C Programming

```
Q1: WAP in C to print "Hello World".
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Hello World");
    return 0;
}
```

Q2: WAP in C to calculate the sum of two integers.

```
int main()
{
  int a, b;

printf("Enter two integers 'a' and 'b':");
  scanf("\n %d %d", &a, &b);

printf("\n The sum of the two integers = %d", a+b);
  return 0;
}
```

Q3: WAP in C to the salary of an employee using the formula "total salary = basic salary + HRA + TA", where basic salary is a user input, HRA is 40% of the basic salary, and TA is 10% of the HRA.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
float basic, hra, ta, total;
  printf("Enter basic salary:");
 scanf("%f", &basic);
 hra = 0.4*basic;
  ta = 0.1*hra;
  total = basic + hra + ta;
 printf("\n The total salary = \%f", total);
  return 0;
}
Q4: WAP in C to convert a given currency value from AED to USD.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  float aed, usd;
 printf("\n Enter currency value in AED:");
  scanf("%f", &aed);
  usd = 0.27*aed;
  printf("\n Currency value in USD: %f", usd);
  return 0;
Q5: WAP in C to convert a given temperature value from Celsius to Fahrenheit.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
```

```
float cel, fah;
  printf("\n Enter temperature value in ºCelsius:");
  scanf("%f", &cel);
  fah = 9/5*cel + 32;
  printf("\n Temperature value in Fahrenheit: %f", fah);
  return 0;
Q6: WAP in C that takes user input in hours and minutes and calculates the total number of
minutes.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int hr, min;
  printf("\n Enter time in hours and minutes:");
  scanf("%d %d", &hr, &min);
  min = hr*60;
 printf("\n Total number of minutes: %d", hr+min);
  return 0;
Q7: WAP in C to find the third angle of a triangle if the user gives 2 angles.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
```

float a, b;

```
printf("\n Enter two angles of a triangle:");
  scanf("%f %f", &a, &b);
  printf("\n Third angle of the triangle: %f", 180-a-b);
  return 0;
Q8: WAP in C to print the user's age using an input value of the birth year.
#include <stdio.h>
#define current 2023
int main()
 int year;
 printf("\n Enter year of birth:");
  scanf("%d", &year);
 printf("\n Age: %d", current-year);
  return 0;
}
```

Q9: WAP in C to convert an input distance value from kilometers to miles.

```
int main()
{
    float km;

printf("\n Enter distance in kilometers (km):");
    scanf("%f", &km);

printf("\n Distance in miles (mi): %f", km*0.621371);
```

```
return 0;
```

Q10: WAP in C to find the area and the circumference of a circle using a given radius.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define pi 3.14

int main()
{
    float r, a, p;
    printf("\n Enter radius of a circle:");
    scanf("%f", &r);

    a = pi*r*r;
    p = 2*pi*r;

    printf("\n Area of the circle = %f", a);
    printf("\n Perimeter of the circle = %f", p);

    return 0;
}
```

Q11: WAP in C to print the larger of two input numbers.

```
int main()
{
  float a, b;

printf("\n Enter two numbers:");
  scanf("%f %f", &a, &b);

if (a>b)
  printf("\n %f > %f", a, b);
```

```
else if (b>a)

printf("\n %f > %f", b, a);

else

printf("\n %f = %f", a, b);

return 0;
}
```

Q12: WAP in C to determine complementary angles.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float a, b;

    printf("\n Enter the values of two angles:");
    scanf("%f %f", &a, &b);

    if (a+b==90)
        printf("\n The angles are complementary.");
        else
        printf("\n The angles are not complementary.");
    return 0;
}
```

Q13: WAP in C to find the average of 3 subjects for a student, and to determine whether they have passed or failed. The student can be considered to have passed if their average is above 60.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float m1, m2, m3;
    printf("\n Enter the marks obtained in 3 subjects:");
```

```
scanf("%f %f %f", &m1, &m2, &m3);

if (m1+m2+m3/3 > 60)
 printf("\n You have passed.");
 else
 printf("\n You have not passed.");

return 0;
}
```

#include <stdio.h>

Q14: WAP in C to determine whether a given number is positive or negative.

```
int main()
{
    float a;

printf("\n Enter an integer:");
    scanf("%f", &a);

if (a > 0)
    printf("\n The number is positive.");
    else
    printf("\n The number is negative.");

return 0;
}
```

