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1 Scope

. The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics and minimum performance requirements for E-UTRA User Equipment (UE).

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain"
- [3] ITU-R Recommendation M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000".
- [4] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Physical Channels and Modulation".
- [5] 3GPP TS 36.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding".
- [6] 3GPP TS 36.213: "Physical layer procedures".
- [7] 3GPP TS 36.331: "Requirements for support of radio resource management".
- [8] 3GPP TS 36.307: "Requirements on User Equipments (UEs) supporting a release-independent frequency band".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Channel edge: The lowest and highest frequency of the carrier, separated by the channel bandwidth.

Channel bandwidth: The RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell. The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

Maximum Output Power: The mean power level per carrier of UE measured at the antenna connector in a specified reference condition.

Mean power: When applied to E-UTRA transmission this is the power measured in the operating system bandwidth of the carrier. The period of measurement shall be at least one subframe (1ms) unless otherwise stated.

Occupied bandwidth: The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage $\beta/2$ of the total mean power of a given emission.

Output power: The mean power of one carrier of the UE, delivered to a load with resistance equal to the nominal load impedance of the transmitter.

Reference bandwidth: The bandwidth in which an emission level is specified.

Transmission bandwidth: Bandwidth of an instantaneous transmission from a UE or BS, measured in Resource Block units.

Transmission bandwidth configuration: The highest transmission bandwidth allowed for uplink or downlink in a given channel bandwidth, measured in Resource Block units.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

$\mathrm{BW}_{\mathrm{Channel}}$	Channel bandwidth
$E_{\scriptscriptstyle RS}$	Transmitted energy per RE for reference symbols during the useful part of the symbol, i.e.
	excluding the cyclic prefix, (average power normalized to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B transmit antenna connector
\hat{E}_{s}	The averaged received energy per RE of the wanted signal during the useful part of the symbol,
F	i.e. excluding the cyclic prefix, at the UE antenna connector; average power is computed within a set of REs used for the transmission of physical channels (including user specific RSs when present), divided by the number of REs within the set, and normalized to the subcarrier spacing
$F_{Interferer}$ (offset)	Frequency Frequency offset of the interferer
F _{Interferer}	Frequency of the interferer
F_{C}	Frequency of the carrier centre frequency
$F_{ m DL_low}$	The lowest frequency of the downlink operating band
$F_{ m DL_high}$	The highest frequency of the downlink operating band The lowest frequency of the uplink operating band
$F_{ m UL_low} \ F_{ m UL_high}$	The highest frequency of the uplink operating band The highest frequency of the uplink operating band
I_o	The power spectral density of the total input signal (power averaged over the useful part of the
o .	symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE antenna connector, including the own-cell downlink signal
I_{or}	The total transmitted power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over
	the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the eNode B transmit antenna connector
\hat{I}_{or}	The total received power spectral density of the own-cell downlink signal (power averaged over
	the useful part of the symbols within the transmission bandwidth configuration, divided by the total number of RE for this configuration and normalised to the subcarrier spacing) at the UE antenna connector
I_{ot}	The received power spectral density of the total noise and interference for a certain RE (average
	power obtained within the RE and normalized to the subcarrier spacing) as measured at the UE antenna connector
L _{CRB}	The length of a contiguous resource block allocation
N_{cp}	Cyclic prefix length
N_{DL}	Downlink EARFCN
N_{oc}	The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the
	subcarrier spacing), simulating interference from cells that are not defined in a test procedure, as

measured at the UE antenna connector Noffs-DL Offset used for calculating downlink EARFCN

N_{Offs-UL} Offset used for calculating uplink EARFCN

 N_{otx} The power spectral density of a white noise source (average power per RE normalised to the

subcarrier spacing) simulating eNode B transmitter impairments as measured at the eNode B

transmit antenna connector

N_{RB} Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks

N_{UL} Uplink EARFCN

 $\begin{array}{ll} Rav & Minimum \ average \ throughput \ per \ RB \\ P_{CMAX} & The \ configured \ maximum \ UE \ output \ power. \end{array}$

P_{EMAX} Maximum allowed UE output power signalled by higher layers. Same as IE *P-Max*, defined in [7].

 $P_{\text{Interferer}} \hspace{1.5cm} \text{Modulated mean power of the interferer} \\$

 $\begin{array}{ll} P_{PowerClass} & P_{PowerClass} \text{ is the nominal UE power (i.e., no tolerance).} \\ P_{UMAX} & The \text{ measured configured maximum UE output power.} \\ RB_{start} & Indicates \text{ the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks} \end{array}$

 ΔF_{OOB} Δ Frequency of Out Of Band emission

σ Test specific auxiliary variable used for the purpose of downlink power allocation, defined in

Annex C.3.2.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity

A-MPR Additional Maximum Power Reduction AWGN Additive White Gaussian Noise

BS Base Station
CW Continuous Wave

DL Downlink

EARFCN E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

EPRE Energy Per Resource Element

E-UTRA Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

EUTRAN Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

EVM Error Vector Magnitude
FDD Frequency Division Duplex
FRC Fixed Reference Channel
HD-FDD Half- Duplex FDD

MCS Modulation and Coding Scheme
MOP Maximum Output Power
MPR Maximum Power Reduction
MSD Maximum Sensitivity Degradation
OCNG OFDMA Channel Noise Generator

OFDMA Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access

OOB Out-of-band PA Power Amplifier

PSS Primary Synchronization Signal

PSS RA PSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel PSS

RE Resource Element

REFSENS Reference Sensitivity power level

r.m.s Root Mean Square SNR Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SSS Secondary Synchronization Signal

SSS_RA SSS-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel SSS

TDD Time Division Duplex UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
xCH_RA	xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols not containing RS
xCH_RB	xCH-to-RS EPRE ratio for the channel xCH in all transmitted OFDM symbols containing RS

4 General

4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 36.521-1 Annex F defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements.

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ITU-R M.1545 [3].

4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements

- a) In this specification the Minimum Requirements are specified as general requirements and additional requirements. Where the Requirement is specified as a general requirement, the requirement is mandated to be met in all scenarios
- b) For specific scenarios for which an additional requirement is specified, in addition to meeting the general requirement, the UE is mandated to meet the additional requirements.
- c) The reference sensitivity power levels defined in subclause 7.3 are valid for the specified reference measurement channels.
- d) Note: Receiver sensitivity degradation may occur when:
 - 1) the UE simultaneously transmits and receives with bandwidth allocations less than the transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1), and
 - 2) any part of the downlink transmission bandwidth is within an uplink transmission bandwidth from the downlink center subcarrier.
- e) The spurious emissions power requirements are for the long term average of the power. For the purpose of reducing measurement uncertainty it is acceptable to average the measured power over a period of time sufficient to reduce the uncertainty due to the statistical nature of the signal.

4.3 (Void)

4.4 RF requirements in later releases

The standardisation of new frequency bands may be independent of a release. However, in order to implement a UE that conforms to a particular release but supports a band of operation that is specified in a later release, it is necessary to specify some extra requirements. TS 36.307 [8] specifies requirements on UEs supporting a frequency band that is independent of release.

NOTE: For terminals conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document, some RF requirements in later releases may be mandatory independent of whether the UE supports the bands specified in later releases or not. The set of requirements from later releases that is also mandatory for UEs conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document is determined by regional regulation.

5 Operating bands and channel arrangement

5.1 General

The channel arrangements presented in this clause are based on the operating bands and channel bandwidths defined in the present release of specifications.

NOTE: Other operating bands and channel bandwidths may be considered in future releases.

- 5.2 Void
- 5.3 Void
- 5.4 Void

5.5 Operating bands

E-UTRA is designed to operate in the operating bands defined in Table 5.5-1.

Table 5.5-1 E-UTRA operating bands

E-UTRA Operating Band	Uplink (UL) operating band BS receive UE transmit	Downlink (DL) operating band BS transmit UE receive	Duplex Mode
4	F _{UL_low} - F _{UL_high}	F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high}	EDD
1	1920 MHz — 1980 MHz	2110 MHz - 2170 MHz	FDD
2	1850 MHz — 1910 MHz	1930 MHz — 1990 MHz	FDD
3	1710 MHz — 1785 MHz	1805 MHz — 1880 MHz	FDD
4	1710 MHz — 1755 MHz	2110 MHz - 2155 MHz	FDD
5	824 MHz — 849 MHz	869 MHz — 894MHz	FDD
6 ¹	830 MHz - 840 MHz	875 MHz - 885 MHz	FDD
7	2500 MHz - 2570 MHz	2620 MHz - 2690 MHz	FDD
8	880 MHz - 915 MHz	925 MHz - 960 MHz	FDD
9	1749.9 MHz - 1784.9 MHz	1844.9 MHz - 1879.9 MHz	FDD
10	1710 MHz – 1770 MHz	2110 MHz - 2170 MHz	FDD
11	1427.9 MHz - 1447.9 MHz	1475.9 MHz - 1495.9 MHz	FDD
12	699 MHz - 716 MHz	729 MHz - 746 MHz	FDD
13	777 MHz - 787 MHz	746 MHz - 756 MHz	FDD
14	788 MHz - 798 MHz	758 MHz - 768 MHz	FDD
15	Reserved	Reserved	FDD
16	Reserved	Reserved	FDD
17	704 MHz - 716 MHz	734 MHz - 746 MHz	FDD
18	815 MHz - 830 MHz	860 MHz - 875 MHz	FDD
19	830 MHz - 845 MHz	875 MHz - 890 MHz	FDD
20	832 MHz - 862 MHz	791 MHz - 821 MHz	FDD
21	1447.9 MHz - 1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz - 1510.9 MHz	FDD
33	1900 MHz - 1920 MHz	1900 MHz - 1920 MHz	TDD
34	2010 MHz - 2025 MHz	2010 MHz - 2025 MHz	TDD
35	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	TDD
36	1930 MHz — 1990 MHz	1930 MHz - 1990 MHz	TDD
37	1910 MHz - 1930 MHz	1910 MHz - 1930 MHz	TDD
38	2570 MHz - 2620 MHz	2570 MHz - 2620 MHz	TDD
39	1880 MHz — 1920 MHz	1880 MHz — 1920 MHz	TDD
40	2300 MHz — 2400 MHz	2300 MHz - 2400 MHz	TDD
	and 6 is not applicable		

5.6 Channel bandwidth

Requirements in present document are specified for the channel bandwidths listed in Table 5.6-1.

Table 5.6-1: Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB} in E-UTRA channel bandwidths

Channel bandwidth BW _{Channel} [MHz]	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Transmission bandwidth configuration N_{RB}	6	15	25	50	75	100

Figure 5.6-1 shows the relation between the Channel bandwidth ($BW_{Channel}$) and the Transmission bandwidth configuration (N_{RB}). The channel edges are defined as the lowest and highest frequencies of the carrier separated by the channel bandwidth, i.e. at $F_C + /- BW_{Channel} / 2$.

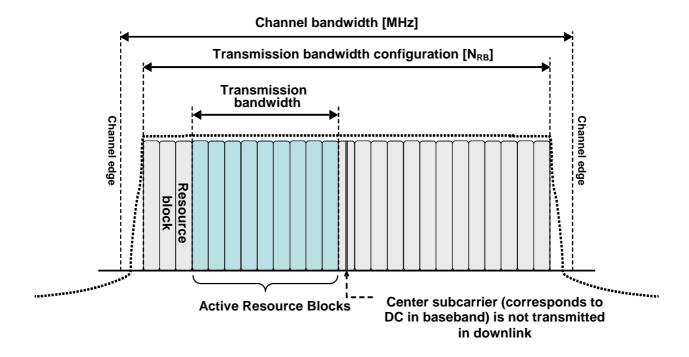


Figure 5.6-1: Definition of channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration for one E-UTRA carrier

5.6.1 Channel bandwidths per operating band

a) The requirements in this specification apply to the combination of channel bandwidths and operating bands shown in Table 5.6.1-1. The transmission bandwidth configuration in Table 5.6.1-1 shall be supported for each of the specified channel bandwidths. The same (symmetrical) channel bandwidth is specified for both the TX and RX path.

Table 5.6.1-1: E-UTRA channel bandwidth

E-UTRA band / Channel bandwidth							
E-UTRA Band 1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz 20 MHz							
1			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹			
6			Yes	Yes ¹			
7			Yes	Yes	Yes ^[2]	Yes ^{1, [2]}	
8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹			
9			Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
10			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
11			Yes	Yes ¹			
12	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
13			Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
14			Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
17			Yes ¹	Yes ¹			
18			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
19			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
20			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	Yes ¹	
21			Yes	Yes ¹	Yes ¹		
33			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
34			Yes	Yes	Yes		
35	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
36	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
37			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
38			Yes	Yes	Yes ^[2]	Yes ^[2]	
39			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
40			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the bandwidth for which a relaxation of the specified UE receiver sensitivity requirement (subClause 7.3) is allowed.

5.7 Channel arrangement

5.7.1 Channel spacing

The spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA carriers is defined as following:

Nominal Channel spacing =
$$(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

NOTE 2: bandwidth for which the uplink transmission bandwidth can be restricted by the network for some channel assignments in FDD/TDD co-existence scenarios in order to meet unwanted emissions requirements (Clause 6.6.3.2).

b) The use of different (asymmetrical) channel bandwidth for the TX and RX is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

5.7.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz.

5.7.3 Carrier frequency and EARFCN

The carrier frequency in the uplink and downlink is designated by the E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN) in the range 0 - 65535. The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the downlink is given by the following equation, where F_{DL_low} and $N_{Offs-DL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{DL} is the downlink EARFCN.

$$F_{DL} = F_{DL \ low} + 0.1(N_{DL} - N_{Offs\text{-}DL})$$

The relation between EARFCN and the carrier frequency in MHz for the uplink is given by the following equation where $F_{UL\ low}$ and $N_{Offs\text{-}UL}$ are given in Table 5.7.3-1 and N_{UL} is the uplink EARFCN.

$$F_{UL} = F_{UL_low} + 0.1(N_{UL} - N_{Offs\text{-}UL})$$

Table 5.7.3-1: E-UTRA channel numbers

E-UTRA		Downlink			Uplink	
Operating	F _{DL_low} (MHz)	$N_{Offs-DL}$	Range of N _{DL}	F _{UL_low} (MHz)	N _{Offs-UL}	Range of N _{UL}
Band	0440		0 500	4000	10000	10000 10500
1	2110	0	0 – 599	1920	18000	18000 – 18599
2	1930	600	600 – 1199	1850	18600	18600 – 19199
3	1805	1200	1200 – 1949	1710	19200	19200 – 19949
4	2110	1950	1950 – 2399	1710	19950	19950 – 20399
5	869	2400	2400 – 2649	824	20400	20400 - 20649
6	875	2650	2650 - 2749	830	20650	20650 - 20749
7	2620	2750	2750 - 3449	2500	20750	20750 - 21449
8	925	3450	3450 - 3799	880	21450	21450 – 21799
9	1844.9	3800	3800 - 4149	1749.9	21800	21800 – 22149
10	2110	4150	4150 – 4749	1710	22150	22150 - 22749
11	1475.9	4750	4750 – 4949	1427.9	22750	22750 - 22949
12	729	5010	5010 - 5179	699	23010	23010 - 23179
13	746	5180	5180 – 5279	777	23180	23180 – 23279
14	758	5280	5280 - 5379	788	23280	23280 – 23379
17	734	5730	5730 - 5849	704	23730	23730 - 23849
18	860	5850	5850 - 5999	815	23850	23850 - 23999
19	875	6000	6000 - 6149	830	24000	24000 – 24149
20	791	6150	6150 - 6449	832	24150	24150 – 24449
21	1495.9	6450	6450 – 6599	1447.9	24450	24450 – 24599
33	1900	36000	36000 – 36199	1900	36000	36000 – 36199
34	2010	36200	36200 - 36349	2010	36200	36200 – 36349
35	1850	36350	36350 – 36949	1850	36350	36350 – 36949
36	1930	36950	36950 – 37549	1930	36950	36950 – 37549
37	1910	37550	37550 – 37749	1910	37550	37550 – 37749
38	2570	37750	37750 – 38249	2570	37750	37750 – 38249
39	1880	38250	38250-38649	1880	38250	38250-38649
40	2300	38650	38650-39649	2300	38650	38650-39649

NOTE: The channel numbers that designate carrier frequencies so close to the operating band edges that the carrier extends beyond the operating band edge shall not be used. This implies that the first 7, 15, 25, 50, 75 and 100 channel numbers at the lower operating band edge and the last 6, 14, 24, 49, 74 and 99 channel numbers at the upper operating band edge shall not be used for channel bandwidths of 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz respectively.

5.7.4 TX-RX frequency separation

a) The default E-UTRA TX channel (carrier centre frequency) to RX channel (carrier centre frequency) separation is specified in Table 5.7.4-1 for the TX and RX channel bandwidths defined in Table 5.6.1-1

Table 5.7.4-1: Default UE TX-RX frequency separation

E-UTRA Operating Band	TX - RX carrier centre frequency separation
1	190 MHz
2	80 MHz.
3	95 MHz.
4	400 MHz
5	45 MHz
6	45 MHz
7	120 MHz
8	45 MHz
9	95 MHz
10	400 MHz
11	48 MHz
12	30 MHz
13	-31 MHz
14	-30 MHz
17	30 MHz
18	45 MHz
19	45 MHz
20	-41 MHz
21	48 MHz

b) The use of other TX channel to RX channel carrier centre frequency separation is not precluded and is intended to form part of a later release.

6 Transmitter characteristics

6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE with a single transmit antenna. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed.

6.2 Transmit power

6.2.1 Void

6.2.2 UE maximum output power

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub frame (1ms).

Table 6.2.2-1: UE Power Class

EUTRA band	Class 1 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 2 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 3 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)	Class 4 (dBm)	Tolerance (dB)
1	,	` ′	,	, ,	23	±2	, ,	` ,
2					23	±2 ²		
3					23	±2 ²		
4					23	±2		
5					23	±2		
6					23	±2		
7					23	±2 ±2 ²		
8					23	±2 ²		
9					23	±2		
10					23	±2		
11					23	±2 ±2 ²		
12					23			
13					23	±2		
14					23	±2		
17					23	±2		
18					23	± 2		
19					23	± 2		
20					23	± 2		
21					23	± 2		
33					23	±2		
34					23	±2		
35					23	±2		
36					23	±2		
37					23	±2		
38					23	±2		
39					23	±2		
40					23	±2		

- NOTE 1: The above tolerances are applicable for UE(s) that support up to 4 E-UTRA operating bands. For UE(s) that support 5 or more E-UTRA bands the maximum output power is expected to decrease with each additional band and is FFS
- NOTE 2: ² refers to transmission bandwidths (Figure 5.6-1) confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} 4 MHz and F_{UL_high}, the maximum output power requirement is relaxed by reducing the lower tolerance limit by 1.5 dB
- NOTE 3: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 operating frequencies, the tolerance is FFS.
- Note 4: PowerClass is the maximum UE power specified without taking into account the tolerance

6.2.3 UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth

For UE Power Class 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	

For the UE maximum output power modified by MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.4 UE maximum output power with additional requirements

Additional ACLR and spectrum emission requirements can be signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall also meet additional requirements in a specific deployment scenario. To meet these additional requirements, Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR) is allowed for the output power as specified in Table 6.2.2-1. Unless stated otherwise, an A-MPR of 0 dB shall be used.

For UE Power Class 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 and 6.2.4-2 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks ($N_{ m RB}$)	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
			3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	TBD	TBD	TBD	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
143_07	6.6.3.3.2	13	10	14016 0.2.4-2	Table 0.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤1
	0.0.5.5.4			> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Table 6.2.4-2: A-MPR for "NS_07"

Parameters	ameters Region A Region B		Region C		
RB _{start}		0 - 12	13 – 18	19 – 42	43 – 49
L _{CRB} [RBs]	6-8	1 to 5 and 9-50	≥ 8	≥ 18	≤ 2
A-MPR [dB]	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 12	≤ 6	≤ 3

NOTE 1: RB_{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks

NOTE 2: L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis.

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping between two regions, the larger A-MPR value of the two regions may be applied for both slots in the subframe.

Table 6.2.4-3: A-MPR for "NS_10"

Channel BW	Parameters	Region A			
	RB _{start}	0 – 10			
15	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1 -20			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤ 2			
	RB _{start}	0 – 15			
20	L _{CRB} [RBs]	1 -20			
	A-MPR [dB]	≤5			
NOTE 1: RB _{start} in	NOTE 1: RB _{start} indicates the lowest RB index of transmitted resource blocks				

NOTE 2: L_{CRB} is the length of a contiguous resource block allocation

NOTE 3: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersects Region A, notes 1 and 2 apply on a per slot basis

NOTE 4: For intra-subframe frequency hopping which intersect Region A, the larger A-MPR value may be applied for both slots in the subframe

For the UE maximum output power modified by A-MPR, the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5 apply.

6.2.5 Configured transmitted power

The UE is allowed to set its configured maximum output power P_{CMAX}. The configured maximum output power P_{CMAX} is set within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX,L} \le P_{CMAX} \le P_{CMAX,H}$$

Where

- $P_{CMAX\ L} = MIN \{P_{EMAX} \Delta T_C, P_{PowerClass} MPR A-MPR \Delta T_C\}$
- $P_{CMAX_H} = MIN \{P_{EMAX}, P_{PowerClass}\}$
- P_{EMAX} is the value given to IE *P-Max*, defined in [7]
- P_{PowerClass} is the maximum UE power specified in Table 6.2.2-1 without taking into account the tolerance specified in the Table 6.2.2-1
- MPR and A-MPR are specified in Section 6.2.3 and Section 6.2.4, respectively
- $\Delta T_C = 1.5$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 applies
- $\Delta T_C = 0$ dB when Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1 does not apply

The measured maximum output power P_{UMAX} shall be within the following bounds:

$$P_{CMAX L} - T(P_{CMAX L}) \le P_{UMAX} \le P_{CMAX H} + T(P_{CMAX H})$$

Where T(P_{CMAX}) is defined by the tolerance table below and applies to P_{CMAX} and P_{CMAX} separately

Table 6.2.5-1: P_{CMAX} tolerance

P _{CMAX} (dBm)	Tolerance T(P _{CMAX}) (dB)
21 ≤ P _{CMAX} ≤ 23	2.0
20 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 21	2.5
19 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 20	3.5
18 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 19	4.0
13 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 18	5.0
8 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 13	6.0
-40 ≤ P _{CMAX} < 8	7.0

6.3 Output power dynamics

6.3.1 (Void)

6.3.2 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

6.3.2.1 Minimum requirement

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one sub-frame (1ms). The minimum output power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.2.1-1.

Table 6.3.2.1-1: Minimum output power

	Channe	Channel bandwidth / Minimum output power / Measurement bandwidth				
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Minimum output power	-40 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.3 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power when the transmitter is OFF. The transmitter is considered to be OFF when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting a sub-frame. During DTX and measurements gaps, the UE is not considered to be OFF.

6.3.3.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the mean power in a duration of at least one sub-frame (1ms) excluding any transient periods. The transmit OFF power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.3.3.1-1.

Table 6.3.3.1-1: Transmit OFF power

	Channel bandwidth / Transmit OFF power / Measurement bandwidth					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmit OFF power	-50 dBm					
Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz

6.3.4 ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.1 General ON/OFF time mask

The General ON/OFF time mask defines the observation period between Transmit OFF and ON power and between Transmit ON and OFF power. ON/OFF scenarios include; the beginning or end of DTX, measurement gap, contiguous, and non contiguous transmission

The OFF power measurement period is defined in a duration of at least one sub-frame excluding any transient periods. The ON power is defined as the mean power over one sub-frame excluding any transient period.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

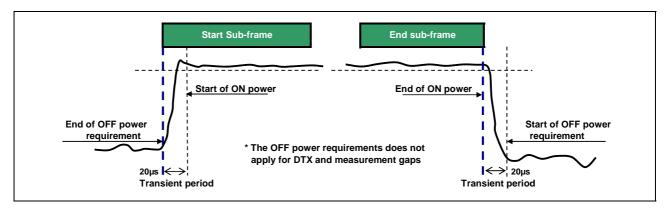


Figure 6.3.4.1-1: General ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2 PRACH and SRS time mask

6.3.4.2.1 PRACH time mask

The PRACH ON power is specified as the mean power over the PRACH measurement period excluding any transient periods as shown in Figure 6.3.4.2-1. The measurement period for different PRACH preamble format is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

Table 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON power measurement period

PRACH preamble format	Measurement period (ms)
0	0.9031
1	1.4844
2	1.8031
3	2.2844
4	0.1479

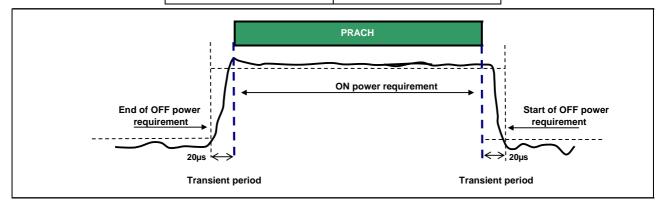


Figure 6.3.4.2-1: PRACH ON/OFF time mask

6.3.4.2.2 SRS time mask

In the case a single SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power over the symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1

In the case a dual SRS transmission, the ON power is defined as the mean power for each symbol duration excluding any transient period. Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

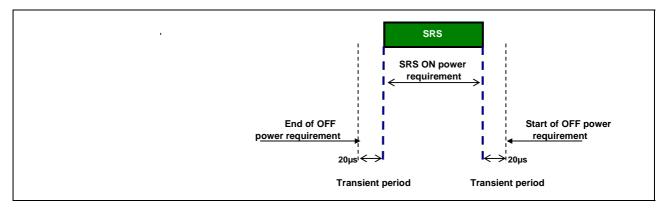


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-1: Single SRS time mask

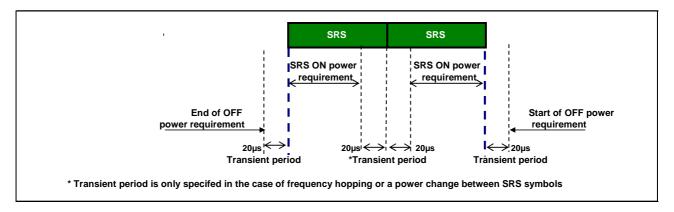


Figure 6.3.4.2.2-2: Dual SRS time mask for the case of UpPTS transmissions

6.3.4.3 Slot / Sub frame boundary time mask

The sub frame boundary time mask defines the observation period between the previous/subsequent sub–frame and the (reference) sub-frame. A transient period at a slot boundary within a sub-frame is only allowed in the case of Intra-sub frame frequency hopping. For the cases when the subframe contains SRS the time masks in subclause 6.3.4.4 apply.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

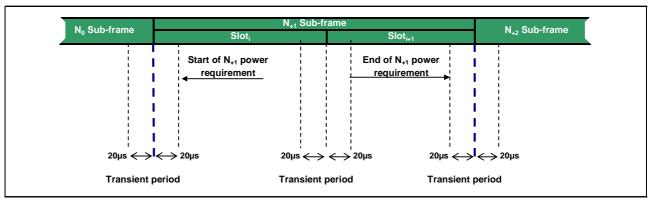


Figure 6.3.4.3-1: Transmission power template

6.3.4.4 PUCCH / PUSCH / SRS time mask

The PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask defines the observation period between sounding reference symbol (SRS) and an adjacent PUSCH/PUCCH symbol and subsequent sub-frame.

There are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond that which is required in subclause 6.2.2 and subclause 6.6.2.3

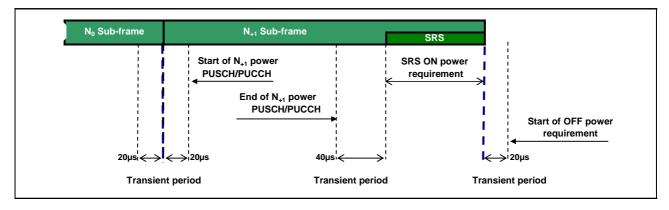


Figure 6.3.4.4-1: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission before SRS but not after

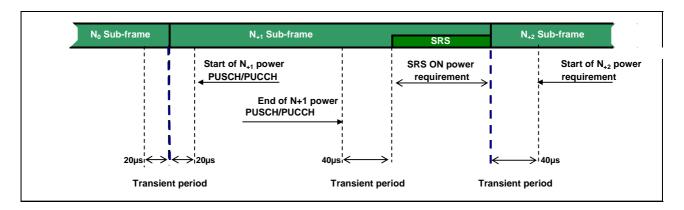


Figure 6.3.4.4-2: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is transmission before and after SRS

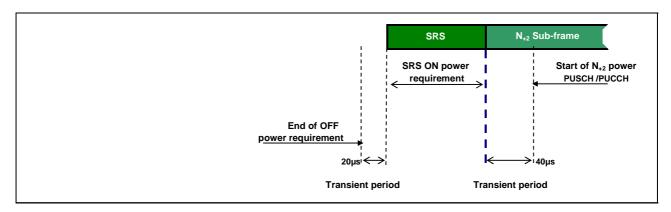


Figure 6.3.4.4-3: PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS time mask when there is a transmission after SRS but not before

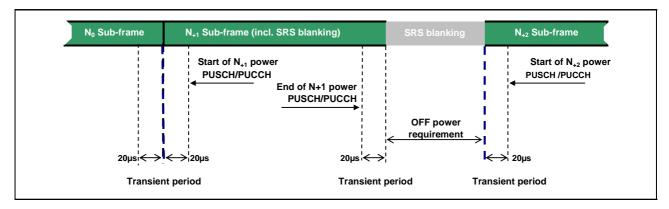


Figure 6.3.4.4-4: SRS time mask when there is FDD SRS blanking

6.3.5 Power control

6.3.5.1 Absolute power tolerance

Absolute power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its initial output power to a specific value for the first sub-frame at the start of a contiguous transmission or non-contiguous transmission with a transmission gap larger than 20ms. This tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133)

In the case of a PRACH transmission, the absolute tolerance is specified for the first preamble. The absolute power tolerance includes the channel estimation error (the absolute RSRP accuracy requirement specified in subclause 9.1 of TS 36.133).

6.3.5.1.1 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirement for absolute power tolerance is given in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 over the power range bounded by the Maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2 and the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2.

For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the absolute power tolerance as specified in Table 6.3.5.1.1-1 is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5 dB when the transmission bandwidth is confined within F_{UL_low} and F_{UL_low} + 4 MHz or F_{UL_high} – 4 MHz and F_{UL_high} .

Table 6.3.5.1.1-1: Absolute power tolerance

Conditions	Tolerance
Normal	± 9.0 dB
Extreme	± 12.0 dB

6.3.5.2 Relative Power tolerance

The relative power tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power in a target sub-frame relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted reference sub-frame if the transmission gap between these sub-frames is ≤ 20 ms.

For PRACH transmission, the relative tolerance is the ability of the UE transmitter to set its output power relatively to the power of the most recently transmitted preamble. The measurement period for the PRACH preamble is specified in Table 6.3.4.2-1.

6.3.5.2.1 Minimum requirements

The requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1 apply when the power of the target and reference sub-frames are within the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the measured P_{UMAX} as defined in subclause 6.2.5 (i.e, the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be within the power limits specified in subclause 6.2.5.

To account for RF Power amplifier mode changes 2 exceptions are allowed for each of two test patterns. The test patterns are a monotonically increasing power sweep and a monotonically decreasing power sweep over a range bounded by the requirements of minimum power and maximum power specified in subclauses 6.3.2 and 6.2.2. For these exceptions the power tolerance limit is a maximum of ± 6.0 dB in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1

Table 6.3.5.2.1-1: Relative power tolerance for transmission (normal conditions)

Power step ∆P (Up or down) [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH and PUCCH transitions [dB]	All combinations of PUSCH/PUCCH and SRS transitions between sub- frames [dB]	PRACH [dB]
ΔP < 2	±2.5 (Note 3)	±3.0	±2.5
2 ≤ ΔP < 3	±3.0	±4.0	±3.0
3 ≤ ΔP < 4	±3.5	±5.0	±3.5
4 ≤ ΔP ≤ 10	±4.0	±6.0	±4.0
10 ≤ ΔP < 15	±5.0	±8.0	±5.0
15 ≤ ΔP	±6.0	±9.0	±6.0

NOTE 1: For extreme conditions an additional ± 2.0 dB relaxation is allowed NOTE 2: For operating bands under Note 2 in Table 6.2.2-1, the relative power tolerance is relaxed by increasing the upper limit by 1.5 dB if the transmission bandwidth of the reference sub-frames is confined within FUL_low and FUL_low + 4 MHz or FUL_high - 4 MHz and FUL_high and the target sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges; if the transmission bandwidth of the target sub-frame is confined within FUL_low and FUL_low + 4 MHz or FUL_high - 4 MHz and FUL_high and the reference sub-frame is not confined within any one of these frequency ranges, then the tolerance is relaxed by reducing the lower limit by 1.5

NOTE 3: For PUSCH to PUSCH transitions with the allocated resource blocks fixed in frequency and no transmission gaps other than those generated by downlink subframes, DwPTS fields or Guard Periods for TDD: for a power step ΔP ≤ 1 dB, the relative power tolerance for transmission is +1.0 dB.

The power step (ΔP) is defined as the difference in the calculated setting of the UE Transmit power between the target and reference sub-frames with the power setting according to subclause 5.1 of [TS 36.213]. The error is the difference between ΔP and the power change measured at the UE antenna port with the power of the cell-specific reference signals kept constant. The error shall be less than the relative power tolerance specified in Table 6.3.5.2.1-1.

For sub-frames not containing an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original reference sub-frame and the mean power of the target subframe not including transient durations. The mean power of successive sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figure 6.3.4.3-1 and Figure 6.3.4.1-1 if there is a transmission gap between the reference and target sub-frames.

