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Technical Specification

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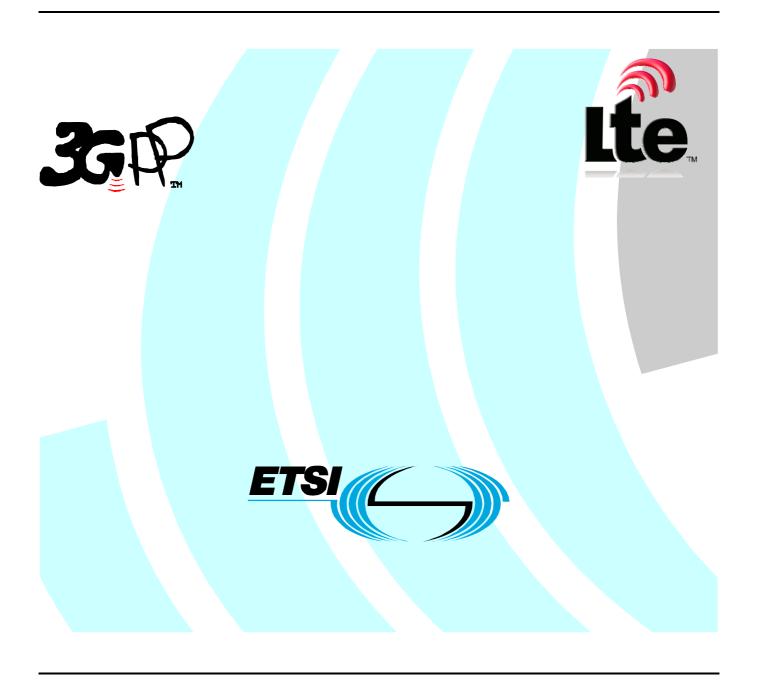
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#### **Foreword**

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### Introduction

This clause is optional. If it exists, it is always the second unnumbered clause.

# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the AoC framework for relevant events, sessions, and services. The 3GPP umbrella charging architecture and principles are defined in 3GPP TS 32.240 [1].

The AoC framework detailed herein provides for both offline and online charging models. It specifies the following:

- The AoC architecture.
- The common principles that govern AoC.
- The AoC function that enables the IMS AoC framework.
- Exemplary message flows.
- AoC interface data description.

All terms, definitions and abbreviations used in the present document, that are common across 3GPP TSs, are defined in the 3GPP Vocabulary, TR 21.905 [100]. Those that are common across charging management in 3GPP network, services or subsystems are provided in the umbrella document TS 32.240 [1] and may be copied into clause 3 of the present document for ease of reading. Finally, those items that are specific to the present document are defined exclusively in the present document.

Requirements that govern the AoC work are specified in 3GPP TS 22.115 [101].

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

| [1]          | 3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Architecture and Principles".                     |
|--------------|--|
| [2] – [19]   | Void   |
| [20]         | 3GPP TS 32.260: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) charging".                   |
| [21]         | 3GPP TS 32.275: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; MultiMedia Telephony (MMTel) charging.                     |
| [22] – [49]  | Void   |
| [50]         | 3GPP TS 32.299: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Diameter charging application".                            |
| [51]         | 3GPP TS 32.298: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) parameter description".         |
| [52]         | Void   |
| [53]         | 3GPP TS 32.296: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Online Charging System (OCS) applications and interfaces". |
| [54] - [99]  | Void   |
| [100]        | 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".  |
| [101]        | 3GPP TS 22.115 "Service aspects; Charging and billing".  |
| [102]- [199] | Void.  |
| [200]- [202] | Void.  |
| [203]        | 3GPP TS 22.024: "Description of Charge Advice Information (CAI)".  |
| [204]        | 3GPP TS 22.086: "Advice of Charge (AoC) supplementary services - Stage 1".   |
| [205]        | 3GPP TS 23.086: "AoC Supplementary Service, Stage 2".  |
| [206]        | 3GPP TS 24.086: "AoC Supplementary Service, Stage 3".  |
| [207]        | 3GPP TS 23.078: "Customized Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic (CAMEL); Stage 2".                                  |
| [208]        | 3GPP TS 24.647: "Advice Of Charge (AOC) using IP Multimedia (IM) Core; Network (CN) subsystem".                                |
| [209]        | 3GPP TS 29.658: "SIP Transfer of IP Multimedia Service Tariff Information; Protocol specification".                            |

- [210] 3GPP TS 24.229: "IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
- [211] 3GPP TS 29.364: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Application Server (AS) service data descriptions for AS interoperability".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [100].

**Advice of Charge (AoC):** The Advice of Charge (AoC) supplementary service provides AoC Information to the served user for information (AoCI) or for charging (AoCC) related to a corresponding event, session or usage of a service. The AoC service may be delivered prior to, during or after the service delivery.

**AoC for Information (AoCI):** An AoC supplementary service where the provided information is non-binding. I.e. the provided information is an estimation of the service cost and/or tariff. The provided information and the actual charges may differ.

**AoC for Charging (AoCC):** An AoC supplementary service where the provided information is binding. I.e. the provided information must correspond to the actual charges.

**AoC** at communication set-up time (AOC-S): An AoC supplementary service provided at communication establishment and/or at tariff switch time. The provided information includes Tariff Information for the requested service.

**AoC during the communication (AOC-D):** An AoC supplementary service provided during the communication at predefined triggering conditions. The provided information includes accumulated Cost Information for the ongoing usage.

**AoC** at the end of communication (AOC-E): An AoC supplementary service provided when the communication is released. The provided information includes the total accumulated cost.

Charge Advice information (CAI): CAI elements as described in TS 22.024 [203].

Tariff: set of parameters defining the applied charges for the use of a particular bearer / session / service.

Cost: monetary amount that a user has to pay for the use of a particular bearer / session / service

**Add-on charge:** additional charge on top of the current tariff. An add-on charge can either be metered in non-monetary units (e.g. meter pulse) or in monetary-units (e.g. currency).

**Auxiliary Advice of Charge Function (AACF):** An AACF provides Tariff and/or Cost Information for the requested service. The AACF resides outside of the local AoC Function and the Charging Domain.

Note: In this release, the AACF is considered as CDP for AoCI purpose. CDP is defined in TS29.658 [209]. The terms AACF and CDP may change in the future as a result of possible addition of charging capabilities.

Charge Determination Point (CDP): Defined in ETSI ES 201.296.

Editor"s note: Terminology needs to be clarified and aligned with 3GPP TS 22.115 [101] and TS 29.658 [209].

Editor"s note: Terminology used in message flows should be aligned with definitions used above.

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

Symbol format

Bi Reference point for the CDR file transfer from the IMS CGF to the BD.

ISC ISC interface between the S-CSCF and the IMS-GWF

Rf Offline Charging Reference Point between an IMS Network Entity or an AS and the CDF Ro Online Charging Reference Point between an AS, MRFC or the IMS-GWF and the OCS

<24.647> Reference point between UE and P-CSCF as defined in TS 24.647 [208]

<29.658> Reference point between IBCF/MGCF and the external network as defined in TS 29.658 [209]

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [100] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [100].

AACF Auxiliary AoC Function

ACF AoC Function
AoC Advice of Charge

AoC-S AoC at communication Set-up time
AoC-D AoC During the communication
AoC-E AoC at the End of the communication

AoCI AoC for Information
AoCC AoC for Charging

CAI Charge Advice Information
CCF Charging Collection Function
CCR Credit Control Request
CDF Charging Data Function
CDP Charging Determination Point
CGF Charging Gateway Function
CPC Calling Party Category

CSCF Call Session Control Function (I-Interrogating; P-Proxy; and S-Serving)

ECUR Event Charging with Unit Reservation

HSS Home Subscriber Server

IBCF Interconnection Border Control Function

IEC Immediate Event Charging
IMS-GWF IMS Gateway Function
ISC IMS Service Control

MGCF Media Gateway Control Function

OCS Online Charging System
OFCS Offline Charging System

RTTI Realtime Transfer of Tariff Information SCUR Session Charging with Unit Reservation

UE User Equipment

#### 4 Architecture Considerations

Editor"s note: This chapter should consider the Advice of Charge (AoC) requirement described in TS 22.115.