Q15: WAP in C to print the largest of 3 numbers.

```
int main()
{
  float a, b, c;
  printf("\n Enter three numbers:");
```

```
scanf("%f %f %f", &a, &b, &c);
 if (a>b)
  {
    if (a>c)
    printf("\n %f is the largest number.", a);
    printf("\n %f is the largest number.", c);
  else if (b>a)
  {
    if (b>c)
    printf("\n %f is the largest number.", b);
    printf("\n %f is the largest number.", c);
  else if (a==b)
  {
    if (a==c)
    printf("\n The numbers are equal.");
    else if (a>c)
    printf("\n %f is the largest number.", a);
    printf("\n %f is the largest number.", c);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Q16: WAP in C to create a calculator that can perform 5 basic operations between two numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a, b;
```

```
char op;
  printf("\n Enter the operator:");
  scanf("%c", &op);
  printf("\n Enter two operands:");
  scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
  switch(op)
  case '+': printf("\n Sum = \%d", a+b); break;
  case '-': printf("\n Difference = %d", a-b); break;
  case '*': printf("\n Product = %d", a*b); break;
  case '/': printf("\n Quotient = %d", a/b); break;
  case '%': printf("\n Remainder = %d", a%b); break;
  default: printf("\n Invalid entry.");
  }
  return 0;
}
                                                  (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a, b;
  char op;
  printf("\n Enter two integer operands:");
  scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
  getchar();
  printf("\n Enter the operator:");
  scanf("%c", &op);
```

```
switch(op)
{
  case '+': printf("\n Sum = %d", a+b); break;
  case '-': printf("\n Difference = %d", a-b); break;
  case '*': printf("\n Product = %d", a*b); break;
  case '/': printf("\n Quotient = %d", a/b); break;
  case '%': printf("\n Remainder = %d", a%b); break;
  default: printf("\n Invalid entry.");
}

return 0;
}

Q17: WAP in C to determine one's voter status.
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define current 2023

int main()
{
    int year, age;
    printf("\n Enter your year of birth");
    scanf("%d", &year);
    age=current-year;
    printf("\n Age: %d", age);
    (age>=18)?printf("\n CAN VOTE"): printf("\n CAN NOT VOTE");
    return 0;
}
```

Q18: WAP in C to determine whether the number is odd or even.

```
int main()
{
  int num;
```

```
printf("\n Enter a number:");
scanf("%d", &num);

(num%2==0)?printf("\n It is an even number."):printf("\n It is an odd number.");
return 0;
}
```

Q19: WAP in C to determine the largest of two numbers.

```
int main()
{
  int num1, num2, res;
  printf("\n Enter 2 numbers:");
  scanf("%d%d", &num1, &num2);
  res=(num1>num2)?num1:num2;
  printf("\n Largest: %d", res);
  return 0;
}
```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdio.h>

Q20: WAP in C to swap the values of the entered variables.

```
int main()
{
  int a, b, c;

printf("\n Enter two values 'a' and 'b'");
  scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);

printf("\n Before swapping: a = %d, b = %d", a, b);

c=a;
  a=b;
```

```
b=c;

printf("\n Before swapping: a = %d, b = %d", a, b);

printf("\n After swapping: a = %d, b = %d", a, b);

return 0;
}
```

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdio.h>

Q21: WAP in C to produce an ASCII integer value for a given character input.

```
int main()
{
    char num;
    printf("\n Enter a character:");
    scanf("\n %c", &num);
    printf("\n Corresponding ASCII Integer Value: %d", num);
    return 0;
}
```

