

# How to Install JSindo for LINUX

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# 1. Install Java

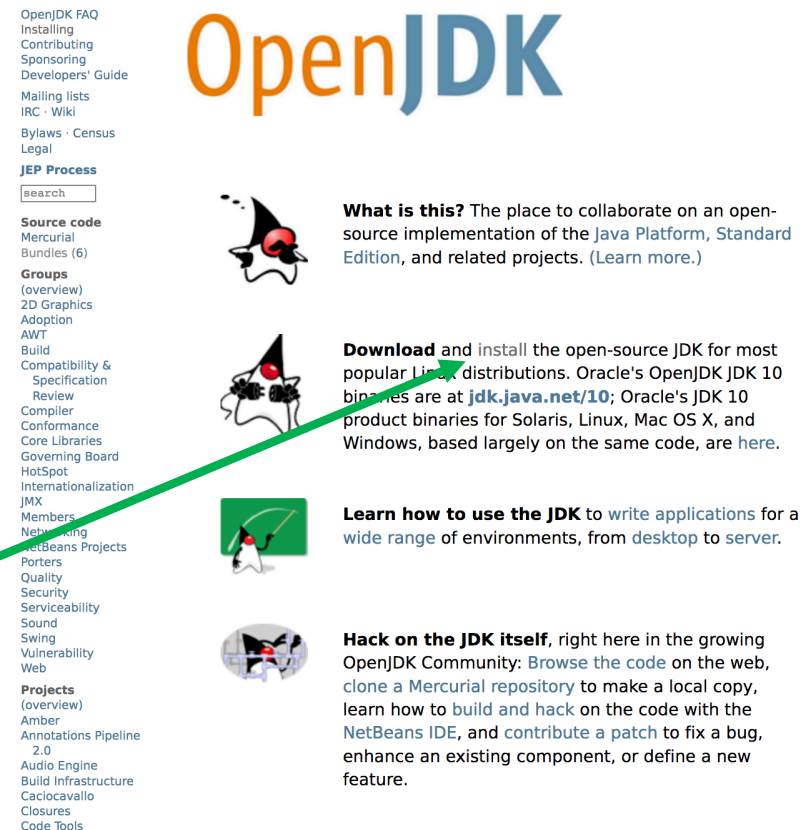
Install Java of Oracle (left), Open JDK (right), or any other.

<https://www.java.com/en/>



Click here and follow the instructions.

<http://openjdk.java.net/>



Note: Although Java 9 and 10 have been released since 2017/09 and 2018/03, respectively, Java 8 (1.8.x) is still recommended for JSindo, because it uses Java3D which may or may not be compatible with the newer Java.

# 2. Download Java3D

JSindo uses Java3D for visualization. A stable version, 1.6.0, is available from JogAmp. Goto <http://jogamp.org>



## Main Page

Welcome to the [JogAmp](#) wiki. It documents JOGL, JOCL and JOAL, the cross-platform bindings to the OpenGL, OpenCL, and OpenAL APIs.

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### Getting Started

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### Community

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- [Build JogAmp](#)
- [Maintainer and Contacts](#)
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- [Ask a question in the forum](#)
- [JogAmp IRC](#)

## Downloading and installing JOGL

Before you can build a project that uses JOGL [in your IDE](#) or [on the command line](#), you'll need to download and install the JOGL JAR files and native JARs or native library files (.dll/.so/.jnilib files).

You have a choice of JOGL versions to download. The [latest stable version](#) is the safest, but lags behind in features. The [latest automatic build](#) contains all checked-in code, but may be failing some tests.

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## Downloading the latest stable version

Go to [this page](#) and download the all-in-one 7z archive file:

[jogamp-all-platforms.7z](#)

click here and download  
jogamp-all-platforms.7z

Go back to the Main page and scroll down

## Main Page

Welcome to the [JogAmp](#) wiki. It documents JOGL, JOCL and JOAL, the cross-platform bindings to the OpenGL, OpenCL, and OpenAL APIs.

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## Downloading and installing Java3D

### Downloading the latest stable version

Go to [this page](#) and download the 7z archive file:

[jogamp-java3d.7z](#)

Do the same for JogAmp as it is indicated [here](#).

click here and download  
jogamp-java3d.7z

Unarchive the two files you've just downloaded. 7z files can be unarchived by,

```
> 7za e jogamp-all-platforms.7z
> 7za e jogamp-java3d.7z
```

If you don't have the command, install p7zip package,

```
> yum install p7zip
```

(Fedora)

```
> sudo apt-get install p7zip
```

(Debian and Ubuntu)

You will find jar files in jogamp-all-platforms/jar and in jogamp-java3d. The following jar files are needed for JSindo:

```
jogamp-all-platforms/jar/  
  gluegen-rt.jar  
  gluegen.jar  
  gluegen-rt-natives-linux-XXX.jar  
  jogl-all.jar  
  jogl-all-natives-linux-XXX.jar
```

```
jogamp-java3d/  
  j3dcore.jar  
  j3dutils.jar  
  vecmath.jar
```

where **XXX** = amd64 or i586 for 64 or 32-bit, respectively.

