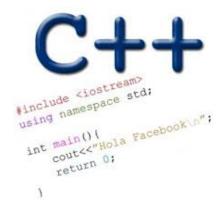
C++ TEMPLATES

Problem Solving with Computers-II



Announcements

- Pa02 released!
 - Its about implementing a BST with a movie data set, collecting and analyzing running time!
 - Part of the assignment involves writing a report, explaining the trends in your data

Finding the Maximum of Two Integers

 Here's a small function that you might write to find the maximum of two integers.

```
int maximum(int a, int b)
{
   if (a > b)
     return a;
   else
     return b;
}
```

One Hundred Million Functions...

Suppose your program uses 100,000,000 different data types, and you need a maximum function for each...

```
int maximum(int a, int b)
                                                                                                                                                    int maximum(Hoo a, Hoo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                 int maximum(Doo a, Doo b)
                                                                                                                                                       if (a > b)
                                                                                              int maximum(Hoo a, Hoo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       int maximum(Doo a, Doo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             um()
                                                                                                                                                                                                   if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                          int maximum(Doo a, Doo b)
                                                                                                if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if (a > b)
                                                                         int maximum(Noo a,
                                                                                                                                                                                      m a;
         if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return a:
                                                                                                   return a;
                                                                                                                                             if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             m a;
                                                                           if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                     return b
                                                                                                                                              return a;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return b:
                                                                                                                                              return b:
                return a;
                                                                             return b:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         else
                                                                                                                                                                                          int maximum(Boo a, Boo b)
          else
                                                                                                             return b
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 int maximum(Boo a, Boo b)
                                                                         int maximum(Poo a, Poo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                            if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                   int maximum(Boo a, Boo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                       o a, Joo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                              return a;
                 return b;
                                                                           if (a > b)
                                                                                              int maximum(Koo a, Koo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return a:
                                                                                                                                      if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                     um(Ioo a, Ioo b)
                                                                             return a:
                                                                                                                                                                                              return b:
                                                                                                  int maximum(Joo a. Joo b)
                                                                                                                                        return a;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             um(Ioo a, Ioo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      return b:
                                                                             return b:
                                                                                                      int maximum(Ioo a, Ioo b)
                                                                                                                                        return b;
                                                                                                        if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                      maximum(Coo a, Coo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           int maximum(Coo a, Coo b)
                                                                            return b:
                                                                                                                                                                      if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                        a, Goo b)
                                                                                                             int maximum(Coo a, Coo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                                        return a:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               o a. Goo b)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               return a:
                                                                                                                if (a > b)
                                                                                                                                                 o a, Goo b)
                                                                                      int maximum(
                                                                                                                                                                        return b:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               return b;
                                                                                        if (a > b)
                                                                                                                  return b:
                                                                                          return a:
                                                                                          return b:
```

A Template Function for Maximum

When you write a template function, you choose a data type for the function to depend upon...

```
template <class Item>
Item maximum(Item a, Item b)
{
   if (a > b)
     return a;
   else
     return b;
}
```

```
BST, without templates:
class BSTNode {
public:
  BSTNode* left;
  BSTNode* right;
  BSTNode* parent;
  int const data;
  BSTNode (const int& d):
     data(d) {
    left = right
         = parent = nullptr;
```

BST, with templates:

```
template<class Data>
class BSTNode {
public:
  BSTNode<Data>* left;
  BSTNode<Data>* right;
  BSTNode<Data>* parent;
  Data const data;
  BSTNode (const Data & d):
     data(d) {
    left = right
         = parent = nullptr;
};
```

```
BST, with templates:
                                 How would you create a BSTNode object on
                                 the runtime stack?
template<class Data>
class BSTNode {
                                  A. BSTNode n(10);
public:
                                  B. BSTNode<int> n;
  BSTNode<Data>* left;
                                  C. BSTNode<int> n(10);
  BSTNode<Data>* right;
                                  D. BSTNode<int> n = new BSTNode<int>(10);
  BSTNode<Data>* parent;
                                  E. More than one of these will work
  Data const data;
  BSTNode (const Data & d):
                                                              { } syntax OK too
     data(d) {
    left = right = parent = nullptr ;
```

```
BST, with templates:
                                  How would you create a pointer to
                                  BSTNode with integer data?
template<class Data>
class BSTNode {
                                   A. BSTNode* nodePtr;
public:
                                   B. BSTNode<int> nodePtr;
  BSTNode<Data>* left;
                                   C.BSTNode<int>* nodePtr;
  BSTNode<Data>* right;
  BSTNode<Data>* parent;
  Data const data;
  BSTNode (const Data & d):
     data(d) {
    left = right = parent = nullptr ;
```

```
BST, with templates:
```

```
template<class Data>
class BSTNode {
public:
  BSTNode<Data>* left;
  BSTNode<Data>* right;
  BSTNode<Data>* parent;
  Data const data;
  BSTNode (const Data & d):
     data(d) {
    left = right = parent = nullptr ;
```

