

Blend in Chicago: MongoDB World 2017

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Blend

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- Tom Schenk, Chief data officer, Chicago. *WindyGrid*.
 - Track colocated data, 911 calls to Tweets to weather.
 - Flexible schema: {what, when, where}
 - Predictive analytics (example, where to send food inspector) using visualization of multiple causal layers.
- Dev Ittycheria, CEO MongoDB
 - 2007 is watershed year, AWS, iPhone, Android, and many others.
 - Argue b/c storage costs dropped below a critical point.
 - MongoDB also in 2007: document model, distributed systems + aggregation.

- Eliot Horowitz, CTO, MongoDB
 - 3.6 ships November, already on Github.
 - MongoDB Charts (3.6)
 - Business Intelligence: BI Connector is SQL interface.
 - Coercing data to table is difficult: polymorphic schemas, arrays.
 - Solution: *MongoDB Charts!* Data visualization tool, handles above.
 - 3.6 document model features:
 - `$lookup` takes sub-pipelines!
 - `$update` can operate on arrays natively! Takes a filter over array entries, can iterate over nested.
 - JSON Schemas.
 - 3.6 distributed systems:
 - Native retryable writes
 - *Change Streams* can get a stream of changes to a db.

- Eliot Horowitz, CTO, MongoDB (continued)
 - Mongo Atlas
 - “Should be irresponsible to run MongoDB in cloud w/o Atlas”
 - Built in security, one-click spin up, built in scaling elasticity.
 - Data browser + performance viewer in UI (utilization stats, examine queries as stream, explore data),
 - Live migration service (not very live in demo, requires downtime for mirror to catch up and change source of truth).
 - Now with MS Azure + Google Cloud support too (+ AWS).
 - Performance Adviser.
 - CRUD support in data browser.
 - Charts!
 - LDAP Auth.
 - Cross-region, cross-cloud!
- MongoDB Stitch (Beta as of today in Atlas, 06/20/17)
 - “Backend as a service”
 - REST API for MongoDB
 - Configuration-based auth/security
 - Service composition to govern how services talk to each other.

Squeezing the Most out of Your Document Model

06/20/17 1050-1130: Norberto Leite, Lead Curriculum Engineer, MongoDB

- Nested schema, spectrum of highly normalized or denormed storage.
 - Normalized requires foreign keys, requires looking into many collections.
 - Denorm is simpler query, complex schema.
- Consider three possible behaviors:
 - Get player: Denorm outperforms.
 - Add new field to doc: either add new collection or modify every doc, the same.
 - Change existing field: If a highly shared field, normalized is very fast.
- Optimizing highly normalized:
 - Can optimize with aggregate, but more importantly `db.createView()`.
 - Views are basically stored aggregates.
 - Better `$project` support.
 - Also consider, if reading much more than writing, should store calculated fields!
- Optimizing denormed:
 - Should normalize fields that are infrequently updated.
- `tl;dr` normalized have fast write, slow reads. Should embed everything that is infrequently updated.

Advanced Schema Design Patterns

06/20/17 1140–1220: Daniel Coupal, Senior Curriculum Engineer, MongoDB

- Axiom: data models maximize performance + scalability despite latency, costs, hardware.
- Common issues #1, too many optional fields:
 - Use attribute array, `[{key: keyName, value}]`.
 - Accommodates optional fields.
- Common issues #2, working set does not fit in RAM.
 - Can subset, truncate data
 - Probably also useful for showing users too.
- Common issues #3, data consistency.
 - Accept instantaneous inconsistency, duplicate at regular intervals ☺.
- Common issues #4, repeated computations
 - Reads generally outnumber writes, apply computation on write.
- Common issues #5, expensive tracking
 - e.g. expensive to increment on every page view
 - Solution: random number in range $[1, N]$, increment by N .
- Common issues #6, large data easily overflow
 - Bucket, store buckets into a separate collection.

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blend

- Microservices vs. monolith, preferable b/c web scale, faster iteration, compartmentalized.
- One common rule of thumb is that one developer can own the whole thing, a couple hundred lines, but not everybody
- Hard metal vs. Docker (Kubernetes) vs. Atlas.
- Kafka can run general events while Mongo streams (the new feature) only handles database updates.