(\* **XXX** = armv6 and armv6hf are for ARM cpus, which are used for phones.)

# 3. Download JAMA

JAMA is a linear algebra library for JAVA. We use it for matrix multiplications, diagonalization, and so on. It can be downloaded from,

<https://math.nist.gov/javanumerics/jama/>

## JAMA : A Java Matrix Package

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### Background

JAMA is a basic linear algebra package for Java. It provides user-level classes for constructing and manipulating real, dense matrices. It is meant to provide sufficient functionality for routine problems, packaged in a way that is natural and understandable to non-experts. It is intended to serve as *the* standard matrix class for Java, and will be proposed as such to the [Java Grande Forum](#) and then to [Sun](#). A straightforward public-domain reference implementation has been developed by the [MathWorks](#) and [NIST](#) as a strawman for such a class. We are releasing this version in order to obtain public comment. There is no guarantee that future versions of JAMA will be compatible with this one.

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### The Package

Version 1.0.3 (November 9, 2012)

- [Documentation](#)
- [Example](#)
- Source [ [Jama-1.0.3.zip](#) ] [ [Jama-1.0.3.tar.gz](#) ]
- Jar file [ [Jama-1.0.3.jar](#) ]
- [ChangeLog](#)

→ click here and download a jarfile.

## 4. Setup the jar files

Let's first check if your Java is 32- or 64-bit. In the terminal, type "java -version" and you will see a message like this:

```
>java -version
openjdk version "1.8.0_121"
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_121-b13)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.121-b13, mixed mode)
```

This is an example of 64-bit. If "64-Bit" is absent, then it's 32-bit.

Now, we add the jar files to an environment variable CLASSPATH. If you are in bash,

```
JOGAMP_JAR=${HOME}/lib/jogamp-all-platforms/jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${JOGAMP_JAR}/gluegen.jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${JOGAMP_JAR}/gluegen-rt.jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${JOGAMP_JAR}/jogl-all.jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${JOGAMP_JAR}/gluegen-rt-natives-linux-xxx.jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${JOGAMP_JAR}/jogl-all-natives-linux-xxx.jar

J3D_JAR=${HOME}/lib/jogamp-java3d
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${J3D_JAR}/j3dcore.jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${J3D_JAR}/j3dutils.jar
export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${J3D_JAR}/vecmath.jar

export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:${HOME}/lib/jama/Jama-1.0.3.jar
```

where **xxx** = amd64 or i586 for 64-bit or 32-bit, respectively. You may want to add these lines in your ~/.bashrc, so that they take effect upon login.

# 5. Test JSindo

Use the following command:

1. I cannot or don't want to copy jarfiles into an extension folder.  
Specify all jarfiles using ":" as a separator,

```
> java -cp JSindo-4.0_xxxxxx.jar:Jama-1.0.3.jar:... JSindo
```

2. Is there an alternative to "-cp"? The command is too long.  
The environment variable, CLASSPATH, does the same thing. Set CLASSPATH for all jarfiles,

```
> export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:/path/to/JSindo-4.0_xxxxxx.jar  
> export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:/path/to/Jama-1.0.3.jar
```

Then; you can start simply by,

```
> java JSindo
```

I save the setting to ~/.bashrc, so that the CLASSPATH is configured upon login.



# 5. Test JSindo

Type the following command to invoke JSindo:

```
>java -cp /path/to/JSindo-4.0.jar JSindo
```

Alternately, you may add in your ~/.bashrc as before,

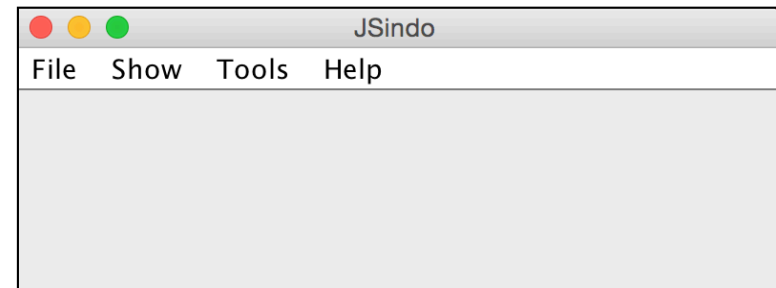
```
> export CLASSPATH=${CLASSPATH}:/path/to/JSindo-4.0.jar
```

Then, you can simply start by,

```
> java JSindo
```

With this command, you should see a control panel of JSindo.

