[\max \left\{24,6 \cdot \left[n \cdot N_{RR} / 6\right]\right\} / \min \left\{n \cdot N_{RR} / 10\right\}\right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channel}/2 \downarrow 5)$  MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration, BW<sub>Channel</sub> the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in clause 7.7 apply.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling outside a frequency range up to  $3*BW_{Channel}$  below or from  $3*BW_{Channel}$  above the UE receive band, where  $BW_{Channel}$  is the channel bandwidth. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\ge 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3-3 and Table 7.6.3-4. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6.3-3: Out-of-band blocking parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
•		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz		
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	R	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	ow		
Ü	dB	6	7	9	9	9		
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	th	•		
-	Ī	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz		
Power in	dBm	R		nel bandwidth sp				
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration			EFSENS + char	nnel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	ow .		
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	9 9	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo			
transmission bandwidth		9	EFSENS + char	nnel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	ow .		
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB Units	9 <b>90 MHz</b>	EFSENS + char 9 C 100 MHz	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	ow .		
transmission bandwidth configuration  RX parameter  Power in transmission bandwidth	dB	9  90 MHz  REFSENS bandwidth s	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	ow .		
transmission bandwidth configuration  RX parameter  Power in transmission	dB Units	9  90 MHz  REFSENS bandwidth s	9  100 MHz 5 + channel pecific value	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	ow .		

Table 7.6.3-4: Out of-band blocking for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Range1	Range 2	Range 3
n77, n78 (NOTE 3)	P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	-44	-30	-15
	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	-60 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ -3*BWchannel or 3*BWchannel ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 60	-200 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ - MAX(60,3*BWChannel) or MAX(60,3*BWChannel) ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 200	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \leq f \leq F_{DL\_low} - \\ MAX(200,3^*BW_{Channel}) \\ 0 \\ or \\ F_{DL\_high} \\ + \\ MAX(200,3^*BW_{Channel}) \\ 0 \\ \leq f \leq 12750 \end{array}$
n79 (NOTE 4)	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	-150 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ - MAX(60,3*BW <sub>Channel</sub> ) or MAX(60,3*BW <sub>Channel</sub> ) ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 150	1 ≤ f ≤ FDL_low −  MAX(150,3*BWChannel )  or  FDL_high +  MAX(150,3*BWChannel ) ≤ f ≤ 12750

NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 6000 MHz.

NOTE 2: BW<sub>Channel</sub> denotes the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

NOTE 3: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2700 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 4800 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel</sub> > 15 MHz, the requirement for Range 1 is not applicable and Range 2 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel</sub> from the band edge. For BW<sub>Channel</sub> larger than 60 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel</sub> from the band edge.

NOTE 4: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 3650 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 5750 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel</sub> ≥ 40 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel</sub> from the band edge.

For interferer frequencies across ranges 1, 2 and 3 in Table 7.6.3-4, a maximum of

$$\left[\max \left\{24,6 \cdot \left\lceil n \cdot N_{RB} \right/ 6 \right\rceil\right] / \min \left\{\left[n \cdot N_{RB} \right/ 10 \right],5\right\}\right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channe}/2)$ ,5) MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration, BW<sub>Channel</sub> the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in clause 7.7 apply.

### 7.6.4 Narrow band blocking

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a NR signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band CW interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

The relative throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.4-1. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.6.4-1: Narrow Band Blocking

NR band	Parame ter	Uni t					С	hannel E	Bandwid	th				
Danu	lei	'	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
			MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
n1, n2,	Pw	dB				Prei	SENS + C	hannel-b	andwidth	n specific	c value b	elow		
n3, n5,		m												
n7, n8,														
n12,														
n14,														
n18,														
n20,														
n25,														
n26,														
n28,														
n30,														
n34, n38,														
n39,														
n40,														
n41,														
n48,														
n50,														
n51,														
n53,														
n65,														
n66,														
n70,														
n71,														
n74,														
n75,														
n76														
			16	13	14	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	Puw	dB	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55
	(CW)	m												
	Fuw	MH	2.707	5.212	7.702	10.20	13.02	15.60	20.55	25.70	NA	NA	NA	NA
	(offset	z	5	5	5	75	75	75	75	25				
	SCS=													
	15 kHz)													
	Fuw	MH	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	30.85	40.93	45.91	50.86
	(offset	Z									5	5	5	5
	SCS=													
	30 kHz)													

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

NOTE 3: The Prefsens power level is specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 for two and four antenna ports, respectively.

## 7.6A Blocking characteristics for CA

#### 7.6A.1 General

### 7.6A.2 In-band blocking for CA

### 7.6A.2.1 In-band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.6A.2.1-1 and 7.6A.2.1-1a for an adjacent channel interferer on either side of the aggregated downlink signal at a specified frequency offset and for an interferer power up to -25 dBm. The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.6A.2.1-1: In-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

Rx Parameter	Units		NR CA bandwidth cl	ass	
		В	С	D	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dB		REFSENS + CA bandwidth class sp	ecific value below	
		10.0	6	13.8	
BWInterferer	MHz	20	BW <sub>channel</sub> CA	50	
Floffset, case 1	MHz	30	BWchannel CA+ BWchannel CA/2	75	
Floffset case 2	MHz	50	BWInterferer + Floffset case 1	125	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> define in clause 6.2.4

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattrn OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6A.2.1-1a: In-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz

Rx Parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class		
		В	С	
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + NR CA bandwidth class specific value below		
		16.0	19.0	
BWInterferer	MHz	5	5	
Floffset, case 1	MHz	7.5	7.5	
Floffset, case 2	MHz	12.5	12.5	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6A.2.1-2: In-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44
n77, n78,	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>channel</sub> CA/2 -F <sub>loffset</sub> , case 1	≤ -BW <sub>channel</sub> CA/2 -Floffset, case 2
n79			and	and
			BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	≥ BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 2</sub>
	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> - 3BW <sub>channel CA</sub>
				to
				FDL_high + 3BWchannel CA
NOTE 1: T	he absolute value	of the interfer	er offset Finterferer (offset) shall be	further adjusted to

NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to

 $(\lceil F_{\text{interferer}} \mid / SCS \rceil + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 - F<sub>loffset, case 1</sub>; b: BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 + F<sub>loffset, case 1</sub>

NOTE 3: BW<sub>channel CA</sub> denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

Table 7.6A.2.1-2a: In-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> < 2700 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> < 2700 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44	
n41, n66, n48 <sup>4</sup> , n40	F <sub>interferer</sub> (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 -F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub> and BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	≤ -BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 -F <sub>loffset</sub> , case 2 and ≥ BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset</sub> , case 2	
	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 15 to F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 15	
n71	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 12 to F <sub>DL_bigh</sub> + 15	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 12

NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to

 $(\lceil F_{\text{interferer}} \mid / SCS \rceil + 0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 - F<sub>loffset, case 1</sub>; b: BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 + F<sub>loffset, case 1</sub>

NOTE 3: BW<sub>channel CA</sub> denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

NOTE 4: n48 follows the requirement in this frequency range according to the general requirement defined in Clause

### 7.6A.2.2 In-band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, each larger than or equal to 5 MHz, the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clause 7.6.2 and 7.6A.2.1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The requirements apply for in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

#### 7.6A.2.3 In-band blocking for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the in-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.6.2 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.6.2-2 and 7.6.2-4 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.

For E-UTRA CA configurations including an operating band without uplink operation or an operating band with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements for all downlinks shall be met with the single uplink carrier active in each band capable of UL operation. The requirements for the component carrier configured in the operating band without uplink operation are specified in Table 7.6A.2.3-1.

Table 7.6A.2.3-1: In-band blocking parameters for additional NR operating bands for carrier aggregation with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2			
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44			
	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -	≤ -BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 -			
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2			
			and	and			
			BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +	≥ BW <sub>Channel</sub> /2 +			
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2			
n29	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 15			
				to			
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 15			
fa		eive band	ed modulated interfer , but within the first 1				
			e requirement applies nel/2 - F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub> ; b:				
	offset, case 1						
			ferer offset Finterfere				
fu	urther adjusted to $( F_{\text{interferer}} /SCS +0.5)SCS$ MHz with SCS the						
SI	ub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an						
N	R signal with an SO	CS equal to	o that of the wanted	signal			
NOTE 4: B'	W <sub>Channel</sub> denotes th	e channel	bandwidth of the wa	nted signal			

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

## 7.6A.3 Out-of-band blocking for CA

#### 7.6A.3.1 Out-of-band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. For FDD, the PCC shall be configured closest to the uplink band. All downlink carriers shall be active throughout the test.

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.6A.3-1 and Table 7.6A.3-2 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.6A.3-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous CA

RX parameter	Units	CA bandwidth class					
		В	B C D				
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific value below					
	dB	9 9 9					
		all be set to 4 dB belo L,f,c defined in clause	w $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$ at the mir 6.2.4.	nimum UL configurati	on specified in Table		

Table 7.6A.3-1a: Void

Table 7.6A.3-2: Out of-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Range1	Range 2	Range 3
	Pinterferer	dBm	-45	-30	-15
n41,n66,n	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	$-60 < f - F_{DL_{low}} < -15$	$-85 < f - F_{DL_{low}} \le -60$	$1 \le f \le F_{DL\_low} - 85$
71,n48 <sup>5</sup> ,n			or	or	or
40			$15 < f - F_{DL\_high} < 60$	$60 \le f - F_{DL\_high} < 85$	F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 85 ≤ f
					≤ 12750
n77, n78	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	N/A	$1 \le f \le F_{DL\_low} -$
(NOTE 3)					MAX(200,3*BWChannel_CA)
					or
					F <sub>DL_high</sub> + MAX(200,3*BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> )
					≤ f ≤ 12750
n79	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	N/A	1 ≤ f ≤ F <sub>DL_low</sub> −
(NOTE 4)					MAX(150,3*BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> )
					or
					F <sub>DL_high</sub> + MAX(150,3*BW <sub>Channel CA</sub> )
					≤ f ≤ 12750

- NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (PInterferer) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for FInterferer > 6000 MHz.
- NOTE 2: BW<sub>Channel CA</sub> denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal
- NOTE 3: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2700 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 4800 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> > 15 MHz, the requirement for Range 1 is not applicable and Range 2 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> from the band edge. For BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> larger than 60 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> from the band edge.
- NOTE 4: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm, for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 3650 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 5750 MHz. For BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub>≥ 40 MHz, the requirement for Range 2 is not applicable and Range 3 applies from the frequency offset of 3\*BW<sub>Channel\_CA</sub> from the band edge.
- NOTE 5: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 2700 MHz and F<sub>Interferer</sub> < 4800 MHz

Table 7.6A.3-2a: Void

### 7.6A.3.2 Out-of-band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clauses 7.6.3 and 7.6A.3.1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The requirements apply with all downlink carriers active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

#### 7.6A.3.3 Out-of-band blocking for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the out-of-band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. For NR CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band or an operating band with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements for all downlinks shall be met with the single uplink carrier active in each band capable of UL operation. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.6.3 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with component carriers in operating bands < 2.7 GHz including n48, and for  $F_{DL\_Low(j)}-15~MHz \le f \le F_{DL\_High(j)}+15~MHz$ , the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking requirements in the respective clauses 7.5 and 7.6.2 shall be applied for carrier j. For inter-band carrier aggregation with component carriers in operating bands > 2.7 GHz excluding n48, and for  $F_{DL\_Low(j)}-3*BW_{channel} \le f \le F_{DL\_High(j)}+3*$ 

BW<sub>channel</sub>, the appropriate adjacent channel selectivity and in-band blocking requirements in the respective clauses 7.5 and 7.6.2 shall be applied for carrier j.  $F_{DL\_Low(j)}$  and  $F_{DL\_High(j)}$  denote the respective lower and upper frequency limits of the operating band containing carrier j, j = 1,...,X, with carriers numbered in increasing order of carrier frequency and X the number of component carriers in the band combination.  $BW_{channel}$  denotes the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal component carrier j. If CW interferer falls in a gap between  $F_{DL\_High(j)}$  and  $F_{DL\_Low(j+1)}$  where the corresponding OOB ranges 1 and 2 overlap, then the lower level interferer limit of the overlapping OOB ranges applies.

For inter-band carrier aggregation with uplink assigned to two NR bands, the out-of-band blocking requirements specified in clause 7.6.3 shall be met with the transmitter power for the uplink set to 7 dB below  $P_{CMAX\_L,f,c}$  for each serving cell c.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.6.3-2 and 7.6.3-4 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

For inter-band CA combination listed in Table 7.6A.3.3-1, exceptions to the requirement specified in Table 7.6A.3.3-2 are allowed when the second order intermodulation product of the lower frequency band UL carrier and the CW interfering signal fully or partially overlaps with the higher frequency band DL carrier.

Table 7.6A.3.3-1: CA band combination with exceptions allowed

CA band combination			
CA_n5-n77			
CA_n5-n78			
CA_n5-n79			
CA_n8-n78			
CA_n8-n79			
CA_n20-n78			
CA_n28-n77			
CA_n28-n78			
CA_n78-n92			

Table 7.6A.3.3-2: Requirement for out-of-band blocking exceptions

Parameter	Unit	Level
P <sub>Interferer</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44 <sup>1</sup>

NOTE 1: The requirement applies when  $\left|f_{Interferer} \pm f_{UL}^{LB} - f_{DL}^{HB}\right| \le (BW_{UL}^{LB} + BW_{DL}^{HB})/2$ , where  $f_{UL}^{LB}$  and  $f_{DL}^{HB}$  are the carrier frequencies for lower frequency band UL and higher frequency band DL, respectively.  $BW_{UL}^{LB}$  and  $BW_{DL}^{HB}$  are the channel bandwidths configured for lower frequency band UL carrier and higher frequency band DL carrier in MHz, respectively.

For all interferer frequency ranges specified in clause 7.6.3 a maximum of

$$\lfloor \max \{24, 6 \cdot \lceil n \cdot N_{RB} / 6 \rceil \} / \min \{ \lfloor n \cdot N_{RB} / 10 \rfloor, 5 \} \rfloor$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channel}/2 \downarrow 5)$  MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration,  $BW_{Channel}$  the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in clause 7.7 apply.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.6A.4 Narrow band blocking for CA

#### 7.6A.4.1 Narrow band blocking for Intra-band contiguous CA

For intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the downlink SCC(s) shall be configured at nominal channel spacing to the PCC. For FDD, the PCC shall be configured closest to the uplink band. All downlink carriers shall be active throughout the test. The uplink output power shall be set as specified in Table 7.6A.4.1-1 with the uplink configuration. For UE(s) supporting one uplink, the uplink configuration of the PCC shall be in accordance with Table 7.3.2-3. The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement in presence of an interfering signal specified in Table 7.6A.4.1-1 being on either side of the aggregated signal. The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6A.4.1-1.

Table 7.6A.4.1-1: Narrow-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA

NR band	Parameter	Unit	NR CA bandwidth class	
			В	С
n1, n41, n66, n71,n48, n40	P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + NR CA Bandwidth Class specific value below	
			16	16
	Puw (CW)	dBm	-55	-55
	F <sub>uw</sub> (offset for⊿f = 15 kHz, 30 kHz)	MHz	- F <sub>offset</sub> - 0.2 / + F <sub>offset</sub> + 0.2	- F <sub>offset</sub> – 0.2 / + F <sub>offset</sub> + 0.2

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The PREFSENS power level is specified in Table 7.3.2-1 and Table 7.3.2-2 for two and four antenna ports, respectively.
- NOTE 4: The  $F_{uw}$  (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the interferer and shall be further adjusted to  $|F_{interferer}/SCS + 0.5|SCS+0.5SCS MHz \ to be offset from the sub-carrier raster.$

#### 7.6A.4.2 Narrow band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, the narrow band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clauses 7.6.4 and 7.6A.4.1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The requirements apply for in-gap and out-of-gap interferers while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

### 7.6A.4.3 Narrow band blocking for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the narrow band blocking requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. For NR CA configurations including an operating band without uplink band or an operating band with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements for all downlinks shall be met with the single uplink carrier active in each band capable of UL operation. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.6.4 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{UW}$  power defined in Table 7.6.4-1 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

## 7.6B Blocking characteristics for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the blocking characteristics for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.6A applies.

## 7.6C Blocking characteristics for SUL

### 7.6C.1 General

### 7.6C.2 In-band blocking for SUL

For SUL operation, the in-band blocking requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.6.2 shall be met.

For SUL operation with downlink CA, the in-band blocking requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.6A.2 shall be met.

### 7.6C.3 Out-of-band blocking for SUL

For SUL operation, the out-of-band blocking requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.6.3 shall be met. For SUL operation with downlink CA, the out-of-band blocking requirement for downlink bands specified in clause 7.6A.3 shall be met. For operation band combination listed in Table 7.6C.3-1, exceptions to the requirement specified in Table 7.6C.3-2 are allowed when the second order intermodulation product of the SUL carrier and the CW interfering signal fully or partially overlaps with the DL carrier.

Table 7.6C.3-1: SUL operating band combination with exceptions allowed

NR Band combination for SUL				
SUL_n78-n81				
SUL_n78-n82				
SUL_n78-n83				
SUL_n79-n81				

Table 7.6C.3-2: Requirement for out-of-band blocking exceptions

Parameter	Unit	Level			
PInterferer (CW)	dBm	-44 <sup>1</sup>			
NOTE 1: The requirement applies when $ f_{Interferer} \pm f_{SUL} - f_{DL}  \le (BW_{SUL} +$					
$BW_{DL}$ )/2, where $BW_{SUL}$ and $BW_{DL}$ are the channel bandwidths configured for					
SUL and DL (victim) bands in MHz, respectively.					

For all interferer frequency ranges specified in clause 7.6.3 a maximum of

$$\left[\max \left\{24, 6 \cdot \left[n \cdot N_{RR} / 6\right]\right\} / \min \left\{n \cdot N_{RR} / 10\right\}\right]\right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $\min(BW_{channel}/2 \downarrow, 5)$  MHz with  $N_{RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration,  $BW_{Channel}$  the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n = 1, 2, 3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in clause 7.7 apply.

# 7.6C.4 Narrow band blocking for SUL

Narrow band blocking is not specified for SUL band combination.

# 7.6D Blocking characteristics for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.6 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{\text{CMAX L}}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

# 7.6E Blocking characteristics for V2X

#### 7.6E.1 General

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occurs.

# 7.6E.2 In-band blocking

#### 7.6E.2.1 General

The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annex A.7.2 with parameters specified in Table 7.6E.2.1-1 and Table 7.6E.2.1-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6E.2.1-1: In-band blocking parameters for NR V2X

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth			
		10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	PREFSENS_V2X + channel bandwidth specific value below			value below
	dB	6	9	11	12
BWinterferer	MHz	10			
Floffset, case 1	MHz	15			
Floffset, case 2	MHz		2	5	•

NOTE 1: The interferer is QPSK modulated PUSCH containing data and reference symbols. Normal cyclic prefix is used.

Table 7.6E.2.1-2: In-band blocking for NR V2X

NR band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2				
n38, n47	n38, n47 P <sub>interferer</sub>		-44	-44				
	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW/2 - Floffset, case 1	≤ -BW/2 - Floffset, case 2				
			and	and				
			BW/2 + Floffset, case 1	≥ BW/2 + Floffset, case 2				
	Finterferer	MHz	NOTE 2	$F_{DL\_low} - 30$				
				to				
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 30				
NOTE 1: For c	NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE							
receiv	ve band, but within the fire	st 15 MHz	below or above the UE rec	eive band.				
	OTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:							
a.	a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 - F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub> and							

b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + Floffset, case 1

NOTE 3: Finterferer range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center

NOTE 4: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $(|F_{\mathrm{interferen}}|/SCS|+0.5)SCS$  MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the wanted signal in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with 15 kHz SCS.

#### 7.6E.2.2 In-band blocking for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 7.6E2 shall apply for the NR sidelink reception in the operating Bands in Table 5.2E.1-1 and the requirements specified in clause 7.6.2 shall apply for the NR downlink reception in licensed band while all downlink carriers are active.

#### 7.6E.3 Out-of-band blocking

#### 7.6E.3.1 General

For NR V2X bands out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling outside a frequency range 30 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The throughput of the wanted signal shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.7.2 with parameters specified in Table 7.6E.3.1-1 and Table 7.6E.3.1-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6E.3.1-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for NR V2X

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth			
		10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	Prefsens_v2x + channel bandwidth specific value below			
-	dB	6	9	11	12
NOTE: Reference measurement	Reference measurement channel is A.7.2.				

Table 7.6E.3.1-2: Out of-band blocking for NR V2X

NR band	Parameter	Units	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3			
n47	P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	-44	-30	-15			
	F <sub>interferer</sub> (CW)	MHz	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -30 to	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -60 to	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -85 to			
			F <sub>DL_low</sub> -60	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -85	1 MHz			
			F <sub>DL_high</sub> +30 to	F <sub>DL_high</sub> +60 to	F <sub>DL_high</sub> +85 to			
			$F_{DL\_high} + 60$	F <sub>DL_high</sub> +85	+12750 MHz			
n38	P <sub>interferer</sub>	dBm	-44	-30	-15			
	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -30 to	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -60 to	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -85 to			
			F <sub>DL_low</sub> -60	F <sub>DL_low</sub> -85	1 MHz			
NOTE 4	NOTE 4 TI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I							

NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (PInterferer) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for  $F_{Interferer} > 4400 \text{ MHz}.$ 

# 7.6E.3.2 Out-of-band blocking for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 7.6E3 shall apply for the NR sidelink reception in Band n47 and the requirements specified in clause 7.6.3 shall apply for the NR downlink reception in licensed band while all downlink carriers are active.

# 7.6F Blocking characteristics

### 7.6F.1 General

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occurs.

# 7.6F.2 In-band blocking

#### 7.6F.2.1 General

In-band blocking (IBB) is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 60 MHz below or above the UE receive band. clauseThe throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6F.2.1-1 and Table 7.6F.2.1-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6F.2.1-1: In-band blocking parameters for shared access bands

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth				
		20 MHz	40 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below				
	dB	9	12	13.8	15	
BWinterferer	MHz	20				
Floffset, case 1	MHz	30				
Floffset, case 2	MHz		≥	50		

Table 7.6F.2.1-2: In-band blocking for shared access bands

Operating	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2		
band						
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44		
	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-CBW/2 -	≤ -CBW/2 -		
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2		
			and	and		
			CBW/2 +	≥ CBW/2 +		
			Floffset, case 1	Floffset, case 2		
n46, n96	Finterferer		NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> – 3*CBW		
				to		
				FDL_high + 3*CBW,		
				NOTE 4		
NOTE 1:	The absolute value of	of the inter	ferer offset Finterfere	er (offset) shall be		
f	urther adjusted to (	$F_{\text{interferer}}$	$SCS \mid + 0.5 SCS \mid MH$	z with SCS the		
	sub-carrier spacing of	of the wan	ted signal in MHz. Th	ne interferer is an		
			o that of the wanted			
NOTE 2: I	or each carrier freq	uency, the	e requirement applies	s for two interferer		
			- Floffset, case 1; b: CB			
	<ul> <li>CBW denotes the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal</li> <li>Interferer carrier frequencies in the frequency range for Case 2 shall</li> </ul>					
			cies in integer multipl			
			se 2 and CBW/2 + Floff			

# 7.6F.2.2 Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA

In-band blocking for intra-band contiguous shared access CA requirements are specified in Table 7.6F.2.2-1. These requirements apply for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For the test parameters specified in Table 7.6F.2.2-2, the throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.6F.2.2-1: In-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous shared access CA

Rx Parameter	Units	Shared access CA bandwidth class
		B, C, D, E, M, N, O
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + aggregated channel bandwidth value below
	dB	9 + 10log <sub>10</sub> (BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub> /20)
BWInterferer	MHz	20
F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	MHz	30
Floffset, case 2	MHz	≥ 50

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2 and A.3.3 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6F.2.2-2: In-band blocking for intra-band contiguous shared access CA

Operating band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2
	Pinterferer	dBm	-56	-44
	Finterferer (offset)	MHz	-BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 -F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	≤ -BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 -F <sub>loffset, case 2</sub>
			and	and
			BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 1</sub>	≥ BW <sub>channel CA</sub> /2 +F <sub>loffset, case 2</sub>
n46	F <sub>interferer</sub>	MHz	NOTE 2	F <sub>DL_low</sub> - 3* BW <sub>channel CA</sub>
				to
				F <sub>DL_high</sub> + 3* BW <sub>channel CA</sub>
				NOTE 4

- NOTE 1: The absolute value of the interferer offset Finterferer (offset) shall be further adjusted to  $( |F_{interferer}| / SCS | + 0.5) SCS | MHz with SCS the sub-carrier spacing of the carrier closest to the interferer in MHz. The interferer is an NR signal with an SCS equal to that of the closest carrier.$
- NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency, the requirement applies for two interferer carrier frequencies: a: -BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 Floffset, case 1; b: BW<sub>channel CA</sub>/2 + Floffset, case 1
- NOTE 3: BW<sub>channel CA</sub> denotes the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal
- NOTE 4: Interferer carrier frequencies in the frequency range for Case 2 shall be located at discrete frequencies in integer multiples of 20 MHz offset from BW<sub>channel CA</sub> /2 F<sub>loffset, case 2</sub> and BW<sub>channel CA</sub> /2 + F<sub>loffset, case 2</sub>

# 7.6F.3 Out-of-band blocking

#### 7.6F.3.1 General

Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling outside a frequency range 60 MHz or greater below or above the UE receive band. clause The throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6F.3.1-1 and Table 7.6F.3.1-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.6F.3.1-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for shared access bands

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		20 MHz	40 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz		
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS	6 + channel band	dwidth specific va	alue below		
	dB		(	9			
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below Poway Ltg at the minimum III							

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.6F.3.1-2: Out of-band blocking for shared access bands

Operating band	Parameter	Unit	Range1	Range 2	Range 3
	Pinterferer	dBm	-44	-30	-15
n46, n96	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	N/A	$-200 < f - F_{DL\_low} \le$ $-3*CBW$ or $3*CBW \le f - F_{DL\_high}$ $< 200$	$1 \le f \le F_{DL\_low} - MAX(200,3^*CBW)$ or $F_{DL\_high} + MAX(200,3^*CBW)$ $\le f \le 12750$

NOTE 1: The power level of the interferer (P<sub>Interferer</sub>) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for F<sub>Interferer</sub> > 4200 MHz.

