O estado atual do Kotlin no backend

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- Linguagem (Java 16)
- OpenJDK (Java Virtual Machine)
- Bibliotecas/API (Java Classpath)

As três juntas são a plataforma Java





Java no Android

- Linguagem (Java 7 + Lambdas + DateTime)
- ART/Dalvik
- Bibliotecas/API (Java+Google Classpath)





Kotlin

- Linguagem (Kotlin)
- OpenJDK (Java Virtual Machine)
- Bibliotecas/API (Java Classpath)
- kotlin-stdlib





Modelos de desenvolvimento

Desenvolvimento backend Java no 2021 - Concorrência

```
Thread based -e.g. EJB, CDI, JAX-RS-
@Inject
SayService say;
@GET
@Produces(MediaType.TEXT_PLAIN)
public String hello() {
    return say.hello();
```

JakartaEE/MicroProfile



Desenvolvimento backend Java no 2021 - Concorrência

Reactive based -e.g. Async JAX-RS, Spring WebFlux, Actors, Verticlespublic class Server extends AbstractVerticle {

Vert.x



Desenvolvimento backend Java no 2021 - Arquitetura

- Monólito
- Microserviço
- Micromonolito

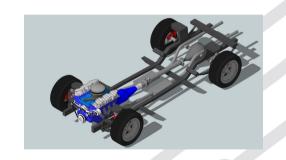




Desenvolvimento backend Java no 2021 - Runtime

"Simples/DIY"

- Servlet based -e.g. Tomcat, Jetty-
- Custom I/O -e.g. Undertow, Netty, Vert.x-





Desenvolvimento backend Java no 2021 - Runtime/Framework

"Micro"

- Custom micro -e.g. Jooby, Spark, Javalin, Helidon SE-
- MicroProfile based -e.g. Quarkus, Helidon-
- Micronaut
- Spring Boot





Desenvolvimento backend Java no 2021

"Complexo"

- Java EE/Jakarta EE -e.g. JBoss, WebSphere Liberty-
- Spring
- Akka





Arquiteto Java no ano 2021

Arquiteto Java

O cara que tem que decidir entre pegar um framework pronto *complexo* ou pegar um runtime *ligero* e criar a estrutura toda -i.e Bibliotecas, estilo arquitetural, SCM (Maven)-.

O cara que tem que decidir entre chatear os dev Java tradicionais no modelo de desenvolvimento Async ou chatear os desenvolvedores Kotlin por não aproveitar os Coroutines que nem no Android.

O cara que tem que avaliar dar o pulo para o Kotlin conservando os stacks tradicionais.



Arquiteto Java no ano 2021

Arquiteto Java

O cara que vai ser odiado por não dar o pulo para JavaScript só pela vontade de re-escreber a base de código que vem fazendo succeso há 15 anos



Kotlin no backend

Fato #1

Todo framework Java pode virar framework Kotlin. Mas nem todo framework Java e testado no Kotlin.





Frameworks for server-side development with Kotlin

Spring makes use of Kotlin's language features to offer more concise APIs ↗, starting with version 5.0. The online project generator ↗ allows you to quickly generate a new project in Kotlin.

Vert.x ≯ a framework for building reactive Web applications on the JVM, offers dedicated support ≯ for Kotlin, including full documentation ≯.

- Ktor A is a framework built by JetBrains for creating Web applications in Kotlin, making use of coroutines for high scalability and offering an easy-to-use and idiomatic API.

 Micronaut > is a modern, JVM-based, full-stack framework for building modular, easily testable microservice and serverless applications. It comes with a lot of built-in, handy features.