Q22: WAP in C to take a character value input to print an output ('m' for morning, 'e' for evening, and 'n' for night).

```
int main()
{
    char d;

    printf("\n Enter input (m, e, n): ");
    scanf("%c", &d);

if (d=='m'||d=='M')
    printf("\n Morning.");
    else if (d=='e'||d=='E')
    printf("\n Evening.");
```

```
else if (d=='n'||d=='N')
  printf("\n Night.");
  else
  printf("\n Invalid input.");
  return 0;
}
                                                   (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  char d;
  printf("\n Enter input (m, e, n): ");
  scanf("%c", &d);
  switch(d)
    case 'm': printf("\n Morning."); break;
    case 'e': printf("\n Evening."); break;
    case 'n': printf("\n Night."); break;
    case 'M': printf("\n Morning."); break;
    case 'E': printf("\n Evening."); break;
    case 'N': printf("\n Night."); break;
    default: printf("\n Invalid Input.");
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Q23: WAP in C to determine whether an alphabet is a vowel or a consonant.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
char alphabet;
printf("\n Enter an alphabet: ");
scanf("%c", &alphabet);
switch (alphabet)
  case 'a': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'A': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'e': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'E': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'i': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'I': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'o': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'O': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'u': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  case 'U': printf("\n The alphabet is a vowel."); break;
  default: printf("\n The alphabet is a consonant.");
}
return 0;
```

Q24: WAP in C to print "Hello" 5 times.

```
int main()
{
  int count=1;
  while(count<=5)
  {
    printf("\n Hello.");
    count=count+1;
  }
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
   int count=1;
   while(count<=5)
   {
      printf("\n Hello.");
      count=count+=1;
   }
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q25: WAP in C to print the first 10 natural numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int count=1;
    while(count<=10)
    {
        printf("\n %d", count);
        count=count+=1;
    }
    return 0;
}

return 0;

fint main()
{
    int count=1;
    while(count<=10)
    {
        printf("\n %d", count);
}</pre>
```

```
count=count+1;
 return 0;
                                                (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int count=1;
  while(count<=10)
    printf("\n %d", count);
    count++;
 return 0;
}
                                                (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int i;
 for(i=1;i<=10;i++)
  {
    printf("\n \%d", i);
  return 0;
```

Q26: WAP in C to print the even numbers from 1 to 30.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int count=1;
  while(count<=30)
   if (count\%2==0)
   printf("\n %d", count);
    count=count+1;
  }
 return 0;
                                              (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int count=1;
  while(count<=30)
   if (count%2==0)
   printf("\n %d", count);
    count++;
  }
 return 0;
```

Q27: WAP in C to print the table of 5.

```
int main()
{
  int count=5;
  while(count<=50)
  {
    printf("\n %d", count);
    count=count+5;
  }
  return 0;</pre>
```

```
}
                                                (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int table, count;
 printf("\n Enter whose table you want to print:");
  scanf("\n %d", &table);
  count=table;
  while(count<=table*10)</pre>
    printf("\n %d", count);
    count=count+table;
  }
 return 0;
}
                                                (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
 int num, count=1;
 printf("Enter any number:");
 scanf("%d", &num);
 printf("\n Table of %d is:", num);
  while(count<=10)
  {
      printf("\n %d * %d = %d", num, count, num*count);
      count++;
  }
```

```
return 0;
}
                                               (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int num, count=1;
 printf("Enter any number:");
 scanf("%d", &num);
 printf("\n Table of %d is:", num);
  while(count<=10)
      printf("\n \%d * \%d = \%d", num, count, num*count);
      ++count;
  }
 return 0;
}
                                               (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int num, count=1;
 printf("Enter any number:");
 scanf("%d", &num);
 printf("\n Table of %d is:", num);
  while(count<=10)
  {
      printf("\n \%d * \%d = \%d", num, count, num*count);
      count+=1;
```

```
return 0;
}

Q28: WAP in C to print 10 consecutive numbers after a given number.

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
```

Q29: WAP in C to determine whether a number is prime or not.

printf("\n List of 10 Consecutive Numbers after %d is:", num);

```
int main()
{
  int num, count=2, prime=1;
  printf("Enter any number:");
  scanf("%d", &num);
```

int num, count=1;

scanf("%d", &num);

while(count<=10)

num++;
count++;

{

}

return 0;

#include <stdio.h>

printf("Enter any number:");

 $printf("\n \%d", num+1);$

