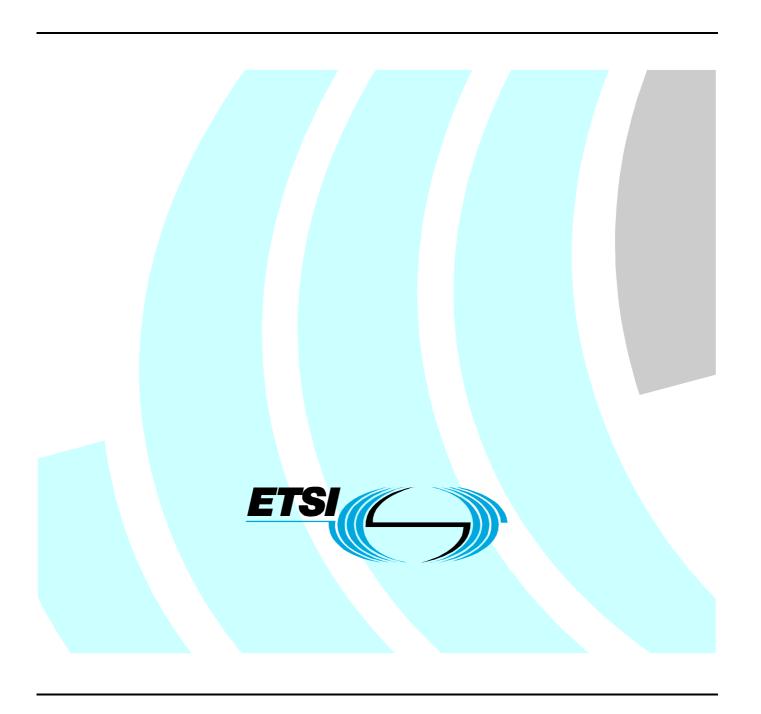
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Technical Specification

Near Field Communication Interface and Protocol-1 (NFCIP-1); Protocol Test Methods



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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ECMA on behalf of its members and those of the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI).

Brief history

In 2002, Ecma International formed Task Group 19 of Technical Committee 32 to specify Near Field Communication (NFC) signal interfaces and protocols. The NFC devices are wireless closely coupled devices communicating at 13,56 MHz.

The General Assembly of December 2002 adopted Near Field Communication Interface and Protocol-1 (NFCIP-1) as Standard ECMA-340 [1].

The present document specifies protocol tests for ECMA-340 [1] and complements ECMA-356 [2], which specifies the RF interface tests for ECMA-340 [1].

1 Scope

The present document specifies protocol test methods for ECMA-340 [1] in addition to those specified in ECMA-356 [2].

2 Conformance

In addition to conforming to ECMA-356 [2], implementations of ECMA-340 [1] shall pass all normative tests and requirements specified herein; test results shall be recorded using annexes A and B of the present document.

3 References

The following are normative references for the purpose of the present document.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

- [1] ECMA-340: "Near Field Communication Interface and Protocol (NFCIP-1)".
- [2] ECMA-356: "NFCIP-1 RF Interface Test Methods".
- [3] ISO/IEC 10373-6: "Identification cards Test methods Part 6: Proximity cards".

4 Notational conventions

4.1 Representation of numbers

The following conventions and notations apply in the present document unless otherwise stated.

- Letters and digits in parentheses represent numbers in hexadecimal notation.
- The setting of bits is denoted by ZERO or ONE.
- Numbers in binary notation and bit patterns are represented by strings of digits 0 and 1 shown with the most significant bit to the left. Within such strings, X may be used to indicate that the setting of a bit is not specified within the string.

4.2 Names

The names of basic elements, e.g. specific fields, are written with a capital initial letter.

4.3 Test report

The test report includes the number of passed tests versus the total number of tests, the number of different samples and the date of the tests, see annexes A and B.

5 Definitions

5.1 Activation in Active communication Mode

Flow to activate the DUT in Active communication Mode as defined in ECMA-340 [1], which includes initialization and protocol activation.

5.2 Activation in Passive communication Mode

Flow to activate the DUT in Passive communication Mode as defined in ECMA-340 [1], which includes initialization and protocol activation.

5.3 Active communication Mode

In the Active communication Mode scheme, as defined in ECMA-340 [1], both the Initiator and the Target use their own RF field to enable the communication.

5.4 Operating volume

A volume with a field strength of at least H_{min} and not exceeding H_{max} generated by a NFC device at manufacturer specified positions.

5.5 Passive communication Mode

The Initiator is generating the RF field and the Target responds to an Initiator command in a load modulation scheme as defined in ECMA-340 [1].

5.6 Single Device Detection (SDD)

SDD is an algorithm used by the initiator to detect one out of several Targets in its RF field.

5.7 Scenario

A scenario is a protocol and application specific sequence test operations. Scenario description tables list all individual test operations.

A horizontal line in a scenario description table indicates that the device shall be reset to initial conditions.

5.8 Test commands

Commands defined for dedicated functional behaviour on an implemented system according to ECMA-340 [1]. The PDUs that are actually used in these commands shall be recorded in the test report (see annexes A and B).

Definitions valid for all test commands:

xx PNI

The following test commands are specified based on PDUs specified in ECMA-340 [1]:

A(ACK)_{xx} DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as ACK/NACK PDU with ACK/NACK bit set to

ZERO and PNI set to xx.

A(NACK)_{vv} DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as ACK/NACK PDU with ACK/NACK bit set to

ONE and PNI set to xx.

S(A) DEP REQ or DEP RES PDU coded as Supervisory PDU (as defined in ECMA-340)

with the Timeout bit set to ZERO. No PNI is used for this command.

S(TO) DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as Supervisory PDU (as defined in ECMA-340)

with the Timeout bit set to ONE. No PNI is used for this command.

TEST_COMMAND1_{xx} Default Test command, it is a DEP_REQ frame coded as information PDU with "More

Information" bit set to ZERO (no chaining) and the PNI set to xx. The Initiator or the

target-test-apparatus sends this PDU.

TEST_RESPONSE1_{xx} Response to TEST_COMMAND1 (DEP_RES) with the PNI set to xx.

TEST_COMMAND2_{xx} Test command used for tests of the chaining procedure. This command forces the

counterpart (either Initiator or Target) to use chaining in the next DEP_REQ. This command is a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator or Target respectively,

with its "More Information" bit set to ZERO and it uses the same PDU as

TEST_COMMAND1, but this PDU has different data.