# 4.1 High level AoC aspects

Advice of Charge (AoC) is a user-specific supplementary service which provides AoC information to the UE in real-time. It contains cost and/or tariff for the requested service, which may be provided either in monetary format (e.g. 0,10 €) or non-monetary format (e.g. 10 charging units).

Depending on the AoC service obligatory type (AoCI or AoCC), the provided information is either non-binding or binding. AoCI provides an estimation of the service cost and/or tariff which may deviate from the actual charges. In contrast to AoCI, AoCC is binding and must correspond to the actual charges (e.g. corresponding bill position or amount which is deducted from the prepaid account).

The AoC service type depends on the following triggering events: AoC-S occurs at communication establishment and/or at tariff switch time. AoC-D is sent to the user during the communication, depending on predefined triggering conditions (e.g. to provide accumulated cost for the ongoing usage every 5 seconds). AoC-E provides the total accumulated cost of the service when the communication is released.

Any combination of the AoC service obligatory type and the service type may co-exist.

Online Charging and Offline Charging and AoC services are mutually independent from the end user perspective.

The AoC Information may be based on Tariff Information from a local charging system, e.g. from an Online Charging System (OCS). Additionally, Tariff or Cost Information may be received from an external network or service provider in real time according to the Real time Transfer of Tariff Information protocol defined in TS 29.658 [209]. This situation can occur in case of interconnection scenarios or 3rd party services like Service 0900. Depending on the local charging system indication, it may be decided whether external Tariff Information is either rejected or processed to create the AoC Information.

The selection of tariffs can be conditioned on any parameter defined in the charging information requirements mentioned in 3GPP TS 22.115 [101]. The selection of tariffs may also be dependent upon and not limited to the Calling Party Category (CPC) defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [210], the user balances, consumed resource prior or within the session, discounts, benefits or any other commercial agreement that the user is engaged with the service provider.

AoC-related subscription status and user profiles are stored in the HSS. The AoC-related user profiles contain the following information:

- AoC service obligatory type (AoCI or AoCC)
- AoC service type (any combination of AoC-S, AoC-D, and AoC-E),
- AoC configuration and preferences

Details are described in 6.4..

#### 4.2. AoC in GSM network architecture

The CAMEL feature (Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic) is described in TS 22.078.

The Charge Advice Information (CAI) is described in TS 22.024, TS 22.086, TS 23.086 and TS 24.086.

# 4.3. AoC in IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) architecture

The IMS Charging Architecture is described in TS 32.260 [20]. Figure 4.3.1 shows the specific part of the IMS charging architecture that handles AoC.

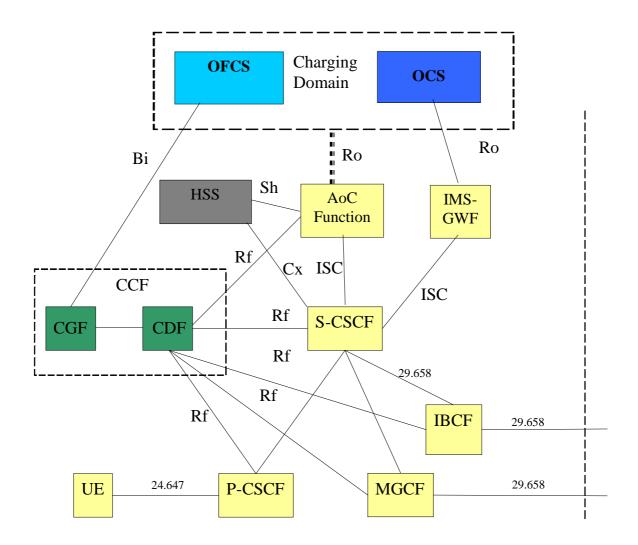


Figure 4.3.1: IMS AoC architecture

Figure 4.3.1 shows functional entities that are not directly involved in AoC, but completes the picture with affected interfaces. TS 24.647 [208] specifies the AoC information transferred to the UE via involved IMS functional entities. TS 29.658 [209] specifies the procedures for the realtime transfer of charging information in interconnection scenarios.

The AoC Function (ACF) requests the AoC-related subscription and formatting parameters from the HSS via Sh. Additionally, filter criteria for ACF triggering may also be retrieved from the HSS by a CSCF via Cx.

The AoC Function obtains tariff information from the charging domain via Ro or the AoC function may have local Tariff information available (see section 4.3.1.1). See the AoC interfaces for details.

Note: The AoC function may be unified with the IMS-GW function in online charging.

Editor"s note: The relationship between IMS-GWF and AoC Function in IMS offline charging is FFS.

#### 4.3.1 AoC Functional entities

#### 4.3.1.1 AoC Function

The AoC Function is a logical functional entity that provides AoC information. It includes the following functions:

- Receive and or obtain cost / tariff data from various sources:
  - Charging domain
  - o External tariff received from an AACF in real time (TS 29.658 [209])
  - o Localy configured data (valid only for AoCI service)
- AoC data determination reworks and arbitrates how to combine the incoming tariff / cost sources.
   Note: This must be done through consultation with the charging domain in the AoCC service and can be done locally at the AoC function for AoCI service
- Transform the AoC data into the corresponding output message format for presentation.

Note: In this release, the ACF is considered as CGP for AoCI purpose. The CGP is defined in TS29.658 [209]. The terms ACF and CGP may change in the future as a result of possible addition of charging capabilities.

Note: External tariff received in real time (according to TS 29.658 [209]) is not supported for AoCC service in this release.

#### 4.3.2 AoC interfaces

AoC has the following interfaces:

Sh – for obtaining AoC-related subscription and formatting parameters from the HSS.

ISC – for receiving RTTI from Auxiliary AoC Function and for providing the AoC information to the UE. Ro / Re – for obtaining tariff and cost information; Ro MUST be used for providing AoCC service and may be used for AoCI services.

Editor"s note: New tariff information format may be needed for interaction with the IMS-GW and are ffs.

Auxiliary AoC functionality (AACF) can be embodied in external nodes such as:

- Application Server
- Charging Determination Point (CDP) in a PSTN network
- SIP node in another IMS domain

Figure 4.3.2.1 shows possible locations of Auxiliary AoC Functional nodes interacting with IMS AoC Function.

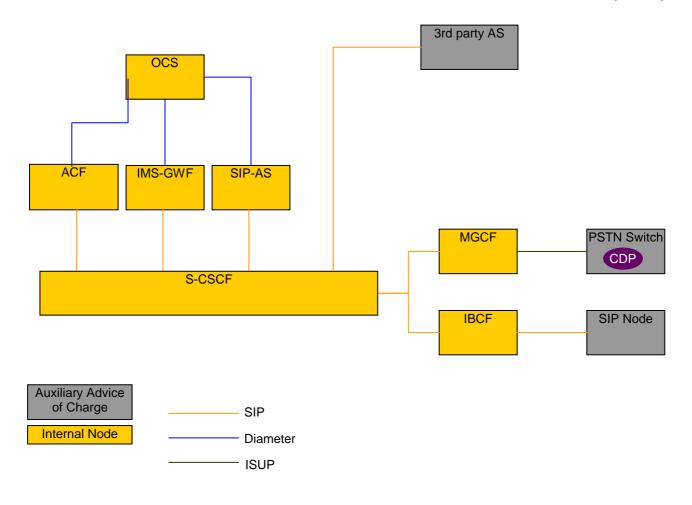


Figure 4.3.2.1: Logical AoC architecture with Auxiliary AoC Function

Editor"s note: New interfaces needed or impacted existing interfaces are ffs.