```
while(count<num) // count<=num-1
{
    if(num%count==0)
    {
        prime=0;
        break;
    }
    count++;
}
if (prime==1)
printf("\n It is a prime number.");
else
printf("\n It is not a prime number.");</pre>
```

int i=10;

Q30: WAP in C to print ten natural numbers in reverse order.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i=10;
    for(i=10;i>0;i--) // a while loop is converted to a for loop by adding a variable assignment (initialization), condition, and incrementation
    {
        printf("\n %d", i);
    }
    return 0;
}

return 0;

finclude <stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
for(;i>0;i--)
    printf("\n \%d", i);
  return 0;
}
                                                   (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int i=10;
  for(;i>0;)
    printf("\n %d", i--);
  return 0;
}
                                                   (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int i=10;
  for(;i>0;)
    printf("\n \%d", i);
    i--;
  return 0;
}
```

NOTE: The following codes are different-

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i;
    for(i=1;i<=10;i++);
    {
        printf("\n %d", i);
    }

    return 0;
}

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i;
    for(i=1;i<=10;i++)
    {
        printf("\n %d", i);
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Q31: Write a C program to accept a number from the user and print the digits in the number.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int rem, n;
    printf("\n Enter any number:");
    scanf("\n %d", &n);
    for(;n>0;)
    {
        rem=n%10;
        n=n/10;
        printf("\n %d", rem);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int rem, n;
  printf("\n Enter any number:");
  scanf("\n %d", &n);
  for(;n>0;n=n/10)
    rem=n%10;
   printf("\n %d", rem);
  return 0;
}
                                               (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int rem, n;
  printf("\n Enter any number:");
  scanf("\n %d", &n);
  for(n>0;rem=n\%10;n/=10)
  printf("\n %d", rem);
  return 0;
}
Q32: WAP in C to take a number as a user input and print the sum of the digits.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
```

```
int rem=0, sum=0, n;
printf("\n Enter any number:");
scanf("%d", &n);
for(;n>0;n/=10)
{
    rem=n%10;
    sum=sum+rem;
}
printf("\n Sum of digits = %d", sum);
return 0;
}
```

#include <stdio.h>

Q33: WAP in C to calculate the average of 5 subjects for 3 students.

```
int main()
{
   int stu, sub;
   float marks, total;

for(stu=1;stu<=3;stu++) // no. of students = 3

{
     total=0;
     printf("\n Enter marks in 5 subjects: ");

     for(sub=1;sub<=5;sub++) // no. of subjects = 5

     {
        scanf("%f", &marks);
        total+=marks; // total=total+marks, or, total+marks
     }

     printf("\n Average = %f \n", total/5);</pre>
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

#include <stdio.h>

Q34: WAP in C to swap two integer values.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int a, b;
   printf("\n enter two variables 'a' and 'b': ");
   scanf("\n %d%d", &a, &b);

a=a+b;
   b=a-b;

printf("\n before swapping, a=%d and b=%d", b, a-b);
   printf("\n after swapping, a=%d and b=%d", a-b, b);
   return 0;
}
```

Q35: WAP in C to calculate the average of N students in M subjects.

```
int main()
{
  int n, stu, m, sub;
  float marks, total;

printf("\n Enter the number of students to calculate average for: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("\n Enter the number of subjects: ");
  scanf("%d", &m);
```

```
for(stu=1;stu<=n;stu++)
{
    total=0;
    printf("\n Enter the marks obtained in %d subjects for student %d: ", m, stu);
    for(sub=1;sub<=m;sub++)
    {
        scanf("%f", &marks);
        total=total+marks;
    }
    printf("\n Your average is = %f \n", total/m);
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q36: WAP in C to calculate the salary of 10 employees.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n, i;

    printf("\n Enter the number of employees to calculate the salary for: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

float basic, total=0, special=0, hra=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\n Enter the basic salary of employee %d: ", i+1);
        scanf("%f", &basic);

        total=0;special=0;hra=0;
        special=0.25*basic;
        hra=0.4*basic;
        total=basic+special+hra;</pre>
```

```
printf("\n The total salary of employee %d = %f \n", i+1, total);
        }
        return 0;
}
                                                   (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
        int n, i;
        printf("\n Enter the number of employees to calculate the salary for: ");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        float basic[n], special=0, hra=0;
        printf("\n Enter the basic salaries of %d employees: ", n);
        for(i=0;i< n;i++)
          scanf("%f", &basic[i]);
          special=0; hra=0;
          special=0.25*basic[i];
          hra=0.4*basic[i];
          basic[i]=basic[i]+special+hra;
          printf("\n The salary of employee %d = %f \n", i+1, basic[i]);
        }
        return 0;
}
```

Q37: WAP in C to find the exponential values of user input values.

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