TEST_COMMAND3B_{xx} This command marks the beginning of a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator

or Target respectively, with its "More Information" bit set to ONE and the PNI set to xx.

TEST_COMMAND3n_{xx} This command is sent after TEST_COMMAND3B and before TEST_COMMAND3E.

The lower case n represents a number ranging from 0 to 9. This command has the

"More Information" bit set to ONE and the PNI set to xx.

TEST_COMMAND3E_{xx} This command marks the end of the chaining procedure and is a DEP_REQ or

DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator or Target respectively, with the "More Information"

bit set to ZERO and the PNI set to xx.

TEST_RESPONSE3_{xx} is the response to the chaining command. Shall be a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for

an Initiator or Target respectively, with the "More Information" bit set to ZERO and the

PNI set to xx.

TEST_COMMAND4_{vx} Test command used for tests dealing with frame waiting time. The Initiator sends this

command and forces the Target to use a Supervisory PDU with the timeout bit set to

ONE and the PNI set to xx.

TEST_RESPONSE4_{xx} is the response to TEST_COMMAND4. It is a DEP_RES with the "More Information"

bit set to ZERO and the PNI set to xx. It may be the same as TEST_RESPONSE1.

6 Acronyms and abbreviations

ATR_REQ ATtribute REQuest command as defined in ECMA-340

ATR_RES RESponse to the ATR_REQ

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check as defined in annex A of ECMA-340

~CRC as defined above with all bits inverted

DEP_REQ Data Exchange Protocol Request as defined in ECMA-340

DEP_RES RESponse to the Data Exchange Protocol Request

DID Device ID as defined in ECMA-340

DSL_REQ DeSeLect Request command as defined in ECMA-340

DSL_RES Response to the DSL_REQ

DUT Device Under Test

fc Frequency of operating field (carrier frequency) as defined in ECMA-340
Hmax Maximum field strength of the Initiator antenna field as defined in ECMA-340
Hmin Minimum field strength of the Initiator antenna field as defined in ECMA-340

HThreshold Defined in ECMA-340 ID IDentification number

LT Lower Tester the Target-emulation part of the Initiator-Test-apparatus

Mute No response within a specified timeout

NFC Near Field Communication

PDU Protocol Data Unit as defined in ECMA-340

PNI Package Number Information as defined in ECMA-340 POL_REQ POlling REQuest command as defined in ECMA-340

POL_RES RESponse to the Polling Request

PSL_REQ Parameter SeLect Request command as defined in ECMA-340

PSL_RES RESponse to the PSL_REQ

RF Radio Frequency
RFU Reserved for Future Use

RLS_REQ ReLease Request command as defined in ECMA-340

RLS_RES Response to the RLS_REQ

SDD Single Device Detection as defined in ECMA-340

The delay between the end of the Request frame and the start of the first time slot for SDD at

212 kbps and 424 kbps (equals $512 \times 64/\text{fc}$)

Ts The period of one time slot (equals $256 \times 64/\text{fc}$)

TCM Test Control Message

UT Upper Tester, the master part of the Initiator-Test-apparatus

7 General description

7.1 Apparatus for Testing

NOTE: The test-apparatus may require information about the implemented protocol and functionality. These parameters shall be recorded in the test report.

This clause is valid for Initiator and Target tests.

Although the present document does not define dedicated test circuit for timing measurements and to check the correctness of the framing, influence of such circuit shall be avoided.

7.1.1 Generating the I/O character timing in reception mode

The target-test-apparatus and the LT shall be able to generate the I/O bit stream according to ECMA-340 [1]. All timing parameters (e.g. start bit length, guard time, bit width, request guard time, start of frame width, end of frame width) shall be set to any value within the defined ranges of ECMA-340 [1]. The limits shall be tested according ECMA-356 [2].

7.1.2 Measuring and monitoring the RF I/O protocol

The targe-test-apparatus and the LT shall be able to measure the timing of the logical low and high states of the incoming demodulated data.

7.1.3 Test scenario and report

Testing of the DUT as defined in the present document and requires a test scenario to be executed. This test scenario contains a protocol and application specific sequence.

The result of the test scenario shall be documented in a test report as defined in annexes A and B.

7.1.4 RFU bits

A test shall fail and the DUT declared non-compliant in case an RFU field is not set to its default value.

7.1.5 General rules

The following rules apply:

An Initiator (Target test apparatus) always sends a request whereas a Target (LT) sends a response.

A response must follow a request.

If the PNIs for the TEST_RESPONSEn and TEST_COMMANDn are the same, then TEST_COMMANDn is correct.

8 Target test methods

8.1 Apparatus for testing the Target (Target-test-apparatus)

The Target-test-apparatus tests the DUT by emulating an Initiator.

The Target-test-apparatus shall execute the initialization and protocol activation and perform data exchange commands.

8.2 List of protocol test methods related to ECMA-340

To test Targets performing initialization and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps the PICC test methods of ISO/IEC 10373-6 [3] must be executed.

To test Targets performing initialization and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps the test methods listed in table 1 must be executed.

Table 1: Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

Test method		Corresponding requirement	
Clause	Name	Base standard	Clause(s)
8.3.1	Activation time	ECMA-340 [1]	11.2.2.3
8.3.2	Frame format	ECMA-340 [1]	11.2.2.2
8.3.3	SDD at 212 kbps and 424 kbps	ECMA-340 [1]	11.2.2.3
			11.2.2.4

To test Targets performing initialization in Active communication Mode the test method in table 2 must be executed.

Table 2: Activation in Active communication Mode

	Test method	Corresponding requirement	
Clause	Name	Base standard	Clause(s)
8.4.1	RF Collision Avoidance	ECMA-340 [1]	11.1.2

To test Targets using the transport protocol the test methods listed in table 3 must be executed.

Table 3: Logical operation of the Transport Protocol

	Test method Corresponding requirement		requirement
Clause	Name	Base standard Clause(s)	
8.5.1	Handling of ATR_REQ	ECMA-340 [1]	12.5.1.3
8.5.2	Handling of PSL_REQ	ECMA-340 [1]	12.5.3.3
8.5.3	Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.2
8.5.4	Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs with the "more information" bit set to ONE	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.3
8.5.5	Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ONE	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.3
8.5.6	Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ZERO	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.3
8.5.7	Handling of DSL_REQ	ECMA-340 [1]	12.7.1.3
8.5.8	Handling of RLS_REQ	ECMA-340 [1]	12.7.2.3

8.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

8.3.1 Activation time

The purpose of this test is to verify that the Target responds with to a POL_REQ with a POL_RES within two seconds after power up (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.2.2.3).