NOTE 2: CBW denotes the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal

For interferer frequencies across ranges 1, 2 and 3 in Table 7.6F.3-2, a maximum of

$$\left[\max \left\{24,6 \cdot \left\lceil n \cdot N_{RB} / 6 \right\rceil\right\} / \min \left\{\left\lceil n \cdot N_{RB} / 10 \right\rceil\right\}\right]$$

exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a step size of  $_{\min(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ ),5)}$  MHz with  $_{N_RB}$  the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration, CBW the bandwidth of the frequency channel in MHz and n=1,2,3 for SCS = 15, 30, 60 kHz, respectively. For these exceptions, the requirements in clause 7.7F apply.

#### 7.6F.3.2 Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA

Out-of-band blocking for intra-band contiguous shared access CA requirements are specified in Table 7.6F.3.2-1. These requirements apply for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For the test parameters specified in Table 7.6F.3.2-2, the throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.6F.3.2-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters for intra-band contiguous shared access CA

Rx Parameter	Units	Shared access CA bandwidth class			
		B, C, D, E, M, N, O			
Pw in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific value below			
	dB	9			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.6F.3.2-2: Out of-band blocking for intra-band contiguous CA

	interferer interferer (CW)	dBm	-45	-30	1 E
n46 F <sub>interf</sub>	:t(C\/\)			-30	-15
	interierer (Ovv)	MHz	N/A	-200 < f − F <sub>DL_low</sub> ≤ - 3*BWchannel_CA or 3*BWchannel_CA ≤ f − F <sub>DL_high</sub> < 200	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \leq f \leq F_{DL\_low} - \\ MAX(200,3^*BW_{channel\_CA}) \\ or \\ F_{DL\_high} + \\ MAX(200,3^*BW_{channel\_CA}) \\ \leq f \leq 12750 \end{array}$

# 7.7 Spurious response

MHz.

Spurious response is a measure of the ability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency for which a response is obtained, i.e. for which the out-of-band blocking limit as specified in clause 7.6.3 is not met.

The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters for the wanted signal as specified in Table 7.7-1 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and in Table 7.7-1a for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} \geq 3300$  MHz and for the interferer as specified in Table 7.7-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.7-1: Spurious response parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
-		5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz		
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below						
-	dB	6	6	7	9	10		
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	lth			
		30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz		
			EEGENIO I	1.1 1.141				
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	R	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth s	pecific value belo	)W		
transmission bandwidth	dBm	11	EFSENS + char	nel bandwidth sp	pecific value belo	) N		
transmission bandwidth	-		12	,	14	,		
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB		12	13	14	,		
transmission bandwidth configuration	dB	11  90 MHz  REFSENS bandwidth s	12 C	13	14	,		

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.7.1-1a: Spurious response parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth								
•		10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz				
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	R	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below							
	dB	6	7	9	9	9				
RX parameter	Units		С	hannel bandwid	lth					
-		40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz				
transmission bandwidth configuration				nnel bandwidth s <sub>l</sub>						
	dB	9	9	9	9	9				
RX parameter	Units		lth							
		90 MHz	100 MHz							
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	bandwidth s	+ channel pecific value low							
ū	dB	9	9							
		all be set to 4 dl P <sub>CMAX_L,f,c</sub> define		<sub>f,c</sub> at the minimun 4.	n UL configuration	n specified in				

Table 7.7-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P <sub>Interferer</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44
F <sub>Interferer</sub>	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

# 7.7A Spurious response for CA

# 7.7A.1 Spurious response for Intra-band contiguous CA

Table 7.7A-1: Spurious response parameters for intra-band contiguous CA

RX parameter	Units	NR CA bandwidth class							
		В	С	D					
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific value below							
	dB	9	9	9					
NOTE 1: The trans 7.3.2-3 w	mitter shall be set the shall be shall be set the shall be shall be shall be set the shall be shall		_L,f,c at the minimum	UL configuration	specified in Table				

Table 7.7A-2: Spurious response for CA

Parameter	Unit	Level
Pinterferer (CW)	dBm	-44
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

Table 7.7A-3: Void

Table 7.7A-4: void

# 7.7A.2 Spurious response for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, the spurious response requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clauses 7.7 and 7.7A.1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The requirements apply with all downlink carriers active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

# 7.7A.3 Spurious response for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the spurious response are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.7 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.7-2 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

# 7.7B Spurious response for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the spurious response for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.7B applies.

# 7.7D Spurious response for UL MIMO

For UE with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements specified in clause 7.7 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{\text{CMAX L}}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

# 7.7E Spurious response for V2X

#### 7.7.E.1 General

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency for which a response is obtained, i.e. for which the out-of-band blocking limit as specified in clause 7.6E.3 is not met.

The throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.7.2 with parameters for the wanted signal as specified in Table 7.7E.1-1 and Table 7.7E.1-2 for NR V2X bands. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.7E.1-1: Spurious response parameters for NR V2X

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth 10 MHz 20 MHz 30 MHz 40 MHz						
Power in transmission bandwidth configuration	dBm	Prefsens_v2x + channel bandwidth specific value below						
-	dB	6 9 11						
NOTE 1: Reference measurement channel is A.7.2								

Table 7.7E.1-2: Spurious response for NR V2X

Parameter	Unit	Level
P <sub>Interferer</sub> (CW)	dBm	-44
F <sub>Interferer</sub>	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

# 7.7E.2 Spurious response for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 7.7E shall apply for the NR sidelink reception in the operating Bands in Table 5.2E.1-1 and the requirements specified in clause 7.7 shall apply for the NR downlink reception in licensed band while all downlink carriers are active.

# 7.7F Spurious response for shared spectrum channel access

#### 7.7F.1 General

For spurious responses, the throughput of the wanted signal shall be  $\geq$  95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.7F.1-1 and Table 7.7F.1-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the limit as specified in clause 7.6F.3.1 is not met.

Table 7.7F.1-1: Spurious response parameters for shared access bands

RX parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth								
		20 MHz								
Power in	dBm	REFSENS	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below							
transmission	dB	9								
bandwidth										
configuration										
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P <sub>CMAX L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL										
config	configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with Poway Life defined in clause 6.2.4									

Table 7.7F.1-2: Spurious response for shared spectrum channel access

Parameter	Unit	Level				
PInterferer (CW)	dBm	-44				
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies				

# 7.7F.2 Intra-band contiguous shared spectrum channel access CA

For spurious responses, the throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.7F.2-1 and Table 7.7F.2-2. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the limit as specified in clause 7.6F.3.2 is not met.

Table 7.7F.2-1: Spurious response parameters for intra-band contiguous shared access CA

Rx Parameter	Units	Shared access CA bandwidth class
		B, C, D, E, I, M, N,O
Pw in Transmission	dBm	REFSENS + CA bandwidth class specific value below
Bandwidth	dB	9
Configuration, per		
CC		
NOTE 1: The transr	mitter sha	all he set to 4dB below Power to at the minimum III, configuration specified in Table

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.

Table 7.7F.2-2: Spurious response for intra-band contiguous shared access CA

Parameter	Unit	Level
PInterferer (CW)	dBm	-44
FInterferer	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

# 7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

#### 7.8.1 General

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal

#### 7.8.2 Wide band Intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined using a CW carrier and modulated NR signal as interferer 1 and interferer 2 respectively.

The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.2-1 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_high} < 2700$  MHz and Table 7.8.2-2 for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \geq 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \geq 3300$  MHz. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal. For operating bands with an unpaired DL part (as noted in Table 5.2-1), the requirements only apply for carriers assigned in the paired part.

Table 7.8.2-1: Wide band intermodulation parameters for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

Rx parameter	Units					С	hannel b	andwidt	h				
		5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm				REFSEN	IS + char	inel band	width spe	ecific valu	ie below			
		6	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	15	16
PInterferer 1 (CW)	dBm						-4	6					
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm		-46										
BW Interferer 2	MHz						5						
Finterferer 1 (Offset)	MHz						-BW/2 / +BW/2						
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz						2*Finte	rferer 1					

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and 15 kHz SCS.
- NOTE 4: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

Table 7.8.2-2: Wide band intermodulation parameters for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth											
·		10 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz				
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration , per CC	dBm				REFS	SENS + 6							
P <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (CW)	dBm					-46							
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm					-46							
BW <sub>Interferer 2</sub>	MHz					BW							
FInterferer 1 (Offset)	MHz					2BW / 2BW							
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz				2*F	Interferer 1							

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and the same SCS as the wanted signal.
- NOTE 4: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

# 7.8A Intermodulation characteristics for CA

#### 7.8A.1 General

# 7.8A.2 Wide band intermodulation for CA

# 7.8A.2.1 Wide band intermodulation for Intra-band contiguous CA

Table 7.8A.2.1-1: Wide band intermodulation parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz

Rx parameter	Units		NR CA band	width class	
		В	С	D	
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + 10	REFSENS + 6	REFSENS + 13.8	
PInterferer 1 (CW)	dBm		-46	5	
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm		-46	3	
BWInterferer 2	MHz	20	BW <sub>Channel_CA</sub>	50	
FInterferer 1 (Offset)	MHz	-F <sub>offset</sub> -30 / F <sub>offset</sub> +30	-2BWChannel_CA / +2BWChannel_CA	-F <sub>offset</sub> -75 / F <sub>offset</sub> +75	
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz			2*FInterferer 1	

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and the same SCS as the closest carrier.
- NOTE 4: The F<sub>interferer 1</sub> (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and F<sub>interferer 2</sub> (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

Table 7.8A.2.1-2: Wide band intermodulation parameters for intra-band contiguous CA with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz

Rx parameter	Units	NR CA band	lwidth class
-		В	С
P <sub>w</sub> in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration, per CC	dBm	REFSENS + 16	REFSENS + 19
PInterferer 1 (CW)	dBm	-46	-46
P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm	-46	-46
BW <sub>Interferer 2</sub>	MHz	5	5
Finterferer 1 (Offset)	MHz	-F <sub>offset</sub> -7.5 / F <sub>offset</sub> +7.5	-F <sub>offset</sub> -7.5 / F <sub>offset</sub> +7.5
F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz	2*FInterferer 1	2*FInterferer 1

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> at the minimum UL configuration specified in Table 7.3.2-3 with P<sub>CMAX\_L,f,c</sub> defined in clause 6.2.4.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annexes A.3.2.2 and A.3.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and the same SCS as the 15 kHz SCS.
- NOTE 4: The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

# 7.8A.2.2 Wide band intermodulation for Intra-band non-contiguous CA

For intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation with one uplink carrier and two or more downlink sub-blocks, the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink configuration in accordance with Table 7.3A.2.2-1. For this uplink configuration, the UE shall meet the requirements for each sub-block as specified in clause 7.8.2 and 7.8A.2.1 for one component carrier and two component carriers per sub-block, respectively. The requirements apply for out-of-gap interferers while all downlink carriers are active.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

#### 7.8A.2.3 Wide band intermodulation for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation with one component carrier per operating band and the uplink assigned to one NR band, the wide band intermodulation requirements are defined with the uplink active on the band(s) other than the band whose downlink is being tested. The UE shall meet the requirements specified in clause 7.8 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

For the UE which supports inter-band CA configuration in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1,  $P_{interferer}$  power defined in Table 7.8.2-1 and 7.8.2-2 is increased by the amount given by  $\Delta R_{IB,c}$  in Table 7.3A.3.2.1-1.

The throughput of each carrier shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2, and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

# 7.8B Intermodulation characteristics for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the intermodulation characteristics for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.8A applies.

# 7.8D Intermodulation characteristics for UL MIMO

For UE(s) with two transmitter antenna connectors in closed-loop spatial multiplexing scheme, the minimum requirements in clause 7.8 shall be met with the UL MIMO configurations described in clause 6.2D.1. For UL MIMO, the parameter  $P_{\text{CMAX L}}$  is defined as the total transmitter power over the two transmit antenna connectors.

# 7.8E Intermodulation characteristics for V2X

#### 7.8E.1 General

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

#### 7.8E.2 Wide band Intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined using modulated NR carrier and a CW signal as interferer 1 and interferer 2 respectively. The throughput shall be  $\geq 95$  % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.7.2 with parameters specified in Table 7.8E.2-1 for NR V2X bands. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.8E.2-1: Wide band intermodulation parameters for NR V2X

NR band	Rx parameter	Units		Channel b	andwidth			
			10 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz		
n38, n47	Power in Transmission	dBm	P <sub>REFSENS_V2X</sub>	+ channel ban	dwidth specific	value below		
	Bandwidth Configuration		6	9	11	12		
	P <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (CW)	dBm		-4	16			
	P <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Modulated)	dBm	-46					
	BWInterferer 2	MHz		101	ЛHz			
	FInterferer 1 (Offset)	MHz	-BW/2 – 15					
					/			
				+BW/	2 + 15			
	F <sub>Interferer 2</sub> (Offset)	MHz		2 * F <sub>In</sub>	terferer 1			

NOTE 1: Reference measurement channel is A.7.2

NOTE 2: The interferer is QPSK modulated PUSCH containing data and reference symbols. Normal cyclic prefix is used.

# 7.8E.3 Intermodulation for V2X con-current operation

For the inter-band con-current NR V2X operation, the requirements specified in clause 7.8E shall apply for the NR sidelink reception in the operating Bands in Table 5.2E.1-1 and the requirements specified in clause 7.8 shall apply for the NR downlink reception in licensed band while all downlink carriers are active.

# 7.8F Intermodulation characteristics for shared spectrum channel access

#### 7.8F.1 General

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal

#### 7.8F.2 Wide band Intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined using a CW carrier and modulated NR signal as interferer 1 and interferer 2 respectively.

Instead of the general wideband intermodulation requirements specified in clause 7.8.2, the throughput shall be  $\geq$  95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.3.2 and A.3.3 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8F.2-1. The relative throughput requirement shall be met for any SCS specified for the channel bandwidth of the wanted signal.

Table 7.8F.2-1: Wide band intermodulation parameters for shared spectrum channel access

Rx parameter	Units		Channel b	andwidth	•				
•		20 MHz	40 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz				
P <sub>w</sub> in	dBm	REFSE	NS + channel band	width specific valu	ue below				
Transmission				•					
Bandwidth									
Configuration,									
per CC									
		9	12	13.8	15				
P <sub>Interferer 1</sub> (CW)	dBm		-2	16					
PInterferer 2	dBm	-46							
(Modulated)									
BW <sub>Interferer 2</sub>	MHz		2	0					
F <sub>Interferer 1</sub>	MHz	-BW/2 - 30							
(Offset)			,	/					
			+BW/2	2 + 30					
FInterferer 2	MHz		2*Fint	2*FInterferer 1					
(Offset)									
NOTE 1: The tra	ansmitter	shall be set to 4dB	below P <sub>CMAX_L,f,c</sub> at	the minimum UL	configuration				
specifi	ed in Tabl	е 7.3.2-3 with Рсм	AX_L,f,c defined in cla	ause 6.2.4.					
NOTE 2: Refere	nce meas	surement channel i	is specified in Anne	xes A.2.2, A.3.2, a	and A.3.3 (with				
one sid	ded dynan	nic OCNG Pattern	OP.1 FDD/TDD for	r the DL-signal as	described in				
Annex	A.5.1.1/A	.5.2.1).							
NOTE 3: The m	odulated i	nterferer consists	of the Reference m	easurement chanr	nel specified in				
Annex	es A.3.2.2	2 and A.3.3.2 with	one sided dynamic	OCNG Pattern OF	P.1 FDD/TDD f				
the DL	-signal as	described in Anne	ex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 a	and the same SCS	as the wanted				

as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and the same SCS as the wanted signal.

The Finterferer 1 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the CW interferer and Finterferer 2 (offset) is the frequency separation of the center frequency of the carrier closest to the interferer and the center frequency of the modulated interferer.

#### 7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9-1

Table 7.9-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency range	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	NOTE
30 MHz ≤ f < 1 GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1 GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	
12.75 GHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	2
12.75 GHz – 26 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	3

NOTE 1: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given

by PDCCH as defined in Annex C.3.1.

NOTE 2: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the DL Band more than 2.69 GHz. NOTE 3: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the DL Band more than 5.2 GHz.

# 7.9A Spurious emissions for CA

7.9A.1 Void

7.9A.2 Void

# 7.9A.3 Spurious emissions for Inter-band CA

For inter-band carrier aggregation including an operating band without uplink band, the UE shall meet the Rx spurious emissions requirements specified in clause 7.9 for each component carrier while all downlink carriers are active.

# 7.9B Spurious emissions for NR-DC

For inter-band NR-DC configurations, the spurious emissions for the corresponding inter-band CA configuration as specified in clause 7.9A applies.

# Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

# A.1 General

The throughput values defined in the measurement channels specified in Annex A, are calculated and are valid per datastream (codeword). For multi-stream (more than one codeword) transmissions, the throughput referenced in the minimum requirements is the sum of throughputs of all datastreams (codewords).

The UE category entry in the definition of the reference measurement channel in Annex A is only informative and reveals the UE categories, which can support the corresponding measurement channel. Whether the measurement channel is used for testing a certain UE category or not is specified in the individual minimum requirements.

# A.2 UL reference measurement channels

# A.2.1 General

The measurement channels in the following clauses are defined to derive the requirements in clause 6 (Transmitter Characteristics) and clause 7 (Receiver Characteristics). The measurement channels represent example configurations of physical channels for different data rates.

The measurement channels in the following clauses are applicable to both FDD and TDD.

The active uplink slots for TDD configurations are specified in table A.2.1-1. TDD slot patterns defined for reference sensitivity tests will be used for TDD UL RMCs.

Table A.2.1-1: TDD active uplink slots

SCS	Active Uplink slots
15 kHz	4, 9
30 kHz	8, 9, 18, 19
60 kHz	16, 17, 18, 19, 36, 37, 38, 39

# A.2.2 Reference measurement channels

### A.2.2.1 DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK

Table A.2.2.1-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (Lcrb)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
		(Note 1)						(Note 3)	-	-
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	32	16	2	1	132	132
	5	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	160	16	2	1	660	660
	9	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	288	16	2	1	1188	1188
	10	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	320	16	2	1	1320	1320
	12	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	384	16	2	1	1584	1584
	15	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	480	16	2	1	1980	1980
	18	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	576	16	2	1	2376	2376
	24	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	768	16	2	1	3168	3168
	25	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	808	16	2	1	3300	3300
	30	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	984	16	2	1	3960	3960
	32	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1032	16	2	1	4224	4224
	36	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1128	16	2	1	4752	4752
	45	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1416	16	2	1	5940	5940
	50	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1544	16	2	1	6600	6600
	60	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	1864	16	2	1	7920	7920
	64	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2024	16	2	1	8448	8448
	75	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2408	16	2	1	9900	9900
	80	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2472	16	2	1	10560	10560
	81	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2536	16	2	1	10692	10692
	90	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	2792	16	2	1	11880	11880
	100	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3104	16	2	1	13200	13200
	108	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3368	16	2	1	14256	14256
	120	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3752	16	2	1	15840	15840
	128	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	3976	24	2	2	16896	16896
	135	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	4104	24	2	2	17820	17820
	160	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	4872	24	2	2	21120	21120
	162	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	5000	24	2	2	21384	21384
	180	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	5512	24	2	2	23760	23760
	216	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	6664	24	2	2	28512	28512
	243	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	7560	24	2	2	32076	32076
	270	11	pi/2 BPSK	0	8448	24	2	3	35640	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where  $L_{CRB} \le N_{RB}$ .