# 4.3.3 AoC interworking with other features

#### 4.3.3.1 AoC and offline charging

For scenarios where the ACF is interworking with the offline charging feature and the service obligatory type is AoCI estimating cost and/or tariff information may be performed using any of the following methods:

- Local determination using offline synchronization of tariff information The AoC function may synchronize out of band the tariff information from the charging domain. In this case, the AoC function will need to have an independent rating function.
- Interactively via the OFCS through Ro AoC function may obtain the tariff information interactively from the OFCS.

• Interactively via the OCS through Ro - Offline subscribers can be perceived as online subscribers with unlimited balance (or very high balance that practically implies that). This approach enables the ACF to have unified flow of messages for offline and online subscribers in providing AoC information.

For scenarios where the ACF is interworking with the offline charging feature and the service obligatory type is AoCC determing cost and/or tariff information must be via the OCS through Ro.

NOTE: Offline Charging (Rf) messages generated by the ACF for AoC-related supplementary service CDRs are FFS.

#### 4.3.3.2 AoC and online charging

For scenarios where the ACF is interworking with the online charging feature and the service obligatory type is AoCI estimating cost and/or tariff information may be performed using any of the following methods:

- Local determination using offline synchronization of tariff information The AoC function may synchronize out of band the tariff information from the charging domain. In this case, the AoC function will need to have an independent rating function.
- Interactively via the OCS through Ro.

For scenarios where the ACF is interworking with the online charging feature and the service obligatory type is AoCC, determing cost and/or tariff information must be via the OCS through Ro.

Note: The OCS has a rating function, performs correlations and calculates the costs. The OCS is responsible to determine the final cost of the service. Hence the OCS results MUST be used for AoCC service (obtained through Ro).

For calculating the actual cost when the tariff / charge is determined by 3rd party, the OCS needs to obtain the 3rd party tariff / add-on charge in real time. The AoC function is responsible for obtaining the tariff / charge information and translating it into the appropriate CCR in the Ro. The OCS may take further considerations as of the actual cost (e.g. add on charges, discounts).

Note: Therefore it is highly recommended that the AoC function and the IMS-GW functions will be unified at least for the online subscriptions.

#### 4.3.3.3 AoC and Realtime Transfer of Tariff Information

The AoC service shall receive the tariff or cost provided in real time by the external network or service provider (e.g. interconnection scenarios or 3rd party services), according to TS 29.658 [209]. The AoC information provided to the UE may take the provided information into consideration.

Note: This feature is valid only for AoCI service in this release.

Editor"s note: Should be synchronized with chapter 5.4.1. The whole close might be restructured else in the complete document.

# 5 AoC Principles and Flows

# 5.1 Common Charge Advice Principles

Editor"s note: This subclause should contain the comparison of GSM-AoC and Inter-connect-AoC.

# 5.2 AoC in GSM networks (CAI description)

The Charge Advice Information (CAI) is described in TS 22.024, TS 22.086, TS 23.086 and TS 24.086.

#### 5.3 AoC in IMS

#### 5.3.1 Basic Principles and definitions

AoC uses the Diameter Credit Control application that is specified in 3GPP TS 32.299 [50].

AoC information can be provided in two cases:

- AoC Enquiry An independent request with no credit control implications
- CCR In conjunction with the credit control requests IEC, ECUR, SCUR

In the ECUR & SCUR, the Advise of charge is supported as part of the *CC-Request-Type*(s) INITIAL\_REQUEST, UPDATE\_REQUEST and TERMINATION\_REQUEST.

Both stage 2 and stage 3 mechanisms for the three cases for online charging are detailed in TS 32.299 [50].

# 5.3.2 Message Flows and Types for Offline Charging

The message flows in this chapter are based on the signalling flows specified in TS 24.647 [208].

The basic IMS session establishment for a user registered to AoC service(s) is depicted in the annex B. This basic call-flow will help describing in the future the message flows for AoC-S, AoC-D, AoC-E and also including cases where information are received from RTTI messages.

NOTE: The detailed AoC call-flows are FFS.

5.3.2.1 Successful Session Establishment: AoC-S with AoC information in reliable 1xx response (originating side)

The following figure 5.3.2.1.1 shows the transactions for the successful delivery of the AoC information in 1xx response to the originating subscriber during session establishment originated by a UE.

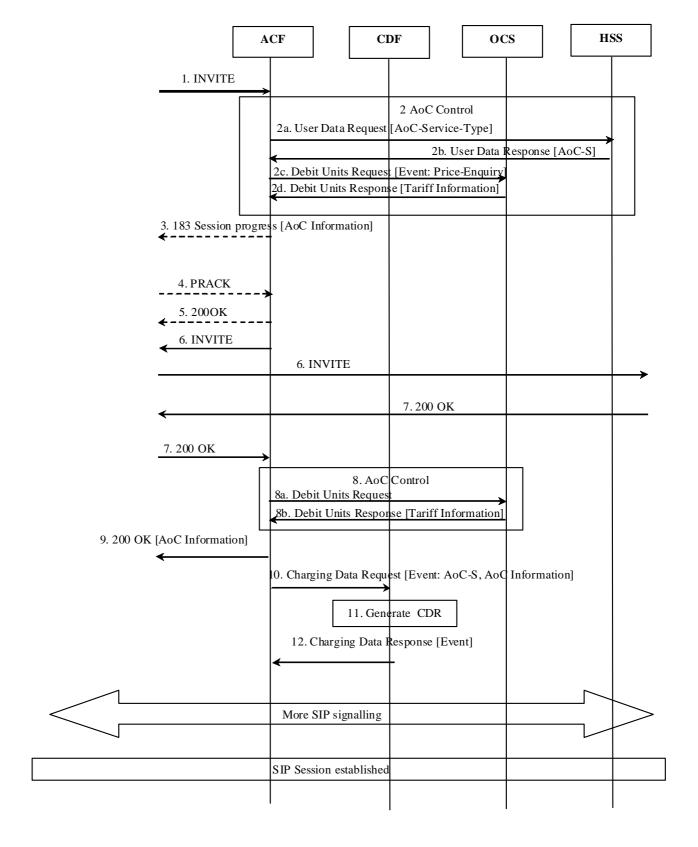


Figure 5.3.2.1.1: Message Sequence Chart for Session Establishment (1xx Response) with AoC-S

- 1) An initial SIP Invite Request is received in the S-CSCF. This request is forwarded to the AoC Function.
- 2) The AoC Function received the AoC Type = [AoC-S] and queries the OCS for Tariff Information.
- 3) The AoC-S information is included in SIP 183 response.
- 4) The UE acknowledges the SIP 183 with PRACK.
- 5) AoC Function responses with SIP 200OK.
- 6) The SIP Invite Request is received in the S-CSCF and forwards this request.
- 7) The S-CSCF receives the SIP 200 OK response and forwards this response.
- 8) The AoC Function queries the OCS and maps the Tariff Information into the AoC Information for further proceeding.
- 9) The ACF inserts the AoC-S information in the SIP 200 OK response, and the S-CSCF forwards it towards UF
- 10) The ACF sends a Charging Data Request with AoC service type and AoC Information indicating EVENT\_RECORD to the CDF.
- 11) The CDF generates the ACF-CDR to record the AoC service type and AoC Information.
- 12) The CDF acknowledges the reception of the Charging Data Response.

#### 5.3.2.2 Mid-session procedure: AoC-S with AoC information in an INFO request

The following figure 5.3.2.2.1 shows the transactions for the successful delivery of the AoC information to the originating subscriber when a tariff change is detected by AoC Function.

Note: This case is relevant when AoC-S is activated.