If at least one of the sub-frames contains an SRS symbol, the power change is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the last transmission within the reference sub-frame and the mean power of the first transmission within the target sub-frame not including transient durations. A transmission is defined as PUSCH, PUCCH or an SRS symbol. The mean power of the reference and target sub-frames shall be calculated according to Figures 6.3.4.1-1, 6.3.4.2-1, 6.3.4.4-1, 6.3.4.4-2 and 6.3.4.4-3 for these cases.

6.3.5.3 Aggregate power control tolerance

dB.

Aggregate power control tolerance is the ability of a UE to maintain its power in non-contiguous transmission within 21 ms in response to 0 dB TPC commands with respect to the first UE transmission, when the power control parameters specified in TS 36.213 are constant.

6.3.5.3.1 Minimum requirement

The UE shall meet the requirements specified in Table 6.3.5.3.1-1 for aggregate power control over the power range bounded by the minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.3.2 and the maximum output power as defined in subclause 6.2.2.

Table 6.3.5.3.1-1: Aggregate power control tolerance

TPC command UL channel		Aggregate power tolerance within 21 ms		
0 dB	PUCCH	±2.5 dB		
0 dB PUSCH		±3.5 dB		
NOTE; The UE transmission gap is 4 ms. TPC command is transmitted via PDCCH 4 subframes preceding each PUCCH/PUSCH transmission.				

6.4 Void

6.5 Transmit signal quality

6.5.1 Frequency error

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM observed over a period of one time slot (0.5 ms) compared to the carrier frequency received from the E-UTRA Node B

6.5.2 Transmit modulation quality

Transmit modulation quality defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The transmit modulation quality is specified in terms of:

- Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) for the allocated resource blocks (RBs)
- EVM equalizer spectrum flatness derived from the equalizer coefficients generated by the EVM measurement process
- Carrier leakage (caused by IQ offset)
- In-band emissions for the non-allocated RB

All the parameters defined in subclause 6.5.2 are defined using the measurement methodology specified in Annex F.

6.5.2.1 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Before calculating the EVM the measured waveform is corrected by the sample timing offset and RF frequency offset. Then the IQ origin offset shall be removed from the measured waveform before calculating the EVM.

The measured waveform is further modified by selecting the absolute phase and absolute amplitude of the Tx chain. The EVM result is defined after the front-end IDFT as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %.

The basic EVM measurement interval in the time domain is one preamble sequence for the PRACH and is one slot for the PUCCH and PUSCH in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol, accordingly. The PUSCH or PUCCH EVM measurement interval is also reduced when the mean power, modulation or allocation between slots is

expected to change. In the case of PUSCH transmission, the measurement interval is reduced by a time interval equal to the sum of 5 μ s and the applicable exclusion period defined in subclause 6.3.4, adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur. The PUSCH exclusion period is applied to the signal obtained after the front-end IDFT. In the case of PUCCH transmission with power change, the PUCCH EVM measurement interval is reduced by one symbol adjacent to the boundary where the power change is expected to occur.

6.5.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The RMS average of the basic EVM measurements for 10 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the average EVM case, and 60 sub-frames excluding any transient period for the reference signal EVM case, for the different modulations schemes shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the parameters defined in Table 6.5.2.1.1-2. For EVM evaluation purposes, [all PRACH preamble formats 0-4 and] all PUCCH formats 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 2a and 2b are considered to have the same EVM requirement as QPSK modulated.

Table 6.5.2.1.1-1: Minimum requirements for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Average EVM Level	Reference Signal EVM Level
QPSK or BPSK	%	17.5	17.5
16QAM	%	12.5	12.5

Table 6.5.2.1.1-2: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude

Parameter	Unit	Level
UE Output Power	dBm	≥ -40
Operating conditions		Normal conditions

6.5.2.2 Carrier leakage

Carrier leakage (The IQ origin offset) is an additive sinusoid waveform that has the same frequency as the modulated waveform carrier frequency. The measurement interval is one slot in the time domain.

6.5.2.2.1 Minimum requirements

The relative carrier leakage power is a power ratio of the additive sinusoid waveform and the modulated waveform. The relative carrier leakage power shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.2.1-1.

Table 6.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for relative carrier leakage power

Parameters	Relative limit (dBc)
Output power >0 dBm	-25
-30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤0 dBm	-20
-40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	-10

6.5.2.3 In-band emissions

The in-band emission is defined as the average across 12 sub-carrier and as a function of the RB offset from the edge of the allocated UL transmission bandwidth. The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in a non-allocated RB to the UE output power in an allocated RB.

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

6.5.2.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative in-band emission shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.3.1-1.

Table 6.5.2.3.1-1: Minimum requirements for in-band emissions

Parameter description	Unit	Limit (Note 1)	Applicable frequencies	
General	dB	$\max \left\{ -25 - 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(N_{RB} / L_{CRBs} \right), \\ 20 \cdot \log_{10} EVM - 3 - 5 \cdot \left(\left \Delta_{RB} \right - 1 \right) / L_{CRBs}, \\ -57 dBm / 180 kHz - P_{RB} \right\}$	Any non-allocated (Note 2)	
IQ Image	dB	-25	Image frequencies (Notes 2, 3)	
Carrier leakage	dBc	-25 Output power > 0 dBm -20 -30 dBm ≤ Output power ≤ 0 dBm -10 -40 dBm ≤ Output power < -30 dBm	Carrier frequency (Notes 4, 5)	

- NOTE 1: An in-band emissions combined limit is evaluated in each non-allocated RB. For each such RB, the minimum requirement is calculated as the higher of P_{RB} 30 dB and the power sum of all limit values (General, IQ Image or Carrier leakage) that apply. P_{RB} is defined in Note 10.
- NOTE 2: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured average power per allocated RB, where the averaging is done across all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 3: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the reflection of the allocated bandwidth, based on symmetry with respect to the centre carrier frequency, but excluding any allocated RBs.
- NOTE 4: The measurement bandwidth is 1 RB and the limit is expressed as a ratio of measured power in one nonallocated RB to the measured total power in all allocated RBs.
- NOTE 5: The applicable frequencies for this limit are those that are enclosed in the RBs containing the DC frequency if N_{RB} is odd, or in the two RBs immediately adjacent to the DC frequency if N_{RB} is even, but excluding any allocated RB.
- NOTE 6: $L_{\it CRBs}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 7: $N_{\it RR}$ is the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (see Figure 5.6-1).
- NOTE 8: EVM is the limit specified in Table 6.5.2.1.1-1 for the modulation format used in the allocated RBs.
- NOTE 9: $\Delta_{\it RB}$ is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g.
 - $\Delta_{\it RB}=1\,$ or $\Delta_{\it RB}=-1\,$ for the first adjacent RB outside of the allocated bandwidth.
- NOTE 10: $P_{\it RB}$ is the transmitted power per 180 kHz in allocated RBs, measured in dBm.

6.5.2.4 EVM equalizer spectrum flatness

The zero-forcing equalizer correction applied in the EVM measurement process (as described in Annex F) must meet a spectral flatness requirement for the EVM measurement to be valid. The EVM equalizer spectrum flatness is defined in terms of the maximum peak-to-peak ripple of the equalizer coefficients (dB) across the allocated uplink block. The basic measurement interval is the same as for EVM.

6.5.2.4.1 Minimum requirements

The peak-to-peak variation of the EVM equalizer coefficients contained within the frequency range of the uplink allocation shall not exceed the maximum ripple specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-1 for normal conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger than 5 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 7 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

The EVM equalizer spectral flatness shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.5.2.4.1-2 for extreme conditions. For uplink allocations contained within both Range 1 and Range 2, the coefficients evaluated within each of these frequency ranges shall meet the corresponding ripple requirement and the following additional requirement: the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 1 and the minimum coefficient in Range 2 must not be larger

than 6 dB, and the relative difference between the maximum coefficient in Range 2 and the minimum coefficient in Range 1 must not be larger than 10 dB (see Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1).

Table 6.5.2.4.1-1: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (normal conditions)

	Frequency range	Maximum ripple [dB]
F _{UL_Mea}	s – F _{UL_Low} ≥ 3 MHz and F _{UL_High} – F _{UL_Meas} ≥ 3 MHz	4 (p-p)
	(Range 1)	
F _{UL_Mea}	$_{as}$ - F_{UL_Low} < 3 MHz or F_{UL_High} - F_{UL_Meas} < 3 MHz	8 (p-p)
	(Range 2)	
NOTE 1:	$F_{\text{UL_Meas}}$ refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which evaluated	the equalizer coefficient is
NOTE 2:	$F_{\text{UL_Low}}$ and $F_{\text{UL_High}}$ refer to each E-UTRA frequency 5.5-1	band specified in Table

Table 6.5.2.4.1-2: Minimum requirements for EVM equalizer spectrum flatness (extreme conditions)

Frequency range		Maximum ripple [dB]		
F _{UL_Meas}	s – F _{UL_Low} ≥ 5 MHz and F _{UL_High} – F _{UL_Meas} ≥ 5 MHz	4 (p-p)		
	(Range 1)			
F _{UL_Mea}	$_{as}$ - F_{UL_Low} < 5 MHz or F_{UL_High} - F_{UL_Meas} < 5 MHz	12 (p-p)		
	(Range 2)			
NOTE 1:	F _{UL_Meas} refers to the sub-carrier frequency for which	the equalizer coefficient is		
	evaluated			
NOTE 2:	NOTE 2: F _{UL Low} and F _{UL High} refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table			
	5.5-1			

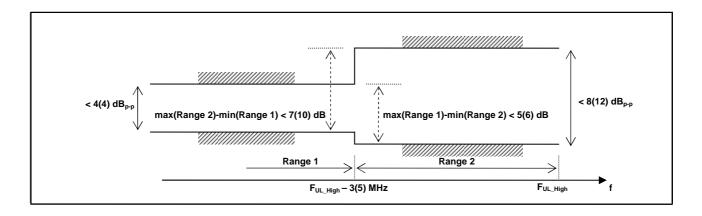


Figure 6.5.2.4.1-1: The limits for EVM equalizer spectral flatness with the maximum allowed variation of the coefficients indicated (the ETC minimum requirement within brackets).

6.6 Output RF spectrum emissions

The output UE transmitter spectrum consists of the three components; the emission within the occupied bandwidth (channel bandwidth), the Out Of Band (OOB) emissions and the far out spurious emission domain.

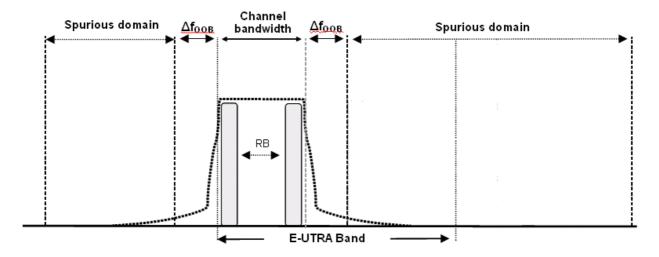


Figure 6.6-1: Transmitter RF spectrum

6.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated mean power of the transmitted spectrum on the assigned channel. The occupied bandwidth for all transmission bandwidth configurations (Resources Blocks) shall be less than the channel bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.1-1

Table 6.6.1-1: Occupied channel bandwidth

	Occupied channel bandwidth / Channel bandwidth						
	1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20 MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz						
Channel bandwidth (MHz)	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	

6.6.2 Out of band emission

The Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the assigned channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and an Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio.

6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OOB}) starting from the \pm edge of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth. For frequencies greater than (Δf_{OOB}) as specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 the spurious requirements in subclause 6.6.3 are applicable.

6.6.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.1.1-1 for the specified channel bandwidth.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth 1.4 3.0 5 10 15 20 Measurement Δf_{OOB} MHz (MHz) MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth -10 -13 -15 -18 -20 -21 30 kHz ± 0-1 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 1 MHz -10 $\pm 1 - 2.5$ -25 -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 1 MHz $\pm 2.5 - 2.8$ 1 MHz $\pm 2.8-5$ -10 -10 -10 -10 -10 ± 5-6 -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz ± 6-10 -25 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz -25 -13 -13 1 MHz ± 10-15 -25 -13 1 MHz ± 15-20 ± 20-25 -25 1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.1.1-1: General E-UTRA spectrum emission mask

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2 Additional spectrum emission mask

This requirement is specified in terms of an "additional spectrum emission" requirement.

6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_03")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_03" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.1-1.

	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth									
Δf _{OOB} (MHz)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth			
± 0-1	-10	-13	-15	-18	-20	-21	30 kHz			
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.8-5		-13	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 5-6		-25	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 6-10			-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 10-15				-25	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 15-20					-25	-13	1 MHz			
± 20-25						-25	1 MHz			

Table 6.6.2.2.1-1: Additional requirements

NOTE: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS 04")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_04" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.2-1.

Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth $\overline{\Delta f}_{OOB}$ 1.4 3.0 10 15 20 Measurement (MHz) MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz bandwidth ± 0-1 -10 -13 -15 -18 -20 -21 30 kHz ± 1-2.5 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz ± 2.5-2.8 -25 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 1 MHz \pm 2.8-5 -25 -25 -25 -25 -25 1 MHz \pm 5-6 -25 -25 -25 -25 1 MHz $\pm 6 - 10$ -25 -25 -25 1 MHz ± 10-15 -25 $\pm 15-20$ -25 1 MHz -25 1 MHz $\pm 20-25$

Table 6.6.2.2.2-1: Additional requirements

NOTE:

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.2.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_06" or "NS_07")

Additional spectrum emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

When "NS_06" or "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.2.2.3-1.

	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/ Channel bandwidth							
Δf_{OOB}	1.4	3.0	5	10	Measurement			
(MHz)	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	bandwidth			
± 0-0.1	-13	-13	-15	-18	30 kHz			
± 0.1-1	-13	-13	-13	-13	100 kHz			
± 1-2.5	-13	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.5-2.8	-25	-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 2.8-5		-13	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 5-6		-25	-13	-13	1 MHz			
± 6-10			-25	-13	1 MHz			
+ 10-15				-25	1 MHz			

Table 6.6.2.2.3-1: Additional requirements

: As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.2.3 Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency. ACLR requirements are specified for two scenarios for an adjacent E -UTRA and /or UTRA channel as shown in Figure 6.6.2.3 -1.

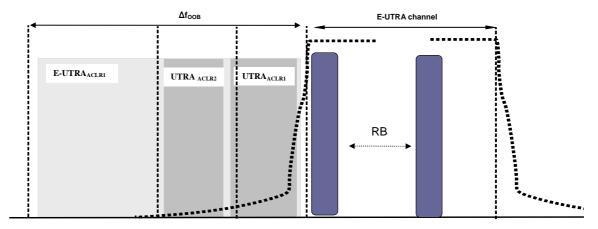


Figure 6.6.2.3-1: Adjacent Channel Leakage requirements

6.6.2.3.1 Minimum requirement E-UTRA

E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (E-UTRA_{ACLR}) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. The assigned E-UTRA channel power and adjacent E-UTRA channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-1. If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50dBm then the E-UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.1-1.

	Channel bandwidth / E-UTRA _{ACLR1} / Measurement bandwidth							
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
E-UTRA _{ACLR1}	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB	30 dB		
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz		
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	+1.4 / -1.4	+3.0 / -3.0	+5 / -5	+10 / -10	+15 / -15	+20 / -20		

Table 6.6.2.3.1-1: General requirements for E-UTRA_{ACLR}

6.6.2.3.2 Minimum requirements UTRA

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (UTRA_{ACLR}) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned E-UTRA channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent(s) UTRA channel frequency.

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR1}) and the 2^{nd} UTRA adjacent channel (UTRA_{ACLR2}). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor α =0.22. The assigned E-UTRA channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1. If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than –50dBm then the UTRA_{ACLR} shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.2.3.2-1.

Table 6.6.2.3.2-1: Requirements for UTRA_{ACLR1/2}

	Channel bandwidth / UTRA _{ACLR1/2} / Measurement bandwidth							
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
UTRA _{ACLR1}	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB	33 dB		
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	0.7+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -0.7- BW _{UTRA} /2	1.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -1.5- BW _{UTRA} /2	+2.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -2.5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+7.5+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -7.5-BW _{UTRA} /2	+10+BW _{UTRA} /2 / -10-BW _{UTRA} /2		
UTRA _{ACLR2}	-	-	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB	36 dB		
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset [MHz]	-	-	+2.5+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -2.5-3*BW _{UTRA} /2	+5+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -5-3*BW _{UTRA} /2	+7.5+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -7.5-3*BW _{UTRA} /2	+10+3*BW _{UTRA} /2 / -10-3*BW _{UTRA} /2		
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1.08 MHz	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9.0 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz		
UTRA 5MHz channel Measurement bandwidth [Note 1] *	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz	3.84 MHz		
UTRA 1.6MHz channel measurement bandwidth [Note 2]	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz	1.28 MHz tence with UTRA FD	1.28MHz	1.28MHz	1.28MHz		

NOTE 2:

6.6.2.4

6.6.2.4.1 Void

6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Void

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements inline with SM.329 [2] and E-UTRA operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

Applicable for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum.

Unless otherwise stated, the spurious emission limits apply for the frequency ranges that are more than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth. To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

6.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

Table 6.6.3.1-1: Boundary between E-UTRA Δf_{OOB} and spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
Δf_{OOB} (MHz)	2.8	6	10	15	20	25

The spurious emission limits in Table 6.6.3.1-2 apply for all transmitter band configurations (N_{RB}) and channel bandwidths.

NOTE: In order that the measurement of spurious emissions falls within the frequency ranges that are more than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) from the edge of the channel bandwidth, the minimum offset of the measurement frequency from each edge of the channel should be $\Delta f_{OOB} + MBW/2$. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2.

Table 6.6.3.1-2: Spurious emissions limits

Frequency Range	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz

6.6.3.2 Spurious emission band UE co-existence

This clause specifies the requirements for the specified E-UTRA band, for coexistence with protected bands

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 6.6.3.2-1: Requirements

_		Spurious	s em	ission			
E- UTRA Band	Protected band		enc (MH	y range z)	Maximu m level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	NOTE
1	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 20, 21, 34, 38, 40	F _{DL_low}	_	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1880	-	1895	-40	1	14,18
	Frequency range	1839.9		1879.9	-50	1	,
	Frequency range	1895	-	1915	-15.5	5	14,18,19
	Frequency range	1915	-	1920	+1.6	5	14,18,19
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	6, 8, 14
2	E-UTRA Band 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 2	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	14
3	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 33, 34, 38	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	14
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	13
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-50	1	13
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	13
4	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
5	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
6	E-UTRA Band 1, 9, 11, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	875	-37	1	
	Frequency range	875	-	895	-50	1	
		1884.5	-	1919.6	-41	0.3	7
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7		0.0	8
7	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 33, 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2570	-	2575	-+1.6	5	14, 15, 19
		2575	-	2595	-15.5	5	14, 15, 19
		2595	-	2620	-40	1	14, 15
8	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA band 7	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 8	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	14
	E-UTRA Band 11, 21	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	17
	Frequency range	860	-	890	-40	1	14, 17
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8, 17
9	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-50	1	•
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range Frequency range	945	-	960	-50 -50	1	
10		1839.9	<u> </u>	1879.9	-50	1	
11	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17 E-UTRA Band 1, 9, 11, 21, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
''	Frequency range	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high} 895	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	<u> </u>	960	-50	1	
12	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17	F _{DL_low}	†	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F _{DL_low}	<u> </u>	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 12	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	14
13	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 17	F _{DL_low}	<u> </u>	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 14	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	14
	Frequency range	769	-	775	-35	0.00625	14
	Frequency range	799	<u> </u>	805	-35	0.00625	11, 14
14	E-UTRA Band 2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	,
	Frequency range	769	-	775	-35	0.00625	12, 14
L	<u> </u>						·

	Frequency range	799	-	805	-35	0.00625	11, 12, 14
17	E-UTRA Band 2, 5, 13, 14, 17	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 4, 10	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
	E-UTRA Band 12	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	14
18	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-40	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
19	E-UTRA Band 1, 11, 21, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-40	1	9, 14
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
20	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 33, 34,	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 20	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	14
	E-UTRA Band 38	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	2
21	E-UTRA Band 11	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-35	1	10, 14
	E-UTRA Band 1, 34	F_{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 21	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-35	1	10
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
	Frequency range	945	-	960	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	
33	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 34, 38, 39, 40	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	5
	E-UTRA Band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	14
34	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 11, 20, 21, 33,				-50	1	5
	38,39, 40	F _{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}			Ŭ
	Frequency range	860	-	895	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	8
0.5	Frequency range	1839.9	-	1879.9	-50	1	5
35							
36 37							
38	E UTDA D 14 0 0 00 00 04	_	-	_	F0		
30	E-UTRA Band 1,3, 8, 20, 33, 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50 -15.5	1 5	14 10 10
	Frequency range	2620	-	2645			14, 16, 19
39	Frequency range	2645		2690	-40 50	1	14, 16
40	E-UTRA Band 34, 40	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 33, 34, 39	F_{DL_low}	-	F_{DL_high}	-50	1	

NOTE 1: FDL low and FDL high refer to each E-UTRA frequency band specified in Table 5.5-1

NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.6.3.1-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2nd or 3rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RE within the transmission bandwidth (see Figure 5.6-1) for which the 2nd or 3rd harmonic, i.e. the frequency equal to two or three times the frequency of that RE, is within the measurement bandwidth (MBW).

- NOTE 3: To meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 4: N/A
- NOTE 5: For non synchronised TDD operation to meet these requirements some restriction will be needed for either the operating band or protected band
- NOTE 6: Applicable when NS_05 in section 6.6.3.3.1 is signalled by the network.
- NOTE 7: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5-1919.6MHz.
- NOTE 8: Applicable when co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5 -1915.7MHz.
- NOTE 9: Applicable when NS_08 in section 6.6.3.3.3 is signalled by the network
- NOTE 10: Applicable when NS_09 in section 6.6.3.3.4 is signalled by the network
- NOTE 11: Whether the applicable frequency range should be 793-805MHz instead of 799-805MHz is TBD
- NOTE 12: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB
- NOTE 13: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA UL operating channel is ≥1744.9MHz and ≤ 1784.9MHz.
- NOTE 14: These requirements also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.
- NOTE 15: This requirement is applicable for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 2560.5 2562.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 2552 2560 MHz. This requirement is

- applicable without any other uplink transmission bandwidth restriction for channel bandwidths within the range 2500 2570 MHz.
- NOTE 16: This requirement is applicable for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 2605.5 2607.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 2597 2605 MHz. This requirement is applicable without any other uplink transmission bandwidth restriction for channel bandwidths within the range 2570 2615 MHz. For assigned carriers with bandwidths overlapping the frequency range 2615-2620 MHz the requirements apply with the maximum output power configured to +20 dBm in the IE *P-Max*.
- NOTE 17: For carriers of 5 MHz channel bandwidth with carrier center frequencies (F_c) in the range 902.5MHz $\leq F_c < 907.5$ MHz, the requirement applies for uplink transmission bandwidths less than or equal to 20 RB. No restrictions apply in the range 907.5 MHz $\leq F_c \leq 912.5$ MHz. For carriers of 10 MHz channel bandwidth, the requirement only applies for $F_c = 910$ MHz and uplink transmission bandwidths less than or equal to 32 RB with RB_{start} > 3.
- NOTE 18: This requirement is applicable for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 1927.5 1929.5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier center frequency is within the range 1930 1938 MHz. This requirement is applicable without any other uplink transmission bandwidth restriction for channel bandwidths within the range 1920 1980 MHz.
- NOTE 19: For these adjacent bands, the emission limit could imply risk of harmful interference to UE(s) operating in the protected operating band.

NOTE: The restriction on the maximum uplink transmission to 54 RB in Notes 15, 16 and 18 of Table 6.6.3.2-1 is intended for conformance testing and may be applied to network operation to facilitate coexistence when the aggressor and victim bands are deployed in the same geographical area. The applicable spurious emission requirement of -15.5 dBm/5MHz is a least restrictive technical condition for FDD/TDD coexistence and may have to be revised in the future.

6.6.3.3 Additional spurious emissions

These requirements are specified in terms of an additional spectrum emission requirement. Additional spurious emission requirements are signalled by the network to indicate that the UE shall meet an additional requirement for a specific deployment scenario as part of the cell handover/broadcast message.

6.6.3.3.1 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_05")

When "NS_05" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-1: Additional requirements (PHS)

Frequency band (MHz)		Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)			Measurement bandwidth	Note
, ,	5	10	15	20		
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
1884.5 ≤ f ≤1915.7	-41	-41	-41	-41	300 KHz	1

NOTE 1: Applicable when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is larger than or equal to the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned, where channel BW is as defined in Subclause 5.6. Additional restrictions apply for operations below this point.

The requirements in Table 6.6.3.3.1-1 apply with the additional restrictions specified in Table 6.6.3.3.1-2 when the lower edge of the assigned E-UTRA UL channel bandwidth frequency is less than the upper edge of PHS band (1915.7 MHz) + 4 MHz + the channel BW assigned.

Table 6.6.3.3.1-2: RB restrictions for additional requirement (PHS).

	15 MHz channel bandwidth with f _c = 1932.5 MHz								
RB _{start}	0-7	8-66	67-74						
L _{CRB}	N/A	≤ MIN(30, 67 – RB _{start})	N/A						
	20 MHz channel l	pandwidth with f _c = 1930 M	Hz						
RB _{start}	RB _{start} 0-23 24-75 76-99								
L _{CRB}	N/A	\leq MIN(24, 76 – RB _{start})	N/A						

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth (300 kHz).

6.6.3.3.2 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_07")

When "NS_07" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.2-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.2-1: Additional requirements

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm) 10 MHz	Measurement bandwidth		
769 ≤ f ≤ 775	-57	6.25 kHz		
NOTE: The emissions measurement shall be sufficiently power averaged to ensure a standard deviation < 0.5 dB.				

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth (6.25 kHz).

6.6.3.3.3 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_08")

When "NS 08" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.3-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

Table 6.6.3.3.3-1: Additional requirement

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel band	Measurement bandwidth		
(1411 12)	5MHz			
860 ≤ f ≤ 895	-40	-40	-40	1 MHz

NOTE: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth (1 MHz).

6.6.3.3.4 Minimum requirement (network signalled value "NS_09")

When "NS 09" is indicated in the cell, the power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.6.3.3.4-1. This requirement also applies for the frequency ranges that are less than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) in Table 6.6.3.1-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.

 Frequency band (MHz)
 Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)
 Measurement bandwidth

 5MHz
 10MHz
 15MHz

 1475.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9
 -35
 -35
 -35
 1 MHz

Table 6.6.3.3.4-1: Additional requirement

NOTE 1: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth (1 MHz).

NOTE 2: To improve measurement accuracy, A-MPR values for NS_09 specified in Table 6.2.4-1 in sub-clause 6.2.4 are derived based on both the above NOTE 1 and 100 kHz RBW.

6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

6.7.1 Minimum requirement

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or eNode B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the mean power of the wanted signal to the mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal at each of the transmitter antenna port with the other antenna port(s) if any is terminated. Both the wanted signal power and the intermodulation product power are measured through E-UTRA rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth shown in Table 6.7.1-1.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation is prescribed in Table 6.7.1-1.

Table 6.7.1-1: Transmit Intermodulation

BW Channel (UL)	5MHz 10MHz			15MHz		20MHz			
Interference Signal Frequency Offset	5MHz	10MHz	10MHz	20MHz	15MHz	30MHz	20MHz	40MHz	
Interference CW Signal Level		-40dBc							
Intermodulation Product	-29dBc	-35dBc	-29dBc	-35dBc	-29dBc	-35dBc	-29dBc	-35dBc	
Measurement bandwidth	4.5MHz	4.5MHz	9.0MHz	9.0MHz	13.5MHz	13.5MHz	18MHz	18MHz	

7 Receiver characteristics

7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector(s) of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna(s) with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed for each antenna port(s). UE with an integral antenna(s) may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector, identical interfering signals shall be applied to each receiver antenna port if more than one of these is used (diversity).

The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

With the exception of subclause 7.3, the requirements shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 configured (Table 6.2.4-1).

All the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the UL reference measurement channels specified in Annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3, the DL reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.2 and using the set-up specified in Annex C.3.1

7.2 Diversity characteristics

The requirements in Section 7 assume that the receiver is equipped with two Rx port as a baseline. These requirements apply to all UE categories unless stated otherwise. Requirements for 4 ports are FFS. With the exception of subclause 7.9 all requirements shall be verified by using both (all) antenna ports simultaneously.

7.3 Reference sensitivity power level

The reference sensitivity power level REFSENS is the minimum mean power applied to both the UE antenna ports at which the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.3.1 Minimum requirements (QPSK)

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.3.1-1 and table 7.3.1-2

Table 7.3.1-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK PREFSENS

	Channel bandwidth											
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	Duplex Mode					
1			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD					
2	-102.7	-99.7	-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD					
3	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94	-92.2	-91	FDD					
4	-104.7	-101.7	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD					
5	-103.2	-100.2	-98	-95			FDD					
6			-100	-97			FDD					
7			-98	-95	-93.2	-92	FDD					
8	-102.2	-99.2	-97	-94			FDD					
9			-99	-96	-94.2	-93	FDD					
10			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	FDD					
11			-100	-97			FDD					
12	-101.7	-98.7	-97	-94			FDD					
13			-97	-94			FDD					
14			-97	-94			FDD					
17			-97	-94			FDD					
18			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD					
19			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD					
20			-97	-94	-91.2	-90	FDD					
21			-100	-97	-95.2		FDD					
33			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					
34			-100	-97	-95.2		TDD					
35	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					
36	-106.2	-102.2	-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					
37			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					
38			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					
39			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					
40			-100	-97	-95.2	-94	TDD					

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to P_{UMAX} as defined in clause 6.2.5

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1

NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port

NOTE 4: For the UE which supports both Band 3 and Band 9 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

NOTE 5: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the reference sensitivity level is FFS.

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in Table 7.3.1-1 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

NOTE: Table 7.3.1-2 does not necessarily reflect the operational conditions of the network, where the number of uplink and downlink allocated resource blocks will be practically constrained by other factors.

Table 7.3.1-2: Uplink configuration for reference sensitivity

	E-UTRA B	and / Cha	annel ban	dwidth / N	IRB / Dupl	ex mode	
E-UTRA Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Duplex Mode
1			25	50	75	100	FDD
2	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
3	6	15	25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
4	6	15	25	50	75	100	FDD
5	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
6			25	25 ¹			FDD
7			25	50	75 ¹	75 ¹	FDD
8	6	15	25	25 ¹			FDD
9			25	50	50 ¹	50 ¹	FDD
10			25	50	75	100	FDD
11			25	25 ¹			FDD
12	6	15	20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
13			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
14			15 ¹	15 ¹			FDD
17			20 ¹	20 ¹			FDD
18			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
19			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
20			25	20 ¹	20 ³	20 ³	FDD
21			25	25 ¹	25 ¹		FDD
33			25	50	75	100	TDD
34			25	50	75		TDD
35	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
36	6	15	25	50	75	100	TDD
37			25	50	75	100	TDD
38			25	50	75	100	TDD
39			25	50	75	100	TDD
40			25	50	75	100	TDD

NOTE 1: ¹ refers to the UL resource blocks shall be located as close as possible to the downlink operating band but confined within the transmission bandwidth configuration for the channel bandwidth (Table 5.6-1).

NOTE 2: For the UE which supports both Band 11 and Band 21 the uplink configuration for reference sensitivity is FFS.

NOTE 3: 3 refers to Band 20: 5 th and 10 feet to Band 20: 5 th and 10 f

NOTE 3: ³ refers to Band 20; in the case of 15MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 11 and in the case of 20MHz channel bandwidth, the UL resource blocks shall be located at RB_{start} 16

Unless given by Table 7.3.1-3, the minimum requirements specified in Tables 7.3.1-1 and 7.3.1-2 shall be verified with the network signalling value NS_01 (Table 6.2.4-1) configured.

Network E-UTRA signalling **Band** value 2 NS 03 4 NS_03 10 NS_03 12 NS_06 13 NS 06 14 NS 06

NS_06

NS_08

NS_09

17

19

21

Table 7.3.1-3: Network signalling value for reference sensitivity

7.3.2 Void

7.4 Maximum input level

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements for the specified reference measurement channel.

7.4.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.4.1-1

Table 7.4.1-1: Maximum input level

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth							
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
Power in Transmission	dBm			-2	25		1		
Bandwidth Configuration Post 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration									
specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5. NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is Annex A.3.2: 64QAM, R=3/4 variant with one sided									
dynamic OCNG Pati									

7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

7.5.1 Minimum requirements

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

The UE shall fulfil the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.5.1-1 for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm. However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5.1-2 and Table 7.5.1-3 where the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1).

Table 7.5.1-1: Adjacent Channel Selectivity

		Channel bandwidth						
Rx Parameter	Units	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
ACS	dB	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	30	27	

Table 7.5.1-2: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, case 1

Rx Parameter	Units		Channel bandwidth								
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz				
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm			REFSENS	S + 14 dB						
P _{Interferer}	dBm	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +45.5dB	REFSENS +42.5dB	REFSENS +39.5dB				
BW _{Interferer}	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5				
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	1.4+0.0025 / -1.4-0.0025	3+0.0075 / -3-0.0075	5+0.0025 / -5-0.0025	7.5+0.0075 / -7.5-0.0075	10+0.0125 / -10-0.0125	12.5+0.0025 / -12.5- 0.0025				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.5.1-3: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, case 2

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth								
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz			
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	-56.5	-56.5	-56.5	-56.5	-53.5	-50.5			
P _{Interferer}	dBm			-2	5					
BW _{Interferer}	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5			
F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	1.4+0.0025 / -1.4-0.0025	3+0.0075 / -3-0.0075	5+0.0025 / -5-0.0025	7.5+0.0075 / -7.5-0.0075	10+0.0125 / -10-0.0125	12.5+0.0025 / -12.5- 0.0025			

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in clause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex 3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 In-band blocking

In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band at which the relative throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirement for the specified measurement channels..