Table A.2.2.1-2: Void

Table A.2.2.1-3: Void

# A.2.2.2 DFT-s-OFDM QPSK

Table A.2.2.2-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM QPSK for

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	QPSK	2	48	16	2	1	264	132
	5	11	QPSK	2	256	16	2	1	1320	660
	9	11	QPSK	2	456	16	2	1	2376	1188
	10	11	QPSK	2	504	16	2	1	2640	1320
	12	11	QPSK	2	608	16	2	1	3168	1584
	15	11	QPSK	2	768	16	2	1	3960	1980
	18	11	QPSK	2	928	16	2	1	4752	2376
	20	11	QPSK	2	1032	16	2	1	5280	2640
	24	11	QPSK	2	1192	16	2	1	6336	3168
	25	11	QPSK	2	1256	16	2	1	6600	3300
	30	11	QPSK	2	1544	16	2	1	7920	3960
	32	11	QPSK	2	1608	16	2	1	8448	4224
	36	11	QPSK	2	1800	16	2	1	9504	4752
	45	11	QPKS	2	2208	16	2	1	11880	5940
	50	11	QPSK	2	2472	16	2	1	13200	6600
	60	11	QPSK	2	3104	16	2	1	15840	7920
	64	11	QPSK	2	3240	16	2	1	16896	8448
	75	11	QPSK	2	3752	16	2	1	19800	9900
	80	11	QPSK	2	3976	24	2	2	21120	10560
	81	11	QPSK	2	4040	24	2	2	21384	10692
	90	11	QPSK	2	4488	24	2	2	23760	11880
	100	11	QPSK	2	5000	24	2	2	26400	13200
	108	11	QPSK	2	5384	24	2	2	28512	14256
	120	11	QPSK	2	5896	24	2	2	31680	15840
	128	11	QPSK	2	6408	24	2	2	33792	16896
	135	11	QPSK	2	6664	24	2	2	35640	17820
	160	11	QPSK	2	7944	24	2	3	42240	21120
	162	11	QPSK	2	8064	24	2	3	42768	21384
	180	11	QPSK	2	8976	24	2	3	47520	23760
	216	11	QPSK	2	10752	24	2	3	57024	28512
	243	11	QPSK	2	12040	24	2	4	64152	32076
	270	11	QPSK	2	13320	24	2	4	71280	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.2-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.2-3: Void** 

# A.2.2.3 DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM

Table A.2.2.3-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit		,			Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	16QAM	10	176	16	2	1	528	132
	5	11	16QAM	10	888	16	2	1	2640	660
	9	11	16QAM	10	1608	16	2	1	4752	1188
	10	11	16QAM	10	1800	16	2	1	5280	1320
	12	11	16QAM	10	2088	16	2	1	6336	1584
	15	11	16QAM	10	2664	16	2	1	7920	1980
	18	11	16QAM	10	3240	16	2	1	9504	2376
	24	11	16QAM	10	4224	24	1	1	12672	3168
	25	11	16QAM	10	4352	24	1	1	13200	3300
	30	11	16QAM	10	5248	24	1	1	15840	3960
	32	11	16QAM	10	5632	24	1	1	16896	4224
	36	11	16QAM	10	6272	24	1	1	19008	4752
	50	11	16QAM	10	8712	24	1	2	26400	6600
	60	11	16QAM	10	10504	24	1	2	31680	7920
	64	11	16QAM	10	11272	24	1	2	33792	8448
	75	11	16QAM	10	13064	24	1	2	39600	9900
	80	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42240	10560
	81	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42768	10692
	100	11	16QAM	10	17424	24	1	3	52800	13200
	108	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	57024	14256
	120	11	16QAM	10	21000	24	1	3	63360	15840
	128	11	16QAM	10	22536	24	1	3	67584	16896
	135	11	16QAM	10	23568	24	1	3	71280	17820
	160	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	84480	21120
	162	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	85536	21384
	216	11	16QAM	10	37896	24	1	5	114048	28512
	243	11	16QAM	10	43032	24	1	6	128304	32076
	270	11	16QAM	10	47112	24	1	6	142560	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

Table A.2.2.3-2: Void

**Table A.2.2.3-3: Void** 

# A.2.2.4 DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.2.4-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	10	11	64QAM	18	3968	24	1	1	7920	1320
	18	11	64QAM	18	7168	24	1	1	14256	2376
	24	11	64QAM	18	9480	24	1	2	19008	3168
	25	11	64QAM	18	9992	24	1	2	19800	3300
	30	11	64QAM	18	12040	24	1	2	23760	3960
	36	11	64QAM	18	14344	24	1	2	28512	4752
	50	11	64QAM	18	19968	24	1	3	39600	6600
	64	11	64QAM	18	25608	24	1	4	50688	8448
	75	11	64QAM	18	30216	24	1	4	59400	9900
	90	11	64QAM	18	35856	24	1	5	71280	11880
	100	11	64QAM	18	39936	24	1	5	79200	13200
	120	11	64QAM	18	48168	24	1	6	95040	15840
	128	11	64QAM	18	51216	24	1	7	101376	16896
	135	11	64QAM	18	54296	24	1	7	106920	17820
	160	11	64QAM	18	63528	24	1	8	126720	21120
	162	11	64QAM	18	64552	24	1	8	128304	21384
	180	11	64QAM	18	71688	24	1	9	142560	23760
	216	11	64QAM	18	86040	24	1	11	171072	28512
	243	11	64QAM	18	96264	24	1	12	192456	32076
	270	11	64QAM	18	108552	24	1	13	213840	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 6.1.4.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

Table A.2.2.4-2: Void

**Table A.2.2.4-3: Void** 

# A.2.2.5 DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.2.5-1: Reference Channels for DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	10	11	256QAM	20	7040	24	1	1	10560	1320
	18	11	256QAM	20	12552	24	1	2	19008	2376
	24	11	256QAM	20	16896	24	1	3	25344	3168
	25	11	256QAM	20	17424	24	1	3	26400	3300
	30	11	256QAM	20	21000	24	1	3	31680	3960
	36	11	256QAM	20	25104	24	1	3	38016	4752
	50	11	256QAM	20	34816	24	1	5	52800	6600
	64	11	256QAM	20	45096	24	1	6	67584	8448
	75	11	256QAM	20	53288	24	1	7	79200	9900
	90	11	256QAM	20	63528	24	1	8	95040	11880
	100	11	256QAM	20	69672	24	1	9	105600	13200
	120	11	256QAM	20	83976	24	1	10	126720	15840
	128	11	256QAM	20	90176	24	1	11	135168	16896
	135	11	256QAM	20	94248	24	1	12	142560	17820
	160	11	256QAM	20	112648	24	1	14	168960	21120
	162	11	256QAM	20	114776	24	1	14	171072	21384
	180	11	256QAM	20	127080	24	1	16	190080	23760
	216	11	256QAM	20	151608	24	1	18	228096	28512
	243	11	256QAM	20	172176	24	1	21	256608	32076
	270	11	256QAM	20	188576	24	1	23	285120	35640

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-2 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

Table A.2.2.5-2: Void

**Table A.2.2.5-3: Void** 

# A.2.2.6 CP-OFDM QPSK

Table A.2.2.6-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM QPSK

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	CP- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	QPSK	2	48	16	2	1	264	132
	6	11	QPSK	2	304	16	2	1	1584	792
	9	11	QPSK	2	456	16	2	1	2376	1188
	11	11	QPSK	2	552	16	2	1	2904	1452
	12	11	QPSK	2	608	16	2	1	3168	1584
	13	11	QPSK	2	672	16	2	1	3432	1716
	16	11	QPSK	2	808	16	2	1	4224	2112
	18	11	QPSK	2	928	16	2	1	4752	2376
	19	11	QPSK	2	984	16	2	1	5016	2508
	24	11	QPSK	2	1192	16	2	1	6336	3168
	25	11	QPSK	2	1256	16	2	1	6600	3300
	26	11	QPSK	2	1288	16	2	1	6864	3432
	31	11	QPSK	2	1544	16	2	1	8184	4092
	33	11	QPSK	2	1672	16	2	1	8712	4356
	38	11	QPSK	2	1928	16	2	1	10032	5016
	39	11	QPSK	2	2024	16	2	1	10296	5148
	40	11	QPSK	2	2024	16	2	1	10560	5280
	47	11	QPSK	2	2408	16	2	1	12408	6204
	51	11	QPSK	2	2536	16	2	1	13464	6732
	52	11	QPSK	2	2600	16	2	1	13728	6864
	53	11	QPSK	2	2664	16	2	1	13992	6996
	54	11	QPSK QPSK	2	2664	16	2	1	14256	7128
	61	11 11	QPSK	2	3104	16 16	2	1	16104 17160	8052
	65 67	11	QPSK	2	3240 3368	16	2	1	17688	8580 8844
	68	11	QPSK	2	3368	16	2	1	17952	8976
	78	11	QPSK	2	3848	24	2	2	20592	10296
	79	11	QPSK	2	3912	24	2	2	20392	10428
	80	11	QPSK	2	3976	24	2	2	21120	10428
	81	11	QPSK	2	4040	24	2	2	21384	10692
	93	11	QPSK	2	4616	24	2	2	24552	12276
	95	11	QPSK	2	4744	24	2	2	25080	12540
	106	11	QPSK	2	5256	24	2	2	27984	13992
	107	11	QPSK	2	5256	24	2	2	28248	14124
	108	11	QPSK	2	5384	24	2	2	28512	14256
	109	11	QPSK	2	5384	24	2	2	28776	14388
	121	11	QPSK	2	6024	24	2	2	31944	15972
	123	11	QPSK	2	6152	24	2	2	32472	16236
	133	11	QPSK	2	6664	24	2	2	35112	17556
	135	11	QPSK	2	6664	24	2	2	35640	17820
	137	11	QPSK	2	6792	24	2	2	36168	18084
	160	11	QPSK	2	7944	24	2	3	42240	21120
	162	11	QPSK	2	8064	24	2	3	42768	21384
	189	11	QPSK	2	9480	24	2	3	49896	24948
	216	11	QPSK	2	10752	24	2	3	57024	28512
	217	11	QPSK	2	10752	24	2	3	57288	28644
	245	11	QPSK	2	12296	24	2	4	64680	32340
	270	11	QPSK	2	13320	24	2	4	71280	35640
	273	11	QPSK	2	13576	24	2	4	72072	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.6-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.6-3: Void** 

### A.2.2.7 CP-OFDM 16QAM

Table A.2.2.7-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM 16QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (LCRB)	CP- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	1	11	16QAM	10	176	16	2	1	528	132
	6	11	16QAM	10	1064	16	2	1	3168	792
	9	11	16QAM	10	1608	16	2	1	4752	1188
	11	11	16QAM	10	1928	16	2	1	5808	1452
	12	11	16QAM	10	2088	16	2	1	6336	1584
	13	11	16QAM	10	2280	16	2	1	6864	1716
	16	11	16QAM	10	2792	16	2	1	8448	2112
	18	11	16QAM	10	3240	16	2	1	9504	2376
	19	11	16QAM	10	3368	16	2	1	10032	2508
	24	11	16QAM	10	4224	24	1	1	12672	3168
	25	11	16QAM	10	4352	24	1	1	13200	3300
	26	11	16QAM	10	4480	24	1	1	13728	3432
	31	11	16QAM	10	5376	24	1	1	16368	4092
	33	11	16QAM	10	5760	24	1	1	17424	4356
	38	11	16QAM	10	6656	24	1	1	20064	5016
	39	11	16QAM	10	6784	24	1	1	20592	5148
	40	11	16QAM	10	7040	24	11	1	21120	5280
	47	11	16QAM	10	8192	24	1	1	24816	6204
	51 52	11 11	16QAM	10 10	8968	24 24	<u>1</u> 1	2 2	26928	6732
	53		16QAM		9224	24	1		27456	6864
	54	11 11	16QAM 16QAM	10 10	9224 9480	24	1	2	27984 28512	6996 7128
	61	11	16QAM	10	10760	24	<u>!</u> 1	2 2	32208	8052
	65	11	16QAM	10	11272	24	<u> </u> 1	2	34320	8580
	67	11	16QAM	10	11784	24	<u> </u> 1	2	35376	8844
	68	11	16QAM	10	11784	24	<u>'</u> 1	2	35904	8976
	78	11	16QAM	10	13576	24	<u>'</u> 1	2	41184	10296
	79	11	16QAM	10	13832	24	<u>'</u> 1	2	41712	10428
	80	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42240	10560
	81	11	16QAM	10	14088	24	1	2	42768	10692
	93	11	16QAM	10	16392	24	1	2	49404	12276
	95	11	16QMA	10	16392	24	<del>'</del>	2	50160	12540
	106	11	16QAM	10	18432	24	1	3	55968	13992
	107	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	56496	14124
	108	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	57024	14256
	109	11	16QAM	10	18960	24	1	3	57552	14388
	121	11	16QAM	10	21000	24	1	3	63888	15972
	123	11	16QAM	10	21504	24	1	3	64944	16236
	133	11	16QAM	10	23040	24	1	3	70224	17556
	135	11	16QAM	10	23568	24	1	3	71280	17820
	137	11	16QAM	10	24072	24	1	3	72336	18084
	160	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	84480	21120
	162	11	16QAM	10	28168	24	1	4	85536	21384
	189	11	16QAM	10	32776	24	1	4	99792	24948
	216	11	16QAM	10	37896	24	1	5	114048	28512
	217	11	16QAM	10	37896	24	1	5	114576	28644
	245	11	16QAM	10	43032	24	1	6	129360	32340
	270	11	16QAM	10	47112	24	1	6	142560	35640
	273	11	16QAM	10	48168	24	1	6	144144	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.7-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.7-3: Void** 

### A.2.2.8 CP-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.2.8-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM 64QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	CP- OFDM Symbols per slot	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
	(=0(12)	(Note 1)						(Note 3)	po. 0.01	μο. σ.σ.
Unit		`			Bits	Bits		,	Bits	
	11	11	64QAM	19	4352	24	1	1	8712	1452
	18	11	64QAM	19	7168	24	1	1	14256	2376
	24	11	64QAM	19	9480	24	1	2	19008	3168
	25	11	64QAM	19	9992	24	1	2	19800	3300
	31	11	64QAM	19	12296	24	1	2	24552	4092
	38	11	64QAM	19	15112	24	1	2	30096	5016
	51	11	64QAM	19	20496	24	1	3	40392	6732
	52	11	64QAM	19	21000	24	1	3	41184	6864
	65	11	64QAM	19	26120	24	1	4	51480	8580
	78	11	64QAM	19	31240	24	1	4	61776	10296
	79	11	64QAM	19	31752	24	1	4	62568	10428
	93	11	64QAM	19	36896	24	1	5	73656	12276
	106	11	64QAM	19	42016	24	1	5	83952	13992
	107	11	64QAM	19	43032	24	1	6	84744	14124
	121	11	64QAM	19	48168	24	1	6	95832	15972
	133	11	64QAM	19	53288	24	1	7	105336	17556
	135	11	64QAM	19	54296	24	1	7	106920	17820
	160	11	64QAM	19	63528	24	1	8	126720	21120
	162	11	64QAM	19	64552	24	1	8	128304	21384
	189	11	64QAM	19	75792	24	1	9	149688	24948
	216	11	64QAM	19	86040	24	1	11	171072	28512
	217	11	64QAM	19	86040	24	1	11	171864	28644
	245	11	64QAM	19	98376	24	1	12	194040	32340
	270	11	64QAM	19	108552	24	1	13	213840	35640
	273	11	64QAM	19	108552	24	1	13	216216	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-1 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

**Table A.2.2.8-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.2.8-3: Void** 

### A.2.2.9 CP-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.2.9-1: Reference Channels for CP-OFDM 256QAM

Parameter	Allocated resource blocks (L <sub>CRB)</sub>	DFT-s- OFDM Symbols per slot (Note 1)	Modulation	MCS Index (Note 2)	Payload size	Transport block CRC	LDPC Base Graph	Number of code blocks per slot (Note 3)	Total number of bits per slot	Total modulated symbols per slot
Unit					Bits	Bits			Bits	
	11	11	256QAM	20	7680	24	1	1	11616	1452
	18	11	256QAM	20	12552	24	1	2	19008	2376
	24	11	256QAM	20	16896	24	1	3	25344	3168
	25	11	256QAM	20	17424	24	1	3	26400	3300
	31	11	256QAM	20	22032	24	1	3	32736	4092
	38	11	256QAM	20	26632	24	1	4	40128	5016
	51	11	256QAM	20	35856	24	1	5	53856	6732
	52	11	256QAM	20	36896	24	1	5	54912	6864
	65	11	256QAM	20	46104	24	1	6	68640	8580
	78	11	256QAM	20	55304	24	1	7	82368	10296
	79	11	256QAM	20	55304	24	1	7	83424	10428
	93	11	256QAM	20	65576	24	1	8	98208	12276
	106	11	256QAM	20	73776	24	1	9	111936	13992
	107	11	256QAM	20	75792	24	1	9	112992	14124
	121	11	256QAM	20	86040	24	1	11	127776	15972
	133	11	256QAM	20	94248	24	1	12	140448	17556
	135	11	256QAM	20	94248	24	1	12	142560	17820
	160	11	256QAM	20	112648	24	1	14	168960	21120
	162	11	256QAM	20	114776	24	1	14	171072	21384
	189	11	256QAM	20	131176	24	1	16	199584	24948
	216	11	256QAM	20	151608	24	1	18	228096	28512
	217	11	256QAM	20	151608	24	1	18	229152	28644
	245	11	256QAM	20	172176	24	1	21	258720	32340
	270	11	256QAM	20	188576	24	1	23	285120	35640
	273	11	256QAM	20	192624	24	1	23	288288	36036

NOTE 1: PUSCH mapping Type-A and single-symbol DM-RS configuration Type-1 with 2 additional DM-RS symbols, such that the DM-RS positions are set to symbols 2, 7, 11. DMRS is [TDM'ed] with PUSCH data. DM-RS symbols are not counted.

NOTE 2: MCS Index is based on MCS table 5.1.3.1-2 defined in TS 38.214 [10].

NOTE 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

NOTE 4: The RMCs apply to all channel bandwidth where L<sub>CRB</sub> ≤ N<sub>RB</sub>.

Table A.2.2.9-2: Void

**Table A.2.2.9-3: Void** 

# A.2.3 Reference measurement channels for TDD

The TDD UL RMCs are defined in clause A.2.2 with the active UL slots specified in table A.2.1-1 and TDD slot patterns as defined for reference sensitivity tests.

### A.2.3.1 DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK

Table A.2.3.1-1: Void

**Table A.2.3.1-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.3.1-3: Void** 

### A.2.3.2 DFT-s-OFDM QPSK

Table A.2.3.2-1: Void

**Table A.2.3.2-2: Void** 

Table A.2.3.2-3: Void

# A.2.3.3 DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM

Table A.2.3.3-1: Void

Table A.2.3.3-2: Void

Table A.2.3.3-3: Void

# A.2.3.4 DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.3.4-1: Void

Table A.2.3.4-2: Void

Table A.2.3.4-3: Void

### A.2.3.5 DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM

Table A.2.3.5-1: Void

Table A.2.3.5-2: Void

Table A.2.3.5-3: Void

# A.2.3.6 CP-OFDM QPSK

Table A.2.3.6-1: Void

Table A.2.3.6-2: Void

**Table A.2.3.6-3: Void** 

# A.2.3.7 CP-OFDM 16QAM

Table A.2.3.7-1: Void

Table A.2.3.7-2: Void

**Table A.2.3.7-3: Void** 

# A.2.3.8 CP-OFDM 64QAM

Table A.2.3.8-1: Void

Table A.2.3.8-2: Void

Table A.2.3.8-3: Void

# A.2.3.9 CP-OFDM 256QAM

**Table A.2.3.9-1: Void** 

**Table A.2.3.9-2: Void** 

**Table A.2.3.9-3: Void** 

# A.3 DL reference measurement channels

# A.3.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.2-1, A.3.2.2-2, A.3.2.2-3, A.3.3.2-1, A.3.3.2-2 and A.3.3.2-3 are applicable for measurements of the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of clauses 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.3-1, A.3.2.3-2, A.3.2.3-3, A.3.3.3-1, A.3.3.3-2 and A.3.3.3-3 are applicable for clauses 7.4 (Maximum input level) and for UE not supporting PDSCH 256QAM,

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.4-1, A.3.2.4-2, A.3.2.4-3, A.3.3.4-1, A.3.3.4-2 and A.3.3.4-3 are applicable for clauses 7.4 (Maximum input level) and for UE supporting PDSCH 256QAM,

Unless otherwise stated, Tables A.3.2.2-1, A.3.2.2-2, A.3.2.2-3, A.3.3.2-1, A.3.3.2-2 and A.3.3.2-3 also apply for the modulated interferer used in Clauses 7.5, 7.6 and 7.8 with test specific bandwidths.

Table A.3.1-1. Common reference channel parameters

	Unit	Value
CORESET frequency domain allocation		Full BW
CORESET time domain allocation		2 OFDM symbols at the begin of each slot
PDSCH mapping type		Type A
PDSCH start symbol index (S)		2
Number of consecutive PDSCH symbols (L)		12
PDSCH PRB bundling	PRBs	2
Dynamic PRB bundling		false
Overhead value for TBS determination		0
First DMRS position for Type A PDSCH mapping		2
DMRS type		Type 1
Number of additional DMRS		2
FDM between DMRS and PDSCH		Disable
CSI-RS for tracking First subcarrier index in the PRB used for CSI-RS (k0)		0 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
OFDM symbols in the		I <sub>0</sub> = 6 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 3
PRB used for CSI-RS		l <sub>0</sub> = 10 for CSI-RS resource 2 and 4
Number of CSI-RS ports		1 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
CDM Type		'No CDM' for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
Density (ρ)		3 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
CSI-RS periodicity	Slots	15 kHz SCS: 10 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4 30 kHz SCS: 20 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4 60 kHz SCS: 40 for CSI-RS resource 1,2,3,4
CSI-RS offset	Slots	15 kHz SCS: 0 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 2 1 for CSI-RS resource 3 and 4
		30 kHz SCS: 1 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 2 2 for CSI-RS resource 3 and 4 60 kHz SCS: 2 for CSI-RS resource 1 and 2
		3 for CSI-RS resource 3 and 4
Frequency Occupation		Start PRB 0
1 requestoy cocupation		Number of PRB = BWP size
QCL info		TCI state #0
PTRS configuration		PTRS is not configured

# A.3.2 DL reference measurement channels for FDD

# A.3.2.1 General

Table A.3.2.1-1 Additional reference channels parameters for FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value
Number of HARQ Processes		4
K1 value		2 for all slots

# A.3.2.2 FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK

Table A.3.2.2-1 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, FDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			-
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination				6	4QAM				
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	1672	3368	5120	6912	8712	10504	14088	17424
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	CBs	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	5400	11232	17064	22896	28728	34560	46656	58320
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.338	2.694	4.096	5.530	6.970	8.403	11.27 0	13.93 92

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.2-2 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, FDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit						Va	lue					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	245	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination				64QAM									
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	736	1608	2472	3368	4224	4992	6912	8712	10504	14088	15880	17928
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	2376	5184	8208	11016	14040	16848	22896	28728	34992	46872	52920	58968
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.251	2.734	4.202	5.726	7.181	8.486	11.750	14.810	17.857	23.950	26.996	30.478

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.2-3 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, FDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	90	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	121	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS Determination							64QAM					
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	736	1192	1608	2024	2472	3368	4224	5120	6912	7808	8712
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slot 0,1,2,3	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slot 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	2376	3888	5184	6696	8208	11016	14040	17064	23112	26136	29160
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	2.650	4.291	5.789	7.286	8.899	12.125	15.206	18.432	24.883	28.109	31.363

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

## A.3.2.3 FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM

Table A.3.2.3-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, FDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination				6	4QAM				
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	12296	25608	38936	52224	64552	77896	10657 6	13117 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slot 0,1	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	CBs	2	4	5	7	8	10	13	16
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slot 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	16200	33696	51192	68688	86184	10368 0	13996 8	17496 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	9.837	20.48 6	31.14 9	41.77 9	51.64 2	62.31 7	85.26 1	104.9 41

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.3-2 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, FDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
$\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Subcarrier spacing configuration			'	'		•	•	'	•	'		,
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination							64QAM					
Modulation		64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
		QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM	QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	5376	11784	18432	25104	31752	37896	52224	64552	79896	106576	135296
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slot2 0,1,2	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	8	10	13	17
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	7128	15552	24624	33048	42120	50544	68688	86184	104976	140616	176904
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mhna	0.420	20.022	24 224	40.677	F2 070	64 400	00 704	109.73	135.82	181.17	230.00
5 ·	Mbps	9.139	20.033	31.334	42.677	53.978	64.423	88.781	8	3	9	3

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.3-3 Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, FDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination			•	•	•	64C	QAM	•	•		
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	5376	8712	11784	15112	18432	25104	31752	38936	52224	65576
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	CBs	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	7	8
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	7128	11664	15552	20088	24624	33048	42120	51192	69336	87480
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	19.354	31.363	42.422	54.403	66.355	90.374	114.30 7	140.17 0	188.00 6	236.07 4

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

## A.3.2.4 FRC for maximum input level for 256 QAM

Table A.3.2.4-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, FDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination					2560	QAM			
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	16896	34816	53288	71688	90176	10855 2	14340 0	18037 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slot 0,1	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	CBs	3	5	7	9	12	14	18	23
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Bits	21600	44928	68256	91584	11491 2	13824 0	18662 4	23328 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	13.51 7	27.85 3	42.63 0	57.35 0	72.14 1	86.84 2	114.7 20	144.3 10

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.2.4-2 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, FDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination							256QAM					
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	7424	16136	25608	33816	44040	52224	71688	90176	108552	147576	184424
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	CBs	1	3	4	5	6	7	9	12	14	19	23
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 3,,19	Bits	9504	20736	32832	44064	56160	67392	91584	114912	139968	187488	235872
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	12.621	27.431	43.534	57.487	74.868	88.781	121.87 0	153.29 9	184.53 8	250.87 9	313.52 1

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.2.4-3 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, FDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit					Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination						2560	QAM				
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	7424	12040	16136	21000	25608	33816	44040	53288	71688	90176
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot											
For Slots 0,1,2,3	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	9	12
Binary Channel Bits per Slot											
For Slot 0,1,2,3	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 4,,39	Bits	9504	15552	20736	26784	32832	44064	56160	68256	92448	116640
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	26.726	43.344	58.090	75.600	92.189	121.73 8	158.54 4	191.83 7	258.07 7	324.63 4

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.2.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

#### A.3.3 DL reference measurement channels for TDD

#### A.3.3.1 General

Table A.3.3.1-1 Additional reference channels parameters for TDD

Pai	rameter		Value	
		SCS 15 kHz (µ=0)	SCS 30 kHz (µ=1)	SCS 60 kHz (μ=2)
TDD Slot Config (Note 1)	guration pattern	DDDSU	7DS2U	14DS <sub>1</sub> S <sub>2</sub> 4U
Special Slot Co	nfiguration (Note 2)	10D+2G+2U	6D+4G+4U	S <sub>1</sub> =12D+2G, S <sub>2</sub> =6G+8U
referenceSubca	arrierSpacing	15 kHz	30 kHz	60 kHz
UL-DL configuration	dl-UL- TransmissionPeri odicity	5 ms	5 ms	5 ms
	nrofDownlinkSlot s	3	7	14
	nrofDownlinkSym bols	10	6	12
	nrofUplinkSlot	1	2	4
	nrofUplinkSymbol s	2	4	8
Number of HAR	Q Processes	8	8	16
The number of PDSCH and co ACK information	rresponding HARQ-	K1 = 4 if mod(i,5) = 0 K1 = 3 if mod(i,5) = 1 K1 = 2 if mod(i,5) = 2 where i is slot index per frame; i = {0,,9}	K1 = 8 if mod(i,10) = 0 K1 = 7 if mod(i,10) = 1 K1 = 6 if mod(i,10) = 2 K1 = 5 if mod(i,10) = 3 K1 = 4 if mod(i,10) = 4 K1 = 3 if mod(i,10) = 5 K1 = 2 if mod(i,10) = 6 where i is slot index per frame; i = {0,,19}	K1 = 13 if mod(i,20) = 2 K1 = 12 if mod(i,20) = 3 K1 = 11 if mod(i,20) = 4 K1 = 10 if mod(i,20) = 5 K1 = 9 if mod(i,20) = 6 K1 = 8 if mod(i,20) = 7 K1 = 7 if mod(i,20) = 8 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 9 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 10 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 11 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 12 K1 = 6 if mod(i,20) = 13 where i is slot index per frame; i = {0,,39}

NOTE 1: D denotes a slot with all DL symbols; S denotes a slot with a mix of DL, UL and guard symbols; U denotes a slot with all UL symbols. The field is for information.