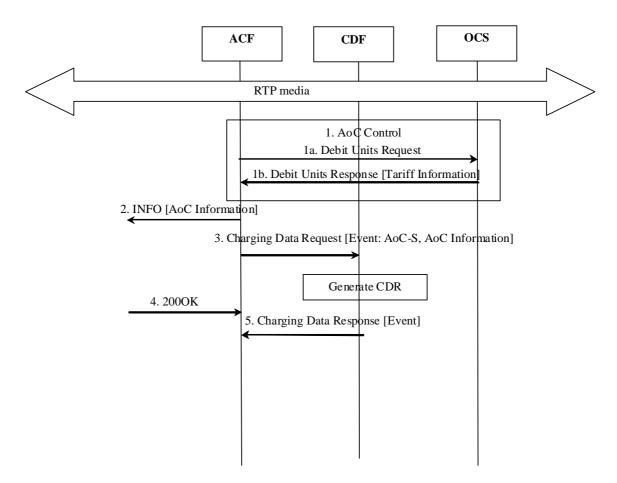


Figure 5.3.2.2.1: Message Sequence Chart for mid-session procedure with AoC-S

- 1) The AoC Function detects that tariff is changed and queries the OCS for Tariff Information.
- 2) SIP INFO request is send with AoC-S information.
- 3) The ACF sends a Charging Data Request with AoC service type and AoC Information indicating EVENT\_RECORD to the CDF.
- 4) SIP 200OK is received.
- 5) The CDF acknowledges the reception of the Charging Data Response and generates the ACF-CDR.

### 5.3.2.3 Session Release: AoC-E – Originating Party Clears

The following figure 5.3.2.3.1 shows the transactions for the successful delivery of the AoC information to the originating subscriber when session is released by originating party.

Note: This case is relevant also when AoC-D is activated.

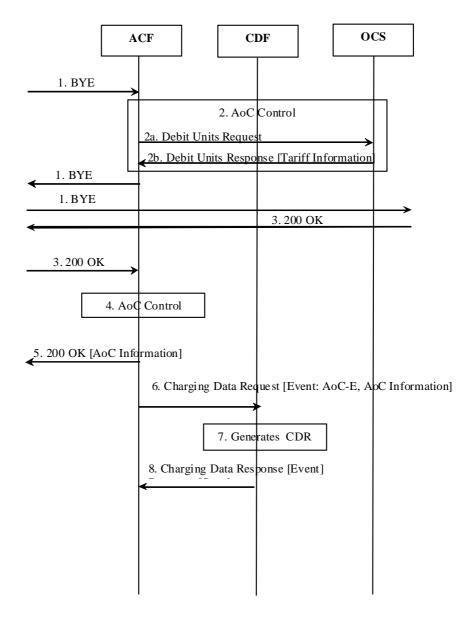


Figure 5.3.2.3.1: Message Sequence Chart for Session Release Originating Party Clears

- A SIP session is released by sending a SIP BYE message. The S-CSCF forwards this message to the ACF and forwards this request.
- 2) The AoC Function received the AoC Type = [AoC-E] and queries the OCS for Tariff Information.
- 3) The S-CSCF receives the 200 OK response and forwards this response.
- 4) The AoC Function maps the Tariff Information into the AoC Information for further proceeding.
- 5) The ACF inserts the AoC-S information in the SIP 200 OK response, and the S-CSCF forwards it towards UE
- 6) The ACF sends a Charging Data Request with AoC service type and AoC Information indicating EVENT\_RECORD to the CDF.
- 7) The CDF generates the ACF-CDR to record the AoC service type and AoC Information.
- 8) The CDF acknowledges the reception of the Charging Data Response.

### 5.3.2.4 Session Release: AoC-E – Terminating party clears

The following figure 5.3.2.4.1 shows the transactions for the successful delivery of the AoC information to the originating subscriber when session is released by terminating party.

Note: This case is relevant also when AoC-D is activated.

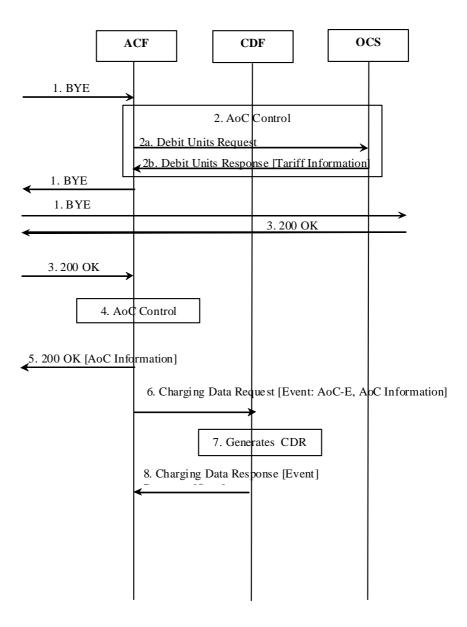


Figure 5.3.2.4.1: Message Sequence Chart for Session Release Terminating Party Clears

- A SIP session is released by sending a SIP BYE message. The S-CSCF forwards this message to the AoC Function.
- 2) The AoC Function gueries the OCS and converts the Tariff Information to AoC Information for AoC-E.
- Upon receiving the BYE message, the AoC Function forwards the SIP BYE request to the UE. AoC information is included.
- 4) The ACF sends a Charging Data Request with AoC service type and AoC Information indicating EVENT\_RECORD to the CDF.
- 5) The CDF generates the ACF-CDR to record the AoC service type and AoC Information.
- 6) The CDF acknowledges the reception of the Charging Data Response.
- 7) The final answer to the BYE message is forwarded

#### 5.4 AoC in Inter-connected

#### 5.4.1 Principles

Editor"s note: This chapter should consider the description for SIP transfer of Charging Information (chapter 4) of TS 29.658 [209].

#### 5.4.2 Scenarios

Editor"s note: This chapter should consider the AoC in Interconnection scenarios (Annex ZB) of TS 24.647 [208].

### 5.4.3 Message flows

Editor"s note: This chapter should consider the description for Signalling Flows (Annex A) of TS 29.658 [209].

### 6 Definition of AoC Information

The following chapters describe an overall AoC Information model that enables the modelling of the various data flowing to and from the AoC Function (ACF). The model is followed by a data structure to be used in the Ro and the Rf reference points. Suggested data mapping to the model is provided in the informative Annex B.

# 6.1 AoC Information model principles

The AoC Information model is a logical representation of the AoC data internal to the AoC Function (ACF).

The AoC Information model has to adhere to the following principles:

- CAI element mapping ability The model shall allow the mapping of CAI elements into AoC tariff (according to TS 22.024 [203]).
- UE AoC data mapping ability The AoC information model shall allow the mapping of AoC into UE format (according to TS 24.647 [208])
- NNI data mapping ability Be able to map incoming real time tariff information (RTTI) (according to TS 29.658 [209]) into the AoC information model
- Diameter protocol data mapping ability The ability to map Diameter based requests / responses (in TS 32.299 [50]) to the AoC information model. i.e.:
  - o Input: Service Identifier The model shall allow the Charging Domain selecting tariffs based on the Service-Identifier for Offline and Online Charging.
  - Input: Service Units The model shall allow representing tariffs based on all Requested-Service-Units for Online Charging
  - Output: Cost Information The model shall allow representing determined charges by the Charging Domain in Cost information for Offline and Online Charging.
  - Output: Ro data mapping ability Be able to map information by the Charging Domain into the AoC information model.
- Inter Operator Tariff schemes support The AoC Information model shall support inter operators tariffs (based on TS 22.115 [101]); i.e. absolute add on charges and relative add on charges.
- AoC types accommodate all AoC service types and AoC service obligatory type data.

#### 6.2 AoC Information model

The Aoc Information heading denotes the AoC obligatory type.