```
{
  int n, p, res=1, i;

  printf("\n Enter base and power: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &n, &p);

  for(i=1;i<=p;i++)
  {
    res=res*n;
  }
  printf("\n The answer is %d", res);

  return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q38: WAP in Cto print the following pattern:

```
}
return 0;
```

Q39: WAP in Cto print the following pattern:

```
1
1
        2
1
        2
                3
                3
1
        2
1
        2
                3
                                5
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int rows, i, j;
 printf("\n Enter pattern size: ");
  scanf("%d", &rows);
  for(i=1;i \le rows;i++)
    for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
      printf("%d \t", j);
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
```

Q40: WAP in Cto print the following pattern:

```
1
2 2
3 3 3
```

```
4
5
       5
               5
                       5
                          5
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int rows, i, j;
 printf("\n Enter pattern size: ");
 scanf("%d", &rows);
  for(i=1;i \le rows;i++)
   for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
      printf("%d \t", i);
   printf("\n");
 return 0;
}
```

Q41: WAP in C to print the following pattern:

```
5
5
       5
       5
5
              5
5
       5
              5
                      5
                  5
       5
5
                             5
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
 int rows, i, j;
 printf("\n Enter pattern size: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &rows);
for(i=1;i<=rows;i++)
{
    for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
    {
        printf("%d \t", rows);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

#include <stdio.h>

Q42: WAP in C to find the sum of digits in a number using a loop.

```
int main()
{
    int n, m, sum=0;
    printf("\n Enter any no.: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    m=n;
    while(n>0)
    {
        sum=sum+n%10;
        n=n/10;
    }
    printf("\n Sum of digits: %d", sum);
    return 0;
}
```

Q43: WAP in C to reverse a given number.

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

```
{
  int n, m, rem, rev=0;
  printf("\n Enter any no.: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  m=n;
  while(n>0)
  {
    rem=n%10;
    rev=rev*10+rem;
    n=n/10;
  }
  printf("\n Reverse of the number = %d", rev);
  return 0;
}
```

Q44: WAP in C to enter 5 elements and print them using arrays.

```
int main()
{
    int marks[5], i;
    printf("\n Enter the marks for 5 students: ");
    for (i=0; i<5; i++)
    {
        scanf("\n %d", &marks[i]);
    }
    printf("\n Here are the marks of 5 students: ");
    for (i=0; i<5; i++)
    {
        printf("\n %d", marks[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q45: WAP in C to print the sum of 5 numbers.

```
int main()
{
    float marks[5], sum=0;
    int i;
    printf("\n Enter the addends: ");
    for (i=0; i<5; i++)
    {
        scanf("\n %f", &marks[i]);
        sum=sum+marks[i];
    }
    printf("\n Here is the sum of the numbers: %f", sum);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Q46: WAP in C to print the average of the marks of a given number of students.

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
    int i, n;
    printf("\n Enter the number of students: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    float marks[n], sum=0;

printf("\n Enter the marks of %d students: ", n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        scanf("\n %f", &marks[i]);
        sum=sum+marks[i];
    }
    printf("\n Here is the average of the students: %f", sum/n);</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
                                                  (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int i, n;
  printf("\n Enter the number of students: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  float marks[n], sum=0;
  printf("\n Enter the marks of %d students:- ", n);
  for (i=0; i< n; i++)
    printf("\n Enter the marks of Student %d: ", i+1);
    scanf("%f", &marks[i]);
    sum=sum+marks[i];
  }
  printf("\n Here is the average of the students: \%f", sum/n);
  return 0;
}
```

Q47: WAP in C to find the highest marks obtained by a given number of students.

```
int main()
{
  int i, n;
  printf("\n Enter the number of students: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  float marks[n], highest;
  printf("\n Enter the marks of %d students:- ", n);
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {</pre>
```

```
printf("\n Enter the marks of Student %d: ", i+1);
    scanf("%f", &marks[i]);
}
highest=marks[0];
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    if(marks[i]>highest)
    highest=marks[i];
}
printf("\n The highest has been obtained by student %d, with %f.", i, highest);
return 0;
}
```