NOTE 2: D, G, U denote DL, guard and UL symbols, respectively. The field is for information.

NOTE 3: i is the slot index per frame.

## A.3.3.2 FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK

Table A.3.3.2-1 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, TDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $^{\mu}$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination					640	QAM			
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	1672	3368	5120	6912	8712	10504	14088	17424
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	CBs	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	5400	11232	17064	22896	28728	34560	46656	58320
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.669	1.347	2.048	2.765	3.485	4.202	5.635	6.970

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.3.2-2 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, TDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit							Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	162	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	13	11	11
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination								QAM					
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) =	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}													
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for	Bits	736	1608	2472	3368	4224	4992	6912	8712	10504	12296	14088	17928
i from {3,,19}													
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) =	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}													
For Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3
i from {3,,19}													<del>                                     </del>
Binary Channel Bits per Slot	D:t-	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	N1/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	N1/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for	Bits	2376	5184	8208	11016	14040	16848	22896	28728	34992	40824	46872	58968
i from {3,,19}	2.10			0200					_00	0.002			
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.810	2.1.769	2.719	3.705	4.646	5.491	7.603	9.583	11.554	13.526	15.497	19.721
NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified	d in Table A.	3.1-1 and T	able A.3.3	.1-1.	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	1
NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is pre					Bits is atta	ched to ea	ch Code B	lock (other	wise $L = 0$	Bit).			
NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in sl			•					`		,			
NOTE 1: Slot i is slot index per frame													

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.3.2-3 Fixed reference channel for receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, TDD, QPSK 1/3)

Parameter	Unit						Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	93	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	26	24	24
MCS Index		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Table for TBS determination							64QAM					
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	736	1192	1608	2024	2472	3368	4224	5120	6016	6912	8712
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16	16	16	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph	Dita	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot								'	'	'	'	'
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {0,, 13} for i from {4,,39}	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,,13\}$ for i from $\{4,,39\}$	Bits	2376	3888	5184	6696	8208	11016	14040	17064	20088	23112	29160
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.766	3.2.861	3.859	4.858	5.933	8.083	10.138	12.288	14.438	16.589	20.909

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

#### A.3.3.3 FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM

Table A.3.3.3-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, TDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination					640	(MA)			
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	12296	25608	38936	52224	64552	77896	10657 6	13117 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	CBs	2	4	5	7	8	10	13	16
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	16200	33696	51192	68688	86184	10368 0	13996 8	17496 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.918	10.24 3	15.57 4	20.89 0	20.89 0	31.15 8	42.63 0	52.47 0

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.3-2 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, TDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit							Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	189	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	13	11	11
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination				1	1		640	QAM			l .	l .	
Modulation		64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	5376	11784	18432	25104	31752	37896	52224	64552	79896	92200	106576	135296
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	8	10	11	13	17
Binary Channel Bits per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	7128	15552	24624	33048	42120	50544	68688	86184	104976	122472	140616	176904
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	5.914	12.962	20.275	27.614	34.927	41.686	57.446	71.007	87.886	101.42	117.23 4	148.82 6

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

NOTE 4: Slot i is slot index per frame

Table A.3.3.3-3. Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, TDD, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Ц		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Subcarrier spacing configuration												
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	93	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	26	24	24
MCS Index		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination			64QAM									
Modulation		64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
		QAM	QAM									
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) =	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}												L
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i	Bits	5376	8712	11784	15112	18432	25104	31752	38936	45096	52224	65576
from {4,,39}												
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i	CBs	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8
from {4,,39}												
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) =	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}												
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i	Bits	7128	11664	15552	20088	24624	33048	42120	51192	60264	69336	87480
from {4,,39}												
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	12.902	20.909	28.282	36.269	44.237	60.250	76.205	93.446	108.23	125.33 8	157.38 2

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

## A.3.3.4 FRC for maximum input level for 256 QAM

Table A.3.3.4-1 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, TDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit				Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allocated resource blocks		25	52	79	106	133	160	216	270
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS table for TBS determination					2560	QAM			
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	16896	34816	53288	71688	90176	10855 2	14340 0	18037 6
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	CBs	3	5	7	9	12	14	18	23
Binary Channel Bits per Slot									
For Slots 0,1,3,4,8,9	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slots 2,5,6,7	Bits	21600	44928	68256	91584	11491 2	13824 0	18662 4	23328 0
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	6.758	13.92 6	21.31 5	28.67 5	36.07 0	43.42 1	57.36 0	72.15 0

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot 0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.4-2 Fixed Reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, TDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit							Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Subcarrier spacing configuration $\mu$		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated resource blocks		11	24	38	51	65	78	106	133	162	189	217	273
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	13	11	11
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination			256QAM										
Modulation		256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM	256 QAM
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	7424	16136	25608	33816	44040	52224	71688	90176	108552	127080	147576	184424
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	CBs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot													
For Slots 0,1,2 and Slot i, if mod(i, 10) = {7,8,9} for i from {0,,19}	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 10) = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ for i from $\{3,,19\}$	Bits	9504	20736	32832	44064	56160	67392	91584	114912	139968	163296	187488	235872
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	8.166	17.750	28.169	37.198	48.444	57.446	78.857	99.194	119.40 7	139.78 8	162.33 4	202.86 6

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

Table A.3.3.4-3 Fixed reference channel for maximum input level receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, TDD, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit						Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	70	80	100
Ц		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Subcarrier spacing configuration												
Allocated resource blocks		11	18	24	31	38	51	65	79	93	107	135
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated slots per Frame		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	26	24	24
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination			256QAM									
Modulation		256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256
		QAM										
Target Coding Rate		4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5	4/5
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) =	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}												
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i	Bits	7424	12040	16136	21000	25608	33816	44040	53288	62504	71688	90176
from {4,,39}												
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) =	CBs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}												
For Slot i, if $mod(i, 20) = \{0,, 13\}$ for i	CBs	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	12
from {4,,39}												
Binary Channel Bits per Slot												
For Slots 0,1,2,3 and Slot i, if mod(i, 20) =	Bits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
{14,15,16,17,18,19} for i from {0,,39}												
For Slot i, if mod(i, 20) = {0,, 13} for i	Bits	9504	15552	20736	26784	32832	44064	56160	68256	80352	92448	116640
from {4,,39}												
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	17.818	28.896	38.726	50.400	61.459	81.158	105.69	127.89	150.01	172.05	216.42
								6	1	0	1	2

NOTE 1: Additional parameters are specified in Table A.3.1-1 and Table A.3.3.1-1.

NOTE 2: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 3: SS/PBCH block is transmitted in slot #0 of each frame

#### A.4 CSI reference measurement channels

## A.5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)

#### A.5.1 OCNG Patterns for FDD

## A.5.1.1 OCNG FDD pattern 1: Generic OCNG FDD Pattern for all unused REs

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.1 FDD: Generic OCNG FDD Pattern for all unused REs

OCNG Appliance	Control Region	Data Region
OCNG Parameters	(Core Set)	
Resources allocated	All unused REs (Note 1)	All unused REs (Note 2)
Structure	PDCCH	PDSCH
Content	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data
Transmission scheme for multiple antennas ports transmission	Single Tx port transmission	Spatial multiplexing using any precoding matrix with dimensions same as the precoding matrix for PDSCH
Subcarrier Spacing	Same as for RMC PDCCH in the active BWP	Same as for RMC PDSCH in the active BWP
Power Level	Same as for RMC PDCCH	Same as for RMC PDSCH

NOTE 1: All unused REs in the active CORESETS appointed by the search spaces in use.

NOTE 2: Unused available REs refer to REs in PRBs not allocated for any physical channels, CORESETs, synchronization signals or reference signals in channel bandwidth.

#### A.5.2 OCNG Patterns for TDD

## A.5.2.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: Generic OCNG TDD Pattern for all unused REs

Table A.5.2.1-1: OP.1 TDD: Generic OCNG TDD Pattern for all unused REs

OCNG Appliance	Control Region	Data Region
OCNG Parameters	(Core Set)	
Resources allocated	All unused REs (Note 1)	All unused REs (Note 2)
Structure	PDCCH	PDSCH
Content	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data	Uncorrelated pseudo random QPSK modulated data
Transmission scheme for multiple antennas ports transmission	Single Tx port transmission	Spatial multiplexing using any precoding matrix with dimensions same as the precoding matrix for PDSCH
Subcarrier Spacing	Same as for RMC PDCCH in the active BWP	Same as for RMC PDSCH in the active BWP
Power Level	Same as for RMC PDCCH	Same as for RMC PDSCH

NOTE 1: All unused REs in the active CORESETS appointed by the search spaces in use.

NOTE 2: Unused available REs refer to REs in PRBs not allocated for any physical channels, CORESETs, synchronization signals or reference signals in channel bandwidth.

## A.6 Void

## A.7 V2X reference measurement channels

#### A.7.1 General

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation NRB

- 1. Calculate the RE number of 2nd stage SCI Q\_SCI2 $^{\prime}$  that can be transmitted in a given sub-frame, where in order to make sure that the code-rate of 2-A is approximate to SCI 1-A, a beta offset is selected based on MCS, and vacant resource elements  $\gamma$  value is determined based on NRB and DMRS frequency density.
- 2. Transport Block Size is determined according to clause 8.1.3.2 of TS 38.214 [13] based on Table A.7.1-1.
- 3. Calculate Binary Channel Bits per Slot for PSSCH as below

Binary Channel Bits per Slot = (NRB\* Subcarriers per resource block\*CP-OFDM symbols per slot – DMRS resource REs – PSCCH resource Res - Q\_SCI2^\') \* Qm

Where Qm is the modulation order corresponding to MCS.

In Table A.7.1-1 Common reference channel parameters are listed the Sidelink reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.7.2 to A.7.6.

Parameter	Value	remark
Number of HARQ Processes	1	
Channel state	AWGN	
Subcarriers per resource block	12	
sl-PSSCH-DMRS- TimePatternList	2	symbol4 and symbol 10 in each slot FDMed with PSSCH within DMRS symbol Frequency density is ½
CP-OFDM symbols per slot (Note1)	12 for all slots	Excluding the first OFDM symbol in one SL slot used for AGC
PSCCH resource	10 PRBs, 3 symbols in time domain	
Slot number in 10ms	$10 * 2^{\mu}$	$\mu = 0.1.2$ for 15kHz, 30kHz, 60kHz
PT-RS	disable	
CSI-RS	disable	
x-overhead	0	
PSFCH period	0	
2 <sup>nd</sup> stage SCI payload size	59	35bits SCI-2A + 24bits CRC
Redundancy Version	RV0	For channel coding
Alpha value for SCI-2	1	

Table A.7.1-1: Common reference channel parameters

## A.7.2 FRC for V2X receiver requirements for QPSK

For V2X transmission over PC5, Table A.7.2-1, Table A.7.2-2 and Table A.7.2-3 are applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics with the exception of Maximum input level.

Table A.7.2-1: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, QPSK)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40		
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15		
Subchannel size		10	15	10	12		
Allocated resource blocks		50	105	160	216		
MCS Index		4	4	4	4		
MCS Table for TBS determination	64QAM						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK		
Transport Block Size		3624	7936	12296	16896		
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	24	24	24		
LDPC base graph		2	1	1	1		
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		1	1	2	3		
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25		
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		1	1	1	1		
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		12036	26556	41076	55860		
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	0.3624	0.7936	1.2296	1.6896		

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

Table A.7.2-2: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, QPSK)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40		
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	30	30	30	30		
Subchannel size		12	10	15	15		
Allocated resource blocks		24	50	75	105		
MCS Index		4	4	4	4		
MCS Table for TBS determination	64QAM						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK		
Transport Block Size		1608	3624	5632	7936		
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	24	24		
LDPC base graph		2	2	1	1		
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		1	1	1	1		
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25		
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		7	1	1	1		
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		5160	12036	18636	26556		
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	0.3216	0.7248	1.1264	1.5872		

NOTE 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

Table A.7.2-3: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, QPSK)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	60	60	60	60			
Subchannel size		10	12	12	10			
Allocated resource blocks		10	24	36	50			
MCS Index		4	4	4	4			
MCS Table for TBS determination	64QAM							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK			
Transport Block Size		456	1608	2536	3624			
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	16	16	16			
LDPC base graph		2	2	2	2			
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		1	1	1	1			
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25			
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		7	7	7	1			
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		1464	5160	8328	12036			
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	0.1824	0.6432	1.0144	1.4496			

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

## A.7.3 FRC for maximum input level for 64QAM

For V2X transmission over PC5, Table A.7.3-1, Table A.7.3-2 and Table A.7.3-3 are applicable for Maximum input level when the maximum modulation order is 64QAM.

Table A.7.3-1: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15			
Subchannel size		10	15	10	12			
Allocated resource blocks		50	105	160	216			
MCS Index		24	24	24	24			
MCS Table for TBS determination	64QAM							
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM			
Transport Block Size		27144	60456	92200	127080			
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24			
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1			
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		4	8	11	16			
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25			
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		1	1	1	1			
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		35964	79524	123084	167436			
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	2.7144	6.0456	9.22	12.708			

NOTE 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

Table A.7.3-2: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40			
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	30	30	30	30			
Subchannel size		12	10	15	15			
Allocated resource blocks		24	50	75	105			
MCS Index		24	24	24	24			
MCS Table for TBS determination	64QAM							
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM			
Transport Block Size		11528	27144	42016	60456			
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24			
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1			
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		2	4	5	8			
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25			
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		7	1	1	1			
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		15336	35964	55764	79524			
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	2.3056	5.4288	8.4032	12.091			

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

Table A.7.3-3: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 60 kHz, 64QAM)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	60	60	60	60
Subchannel size		10	12	12	10
Allocated resource blocks		10	24	36	50
MCS Index		24	24	24	24
MCS Table for TBS determination	64QAM				
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Transport Block Size		3240	11528	18960	27144
Transport block CRC	Bits	16	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		2	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		1	2	3	4
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		7	7	7	1
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		4248	15336	24840	35964
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	1.296	4.6112	7.584	10.858

NOTE 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the  $2^{nd}$ -stage SCI belongs.

## A.7.4 FRC for maximum input level for 256QAM

For V2X transmission over PC5, Table A.7.4-1, Table A.7.4-2 and Table A.7.4-3 are applicable for Maximum input level when the 256QAM is supported.

Table A.7.4-1: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 15 kHz, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15	15	15	15
Subchannel size		10	15	10	12
Allocated resource blocks		50	105	160	216
MCS Index		23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination			256QAM		
Modulation		256QAM	256QAM	256QAM	256QAM
Transport Block Size		36896	81976	127080	172176
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		5	10	16	21
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		3	3	3	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		48000	106080	164160	223296
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	3.6896	8.1976	12.708	17.218

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

Table A.7.4-2: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 30 kHz, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	30	30	30	30
Subchannel size		12	10	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		24	50	75	105
MCS Index		23	23	23	23
MCS Table for TBS determination			256QAM		
Modulation		256QAM	256QAM	256QAM	256QAM
Transport Block Size		15880	36896	58384	81976
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		2	5	7	10
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		3	3	3	3
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		20544	48000	74400	106080
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	3.176	7.3792	11.677	16.395

NOTE 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

NOTE 2:  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the 2<sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

Table A.7.4-3: Fixed reference channel for V2X receiver requirements (SCS 60kHz, 256QAM)

Parameter	Unit	it Value				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	20	30	40	
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	60	60	60	60	
Subchannel size		10	12	12	10	
Allocated resource blocks		10	24	36	50	
MCS Index		23	23	23	23	
MCS Table for TBS determination	256QAM					
Modulation		256QAM	256QAM	256QAM	256QAM	
Transport Block Size		4480	15880	25608	36896	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	
LDPC base graph		1	1	1	1	
Number of Code Blocks per Slot		1	2	4	5	
Beta offset for 2nd stage SCI		6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	
γ value when 2nd stage SCI rate match		3	3	3	3	
Binary Channel Bits per Slot		5760	20544	33216	48000	
Max. Throughput averaged over 100ms	Mbps	1.792	6.352	10.243	14.758	

NOTE 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).  $\gamma$  is the number of vacant resource elements in the resource block to which the last coded symbol of the

<sup>2&</sup>lt;sup>nd</sup>-stage SCI belongs.

## Annex B (informative): Void

# Annex C (informative): Downlink physical channels

#### C.1 General

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done.

## C.2 Setup

Table C.2-1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel
PBCH
SSS
PSS
PDCCH
PDSCH
PBCH DMRS
PDCCH DMRS
PDSCH DMRS
CSI-RS

## C.3 Connection

#### C.3.1 Measurement of Receiver Characteristics

Unless otherwise stated, Table C.3.1-1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7).

Table C.3.1-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
SSS transmit power	W	Test specific
EPRE ratio of PSS to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PBCH to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PBCH to PBCH DMRS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDCCH to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDCCH to PDCCH DMRS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDSCH to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PDSCH to PDSCH DMRS (Note 1)	dB	-3
EPRE ratio of CSI-RS to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of PTRS to PDSCH	dB	Test specific
EPRE ratio of OCNG DMRS to SSS	dB	0
EPRE ratio of OCNG to OCNG DMRS (Note 1)	dB	0

NOTE 1: No boosting is applied to any of the channels except PDSCH DMRS. For PDSCH DMRS, 3 dB power boosting is applied assuming DMRS Type 1 configuration when DMRS and PDSCH are TDM'ed and only half of the DMRS REs are occupied.

NOTE 2: Number of DMRS CDM groups without data for PDSCH DMRS configuration for OCNG is set to 1.

## Annex D (normative): Characteristics of the interfering signal

#### D.1 General

Some RF performance requirements for the NR UE receiver are defined with interfering signals present in addition to the wanted signal.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz, a modulated 5 MHz full bandwidth NR down link signal, and in some cases an additional CW signal, are used as interfering signal. For intra-band contiguous CA bandwidth class B and C, a modulated 5 MHz NR downlink signal is used. And for some cases an additional CW signal is used.

For NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz and  $F_{UL\_low} \ge 3300$  MHz, a modulated NR downlink signal which equals to channel bandwidth of the wanted signal for single carrier and inter-band CA cases is used as interfering signal. For intra-band contiguous CA bandwidth Class C, a modulated NR downlink signal which equals to the aggregated channel bandwidth of the wanted signal is used. For intra-band contiguous CA bandwidth class D and E cases, a modulated 50 MHz NR downlink signal is used. And for some cases an additional CW signal is used.

## D.2 Interference signals

Table D.2-1 and Table D.2-4 describes the modulated interferer for different channel bandwidth options for NR band lower than 2700MHz.

Table D.2-1: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_high}$  < 2700 MHz

	Channel bandwidth							
	5 MHz	10MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz		
RB		NOTE 1						
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	5 MHz							
	Channel bandwidth							
	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz		
RB			NO	TE 1				
BWInterferer	5 MHz							
NOTE 1: The RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB								
nur	nber defined	l in Table 5	3.2-1 for e	each sub-car	rier spacing	g.		

Table D.2-2 and Table D.2-3 describe the modulated interferer for different channel bandwidth options for NR band higher than 3300MHz.

Table D.2-2: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub> ≥ 3300 MHz

	Channel bandwidth								
	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
RB		NOTE 1							
BW <sub>Interferer</sub>	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
NOTE 1: The RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB number defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for									
eac	h sub-carrie	er spacing							

Table D.2-3: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with F<sub>DL\_low</sub>≥ 3300 MHz and F<sub>UL\_low</sub>≥ 3300 MHz for Intra-band contiguous CA

	Aggregated Channel bandwidth of Bandwdith Class C						Bandwidth		
	110 MHz	120 MHz	130 MHz	140 MHz	150 MHz	160 MHz	180 MHz	200 MHz	Class D/E
RB(SCS=30 kHz)				NO	ΓΕ 1				133
RB(SCS=60 kHz)	NOTE 1						65		
BWInterferer	110 MHz	120 MHz	130 MHz	140 MHz	150 MHz	160 MHz	180 MHz	200 MHz	50MHz

NOTE 1: The interfering signal shall be configured in the same way as the aggregated bandwidth of the wanted signal. The RB configurations for each component carrier are defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for each sub-carrier spacing.

Table D.2-4: Description of modulated NR interferer for NR bands with  $F_{DL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz and  $F_{UL\_low}$  < 2700 MHz for Intra-band contiguous CA

	Bandwidth Class B	Bandwidth Class C				
RB	NOTE 1	NOTE 1				
BWInterferer	5 MHz	5 MHz				
NOTE 1: The RB configured for interfering signal is the same as maximum RB number defined in Table 5.3.2-1 for						
each sub-carrier spacing.						

# Annex E (normative): Environmental conditions

#### E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

#### E.2 Environmental

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

#### E.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table E.2.1-1: Temperature conditions

+15°C to +35°C	For normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)
-10°C to +55°C	For extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation.

## E.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table E.2.2-1: Voltage conditions

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries:			
Leclanché	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal
Lithium	0,95 * nominal	1,1 * Nominal	1,1 * Nominal
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal		Nominal

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

#### E.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

**Table E.2.3-1: Vibration conditions** 

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration		
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96  \mathrm{m}^2/\mathrm{s}^3$		
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0.96 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup> at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB/Octave		

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 38.101-1 for extreme operation.

# Annex F (normative): Transmit modulation

#### F.0 General

While measuring the transmit modulation quality of carriers, an existence of the carrier leakage needs to be taken into account indicated by the parameter *txDirectCurrentLocation* in *UplinkTxDirectCurrent* IE.

#### F.1 Measurement Point

Figure F.1-1 shows the measurement point for the unwanted emission falling into non-allocated RB(s) and the EVM for the allocated RB(s).

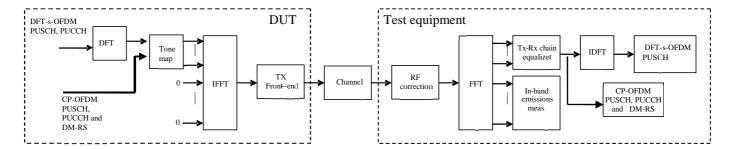


Figure F.1-1: EVM measurement points

## F.2 Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement

The EVM is the difference between the ideal waveform and the measured waveform for the allocated RB(s)

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{v \in T_m} |z'(v) - i(v)|^2}{|T_m| \cdot P_0}},$$

where

 $T_m$  is a set of  $|T_m|$  modulation symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

z'(v) are the samples of the signal evaluated for the EVM,

i(v) is the ideal signal reconstructed by the measurement equipment, and

 $P_0$  is the average power of the ideal signal. For normalized modulation symbols  $P_0$  is equal to 1.

The basic EVM measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain for PUCCH and PUSCH and over one preamble sequence for the PRACH.

## F.3 Basic in-band emissions measurement

The in-band emissions are a measure of the interference falling into the non-allocated resources blocks. The in-band emission requirement is evaluated for PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. The in-band emission requirement is not evaluated for PRACH transmissions.

The in-band emissions are measured as follows

$$Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{max(f_{\min}, f_{t}+12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f) \\ \min(f_{\max}, f_{h}+12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} < 0 \\ \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\substack{f_{h}+(12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f \\ f_{h}+(12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f}} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where

 $T_s$  is a set of  $|T_s|$  OFDM symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

 $\Delta_{RB}$  is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.  $\Delta_{RB} = 1$  or  $\Delta_{RB} = -1$  for the first adjacent RB),

 $f_{
m min}$  (resp.  $f_{
m max}$ ) is the lower (resp. upper) edge of the UL UE channel bandwidth,

 $\boldsymbol{f}_{l}$  and  $\boldsymbol{f}_{h}$  are the lower and upper edge of the allocated BW, and

Y(t,f) is the frequency domain signal evaluated for in-band emissions as defined in the clause (ii)

The relative in-band emissions are, given by

$$Emissions_{relative}(\Delta_{RB}) = \frac{Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB})}{\frac{1}{\left|T_{s}\right| \cdot N_{RB}} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{f_{t}}^{f_{t}+(12N_{RB}-1)\Delta f} \left|Y(t, f)\right|^{2}}$$

where

 $N_{RR}$  is the number of allocated RBs

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one OFDM symbol, accordingly.