AoC Information comprises of two parts:

- the Cost Information e.g. AoC related accumulated and/or incremental cost;
- the Tariff Information for the requested service to be applied onward. A tariff switch time can occur. The tariff in effect after the switch time can be added to the model.

The following figure depicts the AoC Information model.

The Tariff Information contains the current Tariff and may optionally denote the anticipated Tariff after a Tariff Switch Time.

The Tariff Information may be related to a tariff given by a 3<sup>rd</sup> party provider. The Tariff may add adional tariff, change currency or place a markup (or discount) on top of the 3<sup>rd</sup> party provider Tariff. Thus Tariff Information can be chained numerouse of times, based on the business value chain.

Each Tariff defines a Currency Code for monetary tariffs or none when the tariff is metered in non monetary units.

A Tariff may be defined by using multi dimentional rating elements. Each dimention is identified through the Unit Type. Any combination of rating elemens can be provided. No rating elements are provided in case of a tariff which is related to 3<sup>rd</sup> part provider tariff as depicted above.

Each rating element is comprised of the Unit Type that describes the units to be measured, the number of units (Unit Value), what is the cost (Cost Value) associated of consuming this number of units and for how many units this rate is applicable (Unit Threshold). Chaining rating elements of the same dimention is possible, as long as a Unit Threshold is provide. The last rating element in the chain may be provided without a Unit Threshold. A rating element without a Unit Threshold denotes that the rate is applicable as long as the Tariff is in effect.

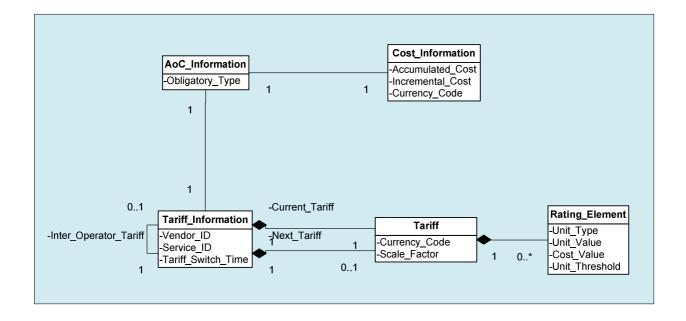


Figure 6.2.1: AoC Information model

#### 6.3 AoC data definition

#### 6.3.1 Diameter message contents

#### 6.3.1.1 Summary of AoC Message Formats

The AoC Service uses the Credit-Control-Request (CCR) and Credit-Control-Answer (CCA) messages defined in TS 32.299 [50]. AoC service can be used in a request type price enquiry or complementary to regular CCR as described in clause 5.3.1.

Editor"s note: The request type must be extended or add a new AoC specific request type.

Editor"s note: Add a description on how AoC is used together with CCR. Add description on how ACF can request tariff and or cost information (i.e a possible new AoC request type)

The following table describes the use of these messages for AoC.

Table 6.3.1.1-1: AoC Messages Reference Table

| Command-Name           | Source | Destination | Abbreviation |
|------------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|
| Credit-Control-Request | ACF    | ocs         | CCR          |
| Credit-Control-Answer  | ocs    | ACF         | CCA          |

#### 6.3.1.2 Structure for the Credit Control Message Formats

This clause describes the AVPs used in the credit control messages.

#### 6.3.1.2.1 Credit-Control-Request Message

Table 6.3.1.2.1-1 illustrates the basic structure of a Diameter CCR message from the ACF as used for AoC service.

Table 6.3.1.2.1-1: Credit-Control-Request (CCR) Message Contents

| AVP                      | Category       | Description   |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|
| Session-Id               | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Origin-Host              | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Origin-Realm             | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Destination-Realm        | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Auth-Application-Id      | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Service-Context-Id       | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| CC-Request-Type          | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50].  |
| CC-Request-Number        | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Destination-Host         | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| User-Name                | Ом             | The field contains the Private User Identity [xxx]                            |
| Origin-State-Id          | O <sub>C</sub> | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Event-Timestamp          | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Subscription-Id          | O <sub>M</sub> | This field contains the identification of the subscriber (i.e. MSISDN or SIP- |
|                          |                | URI) that uses the requested service.   |
| User-Equipment-Info      | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Termination-Cause        | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Requested-Action         | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Multiple-Services-       | $O_{M}$        | Described in TS 32.299 [50], only used if AoC services is used together with  |
| Indicator                |                | an online charging session.   |
| Multiple-Services-Credit | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50], only used if AoC services is used together with  |
| Control                  |                | an online charging session.   |
| Route-Record             | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| AVP                      | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50]   |
| Service-Information      | O <sub>M</sub> | Described in clause 6.3.2   |

The full description of the AVPs is specified in TS 32.299 [50].

#### 6.3.1.2.2 Credit-Control-Answer Message

The following table illustrates the basic structure of a DCCA message as used for the ACF. This message is always used by the OCS as specified below, independent of the receiving ACF and the CCR request type that is being replied to. Service-Information is used to send back the AoC-Information.

Table 6.3.1.2.2-1: Credit-Control-Answer (CCA) Message Contents

| AVP                              | Category       | Description                 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Session-Id                       | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Result-Code                      | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Origin-Host                      | М              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Origin-Realm                     | М              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Auth-Application-Id              | М              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| CC-Request-Type                  | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| CC-Request-Number                | M              | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Multiple-Services-Credit-Control | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| CC-Session-Failover              | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Credit-Control-Failure-Handling  | O <sub>C</sub> | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Redirect-Host                    | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Redirect-Host-Usage              | O <sub>C</sub> | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Redirect-Max-Cache-Time          | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Failed-AVP                       | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Route-Record                     | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| Service-Information              | Ом             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |
| AVP                              | Oc             | Described in TS 32.299 [50] |

#### 6.3.2 Definition of Service-Information

Table 6.3.2.1-1: Service-Information structure

| Field                     | Category       | Description  |
|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Service-Information       | O <sub>c</sub> | This is a structured field and holds the 3GPP specific parameter for |
|                           |                | AoC service.   |
| IMS-Information           | Oc             | Described in TS 32.260 [20]  |
| Inter-Operator-Identifier | Oc             | Described in TS 32.260 [20]  |
| Service-Id                | Oc             | Used to identify the third party service                             |
| AoC-Information           | Oc             | Described in clause 6.3.3  |

#### 6.3.3 Definition of AoC information

The AoC Information parameter used for AoC is provided in the Service Information parameter.

#### 6.3.3.1 AoC information assignment for Service Information

The components in the Service Information that are use for AoC can be found in Table 6.3.2.1-1.

Table 6.3.3.1-1: AoC Information structure

| Field                | Category       | Description  |
|----------------------|----------------|--|
| AoC Information      | O <sub>c</sub> | This is a structured field and holds the 3GPP specific parameter for AoC service.  |
| Tariff-Information   |                | This is a structured field and holds the Tariff specific parameters. The details are defined in subclause 6.3.2.2. It can chain inter operator tariff. |
| AoC-Cost-Information | Oc             | This is a structured field and holds the AoC cost specific parameters. The details are defined in subclause 6.3.2.3.                                   |

#### 6.3.3.2 Definition of the Tariff-Information

Tariff information is provided within the AoC Information.

The detailed structure of the Tariff Information can be found in the table 6.3.2.2-1.

Table 6.3.3.2-1: Tariff Information

| Field              | Category | Description   |
|--------------------|----------|---|
| Tariff-Information | Oc       | This is a grouped field with one of many tariffs                  |
| Current-Tariff     | M        | Tariff as defined in table 6.3.2.2-2 for the current time period. |
| Tariff-Time-Change | Oc       | The tariffs switch time.  |
| Next-Tariff        | Oc       | Tariff as defined in table 6.3.2.2-2 for the next time period.    |

The detailed structure of a Tariff can be found in the table 6.3.2.2-2.