Q48: WAP in C to find the student who obtained a certain mark.

```
int main()
{
  int i, n;
  printf("\n Enter the no. of students: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int marks[n], key;
  printf("\n Enter marks: ");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    printf("\n Student %d: ", i+1);
    scanf("%d", &marks[i]);
  }
  printf("\n Enter the key element: ");</pre>
```

#include <stdio.h>

scanf("%d", &key); for(i=0;i<n;i++)

if(marks[i]==key)

printf("\n Student=%d", i+1);

{

```
break;
    }
  }
 if(marks[i]==n)
 printf("\n The element does not exist.");
  return 0;
Q49: WAP in C to print an array.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int i, arr[10]={5};
 for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    arr[i]=5;
    printf("\n %d", arr[i]);
  }
  return 0;
```

Q50: WAP in C to print an array in reverse order.

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
  int n;
  printf("\n Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int i, arr[n];
  printf("\n Enter %d elements: ", n);
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}</pre>
```

```
}
for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
{
    printf("%d \t", arr[i]);
}
return 0;
}
```

Q51: WAP in C to sum all the even numbers together and all the odd numbers together, and then find which sum is bigger.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
 int n, i;
 printf("\n Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
 int a[n], osum=0, esum=0;
 printf("\n Enter %d elements", n);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    scanf("%d", &a[i]);
   if(a[i]\%2==0)
    esum=esum+a[i];
    else
    osum=osum+a[i];
 }
 if(osum>esum)
 printf("\n The sum of the odd numbers is greater than the sum of the even numbers, and it is %d",
osum);
  else if(esum>osum)
 printf("\n The sum of the even numbers is greater than the sum of the odd numbers, and it is %d",
esum);
  else if(esum==osum)
 printf("\n Both the sums are equal, and they are %d", esum);
```

```
return 0;
}
                                                 (or)
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
 int n, i;
 printf("\n Enter the number of elements: ");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 int a[n], osum=0, esum=0;
  printf("\n Enter %d elements", n);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  scanf("%d", &a[i]);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  {
    if(a[i]\%2==0)
    esum += a[i];
    else
    osum+=a[i];
  if(osum>esum)
 printf("\n The sum of the odd numbers is greater than the sum of the even numbers, and it is %d",
osum);
  else if(esum>osum)
 printf("\n The sum of the even numbers is greater than the sum of the odd numbers, and it is %d",
esum);
  else if(esum==osum)
 printf("\n Both the sums are equal, and they are %d", esum);
  return 0;
}
```

Q52: WAP in C to sort an array.

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
 int n, i, j, min, temp;
  printf("\n Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
 int a[n];
  printf("\n Enter the %d elements: ", n);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  scanf("%d", &a[i]);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    min=i;
    for(j=i+1;j< n;j++)
      if(a[min]>a[j])
      min=j;
    temp=a[i];
    a[i]=a[min];
    a[min]=temp;
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  printf("%d \t", a[i]);
  return 0;
}
```

Q53: WAP in C to print a matrix with elements that are the user input.

#include <stdio.h>

int main()

```
{
  int r, c, n, i, j;
  printf("\n Enter the number of rows and columns: ");
  scanf("%d%d", &r, &c);
  int a[r][c];
  printf("\n Enter the %d elements: ", r*c);
  for(i=0;i< r;i++)
    for(j=0;j< c;j++)
      scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
    }
  for(i=0;i< r;i++)
    printf("\n");
    for(j=0;j< c;j++)
      printf("%d \t", a[i][j]);
    }
  }
  return 0;
```

Q54: WAP in C to read two marklists of equal size and check whether they are identical.