In the evaluation of in-band emissions, the timing is set according to  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{c}$ , where sample time offsets  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  and  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  are defined in clause F.4.

## F.4 Modified signal under test

Implicit in the definition of EVM is an assumption that the receiver is able to compensate a number of transmitter impairments.

The DFT-s-OFDM modulated signals or PRACH signal under test is modified and, in the case of DFT-s-OFDM modulated signals, decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = IDFT \left\{ \frac{FFT \left\{ z(v - \Delta \widetilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \widetilde{j}v} \right\} e^{j2\pi f\Delta \widetilde{t}}}{\widetilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} \right\}$$

where

Z(V) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

The CP-OFDM modulated signals or PUSCH demodulation reference signal or PUCCH data signal under test is equalised and, in the case of CP-OFDM modulated signals decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = \frac{FFT\left\{z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \tilde{t}v}\right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}}{\tilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \tilde{t}}$$

where

Z(V) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

To minimize the error, the signal under test should be modified with respect to a set of parameters following the procedure explained below.

Notation:

 $\Delta \widetilde{t}$  is the sample timing difference between the FFT processing window in relation to nominal timing of the ideal signal.

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$  is the RF frequency offset.

 $\widetilde{arphi}(t,f)$  is the phase response of the TX chain.

 $\widetilde{a}(t,f)$  is the amplitude response of the TX chain.

In the following  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  represents the middle sample of the EVM window of length W (defined in the next clauses) or the last sample of the first window half if W is even.

The EVM analyser shall

- detect the start of each slot and estimate  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  and  $\tilde{\Delta}$ ,
- determine  $\Delta \tilde{c}$  so that the EVM window of length W is centred
  - on the time interval determined by the measured cyclic prefix minus  $16\kappa$  samples of the considered OFDM symbol for symbol 1 for subcarrier spacing configuration  $\mu$  in a subframe, with l=0 or  $l=7*2^{\mu}$  for normal CP, i.e. the first  $16\kappa$  samples of the CP should not be taken into account for this step. In the determination of the number of excluded samples, a sampling rate of  $1/T_c$  is assumed. If a different sampling rate is used, the number of excluded samples is scaled linearly.
  - on the measured cyclic prefix of the considered OFDM symbol symbol for all other symbols for normal CP and for symbol 0 to 11 for extended CP.
  - on the measured preamble cyclic prefix for the PRACH

To determine the other parameters a sample timing offset equal to  $\Delta \widetilde{c}$  is corrected from the signal under test. The EVM analyser shall then

- correct the RF frequency offset  $\widehat{\mathcal{F}}$  for each time slot, and
- apply an FFT of appropriate size. The chosen FFT size shall ensure that in the case of an ideal signal under test, there is no measured inter-subcarrier interference.

The carrier leakage shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM and the in-band emissions; however, the removed relative carrier leakage power also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

At this stage the allocated RBs shall be separated from the non-allocated RBs. In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH EVM, the signal on the non-allocated RB(s), Y(t, f), is used to evaluate the in-band emissions.

Moreover, the following procedure applies only to the signal on the allocated RB(s).

- In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain equalizer coefficients  $\tilde{a}(t,f)$  and  $\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)$  used by the ZF equalizer for all subcarriers by time averaging at each signal subcarrier of the amplitude and phase of the reference and data symbols. The time-averaging length is 1 slot. This process creates an average amplitude and phase for each signal subcarrier used by the ZF equalizer. The knowledge of data modulation symbols may be required in this step because the determination of symbols by demodulation is not reliable before signal equalization.
- In the case of PRACH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain coefficients  $\tilde{a}(t)$  and  $\tilde{\varphi}(t)$  used for phase and amplitude correction and are seleted so as to minimize the resulting EVM. The TX chain coefficients are not dependent on frequency, i.e.  $\tilde{a}(t, f) = \tilde{a}(t)$  and  $\tilde{\varphi}(t, f) = \tilde{\varphi}(t)$ . The TX chain coefficient are chosen independently for each preamble transmission and for each  $\Delta \tilde{t}$ .

At this stage estimates of  $\mathcal{A}$ ,  $\tilde{\alpha}_{(t,f)}$ ,  $\tilde{\varphi}_{(t,f)}$  and  $\tilde{\Delta c}$  are available.  $\tilde{\Delta t}$  is one of the extremities of the window W, i.e.  $\tilde{\Delta c}$  can be  $\tilde{\Delta c} + \alpha - \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$  or  $\tilde{\Delta c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ , where  $\alpha = 0$  if W is odd and  $\alpha = 1$  if W is even. The EVM analyser shall then

- calculate EVM<sub>1</sub> with  $\Delta \tilde{r}$  set to  $\Delta \tilde{c} + \alpha \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ ,
- calculate EVM<sub>h</sub> with  $\Delta \tilde{r}$  set to  $\Delta \tilde{c} + \left| \frac{W}{2} \right|$ .

For the EVM calculation on the symbols with a transient period when the UE signals a transient period capability (tp) of 2, 4 or 7usec,  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  is is given below.

- calculate EVM<sub>I\_tp</sub> with  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  set to  $\left[\frac{tp+tp_{start}}{T_c}\right] + 1$ , where is  $1/T_c$  the sampling rate
- calculate EVM<sub>h\_tp</sub> with  $\Delta \tilde{t}$  set to  $\left|\frac{CP + tp_{start}}{T_c}\right| 1$ , where 1/T<sub>c</sub> is the sampling rate and the CP is the cyclic prefix of the symbol on which EVM is calculated (e.g. long CP for the first symbol of the slot) in seconds

A pictorial representation of the EVM measurement windows is given in Figure F.4-1.

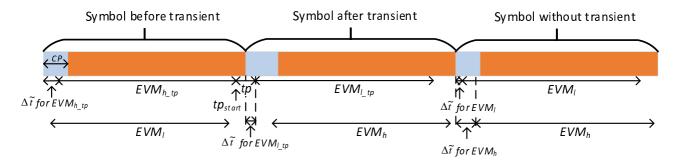


Figure F.4-1: EVM measurement window

## F.5 Window length

## F.5.1 Timing offset

As a result of using a cyclic prefix, there is a range of  $\Delta \tilde{r}$ , which, at least in the case of perfect Tx signal quality, would give close to minimum error vector magnitude. As a first order approximation, that range should be equal to the length of the cyclic prefix. Any time domain windowing or FIR pulse shaping applied by the transmitter reduces the  $\Delta \tilde{r}$  range within which the error vector is close to its minimum.

### F.5.2 Window length

The window length *W* affects the measured EVM and is expressed as a function of the configured cyclic prefix length. In the case where equalization is present, as with frequency domain EVM computation, the effect of FIR is reduced. This is because the equalization can correct most of the linear distortion introduced by the FIR. However, the time domain windowing effect can't be removed.

## F.5.3 Window length for normal CP

Table F.5.3-1, F.5.3-2, F.5.3-3 below specify the EVM window length (W) for normal CP.

Table F.5.3-1: EVM window length for normal CP for NR, FR1, 15 kHz SCS

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length for symbols 1-6 and 8- 13 in FFT samples	EVM window length W	Ratio of W to total CP length for symbols 1-6 and 8- 13 <sup>1</sup> (%)
5	512	36	18	50
10	1024	72	36	50
15	1536	108	54	50
20	2048	144	72	50
25	2048	144	72	50
30	3072	216	108	50
40	4096	288	144	50
50	4096	288	144	50

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative and apply to a slot's symbols 1 to 6 and 8 to 13. Symbols 0 and 7 have a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

Table F.5.3-2: EVM window length for normal CP for NR, FR1, 30 kHz SCS

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length for symbols 1-13 in FFT samples	EVM window length <i>W</i>	Ratio of W to total CP length for symbols 1-13 <sup>1</sup> (%)
5	256	18	9	50
10	512	36	18	50
15	768	54	27	50
20	1024	72	36	50
25	1024	72	36	50
30	1536	108	54	50
40	2048	144	72	50
50	2048	144	72	50
60	3072	216	108	50
70	3072	216	108	50
80	4096	288	144	50
90	4096	288	144	50
100	4096	288	144	50

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative and apply to a slot's symbols 1 through 13. Symbol 0 has a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

Table F.5.3-3: EVM window length for normal CP for NR (60 kHz SCS)

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length for symbols in FFT samples	EVM window length W	Ratio of <i>W</i> to total CP length <sup>1</sup> (%)
10	256	18	9	50
15	384	27	14	50
20	512	36	18	50
25	512	36	18	50
30	768	54	27	50
40	1024	72	36	50
50	1024	72	36	50
60	1536	108	54	50
70	1536	108	54	50
80	2048	144	72	50
90	2048	144	72	50
100	2048	144	72	50

NOTE 1: These percentages are informative and apply to all OFDM symbols within subframe except for symbol 0 of slot 0 and slot 2. Symbol 0 of slot 0 and slot 2 may have a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

## F.5.4 Window length for Extended CP

Table F.5.4-1 below specifies the EVM window length (*W*) for extended CP. The number of CP samples excluded from the EVM window is the same as for normal CP length.

Table F.5.4-1: EVM window length for extended CP for NR, FR1, 60 kHz SCS

Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	FFT size	Cyclic prefix length in FFT samples	EVM window length <i>W</i>	Ratio of <i>W</i> to total CP length <sup>1</sup> (%)
10	256	64	54	84.4
15	384	96	80	83.3
20	512	128	106	82.8
25	512	128	110	85.9
30	768	192	164	85.4
40	1024	256	220	85.9
50	1024	256	220	85.9
60	1536	384	330	85.9
70	1536	384	330	85.9
80	2048	512	440	85.9
90	2048	512	440	85.9
100	2048	512	440	85.9
NOTE 1: Th	ese percentag	es are informat	ive.	

### F.5.5 Window length for PRACH

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 839 and  $\Delta f^{RA} \in \{1.25,5\}$  kHz

Table F.5.5-1 EVM window length for PRACH formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 839

Preamble format	Cyclic prefix length <i>N</i> <sub>CP</sub>	Nominal FFT size <sup>1</sup>	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP <sup>2</sup>
0	3168	24576	2307	72.8%
1	21024	24576	20163	95.9%
2	4688	24576	3827	81.6%
3	3168	6144	2952	93.2%

NOTE 1: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

NOTE 2: These percentages are informative

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 139 and  $\Delta f^{RA}$  = 15 · 2  $\mu$  kHz where  $\mu \in \{0,1,2\}$ .

Table F.5.5-2 EVM window length for PRACH formats for  $L_{RA}$ = 139

Preamble format	Cyclic prefix	Nominal FFT size <sup>1</sup>	EVM window length W in	Ratio of W to CP <sup>2</sup>
	length NcP		FFT samples	
A1	288·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	144·2 <sup>-</sup>	50.0%
A2	576·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	432·2 <sup>-</sup>	75.0%
A3	864·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	720·2 <sup>-</sup>	83.3%
B1	216·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	72·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	33.3%
B2	360·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	216·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	60.0%
B3	504·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	360·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	71.4%
B4	936·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	792·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	84.6%
C0	1240·2 <sup>-</sup> µ	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	1096·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	88.4%
C2	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	2048·2 <sup>-μ</sup>	1904·2 <sup>-</sup>	93.0%

NOTE 1: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

NOTE 2: These percentages are informative

## F.6 Averaged EVM

The general EVM is averaged over basic EVM measurements for n slots in the time domain.

$$\overline{EVM} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} EVM_{i}^{2}},$$

where n is

$$n = \begin{cases} 10, for \ 15 \ kHz \ SCS \\ 20, for \ 30 \ kHz \ SCS \\ 40, for \ 60 \ kHz \ SCS \end{cases}$$

for PUCCH, PUSCH.

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{1}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{l}$  in the expressions above and  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{h}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{h}$ .

Thus we get:

### EVM=maxEVM, EVM)

The calculation of the EVM for the demodulation reference signal,  $_{EVM}$  , follows the same procedure as calculating the general EVM, with the exception that the modulation symbol set  $_{T_m}$  defined in clause F.2 is restricted to symbols containing uplink demodulation reference signals.

The basic  $_{EVM}$  measurements are first averaged over n slots in the time domain to obtain an intermediate average  $_{EVM}$   $_{DMRS}$ .

$$\overline{EVM}_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} EVM_{DMRS,i}^{2}}$$

In the determination of each  $EVM_{DMRS,i}$ , the timing is set to  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_i$  if  $\overline{EVM}_i > \overline{EVM}_h$ , and it is set to  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_i$  otherwise, where  $\overline{EVM}_i$  and  $\overline{EVM}_h$  are the general average EVM values calculated in the same n slots over which the intermediate average  $\overline{EVM}_{DMRS}$  is calculated. Note that in some cases, the general average EVM may be calculated only for the purpose of timing selection for the demodulation reference signal EVM.

Then the results are further averaged to get the EVM for the demodulation reference signal,  $_{EVM}$   $_{_{DMBS}}$ ,

$$EVM_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} \sum_{j=1}^{6} \overline{EVM}_{DMRS,j}^{2}}$$

The PRACH EVM,  $_{EVM}$  , is averaged over 2 preamble sequence measurements for long preamble formats as defined in table 6.3.3.1-1 in [6] and averaged over 10 preamble sequence measurements for short preamble formats as defined in table 6.3.3.1-2 in [6].

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH}, 1}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{i}$  and  $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH}, 1}$  is calculated using  $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_{i}$ .

Thus we get:

$$EVM_{PRACH} = \max \overline{EVM}_{RACH}, \overline{EVM}_{RACH}$$

# F.7 Spectrum Flatness

The data shall be taken from FFT coded data symbols and the demodulation reference symbols of the allocated resource block.

Annex G (informative): Void

Annex H (informative): Void

Annex I (informative): Void

Annex J (informative): Void

Annex K (informative): Void

# Annex L (normative): ModifiedMPR-Behavior

#### L.1 Indication of modified MPR behavior

This annex contains the definitions of the bits in the field *modifiedMPR-Behavior* indicated per supported NR band in the IE *RF-Parameters* [7] by a UE supporting an MPR or A-MPR modified in a given version of this specification. A modified MPR or A-MPR behaviour can apply to a supported NR band in stand-alone operation (including CA and NN-DC operation) or in non-standalone operation with the said NR band as part of an EN-DC or NE-DC band combination.

NOTE 1: In the present release, the *modifiedMPR-Behavior* is indicated [7] by an 8-bit bitmap per supported NR band.

Table L.1-1: Definitions of the bits in the field modifiedMPR-Behavior

NR Band	Index of field	Definition	Notes
	(bit number)	(description of the supported functionality if indicator	
		set to one)	
n41	0 (leftmost bit)	- EN-DC contiguous intraband MPR as defined in	- This bit shall be set to 1
		clause 6.2B.2.1 of 38.101-3 v15.5.0	by a UE supporting
			DC_(n)41AA UE EN-DC
	1	- EN-DC non-contiguous intraband MPR as defined	- This bit shall be set to 1
		in clause 6.2B.2.2 of 38.101-3 v15.5.0	by a UE supporting
			DC_41A_n41A EN-DC
	2	- EN-DC contiguous and non-contiguous intraband	-This bit may be set to 1 by
		MPR and A-MPR as defined in 38.101-3 v16.4.0. If	a UE supporting
		this bit is not set the UE uses Rel-15 MPR or A-	DC_(n)41AA or
		MPR for EN-DC contiguous and non-contiguous	DC_41A_n41A EN-DC
		intraband MPR and A-MPR	
n71	0 (leftmost bit)	- EN-DC contiguous intraband MPR as defined in	- This bit shall be set to 1
		clause 6.2B.2.1 of 38.101-3 v15.5.0	by a UE supporting
			DC_(n)71AA UE EN-DC

# Annex M (informative): Change history

2017-08   RAN4#84   R4-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RA-   RAN4#84   RA-							Change history	
2017-10	Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New versio
1708909	2017.00	D / N / 40 /	D/				Initial Chalatan	
2017-10	2017-00	KAN4#04					Initial Skeleton	0.0.1
R4-1709454, TP for TS 38.101-1:UE Tx spurious emission for range 1, ZTE Corporation  2017-10 RAN4#84 R4- Bis 1711978 Embedded approved TPs in RAN4#84Bis R4-1711978 Embedded approved TPs in RAN4#84Bis R4-1711978 Embedded approved TPs in RAN4#84Bis R4-1711968, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1711608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1711608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1711608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-1714608, TP for TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions Nokia R4-171408, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub66Hz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub66Hz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub66Hz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, TP for TS 38.101-1 inroduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1; In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1; In-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-171446, TP to 36.101-1; Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-171459, TP for TS 38.101-1; UR RF response pands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-171409, TP for TS 38.101-1; UR RF response pands for NR-LTE DC including SUL, Huawei R4-171451, TP for TS 38.101-1; Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714104, TP for TS 38.101-1; Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714174, TP for TS 38.101-1; Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714179, TP for TR 38.101-01 V0.2.0; ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR	2017-10	RAN4#84					Added approved TPs in RAN4-NR-AH#3	0.1.0
1, ZTE Corporation		Bis	1709958					
2017-10   RAN4#84   R4-								
R4-1714586, "TP to TS 38.101: Draft CR to Transmitter power clause", Nokia R4-1710962, "TP to TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1: On conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FR1(section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors    2017-12	2017-10	RAN4#84	R4-					020
Calusse*, Nokia   R4-1710962, TP to TS 38.101-1: Draft CR to Output RF spectrum emissions* Nokia   R4-1711608, TP for TS38.101-1 on conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FR1(section 6.5)* ZTE Corporation   Number of TPs by editors   Approved TPs in RAN4#85   R4-1713805   R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson   R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC.   R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC.   R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC.   R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc.   R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson   R4-1714463, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson   R4-1714369, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei   R4-1714397, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei   R4-1714397, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector)   R4-171414, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector)   R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson   Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen   Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSillicon   R4-1714478   Profeed of the process of the p							R4-1711556, "TP to TS 38.101: Draft CR to Transmitter power	0.2.0
emissions" Nokia R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1 on conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FR1(section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors   Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4-1713805   R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714463, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714072, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 R							clause", Nokia	
R4-1711608, "TP for TS38.101-1 on conducted UE transmitter intermodulation for FRI (section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors  Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4-1713805 R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking, Ericsson R4-17141464, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714459, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714399, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714599, TP or ITS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171459, TP or TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-171414174, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, Hisilicon  Purchas R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, Hisilicon  R4-1714599 R4-1714575 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
intermodulation for FR1 (section 6.5)" ZTE Corporation Number of TPs by editors  Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4- 1713805 R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Un-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714446, TP to 36.101-1: Un-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for Introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1; Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714329, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714329, TP to TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
Approved TPs in RAN4#85 R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38.101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714462, TP to 38.101-1: Deand blocking, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-17147479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4-1714569 Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN4#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN4#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0								
R4-1713204, TP on general parts for 38,101-1 NR FR1, Ericsson R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38,101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38,101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38,101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38,101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714466, TP to 38,101-1: Cut-of-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP to 38,101-1: Dut-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-171439, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38,101-1, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38,101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38,101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38,101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38,101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38,817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475								
R4-1714047, WF on MPR for sub6GHz, NTT DOCOMO, INC. R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics. "Hobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714369, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-171497, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171436, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-171414, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714092, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN478 R4-171475	2017-12	RAN4#85						0.3.0
R4-1714052, TP for TS 38.101-1 introduction of band n71 for transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714446, TP to 36.101-1: Orb-hand blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714529, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714141, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714129, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  40.00 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  1.0.0  2017-12 RAN#78			1/13805					
transmitter characteristics, T-Mobile USA Inc. R4-1714162, TP to 38.101-1: ACS, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 38.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714369, TP for INBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 R4- 1714569  40.00 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  1.0.0  2017-12 RAN#78  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control							R4-1714052. TP for TS 38 101-1 introduction of band n71 for	
R4-1714163, TP to 36.101-1: In-band blocking, Ericsson R4-1714446, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-171439, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN#78  F4-1714569  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 71.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.1								
R4-1714446, TP to 36.101-1: Out-of-band blocking and exceptions for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4- Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 p1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0								
for spurious response, Ericsson R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714369, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
R4-1714369, TP for NBB requirement for FR1, Intel Corporation R4-1714529, TP on introducing operating bands for NR-LTE DC including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4- 1714569  2017-12 RAN4#88 RP-172475 V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN4#78								
including SUL band combinations in 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78								
R4-1714097, TP for TS 38.101-1: UE RF requirements for standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 Approved by plenary — Rel-15 spec under change control								
standalone SUL, Huawei R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  15.0.0  Approved by plenary — Rel-15 spec under change control								
R4-1714536, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Bandwidth Definition, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-17141029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78								
Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector)  R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector)  R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from:  R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
R4-1714114, TP for TS 38.101-1: Channel Arrangement, Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4- 1714569  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0							Qualcomm Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and	
Incorporated (Note, this TP was further discussed and edited in the reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  1714569  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
reflector) R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  1714569  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
R4-1714029, Sub6 Reference Sensitivity, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1714329, TP to TR 38.101-01 v0.2.0: ON/OFF mask design for NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review  1714569  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475  V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control								
NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0  Purther corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0  NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson  Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0  2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0  Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0								
Band list according to R4-1714542, List of bands and band combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4- 1714569 Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0								
combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4- 1714569 Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0							NR UE transmissions for FR1, Ericsson	
combinations to be introduced into RAN4 NR core requirements by December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon  2017-12 RAN4#85 R4- 1714569 Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review 0.4.0 2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0							Rand list according to R4-1714542. List of hands and hand	
December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen   Input from: R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon   Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review   0.4.0   2017-12   RAN#78   RP-172475   V1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0   1.0.0   2017-12   RAN#78   Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control   15.0.0								
R4-1714479, TP for TR 38.817-01 NR channel bandwidth, Huawei, HiSilicon							December 2017, RAN4 Chairmen	
HiSilicon								
2017-12         RAN4#85         R4- 1714569         Further corrections and alignments with 38.104 after email review         0.4.0           2017-12         RAN#78         RP-172475         v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0         1.0.0           2017-12         RAN#78         Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control         15.0.0								
2017-12 RAN#78 RP-172475 v1.0.0 submitted for plenary approval. Contents same as 0.4.0 1.0.0 2017-12 RAN#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0	2017-12	RAN4#85						0.4.0
2017-12 RAN#78 Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control 15.0.0	0047.40	D 4 N 1 11 7 C					and 0.0 culturalities of four planes are company of 0.0 culturals are company of 0.0 culturals	4.0.0
			KP-1/24/5					
	2017-12		RP-180264	0003		F	Implementation of endorced CRs to 38.101-1	15.0.0
Endorsed draft CRs			50204	3000			l '	
F: R4-1800400, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm							F: R4-1800400, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm	
B: R4-1801102, Draft CR for 30 MHz CBW support, Huawei								
F: R4-1800032, 38.101-1 n71 draft CR for section 6.2.3 - UE A-MPR - NS values, T-Mobile USA Inc.								
B: R4-1801121, Draft pCR for TS 38.101-1 version 15.0.0:								
Remaining ON/OFF masks for FR1 NR UE transmissions, Ericsson							· '	
F: R4-1800417, Correction of NR SEM table and additional							F: R4-1800417, Correction of NR SEM table and additional	
requirements table, vivo								
F: R4-1800033, 38.101-1 n71 draft CR for section 6.5.3.2 Spurious emissions for UE co-existence, T-Mobile USA Inc.								
F: R4-1801114, Proposal on protected band numbering in UE specs,								
							Sprint Corporation	