7.6.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.1.1-1 and 7.6.1.1-2.

Table 7.6.1.1-1: In band blocking parameters

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth									
		1.4 MHz	1.4 MHz 3 MHz 5 MHz 10 MHz 15 MHz								
Power in			REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below								
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9				
BW _{Interferer}	MHz	1.4	3	5	5	5	5				
F _{loffset, case 1}	MHz	2.1+0.0125	4.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125	7.5+0.0025	7.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0125				
F _{loffset, case 2}	MHz	3.5+0.0075	7.5+0.0075	12.5+0.0075	12.5+0.012 5	12.5+0.002 5	12.5+0.007 5				

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: The interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 and set-up according to Annex C.3.1

Table 7.6.1.1-2: In-band blocking

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Unit	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-56	-44	-30	[-30]
	F _{Interferer} (offset)	MHz	=-BW/2 - F _{loffset,case 1} & =+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 1}	≤-BW/2 − F _{loffset,case 2} & ≥+BW/2 + F _{loffset,case 2}	-BW/2 – 15 & -BW/2 – 9	-BW/2 - 10
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14,18, 19, 20, 21, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 15 to F _{DL_high} + 15		
12	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F_{DL_low} – 10 to F_{DL_high} + 15		F _{DL_low} – 10
17	F _{Interferer}	MHz	(Note 2)	F _{DL_low} – 9 to F _{DL_high} + 15	F _{DL_low} – 15 and F _{DL_low} – 9	

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:

- a. the carrier frequency -BW/2 Floffset, case 1 and
- b. the carrier frequency +BW/2 + F_{loffset, case 1}
- NOTE 3: F_{Interferer} range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer center frequencies
- NOTE 4: Case 3 and Case 4 only apply to assigned UE channel bandwidth of 5 MHz

7.6.2 Out-of-band blocking

Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted CW interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. For the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.

7.6.2.1 Minimum requirements

. The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.6.2.1-1 and 7.6.2.1-2.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24, 6 \cdot \lceil N_{RB} / 6 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration (see Figure 5.6-1). For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.6.2.1-2 in frequency range 4, up to $\max(8, \lceil (N_{RB} + 2 \cdot L_{CRBs})/8 \rceil)$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configurations (see Figure 5.6-1) and L_{CRBs} is the number of resource blocks allocated in the uplink. For these exceptions the requirements of subclause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.6.2.1-1: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth						
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
Power in		REFS	ENS + ch	annel ban	dwidth sp	ecific valu	e below	
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9	

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.

Table 7.6.2.1-2: Out of band blocking

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Units	Frequency							
			range 1	range 2	range 3	range 4				
	P _{Interferer}	dBm	-44	-30	-15	-15				
1, 2, 3, 4, 5 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,			F _{DL_low} -15 to F _{DL_low} -60	F_{DL_low} -60 to F_{DL_low} -85	F _{DL_low} -85 to 1 MHz	-				
11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 33,34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40	Finterferer (CW)	MHz	F _{DL_high} +15 to F _{DL_high} + 60	F _{DL_high} +60 to F _{DL_high} +85	F _{DL_high} +85 to +12750 MHz	-				
2, 5, 12, 17	F _{Interferer}	MHz	-	-	-	F _{UL_low} - F _{UL_high}				

7.6.3 Narrow band blocking

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band CW interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

7.6.3.1 Minimum requirements

The relative throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.6.3.1-1

Table 7.6.3.1-1: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	Unit		Channel bandwidth							
raiailletei	Onit	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz			
В	dBm	P_R	_{EFSENS} + cha	nnel-bandwi	dth specific	value belo	w			
Pw	UDIII	22	18	16	13	14	16			
P _{uw} (CW)	dBm	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55			
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz	0.9075	1.7025	2.7075	5.2125	7.7025	10.2075			
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz									

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2 is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Tables 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2.

Table 7.7.1-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in		REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					low
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	6	6	6	6	7	9

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2.

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.

Table 7.7.1-2: Spurious response

Parameter	Unit	Level
P _{Interferer} (CW)	dBm	-44
F _{Interferer}	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Wide band intermodulation

The wide band intermodulation requirement is defined following the same principles using modulated E-UTRA carrier and CW signal as interferer.

7.8.1.1 Minimum requirements

The throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in Annexes A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in Table 7.8.1.1 for the specified wanted signal mean power in the presence of two interfering signals

Table 7.8.1.1-1: Wide band intermodulation

Rx parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in		RE	FSENS + cha	nnel bandw	idth specific	value belov	V
Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	12	8	6	6	7	9
P _{Interferer 1} (CW)	dBm			-46			
P _{Interferer 2} (Modulated)	dBm			-46			
BW _{Interferer 2}		1.4	3			5	
F _{Interferer 1} (Offset)	MHz	-BW/2 –2.1 / +BW/2+ 2.1	-BW/2 -4.5 / +BW/2 + 4.5			/2 - 7.5 / //2 + 7.5	
F _{Interferer 2} (Offset)	MHz	TOVV/ZT Z.1	TDVV/Z T 4.3	2*F _{Interfer}		12 ± 1.5	

- NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4dB below Pcmax_L at the minimum uplink configuration specified in Table 7.3.1-2 with Pcmax_L as defined in subclause 6.2.5.
- NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1.
- NOTE 3: The modulated interferer consists of the Reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/A.5.2.1 with set-up according to Annex C.3.1The interfering modulated signal is 5MHz E-UTRA signal as described in Annex D for channel bandwidth ≥5MHz

7.8.2 Void

7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

7.9.1 Minimum requirements

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.9.1-1

Table 7.9.1-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	

8 Performance requirement

This clause contains performance requirements for the physical channels specified in TS 36.211 [4]. The performance requirements for the UE in this clause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A.3, the propagation conditions in Annex B and the downlink channels in Annex C.3.2.

8.1 General

8.1.1 Dual-antenna receiver capability

The performance requirements are based on UE(s) that utilize a dual-antenna receiver.

For all test cases, the SNR is defined as

$$SNR = \frac{\hat{E}_s^{(1)} + \hat{E}_s^{(2)}}{N_{co}^{(1)} + N_{co}^{(2)}}$$

where the superscript indicates the receiver antenna connector. The above SNR definition assumes that the REs are not precoded. The SNR definition does not account for any gain which can be associated to the precoding operation. The relative power of physical channels transmitted is defined in Table C.3.2-1. The SNR requirement applies for the UE categories given for each test.

8.1.1.1 Simultaneous unicast and MBMS operations

8.1.1.2 Dual-antenna receiver capability in idle mode

8.2 Demodulation of PDSCH (Cell-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.2.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Cyclic Prefix		Normal
Cell_ID		0
Note:		

8.2.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.3 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Paramete	r	Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6-8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0
N_{oc} at antenn	a port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)
Modulation			QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM
PDSCH transmiss	ion mode		1	1	1	1

Note 1: $P_R = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.2.1.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
					Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
					Configuration	Throughput		
						(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.0	1-5
2	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.4	1-5
3	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	0.0	1-5
4	10 MHz	R.2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	1x2 Low	70	-2.4	1-5
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	1-5
6	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	2-5
	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	2-5
	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	2-5
	5 MHz	R.3-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.4	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1-5
10	5 MHz	R.6 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.4	2-5
	5 MHz	R.6-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.5	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	2-5
	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.0	2-5
	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	18.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	2-5
	10 MHz	R.7-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	17.8	1
14	15 MHz	R.8 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	2-5
	15 MHz	R.8-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.8	1
15	20 MHz	R.9 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	3-5
	20 MHz	R.9-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.3	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	16.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	1-5
17	10 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	1-5
18	20 MHz	R.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.9	1-5

8.2.1.1.2 Void

8.2.1.1.3 Void

8.2.1.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$.

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain

QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes,

QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.1.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Ī	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
	number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
						Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
						Configuration	Throughput		
							(%)		
Ī	1	10 MHz	R.29 FDD	OP.3 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	1-5

8.2.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission mode			2
Note 1: $P_{p} = 1$.			

Table 8.2.1.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughp ut (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	2-5
	5 MHz	R.11-2 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	5.9	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	HST	2x2 Low	70	-2.3	1-5

8.2.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_B = 1$			

Table 8.2.1.2.2-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.6	1-5
2	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.9	1-5

8.2.1.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter	ı	Unit	Test 1
Danielink name	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$			

Table 8.2.1.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.0	2-5

8.2.1.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.1.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Davinlink navian	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$			

Table 8.2.1.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
					Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
					Configuration	Throughput		
						(%)		
1	10 MHz	R.14 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.3	2-5

8.2.1.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.1.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Precoding granula	rity	PRB	6	50
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8	8
Reporting interv	al	ms	1	1
Reporting mode	æ		PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRe	estric		001111	001111
tion bitmap				
PDSCH transmiss	ion		4	4
mode				

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame

SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink

before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-2.5	1-5
2	10 MHz	R.10 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.3	1-5

8.2.1.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1			
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6			
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)			
allocation	σ	dB	3			
N_{oc} at antenna ${\mathfrak p}$	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98			
Precoding granula	arity	PRB	6			
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	8			
Reporting interv	⁄al	ms	1			
Reporting mod	е		PUSCH 1-2			
CodeBookSubsetRe	estricti		0000000000000000			
on bitmap			0000000000000000			
			0000000000000000			
			11111111111111111			
PDSCH transmiss	sion		4			
mode						
Note 1: $P_B = 1.Nc$	ote 2:	If the UE reports in	an available uplink			
reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).						

Table 8.2.1.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.13 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.2	1-5

8.2.1.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.2-2,with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
allocation	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		110000
bitmap			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

ĺ	Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
	number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
ſ	1	10 MHz	R.35 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	18.9	2-5
ſ	2	10 MHz	R.11 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	14.3	2-5

8.2.1.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.1.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.1.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.1.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
allocation	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	8
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		0000000000000
bitmap			0000000000000
			0000001111111
			1111111110000
			00000000000
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_B = 1$

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF

not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 8.2.1.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.36 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	14.7	2-5

8.2.1.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.1.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.2.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 8.2.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.2.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	4 for 1.4 MHz bandwidth, 3 for 3 MHz and 5 MHz bandwidths, 2 for 10 MHz, 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths
Note 1: as specified in	Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.	211 [4]

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4] Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.2.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

The single-antenna performance in a given multi-path fading environments is determined by the SNR for which a certain relative information bit throughput of the reference measurement channels in Annex A.3.4 is achieved. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with different channel models and MCS. The QPSK and 64QAM cases are also used to verify the performance for all bandwidths specified in Table 5.6.1-1.

8.2.2.1.1 Minimum Requirement

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-1: Test Parameters

Parameter		Unit	Test 1- 5	Test 6-8	Test 9- 15	Test 16- 18
Davinlink navian	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98
Symbols for unuse	d PRBs		OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)
Modulation			QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	16QAM
ACK/NACK feedback mode			Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing	Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1	1	1	1

Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.2.2.1.1-2: Minimum performance (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	-1.2	1-5
2	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	-0.6	1-5
3	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 Low	70	-0.2	1-5
4	10 MHz	R.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	1x2 Low	70	-2.6	1-5
5	1.4 MHz	R.4 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	0.0	1-5
6	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	2-5
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	6.7	1
7	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	2-5
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	1.4	1
8	10 MHz	R.3 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	2-5
	5 MHz	R.3-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU300	1x2 High	70	9.3	1
9	3 MHz	R.5 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1-5
10	5 MHz	R.6 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	2-5
	5 MHz	R.6-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
11	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	2-5
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.6	1
12	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	2-5
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	70	19.1	1
13	10 MHz	R.7 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	2-5
	10 MHz	R.7-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 High	70	19.1	1
14	15 MHz	R.8 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	2-5
	15 MHz	R.8-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.8	1
15	20 MHz	R.9 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	3-5
	20 MHz	R.9-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	2
	20 MHz	R.9-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	1x2 Low	70	17.7	1
16	3 MHz	R.0 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	1-5
17	10 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	1-5
18	20 MHz	R.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.1	1-5

8.2.2.1.2 Void

8.2.2.1.3 Void

8.2.2.1.4 Minimum Requirement 1 PRB allocation in presence of MBSFN

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.1.4-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.1.1.4-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the single-antenna performance with a single PRB allocated at the lower band edge in presence of MBSFN.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-1: Test Parameters for Testing 1 PRB allocation

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Symbols for MBSFN MBSFN subframes			OCNG (Note 3)
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	on mode		1

Note 1: $P_B = 0$

Note 2: The MBSFN portion of an MBSFN subframe comprises the whole MBSFN subframe except the first two symbols in the

first slot.

Note 3: The MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes shall contain

QPSK modulated data. Cell-specific reference signals are not inserted in the MBSFN portion of the MBSFN subframes,

QPSK modulated MBSFN data is used instead.

Table 8.2.2.1.4-2: Minimum performance 1PRB (FRC)

Ī	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
	number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and	Fraction of	SNR	Category
						Antenna	Maximum	(dB)	
						Configuration	Throughput		
							(%)		
ĺ	1	10 MHz	R.29 TDD	OP.3 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	30	2.0	1-5

8.2.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.2.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC) with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_{B} = 1$			

Table 8.2.2.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Bandw	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number	idth	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	2-5
	5 MHz	R.11-2 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Medium	70	6.8	1
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	HST	2x2 Low	70	-2.3	1-5

8.2.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of transmit diversity (SFBC-FSTD) with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Transmit diversity Performance (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-2
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode		Multiplexing
PDSCH transmission	on mode		2
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Table 8.2.2.2.1-2: Minimum performance Transmit Diversity (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	1.4 MHz	R.12 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Medium	70	0.2	1-5
2	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	4x2 Low	70	-0.5	1-5

8.2.2.3 Open-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.3.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 2 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.3.1-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Davinlink navian	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba			Bundling
PDSCH transmission	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$			

Table 8.2.2.3.1-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2x2 Low	70	13.1	2-5

8.2.2.3.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.3.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.3.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the performance of large delay CDD with 4 transmitter antennas.

Table 8.2.2.3.2-1: Test Parameters for Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
N_{oc} at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
PDSCH transmissi	on mode		3
Note 1: $P_B = 1$.			

Table 8.2.2.3.2-2: Minimum performance Large Delay CDD (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.14 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	4x2 Low	70	14.2	2-5

8.2.2.4 Closed-loop spatial multiplexing performance

8.2.2.4.1 Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)	-3 (Note 1)	
	σ	dB	0	0	
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Precoding granularity		PRB	6	50	
PMI delay (Note 2	2)	ms	10 or 11	10 or 11	
Reporting interva	l	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)	1 or 4 (Note 3)	
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2	PUSCH 3-1	
CodeBookSubsetRest	riction		001111	001111	
bitmap			<u> </u>		
ACK/NACK feedback	mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing	
PDSCH transmission	mode		4	4	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be

applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval will alternate between 1ms

and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Tes	t Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
numl	per	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-3.1	1-5
'	10 1011 12	K.10 100	TDD	EVAS	ZXZ LOW	70	-3.1	1-5
2	10 MHz	R.10 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 High	70	-2.8	1-5

8.2.2.4.1A Minimum Requirement Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-one performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-1: Test Parameters for Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
N_{oc} at antenna p	ort	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granula	arity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Note	2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting interv	al	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mode	Э		PUSCH 1-2
CodeBookSubsetRe	estricti		0000000000000000
on bitmap			0000000000000000
			000000000000000
			000111111111111
			1111
ACK/NACK feedb	ack		Multiplexing
mode			
PDSCH transmiss mode	sion		4
N 4 5 4		<u> </u>	

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance

at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be

applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval

will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.1A-2: Minimum performance Single-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.13 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	4x2 Low	70	-3.5	1-5

8.2.2.4.2 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 2 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	ı	Unit	Test 1-2
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	larity	PRB	50
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 3-1
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		110000
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF

not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval

will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.2-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test	Band-	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number	width	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz	R.35 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	19.5	2-5
2	10 MHz	R.11-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	2x2 Low	70	13.9	2-5

8.2.2.4.3 Minimum Requirement Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing 4 Tx Antenna Port

The requirements are specified in Table 8.2.2.4.3-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.2.2.4.3-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the closed loop rank-two performance with wideband and frequency selective precoding.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-1: Test Parameters for Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Parameter	•	Unit	Test 1
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6 (Note 1)
	σ	dB	3
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna	port	dBm/15kHz	-98
Precoding granu	ılarity	PRB	6
PMI delay (Not	e 2)	ms	10 or 11
Reporting inte	rval	ms	1 or 4 (Note 3)
Reporting mo	de		PUSCH 1-2
ACK/NACK feedba	ck mode		Bundling
CodeBookSubsetRe	estriction		0000000000000
bitmap			0000000000000
			0000001111111
			1111111110000
			000000000000
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4
I			

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at

subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be

applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 3: For Uplink - downlink configuration 1 the reporting interval

will alternate between 1ms and 4ms.

Table 8.2.2.4.3-2: Minimum performance Multi-Layer Spatial Multiplexing (FRC)

Test number	Band- width	Reference Channel	OCNG Pattern	Propagatio n Condition	Correlation Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Reference v Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	value SNR (dB)	UE Category
1	10 MHz	R.36 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4x2 Low	70	15.7	2-5

8.2.2.5 MU-MIMO

8.2.2.6 [Control channel performance: D-BCH and PCH]

8.3 Demodulation of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols)

8.3.1 FDD

[TBD]

8.3.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.3.2-1 are valid for TDD unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.3.2-1: Common Test Parameters for User-specific Reference Symbols

Parameter	Unit	Value
Uplink downlink configuration (Note 1)		1
Special subframe configuration (Note 2)		4
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	7
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,1,2,3} for QPSK and 16QAM {0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	2
Beamforming Model		As specified in Annex B.4
Precoder update granularity		Frequency domain: 1 PRB Time domain: 1 ms
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Multiplexing
	Table 4.2-2 in TS 36 Table 4.2-1 in TS 36	

8.3.2.1 Single-layer Spatial Multiplexing

For single-layer transmission on antenna port 5, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose is to verify the demodulation performance using user-specific reference signals with full RB or single RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing DRS

parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0		
Cell-specific refere	ence		Antenna port 0					
Beamforming mo	del		Annex B.4.1					
N_{oc} at antenna p	ort	dB/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)		
PDSCH transmiss mode	sion		7	7	7	7		

Note 1: $P_B = 0$.

These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one Note 2: PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.1-2: Minimum performance DRS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.25 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	-0.8	1-5
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	2-5
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.26-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	7.0	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	2-5
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.27-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.0	1
4	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.28 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	30	1.7	1-5

For single-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 or 8, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.1-4 and 8.3.2.1-5, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.1-3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify rank-1 performance on one of the antenna ports 7 or 8 with and without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port.

Table 8.3.2.1-3: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (single layer)

parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5		
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	0	0	0		
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3		
Cell-specific reference signals	е		Antenna port 0 and antenna port 1						
Beamforming mode			Annex B.4.1						
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	-98	-98	-98		
Symbols for unused PF	Symbols for unused PRBs		OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)	OCNG (Note 4)		
Simultaneous transmiss	sion		No	No	No	Yes (Note 3, 5)	Yes (Note 3, 5)		
PDSCH transmission m	ode		8	8	8	8	8		

Note 1: $P_{R} = 1$

Note 2: The modulation symbols of the signal under test is mapped onto antenna port 7 or 8.

Note 3: Modulation symbols of an interference signal is mapped onto the antenna port (7 or 8) not used for the input signal under test.

Note 4: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Note 5: The two UEs' scrambling identities $n_{\rm SCID}$ are set to 0 for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission test cases.

Table 8.3.2.1-4: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS without simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidt	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference value		UE
number	h and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughpu t (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	-1.0	1-5
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	2-5
	5MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	7.7	1
3	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	2-5
	10 MHz 64QAM 3/4	R.33-1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	17.7	1

Table 8.3.2.1-5: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS with interfering simultaneous transmission (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference v	/alue	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
4	10 MHz	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.9	2-5
	16QAM 1/2	(Note 1)						
5	10 MHz	R.34 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Low	70	22.0	2-5
	64QAM 1/2	(Note 1)						
Note 1:	The reference	channel applie	es to both the	input signal und	er test and the inte	erfering signal.		

8.3.2.2 Dual-Layer Spatial Multiplexing

For dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8, the requirements are specified in Table 8.3.2.2-2, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.3.2.2-1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The purpose of these tests is to verify the rank-2 performance for full RB allocation.

Table 8.3.2.2-1: Test Parameters for Testing CDM-multiplexed DM RS (dual layer)

Parame	ter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)	0 (Note 1)	
allocation	σ	dB	-3	-3	
Cell-spec reference symbol	ce		Antenna port 0 and antenna p		
Beamforming model			Annex B.4.2		
N_{oc} at antenna		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98	
Symbols for unused PRBs			OCNG (Note 2)	OCNG (Note 2)	
Number allocate resource b	ed	PRB	50	50	
PDSCI transmiss mode	sion		8	8	

Note 1: $P_B = 1$.

Note 2: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated.

Table 8.3.2.2-2: Minimum performance for CDM-multiplexed DM RS (FRC)

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Reference	value	UE
number	and MCS	Channel	Pattern	Condition	Matrix and Antenna Configuration	Fraction of Maximum Throughput (%)	SNR (dB)	Category
1	10 MHz QPSK 1/3	R.31 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA5	2x2 Low	70	4.5	2-5
2	10 MHz 16QAM 1/2	R.32 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	2x2 Medium	70	21.7	2-5

8.4 Demodulation of PDCCH/PCFICH

The receiver characteristics of the PDCCH/PCFICH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the Downlink Scheduling Grant (Pm-dsg). PDCCH and PCFICH are tested jointly, i.e. a miss detection of PCFICH implies a miss detection of PDCCH.

8.4.1 FDD

Table 8.4.1-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
Number of PHICH	H groups (N _g)		1	1
PHICH du	ration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s a	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell II	Cell ID		0	0
Downlink power allocation	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal

8.4.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference va	
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-dsg (%)	12
						and correlation		
						Matrix		
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 FDD	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	

8.4.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce va
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	18
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	

8.4.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.1-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregatio	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce va
number		n level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	18
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 FDD	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	

8.4.2 TDD

Table 8.4.2-1: Test Parameters for PDCCH/PCFICH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Uplink downlink (Note			0	0
Special subframe (Note			4	4
Number of PDC	CH symbols	symbols	2	2
Number of PHICI	H groups (N _g)		1	1
PHICH du	ıration		Normal	Normal
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell I	D		0	0
Daniel sana	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
Downlink power allocation	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
$N_{\it oc}$ at ante	$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		-98	-98
Cyclic prefix			Normal	Normal
ACK/NACK feed	dback mode		Multiplexing	Multiplexing
		-2 in TS 36.211 [4		

Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]

8.4.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	8 CCE	R.15 TDD	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1x2 Low	1	-1.6

8.4.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.4.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce va
number		level	Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	S
1	10 MHz	4 CCE	R.16 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	1	

8.4.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4.2-1 the average probability of a missed downlink scheduling grant (Pm-dsg) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.4.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.4.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PDCCH/PCFICH

Test	Bandwidth	Aggregation	Reference	OCNG	Propagati	Antenna	Referen	ce va
number		level	Channel	Pattern	on Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-dsg (%)	SN
1	5 MHz	2 CCE	R.17 TDD	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	

8.5 Demodulation of PHICH

The receiver characteristics of the PHICH are determined by the probability of miss-detecting an ACK for a NACK (Pm-an). It is assumed that there is no bias applied to the detection of ACK and NACK (zero-threshold delection).

8.5.1 FDD

Table 8.5.1-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

Param	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
Downlink power allocation	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
	PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
PHICH du	ıration		Normal	Normal
Number of PHICH	groups (Note 1)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1
PDCCH C	Content			be included with the aligned with A.3.6.
Unused RE-s	and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell ID			0	0
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98	-98
Cyclic p	refix		Normal	Normal
Note 1: according	g to Clause 6.9 in	TS 36.211 [4].	·	

8.5.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.5
2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 FDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	0.6

8.5.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
						and		
						correlation		
						Matrix		
Γ	1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 FDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.4

8.5.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
					and		
					correlation		
					Matrix		
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 FDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.1

8.5.2 TDD

Table 8.5.2-1: Test Parameters for PHICH

eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity
figuration (Note		1	1
configuration 2)		4	4
PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA	dB	0	-3
PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB	dB	0	-3
ıration		Normal	Normal
groups (Note 3)		Ng = 1	Ng = 1
ontent			be included with the aligned with A.3.6.
and PRB-s		OCNG	OCNG
Cell ID		0	0
$N_{\it oc}$ at antenna port		-98	-98
refix	_	Normal	Normal
dback mode	_	Multiplexing	Multiplexing
	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB UTATION groups (Note 3) Content and PRB-s D Inna port refix dback mode	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB Irration groups (Note 3) content and PRB-s D nna port refix dback mode	PDCCH_RA PHICH_RA OCNG_RA PCFICH_RB PDCCH_RB PHICH_RB OCNG_RB Irration groups (Note 3) Content and PRB-s D Inna port difiguration (Note 1) 1 A A A A Bright Array (Note 3) Array

Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]. Note 3: according to Clause 6.9 in TS 36.211 [4].

8.5.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Γ	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
	number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
	1	10 MHz	R.18	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	5.8
	2	10 MHz	R.24	OP.1 TDD	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	0.1	1.3

8.5.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.5.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)
1	10 MHz	R.19	OP.1 TDD	EVA70	2 x 2 Low	0.1	4.2

8.5.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting ACK for NACK (Pm-an) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.5.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.5.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PHICH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	erence value	
number		Channel	Pattern	Condition	configuration	Pm-an (%)	SNR (dB)	
					and			
					correlation			
					Matrix			
1	5 MHz	R.20	OP.1 TDD	EPA5	4 x 2 Medium	0.1	6.2	

8.6 Demodulation of PBCH

The receiver characteristics of the PBCH are determined by the probability of miss-detection of the PBCH (Pm-bch).

8.6.1 FDD

Table 8.6.1-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	eter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity		
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3		
allocation	PBCH_RB	dB	0	-3		
$N_{\it oc}$ at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98		
Cyclic pi	refix		Normal	Normal		
Cell II	D		0	0		
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].						
Note 2: as speci						

8.6.1.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detecting PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.1

8.6.1.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
number		Channel	Condition	configuration	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
				and		
				correlation		
				Matrix		
1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.1-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.1.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.1.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

ĺ	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
ĺ	1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-3.5

8.6.2 TDD

Table 8.6.2-1: Test Parameters for PBCH

Parame	ter	Unit	Single antenna port	Transmit diversity			
Uplink downlink o	•		1	1			
Special subframe (Note:			4	4			
Downlink power	PBCH_RA	dB	0	-3			
allocation	PBCH_RB	dB	0	-3			
N_{oc} at anter	nna port	dBm/15kHz	-98	-98			
Cyclic pr	efix		Normal	Normal			
Cell ID			0	0			
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4] Note 2: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4]							

8.6.2.1 Single-antenna port performance

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	ce value
number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
1	1.4 MHz	R.21	ETU70	1 x 2 Low	1	-6.4

8.6.2.2 Transmit diversity performance

8.6.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement 2 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.1-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.1-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Ī	Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Reference value	
	number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)
	1	1.4 MHz	R.22	EPA5	2 x 2 Low	1	-4.8

8.6.2.2.2 Minimum Requirement 4 Tx Antenna Port

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6.2-1 the average probability of a miss-detected PBCH (Pm-bch) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.6.2.2.2-1. The downlink physical setup is in accordance with Annex C.3.2.

Table 8.6.2.2.2-1: Minimum performance PBCH

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	Propagation	Antenna	Referen	Reference value	
number		Channel	Condition	configuration and correlation Matrix	Pm-bch (%)	SNR (dB)	
1	1.4 MHz	R.23	EVA5	4 x 2 Medium	1	-4.1	

8.7 Sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

The purpose of the test is to verify that the Layer 1 and Layer 2 correctly process in a sustained manner the received packets corresponding to the maximum number of DL-SCH transport block bits received within a TTI for the UE category indicated. The sustained downlink data rate shall be verified in terms of the success rate of delivered PDCP SDU(s) by Layer 2. The test case below specifies the RF conditions and the required success rate of delivered TB by Layer 1 to meet the sustained data rate requirement. The size of the TB per TTI corresponds to the largest possible DL-SCH transport block for each UE category using the maximum number of layers for spatial multiplexing. Transmission modes 1 and 3 are used with radio conditions resembling a scenario where sustained maximum data rates are available.

8.7.1 FDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cyclic prefix		Normal
Cell ID		0
Inter-TTI Distance		1
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	1

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.1-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.1-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.1-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3,4	Test 3A	
Bandwidth	Bandwidth		10	10	20	10	
Transmission m	node		1	3	3	3	
Antenna configu	ration		1 x 2	2 x 2	2 x 2	2 x 2	
Propagation con	dition		TX2 ZX2 ZX2 ZX2 ZX2 Static propagation condition (Note 1) n/a 10 10 10 0 -3 -3 -3				
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap		n/a	10	10	10	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3	-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	-3	-3	-3	
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	
$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-85	-85	-85	-85	
Symbols for unused PRBs			OP.6 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	OP.1 FDD	
Note 1: No external noise sources are applied.							

Table 8.7.1-3: Minimum requirement (FDD)

Test	UE Category	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport block received within a TTI	Measurement channel	Reference value	
1	Category 1	10296	R31-1 FDD	95	
2	Category 2	25456	R31-2 FDD	95	
3	Category 3 (Note 1)	51024	R31-3 FDD	95	
3A	Category 3 (Note 2)	36696 (Note 4)	R31-3A FDD	85	
4	Category 4	75376 (Note 5)	R31-4 FDD	85	
Note 1:	If the operating band then test is executed			annel bandwidth,	
Note 2:	Applicable to operating				
Note 3:	For 2 layer transmiss		cks are received wit	hin a TTI.	
Note 4:	35160 bits for sub-fra	me 5.			
Note 5:	71112 bits for sub-frame 5.				
Note 6:	The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N _{DL_correct_rx} /				
	$(N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx})$, where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL transport blocks, N_{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks, and $N_{DL_correct_rx}$ is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.				

8.7.2 TDD

The parameters specified in Table 8.7.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated.

Table 8.7.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value		
Special subframe configuration (Note 1)		4		
Cyclic prefix		Normal		
Cell ID		0		
Inter-TTI Distance		1		
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		4		
Redundancy version coding sequence		{0,0,1,2} for 64QAM		
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	OFDM symbols	1		
Note 1: as specified in Table 4.2-1 in TS 36.211 [4].				

The requirements are specified in Table 8.7.2-3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 8.7.2-2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Annex C.3.2. The TB success rate shall be sustained during at least 300 frames.

Table 8.7.2-2: test parameters for sustained downlink data rate (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 3B	Test 4
Bandwidth		MHz	10	10	20	15	20
Transmission m	node		1	3	3	3	3
Antenna configu	ration		1 x 2	2 x 2	2 x 2	2 x 2	2x2
Propagation con	dition		Static propagation condition (Note 1)				
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction	n/a 10 10 10			10		
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	-3	-3	-3	-3
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	-3	-3	-3	-3
	σ	dB	0	0	0	0	0

$\hat{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle s}$ at antenna port	dBm/15kHz	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85
Symbols for unused PRBs		OP.6 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.1 TDD	OP.2 TDD	OP.1 TDD
ACK/NACK feedback mode		Bundling	Bundling	Bundling	Multiplexing	Multiplexing
Note 1: No external noise sources are applied.						

Table 8.7.2-3: Minimum requirement (TDD)

Test	UE Category	Number of bits of a DL-SCH transport block received within a TTI for normal/special sub-frame	Measurement channel	Reference value TB success rate [%]	
1	Category 1	10296/0	R31-1 TDD	95	
2	Category 2	25456/0	R31-2 TDD	95	
3	Category 3 (Note 1)	51024/0	R31-3 TDD	95	
3B	Category 3 (Note 2)	51024/0	R31-3B TDD	85	
4	Category 4	75376/0 (Note 4)	R31-4 TDD	85	
Note 1:	ote 1: If the operating band under test does not support 20 MHz channel bandwidth, then test is executed according to Test 3B.				
Note 2:	Applicable to operating				
Note 3:	For 2 layer transmiss	•	cks are received wit	hin a TTI.	
Note 4:	71112 bits for sub-frame 5.				
Note 5:	The TB success rate is defined as TB success rate = 100%*N _{DL_correct_rx} /				
	$(N_{DL_newtx} + N_{DL_retx})$, where N_{DL_newtx} is the number of newly transmitted DL				
	transport blocks, N _{DL_retx} is the number of retransmitted DL transport blocks,				
	and N _{DL correct rx} is the number of correctly received DL transport blocks.				

9 Reporting of Channel State Information

9.1 General

This section includes requirements for the reporting of channel state information (CSI). For all test cases in this section, the definition of SNR is in accordance with the one given in clause 8.1.1.

9.2 CQI reporting definition under AWGN conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective conditions is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median. The purpose is to verify that the reported CQI values are in accordance with the CQI definition given in TS 36.211 [4]. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the reporting definition is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.2.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0

9.2.1.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category 1-5. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to Table A.4-1 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.1.1-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10			
PDSCH transmission	n mode				1	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			0	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			0	
	σ	dB			0	
Propagation condit antenna configur			AWGN (1 x 2)			
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	0 1		6	7
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -97 -92		-91	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98			98
Max number of H transmission			1			
Physical channel f reporting	or CQI		PUCCH Format 2			
PUCCH Report	Туре		4			
Reporting period	dicity	ms	N _P = 5			
cqi-pmi-Configurati				4.4.50	6	00110

Note 1: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG

Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.

Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s)

and the respective wanted signal input level.