Complete the line of code to create a new BSTNode object with int data on the heap and assign nodePtr to point to it.

BSTNode<int>* nodePtr

Working with a BST

```
template<typename Data>
class BST {
private:
 BSTNode<Data>* root; //Pointer to the root of this BS
public:
  /** Default constructor. Initialize an empty BST. */
 BST() : root(nullptr){ }
 void insertAsLeftChild(BSTNode<Data>* parent, const Data& item) {
     // Your code here
```

Working with a BST: Insert

```
//Assume this is inside the definition of the class
void insertAsLeftChild(BSTNode<Data>* parent, const Data& item)
  {
      // Your code here
}
```

Which line of code correctly inserts the data item into the BST as the left child of the parent parameter.

```
A.parent.left = item;
B.parent->left = item;
C.parent->left = BSTNode(item);
D.parent->left = new BSTNode<Data>(item);
E.parent->left = new Data(item);
```

Working with a BST: Insert

```
void insertAsLeftChild(BSTNode<Data>* parent, const Data& item) {
   parent->left = new BSTNode<Data>(item);
}
```

Is this function complete? (i.e. does it do everything it needs to correctly insert the node?)

- A. Yes. The function correctly inserts the data
- B. No. There is something missing.

What is difference between templates and typedefs?

```
template <class Item>
Item maximum(Item a, Item b)
{
   if (a > b)
      return a;
   else
      return b;
}
```

```
typedef int item;
item maximum(item a, item b)
{
   if (a > b)
     return a;
   else
     return b;
}
```

Template classes: Non-member functions

```
BST operator+(const BST& b1, const BST&b2);

template <class T>
BST<T> operator+(const BST<T>& b1, const BST<T>&b2);
```

Template classes: Member function definition

For the compiler a name used in a template declaration or definition and that is dependent on a template-parameter is assumed not to name a type *unless* its preceded by a typename

```
template<class T>
class BST{
    //Other code
    Node* getNodeFor(T value, Node* n) const;
};
```

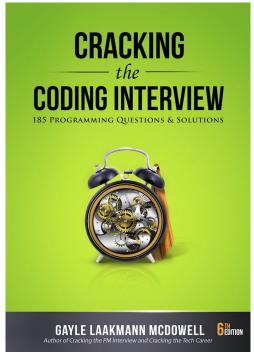
Template classes: Including the implementation

```
//In bst.h
class BST{
//code
};
#include "bst.cpp"
```

Small group exercise

Write a ADT called in minStack that provides the following methods

- push() // inserts an element to the "top" of the minStack
- pop() // removes the last element that was pushed on the stack
- top () // returns the last element that was pushed on the stack
- min() // returns the minimum value of the elements stored so far



How to Convert a Container Class to a Template

- 1. The template prefix precedes each function prototype or implementation.
- 2. Outside the class definition, place the word <Item> with the class name, such as bag<Item>.
- 3. Use the name Item instead of value_type.
- 4. Outside of member functions and the class definition itself, add the keyword typename before any use of one of the class's type names. For example:

typename bag<Item>::size_type

- 5. The implementation file name now ends with .template (instead of .cxx), and it is included in the header by an include directive.
- 6. Eliminate any using directives in the implementation file. Therefore, we must then write std:: in front of any Standard Library function such as std::copy.
- 7. Some compilers require any default argument to be in both the prototype and the function implementation.

 Review and demo an example