_	ı	1		1		
					F: R4-1800407, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Mandatory 4Rx antenna	
					performance for NR UE, Vodafone Group Plc	
					F: R4-1800451 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Clarification of 4Rx NR	
					bands, Huawei, HiSilicon F: R4-1801136, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: REFSENS for NR bands,	
					Huawei, HiSilicon	
					F: R4-1801137, Draft CR: n71 REFSENS, Dish Network	
					F: R4-1800395, Draft CR to 38.101-1: corrections to ACS and in-	
					band blocking, Ericsson	
					F: R4-1800396, Draft CR to 38.101-1: corrections to out-of-band	
					blocking, Ericsson	
					F: R4-1800397, Draft CR to 38.101-1: corrections to spurious	
					response, Ericsson	
					F: R4-1800305, Draft CR for NR FR1 wide band intermodulation	
					requirements, MediaTek Inc. F: R4-1800320, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Rx Spurious emission for NR	
					FR1 (section 7.9), ZTE Corporation	
					F: R4-1800473, Draft CR on UE RF requirements for SUL in TS	
					38.101-1, Huawei	
					F: R4-1800965, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Asymmetric CH BW	
					operation, Dish Network	
					F: R4-1800882, Draft CR for correction of UE channel bandwidth for	
					Bands n77 and n78 for TS 38.101-1, Orange UK	
					F: R4-1801012, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Clarifications to UE spectrum	
					utilization section 5.3, Ericsson F: R4-1800030, 38.101-1 n71 draft CR for section 5.4.4 - TX–RX	
					frequency separation, T-Mobile USA Inc	
					F: R4-1801228, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Channel spacing for CA for	
					NR FR1(section 5.4.1.2), ZTE Corporation	
					F: R4-1801231, Correction CR for channel spacing:38.101-1,	
					Samsung	
					F: R4-1801235, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on channel	
					raster calculation in section 5.4.2, ZTE Corporation	
					F: R4-1801318, Draft CR on synchronization raster, Huawei	
					RAN4#86:	
					R4-1803053, Draft CR for new spec structure of 38.101-1, Ericsson	
					R4-1801479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Default Tx-RX frequency	
					separation for NR FR1(section 5.4.4), ZTE	
					R4-1801581, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 update of 4Rx bands,	
					Huawei Technologies France	
					R4-1802211, draft CR TS 38.101-1 Uplink configuration for FR1 NR	
					REFSENS, Skyworks Solutions Inc.	
					R4-1802342, Draft CR for NR FR1 ACS case 2 transmitter power setting correction (Note 1), MediaTek Inc.	
					R4-1802509, Draft CR on 38.101-1 v15.0.0: Remaining ON/OFF	
					masks for FR1 NR UE transmissions, Ericsson	
					R4-1802566, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification of mixed	
					numerology guardband size, Ericsson	
					R4-1802978, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on channel	
					raster in Section 5.4.2.3, Intel Corporation	
					R4-1803064, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Correction of errors, Sprint	
					Corporation  P4 1903065 Proft CP for 39 101 1 Introduction of p41requirements	
					R4-1803065, Draft CR for 38.101-1 Introduction of n41requirements, Sprint Corporation	
					R4-1803242, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections to n66, Dish	
					Network	
					R4-1803285, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Correction to CH BWs without	
					symmetric uplink Dish Network, Skyworks Solutions Inc.	
					R4-1803436, Introduction of UL subcarrier alignment for additional	
					bands, AT&T	
					R4-1803456, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Spurious Emissions for UE	
					Coexistence, Sprint Corporation	
					R4-1803461, CR on configured transmitted power for TS 38.101-1, Huawei	
					R4-1803452, draft CR for introduction of completed band	
					combinations from 37.865-01-01 into 38.101-1, Ericsson	
					R4-1803567, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Sync raster offset in re-	
					farming bands (5.4.3), Ericsson	
					R4-1803365, CR to introduce MPR for PC2 and PC3 and A-MPR for	
					UTRA protection, Nokia	
2018-06	RAN#80	RP-181262	0011	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Implementation of endorsed draft CRs from	15.2.0
					RAN4 #86bis and RAN4 #87	
					R4-1803900, Draft CR into TS 38.101-1 Introduction of band	
					combinations for SUL, Huawei	
	•				,	

	R4-1804021 CR for clarifications for NR FR1 CA BW Classes
	Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
	R4-1804140 CR for Narrow Band Blocking requirement for FR1 Intel Corporation
	R4-1804219 Draft CR for 38.101-1: n41 SEM and additional
	spurious emissions SPRINT Corporation
	R4-1804266 Draft CR to 38.101-1 MPR channel bandwidth
	criteria Skyworks Solutions Inc.
	R4-1804267 Draft CR to 38.101-1 n3,n5,n8 REFSENS levels
	Skyworks Solutions Inc.
	R4-1804268 Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrrection to n41 uplink
	configuration for reference sensitivity Skyworks Solutions Inc.
	R4-1804370 Draft CR to add missing NR inter-band DL CA in
	FR1 for TS 38.101-1 NTT DOCOMO, INC.
	R4-1804581 Draft CR to 38.101-1: On EVM Wording Qualcomm,
	Inc. R4-1804948 Corrections to 5.3.3 in TS 38.101-1 Nokia. Nokia
	R4-1804948 Corrections to 5.3.3 in TS 38.101-1 Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
	R4-1804877 draft CR introduction completed band combinations
	37.865-01-01 -> 38.101-1 Ericsson
	R4-1805444 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Asymmetric CH BW
	operation Dish Network
	R4-1805447 drfat CR for including SRS antenna switching in
	configured output power Qualcomm Incorporated
	R4-1805462 Editorial corrections to UE RF requirements in
	38.101-1 Qualcomm Incorporated
	R4-1805659 Draft CR for CBW for n50 for 38.101-1 Huawei
	R4-1805664 Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Annex F Rohde
	& Schwarz R4-1805665 Correction to inner and outer definitions for MPR
	Qualcomm Incorporated
	R4-1805684 Draft CR to TS38.101-1: Channel Raster to
	Resource Element Mapping (Section 5.4.2.2) and RB alignment with
	different numerologies (Section 5.3.4) ZTE Corporation
	R4-1805698 Draft CR for 38.101-1 for Rx(Ch7) of Band n77, n78
	and n79 RF requirements CMCC
	R4-1805699 Draft CR to 38.101-1:introduction of Tx/Rx
	requirements for inter-band CA ZTE Corporation
	R4-1805751 Draft CR on UE-to-UE coexistence requirements to
	protect band 29 from NR band 71 LG Electronics France
	R4-1805783 Draft CR for 38.101-1 for Tx(Ch6) of Band n77, n78 and n79 RF requirements CMCC
	R4-1805902 Draft CR into TS 38.101-1 Correction on SUL_n78-
	n80 Huawei, HiSilicon
	R4-1805904 Draft CR into TS 38.101-1 Introduction of new band
	combinations for SUL Huawei, HiSilicon
	R4-1805921 Draft CR on NR UE REFSENS SNR FRC for FR1
	Intel Corporation
	R4-1805981 Draft CR for TS38.101-1:Sync raster Samsung
	R4-1804548 Draft CR for CA BW class for FR1 NTT DOCOMO,
	INC.
	R4-1806170 Draft CR on frequency error for TS 38.101-1 ZTE Corporation
	R4-1806481 Draft CR for Environmental conditions in TS 38.101-
	1 Annex NTT DOCOMO, INC.
	R4-1806657 Draft CR to 38.101-1: Measurement BW for min and
	off power Skyworks Solutions Inc.
	R4-1806669 Draft CR to TS38.101-1_introduction of completed
	band combinations for inter-band 2UL CA ZTE Corporation
	R4-1806673 Draft CR to TS38.101-1_Remove brackets from Tx
	and Rx spurious emission table ZTE Corporation
	R4-1806677 Draft CR on including CA bandwidth class and band
	combinations for intra-band CA LG Electronics France R4-1806719 Introduction of 7.5 kHz frequency shift for Band n71
	Ericsson, T-Mobile
	R4-1806844 Draft CR for 38.101-1 for Tx(Ch6): missing
	maximum power requirements for n1 and n8 SoftBank Corp.
	R4-1806945 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Channel raster and NR-
	ARFCN clarification (5.4.2) Ericsson
	R4-1807039 Intra-band CA terminology for UE ZTE Corporation
	R4-1807178 Corrections to n70 TX/RX frequency separation Dish
	Network
	R4-1807181 Corrections to spurious emissions UE co-existence
	table Dish Network R4-1807234 Draft CR into TS 38.101-1 Some Corrections for
	SUL Huawei, HiSilicon
	OCE TIGAWOI, THOMOOTI

				R4-1807269 Corrections to Wide band intermodulation table	
				<2700MHz Dish Network DA 4807200	
				R4-1807392 to remove the brackets for SU in 38.101-1 Huawei, HiSilicon	
				R4-1807647 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Correction to Asymmetric	
				CH BW operation Dish Network	
				R4-1807680 Draft CR on 38.101-1 on channel raster to achieve	
				alignment of data and SSB subcarrier grids Nokia, Nokia Shanghai	
				Bell, Ericsson	
				R4-1807705 CR for TS 38.101-1 A-MPR for n51 Huawei,	
				Hisilicon	
				R4-1807814 Draft CR for 38.101-1: SEM correction for n41 Sprint Corporation	
				R4-1807851 Draft CR for 38.101-1: UE spurious emission	
				protection requirements for n5 Sprint Corporation	
				R4-1807920 General requirements for downlink inter-band CA	
				Qualcomm Incorporated	
				R4-1807923 Resolution bandwidth for ACLR Qualcomm	
				Incorporated	
				R4-1808084 Introduction of n12 into TS 38.101-1 Nokia R4-1808087 Draft CR 38.101-1: Introduction of n2, n25, n66	
				and n70 Sprint Corporation, Dishnetwork	
				R4-1808090 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Inclusion of	
				Simultaneous RxTx UE capability for some band combinations	
				Ericsson, Vodafone, Orange	
				R4-1808107 Draft CR to TS38.101-1_corrections on UE	
				coexistence ZTE Corporation	
				R4-1808111 TP to TS38.101-1 - UE ON/OFF masks Ericsson	
				R4-1808116 Draft CR to 38.101-1: introduction of Band n34,n39 and n40 RF requirements ZTE Corporation,CMCC	
				R4-1808136 Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 UE Power Control	
				Qualcomm Incorporated	
				R4-1808141 Correction to MPR for PC2 and spectrum	
				emission mask measurement bandwidth Qualcomm Incorporated	
				R4-1808142 Draft CR for 38.101-1 n41 A-MPR Sprint	
				Corporation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell, Ericsson	
				R4-1808143 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 A-MPR for n20 Huawei, HiSilicon	
				R4-1808155 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: to correct regirements	
				for n71 Samsung	
				R4-1808178 Addition parameters about n50 & n51 in TS	
				38.101-1 Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat (editors note: n50 not	
				implemented per chairmans aggreement)	
				R4-1808182 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 A-MPR for n28	
				Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1808187 CR for RF requirements for Coherent UL MIMO for	
				FR1 Qualcomm Austria RFFE GmbH	
				R4-1808207 Draft CR to 38.101-1: On EVM Averaging Length,	
				Wording , Qualcomm	
				R4-1808209 Draft CR for 38.101-1 for Tx (Ch6) of HPUE	
				Qualcomm	
				R4-1808466 Draft CR on UL RMC and OCNG pattern for FDD	
				REFSENS tests RD session R4-1808493 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Channel and sync	
				raster corrections (5.4) Ericsson	
				R4-1808507 Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on addition of new	
				90MHz UE CBW for n41/n78  LG Electronics Inc., LG Uplus,	
				Samsung	
				R4-1808176, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Introduction of A-MPR for n8,	
				SoftBank	
				R4-1808201, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Introduction of A-MPR for n1, SoftBank	
				R4-1807101, draft CR introduction completed band combinations	
				37.865-01-01 -> 38.101-1, Ericsson	
2018-09 RAN#	81 RP-181896	0025	F	Big CR for 38.101-1	15.3.0
				Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#NR-AH-1807	
				R4-1809335, Draft CR on UL RMC for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm	
				Incorporated R4-1809337, Draft CR on NR UE REFSENS SNR FRC for FR1, Intel	
				Corporation	
				R4-1809339, Draft CR on measurement of receiver characteristics	
				for FR1 RF Tests, Qualcomm Incorporated	
	İ			R4-1809396, Draft CR on NR UE maximum input level FRC for FR1,	
				Latal 1	
				Intel  P4-1809567 Draft CP on OCNG pattern for EP1 REESENS tests	
				Intel R4-1809567, Draft CR on OCNG pattern for FR1 REFSENS tests, Qualcomm Incorporated, Rohde & Schwarz	

Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#88  R4-1809714, Draft CR to correct in-band blocking parameters for FRI, Anristsu Corporation R4-1809784, Draft CR to 38.101-1; Corrections on CA bandwidth classes for FRI, ZTE Corporation R4-1809785, Draft CR to 15 38.101-1; Corrections on UE transmitter power, ZTE Corporation R4-1809783, Draft CR to 38.101-1; Corrections on additional states of the control of the			,
FR1, Anritsu Corporation R4-1808784, Draft CR to 38.101-11; Corrections on CA bandwidth classes for FR1, ZTE Corporation R4-1808785, Draft CR to 38.310-11 for Corrections on UE transmitter power, ZTE Corporation R4-1808919, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Corrections on additional statements of the corporation of the corporat			Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#88
R4-1809784, Draft CR to T3 3.101-1 for Corrections on UE transmitter power, ZTE Corporation R4-1809785, Draft CR to T3 38.101-1 for Corrections on UE transmitter power, ZTE Corporation R4-1809793, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on additional spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1809919, Correction on UE receiver requirement for FR1, CATT B 16.103919, Draft CR T3 38.101-1: MPR inner and outler R8 allocations formula correction, Media Tek, Inc., R4-1810210, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, Media Tek, Inc., R4-1810229, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, Media Tek, Inc., R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference shallows a complex to the control of the c			
R4-1809785, Draft CR to T3 38.101-1 for Corrections on UE transmitter power, ZTE Corporation R4-1809793, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corporations on additional spectrum emission mask, ZTE Corporation R4-1809819, Correction on UE receiver requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1810081, Draft CR T3 38.101-1: MPR inner and outer R8 allocations formula correction, Media Tak, Inc. R4-18102210, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, Media Tak, Inc. R4-18102230, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, Media Tak, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections. Media Tak, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections. Media Tak, Inc. R4-1810336, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections. Media Tak, Inc. R4-1810356, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections. Media Tak, Inc. R4-1810356, Draft CR for T3 38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810552. Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810729, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for T3 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO. Inc. R4-1810862. Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for T3 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO. Inc. R4-1810862. Craft CR for introduction of Band n74 for T3 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO. Inc. R4-1810867. Craft CR for introduction of Band n74 for T4 sal. 1810-181. Reference and the properties of the R4-1810861. CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810867. CR on R4-1810861. CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on R5 minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on R5 minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811467, CR on ACS minimum requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811467, Draft CR to DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Encorporated R4-1811467, Draft CR to DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm			R4-1809784, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on CA bandwidth
R4-180973, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on additional spectrum emission mask, 2TE Corporation R4-1809919, Correction on UE receiver requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1810911, Draft CR Ts 38.101-1 - UE ON-OFF mask clean up, Encisson R4-1810210, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: MPR inner and outer RB allocations formula correction, Medial Fek, Inc. R4-181023, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 to correct 90MHz UE CBW, LG CALL CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR CR			R4-1809785, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 for Corrections on UE
R4-1809919, Correction on UE receiver requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1810091, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 - UE/ON-OFF mask clean up, Enicsson R4-1810210, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 - Spurrious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810220, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 - Spurrious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 - Spurrious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 - Table 7-3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810338, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3, TET Corporation R4-1810328, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810582, Carciaction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810682, Draft CR on S8.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.20.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810982, CR to update Table 6.20.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810987, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810987, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810987, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-181198, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm incorporated R4-181198, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1810674, Na numbering, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1811476, Na numbering, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1811476, Na numbering, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1811476, Na numbering, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations networks and number correlations of CR in Shall 11. R4-1811479, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Draft in TS 38.101-1,			
R4-1810991, Draft CR TS 38.101-1 - UE ON-OFF mask clean up, Encisson R4-1810210, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: MPR inner and outer RB allocations formula correction, Media Tek, Inc. R4-1810229, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence able corrections, Media Tek, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: To correct 90MHz UE CBW, LG Electronics, Inc. R7-1810230, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3, ZTE Corporation R4-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections on 71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correction of R4-1810565, Correcti			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
R4-1810210, Draft CR for TS 38,101-1: MPR inner and outer RB allocations formula correction, Media Tek, Inc. R4-1810229, Draft CR for TS 38,101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, Media Tek, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS 38,101-1: to correct spunkty UE CBW, LG Electronics, Inc. R4-1810232, Draft CR for TS 38,101-1: Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3, 7ET Corporation R4-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38, 101-1 for UE maximum output power for Ut MIMMO, OPPO R4-1810522, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810522, Draft CR for Introduction of Band n74 for TS 38,101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R4-1810980, Draft CR to R5 38,101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohda & Schwarz R4-1810980, CR for update Table 6,20.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm inc. R4-1810981, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810981, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810987, Annex lettering change for 38,101-1, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1810987, Annex lettering change for 38,101-1, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38,101-1, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38,101-1, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1811980, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38,101-1, Qualcomm incorporated R4-1811490, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physicial Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811450, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811450, Draft CR on 38,101-1; Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodefoneltalia spA R4-1811474, CR CP - OFEM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghal Bell R4-181140, Draft CR for 38,101-1; Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Robe & Schwarz R50 1491, Draft CR for R5 38,101-1; Pr2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of T			R4-1810091, Draft CR TS 38.101-1 - UE ON-OFF mask clean up,
R4-1810229, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Spurious emission for UE coexistence table corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS38.101-1: Toolercet 90MHz UE CBW, U.S. Electronics, Inc. R4-1810232, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810399, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3. ZTE Corporation R4-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for U. MIMO, OPPO R4-1810522, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810529, Draft CR for Interduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R4-1810862, Craft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810861, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810961, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810965, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1811980, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1814459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1814459, Draft CR on SL 101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodatonetialia SpA R4-1811479, Carcel on UE Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodatonetialia SpA R4-1811474, CR CP O- DFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811470, AGT CP O- DFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811470, AGT CP O- DFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811478, Ampre Correction for n20 and n28,			R4-1810210, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: MPR inner and outer RB
R4-1810230, Draft CR for TS38.101-11 to correct 90MHz UE CBW, LG Electronics, Inc. R4-1810232, Draft CR for TS 38.101-11: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810369, Draft CR to 38.101-11: Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3. ZTE Corporation R4-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.3101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810729, Draft CR for for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R4-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810961, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810965, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811989, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811450, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 R Ft tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations R4-78 and n28-n75, Vocadionelitalia SpA R4-1811477, Na numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811476, Na numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations R4-78 and n28-n75, Vocadionelitalia SpA R4-1811477, Na numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811479, Na numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811479, Draft CR to 18.3.101-1: Draft Crairer Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811479, Draft CR to 18.3.101-1: Draft Crairer Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811479, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Draft			
LG Electronics, Inc. R4-1810232, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Table 7.3.2-1 n77 reference sensitivity corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R4-1810389, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3, ZTE Corporation R4-1810376, Draft CR on Sa.101-1: For UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810525, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810729, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810729, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R4-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810961, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810965, CR on Cut-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-18114974, Sent o add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811495, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF1 tests, Qualcomm Europe for, Spatt CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF1 tests, Qualcomm Europe for, Spatt CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF1 tests, Qualcomm Europe for, Spatt CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF1 tests, Qualcomm Europe for, Spatt CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF1 tests, Qualcomm Europe for, Spatt CR on CR on Spatt CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on CR on C			
sensitivity corrections, MediaTek, Inc. R-1810369, Draft CR to 38.101-1; Corrections on symbols and abbreviations in section 3, ZTE Corporation R-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R-1810552, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R-1810552, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R-1810862, Orate on Jan. 25 minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R-1810965, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R-1810965, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R-1810967, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm R-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R-1811974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R-181198, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R-181189, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R-18114193, CR to R on D. Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R-1811459, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R-1811463, Draft CR for 33.101-1; Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1; Huwel, Hisilicor, Eisslatt R-1811472, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghala Beil R-1811474, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghala Beil R-1811474, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghala Beil R-1811474, Draft CR to 38.101-1; Piz BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R-1811474, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1; Clarification on OCNG, Revsight Te			LG Electronics, Inc.
abbreviations in section 3, ZTE Corporation R.1-818/35R, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R.1-818/042B, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R.1-818/0552, Ozrrection of reference tables, OPPO R.1-818/0552, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R.1-818/082, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R.1-818/082, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R.1-819/095, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-819/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-8119/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-8119/095, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R.1-811189, Creation on Rx receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R.1-8111489, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R.1-811495, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R.1-811495, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R.1-811495, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R.1-811495, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R.1-811496, Corporation R.1-811496, Corporation R.1-811496, CR of TS 38.101-1: Addition of Grainer Leakage table, Rohale & Schwarz R.1-811499, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarificat			sensitivity corrections, MediaTek, Inc.
R4-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements, Dish Network R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810582, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810582, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO. Inc. R4-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810981, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810981, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810986, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811198, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811428, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811459, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, Draft CR on 28.101-1; Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafonetalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawel, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-181474, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-181474, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-181474, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rende & Schwarz R4-1811490, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions. Fickson R4-1811515, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions.			
R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output power for UL MIMO, OPPO R4-1810729, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, Inc. R4-1810822, Draft CR to 38.101-1; Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810982, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810981, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1819965, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1811987, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-18119974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811989, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811459, Use Transmit CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n6-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafonetalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: pVZ BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pVZ BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-181156, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on description of channel raster entires, ZTE Corporation			R4-1810376, Draft CR: General corrections to n71 requirements,
R4-181052, Correction of reference tables, OPPO R4-1810729, Draft CR for introduction of Band n74 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DCCOMO, Inc. R4-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810982, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810961, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810961, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltaila SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicone, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: PF Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: pF PSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811439, APP CORPORAIN Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-181151, A proposal on ZUL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-181151, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Carification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1810428, Draft CR on TS38.101-1 for UE maximum output
NTT DCCOMO, Inc. R4-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810961, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810965, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, Craft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811459, No numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltails SpA R4-1811474, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huavel, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811477, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811513, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Carification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811515, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson			
R4-1810662, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation Annex, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810981, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810985, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811485, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811457, Ocrrection on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Oraft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, VodafoneItalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in T5 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811477, Draft CR for 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: fr2 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811490, CR or TS38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR for TS38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson			
R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1810965, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810965, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811456, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP-OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghal Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811479, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811499, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp.  R4-181151, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR no NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: con channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1810862, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Updates to Transmit Modulation
R4-1810965, CR on ACS minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810965, CR on Out-of-Band Blocking minimum requirement, Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-181455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-181457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811510, Draft CR to N NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Crarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel reater entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1810892, CR to update Table 6.2D.1-2 for FR1, Qualcomm
Intel Corporation R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltaila SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811474, CR CP - OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on description of R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, 2TE Corporation			
R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel Corporation R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, VodafoneItalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811479, Draft CR to 38.101-1: edition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: on transmit signal quality, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel taster entries, ZTE Corporation			•
R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811457, OS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811491, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1810967, CR on Rx Intermodulation characteristics for CA, Intel
R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-181457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M), Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to TS 08.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1810974, Annex lettering change for 38.101-1, Qualcomm
R4-1811280, Corrections of NR receiver characteristics titles, Vivo R4-1811455, Draft CR on DL Physical Channel for FR1 RF tests, Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811189, CR to add more details to Coherent UL MIMO spec for
Qualcomm Europe Inc. (Spain) R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811498, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWiT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR on TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811459, Correction on UE transmitter requirement for FR1, CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations a6-n75 and n28-n75, Vodafoneltalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWiT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
CATT R4-1811463, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of missing NR CA configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, VodafoneItalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWiT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811457, NS numbering, Qualcomm Incorporated
configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, VodafoneItalia SpA R4-1811472, Addition parameters about n51 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			CATT
Huawei, Hisilicon, Etisalat R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			configurations n8-n75 and n28-n75, VodafoneItalia SpA
R4-1811474, CR CP- OFDM almost contiguous allocation, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon R4-1811490, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Addition of Carrier Leakage table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWiT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811477, Draft CR to 38.101-1: FR1 Power Control, Qualcomm
table, Rohde & Schwarz R4-1811491, Draft CR for TS38.101-1 on transmit signal quality, OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWIT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811478, A-MPR correction for n20 and n28, Huawei, HiSilicon
OPPO R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWiT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping, Indian Institute of Tech (M),Indian Institute of Tech (H), CEWiT, Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
Nokia R4-1811513, A proposal on 2UL co-ex table modification, SoftBank Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811493, CR to TS 38.101-1: pi/2 BPSK with Spectrum Shaping,
Corp. R4-1811514, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1: Clarification on OCNG, Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			Nokia
Keysight Technologies UK Ltd R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			Corp.
R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF requirements, Intel Corporation R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			
R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and spacing descriptions, Ericsson R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811516, Draft CR on NR DL FRCs for FR1 UE RF
R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of channel raster entries, ZTE Corporation			R4-1811550, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on channel bandwidth and
			R4-1811553, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on description of