- httpsk > is the functional toolkit with a tiny footprint for Kotlin HTTP applications, written in pure Kotlin. The library is based on the "Your Server as a Function" paper from Twitter and represents modeling both HTTP Servers and Clients as simple Kotlin functions that can be composed together.
 - Javalin ≯ i) a very lightweight web framework for Kotlin and Java which supports WebSockets,



(CC BY-NC-SA3.0 GT)

Frameworks com suporte oficial



Fato #2

Geralmente o problema são os annotation processors -e.g. Lombok-, muitos são feitos para o Java



Fato #3

O ecosistema Kotlin esta criando Frameworks Kotlin-first/Kotlin-exclusive



```
Reactive based - DIY
```

```
fun HelloWorld(): HttpHandler {
    return routes("/" bind GET to { Response(OK).body("hello world!") })
}
```

Http4k



Reactive based - Micro

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    embeddedServer(Netty, 8080) {
        routing {
            get("/") {
                call.respondText("Hello, world!", ContentType.Text.Html)
            }
        }
    }.start(wait = true)
}
```

Ktor



Java - Dying since 1995

- Spring Boot, Micronaut, MicroProfile, GraalVM
- Raw performance (Beam, Spark, Hadoop)
- Tooling IDE, Maven, Drivers RDBMS
- JVM (Twitter, Alibaba, Spotify, etc.)
- OpenJDK





Vantagens

- Código conciso enquanto você conheça as convenções
- Java inter-op
- Backend para desenvolvedores Android
- Uma nova forma de virar fullStack

Desvantagens

- IntelliJ IDEA Ultimate
- Precisa tempo para aprender e virar produtivo
- Tempo de compilação
- Thread-managed vs Co-routines
- Amber, Loom, Valhalla, Panama (Java 18?)



Projeto tradicional com Kotlin

Projeto Java so que não

- 1. Maven
- 2. Dependencias (MicroProfile, Jakarta EE, Arquillian, JUnit, . . .)
- 3. Maven plugin (maven-compiler-plugin)
- 4. Kotlin plugin (kotlin-maven-plugin)



Eclipse MicroProfile com Payara 5



Kotlin with Maven - Dependency



Kotlin with Maven - maven-compiler-plugin

```
<execution>
        <id>default-compile</id>
        <phase>none</phase>
</execution>
<execution>
        <id>default-testCompile</id>
        <phase>none</phase>
</execution>
<execution>
        <id>java-compile</id>
        <phase>compile</phase>
        <goals> <goal>compile</goal> </goals>
</execution>
<execution>
        <id>id>iava-test-compile</id>
        <phase>test-compile</phase>
        <goals> <goal>testCompile</goal> </goals>
</execution>
```



Kotlin with Maven - kotlin-maven-plugin

```
<compilerPlugins>
<plugin>all—open</plugin>
</compilerPlugins>
...
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.ws.rs.Path</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.enterprise.context.RequestScoped</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.enterprise.context.SessionScoped</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.enterprise.context.ApplicationScoped</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.enterprise.context.Dependent</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.ejb.Singleton</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.ejb.Stateful</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.ejb.Stateful</option>
<option>all—open: annotation=javax.ejb.Stateful<</option>
```

Ideia geral: As anotações Java viram open classes por causa do proxy-classes metapadrão



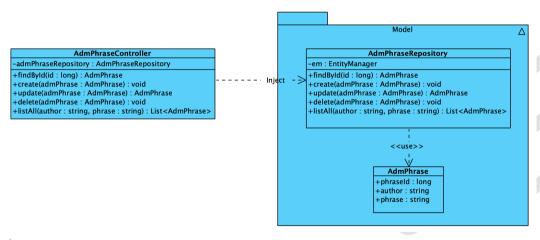
Kotlin + Jakarta EE + MicroProfile - Demo

- Kotlin 1.3
- Libraries SLF4J, Flyway, PostgreSQL
- Jakarta EE 8 EJB, JPA
- MicroProfile CDI, JAX-RS, MicroProfile Config
- Testing Arquillian, JUnit, Payara Embedded

https://dzone.com/articles/
the-state-of-kotlin-for-jakarta-eemicroprofile-tra
https://github.com/tuxtor/integrum-ee



Kotlin + Jakarta EE + MicroProfile - Demo





Kotlin - JPA entity

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "adm_phrase")
@TableGenerator(...)
data class AdmPhrase(
        0 T d
        @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.TABLE,
                generator = "admPhraseIdGenerator")
        @Column(name = "phrase_id")
        var phraseId:Long? = null,
        var author:String = "",
        var phrase:String = ""
```