**Table 6.3.3.2-2: Tariff** 

| Field                | Category         | Description   |
|----------------------|------------------|---|
| Tariff               | Ос               | This is a grouped field with one of many tariffs  |
| Currency_Code        | Ос               | Omited if non-monetary units is used  |
| Scale_Factor         | Oc               | A scaling factor on the whole calculation. Could be used for example between HPLMN and VPLMN. |
| Value_Digits         | O <sub>M</sub>   |   |
| Exponent             | Ос               |   |
| Rating_Element       | Ос               | Group of cost per unit values of unit type.   |
| Unit_Type            | Ом               | The measuring unit; e.g. time, uplink volume, special service units                           |
| Unit_Value           | Ом               | The number of consumed units that incur the charge.   |
| Value_Digits         | Ом               |   |
| Exponent             | Ос               |   |
| Unit_Cost            | $O_{\mathrm{M}}$ | The associated cost (in currency code) to be charged per Unit_value                           |
| Value Digits         | O <sub>M</sub>   |   |
| Exponent             | Oc               |   |
| Unit_Quota_Threshold | Oc               | An upper limit for consumed units where the rate is still valid                               |

#### For example:

- 1. A rate of 20c for each Megabyte (total volume) up to 10 Megabyte will be depicted as Unit type TOTAL-OCTETS, Unit Value 1,048,576, Cost 20 and Unit threshold 10,485,760.
- 2. A rate of 30c per 60s: Cost\_Value = 30, Unit\_Value = 60 assuming appropriate settings for currency and unit\_type.

Editor"s note: Consider an alternate example 1.

#### 6.3.3.3 Definition of AoC-Cost-Information

Advice of charge Cost information is provided within the AoC Cost Information. The AoC Cost is only used in CCA.

The detailed structure of the AoC Cost Information can be found in the table 6.3.2.3-1.

Table 6.3.3.3-1: Structure of AoC Cost Information

| Field            | Category | Description  |
|------------------|----------|--|
| Accumulated_Cost | Oc       | The ammount charged since the beginning of the session |
| Value_Digits     | Ом       |  |
| Exponent         | Oc       |  |
| Incremental_Cost | Oc       | The ammount charged since the last report.             |
| Value_Digits     | Ом       |  |
| Exponent         | Oc       |  |
| Currency_Code    | Oc       | Ommited if the ammount is in non-monetary units units  |

**Table 6.3.2: AoC Cost Information Structure** 

# 6.4 AoC subscription and formatting parameters

AoC-related subscription and formatting parameters are stored in the HSS and retrieved via Sh. (see 3GPP TS 29.364 [211]).

There are two sets of parameters retrieved from the HSS:

- Subscription based general parameters pertaining the service registered per subscriber
- Formatting based UE presentation preferences parameters

The subscription parameters are listed in table 6.4.1. The formatting parameters are listed in table 6.4.2.

| Parameter                            | Description                    | Values                     |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| AoC Service                          | A paired list of AoC Service   |                            |
|                                      | tyoe and AoC Service           |                            |
|                                      | obligatory type                |                            |
| <ul> <li>AoC service type</li> </ul> | Defines the type of AoC        | AoC-S                      |
|                                      | information to be provided to  | AoC-D                      |
|                                      | the subscriber.                | AoC-E                      |
|                                      |                                | None                       |
| - AoC service                        | Defines whether AoC            | AoC for Information (AoCI) |
| obligatory type                      | information is binding or non  | AoC for Charging (AoCC)    |
|                                      | binding.                       |                            |
|                                      |                                |                            |
| Preferred AoC currency               | Defines the currency preferred | Currency                   |
|                                      | by the subscriber              |                            |
|                                      |                                |                            |

**Table 6.4.1: AoC Subscription parameters** 

| Parameter  | Description   | Values                                    |
|------------|---|---|
| AoC format | Defines the format of the AoC information sent to the UE. | Monetary Charging Information Element     |
|            |   | non-Monetary Charging Information Element |
|            |   | Charge Advice Information (CAI)           |

**Table 6.4.2: AoC formatting parameters** 

#### The following additional rules are applicable for AoC:

Any combination of AoC service obligatory types and the AoC service types may co-exist.

# Annex A (informative): AoC Use Cases

The following use cases detail a set of call scenarios that employ AoC services. The AoC services used are of type AoC-S, AoC-D and AoC-E. The use cases cover the AoC-S, AoC-D and AoC-E AoC service types and are applicable to either AoCI or AoCC service obligatory types.

# A.1 Call scenarios with AoC information provided at the beginning and/or during and/or at the end of the call

# A.1.1 Outgoing call with tariff provided by the charging domain at the start of the call

| Actors:            | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Alan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s).  |
|--------------------|--|
| Description:       | Tariff information is provided to Alan at the start of the call.   |
| Preconditions:     | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Alan are stored in the HSS.   |
| Post conditions:   | Alan is ready to proceed with his call after receiving the tariff information applicable to the call.  |
| Normal Flow:       | <ul> <li>Alan initiates an IMS session to call Brendan</li> <li>The tariff for the call is sent to Alan at the beginning of the call</li> <li>Alan receives the AoC information on his UE</li> </ul> |
| Alternative Flows: |  |
| Assumptions:       | The charging domain (online or offline) has the tariff for this call.  |
| Notes and Issues:  |  |

# A.1.2 Outgoing call with tariff provided by a remote network (PSTN or IMS) or a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Service Provider (AS) at the start of the call

| Actors:        | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Alan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s). |
|----------------|---|
| Description:   | Tariff information is provided to Alan at the start of the call.                          |
| Preconditions: | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Alan are stored in the HSS.          |

| Post conditions:   | Alan is ready to proceed with his call after receiving the tariff information applicable (from the remote network or 3 <sup>rd</sup> party service provider) to the call.                                   |
|--------------------|---|
| Normal Flow:       | <ul> <li>Alan initiates an IMS session to call Brendan</li> <li>The tariff for the call is sent to Alan at the beginning of the call</li> <li>Alan receives the AoC information on his UE</li> </ul>        |
| Alternative Flows: |   |
| Assumptions:       | The tariff for this call is not available in the charging domain (online or offline). Tariff information can be transferred in real-time from the remote network or 3 <sup>rd</sup> party service provider. |
| Notes and Issues:  |   |

# A.1.3 Outgoing call with tariff provided by the charging domain in addition to an add on charge received from the remote network (PSTN or IMS) or from a 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Service Provider (AS)

| Actors:            | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Alan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s).   |
|--------------------|---|
| Description:       | Tariff information incorporating an add-on charge from an external source is provided to Alan at the start/during of the call.  |
| Preconditions:     | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Alan are stored in the HSS.  |
| Post conditions:   | Alan is ready to proceed/continue with his call after receiving the tariff information applicable to the call.  |
| Normal Flow:       | <ul> <li>Alan initiates an IMS session to call Brendan</li> <li>The tariff for the call is sent to Alan at the beginning of the call</li> <li>Alan receives the AoC information on his UE including the add-on charge from the remote network (PSTN or IMS) or from a 3<sup>rd</sup> party service provider.</li> </ul> |
| Alternative Flows: | <ul> <li>An IMS session between Alan and Brendan is proceeding</li> <li>The tariff for the call is sent to Alan during the call</li> <li>Alan receives the AoC information on his UE including the add-on charge from the remote network (PSTN or IMS) or from a 3<sup>rd</sup> party service provider.</li> </ul>      |
| Assumptions:       | The charging domain (online or offline) has the tariff for this call. Add-on charges can be transferred in real-time for the remote network or 3 <sup>rd</sup> party service provider.  |
| Notes and Issues:  |   |