8.3.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to e) for the data rates of 212 kbps and 424 kbps.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Generate an RF-field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Send a POL_REQ command frame with TSN is set to 0 at the selected data rate.
- d) If there is no POL_RES received after T_d and T_s are passed send the POL_REQ again. Repeat this step until a response from the DUT is received.
- e) Measure the timing between RF-on and the beginning of the 1st response of the DUT. If the DUT responds in less than two seconds, the test is PASS otherwise it is FAIL.

8.3.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates.

8.3.2 Frame format

The purpose of this test is to determine the frame formats at 212 kbps and 424 kbps are correct (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.2.2.2).

8.3.2.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to d) for the data rates of 212 kbps and 424 kbps.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Generate an RF-field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Send the POL_REQ command frame at the selected data rate.
- d) Verify the correct framing of the response from the DUT.

8.3.2.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates and shall include results for the following characteristics:

Characteristic	Expected result
Preamble	minimum 48 bits all logical ZEROs
SYNC	1 st byte is "B2"
	2 nd byte is "4D"
value of the length byte	"12"
CRC bytes	according to ECMA-340 [1], annex A

8.3.3 SDD at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct response to the POL_REQ (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.2.2.4).

8.3.3.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 212 kbps and 424 kbps.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Generate an RF-field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Send a POL_REQ command frame with TSN is set to 0 at the selected data rate.
- d) Record the time between POL_REQ and POL_RES. If the DUT does not respond in the last time slot available repeat step c).
- e) Analyse the content of the response.
- f) Increase the TSN to the next allowed value and repeat step a) to e) until the maximum TSN value is reached.

8.3.3.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates and shall include results for the following characteristics:

Characteristic	Expected result
1st byte of the payload	"01"
2nd byte of the payload	"01"
3rd byte of the payload	"FE"
time between end of POL_REQ and end of POL_RES	T _d + (TSN + 1) * T _s

8.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

8.4.1 RF Collision Avoidance

The purpose of this test is to determine the behaviour of the DUT in Active communication Mode during RF Collision Avoidance (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.1.2).

8.4.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to e) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Generate an RF-field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Send a valid ATR_REQ command frame at the selected data rate and switch off the RF afterwards.
- d) Measure the time between RF-off of the Target test-apparatus and RF-on of the DUT.
- e) Repeat steps a) to d) until all randomly generated number of time periods are met and count the number of retries necessary.

8.4.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates.

Characteristic	Expected result
T _{ADT}	minimum 768/f _c
	maximum 2559/f _c
T _{RFW}	n times 512/f _c

8.5 Logical operation of the Target Transport Protocol

8.5.1 Handling of ATR_REQ

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the ATR_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.5.1.3.2).

8.5.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to e) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Generate an RF-field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- Perform activation selected according at the selected data rate and follow the rules for Collision avoidance in Active communication mode.
- d) Apply the test scenario T 1.
- e) Analyse if the response from the DUT are according to scenario T 1.

Scenario T 1: ATR_REQ

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		Mute
ATR_REQ	$\longrightarrow\hspace{0.5cm}$	
		ATR_RES
ATR_REQ	$\longrightarrow\hspace{0.5cm}$	
	←	ATR_RES
ATR_REQ (~CRC)		
		Mute
ATR_REQ	$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	
		ATR_RES
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
ATR_REQ		
		Mute
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁

8.5.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.2 Handling of PSL_REQ

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct PSL handling of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.5.3.3.2).

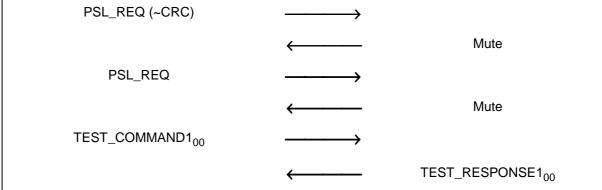
8.5.2.1 Procedure

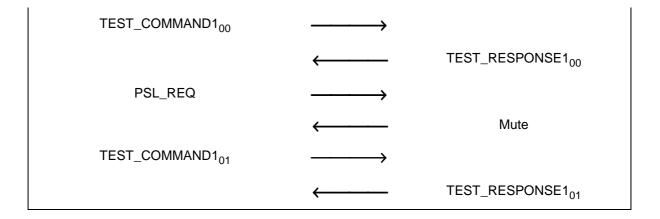
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform initialization and protocol activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive ATR_RES.
- e) Apply the test scenario T 2.
- f) Check the response from the DUT is according to scenario T 2.

Scenario T 2: PSL_REQ

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
PSL_REQ		
		PSL_RES
PSL_REQ		
		Mute
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
PSL_REQ (~CRC)	$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	
		NA 4-





8.5.2.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.3 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ information PDU of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.3.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

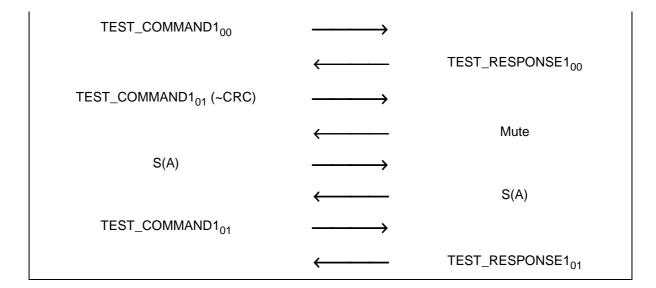
- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
- e) Execute scenario T 3 followed by scenario T 4.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

Scenario T 3: DEP_REQ information PDU, correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
	←	TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
	←	TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₀		
	←	TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₁

Scenario T 4: DEP_REQ information PDU, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀ (~CRC)		
		Mute
S(A)		
	←	S(A)
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁



8.5.3.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes for both scenarios.

8.5.4 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs with the "more information" bit set to ONE

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ information PDU with the "more information" bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

TEST_RESPONSE1₁₁

8.5.4.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.