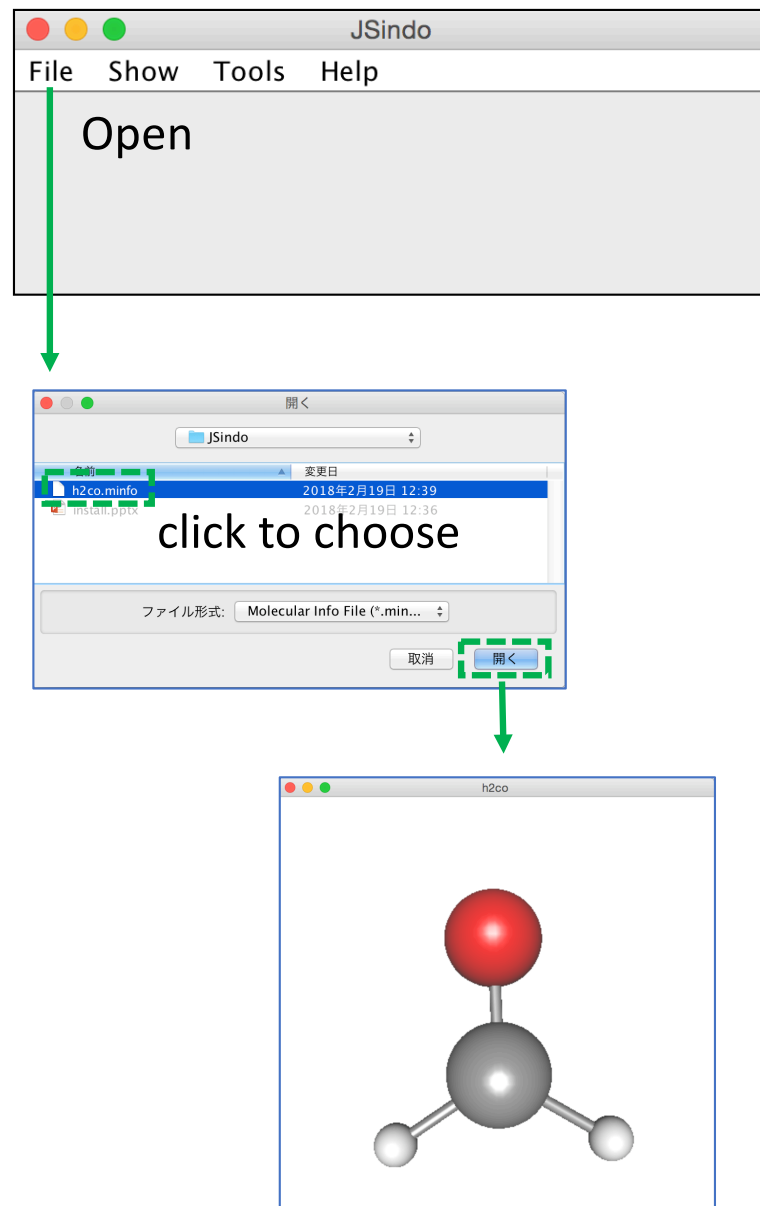
If you don't see the panel, review the installation of Java.



Let's open "sample/h2co.minfo", which comes with this document. It contains data of formaldehyde.

Click, File -> Open, choose "h2co.minfo", and click Open. If you see formaldehyde, you're done with the first step!

If this step fails, it is highly likely that Java3D has a problem. Double check if the jarfiles are set correctly, that is, if the right files are set to CLASSPATH.



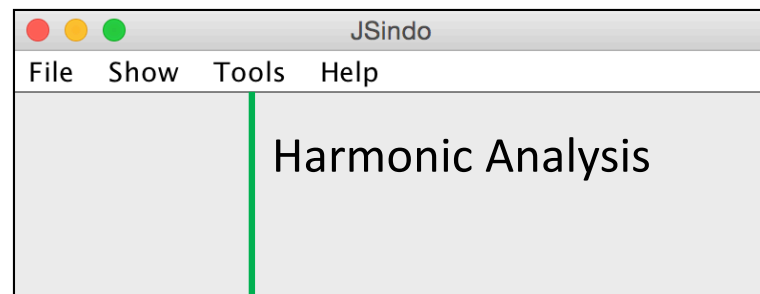
Finally, goto Tools -> Harmonic Analysis. This should create a panel of “Normal modes”.

If you don't see this panel, JAMA isn't working. Check if the jarfile of JAMA is set correctly.

If the panel appears, you're all set! Congradulations!

Check on “show vibrational coordinates”, and choose a mode you want to see. Vibrational motion will be indicated by arrows. You can “Invert the arrows” by a check box, and change the magnitude using a slider.

Thanks for using JSindo!  
Enjoy!

A screenshot of the "Normal modes ( h2co )" window. It contains a table with 4 columns: Mode, Frequency (cm...), Reduced Mass (...), and Intensity (km m...). There are 6 rows of data. Below the table are two checkboxes: "Show vibrational coordinates." and "Invert the arrows.", and a slider bar.

Mode	Frequency (cm...)	Reduced Mass (...)	Intensity (km m...)
1	1196.9147	1.3615	7.0342
2	1266.7685	1.3335	9.3885
3	1540.1545	1.1550	10.7003
4	1752.9374	5.7700	67.7530
5	2973.6886	1.0439	66.6832
6	3047.6560	1.1221	88.4298

