

**02:14:07** Finish test

Learn how your code will be evaluated (https://helpcenter.mymapit.in/?ht\_kb=things-to-know-before-attempting-the-test) Utility codes for quick start (https://helpcenter.mymapit.in/?page\_id=871)

41

42 43

44 45 } }

}

Question No. 3 of 8 | 25 Marks

## **Uniq Digit Number**

Given two non-negative integers n1 and n2, where n1 < n2. The task is to find the total number of integers in the range interval [n1, n2] (both inclusive) which have no repeated digits.

Sample input1:

11

15

Sample output1:

4

**Explanation:** 

n1 = 11 and n2 = 15

There is the number 11, which has repeated digits, but 12, 13, 14 and 15 have no repeated digits. So, the output is 4.

Sample input2:

101

200

Sample output2:

72

## Sample Input

11 15

Sample Output

Section - 1

JAVA (1.8) 🗸

For JAVA, the class name needs to be Main

```
{f c}
                                                     O/P »
                                 Compile & Run
     /**
 1
 2
 3
        NOTE: Class Name should be Main
 4
 5
     import java.io.*;
     import java.util.*;
class Main {
 8
 9
         public static void main(String[] args){
10
11
              //input
12
             Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
13
             int n1 = scn.nextInt();
14
             int n2 = scn.nextInt();
15
16
              //algo
17
             int nonRepetitiveNumCount = 0;
18
             for(int currNumber=n1; currNumber <= n2;</pre>
19
20
                  int num = currNumber;
21
22
                  // check if this 'num' has repeting
23
                  int numToFreq[] = new int[10];
24
                  while(num != 0){
25
                      int lastDig = num % 10;
                      numToFreq[lastDig]++;
26
27
                      num /= 10;
28
                  }
29
30
                  // if any number has occurrence more
31
                  boolean isRepetitive = false;
32
                  for(int i=0; i <= 9; i++){
33
                      if(numToFreq[i] > 1){
34
                           isRepetitive = true;
35
                           break;
36
37
                  }
38
39
                  if(!isRepetitive)
40
                      nonRepetitiveNumCount++;
```

Prev

System.out.println(nonRepetitiveNumCount

Next

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**I** Understand