TEST_COMMAND1₁₁

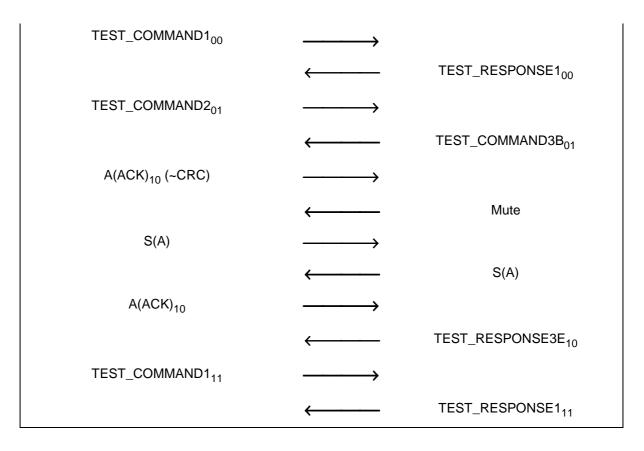
- e) Execute scenario T 5 followed scenario T 6.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the test scenarios.

Scenario T 5: DEP_REQ information PDU with more information bit set, correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND3B ₀₁		
	←	A(ACK) ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND3E ₁₀		
	←	TEST_RESPONSE3 ₁₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₁
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
00		TEST_RESPONSE100
TEST_COMMAND2 ₀₁	· ———	_ 00
Ç.		TEST_COMMAND3B ₀₁
A(ACK) ₁₀		
		TEST_ COMMAND3E ₁₀

Scenario T 6: DEP_REQ information PDU with more information bit set, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND3B ₀₁		
		A(ACK) ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND30 ₁₀ (~CRC)		
		Mute
S(A)		
		S(A)
TEST_COMMAND30 ₁₀		
		A(ACK) ₁₀
TEST_COMMAND3E ₁₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE3 ₁₁
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀



8.5.4.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.5 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ONE

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ with supervisory PDU with timeout bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.5.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
- e) Execute scenario T 7 followed by scenario T 8.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to scenarios.

Scenario T 7: DEP_REQ supervisory PDU with timeout bit set to ONE; correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND4 ₀₁	$\longrightarrow\hspace{0.5cm}$	
		S(TO)
S(TO)	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE4 ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₀

Scenario T 8: DEP_REQ supervisory PDU, timeout bit set, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND4 ₀₁		
		S(TO)
S(TO) (~CRC)		
		Mute
S(A)		
		S(A)
S(TO)		
		TEST_RESPONSE4 ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₀	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₀

8.5.5.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and both communication modes.

8.5.6 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ supervisory PDU with the timeout bit set to ZERO (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.6.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
- e) Execute scenario T 9 followed by scenario T 10.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

Scenario T 9: DEP_REQ supervisory PDU, timeout bit not set to ZERO, correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
S(A)		
		S(A)
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁

Scenario T 10: DEP_REQ supervisory PDU, timeout bit not set to ZERO, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
S(A) (~CRC)	──	
		Mute
S(A)		
		S(A)
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁

8.5.6.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.7 Handling of DSL_REQ

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DSL_REQ (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.7.1.3).

8.5.7.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
- e) Execute scenario T 11 followed scenario T 12.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

Scenario T 11: DSL_REQ, correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
DSL_REQ		
	←	DSL_RES
DSL_REQ		
		Mute

Scenario T 12: DSL_REQ, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
DSL_REQ (~CRC)		
		Mute
DSL_REQ	>	
		DSL_RES

8.5.7.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.8 Handling of RLS_REQ

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the RLS_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.7.2.3).

8.5.8.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to h) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
- e) Execute scenario T 13 followed scenario T 14.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.
- g) Perform activation for the selected communication mode and data rate.
- h) Send ATR_REQ and check valid ATR_RES from the DUT.

Scenario T 13: RLS_REQ, correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
RLS_REQ		
		RLS_RES
RLS_REQ		
		Mute

Scenario T 14: RLS_REQ, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
RLS_REQ (~CRC)		
	←	Mute
RLS_REQ		
	←	RLS_RES

8.5.8.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.9 Handling of WUP_REQ (Active communication Mode Only)

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the WUP_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.5.2.3).

8.5.9.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to g) for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps.

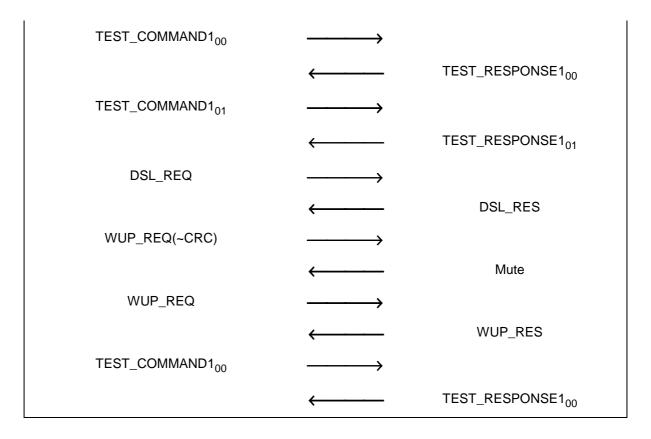
- a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
- b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
- c) Perform activation in Active communication Mode at the selected data rate.
- d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
- e) Execute scenario T 15 followed by scenario T 16.
- f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.
- g) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.

Scenario T 15: WUP_REQ, correct transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
	←	TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁
DSL_REQ		
		DSL_RES
WUP_REQ		
		WUP_RES
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀

Scenario T 16: WUP_REQ, erroneous transaction

Target-test-apparatus		DUT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	-	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁
DSL_REQ		
	←	DSL_RES
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₀	──	
	←	Mute
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
	←	Mute
WUP_REQ		
	←	WUP_RES
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀



8.5.9.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates.

9 Initiator test methods

9.1 Apparatus for testing the Initiator (Initiator-test-apparatus)

9.1.1 Initiator test apparatus concept

The Initiator-test-apparatus consists of two parts:

- The Upper Tester (UT) configures the Initiator and instructs the Initiator to send commands. The present document does not specify how the UT controls the DUT.
- The Lower Tester (LT) emulates the Target protocol, and includes a digital sampling oscilloscope for timing measurements.