9.2.1.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category 1-5. For the parameters specified in Table 9.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported CQI value according to Table A.4-2 shall be in the range of ± 1 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 1) shall be greater than 0.1. If the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI – 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Parameter Unit Test 1 Test 2 Bandwidth MHz 10 PDSCH transmission mode 1 2 Uplink downlink configuration Special subframe 4 configuration dB 0 $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$ Downlink power $\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$ dB 0 allocation dB 0 σ Propagation condition and AWGN (1 x 2) antenna configuration SNR (Note 2) dB 0 $\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$ dB[mW/15kHz] -97 -98 -92 -91 $N^{(j)}$ dB[mW/15kHz] -98 -98 Max number of HARQ 1 transmissions Physical channel for CQI PUSCH (Note 3) reporting **PUCCH Report Type** Reporting periodicity $N_P = 5$ ms cqi-pmi-ConfigurationIndex 3

Table 9.2.1.2-1: PUCCH 1-0 static test (TDD)

Note 1: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Multiplexing

- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.

9.2.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-1

ACK/NACK feedback mode

The minimum requirements for dual codeword transmission are defined in terms of a reporting spread of the wideband CQI value for codeword #1, and their BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median of codeword #0 and codeword #1. The precoding used at the transmitter is a fixed precoding matrix specified by the bitmap parameter *codebookSubsetRestriction*. The propagation condition assumed for the minimum performance requirement is defined in subclause B.1.

9.2.2.1 FDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category 2-5. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI_1 = wideband CQI_0 – Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 +1} for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0 -1 and median CQI_1 -1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0 +1 and median CQI_1 +1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.2.1-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Te	st 1	Te	st 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10			
PDSCH transmission	on mode				4	
Downlink power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			-3	
allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			-3	
	σ	dB			0	
Propagation condit antenna configu				Clause I	B.1 (2 x 2)	
CodeBookSubsetRe bitmap	estriction		010000			
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	10 11		16	17
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88 -87 -82		-81	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-(98	-(98
Max number of F transmission			1			
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI		PUCCH Format 2			
PUCCH Report Ty CQI/PMI	ype for		2			
PUCCH Report Typ	oe for RI		3			
Reporting period		ms	$N_P = 5$			·
cqi-pmi-Configurati					6	
ri-ConfigInde	ex				ote 3)	00110

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: It is intended to have UL collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK, since the RI reports shall not be used by the eNB in this test.

9.2.2.2 TDD

The following requirements apply to UE Category 2-5. For the parameters specified in table 9.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in tables C.3.2-1 and C.3.2-2, the reported offset level of the wideband spatial differential CQI for codeword #1 (Table 7.2-2 in TS 36.213 [6]) shall be used to determine the wideband CQI index for codeword #1 as

wideband CQI₁ = wideband CQI₀ - Codeword 1 offset level

The wideband CQI_1 shall be within the set {median CQI_1 -1, median CQI_1 +1} for more than 90% of the time, where the resulting wideband values CQI_1 shall be used to determine the median CQI values for codeword #1. For both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0 -1 and median CQI_1 -1 shall be less than or equal to 0.1. Furthermore, for both codewords #0 and #1, the PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the respective median CQI_0 +1 and median CQI_1 +1 shall be greater than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.2.2.2-1: PUCCH 1-1 static test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10			
PDSCH transmission	n mode				4	
Uplink downlink conf	figuration				2	
Special subfra configuration					4	
Downlink nower	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB			-3	
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB			-3	
	σ	dB			0	
Propagation condit antenna configur			Clause B.1 (2 x 2)			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			010000			
SNR (Note 2	2)	dB	10	11	16	17
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-88 -87 -82		-81	
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-(98
Max number of F transmission					1	
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI		PUSCH (Note 3)			
PUCCH Report	Туре		2			
Reporting period	dicity	ms	<i>N</i> _P = 5			
cqi-pmi-Configurati			3			
ri-ConfigInde				805 (Note 4)	
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode		<u>-</u>	Multi	olexing	
Note 1: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-2 with one sided dynamic OCNG						

- Note 1: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.
- Note 2: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between CQI/PMI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI/PMI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.
- Note 4: RI reporting interval is set to the maximum allowable length of 160ms to minimise collisions between RI, CQI/PMI and HARQ-ACK reports. In the case when all three reports collide, it is expected that CQI/PMI reports will be dropped, while RI and HARQ-ACK will be multiplexed. At eNB, CQI report collection shall be skipped every 160ms during performance verification.

9.3 CQI reporting under fading conditions

9.3.1 Frequency-selective scheduling mode

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is determined by a double-sided percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level 0 per sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands can be used for frequently-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the sub-band CQI reporting under frequency selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0

9.3.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band:
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set *S* shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block sizes TBS for wideband CQI median and subband CQI are selected according to Table A.4-6.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2	
Band	width	MHz		101	ИНz		
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)		
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0		
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0		
allocation	σ	dB		(0		
SNR (Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15	
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89 -88 -84		-83		
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8		
			Clause	B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_d = 0$).45 <i>μ</i> s,	
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$				
Antenna co	onfiguration		1 x 2				
Reporting	g interval	ms	5				
CQI	delay	ms	8				
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 3-0		•		
Max number transm	er of HARQ issions				1		

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-4 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	2	2
β[%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of 0 shall be reported at least α % of the time but less than β % for each sub-band;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set *S* shall be $\geq \gamma$,
- c) when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.05.

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block sizes TBS for wideband CQI median and subband CQI are selected according to Table A.4-6.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parar	neter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	width	MHz		10 I	MHz	
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0	
allocation	σ	dB		(0	
	lownlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			4	4	
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_o	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N_{c}	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		8	
Propagation	on channel		Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45$ $a = 1$, $f_D = 5$ Hz		0.45μ s,	
Antenna c	onfiguration		1 x 2			
Reporting	g interval	ms			5	
CQI	delay	ms		10 c	or 11	
Reportin	ng mode		PUSCH 3-0			
Max number transm	er of HARQ issions		1			
ACK/NACk mo	K feedback ode		Multiplexing			
	ubframe SF#	rts in an available unit hased on CQI es	timation a	at a dowr	ılink subfı	rame

- not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-5 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.
- For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at Note 3: least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Table 9.3.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
<i>α</i> [%]	2	2
β [%]	55	55
γ	1.1	1.1
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.2 Frequency non-selective scheduling mode

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under frequency non-selective fading conditions is determined by the reporting variance, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when the transport format transmitted is that indicated by the reported CQI compared to the case for which a fixed transport format configured according to the reported median CQI is transmitted. In addition, the reporting accuracy is determined by a minimum BLER using the transport formats indicated by the reported CQI. The purpose is to verify that the UE is tracking the channel variations and selecting the largest transport format possible according to the prevailing channel state for frequently non-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the COI reporting under frequency non-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.2.1 Minimum requirement PUCCH 1-0

9.3.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband CQI median shall be $\geq \gamma$;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02

The transport block sizes TBS for wideband CQI median and reported wideband CQI are selected according to Table A.4-3 (for Category 2-5) or Table A.4-9 (for Category 1).

Table 9.3.2.1.1-1 Fading test for single antenna (FDD)

Parai	meter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2		st 2	
Band	width	MHz	10 MHz			
Transmission mode				1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		(0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0	
allocation	σ	dB	0			
SNR (I	Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		88	
Propagation	on channel			EF	PA5	
	tion and onfiguration			High	(1 x 2)	
	ng mode			PUCC	CH 1-0	
	periodicity	ms	N _P = 2			
CQI	delay	ms		-	8	
	channel for porting		PUSCH (Note 4)			
PUCCH R	eport Type		4			
	pmi- ationIndex		1			
	er of HARQ issions				1	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-1 for Category 2-5 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1 and Table A.4-7 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.

Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.

Table 9.3.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.2.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a CQI index not in the set {median CQI -1, median CQI +1} shall be reported at least α % of the time;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband
 CQI index and that obtained when transmitting a fixed transport format configured according to the wideband
 CQI median shall be ≥ γ;
- c) when transmitting the transport format indicated by each reported wideband CQI index, the average BLER for the indicated transport formats shall be greater or equal to 0.02.

The transport block sizes TBS for wideband CQI median and reported wideband CQI are selected according to Table A.4-3 (for Category 2-5) or Table A.4-9 (for Category 1).

Table 9.3.2.1.2-1 Fading test for single antenna (TDD)

		_	_		` '	
Parameter		Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Ban	dwidth	MHz		10 l	ИНz	
Transmis	ssion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
confiç	downlink guration			2	2	
	subframe guration			4	4	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	6	7	12	13
ĺ	r (j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-92	-91	-86	-85
Λ	$I_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-(98
	ion channel		EPA5			
	ation and		High (1 x 2)			
	onfiguration ing mode		PUCCH 1-0			
	periodicity	ms			= 5	
	delay	ms	10 or 11			
	channel for eporting		PUSCH (Note 4)			
PUCCH F	Report Type			4	4	
cqi	-pmi- rationIndex		3			
Max numb	er of HARQ		1			
	CK feedback ode		Multiplexing			
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-2 for Category 2-5 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1 and Table A.4-8 for Category 1 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.						
Note 3:		, the minimum requi	rements	shall be f	ulfilled fo	r at

- Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.
- Note 4: To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#7 and #2.

Table 9.3.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	20	20
γ	1.05	1.05
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.3 Frequency-selective interference

The accuracy of sub-band channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency selective interference conditions is determined by a percentile of the reported differential CQI offset level +2 for a preferred sub-band, and the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest reported differential CQI offset level the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed

format is transmitted on any sub-band in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that preferred sub-bands are used for frequently-selective scheduling under frequency-selective interference conditions.

9.3.3.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-0

9.3.3.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least α % for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test. The transport block sizes TBS for wideband CQI median and subband CQI are selected according to Table A.4-6.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parai	meter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmission mode			1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for	RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for F	RB 641	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -93	
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for R	B 4249	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93 -102	
\hat{I}_{c}^{i}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94 -94	
	er of HARQ issions		,	1
			Clause B.2.4 wit	th $\tau_{d} = 0.45 \mu \text{s}$,
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
Reportin	g interval	ms	5	
Antenna co	onfiguration		1:	x 2
CQI	delay	ms		3
Reportir	ng mode		PUSC	CH 3-0
Sub-band size		RB	6 (full size)	

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)

Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-4 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.

Table 9.3.3.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.3.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 and by the following

- a) a sub-band differential CQI offset level of +2 shall be reported at least α % for at least one of the sub-bands of full size at the channel edges;
- b) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected sub-band among the sub-bands with the highest differential CQI offset level the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected sub-band in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for sub-bands of full size and the random scheduling across the sub-bands is done by selecting a new sub-band in each TTI for FDD, each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. Sub-bands of a size smaller than full size are excluded from the test. The transport block sizes TBS for wideband CQI median and subband CQI are selected according to Table A.4-6.

Table 9.3.3.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

	ameter	Unit	Test 1	Test 2
	ndwidth	MHz	10 MHz	10 MHz
Transmi	ssion mode		1 (port 0)	1 (port 0)
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0	0
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0	0
allocation	σ	dB	0	0
conf	downlink guration			2
	l subframe guration			4
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ fo	or RB 05	dB[mW/15kHz]	-102	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ fo	r RB 641	dB[mW/15kHz]	-93	-93
$I_{ot}^{(j)}$ for RB 4249		dB[mW/15kHz]	-93	-102
	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-94	-94
	ber of HARQ missions		1	
Propaga	tion channel		Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d=0.45\mu\mathrm{s}$, a = 1, $f_D=5\mathrm{Hz}$	
Antenna	configuration		u – .	1 x 2
	ing interval	ms		5
	l delay	ms	1	10 or 11
	ting mode			JSCH 3-0
	and size	RB		(full size)
ACK/NA	CK feedback		Multiplexing	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to table A.4-5 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2.				

Table 9.3.3.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
α[%]	60	60
γ	1.6	1.6
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.4 UE-selected subband CQI

The accuracy of UE-selected subband channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting on the UE-selected subbands with the corresponding transport format compared to the case for which a fixed format is transmitted on any subband in set *S* of TS 36.213 [6]. The purpose is to verify that correct subbands are accurately reported for frequency-selective scheduling. To account for sensitivity of the input SNR the subband CQI reporting under frequency-selective fading conditions is considered to be verified if the reporting accuracy is met for at least one of two SNR levels separated by an offset of 1 dB.

9.3.4.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-0

9.3.4.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Test 1 Test 2		st 2	
Ban	dwidth	MHz	10 MHz			
	ssion mode				ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		. (0	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		(0	
allocation	σ	dB		(0	
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
ĺ	$\widehat{\sigma}(j)$ or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
Λ	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-6	8	-6	98
			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45$).45 <i>μ</i> s,	
Propagat	ion channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Reportii	ng interval	ms	5			
CQI	delay	ms	8			
	ing mode			PUSC	CH 2-0	
	er of HARQ nissions		1			
Subbar	nd size (k)	RBs		3 (full	l size)	
	of preferred ands (M)			;	5	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-10 with				CQI with		
Note 3:	one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.				r at	

Table 9.3.4.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.4.1.2 TDD

level.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on a randomly selected subband among the best M subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.1.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Para	meter	Unit	Tes	st 1	Tes	st 2
Band	lwidth	MHz			MHz	
Transmiss	sion mode			1 (po	ort 0)	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		()	
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		()	
allocation	σ	dB		()	
	downlink uration			2	2	
	subframe uration			4	4	
	Note 3)	dB	9	10	14	15
\hat{I}_{c}	(j) or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-89	-88	-84	-83
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-9	98	-9	98
			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu$).45 <i>μ</i> s,	
Propagation	on channel		$a = 1, f_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$			
Reportin	g interval	ms	5			
CQI	delay	ms			or 11	
	ng mode			PUSC	CH 2-0	
	er of HARQ				1	
	issions	DD-		0 /6.1	l -!\	
	d size (k)	RBs		3 (ful	size)	
	f preferred nds (<i>M</i>)				5	
ACK/NACI	K feedback			Multip	lexing	
Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4) Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-11 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2. Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input						
	east one of the vel.	ne two SNR(s) and t	the respe	ctive war	nted signa	al input

Table 9.3.4.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.2	1.2
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.4.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-0

9.3.4.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each TTI for FDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting

Note 5:

Note 6:

report.

from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the $N_{\rm PRB}$ entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.1-1 Subband test for single antenna transmission (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz			
Transmission mode			1 (port 0)			
Downlink $ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB	0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0			
allocation	σ	dB	0			
SNR	(Note 3)	dB	8	9	13	14
	$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
1	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		18	
			Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45$		$.45 \mu s$	
Propaga	tion channel		$a = 1$, $f_D = 5$ Hz $N_P = 2$		•	
Reportin	g periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm P} = 2$			
CQI delay		ms	8			
Physical channel for			PUSCH (Note 4)			
CQI reporting				1 03011	(14016 4)	
PUCCH Report Type			4			
for wideband CQI			7			
	Report Type band CQI		1			
	ber of HARQ					
transı	missions		1			
Subbai	nd size (k)	RBs	6 (full size)			
Number of	of bandwidth		3			
ра	rts (<i>J</i>)		-			
	K		1			
	ConfigIndex				1	
Note 1:	If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported subband or wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)					
Note 2:	Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-4 with one/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2.					
Note 3:	For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at least one of the two SNR(s) and the respective wanted signal input level.					
Note 4:	To avoid collis	sions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH				

Table 9.3.4.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

in uplink subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3. CQI reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last

bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling

In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI

DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#1, #3, #7 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH

according to the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth part

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.3.4.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 and by the following

a) the ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting on subbands reported by the UE the corresponding TBS and that obtained when transmitting the TBS indicated by the reported wideband CQI median on a randomly selected subband in set S shall be $\geq \gamma$;

The requirements only apply for subbands of full size and the random scheduling across the subbands is done by selecting a new subband in each available downlink transmission instance for TDD. The transport block size TBS (wideband CQI median) is that resulting from the code rate which is closest to that indicated by the wideband CQI median and the N_{PRB} entry in Table 7.1.7.2.1-1 of TS 36.213 [6] that corresponds to the subband size.

Table 9.3.4.2.2-1 Sub-band test for single antenna transmission (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1 Test 2			st 2
Bandwidth		MHz	10 MHz			
Transmission mode			1 (port 0)			
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0			
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0			
allocation σ		dB	0			
config	downlink guration		2			
	subframe			4	4	
	guration (Note 3)	dB	8 9 13		14	
	$\hat{f}(j)$ or	dB[mW/15kHz]	-90	-89	-85	-84
-	$ \sqrt{\frac{(j)}{oc}} $	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98 -98		98	
	oc .	aD[v, rom.z]				
Propagat	ion channel		Clause B.2.4 with $\tau_d = 0.45 \mu$		$0.45 \mu s$,	
					$I_D = 5 \text{ Hz}$	
	g periodicity	ms			= 5	
	delay channel for	ms				
CQI r	eporting			PUSCH (Note 4)		
	Report Type			4	4	
	band CQI			·		
PUCCH Report Type for subband CQI			1			
	per of HARQ		1			
	nissions	DD				
	nd size (<i>k</i>) of bandwidth	RBs	6 (full size)			
	rts (<i>J</i>)		3			
•	K		1			
cqi-pmi-0	ConfigIndex		3			
	CK feedback ode		Multiplexing			
		rts in an available u	ıplink rep	ortina ins	tance at	
	Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on CQI estimation at a downlink subframe					
		SF#(n-4), this report				CQI
		olied at the eNB dove easurement channe				<i>i</i> ith
Note 2.		dynamic OCNG Pa				
	Annex A.5.2.1			,2 .00	40 4000.	
Note 3:	Note 3: For each test, the minimum requirements shall be fulfilled for at					
		ne two SNR(s) and t	the respe	ctive war	nted signa	al input
Note 4:	level. : To avoid collisions between CQI reports and HARQ-ACK it is			s		
		report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH				
		shall be transmitted in downlink SF#3 and #8 to allow				
periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in up			uplink			
subframe SF#7 and #2. Note 5: CQI reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and data scheduling according to the most recent subband CQI report for bandwidth						
			dth part			
Note 6:	with j=1.					
Note 6: In the case where wideband CQI is reported, data is to be scheduled according to the most recently used subband CQI.				I		
	report.					

Table 9.3.4.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2
γ	1.15	1.15
UE Category	1-5	1-5

9.4 Reporting of Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI)

The minimum performance requirements of PMI reporting are defined based on the precoding gain, expressed as the relative increase in throughput when the transmitter is configured according to the UE reports compared to the case when the transmitter is using random precoding, respectively. When the transmitter uses random precoding, for each PDSCH allocation a precoder is randomly generated and applied to the PDSCH. Transmission mode 6 is used with a fixed transport format (FRC) configured. The requirements are specified in terms of the ratio

$$\gamma = \frac{t_{ue}}{t_{rnd}}.$$

In the definition of γ , for PUSCH 3-1 single PMI and PUSCH 1-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with precoders configured according to the UE reports;

For the PUCCH 2-1 single PMI requirement, t_{md} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the precoder and the preferred full-size subband applied according to the UE reports;

For PUSCH 2-2 multiple PMI requirements, t_{rnd} is 60% of the maximum throughput obtained at SNR_{rnd} using random precoding on a randomly selected full-size subband in set S subbands, and t_{ue} the throughput measured at SNR_{rnd} with both the subband precoder and a randomly selected full-size subband (within the preferred subbands) applied according to the UE reports.

9.4.1 Single PMI

9.4.1.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 3-1

9.4.1.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
Precoding	granularity	PRB	50
Correlation and antenna configuration			Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI dela	y (Note 2)	ms	8
Measureme	ent channel		R. 10 FDD
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1 FDD
Max number of HARQ transmissions			4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder

shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity).

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting

instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the

eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.1.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	1-5

9.4.1.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.1.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.1.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parai	meter	Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode		IVII IZ	6
	lownlink		
	uration		1
	subframe		
	uration		4
	on channel		EVA5
	granularity	PRB	50
Correla	tion and		Low 2 x 2
antenna co	onfiguration		LOW Z X Z
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 3-1
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI delay (Note 2)		ms	10 or 11
Measureme	ent channel		R.10 TDD
OCNG	Pattern		OP.1 TDD
Max number	er of HARQ		4
	issions		
	cy version		{0,1,2,3}
	equence		[0,1,2,3]
ACK/NACK feedback			Multiplexing
mode			
Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoder shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.			e downlink
		orts in an available u Ibrame SF#n based	
4), this reporte		a downlink SF not la ed PMI cannot be ap before SF#(n+4).	

Table 9.4.1.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.1
UE Category	1-5

9.4.1.2 Minimum requirement PUCCH 2-1

9.4.1.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.1.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	
Bandwidth		MHz	10	
Transmission mode			6	
Propagation channel			EVA5	
	tion and onfiguration		Low 4 x 2	
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6	
power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6	
allocation	σ	dB	3	
N	oc (j)	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	
PMI	delay	ms	8 or 9	
Reportir	ng mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)	
Reporting	periodicity	ms	$N_{\rm P}=2$	
	channel for porting		PUSCH (Note 3)	
PUCCH R for widebar	eport Type nd CQI/PMI		2	
	eport Type and CQI		1	
Measurement channel			R.14-1 FDD	
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 FDD	
Precoding granularity		PRB	6 (full size)	
	bandwidth		3	
part	s (<i>J</i>)		3	
K			1	
	onfigIndex		1	
	er of HARQ iissions		4	
	cy version		(0.4.0.0)	
	equence		{0,1,2,3}	
		recoder selection, th	ne precoder shall be updated	
		(2 ms granularity)		
			plink reporting instance at	
			imation at a downlink SF not later	
			cannot be applied at the eNB	
	downlink befo			
			Q-ACK and wideband CQI/PMI or	
			eport both on PUSCH instead of	
			nall be transmitted in downlink	
			odic CQI to multiplex with the subframe SF#5, #7, #1 and #3.	
		e short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted on		
			or bandwidth part with j=1.	
			is reported, data is to be	
		the most recently i		
			in DCI format 1B shall be mapped	
			indicate the codebook index used	
			[4] according to the latest PMI	
	eport on PUC			

Table 9.4.1.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	1-5

9.4.1.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.1.2.2-2.

Note 4:

Note 5:

Note 6:

Table 9.4.1.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Para	ameter	Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
Uplink downlink configuration			1
Special subframe configuration			4
Propagat	tion channel		EVA5
	ation and configuration		Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$\rho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
1	$V_{oc}^{(j)}$	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PM	l delay	ms	10
Report	ing mode		PUCCH 2-1 (Note 6)
Reporting periodicity		ms	$N_{P} = 5$
Physical channel for CQI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)
PUCCH Report Type for wideband CQI/PMI			2
PUCCH Report Type for subband CQI			1
Measurement channel			R.14-1 TDD
	3 Pattern		OP.1/2 TDD
Precoding	g granularity	PRB	6 (full size)
	of bandwidth rts (<i>J</i>)		3
	K		1
cgi-pmi-	ConfigIndex		4
Max numl	per of HARQ missions		4
Redunda	ncy version sequence		{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NAC	CK feedback node		Multiplexing
Note 1: For random p		recoder selection, tl e downlink transmis	ne precoder shall be updated in
Note 2: If the UE reports i subrame SF#n ba than SF#(n-4), thi		orts in an available u n based on PMI est), this reported PMI	iplink reporting instance at imation at a downlink SF not later cannot be applied at the eNB
downlink before SF#(n+4). Note 3: To avoid collisions between HARQ-ACK and wideband CQI/PM subband CQI it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead o PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic CQI to multiplex with the HARQ-A		port both on PUSCH instead of nall be transmitted in downlink QI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK	
		uplink subframe SF	F#8 and #3.

Reports for the short subband (having 2RBs in the last bandwidth part) are to be disregarded and instead data is to be transmitted on the most recently used subband for bandwidth part with j=1. In the case where wideband PMI is reported, data is to be

The bit field for PMI confirmation in DCI format 1B shall be mapped to "0" and TPMI information shall indicate the codebook index used in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 of TS36.211 [4] according to the latest PMI

transmitted on the most recently used subband.

report on PUCCH.

Table 9.4.1.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	1-5

9.4.2 Multiple PMI

9.4.2.1 Minimum requirement PUSCH 1-2

9.4.2.1.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
Propagation	on channel		EPA5
(only for re following		PRB	6
	tion and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI delay		ms	8
Measurement channel			R.11-3 FDD for UE Category 1, R.11 FDD for UE Category 2-5
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 FDD
	er of HARQ issions		4
	cy version equence		{0,1,2,3}
Note 2:	For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each TTI (1 ms granularity). If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the		
Note 3: C	eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1/2 shall be used.		

Table 9.4.2.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	1-5

9.4.2.1.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in 9.4.2.1.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.1.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Para	motor	Unit	Test 1
Parameter Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmission mode		IVII IZ	6
	downlink		
	guration		1
Special	subframe		4
	guration		•
	ion channel		EPA5
(only for re	g granularity eporting and ng PMI)	PRB	6
	ation and onfiguration		Low 2 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-3
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3
allocation	σ	dB	0
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
Reporting mode			PUSCH 1-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
PMI delay		ms	10 or 11
Measurement channel			R.11-3 TDD for UE Category 1 R.11 TDD for UE Category 2-5
OCNG Pattern			OP.1 TDD
Max numb	er of HARQ		
	nissions		4
Redunda	ncy version		{0,1,2,3}
	sequence		{0,1,2,3}
ACK/NAC	CK feedback		Multiplexing
mode			1
Note 2:	For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance. If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI		
	estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4). One/two sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1/2 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1/2 shall be used.		

Table 9.4.2.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

Parameter	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	1-5

9.4.2.2 Minimum requirement PUSCH 2-2

9.4.2.2.1 FDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.1-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.1-1 PMI test for single-layer (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1
Bandwidth		MHz	10
Transmiss	sion mode		6
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
	tion and onfiguration		Low 4 x 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI delay		ms	8
Reporting mode			PUSCH 2-2
Reporting interval		ms	1
Measurement channel			R.14-2 FDD
OCNG Pattern			OP.1/2 FDD
Subband size (k)		RBs	3 (full size)
Number of preferred subbands (M)			5
Max number transm	er of HARQ issions		4
Redundancy version coding sequence			{0,1,2,3}
Note 1: For random pr each TTI (1 m			ne precoder shall be updated in
Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not late than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4)			imation at a downlink SF not later

Table 9.4.2.2.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.2
UE Category	1-5

9.4.2.2.2 TDD

For the parameters specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.4.2.2.2-2.

Table 9.4.2.2.2-1 PMI test for single-layer (TDD)

Parar	meter	Unit	Test 1
Band	width	MHz	10
Transmission mode			6
Uplink downlink			1
configi	uration		·
Special subframe configuration			4
configu	uration		
Propagation	on channel		EVA5
	tion and		Low 4 x 2
antenna co	onfiguration		LOW 4 X 2
Downlink	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	-6
power	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-6
allocation	σ	dB	3
N	(j) oc	dB[mW/15kHz]	-98
PMI (delay	ms	10
Reportir	ng mode		PUSCH 2-2
Reporting	g interval	ms	1
	ent channel		R.14-2 TDD
	Pattern		OP.1/2 FDD
	d size (<i>k</i>)	RBs	3 (full size)
	f preferred nds (<i>M</i>)		5
	er of HARQ		
	issions		4
	cy version		{0,1,2,3}
	equence		(=, -, =, =,
	K feedback		Multiplexing
	<u>de</u>		o procedere shall be undeted in

Note 1: For random precoder selection, the precoders shall be updated in each available downlink transmission instance.

Note 2: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subrame SF#n based on PMI estimation at a downlink SF not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Table 9.4.2.2.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1
γ	1.15
UE Category	1-5

9.5 Reporting of Rank Indicator (RI)

The purpose of this test is to verify that the reported rank indicator accurately represents the channel rank. The accuracy of RI (CQI) reporting is determined by the relative increase of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on the reported rank compared to the case for which a fixed rank is used for transmission. Transmission mode 4 is used with the specified CodebookSubSetRestriction.

For fixed rank 1 transmission, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to two single-layer precoders, For fixed rank 2 transmission, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to one two-layer precoder, For follow RI transmission, the RI and PMI reporting is restricted to select the union of these precoders. Channels with low and high correlation are used to ensure that RI reporting reflects the channel condition.

9.5.1 Minimum requirement

9.5.1.1 FDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.1-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

TBS selection is based on the UE wideband CQI feedback. The transport block size TBS for wideband CQI is selected according to Table A.4-3a.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.1-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.1-2.

Table 9.5.1.1-1 RI Test (FDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Bandwidth		MHz		10			
PDSCH transmission	on mode			4			
Deventink news	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB		-3			
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB		-3			
	σ	dB		0			
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5			
CodeBookSubsetRo bitmap	estriction		01000	11 for fixed RI = 1 00 for fixed RI = 2 for UE reported	2		
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High		
RI configuration			Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=2 and follow RI		
SNR		dB	0	20	20		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-98	-98		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78		
Maximum number of transmission			1				
Reporting mo	de		PUCCH 1-1 (Note 4)				
Physical channel for reporting	CQI/PMI		PL	PUCCH Format 2			
PUCCH Report To CQI/PMI	ype for		2				
Physical channel for RI reporting			PUSCH (Note 3)				
PUCCH Report Type for RI				3	_		
Reporting periodicity		ms		$N_{\rm P} = 5$	_		
	PMI and CQI delay			8			
cqi-pmi-Configurati				6	<u></u>		
ri-Configuration	nInd		1 (Note 5)				

- Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).
- Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-1 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD as described in Annex A.5.1.1.
- Note 3: To avoid collisions between RI reports and HARQ-ACK it is necessary to report both on PUSCH instead of PUCCH. PDCCH DCI format 0 shall be transmitted in downlink SF#4 and #9 to allow periodic RI to multiplex with the HARQ-ACK on PUSCH in uplink subframe SF#8 and #3.
- Note 4: The bit field for precoding information in DCI format 2 shall be mapped as:
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 1
 - For reported RI = 1 and PMI = 1 >> precoding information bit field index = 2
 - For reported RI = 2 and PMI = 0 >> precoding information bit field index = 0
- Note 5: To avoid the ambiguity of TE behaviour when applying CQI and PMI during rank switching, RI reports are to be applied at the TE with one subframe delay in addition to Note 1 to align with CQI and PMI reports.

Table 9.5.1.1-2 Minimum requirement (FDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
21	N/A	1.05	N/A
72	1	N/A	1.1
UE Category	2-5	2-5	2-5

9.5.1.2 TDD

The minimum performance requirement in Table 9.5.1.2-2 is defined as

- a) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 1 shall be $\geq \gamma_1$;
- b) The ratio of the throughput obtained when transmitting based on UE reported RI and that obtained when transmitting with fixed rank 2 shall be $\geq \gamma_2$;

TBS selection is based on the UE wideband CQI feedback. The transport block size TBS for wideband CQI is selected according to Table A.4-3a.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.5.1.2-1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2, the minimum requirements are specified in Table 9.5.1.2-2.

Table 9.5.1.2-1 RI Test (TDD)

Parameter		Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3		
Bandwidth		MHz		10			
PDSCH transmission	on mode		4				
$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$		dB	-3				
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	-3				
	σ	dB		0			
Uplink downlink con	figuration			2			
Special subfra configuration	า			4			
Propagation condit antenna configur				2 x 2 EPA5			
CodeBookSubsetRestriction bitmap			000011 for fixed RI = 1 010000 for fixed RI = 2 010011 for UE reported RI				
Antenna correla	ation		Low	Low	High		
RI configuration	on		Fixed RI=2 and follow RI	Fixed RI=1 and follow RI	Fixed RI=2 and follow RI		
SNR		dB	0	20	20		
$N_{oc}^{(j)}$	$N_{oc}^{(j)}$		-98	-98	-98		
$\hat{I}_{or}^{(j)}$		dB[mW/15kHz]	-98	-78	-78		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions			1				
Reporting mode			PUS	SCH 3-1 (Note 3)			
Reporting interval		ms		5			
PMI and CQI d	elay	ms	10 or 11				
ACK/NACK feedback	ck mode		Bundling				

Note 1: If the UE reports in an available uplink reporting instance at subframe SF#n based on PMI and CQI estimation at a downlink subframe not later than SF#(n-4), this reported PMI and wideband CQI cannot be applied at the eNB downlink before SF#(n+4).

Note 2: Reference measurement channel according to Table A.4-2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 TDD as described in Annex A.5.2.1.

Note 3: Reported wideband CQI and PMI are used and sub-band CQI is discarded.

Table 9.5.1.2-2 Minimum requirement (TDD)

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3
24	N/A	1.05	N/A
72	1	N/A	1.1
UE Category	2-5	2-5	2-5

10 Performance requirement (MBMS)

10.1 FDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 are valid for all FDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.1-1: Common Test Parameters (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Number of HARQ processes	Processes	None
Subcarrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)		6 subframes
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH (Note 2)		2 symbols in the case of 3 PHICH symbols or 4 RS Ports; 1 or 2 symbols for other scenarios.
Cyclic Prefix		Extended

Note1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH in this subclause.

10.1.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.1-1 and Table 10.1.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.1, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.1.1-2.

Table 10.1.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Parameter	n.	Unit	Test 1-4		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0		
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98		
Note 1: $P_{R} = 0$					

Table 10.1.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS			
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and antenna	BLER (%)	SNR(dB)	UE Category			
1	10 MHz	R.37 FDD	OP.4 FDD	MBSFN channel	1x2 low	1	4.1	1-5			
2	10 MHz	R.38 FDD	OP.4 FDD	model (Table B.2.6-1)	•	`	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			11.0	1-5
3	10 MHz	R.39 FDD	OP.4 FDD				20.1	2-5			
	5.0MHz	R.39-1 FDD	OP.4 FDD				20.5	1			
4	1.4 MHz	R.40 FDD	OP.4 FDD				6.6	1-5			

10.2 TDD (Fixed Reference Channel)

The parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 are valid for all TDD tests unless otherwise stated. For the requirements defined in this section, the difference between CRS EPRE and the MBSFN RS EPRE should be set to 0 dB as the UE demodulation performance might be different when this condition is not met (e.g. in scenarios where power offsets are present, such as scenarios when reserved cells are present).