Data Clases, Nullable Types



Kotlin - CDI Repository

```
@RequestScoped
class AdmPhraseRepository {
        @Inject
        private lateinit var em:EntityManager
         . . .
Lateinit (nullable type)
```



Kotlin - CDI Repository

```
fun create(admPhrase:AdmPhrase) = em.persist(admPhrase)
fun update(admPhrase:AdmPhrase) = em.merge(admPhrase)
fun findById(phraseId: Long) =
em.find(AdmPhrase::class.java, phraseId)
fun delete(admPhrase: AdmPhrase) = em.remove(admPhrase)
. . .
```

Single expression functions (One line methods)



Kotlin - CDI Repository

```
fun listAll(author: String, phrase: String):
        List<AdmPhrase> {
        val query = """SELECT p FROM AdmPhrase p
        where p.author LIKE :author
        and p.phrase LIKE :phrase
        0.00
        return em.createQuery(query, AdmPhrase::class.java)
                .setParameter("author", "%$author%")
                .setParameter("phrase", "%$phrase%")
                resultList
```



Kotlin - JAX-RS Controllers

```
@Path("/phrases")
@Produces (MediaType.APPLICATION JSON)
@Consumes(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
class AdmPhraseController{
        @Inject
        private lateinit var admPhraseRepository: AdmPhraseRepository
        @Inject
        private lateinit var logger: Logger
```



Kotlin - JAX-RS Controller

```
@GET
fun findAll(
@QueryParam("author") @DefaultValue("%") author: String.
@QueryParam("phrase") @DefaultValue("%") phrase: String) =
        admPhraseRepository.listAll(author, phrase)
@GET
@Path("/{id:[0-9][0-9]*}")
fun findBvId(@PathParam("id") id:Long) =
        admPhraseRepository.findById(id)
@PUT
fun create(phrase: AdmPhrase): Response {
        admPhraseRepository.create(phrase)
        return Response.ok().build()
```

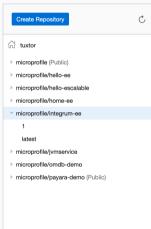
Kotlin - JAX-RS Controller

Elvis operator as expression





Registry



microprofile/integrum-ee

User: ...42db3y5hmh4zajq Show Copy

Created: a month ago

Access: Private

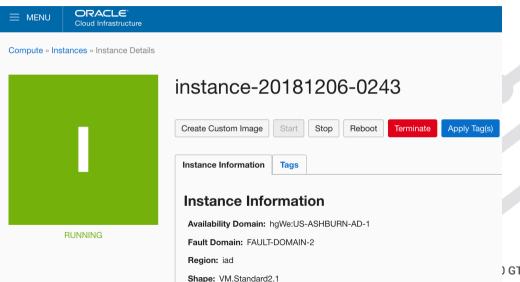
Readme

No readme has been created yet for this repository.

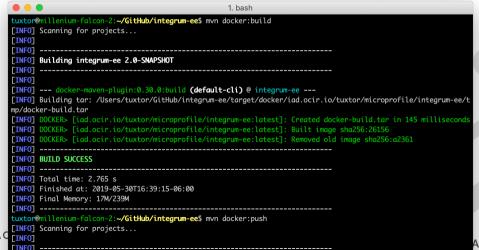


Size: 138.19 MB

Last Push: 39 minutes ago

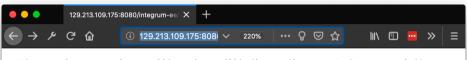








[INFO] Building integrum-ee 2.0-SNAPSHOT



There is no place like /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8-openjdk, running at 277d79bdcb12/172.19.0.4



Kotlin

Kotlin

- Static typing
- Java inter-op
- 00 + FP
- Null safety
- Extension functions
- Operator overloading
- Data classes
- One line methods





Kotlin - Fatos interesantes

- Effective Java Immutability, builder, singleton, override, final by default, variance by generics
- Elvis Groovy
- Type inference Scala
- Immutability Scala
- Identifiers Scala
- Null values management Groovy
- Functions Groovy





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