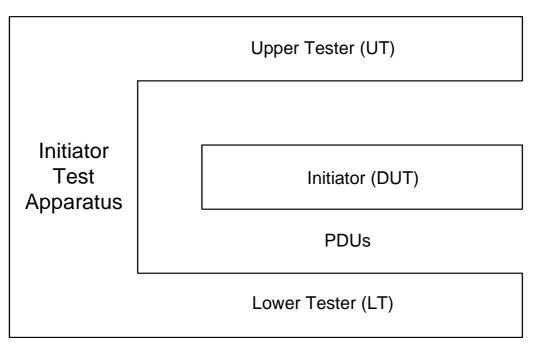


Figure 1: Initiator test apparatus concept

9.1.2 Protocol activation procedure for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps

Activate the LT by executing the following sequence:

- a) Set the LT in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
- b) Set the DUT in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps.
- c) Instruct the DUT to perform activation and SDD at 106 kbps.

9.1.3 Protocol activation procedures for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

Repeat the following sequence for the data rates of 212 kbps and 424 kbps:

- a) Set the LT in Passive communication Mode at the selected data rate.
- b) Set the DUT in Passive communication Mode at the selected data rate.
- c) Instruct the DUT to perform SDD at the selected data rate.

9.1.4 Protocol activation procedures for Active communication Mode

Repeat the following sequence for the data rates of 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps:

- a) Set the LT in Active communication Mode at the selected data rate.
- b) Set the DUT in Active communication Mode at the selected data rate.
- c) Instruct the DUT to perform Active communication Mode activation flow at selected data rate (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.3).

9.2 List of protocol test methods for Initiators

This clause lists all required protocol test methods for Initiators.

To test Initiators performing initialization and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps execute the PCD test methods as defined in ISO/IEC 10373-6 [3].

To test initiators performing initialization and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps execute the test methods in table 4.

Table 4: Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424kbps

Test method		Corresponding requirement	
Clause	Name	Base standard	Clause(s)
9.3.1	Frame format	ECMA-340 [1]	11.2.2.2
9.3.2	SDD at 212 kbps and 424 kbps	ECMA-340 [1]	11.2.2.3
			11.2.2.4

To test Initiators performing initialization in Active communication Mode execute the test methods in table 5.

Table 5: Activation in Active communication Mode

Test method		Corresponding requirement	
Clause	Name	Base standard	Clause(s)
9.4.1	Initial RF Collision Avoidance	ECMA-340 [1]	11.1.1
9.4.2	Response RF Collision Avoidance with time jitter	ECMA-340 [1]	11.1.2
	n = 0		

To test initiators using the transport protocol execute the test methods in table 6.

Table 6: Logical operation of the Initiator Transport Protocol

Test method		Corresponding requirement	
Clause	Name	Base standard	Clause(s)
9.5.1	Handling of ATR_RES	ECMA-340 [1]	12.5.1.3
9.5.2	Handling of PSL_RES	ECMA-340 [1]	12.5.3.3
9.5.3	Handling of DEP_RES information PDUs	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.2
9.5.4	Handling of DEP_RES Information PDU's with more information bit set to ONE	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.3
9.5.5	Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ONE	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.3
9.5.6	Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ZERO	ECMA-340 [1]	12.6.1.3
9.5.7	Handling of DSL_RES	ECMA-340 [1]	12.7.1.3
9.5.8	Handling of RLS_RES	ECMA-340 [1]	12.7.2.3

9.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

9.3.1 Frame format

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct frame format of the DUT at 212 kbps and 424 kbps (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.2.2.2).

9.3.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to d) for the 212 kbps and 424 kbps.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.3 with selected data rate.
- c) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid POL_REQ.
- d) Verify that the frame attributes are in accordance to ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.2.2.2.

9.3.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates.

9.3.2 SDD at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the POL_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clauses 11.2.2.3 and 11.2.2.4).

9.3.2.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to f) for all TSN values and for 212 kbps and 424 kbps data rates.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.3 with selected TSN and selected data rate.
- c) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid POL REQ.
- d) The LT answers with a POL_RES in the last allowed timeslot.
- e) Instruct the DUT to send ATR_REQ.
- f) The LT receives the ATR_REQ.

9.3.2.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates and all TSN values.

9.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

9.4.1 Initial RF Collision Avoidance

The purpose of this test is to verify the behaviour of the DUT during initial RF Collision Avoidance (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.1.1).

9.4.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to h) for the 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps data rates.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) The LT (field generating antenna) shall generate an RF-field. (Arrangement of test assembly can be found in ECMA-356 [2]).
- c) Ensure that the field strength at the DUT is at least H_{Threshold}.
- d) Execute clause 9.1.4 with selected data rate.
- e) The LT shall switch off its RF-field.
- f) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid ATR_REQ.
- g) Analyse the timing between the RF off of the LT and the RF on of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.1.1).
- h) Repeat steps a) to g) until all possible values for n of T_{RFG} are detected.

9.4.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates.

9.4.2 Response RF Collision Avoidance with time jitter n = 0

The purpose of this test is to verify the behaviour of the DUT during response RF Collision Avoidance with time jitter n = 0 (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.1.2).

9.4.2.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to g) for the 106 kbps, 212 kbps and 424 kbps data rates.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.4 with selected data rate.
- c) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid ATR_REQ.
- d) The LT answers with a valid ATR_RES.
- e) Instruct the DUT to send TEST_COMMAND1.
- f) The LT receives the TEST COMMAND1.
- g) Verify that the time between the RF off of the LT and the RF on of the DUT complies with ECMA-340 [1], clause 11.1.2.

9.4.2.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the timing is correct for all data rates.

9.5 Logical operation of the Transport Protocol

9.5.1 Handling of ATR_RES

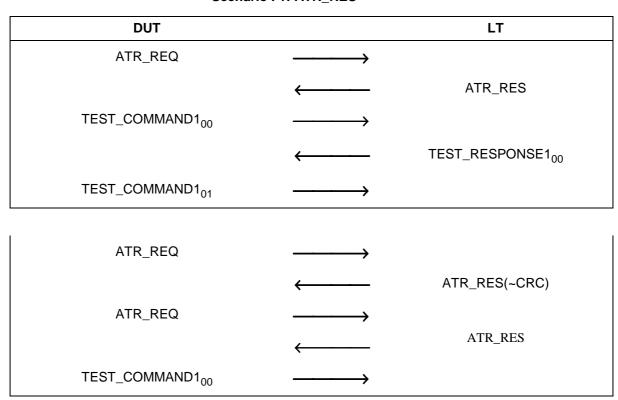
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the ATR_RES of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.5.1.3).