Table 10.2-1: Common Test Parameters (TDD)

Pa	arameter	Unit	Value		
	oer of HARQ rocesses	Processes	None		
Subca	arrier spacing	kHz	15 kHz		
	d subframes per rame (Note 1)		5 subframes		
symbo	per of OFDM ols for PDCCH (Note 2)		2 symbols in the case of 3 PHICH symbols or 4 RS Ports; 1 or 2 symbols for other scenarios.		
Су	clic Prefix		Extended		
Note1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS. Note2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH in this subclause.					

10.2.1 Minimum requirement

The receive characteristic of MBMS is determined by the BLER. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

For the parameters specified in Table 10.2-1 and Table 10.2.1-1 and Annex A.3.8.2, the average downlink SNR shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 10.2.1-2.

Table 10.2.1-1: Test Parameters for Testing

Parameter		Unit	Test 1-4		
Downlink power allocation	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle A}$	dB	0		
	$ ho_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$	dB	0 (Note 1)		
	σ	dB	0		
N_{oc} at antenna port		dBm/15kHz	-98		
Note 1: $P_B = 0$.					

Table 10.2.1-2: Minimum performance

Test	Bandwidth	Reference	OCNG	Propagation	Correlation	Referen	ce value	MBMS
number		Channel	Pattern	condition	Matrix and	BLER	SNR(dB)	UE
					antenna	(%)		Category
1	10 MHz	R.37 TDD	OP.4	MBSFN	1x2 low	1	3.4	1-5
			TDD	channel				
2	10 MHz	R.38 TDD	OP.4	model (Table			11.1	1-5
			TDD	B.2.6-1)				
3	10 MHz	R.39 TDD	OP.4				20.1	2-5
			TDD					
	5MHz	R.39-1 TDD	OP.4				20.5	1
			TDD					
4	1.4 MHz	R.40 TDD	OP.4				5.8	1-5
			TDD					

Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

A.1 General

The throughput values defined in the measurement channels specified in Annex A, are calculated and are valid per datastream (codeword). For multi-stream (more than one codeword) transmissions, the throughput referenced in the minimum requirements is the sum of throughputs of all datastreams (codewords).

The UE category entry in the definition of the reference measurement channel in Annex A is only informative and reveals the UE categories, which can support the corresponding measurement channel. Whether the measurement channel is used for testing a certain UE category or not is specified in the individual minimum requirements.

A.2 UL reference measurement channels

A.2.1 General

A.2.1.1 Applicability and common parameters

The following sections define the UL signal applicable to the Transmitter Characteristics (clause 6) and for the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) where the UL signal is relevant.

The Reference channels in this section assume transmission of PUSCH and Demodulation Reference signal only. The following conditions apply:

- 1 HARQ transmission
- Cyclic Prefix normal
- PUSCH hopping off
- Link adaptation off
- Demodulation Reference signal as per TS 36.211 [4] subclause 5.5.2.1.2.

Where ACK/NACK is transmitted, it is assumed to be multiplexed on PUSCH as per TS 36.212 [5] subclause 5.2.2.6.

- ACK/NACK 1 bit
- ACK/NACK mapping adjacent to Demodulation Reference symbol
- ACK/NACK resources punctured into data
- Max number of resources for ACK/NACK: 4 SC-FDMA symbols per subframe
- No CQI transmitted, no RI transmitted

A.2.1.2 Determination of payload size

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RB}

1. Calculate the number of channel bits N_{ch} that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given subframe.

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2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min |R - (A + 24)/N_{ch}|,$$

subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of N_{RB} resource blocks.
- b) Segmentation is not included in this formula, but should be considered in the TBS calculation.
- c) For RMC-s, which at the nominal target coding rate do not cover all the possible UE categories for the given modulation, reduce the target coding rate gradually (within the same modulation), until the maximal possible number of UE categories is covered.
- 3. If there is more than one A that minimises the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default.

A.2.1.3 Overview of UL reference measurement channels

In Table A.2.1.3-1 are listed the UL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 of this release of TS 36.1011. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.2.2 and A.2.3 as appropriate.

Table A.2.1.3-1: Overview of UL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Full	RB allocation, QPS	K							
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100		≥ 1	
	RB allocation, 16-Q	AM	T		I	Π	Π	I	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25		≥1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75		≥ 2	
FDD Bor	Table A.2.2.1.2-1	DCK 1 / MU	20	16QAM	1/3	100		≥ 2	
FDD, Pai	tial RB allocation, Q Table A.2.2.2.1-1	73K, 1.4 WIT	1.4	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	4		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, Q	PSK. 3 MHz	1.7	QI OIL	1/0			'	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	3		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	4		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
FDD, Par	tial RB allocation, Q	PSK, 5 MHz							
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, Q	PSK, 10 MHz	1		ı	T	T	T	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	

		1	1		1		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4	10	QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4a	10	QPSK	1/3	12	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4a	10	QPSK	1/3	15	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4a	10	QPSK	1/3	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4a	10	QPSK	1/3	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4a	10	QPSK	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4a	10	QPSK	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4b	10	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4b	10	QPSK	1/3	27	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4b	10	QPSK	1/3	30	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4b	10	QPSK	1/3	36	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4b	10	QPSK	1/3	40	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-4b	10	QPSK	1/3	48	≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, QPSK, 15 MH	<u> </u>	QI OIL	1/0	10	- '	
•		1	OPOK	4/0	4		
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5	15	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5	15	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5	15	QPSK	1/3	5	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5	15	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5	15	QPSK	1/3	8	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5	15	QPSK	1/3	9	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5a	15	QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5a	15	QPSK	1/3	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5a	15	QPSK	1/3	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5a	15	QPSK	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5a	15	QPSK	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5a	15	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5b	15	QPSK	1/3	27	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5b	15	QPSK	1/3	36	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5b	15	QPSK	1/3	40	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5b	15	QPSK	1/3	48	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5b	15	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-5b	15	QPSK	1/3	54	≥ 1	
FDD, Par	tial RB allocation, QPSK, 20 MHz	Z					
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6	20	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6	20	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6	20	QPSK	1/3	5	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6	20	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6	20	QPSK	1/3	8	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6	20	QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6a	20	QPSK	1/3	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6a	20	QPSK	1/3	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6a	20	QPSK	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6a Table A.2.2.2.1-6a	20	QPSK	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6a	20	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6a	20	QPSK	1/3	48	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6b	20	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6b	20	QPSK	1/3	54	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.1-6b	20	QPSK	1/5	75	≥ 1	

FDD. Par	tial RB allocation, 1	16-QAM. 1.4 M	Hz					
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	5	≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, 1	I 16-QAM. 3 MH:	l					
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-2		3	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-2		3	16QAM	3/4	4	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-2		3	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, 1	I I6-QAM. 5 MH:		100,	<u> </u>			
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.3		5	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.3		5	16QAM	3/4	8	≥ 1	
FDD. Par	tial RB allocation, 1	I I6-QAM. 10 MI	-lz					
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.4		10	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.4		10	16QAM	3/4	12	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.4		10	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.4		10	16QAM	3/4	30	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.4		10	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
FDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 1	I 16-QAM, 15 MH	Ηz					
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.5		15	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-5		15	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-5		15	16QAM	3/4	8	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-5		15	16QAM	3/4	9	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-5		15	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.5		15	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-5a		15	16QAM	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-5a		15	16QAM	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 1	6-QAM, 20 MH	Ηz					
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.6		20	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.6		20	16QAM	3/4	2	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.6		20	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-6		20	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.6		20	16QAM	1/3	20	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-6		20	16QAM	1/3	24	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.2.2-6		20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
FDD, Sus	stained data rate							
FDD	Table A.2.2.3-1	R.1-1 FDD	10	QPSK	0.31	40	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.3-1	R.1-2 FDD	10	QPSK	0.31	40	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.3-1	R.1-3 FDD	20	QPSK	0.31	90	≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.2.2.3-1	R.1-3A FDD	10	QPSK	0.31	40	≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.2.2.3-1	R.1-4 FDD	20	QPSK	0.31	90	≥ 2	
TDD, Ful	RB allocation, QP	SK						
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		15	QPSK	1/5	75	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.1-1		20	QPSK	1/6	100	≥ 1	
TDD, Ful	RB allocation, 16-	QAM						
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	6	≥ 1	

TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		3	16QAM	1/2	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		5	16QAM	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		10	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		15	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.1.2-1		20	16QAM	1/3	100	≥ 2	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 0	QPSK, 1.4 MHz	<u> </u>					
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	3	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	4	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	5	≥ 1	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 0	QPSK, 3 MHz						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	3	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	4	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	5	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-2		3	QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 0	QPSK, 5 MHz						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	5	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3		5	QPSK	1/3	8	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	15	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	18	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	20	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-3a		5	QPSK	1/3	24	≥ 1	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 0	QPSK, 10 MHz						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	2	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	5	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	6	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	8	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4		10	QPSK	1/3	10	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4a		10	QPSK	1/3	12	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4a		10	QPSK	1/3	16	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4a		10	QPSK	1/3	18	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4a		10	QPSK	1/3	20	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4a		10	QPSK	1/3	24	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4a		10	QPSK	1/3	25	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4b		10	QPSK	1/3	27	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4b		10	QPSK	1/3	30	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4b		10	QPSK	1/3	36	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4b		10	QPSK	1/3	40	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-4b		10	QPSK	1/3	48	≥ 1	

TDD. Par	tial RB allocation, Q	PSK. 15 MHz							
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5		15	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5		15	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5		15	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5		15	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5		15	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5		15	QPSK	1/3	10		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5a		15	QPSK	1/3	16		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5a		15	QPSK	1/3	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5a		15	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5a		15	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5a		15	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5a		15	QPSK	1/3	27		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5b		15	QPSK	1/3	36		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5b		15	QPSK	1/3	40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5b		15	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5b		15	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-5b		15	QPSK	1/3	54		≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, Q	PSK 20 MHz	10	QI OIL	1/3	J-1		= 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6		20	QPSK	1/3	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6		20	QPSK	1/3	2		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6		20	QPSK	1/3	5		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6		20	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6		20	QPSK	1/3	8		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6		20	QPSK	1/5	10		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6a		20	QPSK	1/5	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6a		20	QPSK	1/3	20		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6a		20	QPSK	1/3	24		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6a		20	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6a		20	QPSK	1/3	48		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6a		20	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6b		20	QPSK	1/3	54		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.1-6b		20	QPSK	1/5	75		≥ 1	
	tial RB allocation, 16	6-QAM, 1.4 M	Hz						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-1		1.4	16QAM	3/4	5		≥ 1	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 16	6-QAM, 3 MHz	2				'		
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-2		3	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-2		3	16QAM	3/4	4		≥ 1	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 16	6-QAM, 5 MHz	Z						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-3		5	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-3		5	16QAM	3/4	8		≥ 1	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 16	6-QAM, 10 MH	łz						
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-4		10	16QAM	3/4	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-4		10	16QAM	3/4	12		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-4		10	16QAM	1/2	16		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-4		10	16QAM	1/3	24		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-4		10	16QAM	3/4	30		≥ 2	

TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-4		10	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 1	6-QAM, 15 MH	lz					
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-5		15	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-5		15	16QAM	1/2	16	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-5		15	16QAM	3/4	36	≥ 2	
TDD, Par	tial RB allocation, 1	16-QAM, 20 MH	Ηz					
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-6		20	16QAM	3/4	1	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-6		20	16QAM	1/2	18	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-6		20	16QAM	3/4	50	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.2.2-6		20	16QAM	1/2	75	≥ 2	
TDD, Sus	stained data rate							
TDD	Table A.2.3.3-1	R.1-1 TDD	10	QPSK	0.43	40	≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.2.3.3-1	R.1-2 TDD	10	QPSK	0.61	40	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.3-1	R.1-3 TDD	20	QPSK	0.49	90	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.3-1	R.1-3B TDD	15	QPSK	0.42	60	≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.2.3.3-1	R.1-4 TDD	20	QPSK	0.49	90	≥ 2	

A.2.2 Reference measurement channels for FDD

A.2.2.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.2.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit		Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK		
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6		
Payload size	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800		
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400		
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1		

A.2.2.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3
Payload size	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame		1	1	1	4	4	4
(Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.2.2.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.2.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.2.2.1-1 Reference Channels for 1.4MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	3	4	5
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12
Frame						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	72	176	256	392	424
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)						
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	288	576	864	1152	1440
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	432	576	720
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Table A.2.2.2.1-2 Reference Channels for 3MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	3	4	5	6	10
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame								
Modulation		QPSK						
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	72	176	256	392	424	600	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	288	576	864	1152	1440	1728	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	432	576	720	864	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Table A.2.2.2.1-3 Reference Channels for 5MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12
Frame						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	72	176	424	600	808
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)						
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	288	576	1440	1728	2304
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	720	864	1152
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	720	864	11

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2.1-3a: Reference Channels for 5MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Allocated resource blocks		10	15	18	20	24
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12
Frame						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	872	1320	1864	1736	2472
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)						
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	2880	4320	5184	5760	6912
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		1440	2160	2592	2880	3456
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
		1 1141	1000		0.4 D.:	

Table A.2.2.2.1-4 Reference Channels for 10MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8	10
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	72	176	424	600	808	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	288	576	1440	1728	2304	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	720	864	1152	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1

Table A.2.2.2.1-4a: Reference Channels for 10MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		12	15	16	18	20	24
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	1224	1320	1384	1864	1736	2472
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	3456	4320	4608	5184	5760	6912
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		1728	2160	2304	2592	2880	3456
UE Category		≥1	≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2.1-4b: Reference Channels for 10MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		25	27	30	36	40	48
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	2216	2792	2664	3752	4136	4264
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	7200	7776	8640	10368	11520	13824
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		3600	3888	4320	5184	5760	6912
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Table A.2.2.2.1-5 Reference Channels for 15MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8	9
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	72	176	424	600	808	776
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
/	Rits	288	576	1440	1728	2304	2592
Total symbols per Sub-Frame	Dito	144	288	720	864	1152	1296
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
	Bits						

Table A.2.2.2.1-5a: Reference Channels for 15MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
MHz	15	15	15	15	15	15
	10	16	18	20	24	25
	12	12	12	12	12	12
	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Bits	872	1384	1864	1736	2472	2216
Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bits	2880	4608	5184	5760	6912	7200
	1440	2304	2592	2880	3456	3600
	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
	MHz Bits	MHz 15 10 12 QPSK 1/3 Bits 872 Bits 24 1 Bits 2880 1440	MHz 15 15 10 16 12 12 QPSK QPSK 1/3 1/3 Bits 872 1384 Bits 24 24 1 1 Bits 2880 4608 1440 2304	MHz 15 15 10 16 18 12 12 12 QPSK QPSK QPSK 1/3 1/3 1/3 Bits 872 1384 1864 Bits 24 24 24 1 1 1 1 Bits 2880 4608 5184 1440 2304 2592	MHz 15 15 15 10 16 18 20 12 12 12 12 QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 1/3 1/3 1/3 1/3 Bits 872 1384 1864 1736 Bits 24 24 24 24 1 1 1 1 Bits 2880 4608 5184 5760 1440 2304 2592 2880	MHz 15 15 15 15 10 16 18 20 24 12 12 12 12 12 QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK QPSK 1/3 1/3 1/3 1/3 1/3 Bits 872 1384 1864 1736 2472 Bits 24 24 24 24 24 1 1 1 1 1 1 Bits 2880 4608 5184 5760 6912 1440 2304 2592 2880 3456

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2.1-5b: Reference Channels for 15MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		27	36	40	48	50	54
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	2792	3752	4136	4264	5160	4776
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	7776	10368	11520	13824	14400	15552
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		3888	5184	5760	6912	7200	7776
UE Category		≥ 1					

Table A.2.2.2.1-6 Reference Channels for 20MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	20	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8	10
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	72	176	424	600	808	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	288	576	1440	1728	2304	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	720	864	1152	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Table A.2.2.2.1-6a: Reference Channels for 20MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	20	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks		16	18	20	24	25	48
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	1384	1864	1736	2472	2216	4264
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	4608	5184	5760	6912	7200	13824
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		2304	2592	2880	3456	3600	6912
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2.1-6b: Reference Channels for 20MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Unit	Value	Value	Value
MHz	20	20	20
	50	54	75
	12	12	12
	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
	1/3	1/3	1/5
Bits	5160	4776	4392
Bits	24	24	24
	1	1	1
Bits	14400	15552	21600
	7200	7776	10800
	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
	MHz Bits Bits	MHz 20 50 12 QPSK 1/3 Bits 5160 Bits 24 1 Bits 14400 7200	MHz 20 20 50 54 12 12 QPSK QPSK 1/3 1/3 Bits 5160 4776 Bits 24 24 1 1 1 Bits 14400 15552 7200 7776

A.2.2.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.2.2.1 Reference Channels for 1.4MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4
Allocated resource blocks		1	5
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4
Payload size	Bits	408	2152
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame		1	1
(Note 1)			
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	576	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	720
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame Total symbols per Sub-Frame	Bits	144 ≥ 1	720

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2.2 Reference Channels for 3MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	3	3	3
Allocated resource blocks		1	4	6
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12
Frame				
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4	3/4
Payload size	Bits	408	1736	2600
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)				
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	576	2304	3456
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	576	864
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1
1				

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2-3 Reference Channels for 5MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	5
Allocated resource blocks		1	8
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4
Payload size	Bits	408	3496
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame		1	1
(Note 1)			
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	576	4608
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	1152
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1

Table A.2.2.2-4 Reference Channels for 10MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		1	12	16	30	36
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12
Frame						
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4	1/2	3/4	3/4
Payload size	Bits	408	5160	4584	12960	15264
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	3	3
Frame (Note 1)						
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	576	6912	9216	17280	20736
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	1728	2304	4320	5184
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2
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Table A.2.2.2.5 Reference Channels for 15MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		1	6	8	9	16	18
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	1/2	1/2
Payload size	Bits	408	2600	3496	3880	4584	5160
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	576	3456	4608	5184	9216	10368
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	864	1152	1296	2304	2592
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.2.2-5a: Reference Channels for 15MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		20	24
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12
Frame			
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3
Payload size	Bits	4008	4776
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1
Frame (Note 1)			
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	11520	13824
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		2880	3456
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1
		1 11:1	

Table A.2.2.2.6 Reference Channels for 20MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	16	18	20	24	75
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame								
Modulation		16QAM						
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4	1/2	1/2	1/3	1/3	1/2
Payload size	Bits	408	840	4584	5160	4008	4776	21384
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1	4
Frame (Note 1)								
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits	576	1152	9216	10368	11520	13824	43200
Total symbols per Sub-Frame		144	288	2304	2592	2880	3456	10800
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 2

A.2.2.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.2.3 Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

Table A.2.2.3-1: Uplink Reference Channels for sustained data-rate test (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference Channel		R.1-1	R.1-2	R.1-3	R.1-3A	R.1-4	FFS	
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD		
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	20		
Allocated Resource Blocks		40	40	90	40	90		
		(Note 2)	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 2)	(Note 3)		
Allocated Sub-Frames per Radio-Frame		10	10	10	10	10		
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12		
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK		
Coding Rate		0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits	3496	3496	7992	3496	7992		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		1	1	2	1	2		
(Note 1)								
Modulation Symbols per Sub-Frame		5760	5760	12960	5760	12960		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame		11520	11520	25920	11520	25920		
Max Throughput over 1 Radio-Frame	Mbps	3.496	3.496	7.992	3.496	7.992		
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥1	≥2		

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: RB-s 5-44 allocated with PUSCH. Note 3: RB-s 5-94 allocated with PUSCH.

A.2.3 Reference measurement channels for TDD

For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL:2UL.

A.2.3.1 Full RB allocation

A.2.3.1.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.1.1-1 Reference Channels for QPSK with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/6
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	600	1544	2216	5160	4392	4584
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1728	4320	7200	14400	21600	28800
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached

to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.1.2-1 Reference Channels for 16-QAM with full RB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	1/2	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	2600	4264	4968	21384	21384	19848
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 1)							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1	1	4	4	4
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	3456	8640	14400	28800	43200	57600
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		864	2160	3600	7200	10800	14400
UE Category		≥ 1	≥1	≥1	≥ 2	≥2	≥2

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each

Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.1.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.2 Partial RB allocation

For each channel bandwidth, various partial RB allocations are specified. The number of allocated RBs is chosen according to values specified in the Tx and Rx requirements. The single allocated RB case is included.

The allocated RBs are contiguous and start from one end of the channel bandwidth. A single allocated RB is at one end of the channel bandwidth.

A.2.3.2.1 QPSK

Table A.2.3.2.1-1 Reference Channels for 1.4MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	3	4	5
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	72	176	256	392	424
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	288	576	864	1152	1440
Total symbols per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	288	432	576	720
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.1-2 Reference Channels for 3MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	3	4	5	6	10
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK						
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size								
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	72	176	256	392	424	600	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	288	576	864	1152	1440	1728	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	288	432	576	720	864	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1	≥1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.3.2.1-3 Reference Channels for 5MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	72	176	424	600	808
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits					
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		288	576	1440	1728	2304
Total symbols per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	288	720	864	1152
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.1-3a: Reference Channels for 5MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	5	5	5	5
Allocated resource blocks		10	15	18	20	24
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	872	1320	1864	1736	2472
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame	Bits					
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		2880	4320	5184	5760	6912
Total symbols per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1440	2160	2592	2880	3456
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.3.2.1-4 Reference Channels for 10MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8	10
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	72	176	424	600	808	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	288	576	1440	1728	2304	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	288	720	864	1152	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥1

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.1-4a: Reference Channels for 10MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		12	16	18	20	24	25
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1224	1384	1864	1736	2472	2216
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	3456	4608	5184	5760	6912	7200
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1728	2304	2592	2880	3456	3600
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.3.2.1-4b: Reference Channels for 10MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		27	30	36	40	48
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12
Frame						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	2792	2664	3752	4136	4264
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	7776	8640	10368	11520	13824
Total symbols per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		3888	4320	5184	5760	6912
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached

to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.1-5 Reference Channels for 15MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8	10
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	72	176	424	600	808	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	288	576	1440	1728	2304	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	288	720	864	1152	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.3.2.1-5a: Reference Channels for 15MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		16	18	20	24	25	27
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1384	1864	1736	2472	2216	2792
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	4608	5184	5760	6912	7200	7776
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		2304	2592	2880	3456	3600	3888
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.1-5b: Reference Channels for 15MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		36	40	48	50	54
Uplink-Downlink Configuration		1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12
Frame						
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	3752	4136	4264	5160	4776
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)						
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	10368	11520	13824	14400	15552
Total symbols per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		5184	5760	6912	7200	7776
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.3.2.1-6 Reference Channels for 20MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	20	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks		1	2	5	6	8	10
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note		1	1	1	1	1	1
2)							
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	12	12	12	12
Frame							
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	72	176	424	600	808	872
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	1	1	1	1
Frame (Note 1)							
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	288	576	1440	1728	2304	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	288	720	864	1152	1440
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.1-6a: Reference Channels for 20MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	20	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks		18	20	24	25	48	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	1864	1736	2472	2216	4264	5160
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	5184	5760	6912	7200	13824	14400
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	•	2592	2880	3456	3600	6912	7200
UE Category	•	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.2.3.2.1-6b: Reference Channels for 20MHz QPSK with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	
Allocated resource blocks		54	75	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note		1	1	
2)				
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-		12	12	
Frame				
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	
Target Coding rate		1/3	1/5	
Payload size				
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	4776	4392	
Transport block CRC	Bits 24		24	
Number of code blocks per Sub-		1	1	
Frame (Note 1)				
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	15552	21600	
Total symbols per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		7776	10800	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	
N (4		1.154	1000	

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.2.3.2.2 16-QAM

Table A.2.3.2.2-1 Reference Channels for 1.4MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4
Allocated resource blocks		1	5
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4
Payload size			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	408	2152
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame			
(Note 1)			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	576	2880
Total symbols per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	720
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.2-2 Reference Channels for 3MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Unit	Value	Value
MHz	3	3
	1	4
	1	1
	12	12
	16QAM	16QAM
	3/4	3/4
Bits	408	1736
Bits	24	24
	1	1
Bits	576	2304
	144	576
	≥ 1	≥ 1
	Bits Bits Bits	MHz 3 1 1 1 12 16QAM 3/4 Bits 408 Bits 24 1 Bits 576

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.2-3 Reference Channels for 5MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	5
Allocated resource blocks		1	8
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4
Payload size			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	408	3496
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub-Frame			
(Note 1)			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		1	1
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	576	4608
Total symbols per Sub-Frame			
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	1152
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.2.3.2.2-4 Reference Channels for 10MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		1	12	16	24	30	36
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		1	1	1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	3/4	1/2	1/3	3/4	3/4
Payload size							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	408	5160	4584	4776	12960	15264
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	1	1	3	3
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	576	6912	9216	13824	17280	20736
Total symbols per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	1728	2304	3456	4320	5184
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [8]

Table A.2.3.2.2-5 Reference Channels for 15MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	15	15	15
Allocated resource blocks		1	16	36
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 2)		1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	3/4
Payload size				
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	408	4584	15264
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	3
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	576	9216	20736
Total symbols per Sub-Frame				
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	2304	5184
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2
Note 1: If more than one Code Bloc	ck is present	an addition	al CRC sec	uence of

Table A.2.3.2.2-6 Reference Channels for 20MHz 16-QAM with partial RB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value	Value	Value	Value
Channel bandwidth	MHz	20	20	20	20
Allocated resource blocks		1	18	50	75
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note		1	1	1	1
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub- Frame		12	12	12	12
Modulation		16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM
Target Coding rate		3/4	1/2	3/4	1/2
Payload size					
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	408	5160	21384	21384
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24
Number of code blocks per Sub- Frame (Note 1)		1	1	4	4
Total number of bits per Sub-Frame					
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8	Bits	576	10368	28800	43200
Total symbols per Sub-Frame					
For Sub-Frame 2,3,7,8		144	2592	7200	10800
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 2

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [8]

A.2.3.2.3 64-QAM

[FFS]

A.2.3.3 Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

Table A.2.3.3-1: Uplink Reference Channels for sustained data-rate test (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference Channel		R.1-1	R.1-2	R.1-3	R.1-3B	R.1-4	FFS	
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD		
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 2)		5	5	5	5	5		
Allocated Resource Blocks		40	40	90	60	90		
		(Note 3)	(Note 3)	(Note 5)	(Note 4)	(Note 5)		
Allocated Sub-Frames per Radio-Frame		1	1	1	1	1		
DFT-OFDM Symbols per Sub-Frame		12	12	12	12	12		
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK		
Coding Rate								
For Sub-Frame 2		0.43	0.61	0.49	0.42	0.49		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits							
For Sub-Frame 2		4968	6968	12576	7224	12576		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 1)								
For Sub-Frame 2		1	2	3	2	3		
Modulation Symbols per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frame 2		5760	5760	12960	8640	10240		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frame 2		11520	11520	25920	17280	25920		
Max Throughput over 1 Radio-Frame	Mbps	0.4968	0.6968	1.2576	0.7224	1.2576		
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2		

Note 1: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code

Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
Note 3: RB-s 5-44 allocated with PUSCH.
Note 4: RB-s 7-66 allocated with PUSCH.
Note 5: RB-s 5-94 allocated with PUSCH.

A.3 DL reference measurement channels

A.3.1 General

The number of available channel bits varies across the sub-frames due to PBCH and PSS/SSS overhead. The payload size per sub-frame is varied in order to keep the code rate constant throughout a frame.

No user data is scheduled on subframes #5 in order to facilitate the transmission of system information blocks (SIB).

The algorithm for determining the payload size A is as follows; given a desired coding rate R and radio block allocation N_{RB}

- 1. Calculate the number of channel bits $N_{\rm ch}$ that can be transmitted during the first transmission of a given subframe.
- 2. Find A such that the resulting coding rate is as close to R as possible, that is,

$$\min \left| R - (A + 24) / N_{ch} \right|,$$

subject to

- a) A is a valid TB size according to section 7.1.7 of TS 36.213 [6] assuming an allocation of N_{RB} resource blocks.
- b) Segmentation is not included in this formula, but should be considered in the TBS calculation.

- 3. If there is more than one A that minimizes the equation above, then the larger value is chosen per default.
- 4. For TDD, the measurement channel is based on DL/UL configuration ratio of 2DL+DwPTS (12 OFDM symbol): 2UL

A.3.1.1 Overview of DL reference measurement channels

In Table A.3.1.1-1 are listed the DL reference measurement channels specified in annexes A.3.2 to A.3.9 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are annexes A.3.2 to A.3.9 as appropriate.

Table A.3.1.1-1: Overview of DL reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
FDD, Receiv	er requirements								
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-1		20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
TDD, Receiv	er requirements		1	T	ı	1		1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		3	QPSK	1/3	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		5	QPSK	1/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		15	QPSK	1/3	75		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.2-2		20	QPSK	1/3	100		≥ 1	
FDD, Receiv	er requirements, Ma	aximum input	level for	r UE Categ	ories 3-5	1		1	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3		20	64QAM	3/4	100		-	
FDD, Receiv	er requirements, Ma	aximum input	level for	UE Categ	ories 1				
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		15	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		-	
	rer requirements, Ma	aximum input	_		1	ı		ı	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
FDD	Table A.3.2-3b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		-	
	er requirements, Ma	aximum input	1	_				ı	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4		20	64QAM	3/4	100		-	
	er requirements, Ma	aximum input	_		1				
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-	
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-	

TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		5	64QAM	3/4	18		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		10	64QAM	3/4	17		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		15	64QAM	3/4	17		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4a		20	64QAM	3/4	17		-		
TDD, Receiver requirements, Maximum input level for UE Categories 2										
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		1.4	64QAM	3/4	6		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		3	64QAM	3/4	15		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		5	64QAM	3/4	25		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		10	64QAM	3/4	50		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		15	64QAM	3/4	75		-		
TDD	Table A.3.2-4b		20	64QAM	3/4	83		-		
FDD, PDSCH Performance, Single-antenna transmission (CRS)										
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.4 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-1	R.2 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3-1 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-2	R.3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.5 FDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.6 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.7 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.8 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3	R.9 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.6-1 FDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.7-1 FDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.8-1 FDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-1 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-3a	R.9-2 FDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2		
FDD, PDSCH	ł Performance, Sinզ	gle-antenna tra	ansmiss	ion (CRS),	Single P	RB (Ch	annel (edge)		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.0 FDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-4	R.1 FDD	10 / 20	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1		
FDD, PDSCH	l Performance, Sing	le-antenna tra		ion (CRS).	Single P	RB (ME	SFN C	onfigi	uration)	
FDD	Table A.3.3.1-5	R.29 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	,	
FDD, PDSCH	l Performance, Mul	ti-antenna tran	smissio	n (CRS), 1	Гwo anten	na por	ts			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.10 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-2 FDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.11-3 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.30 FDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.1-1	R.35 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
FDD, PDSCH	l Performance, Mul	ti-antenna tran	smissio	n (CRS), I	our antei	nna po	rts			
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.12 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.13 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-1 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.14-2 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1		
FDD	Table A.3.3.2.2-1	R.36 FDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2		
TDD, PDSCH	l Performance, Sing	gle-antenna tra	ansmiss	ion (CRS)						
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.4 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1		
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-1	R.2 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1		
L	I	i							I .	

		T		T	1	1			
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-2	R.3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.5 TDD	3	64QAM	3/4	15		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.6 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	25		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.7 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.8 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	75		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3	R.9 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	100		≥ 3	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.6-1 TDD	5	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.7-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.8-1 TDD	15	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-1 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	17		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-3a	R.9-2 TDD	20	64QAM	3/4	83		≥ 2	
TDD, PDSCH	l Performance, Sing	gle-antenna tra	ansmiss	ion (CRS)	, Single Pl	RB (Ch	annel	edge)	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.0 TDD	3	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-4	R.1 TDD	10 / 20	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD. PDSCH	l l Performance, Sing	ıle-antenna tra	-	ion (CRS)	. Sinale Pl	RB (MF	SSFN C	Configu	uration)
TDD	Table A.3.4.1-5	R.29 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
TDD. PDSCH	l I Performance, Mult		smissio		Two anten	na por	rts		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.10 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-2 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.11-3 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	40		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.30 TDD	20	16QAM	1/2	100		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.1-1	R.35 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	l Performance, Mult						rts		
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.12 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.13 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-1 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.14-2 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	3		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.2.2-1	R.36 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	l Performance, Sing							_	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.25 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.26-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.27-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	18		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.1-1	R.28 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	1		≥ 1	
	l Performance, Two								
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.31 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.32-1 TDD	5	16QAM	1/2	[25]		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	50		≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.33-1 TDD	10	64QAM	3/4	[18]		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.4.3.2-1	R.34 TDD	10	64QAM	1/2	50		≥ 2	
	I / PCFICH Performa				l .				
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.15 FDD	10	PDCCH					
					I.		<u> </u>		

EDD	T-1-1- A 0 5 4 4	D 40 EDD	4 440	DDOOLL			1 1		
FDD	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.16 FDD	1.410	PDCCH					
FDD PDGG	Table A.3.5.1-1	R.17 FDD	5	PDCCH					
	I / PCFICH Perform	1	40	DDOOLL		l			
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.15 TDD	10	PDCCH					
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.16 TDD	1.410	PDCCH					
TDD	Table A.3.5.2-1	R.17 TDD	5	PDCCH					
•	PHICH Performance	1			l	I	I I		
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.18	10	PHICH					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.19	10	PHICH					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.20	5	PHICH					
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.6-1	R.24	10	PHICH					
FDD / TDD, F	PBCH Performance			I	40/	ı	1		
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.21	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920				
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.22	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920				
FDD / TDD	Table A.3.7-1	R.23	1.4	QPSK	40/ 1920				
FDD, PMCH	Performance				1020				
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.40 FDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-1	R.37 FDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-2	R.38 FDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39-1 FDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.8.1-3	R.39 FDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2	
TDD, PMCH	Performance	•					<u> </u>		
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.40 TDD	1.4	QPSK	1/3	6		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-1	R.37 TDD	10	QPSK	1/3	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-2	R.38 TDD	10	16QAM	1/2	50		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39-1 TDD	5	64QAM	2/3	25		≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.8.2-3	R.39 TDD	10	64QAM	2/3	50		≥ 2	
FDD, Sustair	ned data rate								
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-1 FDD	10	64QAM	0.40			≥ 1	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-2 FDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.64			≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3 FDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.62			≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-3A FDD	10	64QAM	0.85- 0.90			≥ 2	
FDD	Table A.3.9.1-1	R.31-4 FDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90			≥ 3	
TDD, Sustain	ned data rate								
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-1 TDD	10	64QAM	0.40			≥ 1	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-2 TDD	10	64QAM	0.59- 0.64			≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-3 TDD	20	64QAM	0.59- 0.62			≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-3B TDD	15	64QAM	0.87- 0.90			≥ 2	
TDD	Table A.3.9.2-1	R.31-4 TDD	20	64QAM	0.87- 0.90			≥ 3	

A.3.2 Reference measurement channel for receiver characteristics

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 are applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of sub-clause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-3, A.3.2-3a, A.3.2-3b, A.3.2-4, A.3.2-4a and A.3.2-4b are applicable for sub-clause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Tables A.3.2-1 and A.3.2-2 also apply for the modulated interferer used in Clauses 7.5, 7.6 and 7.8 with test specific bandwidths.