# A.1.4 Outgoing call with tariff change provided by the charging domain during an on-going call

| Actors:            | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Alan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s).  |
|--------------------|--|
| Description:       | Tariff information is provided to Alan when there is a tariff switch during a call.  |
| Preconditions:     | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Alan are stored in the HSS.  There is an on-going call between Alan and Brendan.  |
| Post conditions:   | Alan is ready to continue his call with Brendan after receiving the updated tariff information that is now applicable to the call.   |
| Normal Flow:       | <ul> <li>Alan initiates an IMS session to call Brendan.</li> <li>A tariff switch relevant to this call occurs.</li> <li>The new tariff for the call is sent to Alan.</li> <li>Alan receives the updated tariff information on his UE.</li> </ul> |
| Alternative Flows: |  |
| Assumptions:       | The charging domain (online or offline) has the tariff for this call.  |
| Notes and Issues:  |  |

# A.1.5 Outgoing call with regular cost updates provided by the charging domain during an on-going call

| Actors:            | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Alan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s).  |
|--------------------|--|
| Description:       | Cost information is provided to Alan at regulated periods during a call.   |
| Preconditions:     | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Alan are stored in the HSS.  There is an on-going call between Alan and Brendan.  |
| Post conditions:   | Alan is ready to continue his call with Brendan after receiving the accumulated cost information that is now applicable to the on-going call.  |
| Normal Flow:       | <ul> <li>Alan initiates an IMS session to call Brendan.</li> <li>The duration of the call exceeds a predefined marker.</li> <li>The accumulated cost for the call to date is sent to Alan.</li> <li>Alan receives the updated cost information on his UE.</li> </ul> |
| Alternative Flows: |  |

| Assumptions:      | The charging domain can determine the accumulated costs for this call in real-time. |
|-------------------|---|
| Notes and Issues: |   |

# A.1.6 Outgoing call with cost summary provided at the end of the call

| Actors:            | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Alan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s).  |
|--------------------|--|
| Description:       | Cost information is provided to Alan at the end of a call.   |
| Preconditions:     | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Alan are stored in the HSS.   |
|                    | There is an on-going call between Alan and Brendan.  |
| Post conditions:   | Alan has completed his call with Brendan and receives the accumulated cost information that is now applicable to the preceding call. |
| Normal Flow:       | Alan terminates an IMS session for a call to Brendan.  The session for a call to Brendan.  |
|                    | The accumulated costs for the call are sent to Alan.   |
|                    | Alan receives the cost information on his UE.  |
| Alternative Flows: |  |
| Assumptions:       | The charging domain can determine the accumulated costs for this call in real-time.  |
| Notes and Issues:  |  |

# A.1.7 Incoming call with tariff provided by the charging domain at the start of the call

| Actors:            | Alan and Brendan are telecoms subscribers. Brendan is an IMS subscriber with AoC service(s).   |
|--------------------|--|
| Description:       | Tariff information is provided to Brendan at the start of the call.  |
| Preconditions:     | AoC-related subscription status and user profile for Brendan are stored in the HSS.  |
| Post conditions:   | Brendan is ready to proceed with his call from Alan after receiving the tariff information applicable to the call.   |
| Normal Flow:       | <ul> <li>Alan initiates an IMS session to call Brendan</li> <li>The tariff for the call is sent to Brendan at the beginning of the call</li> <li>Brendan receives the AoC information on his UE</li> </ul> |
| Alternative Flows: |  |

| Assumptions:      | The charging domain (online or offline) has the tariff for this call. There are business rules that determine that Brendan is the charged party for this call. |
|-------------------|--|
| Notes and Issues: |  |

# Annex B (informative):

# Message flow for basic IMS session establishment and interaction with online charging

This annex describes the basic IMS session establishment for a user registered for AoC service(s) and the interaction with online charging when an AS or the IMS GWF handles credit control.

The following figure shows a basic IMS session establishment when an AS or the IMS GWF controls online charging.

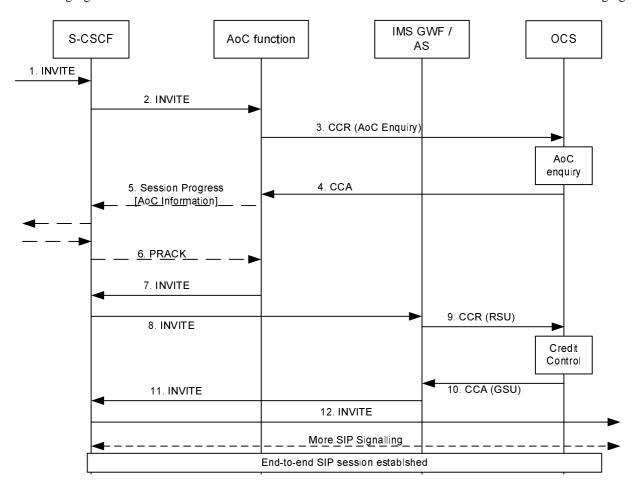


Figure B.2.1: Basic IMS session establishment for a user registered to AoC service(s) (online case controlled by AS / IMS GWF)

- 1) An initial SIP INVITE message is received in the S-CSCF.
- 2) The S-CSCF forwards this request to the AoC function.
- 3) The AoC function needs to request the tariff and or cost for this session. An AoC Enquiry is sent to the OCS in a CCR message.
- 4) The OCS sends back to the AoC function the information requested (tariff/cost).
- 5) The AoC information is included by the ACF in a SIP 183 response.
- 6) UE acknowledgement of the 183 response is received at the ACF.
- 7) The SIP INVITE is forwarded to the S-CSCF.
- 8) The S-CSCF forwards the SIP INVITE message to the IMS GWF/AS to perform the online charging.
- 9) The IMS GWF/AS reserves a credit for the session. A CCR message is sent to the OCS. This CCR message is composed of a unit reservation request.
- 10) The OCS sends back to the IMS-GWF/AS a credit for the session.
- 11) The INVITE message is forwarded by the IMS GWF/AS to the S-CSCF.
- 12) The S-CSCF forwards the SIP INVITE message to the terminating party.

The service logic (AS/IMS GWF) and the AoC function may be unified. Thus, instead of sending two CCR messages (CCR RSU and CCR AoC Enquiry messages) towards the OCS, a grouped CCR message may be sent for performance reasons.

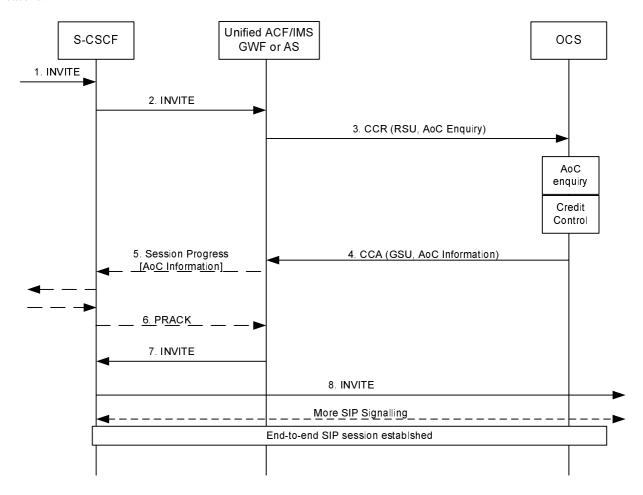


Figure B.2.2: Basic IMS session establishment for a user registered to AoC service(s) (online case controlled by unified (IMS GWF/AS) and ACF)

- 1) An initial SIP INVITE message is received in the S-CSCF.
- 2) The S-CSCF forwards this request to the AoC function.
- 3) The unified (IMS GWF or AS) and ACF generates a CCR message containing both a credit request and an AoC enquiry.
- 4) The OCS sends back to the unified (IMS GWF or AS) and ACF a response to the credit authorization and AoC enquiry.
- 5) The AoC information is included by the unified (IMS GWF or AS) and ACF in a SIP 183 response.
- 6) UE acknowledgement of the 183 response is received at the unified (IMS GWF or AS) and ACF.
- 7) The SIP INVITE is forwarded to the S-CSCF.
- 8) The S-CSCF forwards the SIP INVITE message to the terminating party.