							-
						R4-1811792, Draft CR for A-MPR revision for n1, NTT DOCOMO,	
						INC.	
						R4-1811798, Draft CR for Pcmax for FR1, Qualcomm Incorporated R4-1811799, Pcmax for inter-band NR CA FR1 draft CR,	
						InterDigital, Inc.	
						R4-1811812, Draft CR to 38.101-1: On FR1 AMPR Band n41	
						NS_04, Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1811816, CR to update the definition of Long and Short subslot	
						for FR1, Qualcomm	
						R4-1811894, Addition parameters about n50 in TS 38.101-1, Huawei	
						R4-1811896, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: n41 GSCN range	
						modification, MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1811285, Draft CR TS 38.101-1: NS_04 A-MPR' and spurious	
0010 10	DANIHOO	DD 400000	2000		_	emisison corrections, Sprint	45.40
2018-12	RAN#82	RP-182836	0029	1	F	Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#88Bis:	15.4.0
						R4-1812050, CR Simplification of NR NS_08, Nokia	
						R4-1812054, Correction for Inter-band CA operating bands table in	
						TS 38.101-1, Nokia.	
						R4-1812079, draft CR to introduce asymmetric UL DL channel BW	
						combinations for n71, T-Mobile USA Inc.	
						R4-1812121, Draft CR on Note1 Corrections in 38.101 RX tests,	
						Qualcomm	
						R4-1812128, draftCR on 256QAM UL power requirement, Intel	
						Corporation  P4 1913200 Proft CP to TS 39 101 1 Add election note to PC3	
						R4-1812200, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 Add clarification note to PC3 MPR table. Intel Corporation	
						R4-1812217, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on the descriptions	
						of UE channel bandwidth for CA, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1812319, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: REFSENS UL configuration	
						corrections, MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1812320, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Out-of-band blocking	
						exceptions for CA, MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1812322, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Blocking characteristics for	
						SUL, MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1812397, Clarification for almost contiguous CP-OFDM,	
						Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1812508, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on channel raster & SS raster for operating bands, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1812611, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Some corrections for inter-band	
						CA combinations, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1813459, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Support 4Rx for n38,	
						Huawei	
						R4-1813469, draftCR on applicability of TDD configuratiin for CA in	
						TS 38.101-1, Huawei	
						R4-1813521, Addition of ?TC,c for single carrier Pcmax for FR1, vivo	
						R4-1813798, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrections on UE additional	
						maximum output power reduction, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1813811, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Corrrection to n12 reference sensitivity power levels, Skyworks Solutions Inc.	
						R4-1813812, Band n41 spurious emission limits, Qualcomm	
						Incorporated	
						R4-1813813, Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: P-Max for 5G NR HPUE,	
						CMCC	
						R4-1814158, CR on Spurious emissions for UE co-existence, Intel	
						Corporation	
						R4-1814159, Draft CR for CA ACS/IBB for Bandwidth class C,	
						Qualcomm	
						R4-1813843, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Update of Annex F, Rohde &	
						Schwarz R4-1813845, Correction for PI/2 PBSK requriements, Nokia	
						174-1013043, Correction for F1/2 FD3N requirements, Nokia	
						Endorsed draft CR's from RAN4#89	
						R4-1815950, dCR on TS38.101-1 merging draft CRs from	
						RAN4#88Bis, Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1814752, DraftCR to TS 38.101-1 pi/2 BPSK in n41, CMCC	
						R4-1814824, n50 A-MPR, Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1814959, Changes to Max input power UL and DL	
						configuratgions in FR1, OPPO	
						R4-1814970, NR FR1 relative power tolerance CR, Nokia	
						R4-1814972, A-MPR for NS_03 and NS_03U and re-formulation of	
						NS_100, Nokia R4-1815060, draft CR for adding note about the fallback of NR CA in	
						FR1 for TS 38.101-1, NTT DOCOMO, INC.	
						R4-1815392, Draft CR to 38.101-1: Update to NS_04 requirements,	
						Rohde & Schwarz	
						,	

						R4-1815563, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on Clarification on 7.5 KHz raster	
						shift in NR re-farmed bands, Ericsson R4-1815863, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Nominal carrier spacing for 30	
						kHz raster, SPRINT Corporation	
						R4-1815898, draft CR on CA configuration on bandwidth class F,	
						Huawei	
						R4-1815917, draftCR on DL RMC for TS 38.101-1, Huawei R4-1816162, Draft CR on introduction of SRS switch IL in FR1,	
						OPPO	
						R4-1816199, Draft CR on FR1-FR2 UE-to-UE coexistence for	
						TS38.101-1, LG Electronics France	
						R4-1816200, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on intra-band contiguous CA	
						configurations for FR1, ZTE Corporation R4-1816240, Transient period for SRS Antenna Switching for FR1,	
						Qualcomm	
						R4-1816243, Draft CR to TS38.101-1_Clarifications on MSD and UL	
						configuration tables for inter-band CA, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1816466, Draft CR on some changes for SUL band combinations to TS 38.101-1, Huawei	
						R4-1816468, Support of 7.5 kHz carrier shift for additional operating	
						bands, Ericsson	
						R4-1816604, TDD configuration for UE Tx test in FR1, Ericsson	
						R4-1816663, Draft CR to 38.101-1 (5.3.4) RB alignment, Huawei R4-1816755, CR to 38.101-1: ACS and IBB intra-band contiguous	
						CA, Intel Corporation	
						Further changes in RAN#82	
						- 7.5 kHz frequency shift is specified for all FDD bands in clause 5.4.2.1	
2018-12	RAN#82	RP-182814	0030	2	F	Company CR on 2Rx exception for NR vehicular UE at FR1	15.4.0
2019-03		RP-190403			F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Implementation of endorsed draft CRs from	15.5.0
						RAN4#90	
						Endorced draft CR from Ran4#90	
						R4-1900032, Editorial corrections for 38.101-1, Qualcomm	
						Incorporated	
						R4-1900031, draftCR on SRS IL for CA, Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1900161, CR on Relative power tolerance, Intel Corporation R4-1900162, CR on Minimum output power, Intel Corporation	
						R4-1900274, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on NR general spectrum	
						emission mask, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1900275, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on spurious emisssion for	
						network signalled value NS_40, NS_41 and NS_42, ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1900424, Correction of table references and other typos,	
						Ericsson	
						R4-1900508, Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on UE transmitter power and	
						some other editorial corrections, ZTE Corporation R4-1900723, Draft CR on editorial error of TS38.101-1, LG	
						Electronics Inc.	
						R4-1900727, Update to PRACH EVM window length for FR1, Rohde	
						& Schwarz R4-1900840, Draft CR for 38.101-1 modification of Transmit	
						intermodulation requirement, Huawei	
						R4-1900848, [RAN5 LS]Draft CR for 38.101-1: adding note for inter-	
						band CA spurious emissions, Huawei	
						R4-1901033, Alignment of Foob related description for 38.101-1, vivo	
						R4-1901273, Correction of HARQ-ACK transmission timing for DL	
						RMC for FR1 TDD SCS=60kHz, Ericsson	
						R4-1901766, draft_CR TS 38.101-1 Correction to UL configuration	
						for reference sensitivity, Skyworks Solutions Inc. R4-1901823, draft CR on spurious requirment for TS 38.101-1,	
						Huawei, HiSilicon	
						R4-1901835, draftCR on MSD for CA_n41-n78 for TS 38.101-1,	
						Huawei R4-1901847, Draft CR for 38.101-1: Addition of default power class,	
						Sprint Corporation	
						R4-1901873, Receiver requirement RMC references, Qualcomm	
						Incorporated	
						R4-1901925, Draft CR to 38.101-1 to update and clarify Rx wide band intermod and spurious requirments for BW class C, D, E,	
						Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1901992, Draft CR to 38.101-1. Correct FR1 NS_41 AMPR for	
						n50, Huawei	
1						R4-1902001, Draft CR to 38.101-1 on n41 – B40 coexistence, Qualcomm Incorporated	

		1					
						Forders and deaft ODs from DANAWOA	
						Endorced draft CRs from RAN4#91	
						R4-1905339 removal of A-MPR brackets in FR1 Nokia	
						R4-1905503 Change description 4.2(d) in Applicability of minimum requirements for TS 38.101-1 vivo	
						R4-1905524 [Rx]Draft CR for 38.101-1 Removing the brackets in	
						Rx requirements Huawei	
						R4-1905526 [Rx]Draft CR for 38.101-1 defining NBB	
						requirements<2.7GHz Huawei	
						R4-1905772 Draft CR to TS38.101-1 Almost contiguous MPR	
						Intel Corporation	
						R4-1905795 Correction to a description of PRB for in-band	
						emission in FR1 Anritsu Corporation	
						R4-1905797 Correction to power control in FR1 Anritsu	
						Corporation	
						R4-1906140 draft CR for TS 38.101-1 Rx requirement for CA	
						Huawei	
						R4-1906153 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial corrections to	
						intra-band contiguous CA ACS and in-band blocking requirements	
						MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1906154 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Adding symbol definitions	
						for intra-band contiguous CA Rx maximum input level and ACS	
			1			requirements MediaTek Inc.	
			1			R4-1906871 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 UE optional bandwidth for	
			1			FR1 Huawei	
			1			R4-1907131 Draft CR to 38.101-1. Clarification to FR1 NS_43	
			1			AMPR frequency ranges Qualcomm Incorporated	
			1			R4-1907135 Draft CR to 38.101-1 rel. 15 to fix missing	
			1			Exceptions for Out-of-band Blocking Apple	
						R4-1907419 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial improvement to	
						EVM equalizer spectrum flatness requirements for Pi/2 BPSK	
						MediaTek Inc.	
						R4-1907429 Draft CR to TS38.101-1 A-MPR for Inter-band CA	
						Intel Corporation	
						R4-1907434 [Rx]Draft CR for 38.101-1 modifying characteristics	
						of the interfering signal in Annex D Huawei	
						R4-1907435 Draft CR to TS38.101-1_introduction of n41C and	
						corrections on Rx requirements for NR intra-band contiguous CA	
						ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1907439 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on CA bandwidth class	
						description ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1907471 Draft CR to 38.101-1. Clarify all RB reference so	
						transmission BW applies for all SCS Qualcomm Incorporated	
						R4-1907474 Draft CR for TS 38.101-1 Correction of channel bandwidth set for NR CA Huawei	
						R4-1907477 Draft CR to TS 38.101-1 on maximum aggregated bandwidth for NR CA configurations ZTE Corporation	
						R4-1907481 Correction of RefSens exceptions due to UL	
						harmonic interference for NR CA in 38.101-1 vivo	
						R4-1907687 Correction to CA carrier spacing Ericsson	
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191248	0037	1	В	Introduction of n48 in to TS 38.101-1	16.0.0
2019-06		RP-191240	0037	-	В	CR to REL-16 TS 38.101-1: Implementation of endorsed draft CRs	16.0.0
2019-00	INMIN#04	115-191241	0040		D	on NR combinations and dual Connectivity combinations	10.0.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191242	0041	1	В	CR to TS 38.101-1: Introduction of band n14 – Endorsed R4-	16.0.0
2019-00	INMIN#04	117-191242	0041	'	D	1904008 in RAN4#90b	10.0.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191246	0042	1	В	CR to TS 38.101-1: Introduction of band n30 + editorial in table	16.0.0
2019-00	INMIN#04	117-191240	0042	'	D	7.6.2-2	10.0.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191244	0043	1	В	CR to introduce n18 to TS 38.101-1	16.0.0
2019-06		RP-191250		1	В	n65 introduction to 38.101-1	16.0.0
2019-06		RP-191251	0045		В	Addition channel bandwidth of 30MHz for n50 in TS 38.101-1	16.0.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191252	0046	1	В	Introduction of a new NR band for LTE/NR spectrum sharing in Band	16.0.0
0040.00	DANUGA	DD 404044	00.40			41/n41	40.00
2019-06		RP-191241	0048		В	CR on introducing NR inter-band CA of 3DL Bands and 1UL band	16.0.0
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191241	0049		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter-band CA/DC combinations into	16.0.0
0045.55	DANIII :	DD 464644	0050		_	Rel16 TS38.101-1	10.00
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191241	0050		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter-band CA/DC combinations for 3	16.0.0
	D 4 5 1 11 0 4	55 464644			_	bands DL with 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS38.101-1	1000
2019-06	RAN#84	RP-191241	0051		В	CR introduction completed band combinations 38.716-01-01 ->	16.0.0
0.7.1	5		0.5 = :			38.101-1	
2019-09		RP-192038			F	Correction to FR1 ASEM NS_27	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192032			В	Addition of NS information on 30MHz support for n41	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192031		1	В	Addition of new channel bandwidths for n7 into TS 38.101-1	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192027			В	CR on introducing NR intra-band CA for 3DL Bands and 1UL band	16.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192027	0057	1	F	Minor corrections of intra-band non-contiguous CA operating bands	16.1.0
						in TS 38.101-1	
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192027	0058	1	F	Adding DeltaFHD for CA_n1-n77 refersense requirments	16.1.0

r							
2019-09		RP-192032	0060		В	CR to introduce 30MHz bandwidth of n41 into TS 38.101-1	16.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192026	0061	1	В	Characteristics of Interfering signal for Contiguous Intra-band CA	16.1.0
2019-09	PAN#85	RP-192027	0062	1	F	Class B Correction Inter-band CA configurations	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192027	0063	1	F	Finalizing Generic Intra-band Contiguous CA Class B requirements	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192034		1	В	n29 introduction to 38.101	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192027	0065		F	[SUL] CR on SUL band combinations into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192029	0066		В	CR on Introduction of SUL band n89 into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192046	0068	2	F	Correction to Band n66	16.1.0
2019-09		RP-192026	0070	1	F	CR to 38.101-1. Revamp CA ACS and IBB tables to differentiate by	16.1.0
						band numbers and not frequency	
2019-09		RP-192038	0071		F	CR to 38.101-1. Add missing AMPR to NS27	16.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192026	0072		В	CR for 38.101-1 Rx requirement for NR intra-band non-contiguous	16.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192036	0073		F	CR for 38.101-1: Correction to the Spurious Emission for UE	16.1.0
2019-09	KAIN#00	KF-192030	0073		Г	Coexistence table for n14	10.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192037	0074		F	CR for 38.101-1: Correction to the Spurious Emission for UE	16.1.0
2010 00	10 11 11 100	102007	0071			Coexistence table for n30	10.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192027	0075		В	CR introduction completed band combinations 38.716-01-01 ->	16.1.0
						38.101-1	
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192027	0076		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 2	16.1.0
0010.00	DANIHOE	DD 400007	0077		_	bands DL with up to 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	10.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192027	0077		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 3	16.1.0
2019-09	RAN#85	RP-192049	0079		Α	bands DL with 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1 CR to TS 38.101-1: Implementation of endorsed draft CRs from	16.1.0
2019-09	KAIN#00	KF-192049	0079		А	RAN4#92 (Rel-16)	10.1.0
						- Mirrors changes in R4-1910350 (of RAN4#92) for Rel-15 TS	
						38.101-1	
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193022	0097		F	CR to align NS27 AMPR to CA_NS_10 AMPR for 40MHz BW at the	16.2.0
						center of band 48.	
2019-12		RP-193028	0099		Α	CR for 38.101- RX Out-of-Band Blocking for B38 and B41	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193028			Α	CR for 38.101-1 n39 AMPR	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193013		1	В	Introduction of 2010-2025MHz SUL band into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193015			В	Addition of 25, 30 and 40 MHz to NR band n25 in TS 38.101-1	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193028			A	Sync raster to SSB resource element mapping	16.2.0
2019-12 2019-12		RP-193028 RP-193028			A	CR to TS 38.101-1 Almost contiguous A-MPR (R16) CR to 38.101-1 (Rel-16) to clarify measurement interval and	16.2.0 16.2.0
2019-12	KAIN#00	KF-193026	0116		A	observation window on frequency error	10.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193020	0119		D	Format misalignment on NS_47 protection requirement table	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193028	0121		A	CR to TS 38.101-1: Replace CBW with symbols defined in the	16.2.0
						specification	
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193012	0124		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 2	16.2.0
						bands DL with up to 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193012	0125		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 3	16.2.0
2010 12	D / N # 0 C	RP-193012	0126		_	bands DL with 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	16 2 0
2019-12 2019-12		RP-193012			F A	CR to remove square brackets for n90 in TS38.101-1 CR for TS38.101-1, Clarification and Editorial corrections	16.2.0 16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193012			В	Introducing NR inter-band CA for 3DL Bands and 1UL band for	16.2.0
2013-12	TVAIN#00	100012	0102			38.101-1	10.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0133		В	Adding band n71 and n28 to 4 Rx antenna ports support in 38.101-1	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193028	0137		Α	CR for TS 38.101-1: Editorial correction for n2 uplink configuration	16.2.0
						note index in Table 7.3.2-3	
2019-12		RP-193028	0138		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1 on A-MPR table cleanup (Rel-16)	16.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0140		Α	CR for TS 38.101-1: Removing CA configurations for CA_n77D/E,	16.2.0
0040 40	DANUCC	DD 400000	04.4.1		^	CA_n78D/E, and CA_n79D/E	40.00
2019-12		RP-193029			A	CR for TS 38.101-1: Fix out-of-band blocking issue for n50 and n75	16.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0146		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1 on corrections to channel raster entries for NR band (Rel-16)	16.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193029	0150		Α	CR to transmit modulation quality in FR1	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193029			F	Corrections Intra-band CA simultaneous TX/RX requirements	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193029			F	Removal of brackets from reciever requirements in 38.101-1 REL-16	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193012			В	Extension of CA BW class B	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193029			Α	CR to 38.101-1: Editorial correction of UL RMCs	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193012			В	CR for 38.101-1 introduce SUL band combination	16.2.0
						CA_n78(2A)_SUL_n78A-n86A	
2019-12		RP-193010	0165		F	CR for 38.101-1: add BCS1 configurations for CA_n78(2A)	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193017			В	CR to 38.101-1 - Band n75 - wider CBW	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193018			В	CR for TS 38.101: adding wider channel bandwidths	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193016			В	CR to 38.101-1: Addition of channel bandwidth for band n38	16.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193012	0169		В	CR introduction completed band combinations 38.716-01-01 -> 38.101-1	16.2.0
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193012	0170		В	CR introduction completed band combinations 38.716-04-01 ->	16.2.0
2013-12	11/11/1/00	131 - 1930 12	0170		ט	38.101-1	10.2.0
						1	

		I = = · · · · · · ·				In a series of the series of t	
2019-12	RAN#86	RP-193021	0171		С	CR for 38.101-1: Making 90 MHz channel bandwidth mandatory for n41, n78 and n90	16.2.0
2019-12	PAN#86	RP-193020	0172		В	CR for 38.101-1: adding 30 MHz CHBW to NS_04 for n41	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193029			A	CR to 38.101-1-g10 Corrections to Transient Time Masks	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193010		1	F	CR for intra-band DL contiguous CA RF requirements	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193010		!	В	Introduction of almost contiguous MPR for PC2	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193029			A	CR for asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	16.2.0
2019-12		RP-193028			A	CR to 38.101-1: DMRS Exceptions	16.2.0
2020-03		RP-200408			F	Corrections to n65	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200408	0201	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 to introduce BCS1 for CA_n77C and CA_n78C	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200377	0203	<del>  '</del>	A	CR to TS 38.101-1 on corrections to network signalling value (Rel-	16.3.0
2020-03	IXAN#01	KF-200394	0203			16)	10.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200484	0208		Α	CR for 38.101- n39 NS flag change due to conflict	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200394		1	Α	Mirror CR for 38.101-1: n41 and n25 corrections	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200380		2	F	CR for 38.101-1: Corrections to intra-band CA tables	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200387		_	F	CR for 38.101-1: Missing 70 MHz for NS_01	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200381	0215		В	CR for 38.101-1: Introduction of n26	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200380	0216	1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Corrections on MSD tables for CA_n20-n78 and	16.3.0
2020 03	TVAIN#01	111 200300	0210		'	CA_n66-n78	10.5.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0218		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on ACS for intra-band contiguous	16.3.0
2020 00		20000.	02.0		, ,	CA	. 0.0.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200380	0219	1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1: Improvement on NR 3DL inter-band CA	16.3.0
						combination	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0221		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1: Replace CBW with symbols defined in the	16.3.0
						specification.	
						NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest	
						version of the specification and therefore it is not	
						implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2.3.1-1, 7.6.2-2 and Table	
						7.6.2-4 in CR0221 are different compared to those in	
						38.101-1 v16.2.0.	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200380	0222		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 2	16.3.0
						bands DL with up to 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200380	0223		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 3	16.3.0
				ļ		bands DL with 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	
2020-03		RP-200394	0224	1	В	Introduction of n53 into TS 38.101-1	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200394			Α	CR for TS38.101-1, Remove notes for UE channel bandwidth	16.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200394	0231		Α	CR for TS38.101-1, Correction of IE RF-Parameters name of	16.3.0
2020 02	D 4 N 1 4 O 7	DD 000000	0004	1	_	maxUplinkDutyCycle	4000
2020-03	KAN#87	RP-200380	0234	1	В	Introducing NR inter-band CA for 3DL Bands and 1UL band for	16.3.0
2020 02	D 4 N 1 4 O 7	DD 000077	0000	1	_	38.101-1	4000
2020-03		RP-200377	0239	1	F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections for n48 receiver requirements	16.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200386	0240	1	В	CR for TS 38.101: adding wider channel bandwidths for n66	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200392	0241	1	F	Maintenance on the UE BW for n92 and n94	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200392			F	Maintenance on the Rx-Tx separation terms	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200394			A	CR for 38.101-1: to remove fallback group 1 in table 5.5A.1-1	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200389		<u> </u>	F	CR for 38.101-1: to correct CA_n8A-n75A REFSENS	16.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200384	0249	1	В	CR for 38.101-1: to introduce UE RF requirements for adding wider	16.3.0
0000 00	DANIMOS	DD 00000	2052	ļ .	_	channel bandwidth in band n28	40.0.0
2020-03		RP-200383	0250	1	В	CR to 38.101-1 Band n1 - wider CBW - Additional Channel BW	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200385		1	В	CR to 38.101-1 Band n38 - wider CBW - Additional Channel BW	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200380		1	F	Editorial corrections	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200377	0263		F	CR for alomost contiguous allocation applicability	16.3.0
2020-03		RP-200394		1	Α	CR for inter-band CA Tx requirement	16.3.0
0000 00	D / NI#97	RP-200377	0266	1	F	CR for intra-band CA configuration and DL RF requirements	16.3.0
2020-03					_	ICD to 20 404 4. Mandatam, assessed for a 44 by LIFe that assessed a 00	16.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391	0273		F	CR for 38.101-1: Mandatory support for n41 by UEs that support n90	
			0273 0275		A	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	16.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2A.4.2.3-1, Table 7.3A.6-1,	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2A.4.2.3-1, Table 7.3A.6-1, 7.3A.6.2 and table notes are different compared to those	
2020-03	RAN#87	RP-200391				CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2A.4.2.3-1, Table 7.3A.6-1,	
2020-03	RAN#87 RAN#87	RP-200391 RP-200394	0275		A	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2A.4.2.3-1, Table 7.3A.6-1, 7.3A.6.2 and table notes are different compared to those in 38.101-1 v16.2.0.	16.3.0
2020-03 2020-03 2020-03	RAN#87 RAN#87	RP-200391 RP-200394 RP-200380	0275		A	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2A.4.2.3-1, Table 7.3A.6-1, 7.3A.6.2 and table notes are different compared to those in 38.101-1 v16.2.0.  CR for 38.101-1: delta Tib corrections	16.3.0
2020-03	RAN#87 RAN#87	RP-200391 RP-200394	0275		A	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79  NOTE: The CR is based on something else than the latest version of the specification and therefore it is not implemented, e.g. Tables 6.2A.4.2.3-1, Table 7.3A.6-1, 7.3A.6.2 and table notes are different compared to those in 38.101-1 v16.2.0.	16.3.0