Table A.3.2-1 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	872	1800	4392	6712	8760
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	1	1	1	2	2
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528	2940	5460	12960	19860	26760
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	341.6	1143.	1952.	3952.	6040.	7884
-	-		2	8	8	8	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1	≥1	≥1	≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-2 Fixed Reference Channel for Receiver Requirements (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel Bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		4	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmission		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	
Target coding rate		1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame	Bits							
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		408	1320	2216	4392	6712	8760	
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		n/a	968	1544	3240	4968	6712	
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0		208	1064	1800	4392	6712	8760	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 5)								
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1	1	1	1	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		n/a	1	1	1	1	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	1	1	2	2	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	Bits							
For Sub-Frame 4, 9		1368	3780	6300	13800	20700	27600	
For Sub-Frame 1, 6		n/a	3276	5556	11256	16956	22656	
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0		672	3084	5604	13104	20004	26904	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	102.4	564	932	1965.	3007.	3970.	
					6	2	4	
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	

- For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz Note 1: channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs. For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with
- Note 2: insufficient PDCCH performance
- Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:
- If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to Note 4: each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-3 Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories 3-5 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	6456	12576	28336	45352	61664		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a	2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	8820	16380	38880	59580	80280		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	55498		
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH fo	r 20 MHz, 15 N	MHz and 10) MHz chai	nnel BW. 3	symbols a	llocated to	PDCCH		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Table A.3.2-3a Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	6456	8248	10296	10296	10296		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	2	2	2	2		
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a	2	2	2	2	2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	8820	11088	14076	14076	14076		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	9079.6	9266.4	9266.4	9266.4		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.2-3b Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (FDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	6456	12576	28336	45352	51024	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	2	3	5	8	9	
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a	2	3	5	8	9	
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	8820	16380	38880	59580	66204	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	2387.2	7448.8	12547	27294	42046	45922	

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW. 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz. 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.2-4 Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Categories 3-5 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	61664		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	n/a	6968	11448	23688	35160	46888		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	6968	12576	30576	45352	61664		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 5)									
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	11		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	2	2	4	6	8		
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a	2	3	5	8	11		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	82800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	9828	16668	33768	50868	67968		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	9252	16812	39312	60012	80712		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	27877		

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-4a Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 1 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	18	17	17	17	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	10296	10296	10296	10296	
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	n/a	6968	8248	7480	7480	7480	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	6968	8248	10296	10296	10296	
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24	
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame								
(Note 5)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	2	2	2	2	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	2	2	2	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a	2	2	2	2	2	
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	13608	14076	14076	14076	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	9828	11880	11628	11628	11628	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	9252	11520	14076	14076	14076	
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	4533.6	4584.8	4584.8	4584.8	

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.2-4b Fixed Reference Channel for Maximum input level for UE Category 2 (TDD)

Parameter	Unit	Value							
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	83		
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 5)		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2		
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	7	7	7	7	7	7		
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1		
Information Bit Payload per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	2984	8504	14112	30576	46888	51024		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	n/a	6968	11448	23688	35160	39232		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	6968	12576	30576	45352	51024		
Transport block CRC	Bits	24	24	24	24	24	24		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame									
(Note 5)									
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	3	5	8	9		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	2	3	5	7	7		
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0		n/a	2	3	5	8	9		
Binary Channel Bits per Sub-Frame									
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4104	11340	18900	41400	62100	68724		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	9828	16668	33768	50868	56340		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	n/a	9252	16380	39312	60012	66636		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	596.8	3791.2	6369.6	13910	20945	23154		

- Note 1: For normal subframes(0,4,5,9), 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For special subframe (1&6), only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH for all BWs.
- Note 2: For 1.4MHz, no data shall be scheduled on special subframes(1&6) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance
- Note 3: Reference signal, Synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)
- Note 5: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

A.3.3 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (FDD)

A.3.3.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel		R.4 FDD			R.2 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6			50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10			10		
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK		
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408			4392		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a			n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152			4392		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1			1		
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a			n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0		1			1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1368			13800		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a			n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	528			12960		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.342			3.953		
UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.3.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit			٧	'alue		
Reference channel				R.3-1 FDD	R.3 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				10	10		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frame 5				n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			n/a	n/a	_	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			10920	25920		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			5.738	12.586		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥2		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.3.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel			R.5	R.6	R.7	R.8	R.9 FDD
			FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6456	12576	28336	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frame 5			n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		8820	16380	38880	59580	80280
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		7.449	12.547	27.294	42.046	55.498
UE Category			≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.3.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit		Va	lue		
Reference channel		R.6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	20
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		18	17	17	17	83
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload						
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	10296	10296	10296	51024
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	8248	10296	10296	10296	51024
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame						
(Note 4)						
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		2	2	2	2	9
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2	2	2	9
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13608	14076	14076	14076	68724
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11088	14076	14076	14076	66204
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	9.062	9.266	9.266	9.266	45.922
UE Category		≥ 1	≥1	≥ 1	≥1	≥ 2

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.3.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (Channel Edge)

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel			R.0 FDD		R.1 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame			10		10		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			n/a		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504		552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.202		0.230		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥1		

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.3.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.29 FDD
		(MBSFN)
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		1
MBSFN Configuration		TBD
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4
Modulation		16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	256
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	256
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 3)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		1
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8		0 (MBSFN)
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	552
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	552
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	76.8
UE Category	_	≥ 1
Note 1. 2 symbols allocated to DDCCH		•

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH

allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code

Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.3.3.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

A.3.3.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit			Value			
Reference channel		R.10	R.11	R.11-2	R.11-3	R.30	R.35
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks		50	50	25	40	100	50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	4392	12960	5736	10296	25456	19848
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392	12960	4968	10296	25456	18336
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1	3	1	2	5	4
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1	3	1	2	5	3
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	13200	26400	12000	21120	52800	39600
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12384	24768	10368	19488	51168	37152
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	3.953	11.664	5.086	9.266	22.910	17.712
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥2

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

A.3.3.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.3.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit			Valu	e		
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.36
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		6	50	50	6	3	50
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QA M	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	18336
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	152	3624	11448	n/a	n/a	18336
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9		1	1	3	1	1	3
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	2	n/a	n/a	3
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	38400
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	480	12032	24064	n/a	n/a	36096
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.342	3.876	11.513	1.235	0.595	16.502
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2

2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to Note 1: PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz

Note 2:

Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4] If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Note 3: Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.3.3.3 [RMC for UE-Specific Reference Symbols]

A.3.4 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance requirements (TDD)

A.3.4.1 Single-antenna transmission (Common Reference Symbols)

Table A.3.4.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Reference channel		R.4 TDD			R.2 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	100	15	20
Allocated resource blocks	IVII IZ	6)		50	10	20
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1			1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		4+2			4+2		
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK		
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408			4392		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	n/a			3240		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a			n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208			4392		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1			1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a			1		
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a			n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0		1			1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1368			13800		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	n/a			11256		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	•		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	672			13104		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.102			1.966		
UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1		

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Table A.3.4.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel				R.3-1	R.3		
				TDD	TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)				1	1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)				4+2	4+2		
Modulation				16QAM	16QAM		
Target Coding Rate				1/2	1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			6456	14112		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			5160	11448		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			5736	12960		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9				2	3		
For Sub-Frames 1,6				1	2		
For Sub-Frame 5				n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0				1	3		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits			12600	27600		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits			11112	22512		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits			n/a	n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits			11208	26208		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps			2.897	6.408		
UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.4.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.5	R.6 TDD	R.7	R.8	R.9
			TDD		TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			15	25	50	75	100
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate			3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		8504	14112	30576	46888	61664
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		6968	11448	23688	35160	46888
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		6968	12576	30576	45352	61664
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame							
(Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			2	3	5	8	11
For Sub-Frames 1,6			2	2	4	6	8
For Sub-Frame 5			n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0			2	3	5	8	11
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		11340	18900	41400	62100	82800
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		9828	16668	33768	50868	67968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		9252	16812	39312	60012	80712
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		3.791	6.370	13.910	20.945	27.877
UE Category			≥1	≥ 2	≥2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.4.1-3a: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=3/4

Parameter	Unit		Val	ue		
Reference channel		R.6-1	R.7-1	R.8-1	R.9-1	R.9-2
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	5	10	15	20	20
Allocated resource blocks (Note 3)		18	17	17	17	83
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Information Bit Payload						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	10296	10296	10296	51024
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	8248	7480	7480	7480	39232
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	8248	10296	10296	10296	51024
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame						
(Note 5)						
For Sub-Frames 4,9		2	2	2	2	9
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2	2	2	2	7
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		2	2	2	2	9
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13608	14076	14076	14076	68724
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	11880	11628	11628	11628	56340
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	11520	14076	14076	14076	66636
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	4.534	4.585	4.585	4.585	23.154
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.4.1-4: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel			R.0 TDD		R.1 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10/20	15	20
Allocated resource blocks			1		1		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)			1		1		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)			4+2		4+2		
Modulation			16QAM		16QAM		
Target Coding Rate			1/2		1/2		
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		224		256		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		208		208		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		224		256		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9			1		1		
For Sub-Frames 1,6			1		1		
For Sub-Frame 5			n/a		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0			1		1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits		504		552		
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits		456		456		
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits		n/a		n/a		
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits		504		552		
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps		0.109		0.118		
UE Category			≥ 1		≥ 1		

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Table A.3.4.1-5: Fixed Reference Channel Single PRB (MBSFN Configuration)

Parameter	Unit	Value
Reference channel		R.29 TDD
		(MBSFN)
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10
Allocated resource blocks		1
MBSFN Configuration		[TBD]
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		2+2
Modulation		16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/2
Information Bit Payload		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	208
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	256
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame		
(Note 4)		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	1
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame		
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	0 (MBSFN)
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	456
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	552
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	kbps	67.2
UE Category		≥ 1

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4] Note 3:

If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise Note 4:

L = 0 Bit)

A.3.4.2 Multi-antenna transmission (Common Reference Signals)

A.3.4.2.1 Two antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel two antenna ports

Parameter	Unit				Value			
Reference channel		R.10	R.11	R.11-1	R.11-2	R.11-3	R.30	R.35
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	10	5	10	20	10
Allocated resource blocks		50	50	50	25	40	100	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	16QAM	64 QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	12960	5736	10296	25456	19848
For Sub-Frames 1,6		3240	9528	9528	5160	9144	22920	15840
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	4392	12960	n/a	4968	10296	25456	n/a
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	3	1	2	5	4
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	2	1	2	4	3
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		1	3	n/a	1	2	5	n/a
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	13200	26400	26400	12000	21120	52800	39600
For Sub-Frames 1,6		10656	21312	21312	10512	16992	42912	31968
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	12528	25056	n/a	10656	19776	51456	n/a
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.966	5.794	4.498	2.676	4.918	12.221	7.138
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥2

Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4].

Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4].

A.3.4.2.2 Four antenna ports

Table A.3.4.2.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel four antenna ports

Parameter	Unit			Valu	е		
Reference channel		R.12	R.13	R.14	R.14-1	R.14-2	R.36
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	10	10	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		6	50	50	6	3	50
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 4)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	16QA M	64QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	408	4392	12960	1544	744	18336
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	n/a	3240	9528	n/a	n/a	15840
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	208	4392	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	1	3	1	1	3
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	1	2	n/a	n/a	3
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		1	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	1248	12800	25600	3072	1536	38400
For Sub-Frames 1,6		n/a	10256	20512	n/a	n/a	30768
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	624	12176	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	0.102	1.966	4.498	0.309	0.149	6.835
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 1	≥ 2

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: For BW=1.4 MHz, the information bit payloads of special subframes are set to zero (no scheduling) to avoid problems with insufficient PDCCH performance at the test point.
- Note 3: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

A.3.4.3 Reference Measurement Channels for UE-Specific Reference Symbols

A.3.4.3.1 Single antenna port (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.1-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for UE-specific reference symbols with one cell-specific antenna port.

Table A.3.4.3.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for DRS

Parameter	Unit			Val	ue		
Reference channel		R.25 TDD	R.26 TDD	R.26-1 TDD	R.27 TDD	R.27-1 TDD	R.28 TDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10
Allocated resource blocks		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	1
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		1	1	1	1	1	1
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (D+S)		4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	16QAM
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2
Information Bit Payload							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	4392	12960	5736	28336	10296	224
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	3240	9528	4584	22920	8248	176
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3880	22152	10296	224
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 5)							
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	3	1	5	2	1
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	4	2	1
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	1
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame							
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12600	25200	11400	37800	13608	504
For Sub-Frames 1,6	Bits	10356	20712	10212	31068	11340	420
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10332	20664	7752	30996	13608	504
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	1.825	5.450	2.452	12.466	4.738	0.102
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1
Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH fo	r 20 MHz	15 MHz au	nd 10 MHz	channel B\	W· 3 symbo	ols allocate	d to

- Note 1: 2 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 20 MHz, 15 MHz and 10 MHz channel BW; 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 5 MHz and 3 MHz; 4 symbols allocated to PDCCH for 1.4 MHz. For subframe 1&6, only 2 OFDM symbols are allocated to PDCCH.
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: For R.25, R.26 and R.27, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1–9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0. For R.26-1, 25 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 1–9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0–RB7 and RB16–RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0.
- Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).
- Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.4.3.2 Two antenna ports (Cell Specific)

The reference measurement channels in Table A.3.4.3.2-1 apply for verifying demodulation performance for CDM-multiplexed UE specific reference symbols with two cell-specific antenna ports.

Table A.3.4.3.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for CDM-multiplexed DM RS

Reference channel		R.31	R.32	R.32-1	R.33	R.33-1	R.34	
		TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10	10	10	
Allocated resource		50 ⁴	50 ⁴	25 ⁴	50 ⁴	18 ⁶	50 ⁴	
blocks								
Uplink-Downlink		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Configuration (Note 3)								
Allocated subframes		4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	4+2	
per Radio Frame (D+S)								
Modulation		QPSK	16QAM	16QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	
Target Coding Rate		1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1/2	
Information Bit Payload								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	3624	11448	5736	27376	9528	18336	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		2664	7736	3112	16992	7480	11832	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2984	9528	3496	22152	9528	14688	
Number of Code Blocks								
per Sub-Frame								
(Note 4)								
For Sub-Frames 4,9		1	2	1	5	2	3	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		1	2	1	3	2	2	
For Sub-Frame 5		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0		1	2	1	4	2	3	
Binary Channel Bits Per								
Sub-Frame								
For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	12000	24000	10800	36000	12960	36000	
For Sub-Frames 1,6		7872	15744	6528	23616	10368	23616	
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	9840	19680	7344	29520	12960	29520	
Max. Throughput	Mbps	1.556	4.79	2.119	11.089	4.354	7.502	
averaged over 1 frame								
UE Category		≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥2	≥ 1	≥ 2	
			 					

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: as per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]

Note 4: For R.31, R.32, R.33and R.34, 50 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 41 resource blocks (RB0–RB20 and RB30–RB49) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1,6. For R.32-1, 25 resource blocks are allocated in sub-frames 4,9 and 17 resource blocks (RB0–RB7 and RB16–RB24) are allocated in sub-frame 0 and the DwPTS portion of sub-frames 1, 6.

Note 5: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 6: Localized allocation started from RB #0 is applied.

A.3.5 Reference measurement channels for PDCCH/PCFICH performance requirements

A.3.5.1 FDD

Table A.3.5.1-1: Reference Channel FDD

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.15 FDD	R.16 FDD	R.17 FDD				
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5				
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	2				
Aggregation level	CCE	8	4	2				
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 2	Format 2				
Cell ID		0	0	0				
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	31	43	42				

A.3.5.2 TDD

Table A.3.5.2-1: Reference Channel TDD

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Reference channel		R.15 TDD	R.16 TDD	R.17 TDD				
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5				
Number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH	symbols	2	2	2				
Aggregation level	CCE	8	4	2				
DCI Format		Format 1	Format 2	Format 2				
Cell ID		0	0	0				
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	34	46	45				

A.3.6 Reference measurement channels for PHICH performance requirements

Table A.3.6-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit		Value)	
Reference channel		R.18	R.19	R.20	R.24
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4	1
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	5	10
User roles (Note 1)		[W I1 I2]	[W I1 I2]	[W I1 I2]	[W I1]
Resource allocation (Note 2)		[(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)]	[(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)]	[(0,0) (0,1) (0,4)]	[(0,0) (0,1)]
Power offsets (Note 3)	dB	[-4 0 -3]	[-4 0 -3]	[-4 0 -3]	[+3 0]
Payload (Note 4)		[A R R]	[A R R]	[A R R]	[A R]

Note 1: W=wanted user, I1=interfering user 1, I2=interfering user 2.

Note 2: The resource allocation per user is given as (N_group_PHICH, N_seq_PHICH).

Note 3: The power offsets (per user) represent the difference of the power of BPSK modulated symbol per PHICH relative to the first interfering user.

Note 4: A=fixed ACK, R=random ACK/NACK.

A.3.7 Reference measurement channels for PBCH performance requirements

Table A.3.7-1: Reference Channel FDD/TDD

Parameter	Unit		Value	
Reference channel		R.21	R.22	R.23
Number of transmitter antennas		1	2	4
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	1.4	1.4
Modulation		QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
Target coding rate		40/1920	40/1920	40/1920
Payload (without CRC)	Bits	24	24	24

A.3.8 Reference measurement channels for MBMS performance requirements

A.3.8.1 FDD

Table A.3.8.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter		PMCH						
	Unit			Val	ue			
Reference channel		R.40 FDD			R.37 FDD			
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6			50			
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		6			6			
(Note 1)								
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK			
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3			
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	408			3624			
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	n/a			n/a			
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe		1			1			
(Note 3)								
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe								
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits	1224			10200			
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits	n/a			n/a			
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1			

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS

Table A.3.8.1-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter		PMCH					
	Unit				Value		
Reference channel					R.38 FDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks					50		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame (Note 1)					6		
Modulation					16QAM		
Target Coding Rate					1/2		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				9912		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				n/a		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits				20400		
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits				n/a		
MBMS UE Category					≥ 1		

Note 1: For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L=24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L=0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.1-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter	PMCH								
	Unit	Unit Value							
Reference channel				R.39-1 FDD	R.39 FDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks				25	50				
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame(Note1)				6	6				
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM				
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3				
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)		•	•	•	•	•			
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			9912	19848				
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			n/a	n/a				
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4				
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe		•	•	•	•				
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,6,7,8	Bits			15300	30600				
For Sub-Frames 0,4,5,9	Bits			n/a	n/a				
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2				

Note 1: : For FDD mode, up to 6 subframes (#1/2/3/6/7/8) are available for MBMS, in line with TS 36.331.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; and reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

A.3.8.2 TDD

Table A.3.8.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel QPSK R=1/3

Parameter				PMCH			
	Unit			Va	lue		
Reference channel		R.40 TDD			R.37 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6			50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)		5			5		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		5			5		
Modulation		QPSK			QPSK		
Target Coding Rate		1/3			1/3		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	408			3624		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	n/a			n/a		
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)		1			1		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits	1224			10200		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits	n/a			n/a		
MBMS UE Category		≥ 1			≥ 1		

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-2: Fixed Reference Channel 16QAM R=1/2

Parameter	PMCH								
	Unit				Value				
Reference channel					R.38 TDD				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20		
Allocated resource blocks					50				
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)					5				
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame					5				
Modulation					16QAM				
Target Coding Rate					1/2				
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)									
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				9912				
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				n/a				
Number of Code Blocks per Subframe (Note 3)					2				
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe									
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits				20400				
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits				n/a				
MBMS UE Category					≥ 1				

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211. Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is

attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

Table A.3.8.2-3: Fixed Reference Channel 64QAM R=2/3

Parameter				PMCH			
	Unit			Valu	ne		
Reference channel				R.39-1TDD	R.39 TDD		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				25	50		
Uplink-Downlink Configuration(Note 1)				5	5		
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame				5	5		
Modulation				64QAM	64QAM		
Target Coding Rate				2/3	2/3		
Information Bit Payload (Note 2)							
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			9912	19848		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			n/a	n/a		
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)				2	4		
Binary Channel Bits Per Subframe			•				
For Sub-Frames 3,4,7,8,9	Bits			15300	30600		
For Sub-Frames 0,1,2,5,6	Bits			n/a	n/a		
MBMS UE Category				≥ 1	≥ 2		

Note 1: For TDD mode, in line with TS 36.331, Uplink-Downlink Configuration 5 is proposed, up to 5 subframes (#3/4/7/8/9) are available for MBMS.

Note 2: 2 OFDM symbols are reserved for PDCCH; reference signal allocated as per TS 36.211.

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit).

A.3.9 Reference measurement channels for sustained downlink data rate provided by lower layers

A.3.9.1 FDD

Table A.3.9.1-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (FDD)

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3A	R.31-4
		FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD	FDD
Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	10	20
Allocated resource blocks		Note 5	Note 6	Note 7	Note 6	Note 7
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		10	10	10	10	10
Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QA M
Coding Rate						
For Sub-Frame 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9,		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.85	0.88
For Sub-Frame 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.89	0.87
For Sub-Frame 0		0.40	0.63	0.61	0.90	0.90
Information Bit Payload						
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	75376
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	35160	71112
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	36696	75376
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 3)						
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	2	5	9	6	13
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	2	5	9	6	12
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	2	5	9	6	13
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frames 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	43200	86400
For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	39744	82080	39744	82080
For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	26100	40752	83952	40752	83952
Number of layers		1	2	2	2	2
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	10.296	25.456	51.024	36.542	74.950
UE Category		≥ 1	≥2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests

Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]

Note 3: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)

Note 4: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..2$ are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths

Note 5: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames

Note 6: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9

Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9

A.3.9.2 TDD

Table A.3.9.2-1: Fixed Reference Channel for sustained data-rate test (TDD)

Reference channel	Parameter	Unit			Value		
Channel bandwidth	Reference channel		R.31-1	R.31-2	R.31-3	R.31-3B	R.31-4
Allocated resource blocks			TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD	TDD
Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)	Channel bandwidth	MHz	10	10	20	15	20
Number of HARQ Processes per component carrier	Allocated resource blocks		Note 6	Note 7	Note 8	Note 9	Note 8
Ses	Uplink-Downlink Configuration (Note 3)		5	5	5		1
Component carrier	Number of HARQ Processes per	Proces	15	15	15	7	7
Description Company	component carrier	ses					
Modulation	Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8+1	8+1	8+1	4+2	4+2
Target Coding Rate 0.40 0.59 0.59 0.87 0.88 For Sub-Frames 3,7,8 0.40 0.59 0.59 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 5 0.40 0.64 0.62 0.88 0.87 For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.60 0.60 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.60 0.60 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.62 0.61 0.90 0.90 Information Bit Payload For Sub-Frames 4.9 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 71112 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
For Sub-Frames 4,9 0.40 0.59 0.59 0.87 0.88 For Sub-Frames 3,7,8 0.40 0.59 0.59 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 5 0.40 0.64 0.62 0.88 0.87 For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.60 0.60 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.60 0.60 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.62 0.61 0.90 0.90 Information Bit Payload 0.40 0.62 2.5456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 F	Modulation		64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM	64QAM
For Sub-Frames 3,7,8	Target Coding Rate						
Na	For Sub-Frames 4,9		0.40	0.59	0.59	0.87	0.88
For Sub-Frames 5 0.40 0.64 0.62 0.88 0.87 For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.60 0.60 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 0 0.40 0.62 0.61 0.90 0.90 Information Bit Payload For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 For Sub-Frames 3,6,7,8 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 71112 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 8 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 2	For Sub-Frames 3,7,8		0.40	0.59	0.59	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frames 6 0.40 0.60 0.60 n/a n/a For Sub-Frames 0 0.40 0.62 0.61 0.90 0.90 Information Bit Payload For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 71112 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Fr	For Sub-Frames 1		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Decoration Dec	For Sub-Frames 5		0.40	0.64	0.62	0.88	0.87
Information Bit Payload	For Sub-Frames 6		0.40	0.60	0.60	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 0 0 0 0 0 0 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For	For Sub-Frames 0		0.40	0.62	0.61	0.90	0.90
For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 10296 25456 51024 0 0 For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 0 0 0 0 0 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 71112 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) Por Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 6 2 5 9 9 13 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame	Information Bit Payload						
For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 0 0 0 0 For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 71112 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 8 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 <td>For Sub-Frames 4,9</td> <td>Bits</td> <td>10296</td> <td>25456</td> <td>51024</td> <td>51024</td> <td>75376</td>	For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 71112 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 1 1 2 5 9 9 12 1 2 5 9 9 12 1 2 5 9 9 12 1 2 5 9 9 13 1 2 5 9 9 13 1 2 5 9 9 13 1 2 5 9 9 13<	For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8	Bits	10296	25456	51024	0	0
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 10296 25456 51024 51024 75376 Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 41184 84384	For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame (Note 4) 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384	For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	71112
(Note 4) 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2	For Sub-Frame 0	Bits	10296	25456	51024	51024	75376
For Sub-Frames 4,9 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2	Number of Code Blocks per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8 Bits 2 5 9 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 2 5 9 9 13 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
For Sub-Frame 1 n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame 8 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365							13
For Sub-Frame 5 2 5 9 9 12 For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame	For Sub-Frame 3,6,7,8	Bits	2	5	9	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 0 2 5 9 9 13 Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 1			n/a	n/a		n/a
Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 5						12
For Sub-Frames 4,9 Bits 26100 43200 86400 58752 86400 For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724			2	5	9	9	13
For Sub-Frame 3,7,8 Bits 26100 43200 86400 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 1 Bits n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub-Frame						
For Sub-Frame 1 Bits n/a n/a n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frames 4,9	Bits	26100	43200	86400	58752	86400
For Sub-Frame 5 Bits 26100 40176 82512 58320 82512 For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 3,7,8	Bits	26100	43200	86400	n/a	n/a
For Sub-Frame 6 Bits 26100 42768 85968 n/a n/a For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 1	Bits	n/a	n/a		n/a	
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 5	Bits	26100	40176	82512	58320	82512
For Sub-Frame 0 Bits 26100 41184 84384 56736 84384 Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 6	Bits	26100	42768	85968	n/a	n/a
Number of layers 1 2 2 2 2 Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	For Sub-Frame 0		26100	41184		56736	84384
Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame Mbps 8.237 20.365 40.819 20.409 29.724	Number of layers		1	2	2	2	
	Max. Throughput averaged over 1 frame	Mbps	8.237	20.365	40.819	20.409	29.724
			≥ 1	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 3

- Note 1: 1 symbol allocated to PDCCH for all tests
- Note 2: Reference signal, synchronization signals and PBCH allocated as per TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 3: As per Table 4.2-2 in TS 36.211 [4]
- Note 4: If more than one Code Block is present, an additional CRC sequence of L = 24 Bits is attached to each Code Block (otherwise L = 0 Bit)
- Note 5: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..2$ are allocated for SIB transmissions in sub-frame 5 for all bandwidths
- Note 6: Resource blocks n_{PRB} = 6..14,30..49 are allocated for the user data in all subframes
- Note 7: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 3..49$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..49$ in sub-frames 0.3.4,6.7.8,9
- Note 8: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..99$ are allocated for the user data in sub-frame 5, and resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 0..99$ in sub-frames 0,3,4,6,7,8,9
- Note 9: Resource blocks $n_{PRB} = 4..71$ are allocated for the user data in all sub-frames

A.4 CSI reference measurement channels

This section defines the DL signal applicable to the reporting of channel quality information (Clause 9.2, 9.3 and 9.5).

In Table A.4-0 are listed the UL/DL reference measurement channels specified in annex A.4 of this release of TS 36.101. This table is informative and serves only to a better overview. The reference for the concrete reference measurement channels and corresponding implementation's parameters as to be used for requirements are the other tables of this annex as appropriate.

Table A.4-0: Overview of CSI reference measurement channels

Duplex	Table	Name	BW	Mod	TCR	RB	RB Off set	UE Cat eg	Notes
CSI Perfo	rmance, PDSCH, F	ull allocation							
FDD	Table A.4-1		10	CQI	CQI	50			
TDD	Table A.4-2		10	CQI	CQI	50			
CSI Perfo	rmance, PDSCH, Pa	artial allocatio	n (6 RB	i-s)					
FDD	Table A.4-4		10	CQI	CQI	6			
TDD	Table A.4-5		10	CQI	CQI	6			
CSI Perfo	rmance, PDSCH, Pa	artial allocatio	n (15 R	B-s)					
FDD	Table A.4-7		10	CQI	CQI	15			
TDD	Table A.4-8		10	CQI	CQI	15			
CSI Perfo	rmance, PDSCH, P	artial allocatio	n (3 RB	3-s)					
FDD	Table A.4-10		10	CQI	CQI	3			
TDD	Table A.4-11		10	CQI	CQI	3			

The reference channel in Table A.4-1 complies with the CQI definition specified in Sec. 7.2.3 of [6]. Table A.4-3 specifies the transport format corresponding to each CQI for single antenna transmission. Table A.4-3a specifies the transport format corresponding to each CQI for dual antenna transmission.

Table A.4-1: Reference channel for CQI requirements (FDD) full PRB allocation

Unit	Value						
MHz	1.4	3	5	1	0	15	20
	6	15	25	5	0	75	100
	12	12	12	12		12	12
	8	8	8	8		8	8
				Table A.4-3	Table A.4- 3a		
				Table A.4-3	Table A.4- 3a		
Processes	8	8	8	3	3	8	8
	1	1	1	,	1	1	1
	MHz	MHz 1.4 6 12 8	MHz 1.4 3 6 15 12 12 8 8	MHz 1.4 3 5 6 15 25 12 12 12 8 8 8	MHz 1.4 3 5 1 6 15 25 5 12 12 12 1 8 8 8 8 Table A.4-3	MHz 1.4 3 5 10 6 15 25 50 12 12 12 12 8 8 8 8 Table A.4-3 A.4-3 a Table A.4-3 A.4-3 a Table A.4-3 A.4-3 a	MHz 1.4 3 5 10 15 6 15 25 50 75 12 12 12 12 12 12 8 8 8 8 8 8 Table Table A.4-3 A.4-3 a Table A.4-3 A.4-3 a

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: Only subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead

Table A.4-2: Reference channel for CQI requirements (TDD) full PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit				Value		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	15	25	50	75	100
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4
Modulation					Table Tab A.4-3 A.4 3a	1-	
Target coding rate					Table Tab A.4-3 A.4 38	1-	
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	10	10	10	10	10	10
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: UL-DL configuration 2 is used and only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and

synchronization signal overhead

Table A.4-3: Transport format corresponding to each CQI index for 50 PRB allocation single antenna transmission

CQI index	Modulation	Target code rate	Imcs	Information Bit Payload (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub- Frame (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Actual Code rate
0	out of range	out of range	DTX	-	-	-
1	QPSK	0.0762	0	1384	12600	0.1117
2	QPSK	0.1172	0	1384	12600	0.1117
3	QPSK	0.1885	2	2216	12600	0.1778
4	QPSK	0.3008	4	3624	12600	0.2895
5	QPSK	0.4385	6	5160	12600	0.4114
6	QPSK	0.5879	8	6968	12600	0.5549
7	16QAM	0.3691	11	8760	25200	0.3486
8	16QAM	0.4785	13	11448	25200	0.4552
9	16QAM	0.6016	16	15264	25200	0.6067
10	64QAM	0.4551	18	16416	37800	0.4349
11	64QAM	0.5537	21	21384	37800	0.5663
12	64QAM	0.6504	23	25456	37800	0.6741
13	64QAM	0.7539	25	28336	37800	0.7503
14	64QAM	0.8525	27	31704	37800	0.8394
15	64QAM	0.9258	27	31704	37800	0.8394
Note1: Sub-f	rame#0 and #5 a	are not used for the co	orresponding i	equirement.		