# Annex C (informative): AoC Information mapping

This annex provides informative mapping concepts between the AoC information to surrounding protocol formats.

# C.1 AoC information mapping to CAI element

Herby is a conceptual mapping of the CAI element to the AoC Information.

The mapping is done by using 3 Rating Elements.

Rating Element 1 – Depicts the initial cost in the AoC

Rating Element 2 – Depicts the time related AoC

Rating Element 3 – Depicts the volume related AoC

| CAI parameter                | Mapping guidance   |
|------------------------------|--|
| e1 - Units per interval      | Cost_Value in a Rate Element(2) with Unit-Type = TIME;         |
| e2 - Seconds/time interval   | Unit_Value in Rating Element(2)                                |
| e3 - Scaling Factor          | Scale_Factor   |
| e4 - Unit increment          | Cost_Value in a Rate Element(1) with Unit-Type = TIME          |
| e5 - Units per data interval | Cost_Value in a Rate Element(3) with Unit-Type = TOTAL-OCTETS; |
| e6 - Segments/data interval  | Unit_Value in Rating Element(3)                                |
| e7 - Initial secs/t interval | Unit_Threshold in Rating Element(1)                            |

When a service is known to be provided by CAMEL, the AoC function shall use a map able construct of the AoC information.

# C.2 AoC information mapping to Charging Information Elements

Herby is a conceptual mapping advising how to populate the Charging Information Element provided to the UE (as described in TS 24.647 [208]) out of the AoC Information.

| Charging Information Element                     | Mapping guidance   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Charging Rate                                    |  |  |  |
| - Price per time unit                            | When only one Rate Element with Unit_Type = TIME exists              |  |  |
| - Free of charge                                 | When only one Rate Element with Unit_Type = MONEY and Unit-Value = 0 |  |  |
|  | exists   |  |  |
| - Flat rate                                      | When only one Rate Element with Unit_Type = MONEY and Unit-Value > 0 |  |  |
|  | exists   |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Special charging code</li> </ul>        | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Not available</li> </ul>                | No Rate Elements provided  |  |  |
| Charged Items                                    | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| - Basic communication                            | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Communication attempt</li> </ul>        | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Communication setup</li> </ul>          | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Operation of service</li> </ul>         | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Special charging arrangement</li> </ul> | not supported in this release  |  |  |
| Recorded Charges                                 | Acculumated cost in AoC_Cost_Information                             |  |  |
| Billing Identification                           | not supported in this release  |  |  |

Editor"s note: As not all information elements are supported, there may be implications on AoC-C.

Editor"s Note: The Tariff information model is richer than can be exposed in TS 24.647 [208] version 2.50.

# C.3 AoC information mapping to NNI Charging Information

Herby is a conceptual mapping advising how to populate the incoming real time tariff information (as described in TS 29.658 [209]) to the AoC Information model.

#### Mapping concepts:

- Pulse based tariffs Pulse based tariffs are translated to AoC Tariff with no Currency-Code (i.e. non-monetary format).
- Sub Tariff Each sub tariff is mapped as a new Rate Element
- Delay Until Start The ACF shall buffer the message and wait for the "start" signal.

NOTE: The Delay Until Start parameter in TS 29.658 [209] is not supported in this release

An Add-on charge provides single additional Cost Information which does not change the current tariff. When
an Add-on charge is received via RTTI, the add-on charge shall be considered in the resulting Cost
Information

#### Data fields mapping:

| NNI Charging Information            | Mapping guidance   |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Currency                            | Currency_Code  |  |  |  |
| Call attempt charge                 | Rating-Element with Unit_Type = MONEY.                                     |  |  |  |
| Call setup charge                   | Rating-Element with Unit_Type = MONEY.                                     |  |  |  |
| Communication Charge                | Rating-Element with Unit_Type = TIME.                                      |  |  |  |
| - Currency factor scale             | Cost_Value in a Rating-Element with Unit_Type = TIME.                      |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Currency factor</li> </ul> | - Value-Digits   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Currency scale</li> </ul>  | - Exponent   |  |  |  |
| - Charge unit time interval         | Unit-Value in a Rating-Element with Unit_Type = TIME.                      |  |  |  |
|                                     | NOTE 1: this field is only used for non-monetary format.                   |  |  |  |
|                                     | NOTE 2: A 50ms step support may not be supported in this release.          |  |  |  |
| - Tariff duration                   | Unit_Threshold in the Rating-Element as above                              |  |  |  |
| Sub tariff control                  | Periodic charge will be mapped to Rating-Element with no Unit_Threshold or |  |  |  |
|                                     | Unit_Threshold > Unit_Value. One time charge will be mapped to Rating-     |  |  |  |
|                                     | element with Unit_Value = Unit_Threshold                                   |  |  |  |
| Tariff switchover time              | Tariff Switch Time   |  |  |  |

# Annex D (informative): Bibliography

### The 3GPP charging specifications a) 3GPP TS 32.250: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Circuit Switched (CS) domain charging". 3GPP TS 32.251: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Packet Switched (PS) domain charging". 3GPP TS 32.252: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) charging". 3GPP TS 32.270: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) charging". 3GPP TS 32.271: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Location Services (LCS) charging". 3GPP TS 32.272: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Push-to-talk over Cellular (PoC) charging". 3GPP TS 32.273: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Multimedia Broadcast and Multicast Service (MBMS) charging". 3GPP TS 32.274: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Short Message Service (SMS) charging". 3GPP TS 32.297: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) file format and transfer". 3GPP TS 32.295: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging Data Record (CDR) transfer". b) **Common 3GPP specifications** 3GPP TS 22.101: "Service aspects; Service Principles". 3GPP TS 22.115 "Service aspects; Charging and Billing". 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification". 3GPP TS 27.001: "General on Terminal Adaptation Functions (TAF) for Mobile Stations (MS)". other Domain and Service specific 3GPP / ETSI specifications c) d) **Relevant ITU Recommendations** ITU-T Recommendation D.93: "Charging and accounting in the international land mobile telephone service (provided via cellular radio systems)". ITU-T Recommendation E.164: "The international public telecommunication numbering plan". ITU-T Recommendation Q.767: "Application of the ISDN user part of CCITT signalling System No.7 for international ISDN interconnections". ITU-T Recommendation X.25: "Interface between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) for terminals operating in the packet mode and connected to public data networks by dedicated circuit". ITU-T Recommendation X.121: "International numbering plan for public data networks".

**Relevant IETF RFCs** 

IETF RFC 959 (1985): "File Transfer Protocol".

e)

# Annex E (informative): Change history

| Change history |       |           |     |     |   |       |       |  |
|----------------|-------|-----------|-----|-----|---|-------|-------|--|
| Date           | TSG # | TSG Doc.  | CR  | Rev | Subject/Comment                         | Old   | New   |  |
| 2008-01        | S5-57 | S5-080184 |     |     | Fist draft submitted to SA5#57          | -     | 0.0.1 |  |
| 2009-03        | SP-43 | SP-090059 |     |     | Presentation to SA for approval         | 1.1.0 | 8.0.0 |  |
| 2009-06        | SP-44 | SP-090293 | 001 |     | Correction of AoC Message Flows         | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 |  |
| 2009-09        | SP-45 | SP-09036  | 002 |     | Correction and alignment with TS 32.299 | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 |  |

# History

| Document history |              |             |  |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| V8.0.0           | April 2009   | Publication |  |
| V8.1.0           | July 2009    | Publication |  |
| V8.2.0           | October 2009 | Publication |  |
|                  |              |             |  |
|                  |              |             |  |