2020-06	RAN#88	RP-201338	0293	4	В	CR to TS 38.101-1: Switching time mask between two uplink carriers	16.4.0
						in UL CA and SUL	
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0294		F	Corrections to CA n48	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0300		Α	CR to asymmetric CBW operation in FR1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0302		Α	CR on ACLR MBW definition in FR1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0305		В	Introducing NR inter-band CA for 3DL Bands and 1UL band for 38.101-1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0307		F	CR Coexistence cleanup for 38101-1 Rel16	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0310		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1 R16: corrections on ACS for intra-band contiguous CA	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200966	0311		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: UL harmonic MSD and OOBB exception	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200981	0315		F	Update 4Rx Requirement for Band n30	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200958	0317		В	CR on NR V2X UE RF requirements for single carrier in TS38.101-1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0327		Α	Maintenance CR to 38101-1 on relative power tolerance R16	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200974	0329		F	Endorsed CR on default AMPR signaling for n91 n92 n93 and n94	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0331		Α	Update of CSI-RS definition for FR1 DL RMCs	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0335		Α	Correction to FR1 QPSK UL RMC	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200966	0336		В	CR to TS38.101-1: Introduction of NR DC(Clauses 3	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0338		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1: Correction on the CA nominal channel spacing	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0340		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1: Replace CBW with symbols defined in the	16.4.0
						specification.	
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0341		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 2 bands DL with up to 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0345		Α	30k SSB SCS for n50	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0347		Α	Addition of 30k SSB SCS for Band n38	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0354		Α	IBE measurements for Pi/2 BPSK with spectrum shaping	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0357		В	CR to reflect the completed NR inter band CA DC combinations for 3 bands DL with 2 bands UL into Rel16 TS 38.101-1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0360		В	CR introduction completed band combinations 38.716-01-01 -	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0361		В	CR introduction completed band combinations 38.716-04-01 -	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0364		В	CR on Introduction of completed SUL band combinations into TS 38.101-1	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-201045	0365		F	CR for 38.101-1 to introduce BCS2 for CA_n78(2A).	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0367		Α	CR for 38.101-1 to remove the NR CA configuration for REFSENS exception due to cross band isolation for CA (mirror CR)	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0369		Α	CR for 38.101-1 to add the REFSENS exception for inter band CA	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200979	0373		F	with SDL (mirror CR)  CR on introduce delta-MPR for inter-band CA in band n28 and review value with brackets	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0379		Α	IBE requirement for almost contiguous allocations	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985			A	OOB blocking for n70 adjacent to n25	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0394		F	CR for TS 38.101-1 UE co-existence correction (R16)	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985			F	CR for 38.101-1 RFC corrections (R16)	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0400		A	TS38.101-1 CR on 30KHz SSB SCS for n40(Rel-16)	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200959	0318	1	F	CR to add simultaneous RXTX capability for CA_n41-n79	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0404		A	CR for 38.101-1: to add some missing sub-clause title for NR interband CA	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200985	0343	1	Α	CR for [agreed] asynchronous operation for NR CA n78-n79	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200965		1	В	CR on FR1 UL contiguous CA requirement	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-201043		1	F	CR on blocking requirements for n91 n92 n93 and n94	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200974 RP-201045	0380	1	В	Addition of mutual UE coexistence between US bands and NR Band	16.4.0
2020.06	D / N1#00	DD 200077	0256	1	D	n77	16 4 0
2020-06 2020-06	RAN#88 RAN#88	RP-200977	0356	1	B B	CR for TS 38.101: adding 50 MHz CBW for n1	16.4.0
	1	RP-200980		1	В	CR to TS 38.101-1 - Add 40 MHz CBW in band n3 CR to TS 38.101-1 - Add 50 MHz CBW in band n65	16.4.0
2020-06 2020-06	RAN#88 RAN#88	RP-200982 RP-200985	0359 0405	1	F	Corrections of UE co-ex tables for Japan-related bands (R16)	16.4.0 16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88	RP-200965	0320	2	В	CR to 38.101-1: Introduce an operating band list and NR bands to	16.4.0
2020-06	D / N1#00	RP-200966	0362	1	В	UL MIMO CR to 38.101-1 for Introduction of requirements for NR-DC	16.4.0
2020-06	RAN#88 RAN#89	RP-200966	0407	1	F	Correction to FR1 UL contiguous CA MPR regions	16.4.0 16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201493		<del></del>	F	CR for n26 AMPR for 256QAM	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512			A	OOB blocking for Inter-band CA	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0416	1	F	Correction to ASEM for NS_27	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201507	0419	<u> </u>	F	Introduction of UE PC2 for NR band n40	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201502	0422	1	В	Introduction of LTE/NR spectrum sharing in band 48/n48 frequency range	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201507	0423		F	Coexistence cleanup for 38101-1 Rel16	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201506			D	CR Editorial cleanup of band combination tables for 38101-1 Rel16	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0426		A	CR to TS 38.101-1: corrections on narrow band blocking for intra- band contiguous CA	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201492	0428	1	F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Removal of table 6.5E.3.4.3-1 and table 6.5E.3.4.3-2	16.5.0

2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201503	0432	1	В	CR for 38.101-1: Introduction of Power Class 1.5	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89		0433	1	В	CR to TS38.101-1 on introduction of Uplink Full Power Transmission	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89		0435	'	A	Corrections of Japan-related CA co-ex tables for REL-15 combo	16.5.0
	RAN#89	RP-201492		1	F	Correction on 5G V2X UE RF requirements in rel-16	16.5.0
	RAN#89	RP-201495	0437	2	В	A-MPR definition for CA_n48B, CA_n41B and CA_n41C	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201495	0438		F	CR Restoring the clause structure of NR FR1 uplink contiguous	16.5.0
2020-09	KAIN#09	KF-201495	0439		F	intraband CA	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201492	0440	1	F	CR on TS38.101-1 for NR V2X	16.5.0
	RAN#89	RP-201512		<u>'</u>	A	30k SSB SCS for Band n34 and n39	16.5.0
	RAN#89	RP-201512	0444		F	Correction for 5 MHz channel bandwidth for n50 and introduction of	16.5.0
2020 03	TATA THOS	101 201012	0444		'	Annex H	10.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0458		Α	CR for 38.101-1 FRC corrections (R16)	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201506	0459	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 to remove PHS system and 860~890 protection for	16.5.0
			0.00	•		NR CA band combination with band n1 and band n8	10.0.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201506	0460	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 to add the missing region for NS_18 and	16.5.0
						maintenance the ?mprc	
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0462		Α	CR for 38.101-1 to add the missing MSD for CA_n41A-n78A	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0465		Α	Correction to configured power with allowance for SRS switching	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-202117	0466		В	Introduce UE NR-U requirements to 38.101-1 including Band n46 (5	16.5.0
						GHz) and Band n96 (6 GHz)	
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201495	0468	1	F	CR for intra-band UL CA non-contiguous CA requirement	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201495	0469	1	F	CR for correction on intra-band UL CA contiguous CA requirement	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201495	0470	1	F	CR for intra-band UL contiguous CA DC location	16.5.0
	RAN#89	RP-201495	0471	1	В	CR for intra-band UL CA non-contiguous CA requirement	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201507	0480	1	F	CR to 38.101-1 - Correction to CA BCS and cross band isolation	16.5.0
						MSD tables	
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201512	0483		Α	Correction of applicability of 2Rx requirements	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-201488	0486	2	В	CR to add PC3 Pi/2 BPSK DMRS for IE powerBoostPi2BPSK = 0	16.5.0
2020-09	RAN#89	RP-202098	0499	1	С	7.5 kHz UL shift for LTE/NR spectrum sharing in Band 38/n38	16.5.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202440	0492	1	F	CR CatF n7 NS_46 AMPR and coexistence	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202427	0498	1	F	Correction on 5G V2X UE RF requirements in TS38.101-1 in rel-16	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202438	0506		F	n53 bracket removal	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202442	0507	2	F	A-MPR definition for CA_n7B, CA_n48B, CA_n41B and CA_n41C	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0512		Α	CR to TS38.101-1 on DC location correction	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202509	0518		F	Coexistence cleanup for 38.101-1 Rel16	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202509	0524	1	F	CR to TS 38.101-1 on simplification for inter-band CA configuration	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202427	0525		F	CR on TS38.101-1 for NR V2X	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0527		Α	CR to TS 38.101-1[R16]: Clarification of non-simultaneous Rx/Tx	16.6.0
						operation for CA_n77-n79 and CA_n78-n79 in TS 38.101-1.	
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202442	0533	1	F	CR to 38.101-1 Add requirement on the UL CA configurations with	16.6.0
						no DL interruption	
	RAN#90	RP-202509	0534		F	Editorial correction on section 5.2C to 38.101-1 R16	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202427	0535	1	F	CR on V2X bands reference table	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202509	0536	1	F	CR on sum of power for multiple transmit connectors	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202428	0540		F	CR for 38.101-1 to correct the notation of SUL band combinations in	16.6.0
						order to be aligned with 38.101-3	
	RAN#90	RP-202485			Α	CR for 38.101-1 to adjust the structure of NR CA REFSENS (Rel-16)	
	RAN#90	RP-202509			F	Reference measurement channels for 70 MHz CBW	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202428			F	Correction to supported channel bandwidths per SUL_n41A-n81A	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202414	0550	3	F	Correction to the intra-cell guard band definition for wideband	16.6.0
						operation	
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202414	0552	1	F	Correction to receiver requirements for shared spectrum channel	16.6.0
0000 10	DANIMOO	DD 000 : : 5	0550			access	40.00
	RAN#90	RP-202442	0556		F	CR Correction to NS_27 and Band 10 protection 38101-1 Rel16	16.6.0
	RAN#90		0557	1	F	CR for editorial corrections 38.101-1	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202414		2	F	Removal of square brackets for 38.101-1 NR-U	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202509	0562		F	CR to for 38.101-1: CA uplink power clarification	16.6.0
	RAN#90		0563		D	CR for 38.101-1: Editorial corrections	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202427	0566	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 NR V2X FRC	16.6.0
2020-12	RAN#90	RP-202485	0571		Α	CR for TS 38.101-1: correction of delta Tib for UE supporting	16.6.0
0000.40	DANIJOO	DD 000446	0574		_	multiple band combinations (R16)	40.00
	RAN#90	RP-202442	0574	1	В	CR for intra-band UL CA non-contiguous CA requirement	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202485	0581		A	CR for 38.101-1 on corrections for AMPR-Rel-16	16.6.0
	RAN#90	RP-202485	0584		A	CR to DMRS position in UL RMC for FR1	16.6.0
	RAN#91	RP-210190		2	F	PC1 and PC3 Updates for Band n14	16.7.0
	RAN#91	RP-210117	0593	1	F	38.101 Void clean up R16	16.7.0
	RAN#91	RP-210082			F	CA_n7B_REFSENS_CatF_CR	16.7.0
	RAN#91	RP-210072	0605	1	F	CR on editorial correction on V2X operation in TS38.101-1 in Rel-16	16.7.0
2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0611		A	CR for TS38 101-1 Rel-16 Correction for definition of P-MPR	16.7.0
	D 411	DD ~	00				
	RAN#91	RP-210117	0613	2	F	CR for TS38 101-1 Rel-16 Correction of condition for MPR and delta MPR	16.7.0

2021-03   RANe91   RP-210091   0632   F   CR tot 38.011-1: Update of missing fallback NR-DC combinations   16.7.0	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210082	0629		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Correction on 1Tx-2Tx switching between two uplink carriers (Rel-16)	16.7.0
2021-03   RANIPP  RP-210091   6647   1   F   CR 107 38.101-1 Rolf-16 corrections on exception requirements on 16.7.0	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210091	0632		F	CR for 38.101-1: Update of missing fallback NR-DC combinations	16.7.0
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210091   0694   1   B   CR not introduction of shorter Transient Period Capability   16.7.0	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0637	1	F	CR for 38.101-1 Rel16 corrections on exception requirements on	16.7.0
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210094   0669   F   CR for 38.101-11 to add missing spurious emissions for band n38 UE   16.7 o.	2221 22	D 4 5 1 11 2 4	55.010001	2211				
D221-03 RAM991 RP-210017 0664		1			1			
2021-03   RANH91   RP-21017   0664   A   Simplification of n70   16.7.0				0659		-	co-existence (Rel-16)	
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210017   0668   F   CR for 38.101-1: Add CA_n25A-n41(2A)-n71A which was missing in 16.7.0   the CR implementation   16.7.0   the CR implement					1			
Section								
2021-03 RAN#91 RP-210117 0678   A CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on the Aggregated Channel   16.7.0 Bandwidth   Royal RP-210117 0678   F CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on configured transmitted power requirement   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210117 0689   D Missing parent clause for NR-DC PCMAX   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210117 0689   D Missing parent clause for NR-DC PCMAX   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210117 0689   D Missing parent clause for NR-DC PCMAX   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210117 0689   D Missing parent clause for NR-DC PCMAX   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210117 0689   D Missing parent clause for NR-DC PCMAX   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210082 0700   F Corrections to PCMAX for UL CA   16.7.0 RAN#91 RP-210082 0700   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to FR time mask for SRS antenna switching   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to intra-band UL NC CA requirements   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to intra-band UL NC CA requirements   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to intra-band UL NC CA requirements   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence table   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence table   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-existence representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emissions for UE co-existence Representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emissions for UE co-existence Representation   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emission   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emission   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emission   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emission   F CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for Spurious emission   F CR for TS 38.1	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210074	0668		F		16.7.0
Bandwidth   RP-210117   0678   F CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on configured transmitted power   16.7.0	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0673		Α		16.7.0
Equiremen   Fequiremen   Fequ	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0676		Α		16.7.0
2021-03   RAN-991   RP-210117   0698   1   D   Missing parent clause for NR-DC PCMAX   16.7.0	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0678		F	= · · _ · _ · _ · _ · _	16.7.0
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210117   0699	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210117	0689	1	D		16.7.0
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210117   0698   A   CR for TS 38.101-11: Correction to FR1 time mask for SRS antenna   16.7.0   switching   2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210082   0700   1   F   CR for TS 38.101-11: Corrections to intra-band UL NC CA   16.7.0   (Fig. 1975)   16.7.0   16.7.					1	F		
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210082   0700   1   F   CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to intra-band UL NC CA   16.7.0				0698		Α		
2021-03   RAN#91   RP-210091   0702   F   CR for TS 38.101-11: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210082	0700	1	F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Corrections to intra-band UL NC CA	16.7.0
2021-03   RAN#90   RP-211084   0735   A   Update of FR1 UL RMC tables   16.8.0	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210091	0702		F	CR for TS 38.101-1: Cleanup for spurious emissions for UE co-	16.7.0
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211104   0735   A   Update of FR1 UL RMC (tables   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211114   0737   F   CR Removal of square brackets from n48 NS_27 R16 CAT F   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211114   0739   1   F   CR TDD Intraband CA REFSENS requirement issue R16   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-2111102   0744   1   F   CR TDD Intraband CA REFSENS requirement issue R16   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211108   0744   1   F   CR TDD Intraband CA REFSENS requirement issue R16   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211080   0759   1   F   CR on spurious emission between n40 and n41 into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211080   0759   1   F   Correction of an improper usage of band edge relaxation for MOP   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211085   0764   A   CR to TS38.101-1   R16]: Addition of UE co-existence requirements   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211115   0767   F   Correction of supported channel bandwidth for CA_n39-n41-n79   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211107   0774   1   F   CR for correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211107   0785   F   CR for correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0785   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0799   1   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   CR for updating the note of mandatory simultaneous Rx/Tx   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92	2021-03	RAN#91	RP-210091	0710		F		16.7.0
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211114   0737   F   CR Removal of square brackets from n48 NS_27 R16 CAT F   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211114   0739   1   F   CR TDD Intraband CA REFSENS requirement issue R16   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211118   0744   1   F   CR OP DC1.5 HPUE SAR issue into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211102   0749   1   F   CR op DC1.5 HPUE SAR issue into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211080   0759   1   F   CR op spurious emission between n40 and n41 into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211085   0764   A   CR to TS38.101-1 [R16]: Addition of UE co-existence requirements to rn40   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211085   0764   A   CR to TS38.101-1 [R16]: Addition of UE co-existence requirements to rn40   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211115   0767   F   Correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for to 2DL with up to 2 bands UL   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211107   0778   1   F   Cleanup for UE co-existence 38.101-1 Rel-16   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0778   5   F   UL MIMO coherence for Tx switching between two carriers (Rel-16)   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0778   F   CR to updating the note of mandatory simultaneous RxTx   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0799   1   F   Correction to MPR for serving cells of intra-band UL CA   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   Correction to NPR for serving cells of intra-band UL CA   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   Correction to NPR for serving cells of intra-band UL CA   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   Correction to NPR for serving cells of intra-band UL CA   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   Correction to NPR for serving cells of intra-band UL CA   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211096   0813   F   Correction to NPR for serving cells of intra-band Delta   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211096   0813   F   Correction to SCS for n46   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211096   0835   F   CR for 38.101-		1						
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211114         0739         1         F         CR TDD Intraband CA REFSENS requirement issue R16         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211110         0749         1         F         CR on PC1.5 HPUE SAR issue into Rel-16 TS S3.010-1         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0759         1         F         Correction of an improper usage of band edge relaxation for MOP         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211085         0764         A         Cr to TS38.101-1[R16]: Addition of UE co-existence requirements for nA0         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211015         0767         F         Correction on supported channel bandwidth for CA_n39-n41-n79         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211107         0774         1         F         CR for correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for nA0         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211077         0778         1         F         Cleanup for UE co-existence 38.101-1 Rel-16         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211077         0778         1         F         Cleanup for UE co-existence 38.101-1 Rel-16         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92		1						
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211118   0744   1   F   CR on PC1.5 HPUE SAR issue into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211080   0759   1   F   CR on spurious emission between n40 and n41 into Rel-16 TS 38.101-1   16.8.0   38.101-1   RAN#92   RP-211080   0759   1   F   Correction of an improper usage of band edge relaxation for MOP   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211115   0767   F   Correction of an improper usage of band edge relaxation for MOP   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211114   0774   1   F   Correction on supported channel bandwidth for CA_n39-n41-n79   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0778   1   F   CR for correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for 2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0778   1   F   CR for correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for 2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0778   T   F   CR to an inter-band CA DC configuration for 2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0778   T   F   CR to an inter-band St. 101-1 Rel-16   16.8.0   2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211077   0785   F   CR to 38.101-1 for missing MSD due to receive two carriers (Rel-16)   16.8.0   Combos with n46   CR   CR   CR   CR   CR   CR   CR   C					1			
2021-06								
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211080   0759   1   F   Correction of an improper usage of band edge relaxation for MOP   16.8.0		1						
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211085   0764   A   CR to TS38.101-1[R16]: Addition of UE co-existence requirements   16.8.0						•	38.101-1	
Total					1			
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211114   0774   1   F   CR for correction of Rel-16 NR inter-band CA DC configuration for 2DL with up to 2 bands UL	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211085	0764		Α		16.8.0
2021-06								
2021-06	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211114	0774	1	F	2DL with up to 2 bands UL	16.8.0
2021-06	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211077	0778	1	F	Cleanup for UE co-existence 38.101-1 Rel-16	16.8.0
Combos with n46	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211105	0782		F	UL MIMO coherence for Tx switching between two carriers (Rel-16)	16.8.0
Capability for FR1 NR-CA combinations   Capability for FR1 NR-CA combinations	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211077	0785		F		16.8.0
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211077         0799         1         F         Correction to MPR for serving cells of intra-band UL CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0801         1         F         Corrections to BCS for n46         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0803         1         F         Applicability of minimum requirements for shared spectrum access         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0810         F         CR to 38.101-1 with correction of NR-U 60 MHz and 80 MHz         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0813         F         CR for Rel-16 38.101-1 to correct some errors in Delta TIB and Delta RIB table         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0815         F         CR for Rel-16 38.101-1 to correct some errors in Delta TIB and Delta RIB table         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0815         F         CR for 38.101-1 to correct some errors in Delta TIB and Delta RIB and Delta RIB table         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0820         1         F         CR for 38.101-1 to corrections on power tolerance for intra-band corrections and RIB table         16.8.0	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211077	0791	1	F		16.8.0
2021-06   RAN#92   RP-211095   0801   1   F   Corrections to BCS for n46   16.8.0	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211077	0799	1	F		16.8.0
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0803         1         F         Applicability of minimum requirements for shared spectrum access         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0810         F         CR to 38.101-1 with correction of NR-U 60 MHz and 80 MHz channels         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0813         F         CR for Rel-16 38.101-1 to correct some errors in Delta TIB and Delta RIB table         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0815         F         CR for 38.101-1 Rel16 corrections on power tolerance for intra-band contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0820         1         F         CR for 38.101-1 correction on configured transmitted power for NR volume for NR volu	2021-06				1	F		
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0810         F         CR to 38.101-1 with correction of NR-U 60 MHz and 80 MHz channels         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0813         F         CR for Rel-16 38.101-1 to correct some errors in Delta TIB and Delta RIB table         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211086         0815         F         CR for 38.101-1 Rel16 corrections on power tolerance for intra-band contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0820         1         F         CR for 38.101-1 to correct AMPR value for NR V2X NS_52(Rel-16)         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211107         0822         F         CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on configured transmitted power for NR non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211115         0824         F         CR to TS38.101-1: Add missing CA_n1A-n3A-n78A         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211105         0835         F         Applicability of requirements for intra-band contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211110         0863         2         F         Correction to Band n48 reference sensitivity         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92	2021-06	RAN#92			1	F		16.8.0
RIB table   RAN#92				0810		F	CR to 38.101-1 with correction of NR-U 60 MHz and 80 MHz	
RAN#92   RP-211086   0815   F   CR for 38.101-1 Rel16 corrections on power tolerance for intra-band contiguous CA	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211086	0813		F		16.8.0
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0820         1         F         CR for 38.101-1 to correct AMPR value for NR V2X NS_52(Rel-16)         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211107         0822         F         CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on configured transmitted power for NR non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211115         0824         F         CR to TS38.101-1: Add missing CA_n1A-n3A-n78A         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0835         F         Applicability of requirements for intra-band contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211102         0837         1         F         Correction to Band n48 reference sensitivity         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211114         0846         1         F         Rel-16 CR 38101-1-g70 corrections         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0863         2         F         CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211086	0815		F	CR for 38.101-1 Rel16 corrections on power tolerance for intra-band	16.8.0
2021-06	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211101	0820	1	F		16.8.0
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211115         0824         F         CR to TS38.101-1: Add missing CA_n1A-n3A-n78A         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0835         F         Applicability of requirements for intra-band contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211102         0837         1         F         Correction to Band n48 reference sensitivity         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211114         0846         1         F         Rel-16 CR 38101-1-g70 corrections         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0863         2         F         CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         <							CR to TS38.101-1: Correction on configured transmitted power for	
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211095         0835         F         Applicability of requirements for intra-band contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211102         0837         1         F         Correction to Band n48 reference sensitivity         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211114         0846         1         F         Rel-16 CR 38101-1-g70 corrections         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0863         2         F         CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X (R16)         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA (R16)         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-21190	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211115	0824		F		16.8.0
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211102         0837         1         F         Correction to Band n48 reference sensitivity         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211114         0846         1         F         Rel-16 CR 38101-1-g70 corrections         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0863         2         F         CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X (R16)         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA REFSENS         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211907         0922         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)         16.9.0								
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211114         0846         1         F         Rel-16 CR 38101-1-g70 corrections         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0863         2         F         CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211907         0922         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)         16.9.0					1			
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211101         0863         2         F         CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211907         0922         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)         16.9.0								
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211080         0867         1         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA         16.8.0           2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211907         0922         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)         16.9.0							CR for TS 38.101-1 update configured transmitted power for V2X	
2021-06         RAN#92         RP-211116         0869         F         CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to NS_12, NS_13, NS_14, NS_15         16.8.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211910         0910         1         B         Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211907         0922         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)         16.9.0	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211080	0867	1	F	CR for 38.101-1-g70: Corrections to intra-band non-contiguous CA	16.8.0
2021-09       RAN#93       RP-211910       0910       1       B       Introduction of the UL 7.5kHz shift for NR TDD band n34 and n39       16.9.0         2021-09       RAN#93       RP-211921       0920       F       Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)       16.9.0         2021-09       RAN#93       RP-211907       0922       F       Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)       16.9.0	2021-06	RAN#92	RP-211116	0869		F		16.8.0
2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211921         0920         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part1 (Rel-16)         16.9.0           2021-09         RAN#93         RP-211907         0922         F         Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16)         16.9.0					1	В		
2021-09 RAN#93 RP-211907 0922 F Big CR for TS 38.101-1 Maintenance part2 (Rel-16) 16.9.0	2021-09					F		
				0922		F		
		RAN#93		0926		С		

# History

	Document history								
V16.4.0	July 2020	Publication							
V16.5.0	November 2020	Publication							
V16.6.0	January 2021	Publication							
V16.7.0	May 2021	Publication							
V16.8.0	September 2021	Publication							
V16.9.0	October 2021	Publication							