Table A.4-3a: Transport format corresponding to each CQI index for 50 PRB allocation dual antenna transmission

CQI index	Modulation	Target code rate	Imcs	Information Bit Payload (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub- Frame (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Actual Code rate
0	out of range	out of range	DTX	-	-	-
1	QPSK	0.0762	0	1384	12000	0.1173
2	QPSK	0.1172	0	1384	12000	0.1173
3	QPSK	0.1885	2	2216	12000	0.1867
4	QPSK	0.3008	4	3624	12000	0.3040
5	QPSK	0.4385	6	5160	12000	0.4320
6	QPSK	0.5879	8	6968	12000	0.5827
7	16QAM	0.3691	11	8760	24000	0.3660
8	16QAM	0.4785	13	11448	24000	0.4780
9	16QAM	0.6016	15	14112	24000	0.5890
10	64QAM	0.4551	18	16416	36000	0.4567
11	64QAM	0.5537	20	19848	36000	0.5520
12	64QAM	0.6504	22	22920	36000	0.6373
13	64QAM	0.7539	24	27376	36000	0.7611
14	64QAM	0.8525	26	30576	36000	0.8500
15	64QAM	0.9258	27	31704	36000	0.8813

Note1: Sub-frame#0 and #5 are not used for the corresponding requirement. The next subframe (i.e. subframe#1 or #6) shall be used for the retransmission.

Table A.4-4: Reference channel for CQI requirements (FDD) 6 PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Va	lue		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		6	6	6	6	6	6
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8
Modulation					Table		
					A.4-6		
Target coding rate					Table		
					A.4-6		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: Only subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead

Table A.4-5: Reference channel for CQI requirements (TDD) 6 PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value						
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
Allocated resource blocks		6	6	6	6	6	6	
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12	
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4	
Modulation					Table			
					A.4-6			
Target coding rate					Table			
					A.4-6			
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1	

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: UL-DL configuration 2 is used and only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and

synchronization signal overhead

Table A.4-6: Transport format corresponding to each CQI index for 6 PRB allocation

CQI index	Modulation	Target code rate	Imcs	Information Bit Payload (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub- Frame (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Actual Code rate
0	out of range	out of range	DTX	-	-	-
1	QPSK	0.0762	0	152	1512	0.1005
2	QPSK	0.1172	0	152	1512	0.1005
3	QPSK	0.1885	2	256	1512	0.1693
4	QPSK	0.3008	4	408	1512	0.2698
5	QPSK	0.4385	6	600	1512	0.3968
6	QPSK	0.5879	8	808	1512	0.5344
7	16QAM	0.3691	11	1032	3024	0.3413
8	16QAM	0.4785	13	1352	3024	0.4471
9	16QAM	0.6016	16	1800	3024	0.5952
10	64QAM	0.4551	19	2152	4536	0.4744
11	64QAM	0.5537	21	2600	4536	0.5732
12	64QAM	0.6504	23	2984	4536	0.6578
13	64QAM	0.7539	25	3496	4536	0.7707
14	64QAM	0.8525	27	3752	4536	0.8272
15	64QAM	0.9258	27	3752	4536	0.8272
Note1: Sub-fi	rame#0 and #5 a	are not used for the co	rresponding	requirement.		

Table A.4-7: Reference channel for CQI requirements (FDD) partial PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit			Value		
Channel bandwidth	MHz	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				15		
				(Note 3)		
Subcarriers per resource block				12		
Allocated subframes per Radio				8		
Frame						
Modulation				Table A.4-9		
Target coding rate		Table A.4-9				
Number of HARQ processes				8		
Maximum number of HARQ				1		
transmissions						

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: Only subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization

signal overhead.

Note 3: Centered within the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (Figure 5.6-1).

Table A.4-8: Reference channel for CQI requirements (TDD) partial PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value				
Channel bandwidth	MHz	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks				15		
				(Note 3)		
Subcarriers per resource block				12		
Allocated subframes per Radio				4		
Frame						
Modulation				Table A.4-9		
Target coding rate		Table A.4-9				
Number of HARQ processes				10		
Maximum number of HARQ				1		
transmissions						

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH.

Note 2: UL-DL configuration 2 is used and only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid

PBCH and synchronization signal overhead.

Note 3: Centered within the Transmission Bandwidth Configuration (Figure 5.6-1).

Table A.4-9: Transport format corresponding to each CQI index for 15 PRB allocation

CQI index	Modulation	Target code rate	Imcs	Information Bit Payload (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub- Frame (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Actual Code rate
0	out of range	out of range	DTX	-	-	-
1	QPSK	0.0762	0	392	3780	0.1037
2	QPSK	0.1172	0	392	3780	0.1037
3	QPSK	0.1885	2	648	3780	0.1714
4	QPSK	0.3008	4	1064	3780	0.2815
5	QPSK	0.4385	6	1544	3780	0.4085
6	QPSK	0.5879	8	2088	3780	0.5524
7	16QAM	0.3691	11	2664	7560	0.3524
8	16QAM	0.4785	13	3368	7560	0.4455
9	16QAM	0.6016	16	4584	7560	0.6063
10	64QAM	0.4551	19	4968	11340	0.4381
11	64QAM	0.5537	21	6456	11340	0.5693
12	64QAM	0.6504	23	7480	11340	0.6596
13	64QAM	0.7539	25	8504	11340	0.7499
14	64QAM	0.8525	27	9528	11340	0.8402
15	64QAM	0.9258	27	9528	11340	0.8402
Note1: Sub-f	rame#0 and #5 a	are not used for the co	orresponding i	equirement.		

Table A.4-10: Reference channel for CQI requirements (FDD) 3 PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		3	3	3	3	3	3
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		8	8	8	8	8	8
Modulation					Table A.4-12		
Target coding rate					Table A.4-12		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	8	8	8	8	8	8
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: Only subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and synchronization signal overhead

Table A.4-11: Reference channel for CQI requirements (TDD) 3 PRB allocation

Parameter	Unit	Value					
Channel bandwidth	MHz	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Allocated resource blocks		3	3	3	3	3	3
Subcarriers per resource block		12	12	12	12	12	12
Allocated subframes per Radio Frame		4	4	4	4	4	4
Modulation					Table		
					A.4-12		
Target coding rate					Table		
					A.4-12		
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	10	10	10	10	10	10
Maximum number of HARQ transmissions		1	1	1	1	1	1

Note 1: 3 symbols allocated to PDCCH

Note 2: UL-DL configuration 2 is used and only subframes 3, 4, 8, and 9 are allocated to avoid PBCH and

synchronization signal overhead

Table A.4-12: Transport format corresponding to each CQI index for 3 PRB allocation

CQI index	Modulation	Target code rate	Imcs	Information Bit Payload (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Binary Channel Bits Per Sub- Frame (Subframes 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)	Actual Code rate		
0	out of range	out of range	DTX	-	-	-		
1	QPSK	0.0762	0	56	756	0.0741		
2	QPSK	0.1172	1	88	756	0.1164		
3	QPSK	0.1885	2	144	756	0.1905		
4	QPSK	0.3008	5	224	756	0.2963		
5	QPSK	0.4385	7	328	756	0.4339		
6	QPSK	0.5879	9	456	756	0.6032		
7	16QAM	0.3691	12	584	1512	0.3862		
8	16QAM	0.4785	13	744	1512	0.4921		
9	16QAM	0.6016	16	904	1512	0.5979		
10	64QAM	0.4551	19	1064	2268	0.4691		
11	64QAM	0.5537	21	1288	2268	0.5679		
12	64QAM	0.6504	23	1480	2268	0.6526		
13	64QAM	0.7539	25	1736	2268	0.7654		
14	64QAM	0.8525	27	1864	2268	0.8219		
15	64QAM	0.9258	27	1864	2268	0.8219		
Note1: Sub-fi	Note1: Sub-frame#0 and #5 are not used for the corresponding requirement.							

A.5 OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)

A.5.1 OCNG Patterns for FDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test) and/or allocations used for MBSFN. The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i RA/OCNG_RA = PDSCH_i RB/OCNG_RB$$

section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a constant transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

A.5.1.1 OCNG FDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

Table A.5.1.1-1: OP.1 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

		Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dl	B]		
		Subframe			
	0 5 1-4,6-9				
		Allocation		Data	
First	First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB First unallocated PRB				
Last	unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB		
	0	0	0	Note 1	
Note 1:			arbitrary number of virtual UEs wit PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated ps		
	data, which is QPS	K modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle Pl}$	$_{RB}$ is used to scale the power of PI	DSCH.	
Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The					
			rately, so the transmit power is eque antenna transmission modes ar		

A.5.1.2 OCNG FDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm RB}-1$.

Table A.5.1.2-1: OP.2 FDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern

Re	elative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [d	IB]	
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	PDSCH Data
	Allocation		1 Boom Bata
0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	0 – (First allocated PRB-1)	
and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB+1) -	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	
$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	
0	0	0	Note 1

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.1.3 OCNG FDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.1.3-1: OP.3 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern 3

Allerandia	Re	lative power l	level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [d	B]				
Allocation	Subframe PDSCH Data					PMCH Data		
$n_{\it PRB}$	0	5	4, 9	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Dutu	Dutu		
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	0	N/A	Note 1	N/A		
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	Note 2		
Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be								

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.4 OCNG FDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.1.4-1: OP.4 FDD: One sided dynamic OCNG FDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

	Re		1		
Allocation		Subframe			PMCH Data
$n_{\it PRB}$	0, 4, 9	5	1 – 3, 6 – 8	Data	Dutu
First unallocated PRB - Last unallocated PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A
First unallocated PRB - Last unallocated PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 2

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH subframes shall contain cell-specific Reference Signals only in the first symbol of the first time slot. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PMCH.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.1.5 Void

A.5.1.6 OCNG FDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG FDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.1.6-1: OP.6 FDD: OCNG FDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiquous blocks

F	Relative power level $\gamma_{\it PRB}$ [dE	3]	
	Subframe		
0	5	1 – 4, 6 – 9	
	Allocation		
0 - (First allocated PRB of	0 – (First allocated PRB of	0 - (First allocated PRB of	PDSCH Data
first block -1)	first block -1)	first block -1)	
and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first	(Last allocated PRB of first	
block +1) - (First allocated	block +1) - (First allocated	block +1) - (First allocated	
PRB of second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)	PRB of second block -1)	
0	0	0	Note 1

Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.

Note 2: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2 OCNG Patterns for TDD

The following OCNG patterns are used for modelling allocations to virtual UEs (which are not under test). The OCNG pattern for each sub frame specifies the allocations that shall be filled with OCNG, and furthermore, the relative power level of each such allocation.

In each test case the OCNG is expressed by parameters OCNG_RA and OCNG_RB which together with a relative power level (γ) specifies the PDSCH EPRE-to-RS EPRE ratios in OFDM symbols with and without reference symbols, respectively. The relative power, which is used for modelling boosting per virtual UE allocation, is expressed by:

$$\gamma_i = PDSCH_i _RA/OCNG _RA = PDSCH_i _RB/OCNG _RB,$$

where γ_i denotes the relative power level of the *i:th* virtual UE. The parameter settings of OCNG_RA, OCNG_RB, and the set of relative power levels γ are chosen such that when also taking allocations to the UE under test into account, as given by a PDSCH reference channel, a transmitted power spectral density that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

Moreover the OCNG pattern is accompanied by a PCFICH/PDCCH/PHICH reference channel which specifies the control region. For any aggregation and PHICH allocation, the PDCCH and any unused PHICH groups are padded with resource element groups with a power level given respectively by PDCCH_RA/RB and PHICH_RA/RB as specified in the test case such that a total power spectral density in the control region that is constant on an OFDM symbol basis is targeted.

A.5.2.1 OCNG TDD pattern 1: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided).

7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

Table A.5.2.1-1: OP.1 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

Subframe (only if available for DL)						
	0	5	3, 4, 7, 8, 9 and 6 (as normal subframe) Note 2	1 and 6 (as special subframe) ^{Note 2}	PDSCH Data	
		Allo	cation			
First unall	located PRB -	First unallocated PRB -	First unallocated PRB -	First unallocated PRB –		
Last unall	located PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB	Last unallocated PRB		
	0	0	0	0	Note 1	
Note 1:	Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data,					
	which is QPSK modulated. The parameter $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ is used to scale the power of PDSCH.					
Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211						
Note 3:			CRS are used in the test, the as with CRS according to			

parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section

A.5.2.2 OCNG TDD pattern 2: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the allocated area – two sided), starts with PRB 0 and ends with PRB $N_{\rm RB}$ –1.

Table A.5.2.2-1: OP.2 TDD: Two sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]				
Subframe (only if available for DL)				
0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	1,6	
		(6 as normal subframe)	(6 as special subframe)	
Allocation				
0 –	0 –	0 –	0 –	
(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	(First allocated PRB-1)	
and	and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB+1) -	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	(Last allocated PRB+1) –	
$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	$(N_{RB}-1)$	
0	0	0	0	Note 1

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

A.5.2.3 OCNG TDD pattern 3: 49 RB OCNG allocation with MBSFN in 10 MHz

Table A.5.2.3-1: OP.3 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern 3 for 5ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity

Allocation $n_{\it PRB}$		Relative power		PMCH Data		
		Subf	PDSCH Data			
	0	5	4, 9 ^{Note 2}	1, 6		
1 – 49	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	0	Note 1	N/A
0 – 49	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	Note 3

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211.
- Note 3: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 4: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.2.4 OCNG TDD pattern 4: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD pattern for MBMS transmission

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the DL sub-frames, when the unallocated area is continuous in frequency domain (one sided) and MBMS performance is tested.

Table A.5.2.4-1: OP.4 TDD: One sided dynamic OCNG TDD Pattern for MBMS transmission

		Relative power				
Allocation		Subframe (PDSCH Data	PMCH Data		
$n_{\it PRB}$	0 and 6 (as normal subframe)	1 (as special subframe)	5	3, 4, 7 – 9	1 Doon Data	1 mon Data

First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	0	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s of DwPTS)	0 (Allocation: all empty PRB-s)	N/A	Note 1	N/A
First unallocate d PRB - Last unallocate d PRB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note2

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Each physical resource block (PRB) is assigned to MBSFN transmission. The data in each PRB shall be uncorrelated with data in other PRBs over the period of any measurement. The MBSFN data shall be QPSK modulated. PMCH symbols shall not contain cell-specific Reference Signals.
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas according to transmission mode 2. The transmit power shall be equally split between all the transmit antennas used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

N/A: Not Applicable

A.5.2.5 Void

A.5.2.6 OCNG TDD pattern 6: dynamic OCNG TDD pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

This OCNG Pattern fills with OCNG all empty PRB-s (PRB-s with no allocation of data or system information) of the subframes available for DL transmission (depending on TDD UL/DL configuration), when the unallocated area is discontinuous in frequency domain (divided in two parts by the first allocated block). The second allocated block ends with PRB $N_{RB}-1$.

Table A.5.2.6-1: OP.6 TDD: OCNG TDD Pattern when user data is in 2 non-contiguous blocks

Relative power level $\gamma_{\scriptscriptstyle PRB}$ [dB]				
	Subframe (only if	f available for DL)		Data
0	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	1,6	
		(6 as normal subframe)	(6 as special subframe)	
	Alloc	ation		
0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	0 – (First allocated PRB	
of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	of first block -1)	
and	and	and	and	
(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	(Last allocated PRB of	
first block +1) – (First	first block +1) – (First	first block +1) – (First	first block +1) – (First	
allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	allocated PRB of second	
block -1)	block -1)	block -1)	block -1)	
0	0	0	0	Note 1

- Note 1: These physical resource blocks are assigned to an arbitrary number of virtual UEs with one PDSCH per virtual UE; the data transmitted over the OCNG PDSCHs shall be uncorrelated pseudo random data, which is QPSK modulated. The parameter γ_{PRB} is used to scale the power of PDSCH.
- Note 2: Subframes available for DL transmission depends on the Uplink-Downlink configuration in Table 4.2-2 in 3GPP TS 36.211
- Note 3: If two or more transmit antennas with CRS are used in the test, the OCNG shall be transmitted to the virtual users by all the transmit antennas with CRS according to transmission mode 2. The parameter γ_{PRB} applies to each antenna port separately, so the transmit power is equal between all the transmit antennas with CRS used in the test. The antenna transmission modes are specified in section 7.1 in 3GPP TS 36.213.

Annex B (normative): Propagation conditions

B.1 Static propagation condition

For 2 port transmission the channel matrix is defined in the frequency domain by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & j \\ 1 & -j \end{pmatrix}.$$

B.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

The multipath propagation conditions consist of several parts:

- A delay profile in the form of a "tapped delay-line", characterized by a number of taps at fixed positions on a sampling grid. The profile can be further characterized by the r.m.s. delay spread and the maximum delay spanned by the taps.
- A combination of channel model parameters that include the Delay profile and the Doppler spectrum, that is characterized by a classical spectrum shape and a maximum Doppler frequency
- A set of correlation matrices defining the correlation between the UE and eNodeB antennas in case of multi-antenna systems.
- Additional multi-path models used for CQI (Channel Quality Indication) tests

B.2.1 Delay profiles

The delay profiles are selected to be representative of low, medium and high delay spread environments. The resulting model parameters are defined in Table B.2.1-1 and the tapped delay line models are defined in Tables B.2.1-2, B.2.1-3 and B.2.1-4.

Table B.2.1-1 Delay profiles for E-UTRA channel models

Model	Number of channel taps	Delay spread (r.m.s.)	Maximum excess tap delay (span)
Extended Pedestrian A (EPA)	7	45 ns	410 ns
Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)	9	357 ns	2510 ns
Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)	9	991 ns	5000 ns

Table B.2.1-2 Extended Pedestrian A model (EPA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.0
70	-2.0
90	-3.0
110	-8.0
190	-17.2
410	-20.8

Table B.2.1-3 Extended Vehicular A model (EVA)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	0.0
30	-1.5
150	-1.4
310	-3.6
370	-0.6
710	-9.1
1090	-7.0
1730	-12.0
2510	-16.9

Table B.2.1-4 Extended Typical Urban model (ETU)

Excess tap delay [ns]	Relative power [dB]
0	-1.0
50	-1.0
120	-1.0
200	0.0
230	0.0
500	0.0
1600	-3.0
2300	-5.0
5000	-7.0

B.2.2 Combinations of channel model parameters

Table B.2.2-1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment for low, medium and high Doppler frequencies

Table B.2.2-1 Channel model parameters

Model	Maximum Doppler
	frequency
EPA 5Hz	5 Hz
EVA 5Hz	5 Hz
EVA 70Hz	70 Hz
ETU 30Hz	30 Hz
ETU 70Hz	70 Hz
ETU 300Hz	300 Hz

B.2.3 MIMO Channel Correlation Matrices

B.2.3.1 Definition of MIMO Correlation Matrices

Table B.2.3.1-1 defines the correlation matrix for the eNodeB

Table B.2.3.1-1 eNodeB correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
eNode B Correlation	$R_{eNB} = 1$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{eNB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-2 defines the correlation matrix for the UE:

Table B.2.3.1-2 UE correlation matrix

	One antenna	Two antennas	Four antennas
UE Correlation	$R_{UE} = 1$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \boldsymbol{\beta} \\ \boldsymbol{\beta}^* & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$R_{UE} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta \\ \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^* & \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the channel spatial correlation matrix R_{spat} . The parameters, α and β in Table B.2.3.1-3 defines the spatial correlation between the antennas at the eNodeB and UE.

Table B.2.3.1-3: R_{spat} correlation matrices

1x2 case	$R_{spat} = R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
2x2 case	$R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta & \alpha & \alpha\beta \\ \beta^* & 1 & \alpha\beta^* & \alpha \\ \alpha^* & \alpha^*\beta & 1 & \beta \\ \alpha^*\beta^* & \alpha^* & \beta^* & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

4x2 case
$$R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{8} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta \\ \beta^{8} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha \\ \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} & \alpha^{4/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \\ \alpha^{4/9} & \alpha^{1/9} & 1 & \alpha^{1/9} \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta \\ \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} & \beta^{4/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^{8/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^{8/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 & \beta^{1/9} \\ \beta^{8/9} & \beta^{4/9} & \beta^{1/9} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For cases with more antennas at either eNodeB or UE or both, the channel spatial correlation matrix can still be expressed as the Kronecker product of R_{eNB} and R_{UE} according to $R_{spat} = R_{eNB} \otimes R_{UE}$.

B.2.3.2 MIMO Correlation Matrices at High, Medium and Low Level

The α and β for different correlation types are given in Table B.2.3.2-1.

Table B.2.3.2-1

Low correlation		Medium C	orrelation	High Correlation			
α	β	α	β	α	β		
0	0	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9		

The correlation matrices for high, medium and low correlation are defined in Table B.2.3.1-2, B.2.3.2-3 and B.2.3.2-4, as below.

The values in Table B.2.3.2-2 have been adjusted for the 4x2 and 4x4 high correlation cases to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision. This is done using the equation:

$$\mathbf{R}_{high} = [\mathbf{R}_{spatial} + aI_n]/(1+a)$$

Where the value "a" is a scaling factor such that the smallest value is used to obtain a positive semi-definite result. For the 4x2 high correlation case, a=0.00010. For the 4x4 high correlation case, a=0.00012.

The same method is used to adjust the 4x4 medium correlation matrix in Table B.2.3.2-3 to insure the correlation matrix is positive semi-definite after round-off to 4 digit precision with a = 0.00012.

Table B.2.3.2-2: MIMO correlation matrices for high correlation

1x2 case	$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
2x2 case	$R_{high} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 0.81 \\ 0.9 & 1 & 0.81 & 0.9 \\ 0.9 & 0.81 & 1 & 0.9 \\ 0.81 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

			1.0000	0.8999	0.9883	0.8894	0.9542	0.8587	0.8999	0.8099	
			0.8999	1.0000	0.8894	0.9883	0.8587	0.9542	0.8099	0.8999	
			0.9883	0.8894	1.0000	0.8999	0.9883	0.8894	0.9542	0.8587	
4x2			0.8894	0.9883	0.8999	1.0000	0.8894	0.9883	0.8587	0.9542	
case		$R_{high} =$	0.9542	0.8587	0.9883	0.8894	1.0000	0.8999	0.9883	0.8894	
Just			0.8587	0.9542	0.8894	0.9883	0.8999	1.0000	0.8894		
			0.8999	0.8099	0.9542	0.8587		0.8894			
		L	0.8099	0.8999	0.8587	0.9542	0.8894	0.9883	0.8999	1.0000	
	T 1 000	0 0 0002 0	0541 0 900	0 0 0002 0	0767.0.04	20.0.9904.0	0.0541.0.04	20.0.0105	0.0507.0.0	000 0 8804	0.8587 0.8099
											0.8894 0.8587
											0.8999 0.8894
											0.8894 0.8999
											0.9105 0.8587
	0.976	7 0.9882 0	.9767 0.943	0 0.9882 1	.0000 0.98	82 0.9541 (0.9767 0.98	882 0.9767	0.9430 0.9	430 0.9541	0.9430 0.9105
	0.943	0 0.9767 0	.9882 0.976	7 0.9541 0	.9882 1.00	00 0.9882 (0.9430 0.97	67 0.9882	0.9767 0.9	105 0.9430	0.9541 0.9430
4x4	0.889	4 0.9430 0	.9767 0.988	2 0.8999 0	.9541 0.98	82 1.0000 0	0.8894 0.94	30 0.9767	0.9882 0.8	587 0.9105	0.9430 0.9541
case	$R_{high} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.005 \\ 0.954 \end{bmatrix}$	1 0.9430 0.	.9105 0.858	7 0.9882 0	.9767 0.94	30 0.8894	1.0000 0.98	82 0.9541	0.8999 0.9	882 0.9767	0.9430 0.8894
	0.943	0 0.9541 0.	.9430 0.910	5 0.9767 0	.9882 0.97	67 0.9430	0.9882 1.00	000 0.9882	0.9541 0.9	767 0.9882	0.9767 0.9430
	0.910	5 0.9430 0	.9541 0.943	0 0.9430 0	.9767 0.98	82 0.9767	0.9541 0.98	882 1.0000	0.9882 0.9	430 0.9767	0.9882 0.9767
	0.858	7 0.9105 0	.9430 0.954	1 0.8894 0	.9430 0.97	67 0.9882	0.8999 0.95	541 0.9882	1.0000 0.8	894 0.9430	0.9767 0.9882
	0.899	9 0.8894 0	.8587 0.809	9 0.9541 0	.9430 0.91	05 0.8587	0.9882 0.97	67 0.9430	0.8894 1.0	000 0.9882	0.9541 0.8999
											0.9882 0.9541
											1.0000 0.9882
	0.809	9 0.8587 0	.8894 0.899	9 0.8587 0	0.9105 0.94	30 0.9541	0.8894 0.94	130 0.9767	0.9882 0.8	3999 0.9541	0.9882 1.0000

Table B.2.3.2-3: MIMO correlation matrices for medium correlation

:2 se					N/A				
:2 se			R_{m}	edium =	1 0.9 (0.9 1 0 0.3 0.27 .27 0.3 (1 0.9			
:2 se	$R_{medium} =$	1.0000 0.9000 0.8748 0.7873 0.5856 0.5271 0.3000 0.2700	1.0000 0.7873 0.8748 0.5271 0.5856 0.2700	1.0000 0.9000 0.8748 0.7873 0.5856	0.8748	0.5271 0.8748 0.7873 1.0000 0.9000 0.8748	0.7873 0.8748 0.9000 1.0000 0.7873	0.2700 0.5856 0.5271 0.8748 0.7873 1.0000	

4	1	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8999	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.7872	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.5270	0.3000	0.2965	0.2862	0.2700
se		0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.2965	0.3000	0.2965	0.2862
		0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.2862	0.2965	0.3000	0.2965
		0.8999	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.7872	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.5270	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.2700	0.2862	0.2965	0.3000
		0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.7872	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8999	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.7872	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.5270
		0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588
		0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787
	D _	0.7872	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8999	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.7872	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.5270	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855
	R_{medium} =	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.5270	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.7872	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8999	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.7872
		0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347
		0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645
		0.5270	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.7872	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8999	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.7872	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747
		0.3000	0.2965	0.2862	0.2700	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.5270	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.7872	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541	0.8999
		0.2965	0.3000	0.2965	0.2862	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.5588	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.8347	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882	0.9541
		0.2862	0.2965	0.3000	0.2965	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.5787	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8645	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000	0.9882
	l	0.2700	0.2862	0.2965	0.3000	0.5270	0.5588	0.5787	0.5855	0.7872	0.8347	0.8645	0.8747	0.8999	0.9541	0.9882	1.0000

Table B.2.3.2-4: MIMO correlation matrices for low correlation

1x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_2$
2x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_4$
4x2 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_8$
4x4 case	$R_{low} = \mathbf{I}_{16}$

In Table B.2.3.2-4, \mathbf{I}_d is the $d \times d$ identity matrix.

B.2.4 Propagation conditions for CQI tests

For Channel Quality Indication (CQI) tests, the following additional multi-path profile is used:

$$h(t,\tau) = \delta(\tau) + a \exp(-i2\pi f_D t)\delta(\tau - \tau_d),$$

in continuous time (t, τ) representation, with τ_d the delay, a a constant and f_D the Doppler frequency. [The same $h(t, \tau)$ is used to describe the fading channel between every pair of Tx and Rx.]

B.2.5 Void

B.2.6 MBSFN Propagation Channel Profile

Table B.2.6-1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the MBSFN performance requirements in multi-path fading environment in an extended delay spread environment.

Table B.2.6-1: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBSFN Performance Requirements in an extended delay spread environment

Extended Delay Spread					
Maximum Doppler frequency [5Hz]					
Relative Delay [ns] Relative Mean Power [dB]					
0	0				
30	-1.5				
150	-1.4				
310	-3.6				
370	-0.6				
1090	-7.0				
12490	-10				
12520	-11.5				
12640	-11.4				
12800	-13.6				
12860	-10.6				
13580	-17.0				
27490	-20				
27520	-21.5				
27640	-21.4				
27800	-23.6				
27860	-20.6				
28580	-27.0				

B.3 High speed train scenario

The high speed train condition for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with one tap. Doppler shift is given by

$$f_s(t) = f_d \cos \theta(t) \tag{B.3.1}$$

where $f_s(t)$ is the Doppler shift and f_d is the maximum Doppler frequency. The cosine of angle $\theta(t)$ is given by

$$\cos\theta(t) = \frac{D_s/2 - vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (D_s/2 - vt)^2}}, \ 0 \le t \le D_s/v$$
(B.3.2)

$$\cos \theta(t) = \frac{-1.5D_s + vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (-1.5D_s + vt)^2}}, \ D_s/v < t \le 2D_s/v$$
(B.3.3)

$$\cos\theta(t) = \cos\theta(t \mod (2D_s/v)), t > 2D_s/v$$
(B.3.4)

where $D_s/2$ is the initial distance of the train from eNodeB, and D_{\min} is eNodeB Railway track distance, both in meters; v is the velocity of the train in m/s, t is time in seconds.

Doppler shift and cosine angle are given by equation B.3.1 and B.3.2-B.3.4 respectively, where the required input parameters listed in table B.3-1 and the resulting Doppler shift shown in Figure B.3-1 are applied for all frequency bands.

Parameter	Value
D_s	300 m
$D_{ m min}$	2 m
ν	300 km/h
f_d	750 Hz

Table B.3-1: High speed train scenario

NOTE 1: Parameters for HST conditions in table B.3-1 including f_d and Doppler shift trajectories presented on figure B.3-1 were derived for Band 7.

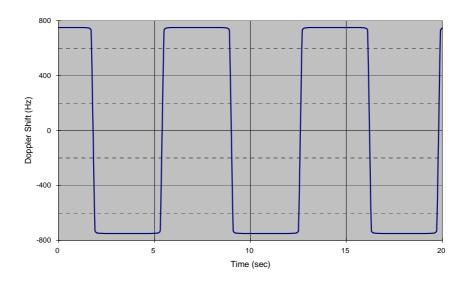


Figure B.3-1: Doppler shift trajectory

B.4 Beamforming Model

B.4.1 Single-layer beamforming (Antenna port 5, 7, or 8)

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 5 or on antenna port 7 or 8 without a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a precoder vector W(i) of size 2×1 randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input the signal $y^{(p)}(i)$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}-1$, for antenna port $p\in\{5,7,8\}$, with $M_{\mathrm{symb}}^{\mathrm{ap}}$ the number of modulation symbols including the user-specific reference symbols (DRS), and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i)=\left[y_{bf}(i) \quad \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i)\right]^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)y^{(p)}(i)$$

Single-layer transmission on antenna port 7 or 8 with a simultaneous transmission on the other antenna port, is defined by using a pair of precoder vectors $W_1(i)$ and $W_2(i)$ each of size 2×1 , which are not identical and randomly selected with the number of layers v=1 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4], as beamforming weights, and normalizing the transmit power as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (W_1(i) y^{(7)}(i) + W_2(i) y^{(8)}(i))$$

The precoder update granularity is according to Table 8.3.2-1.

B.4.2 Dual-layer beamforming (antenna ports 7 and 8)

Dual-layer transmission on antenna ports 7 and 8 is defined by using a precoder matrix W(i) of size 2×2 randomly selected with the number of layers v=2 from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 in [4] as beamforming weights. This precoder takes as an input a block of signals for antenna ports 7 and 8, $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) & y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$, $i=0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}-1$, with $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}}$ being the number of modulation symbols per antenna port including the user-specific reference symbols, and generates a block of signals $y_{bf}(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) & \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ the elements of which are to be mapped onto the same physical RE but transmitted on different antenna elements:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{bf}(i) \\ \widetilde{y}_{bf}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \end{bmatrix},$$

The precoder update granularity is according to Table 8.3.2-1.

Annex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

C.1 General

This annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection.

C.2 Set-up

Table C.2-1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

Physical Channel	
PBCH	
SSS	
PSS	
PCFICH	
PDCCH	
PHICH	
PDSCH	

C.3 Connection

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done.

C.3.1 Measurement of Receiver Characteristics

Table C.3.1-1 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7).

Table C.3.1-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio	
PBCH	PBCH_RA = 0 dB	
	PBCH_RB = 0 dB	
PSS	PSS_RA = 0 dB	
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 dB$	
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = 0 dB	
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = 0 dB	
	PDCCH_RB = 0 dB	
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = 0 dB	
	PDSCH_RB = 0 dB	
OCNG	OCNG_RA = 0 dB	
	OCNG_RB = 0 dB	

NOTE 1: No boosting is applied.

Table C.3.1-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Transmitted power spectral density $I_{\it or}$	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		0 dB	
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			

C.3.2 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table C.3.2-1 is applicable for measurements in which uniform RS-to-EPRE boosting for all downlink physical channels.

Table C.3.2-1: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection (FDD and TDD)

Physical Channel	EPRE Ratio
PBCH	PBCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PBCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PSS	$PSS_RA = 0 dB (Note 3)$
SSS	$SSS_RA = 0 dB (Note 3)$
PCFICH	PCFICH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDCCH	PDCCH_RA = ρ_A + σ
	PDCCH_RB = ρ_B + σ
PDSCH	PDSCH_RA = ρ_A
	PDSCH_RB = ρ_B
PMCH	$PMCH_RA = \rho_A$
	$PMCH_RB = \rho_B$
MBSFN RS	MBSFN RS_RA = ρ_A
	MBSFN RS_RB = ρ_B
OCNG	OCNG_RA = ρ_A + σ
	OCNG_RB = ρ_B + σ

NOTE 1: $\rho_A = \rho_B = 0$ dB means no RS boosting.

NOTE 2: MBSFN RS and OCNG are not defined downlink physical channels in [4].

NOTE 3: Assuming PSS and SSS transmitted on a single antenna port.

NOTE 4: $\rho_{\text{A}},\,\rho_{\text{B}}$ and σ are test specific.

Table C.3.2-2: Power allocation for OFDM symbols and reference signals

Parameter	Unit	Value	Note
Total transmitted power	dBm/15 kHz	Test specific	1. I_{or} shall be kept
spectral density $I_{\it or}$			constant throughout all OFDM symbols
Cell-specific reference		Test specific	Applies for antenna
signal power ratio $E_{\it RS}$ / $I_{\it or}$			port p
Energy per resource element EPRE		Test specific	1. The complex-valued symbols $y^{(p)}(i)$ and
			$a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ defined in [4] shall
			conform to the given
			EPRE value. 2. For TM8, the
			reference point for EPRE
			is before the precoder in
			Annex B.4.