```
int main()
{
  int i, n;

printf("\n Enter the size of the two mark lists: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
```

#include <stdio.h>

```
float marks1[n], marks2[n];
  printf("\n Enter the values of mark list 1: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    scanf("%f", &marks1[n]);
  }
  printf("\n Enter the values of mark list 2: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  {
    scanf("%f", &marks2[n]);
  }
  if(marks1[n] == marks2[n])
  printf("\n The mark lists are equal.");
  else
  printf("\n The mark lists are not equal.");
  return 0;
}
```

Q55: WAP in C to read two matrices of user-input order and perform their addition and subtraction.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int r, c, i, j;
  printf("\n Enter the number of rows and columns: ");
  scanf("%d%d", &r, &c);
  int a[r][c], b[r][c], d[r][c], e[r][c];
  printf("\n Enter the %d elements in matrix A: ", r*c);
```

```
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
}
printf("\n Enter the %d elements in matrix B: ", r*c);
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    scanf("%d", &b[i][j]);
}
printf("\n The sum of the matrices is: ");
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  printf("\n");
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    d[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];
    printf("\%d \t", d[i][j]);
  }
}
printf("\nThe difference of the matrices is: ");
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  printf("\n");
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
  {
    e[i][j]=a[i][j]-b[i][j];
    printf("\%d \t", e[i][j]);
```

```
}
  }
  return 0;
Q56: WAP in C to illustrate the difference between break command and continue command.
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int n=-9;
  while (n < 2)
   n++;
   if(n==-3||n==-7)
   continue; // takes it back to the while loop without executing any command under it
   else if(n==-1)
    break;
    printf("%d \t", n);
  }
  return 0;
}
Q57: WAP in C to take a user-input matrix, print its diagonal elements and their sum.
#include <stdio.h>
```

int main()

int r, c, i, j, sum=0;

scanf("%d%d", &r, &c);

printf("\n Enter the number of rows and columns: ");

```
int a[r][c];
printf("\n Enter the %d elements in the matrix: ", r*c);
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
}
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  printf("\n");
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    printf("%d \t", a[i][j]);
  }
}
printf("\n The diagonal elements are as follows: ");
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  printf("\n");
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    if(i==j)
    printf("%d \t", a[i][j]);
    else
    printf("\t");
  }
printf("\n The sum of the diagonal elements");\\
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
{
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
  {
    if(i==j)
    sum=sum+a[i][j];
```

```
}
printf(" = %d", sum);
printf("\n The secondary diagonal elements are as follows: ");
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
  printf("\n");
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    if(i+j==r-1)
    printf("\%d \ \ t", a[i][j]);
    else
    printf("\t");
  }
}
printf("\n The sum of the secondary diagonal elements ");
sum=0;
for(i=0;i< r;i++)
  for(j=0;j< c;j++)
    if(i+j==r-1)
    sum=sum+a[i][j];
  }
printf(" = %d", sum);
return 0;
```

Q58: WAP in C to convert from the decimal base to binary base.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int i, j, n, dec, arr[32]={0};
printf("\n Enter a number: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
dec=n;
while(n>0)
{
    arr[i]=n%2;
    n=n/2;
    i++;
}
for(j=(i-1);j>=0;j--)
{
    printf("%d", arr[j]);
}
return 0;
```

Q59: WAP in C to convert binary numbers to decimal numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main()
{
    int i, j, n, sum=0;
    printf("\n Enter the no of bits: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

int A[n];
    printf("\n Enter %d bits (0/1): ", n);

for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&A[i]);
    }

for(i=n-1,j=0;i>=0,j<=n-1;i--,j++)
```

```
{
    sum=sum+A[i]*pow(2,j);  // 8 for octal, 16 for hexadecimal
}

printf("\n Decimal equivalent = %d", sum);

return 0;
}
```

Q60: RTA (Road and Traffic Authority) provides three mode of transportation:

Bus: AED 3 /km Metro: AED 5/km Cab: AED 9/km

WAP in C to trace the total fare spent by a customer for N number of days depending on what mode of transportation he/she chooses for each day. Calculate the total fare spent for N days and print it.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int days, i, mode;

  printf("\n Enter the number of days: ");
  scanf("%d", &days);

printf("\n Enter 1 for bus, 2 for metro, 3 for cab.");
  printf("\n");

float distance, sum=0;

for(i=1;i<=days;i++)
{
    printf("\n Enter mode for day %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &mode);
    printf("\n Enter distance for day %d in km: ", i);
    scanf("%f", &distance);</pre>
```

```
switch(mode)
{
    case 1: sum=sum+(3*distance); break;
    case 2: sum=sum+(5*distance); break;
    case 3: sum=sum+(9*distance); break;
    default: printf("\n Enter one of the three mentioned modes of transport.");
}
printf("\n The total fare for %d days = %f", days, sum);
return 0;
}
```