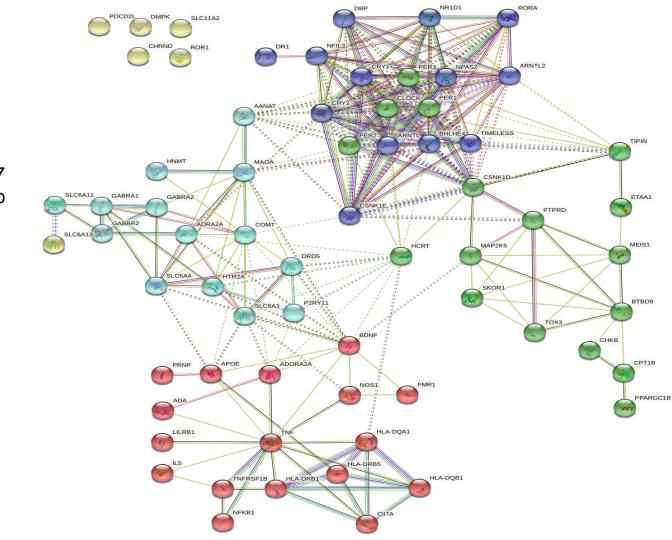
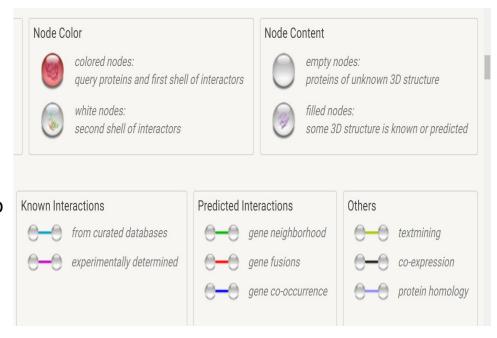
Aditya Agarwal 2017B1A71075H

- Protein-protein interaction network from STRING for 67 genes associated with Sleep disorders.
- Clustered using k-means clustering with k = 5.
- Confidence level : Medium (Score >=0.4)
- FDR stringency : Medium (<=5%)



Legend:

- Network nodes represent proteins/protein coding gene - splice isoforms or post-translational modifications are collapsed, i.e. each node represents all the proteins produced by a single, protein-coding gene locus.
- Edges represent protein-protein associations - associations are meant to be specific and meaningful. Multiple edges represent the 7 different parameters for association.
- Color of node represents particular cluster to which it belongs.



Some pathway analysis

- Chloride channel and neurotransmitter transport SLC6A11, SLC6A13, GABRA1, GABRA2
- Circadian rhythm CRY1, CRY2, PER2, PER3, CLOCK, ARNTL. BHLHE41, PER1, RORA, NPAS2, NR1D1, CSNK1D, CSNK1E, DBP
- DNA photolyase and period-circadian like, C-terminal PER1, PER2, CRY1, CRY2, CSNK1E
- MHC class II protein complex HLA-DRB1, HLA-DRB5. HLA-DQB1, HLA-DQA1
- 5. Dopamine catabolic process MAOA, COMT
- Catecholamine synthesis and Dopamine catabolism SLC6A3, HNMT, MAOA, COMT, SLC6A4.
- EDA-ID and death inducing signalling complex assembly, tnf-alpha TNF, TNFRSF1B, NFKB
- 8. GABA A receptor activation GABRA1, GABRA2

Some pathway analysis

- Reuptake of GABA SLC6A13, SLC6A11
- 2. Serotonin clearance from synaptic cleft MAOA, SLC6A4
- 3. PD-1 signalling and and phosphorylation of CD3 and TCR zeta chains HLA-DQB1, HLA-DRB1, HLA-DRB5
- Na+/Cl- dependent neurotransmitter transporters SLC6A11, SLC6A13,SLC6A3

Physical subnetwork