9.5.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to c) for all specified data rates, communication modes and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 1.

Scenario I 1: ATR RES



9.5.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.2 Handling of PSL_RES

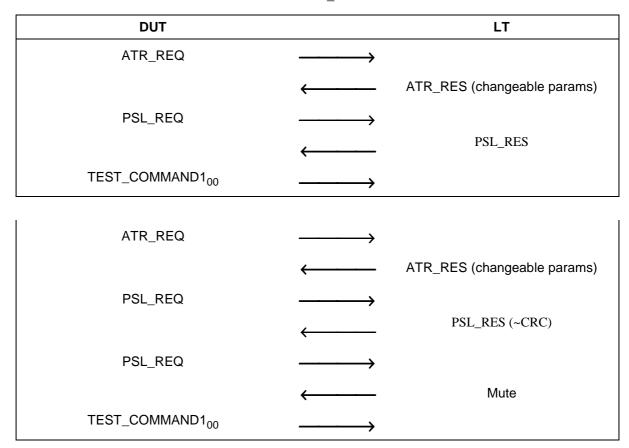
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the PSL_RES (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.5.3.3).

9.5.2.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to c) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 2.

Scenario I 2: PSL_RES



9.5.2.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.3 Handling of DEP_RES Information PDUs

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.2).

9.5.3.1 Procedure

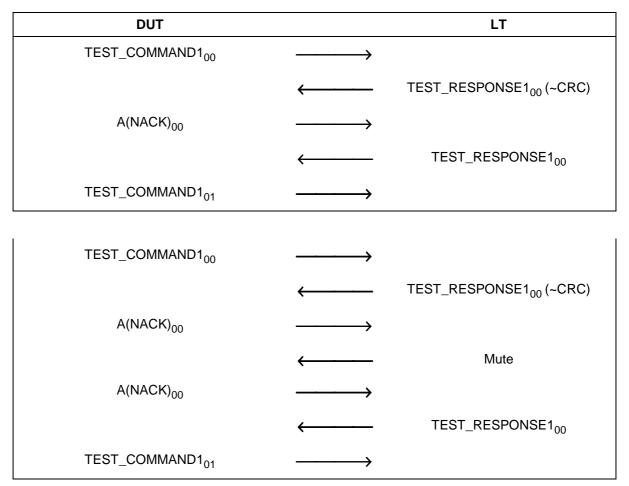
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 3.
- d) Execute scenario I 4.

Scenario I 3: DEP_RES information PDU, correct transaction

DUT		LT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁	──	
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₀	──	
	←	TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₁		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₁₁

Scenario I 4: DEP_RES information PDU, erroneous transaction



9.5.3.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.4 Handling of DEP_RES Information PDU's with more information bit set to ONE

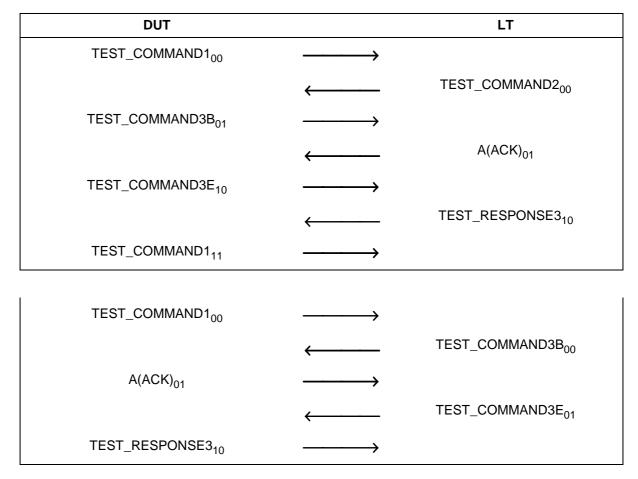
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES with information bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

9.5.4.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

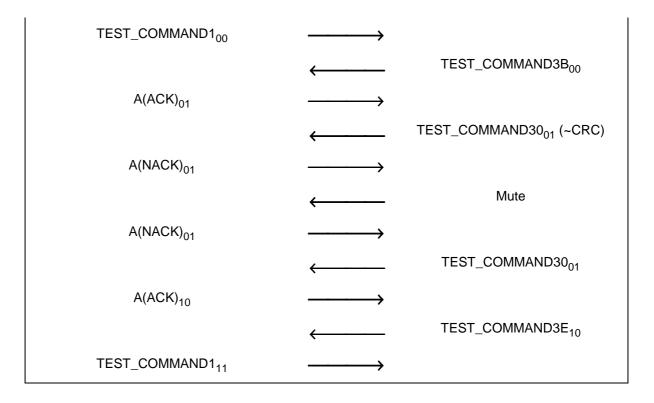
- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 5.
- d) Execute scenario I 6.

Scenario I 5: DEP_RES with more information bit set to ONE, correct transaction



Scenario I 6: DEP_RES with more information bit set to ONE, erroneous transaction

DUT		LT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		TEST_COMMAND3B ₀₀ (~CRC)
A(NACK) ₀₀		
		TEST_COMMAND3B ₀₀
A(ACK) ₀₁	$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	
		TEST_COMMAND3E ₀₁
TEST_RESPONSE3 ₁₀	>	
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
	←	TEST_COMMAND2 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND3B ₀₁	$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	
		A(ACK) ₀₁ (~CRC)
A(NACK) ₀₁	$\longrightarrow\hspace{-0.8cm}\longrightarrow$	
		A(ACK) ₀₁
TEST_COMMAND3E ₁₀		
		TEST_RESPONSE3 ₁₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₁₁	$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	



9.5.4.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.5 Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ONE

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES with supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

9.5.5.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 7.
- d) Execute scenario I 8.