Annex D (normative): Characteristics of the interfering signal

D.1 General

When the channel band width is wider or equal to 5MHz, a modulated 5MHz full band width E-UTRA down link signal and CW signal are used as interfering signals when RF performance requirements for E-UTRA UE receiver are defined. For channel band widths below 5MHz, the band width of modulated interferer should be equal to band width of the received signal.

D.2 Interference signals

Table D.2-1 describes the modulated interferer for different channel band width options.

Table D.2-1: Description of modulated E-UTRA interferer

			Channel	bandwidth		
	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
BW _{Interferer}	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz	5 MHz
RB	6	15	25	25	25	25

Annex E (normative): Environmental conditions

E.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

E.2 Environmental

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

E.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

Table E.2.1-1

+15°C to +35°C	for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)	
-10°C to +55°C	for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2)	

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation.

E.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table E.2.2-1

Power source	Lower extreme voltage	Higher extreme voltage	Normal conditions voltage
AC mains	0,9 * nominal	1,1 * nominal	nominal
Regulated lead acid battery	0,9 * nominal	1,3 * nominal	1,1 * nominal
Non regulated batteries:			
Leclanché	0,85 * nominal	Nominal	Nominal
Lithium	0,95 * nominal	1,1 * Nominal	1,1 * Nominal
Mercury/nickel & cadmium	0,90 * nominal		Nominal

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in clause 6.2 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

E.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

Table E.2.3-1

Frequency	ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration	
5 Hz to 20 Hz	$0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$	
20 Hz to 500 Hz	0,96 m ² /s ³ at 20 Hz, thereafter –3 dB/Octave	

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 36.101 for extreme operation.

Annex F (normative): Transmit modulation

F.1 Measurement Point

Figure F.1-1 shows the measurement point for the unwanted emission falling into non-allocated RB(s) and the EVM for the allocated RB(s).

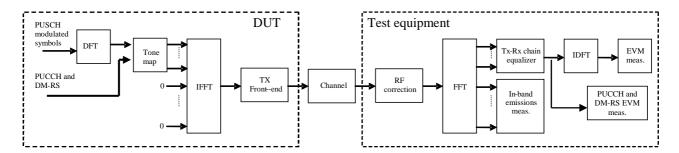


Figure F.1-1: EVM measurement points

F.2 Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement

The EVM is the difference between the ideal waveform and the measured waveform for the allocated RB(s)

$$EVM = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{v \in T_m} |z'(v) - i(v)|^2}{|T_m| \cdot P_0}},$$

where

 T_m is a set of $|T_m|$ modulation symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

z'(v) are the samples of the signal evaluated for the EVM,

i(v) is the ideal signal reconstructed by the measurement equipment, and

 P_0 is the average power of the ideal signal. For normalized modulation symbols P_0 is equal to 1.

The basic EVM measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain for PUCCH and PUSCH and over one preamble sequence for the PRACH.

F.3 Basic in-band emissions measurement

The in-band emissions are a measure of the interference falling into the non-allocated resources blocks. The in-band emission requirement is evaluated for PUCCH and PUSCH transmissions. The in-band emission requirement is not evaluated for PRACH transmissions.

The in-band emissions are measured as follows

$$Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{\max(f_{\min}, f_{l} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)}^{f_{l} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} < 0 \\ \frac{1}{|T_{s}|} \sum_{t \in T_{s}} \sum_{f_{h} + (12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} - 11) * \Delta f}^{\min(f_{\max}, f_{h} + 12 \cdot \Delta_{RB} * \Delta f)} |Y(t, f)|^{2}, \Delta_{RB} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where

 T_s is a set of $|T_s|$ SC-FDMA symbols with the considered modulation scheme being active within the measurement period,

 Δ_{RB} is the starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB (e.g. $\Delta_{RB}=1$ or $\Delta_{RB}=-1$ for the first adjacent RB),

 f_{\min} (resp. f_{\max}) is the lower (resp. upper) edge of the UL system BW,

 f_l and f_h are the lower and upper edge of the allocated BW, and

Y(t, f) is the frequency domain signal evaluated for in-band emissions as defined in the subsection (ii)

The relative in-band emissions are, given by

$$Emissions_{relative}(\Delta_{RB}) = \frac{Emissions_{absolute}(\Delta_{RB})}{\frac{1}{\left|T_{s}\right| \cdot N_{RB}} \sum_{t \in T_{s}}^{f_{l} + (12 \cdot N_{RB} - 1) \Delta f} \left|Y(t, f)\right|^{2}}$$

where

 N_{RR} is the number of allocated RBs

The basic in-band emissions measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain. When the PUSCH or PUCCH transmission slot is shortened due to multiplexing with SRS, the in-band emissions measurement interval is reduced by one SC-FDMA symbol, accordingly.

In the evaluation of in-band emissions, the timing is set according to $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{c}$, where sample time offsets $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ and $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ are defined in subclause F.4.

F.4 Modified signal under test

Implicit in the definition of EVM is an assumption that the receiver is able to compensate a number of transmitter impairments.

The PUSCH data or PRACH signal under test is modified and, in the case of PUSCH data signal, decoded according to::

$$Z'(t,f) = IDFT \left\{ \frac{FFT \left\{ z(v - \Delta \widetilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi\Delta \widetilde{f}v} \right\} e^{j2\pi j\Delta \widetilde{t}}}{\widetilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)}} \right\}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

The PUCCH or PUSCH demodulation reference signal or PUCCH data signal under test is equalised and, in the case of PUCCH data signal decoded according to:

$$Z'(t,f) = \frac{FFT\left\{z(v - \Delta \tilde{t}) \cdot e^{-j2\pi \Delta \tilde{f}v}\right\} e^{j2\pi f\Delta \tilde{t}}}{\tilde{a}(t,f) \cdot e^{j\tilde{\varphi}(t,f)}}$$

where

z(v) is the time domain samples of the signal under test.

To minimize the error, the signal under test should be modified with respect to a set of parameters following the procedure explained below.

Notation:

 $\Delta \tilde{t}$ is the sample timing difference between the FFT processing window in relation to nominal timing of the ideal signal.

 $\Delta \tilde{f}$ is the RF frequency offset.

 $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ is the phase response of the TX chain.

 $\tilde{a}(t, f)$ is the amplitude response of the TX chain.

In the following $\Delta \tilde{c}$ represents the middle sample of the EVM window of length W (defined in the next subsections) or the last sample of the first window half if W is even.

The EVM analyser shall

- \triangleright detect the start of each slot and estimate $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ and $\Delta \widetilde{f}$,
- \triangleright determine $\Delta \tilde{c}$ so that the EVM window of length W is centred
 - on the time interval determined by the measured cyclic prefix minus 16 samples of the considered OFDM symbol for symbol 0 for normal CP, i.e. the first 16 samples of the CP should not be taken into account for this step. In the determination of the number of excluded samples, a sampling rate of 30.72MHz was assumed. If a different sampling rate is used, the number of excluded samples is scaled linearly.
 - on the measured cyclic prefix of the considered OFDM symbol symbol for symbol 1 to 6 for normal CP and for symbol 0 to 5 for extended CP.
 - on the measured preamble cyclic prefix for the PRACH

To determine the other parameters a sample timing offset equal to $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ is corrected from the signal under test. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup correct the RF frequency offset $\Delta \widetilde{f}$ for each time slot, and
- > apply an FFT of appropriate size. The chosen FFT size shall ensure that in the case of an ideal signal under test, there is no measured inter-subcarrier interference.

The IQ origin offset shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM and the in-band emissions; however, the removed relative IQ origin offset power (relative carrier leakage power) also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

At this stage the allocated RBs shall be separated from the non-allocated RBs. In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH EVM, the signal on the non-allocated RB(s), Y(t, f), is used to evaluate the in-band emissions.

Moreover, the following procedure applies only to the signal on the allocated RB(s).

- In the case of PUCCH and PUSCH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain equalizer coefficients $\widetilde{a}(t,f)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ used by the ZF equalizer for all subcarriers by time averaging at each signal subcarrier of the amplitude and phase of the reference and data symbols. The time-averaging length is 1 slot. This process creates an average amplitude and phase for each signal subcarrier used by the ZF equalizer. The knowledge of data modulation symbols may be required in this step because the determination of symbols by demodulation is not reliable before signal equalization.
- In the case of PRACH, the UL EVM analyzer shall estimate the TX chain coefficients $\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$ used for phase and amplitude correction and are seleted so as to minimize the resulting EVM. The TX chain coefficients are not dependent on frequency, i.e. $\widetilde{a}(t,f)=\widetilde{a}(t)$ and $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)=\widetilde{\varphi}(t)$. The TX chain coefficient are chosen independently for each preamble transmission and for each $\Delta \widetilde{t}$.

At this stage estimates of $\Delta \widetilde{f}$, $\widetilde{\alpha}(t,f)$, $\widetilde{\varphi}(t,f)$ and $\Delta \widetilde{c}$ are available. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ is one of the extremities of the window W, i.e. $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ can be $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \alpha - \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$ or $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \left\lfloor \frac{W}{2} \right\rfloor$, where $\alpha = 0$ if W is odd and $\alpha = 1$ if W is even. The EVM analyser shall then

- ightharpoonup calculate EVM $_{\rm l}$ with $\Delta \widetilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \widetilde{c} + \alpha \left| \frac{W}{2} \right|$,
- ightharpoonup calculate EVM_h with $\Delta \tilde{t}$ set to $\Delta \tilde{c} + \left| \frac{W}{2} \right|$.

F.5 Window length

F.5.1 Timing offset

As a result of using a cyclic prefix, there is a range of $\Delta \tilde{t}$, which, at least in the case of perfect Tx signal quality, would give close to minimum error vector magnitude. As a first order approximation, that range should be equal to the length of the cyclic prefix. Any time domain windowing or FIR pulse shaping applied by the transmitter reduces the $\Delta \tilde{t}$ range within which the error vector is close to its minimum.

F.5.2 Window length

The window length W affects the measured EVM, and is expressed as a function of the configured cyclic prefix length. In the case where equalization is present, as with frequency domain EVM computation, the effect of FIR is reduced. This is because the equalization can correct most of the linear distortion introduced by the FIR. However, the time domain windowing effect can't be removed.

F.5.3 Window length for normal CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for normal CP. The nominal window length for 3 MHz is rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.3-1 EVM window length for normal CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	Cyclic prefix length N_{cp} for symbol 0	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Cyclic prefix}\\ \textbf{length}^1\\ N_{cp} \textbf{ for}\\ \textbf{symbols 1 to 6} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix for symbols 1 to 6 in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP for symbols 1 to 6 2
1.4			128	9	5	55.6
3		144	256	18	12	66.7
5	160		512	36	32	88.9
10	100	144	1024	72	66	91.7
15			1536	108	102	94.4
20			2048	144	136	94.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative and apply to symbols 1 through 6. Symbol 0 has a longer CP and therefore a lower percentage.

F.5.4 Window length for Extended CP

The table below specifies the EVM window length at channel bandwidths 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz, for extended CP. The nominal window lengths for 3 MHz and 15 MHz are rounded down one sample to allow the window to be centered on the symbol.

Table F.5.4-1 EVM window length for extended CP

Channel Bandwidth MHz	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Cyclic}\\ \textbf{prefix}\\ \textbf{length}^{\textbf{1}}N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size	Cyclic prefix in FFT samples	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of W to CP ²
1.4		128	32	28	87.5
3		256	64	58	90.6
5	512	512	128	124	96.9
10	512	1024	256	250	97.4
15		1536	384	374	97.4
20		2048	512	504	98.4

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed.

Note 2: These percentages are informative

F.5.5 Window length for PRACH

The table below specifies the EVM window length for PRACH preamble formats 0-4.

Table F.5.5-1 EVM window length for PRACH

Preamble format	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Cyclic} \\ {\rm prefix} \\ {\rm length}^1 \ N_{cp} \end{array}$	Nominal FFT size ²	EVM window length W in FFT samples	Ratio of <i>W</i> to CP*
0	3168	24576	3072	96.7%
1	21024	24576	20928	99.5%
2	6240	49152	6144	98.5%
3	21024	49152	20928	99.5%
4	448	4096	432	96.4%

Note 1: The unit is number of samples, sampling rate of 30.72MHz is assumed

Note 2: The use of other FFT sizes is possible as long as appropriate scaling of the window length is applied

Note 3: These percentages are informative

F.6 Averaged EVM

The general EVM is averaged over basic EVM measurements for 20 slots in the time domain.

$$\overline{EVM} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_i^2}$$

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window W extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\mathrm{EVM}}_1$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_l$ in the expressions above and $\overline{\mathrm{EVM}}_h$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t}_h$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM = \max(\overline{EVM}_1, \overline{EVM}_h)$$

The calculation of the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} , follows the same procedure as calculating the general EVM, with the exception that the modulation symbol set T_m defined in clause F.2 is restricted to symbols containing uplink demodulation reference signals.

The basic EVM_{DMRS} measurements are first averaged over 20 slots in the time domain to obtain an intermediate average EVM_{DMRS} .

$$\overline{EVM}_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{20} \sum_{i=1}^{20} EVM_{DMRS,i}^2}$$

In the determination of each $EVM_{DMRS,i}$, the timing is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ if $\overline{EVM}_l > \overline{EVM}_h$, and it is set to $\Delta \tilde{t} = \Delta \tilde{t}_l$ otherwise, where \overline{EVM}_l and \overline{EVM}_h are the general average EVM values calculated in the same 20 slots over which the intermediate average \overline{EVM}_{DMRS} is calculated. Note that in some cases, the general average EVM may be calculated only for the purpose of timing selection for the demodulation reference signal EVM.

Then the results are further averaged to get the EVM for the demodulation reference signal, EVM_{DMRS} ,

$$EVM_{DMRS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{6} \sum_{j=1}^{6} \overline{EVM}_{DMRS,j}^{2}}$$

The PRACH EVM, EVM_{PRACH} , is averaged over two preamble sequence measurements for preamble formats 0, 1, 2, 3, and it is averaged over 10 preamble sequence measurements for preamble format 4.

The EVM requirements shall be tested against the maximum of the RMS average at the window *W* extremities of the EVM measurements:

Thus $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,1}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t_l}$ and $\overline{\text{EVM}}_{\text{PRACH,h}}$ is calculated using $\Delta \widetilde{t} = \Delta \widetilde{t_h}$.

Thus we get:

$$EVM_{PRACH} = \max(\overline{EVM}_{PRACH,1}, \overline{EVM}_{PRACH,h})$$

F.7 Spectrum Flatness

The data shall be taken from FFT coded data symbols and the demodulation reference symbols of the allocated resource block.

Annex G (informative): Change history

Table G.1: Change History

Date	TSG#	TSG Doc.	CR	Subject	Old	New
11-2007	R4#45	R4-72206		TS36.101V0.1.0 approved by RAN4	-	
12-2007	RP#38	RP-070979		Approved version at TSG RAN #38	1.0.0	8.0.0
03-2008	RP#39	RP-080123	3	TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.0.0	8.1.0
05-2008	RP#40	RP-080325	4	TS36.101 - Combined updates of E-UTRA UE requirements	8.1.0	8.2.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	5r1	Addition of Ref Sens figures for 1.4MHz and 3MHz Channel bandwiidths	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	7r1	Transmitter intermodulation requirements	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	10	CR for clarification of additional spurious emission requirement	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	15	Correction of In-band Blocking Requirement	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	18r1	TS36.101: CR for section 6: NS_06	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	19r1	TS36.101: CR for section 6: Tx modulation	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	20r1	TS36.101: CR for UE minimum power	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	21r1	TS36.101: CR for UE OFF power	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	24r1	TS36.101: CR for section 7: Band 13 Rx sensitivity	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	26	UE EVM Windowing	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080638	29	Absolute ACLR limit	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	23r2	TS36.101: CR for section 6: UE to UE co-existence	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	30	Removal of [] for UE Ref Sens figures	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	31	Correction of PA, PB definition to align with RAN1 specification	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	37r2	UE Spurious emission band UE co-existence	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	44	Definition of specified bandwidths	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	48r3	Addition of Band 17	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	50	Alignment of the UE ACS requirement	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	52r1	Frequency range for Band 12	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	54r1	Absolute power tolerance for LTE UE power control	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080731	55	TS36.101 section 6: Tx modulation	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	6r2	DL FRC definition for UE Receiver tests	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	46	Additional UE demodulation test cases	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	47	Updated descriptions of FRC	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	49	Definition of UE transmission gap	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	51	Clarification on High Speed train model in 36.101	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080732	53	Update of symbol and definitions	8.2.0	8.3.0
09-2008	RP#41	RP-080743	56	Addition of MIMO (4x2) and (4x4) Correlation Matrices	8.2.0	8.3.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080908	94r2	CR TX RX channel frequency separation	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	105r1	UE Maximum output power for Band 13	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	60	UL EVM equalizer definition	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	63	Correction of UE spurious emissions	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	66	Clarification for UE additional spurious emissions	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	72	Introducing ACLR requirement for coexistance with UTRA 1.6MHZ channel from 36.803	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	75	Removal of [] from Section 6 transmitter characteristics	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	81	Clarification for PHS band protection	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	101	Alignement for the measurement interval for transmit signal quality	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	98r1	Maximum power	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	57r1	CR UE spectrum flatness	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	71r1	UE in-band emission	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080909	58r1	CR Number of TX exceptions	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	99r2	CR UE output power dynamic	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080951	79r1	LTE UE transmitter intermodulation	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080910	91	Update of Clause 8	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080950	106r1	Structure of Clause 9 including CSI requirements for PUCCH mode 1-0	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	59	CR UE ACS test frequency offset	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	65	Correction of spurious response parameters	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	80	Removal of LTE UE narrowband intermodulation	8.3.0	8.4.0
12-2008	RP#42	RP-080911	90r1	Introduction of Maximum Sensitivity Degradation	8.3.0	8.4.0

12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 73 TD Reference Massurement Lamente for KX characterisates 8.30 8.40	05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	171	CR PRACH EVM. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-	8.5.1	8.6.0
12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 731	05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	169		8.5.1	8.6.0
12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 75	05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	168	in R4-50bis - R4-091206)		
12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 78	05-2009	RP#44	RP-090540	167	for 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwiths. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091205)	8.5.1	8.6.0
12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 731 Addition of 40Am Dr. reference measurement channel for RX cheracterisatics 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 731 Addition of 40Am Dr. reference measurement channel 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 741 Addition of 40Am Dr. reference measurement channels 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080913 104 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080915 67 Correction to the figure with the Transmission Bandwidth 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080915 67 Correction to the figure with the Transmission Bandwidth 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080916 77 Modification to EARFCN 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080916 77 Modification to EARFCN 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080917 851 New Clause 5 outline 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#42 RP-080917 851 New Clause 5 outline 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080917 102 Introduction of Bands 12 and 17 in 36.101 8.30 8.40 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080917 170 Corrections of references (References to tables and figures) 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 108 Removal of I from Transmitter Intermodulation 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 158 E-UTRA ACLR for below 5 MHz bandwidths 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 158 E-UTRA ACLR for below 5 MHz bandwidths 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 128 Decimal including the future plan 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 128 Decimal including the future plan 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 128 Decimal including the future plan 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 128 Decimal including the future plan 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 130 Spectrum emission mask for 1-4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidths 8.40 8.50 12-2008 RP#43 RP-080170 130 Spectrum emission mask for 1-4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidths 8.40 8.50 12-200	03-2009	KP#44				0.5.0	0.5.1
12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 78			KP-090369				
12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912 78							
12-2008 RP442 RP-080912 78				164			
122008 RP#42 RP-080912 73r1 Addition of AGAM DL reference Measurement channels (1972) 12208 RP#42 RP-080912 73r1 Addition of AGAM DL reference measurement channels (1974) 12208 RP#42 RP-080912 74r1 Addition of UL Reference Measurement Channels (1974) 12208 RP#42 RP-080913 68 MIMO Correlation Matrix Corrections (1974) 130 Reference measurement channels for PDSCH performance (1974) 130 Reference				161			
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12-2008 RP#42 RP-080912				125			
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05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 172 CR EVM correction, (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-09143) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 177 CR power control accuracy, (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091414) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 186 Clarification for EVM. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091414) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 187 Removal of [] I from band 17 Refsens values and ACS offset frequencies 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 191 Completion of band17 requirements 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 192 Removal of 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz bandwidths from bands 13, 14 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 201 CR: 64 QAM EVM 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 203 CR EVM exclusion period 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 206 CR Inhand emissions timing 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 206 CR Minimum Rx exceptions 8.5.1 0	
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S-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 206 CR Minimum Rx exceptions S.5.1	8.6.0
D5-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 207 CR UL DM-RS EVM 8.5.1	8.6.0
05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 218r1 A-MPR table for NS_07 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090540 205r1 CR In-band emissions in shortened subframes 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090540 205r1 CR In-band emissions in shortened subframes 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090540 178r2 In R4-50bis - R4-091421) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090540 197r2 Spectrum emission requirements for band 13 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090540 197r2 CR on aggregate power tolerance 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090540 196r2 CR: Rx IP2 performance 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#444 RP-090541 198r1 Maximum output power relaxation 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 166 Update of performance requirement for TDD PDSCH with MBSFN configuration. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091180) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 170r1 Jupidate of Caluse Resource Block FRC Requirements. 05-2009 RP#44	8.6.0
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D5-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 RP#44 RP-090	8.6.0
No additional emission mask indication. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091421)	8.6.0
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05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 197t2 CR on aggregate power tolerance 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090540 196t2 CR: Rx IP2 performance 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090541 198t1 Maximum output power relaxation 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 166 Update of performance requirement for TDD PDSCH with MBSFN configuration. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091180) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 175 Adding AWGN levels for some TDD DL performance requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091406) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 182 OCNG Patterns for Single Resource Block FRC Requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091504) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 170r1 Update of Clause 8: PHICH and PMI delay. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091504) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 183 Requirements for frequency-selective fading test. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 188r1 Adaptation of UL-RMC-s for supporting more UE categories	8.6.0
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05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 162 (Technically Endorsed ČR in R4-50bis - R4-091504) 05-301504 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090542 170r1 Update of Clause 8: PHICH and PMI delay. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091275) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 183 Requirements for frequency-selective fading test. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091505) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 199 CQI requirements under AWGN conditions 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 188r1 Adaptation of UL-RMC-s for supporting more UE categories 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 193r1 Correction of the LTE UE downlink reference measurement channels 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 185r1 Requirements for frequency non-selective fading tests. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 185r1 Correction to PMI reporting. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 221r1 Correction to DL RMC-s for Maximum input level for supporting more UE-Categories	8.6.0
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05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 193r1 channels 5.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 184r1 Requirements for frequency non-selective fading tests. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091506) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 185r1 Requirements for PMI reporting. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091510) 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 221r1 Correction to DL RMC-s for Maximum input level for supporting more UE-Categories 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 216 Addition of 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths into band 38 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090559 180 Introduction of Extended LTE800 requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091432) 8.6.0 09-2009 RP#45 RP-090826 239 A-MPR for Band 19 9.0.0 09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 225 LTE UTRA ACLR1 centre frequency definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW 9.0.0	8.6.0
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05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 22111 more UE-Categories 0.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090543 216 Addition of 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths into band 38 8.5.1 05-2009 RP#44 RP-090559 180 Introduction of Extended LTE800 requirements. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091432) 8.6.0 09-2009 RP#45 RP-090826 239 A-MPR for Band 19 9.0.0 09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 225 LTE UTRA ACLR1 centre frequency definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW 9.0.0	8.6.0
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09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 225 BW	9.1.0
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09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 229 Sensitivity requirements for Band 38 15 MHz and 20 MHz bandwidths 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 236 Operating band edge relaxation of maximum output power for Band 18 and 19 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 238 Addition of 5MHz channel bandwidth for Band 40 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090822 245 Removal of unnecessary requirements for 1.4 and 3 MHz bandwidths on bands 13 and 17 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 261 Correction of LTE UE ACS test parameter 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 263R1 Correction of LTE UE ACLR test parameter 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 286 Uplink power and RB allocation for receiver tests 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 320 CR Sensitivity relaxation for small BW 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 324 Correction of Band 3 spurious emission band UE co-existence 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 249R1 CR Pcmax definition (working assumption) 9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 RP#45 RP-090877 330 Spectrum flatness clarification 9.0.0	9.1.0

09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	332	Transmit power: removal of TC and modification of REFSENS note	9.0.0	9.1.0
				Additional SRS relative power requirement and update of		
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	282R1	measurement definition	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090877	284R1	Power range applicable for relative tolerance	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	233	TDD UL/DL configurations for CQI reporting	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009 09-2009	RP#45 RP#45	RP-090878 RP-090878	235 243	Further clarification on CQI test configurations Corrections to UL- and DL-RMC-s	9.0.0	9.1.0 9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	243	Reference measurement channel for multiple PMI requirements	9.0.0	9.1.0
				CQI reporting test for a scenario with frequency-selective		
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	290	interference	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	265R2	CQI reference measurement channels	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090878	321R1	CR RI Test	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	231	Correction of parameters for demodulation performance requirement	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	241R1	UE categories for performance tests and correction to RMC references	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	333	Clarification of Es definition in the demodulation requirement	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	326	Editorial corrections and updates to PHICH PBCH test cases.	9.0.0	9.1.0
09-2009	RP#45	RP-090875	259R3	Test case numbering in section 8 Performance tests	9.0.0	9.1.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	335	Test case numbering in TDD PDSCH performance test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093523)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	337	Adding beamforming model for user-specfic reference signal (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093525)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	339R1	Adding redundancy sequences to PMI test (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093581)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	341	Throughput value correction at FRC for Maximum input level (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093660)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	343	Correction to the modulated E-UTRA interferer (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093662)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	345R1	OCNG: Patterns and present use in tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093664)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	347	OCNG: Use in receiver and performance tests (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093666)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	349	Miscellaneous corrections on CSI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093676)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	351	Removal of RLC modes (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093677)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	353	CR Rx diversity requirement (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093703)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	355	A-MPR notation in NS_07 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093706)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	359	Single- and multi-PMI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093846)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	363	CQI reference measurement channel (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093970)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091292	364	LTE MBSFN Channel Model (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-094020)	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	367	Numbering of PDSCH (User-Specific Reference Symbols) Demodulation Tests	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	369	Numbering of PDCCH/PCFICH, PHICH, PBCH Demod Tests	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	371	Remove [] from Reference Measurement Channels in Annex A	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	373R1	Corrections to RMC-s for Maximum input level test for low UE	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091261	377	categories Correction of UE-category for R.30	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091286	378	Introduction of Extended LTE1500 requirements for TS36.101	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	384	CR: Removal of 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz channel bandwidths from additional spurious emissions requirements for Band 1 PHS protection	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	386R3	Clarification of measurement conditions of spurious emission requirements at the edge of spurious domain	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	390	Spurious emission table correction for TDD bands 33 and 38.	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	392R2	36.101 Symbols and abreviations for Pcmax	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	394	UTRAACLR1 requirement definition for 1.4 and 3 MHz BW completed	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	396	Introduction of the ACK/NACK feedback modes for TDD requirements	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	404R3	CR Power control exception R8	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	416R1	Relative power tolerance: special case for receiver tests	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	420R1	CSI reporting: test configuration for CQI fading requirements	9.1.0	9.2.0
12-2009 12-2009	RP-46 RP-46	RP-091284 RP-091264	421R1 425	Inclusion of Band 20 UE RF parameters Editorial corrections and updates to Clause 8.2.1 FDD	9.1.0	9.2.0
	RP-46			demodulation test cases		
12-2009	KP-40	RP-091262	427	CR: time mask	9.1.0	9.2.0

12-2009	RP-46	RP-091264	430	Correction of the payload size for PDCCH/PCFICH performance	9.1.0	9.2.0
	RP-46		432	requirements Transport format and test point updates to RI reporting test cases		
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12-2009	RP-46	RP-091263	434	interference CQI tests	9.1.0	9.2.0
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12-2009	RP-46	RP-091262	442R1	In Band Emissions Requirements Correction CR	9.1.0	9.2.0
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03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	453r1	Corrections of various errors in the UE RF requirements	9.2.0	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	462r1	UTRA ACLR measurement bandwidths for 1.4 and 3 MHz	9.2.0	9.3.0
03-2010	RP-47	RP-100246	493	Band 8 Coexistence Requirement Table Correction	9.2.0	9.3.0
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03-2010	RP-47	RP-100247	501	Fading CQI requirements for FDD mode	9.2.0	9.3.0
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03-2010	RP-47	RP-100249	465r1	PDSCH performance tests for low UE categories	9.2.0	9.3.0
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03-2010	RP-47	RP-100268	445	36.101 CR: Editorial corrections on LTE MBMS reference measurement channels	9.2.0	9.3.0
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06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	538	Correction of transient time definition for EVM requirements	9.3.0	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	557r2	CR on UE coexistence requirement	9.3.0	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	547r1	Correction of antenna configuration and beam-forming model for DRS	9.3.0	9.4.0
06-2010	RP-48	RP-100619	536r1	CR: Corrections on MIMO demodulation performance requirements	9.3.0	9.4.0
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06-2010	RP-48	RP-100629	553r2	Performance requirements for dual-layer beamforming	9.3.0	9.4.0
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06-2010	RP-48	RP-100630	519	Correction of FRC reference and test case numbering	9.3.0	9.4.0
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12 2010	RP-50	DD 404220	660r1	PREFSENS Correction on the statement of TB size and subband selection in	9.5.0	9.6.0
12-2010	KP-50	RP-101330	00011	CSI tests	9.5.0	9.6.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	626	Add 20 RB UL Ref Meas channel	9.5.0	9.6.0
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12 2010	111 00	101011	00111	beamforming	0.0.0	0.0.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	659r1	Adding antenna configuration in CQI fading test case	9.5.0	9.6.0
12-2010	RP-50	RP-101341	653r1	Additional in-band blocking requirement for Band 12	9.5.0	9.6.0
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03-2011	RP-51	RP-110336	738	Removal of square brackets for dual-layer beamforming	9.6.0	9.7.0
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03-2011	RP-51	RP-110343	755r1	Further clarifications for the Sustained Downlink Data Rate Test	9.6.0	9.7.0
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04-2011				Editorial: Spec Title correction, removal of "Draft"	9.7.0	9.7.1
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110788	771	CR: Corrections for UE to UE co-existence requirements of Band 3	9.7.1	9.8.0
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06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	781	CR: Band 19 A-MPR refinement	9.7.1	9.8.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	804	Clarification for MBMS reference signal levels	9.7.1	9.8.0
00-2011	KF-32	KF-110709	004	Cialification for Midwig reference signal levels	9.7.1	9.6.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110792	809	FDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode	9.7.1	9.8.0
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06-2011	RP-52	RP-110787	813	Correction on CQI mapping index of RI test	9.7.1	9.8.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	823	Corrections to in-band blocking table	9.7.1	9.8.0
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06-2011	RP-52	RP-110794	825	Correction of TDD Category 1 DRS and DMRS RMCs	9.7.1	9.8.0
06 2011	DD 50	DD 440704	007:4	TDD MDMC portormones requirements for C4CAM as a de-	0.7.1	0.00
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110794	827r1	TDD MBMS performance requirements for 64QAM mode	9.7.1	9.8.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110787	777r1	Minor corrections to DL-RMC-s for Maximum input level	9.7.1	9.8.0
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06 2044	DD 50	DD 440700	700-4	DDCCU and DUICU porformance. OCNIC and name and the	074	9.8.0
06-2011	RP-52	RP-110789	788r1	PDCCH and PHICH performance: OCNG and power settings	9.7.1	
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09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	871r1	CR for B14 Rx requirement Rel 9	9.8.0	9.9.0
09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	889r1	CR to TS36.101: Correction on the accuracy test of CQI.	9.8.0	9.9.0
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09-2011	RP-53	RP-111248	906	Correction to UL RMC for FDD and TDD	9.8.0	9.9.0
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09-2011	RP-53	RP-111251	882	Sustained data rate: Correction of the ACK/NACK feedback mode	9.8.0	9.9.0
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12-2011	RP-54	RP-111680	955	UE spurious emissions	9.9.0	9.10.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111682	958	Add scrambling identity n_SCID for MU-MIMO test	9.9.0	9.10.0
12-2011	RP-54	RP-111680	965	General review of the reference measurement channels	9.9.0	9.10.0
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06-2012	RP-56	RP-120770	1090	Deleting square brackets in Reference Measurement Channels	9.11.0	9.12.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120769	1125	Addition of ETU30 channel model	9.11.0	9.12.0
06-2012	RP-56	RP-120764	1210	Correction of PHS protection requirements for TS 36.101	9.11.0	9.12.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121294	1228	Correct Transport Block size in 9RB 16QAM Uplink Reference Measurement Channel	9.12.0	9.13.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121301	1231	RF: Missleading note-references in test parameters for transmission mode 8	9.12.0	9.13.0
09-2012	RP-57	RP-121298	1263	Clarification of RB allocation for DRS demodulation tests	9.12.0	9.13.0
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12-2012				Fixes history table	9.13.0	9.13.1
12-2012	RP-58	RP-121849	1380	Correction of PCFICH power parameter setting	9.13.1	9.14.0
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12-2012	RP-58	RP-121859	1434r 1	Band 1 to Band 33 and Band 39 UE coexistence requirements	9.13.1	9.14.0
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03-2013	RP-59	RP-130265	1541	Correction related to SNR definition for Rel-9	9.14.0	9.15.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130260	1554	Band 38 Note 16 correction in UE to UE co-existence table	9.14.0	9.15.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130260	1572	Remove [] from CSI test case parameters	9.14.0	9.15.0
03-2013	RP-59	RP-130258	1577	UE-UE co-existence between Band 1 and Band 33/39	9.14.0	9.15.0

History

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