TEST_RESPONSE1₀₀

Scenario I 7: DEP_RES with timeout bit set to ONE, correct transaction

DUT		LT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		S(TO)
S(TO)		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		

Scenario I 8: DEP RES with timeout bit set to ONE, erroneous transaction

DUT		LT
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀		
		S(TO) (~CRC)
A(NACK) ₀₀	>	
		S(TO)
S(TO)		
		TEST_RESPONSE1 ₀₀
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₁		
TEST_COMMAND1 ₀₀	─	
		S(TO) (~CRC)
A(NACK) ₀₀		
	←	Mute
A(NACK) ₀₀		
		S(TO)

9.5.5.2 Test report

S(TO)

TEST_COMMAND1₀₁

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.6 Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO

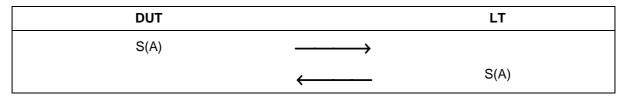
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES supervisory PDU with timeout bit set to ZERO (Attention) (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.6.1.3).

9.5.6.1 Procedure

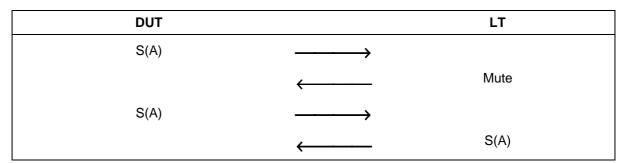
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 9.
- d) Execute scenario I 10.

Scenario I 9: DEP_RES with timeout bit set to ZERO, correct transaction



Scenario I 10: DEP_RES with timeout bit set to ZERO, erroneous transaction



9.5.6.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.7 Handling of DSL_RES

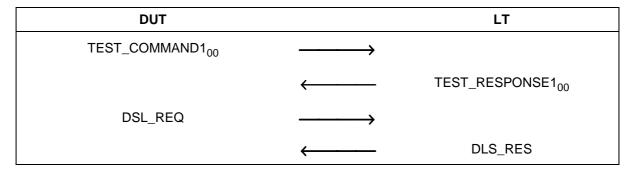
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DSL_RES of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.7.1.3).

9.5.7.1 Procedure

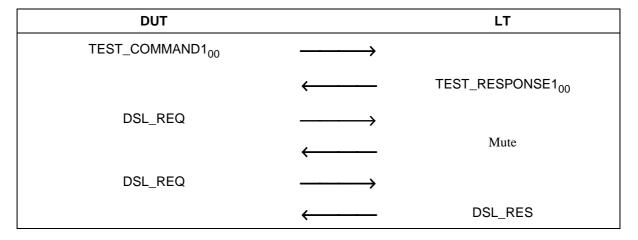
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 11.
- d) Execute scenario I 12.

Scenario I 11: DSL RES, correct transaction



Scenario I 12: DSL_RES, erroneous transaction



9.5.7.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.8 Handling of RLS_RES

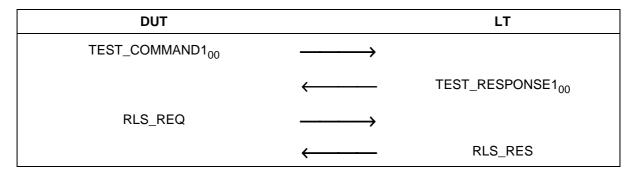
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the RLS_RES of the DUT (see ECMA-340 [1], clause 12.7.2.3).

9.5.8.1 Procedure

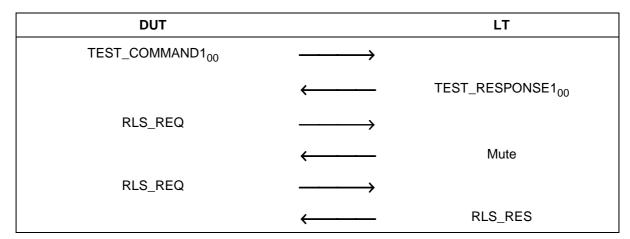
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

- a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
- b) Execute clause 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, clause 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps and clause 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
- c) Execute scenario I 13.
- d) Execute scenario I 14.

Scenario I 13: RLS RES, correct transaction



Scenario I 14: RLS_RES, erroneous transaction



9.5.8.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

Annex A (normative): Test report template for Target tests

Supplier:

Product:

Legend:

A: 106 kbps
A: 212 kbps
A: 212 kbps
A: 424 kbps
P: 106 kbps
P: 212kbps
P: 212kbps
P: 424 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 424 kbps

No	Command name	Description	Deta Hass
10 1		Description Description	Data Used
	TEST_COMMAND1	Default command used for test	
2	TEST_RESPONSE1	Default response used for TEST_COMMAND1	
3	TEST_COMMAND2	Default command used to force chaining	
4	TEST_COMMAND3	Default command using chaining. This command is divided in more than 1 part.	
5	TEST_RESPONSE3	Default response used for TEST_COMMAND3	
6	TEST_COMMAND4	Default command which forces Response Waiting Time at Target side	
7	TEST_RESPONSE4	Default response to TEST_COMMAND4 after Response Waiting Time has been processed.	
8	DID	Identifier used for tests	
)	NAD	Tested only if Target supports NAD	Yes / No
)	Chaining	Tested only if Target supports commands longer than 63 bytes	Yes / No

8.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps

No	Testname	Expected result according to ECMA-340	Reference clause in ECMA-340	Condition	Test results PASS/FAIL
1	8.3.1 Activation time	The test passes if the DUT responds in the time defined in ECMA-340.	11.2.2.3	P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps	
2	8.3.2 Frame format	The test passes if the Preamble, SYNC, Length and CRC are according to ECMA-340.	11.2.2.2	P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps	
3	8.3.3 SDD at 212 kbps and 424 kbps	The test passes if the data and the response time are according to ECMA-340.	11.2.2.4	P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps	

8.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

No	Testname	Expected result according to ECMA-340	Reference clause in ECMA-340	Condition	Test results PASS/FAIL
1	8.4.1 RF Collision Avoidance	The test passes if the DUT activates its RF	11.1.2	A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps	
		field as specified in ECMA-340.		A: 424 kbps	

No	Test name	Expected result	Reference clause in ECMA-340	Scenario number	Condition	Test results PASS/FAIL
1	8.5.1 Handling of ATR_REQ	The test passes if DUT behaves as	12.5.1.3.2	T 1	P: 106 kbps P: 212 kbps	
		described in the scenario.			P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps	
2	8.5.2 Handling	The test passes if	12.5.3.3.2	T 2	A: 212 kbps A: 424 kbps P: 106 kbps	
_	of PSL_REQ	DUT behaves as described in the scenario.	12.0.0.0.2		P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps	
3	8.5.3 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs	The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.	12.6.1.3	T 3 T 4	A: 424 kbps P: 106 kbps P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps	
4	8.5.4 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs with the "more	The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.	12.6.1.3	T 5 T 6	A: 424 kbps P: 106 kbps P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps	
5	information" bit set to ONE 8.5.5 Handling	The test passes if	12.6.1.3	T 7	A: 424 kbps P: 106 kbps	
0	of DEP_REQ supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ONE	DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.		Т8	P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps A: 424 kbps	
6	8.5.6 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO	The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.	12.6.1.3	T 9 T 10	P: 106 kbps P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps A: 424 kbps	
7	8.5.7 Handling of DSL_REQ	The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.	12.7.1.3	T 11 T 12	P: 106 kbps P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps A: 424 kbps	
8	8.5.8 Handling of RLS_REQ	The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.	12.7.2.3	T 13 T 14	P: 106 kbps P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps A: 424 kbps	
9	8.5.9 Handling of WUP_REQ (Active communication Mode Only)	The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.	12.7.2.3	T 15 T 16	A: 106 kbps A: 212 kbps A: 424 kbps	

Annex B (normative): Test report template for Initiator tests

Supplier:

Product:

Legend:

A: 106 kbps
A: 212 kbps
A: 212 kbps
A: 424 kbps
A: 424 kbps
P: 106 kbps
P: 212kbps
P: 212kbps
P: 424 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
Passive communication Mode at 424 kbps

Commands and ID definitions used for protocol tests				
No	Command name	Description	Data Used	
1	TEST_COMMAND1	Default command used for test		
2	TEST_RESPONSE1	Default response used for TEST_COMMAND1		
3	TEST_COMMAND2	Default command used to force chaining		
4	TEST_COMMAND3	Default command using chaining. This command is divided in more than 1 part.		
5	TEST_RESPONSE3	Default response used for TEST_COMMAND3		
6	TEST_COMMAND4	Default command which forces Response Waiting Time at Target side		
7	TEST_RESPONSE4	Default response to TEST_COMMAND4 after Response Waiting Time has been processed.		
8	DID	Identifier used for tests		
9	NAD	Tested only if the Initiator uses NAD	Yes / No	
10	Chaining	Tested only if the Initiator supports commands longer than 63 bytes	Yes / No	

9.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps and 424 kbps						
No	Testname	Expected result according to ECMA-340	Reference clause in ECMA-340	Condition	Test results PASS/FAIL	
1	9.3.1 Frame format	If the Preamble, SYNC, Length and CRC are according to ECMA-340 the test is passed.	11.2.2.2	P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps		
2	9.3.2 SDD at 212 kbps and 424 kbps	The test passes if the data and the response time are according to ECMA-340.	11.2.2.3 11.2.2.4	P: 212 kbps P: 424 kbps		

9.4 Activation in Active communication Mode						
No	Testname	Expected result according to ECMA-340	Reference clause in ECMA-340	Condition	Test results PASS/FAIL	
1	9.4.1 Initial RF	The test passes if the	11.1.2	A: 106 kbps		
	Collision	DUT activates its RF		A: 212 kbps		
	Avoidance	field as specified in ECMA-340.		A: 424 kbps		

No	Test name	Expected result	Reference clause in ECMA-340	Scenario number	Condition	Test results PASS/FAIL
1	9.5.1 Handling	The test passes if	12.5.1.3	I 1	P: 106 kbps	
	of ATR_RES	DUT behaves as			P: 212 kbps	
		described in the			P: 424 kbps	
		scenario.			A: 106 kbps	
					A: 212 kbps	
					A: 424 kbps	
2	9.5.2 Handling	The test passes if	12.5.3.3	12	P: 106 kbps	
	of PSL_RES	DUT behaves as			P: 212 kbps	
		described in the			P: 424 kbps	
		scenario.			A: 106 kbps	
					A: 212 kbps	
					A: 424 kbps	
3	9.5.3 Handling	The test passes if	12.6.1.2	13	P: 106 kbps	
	of DEP_RES	DUT behaves as		I 4	P: 212 kbps	
	Information	described in the			P: 424 kbps	
	PDUs	scenarios.			A: 106 kbps	
					A: 212 kbps	
					A: 424 kbps	
4	9.5.4 Handling	The test passes if	12.6.1.3	15	P: 106 kbps	
	of DEP_RES	DUT behaves as		16	P: 212 kbps	
	Information	described in the			P: 424 kbps	
	PDU's with more	scenarios.			A: 106 kbps	
	information bit set to ONE				A: 212 kbps	
		-	10010		A: 424 kbps	
5	9.5.5 Handling	The test passes if	12.6.1.3	17	P: 106 kbps	
	of DEP_RES	DUT behaves as		18	P: 212 kbps	
	supervisory PDU's with	described in the scenarios.			P: 424 kbps	
	timeout bit set to	Scenarios.			A: 106 kbps	
	ONE				A: 212 kbps	
		The test passes if	40.04.0	1.0	A: 424 kbps	
6	9.5.6 Handling of DEP_RES	The test passes if DUT behaves as	12.6.1.3	19	P: 106 kbps	
	supervisory	described in the		I 10	P: 212 kbps	
	PDUs with	scenarios.			P: 424 kbps A: 106 kbps	
	timeout bit set to	Socriarios.			A: 212 kbps	
	ZERO					
7	9.5.7 Handling	The test passes if	12.7.1.3	I 11	A: 424 kbps P: 106 kbps	
,	of DSL_RES	DUT behaves as	12.7.1.3	112	P: 212 kbps	
	OI DOL_INEO	described in the		112	P: 424 kbps	
		scenarios.			A: 106 kbps	
					A: 212 kbps	
					A: 424 kbps	
8	9.5.8 Handling	The test passes if	12.7.2.3	I 13	P: 106 kbps	
J	of RLS_RES	DUT behaves as	. 2.7 . 2.0	I 14	P: 212 kbps	
	J. 1125_1120	described in the		'''	P: 424 kbps	
		scenarios.			A: 106 kbps	
					A: 212 kbps	
					A: 424 kbps	1

History

Document history		
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