

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Executive Summary

- Collected data from public SpaceX API and SpaceX Wikipedia page. Created labels column 'class' which classifies successful landings. Explored data using SQL, visualization, folium maps, and dashboards. Gathered relevant columns to be used as features. Changed all categorical variables to binary using one hot encoding. Standardized data and used GridSearchCV to find best parameters for machine learning models. Visualize accuracy score of all models.
- Four machine learning models were produced: Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machine, Decision Tree Classifier, and K Nearest Neighbors. All produced similar results with accuracy rate of about 83.33%. All models over predicted successful landings. More data is needed for better model determination and accuracy.

Introduction

Background:

- Commercial Space Age is here
- Space X has best pricing (\$62 million vs. \$165 million USD)
- Largely due to ability to recover part of rocket (Stage 1)
- Space Y wants to compete with Space X

Problem:

• Space Y tasks us to train a machine learning model to predict successful Stage 1 recovery



Methodology

- Data collection methodology:
 - Combined data from SpaceX public API and SpaceX Wikipedia page
- Perform data wrangling
 - Classifying true landings as successful and unsuccessful otherwise
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - Tuned models using GridSearchCV

Data Collection

Data collection process involved a combination of API requests from Space X public API and web scraping data from a table in Space X's Wikipedia entry.

The next slide will show the flowchart of data collection from API and the one after will show the flowchart of data collection from webscraping.

Space X API Data Columns:

• FlightNumber, Date, BoosterVersion, PayloadMass, Orbit, LaunchSite, Outcome, Flights, GridFins, Reused, Legs, LandingPad, Block, ReusedCount, Serial, Longitude, Latitude

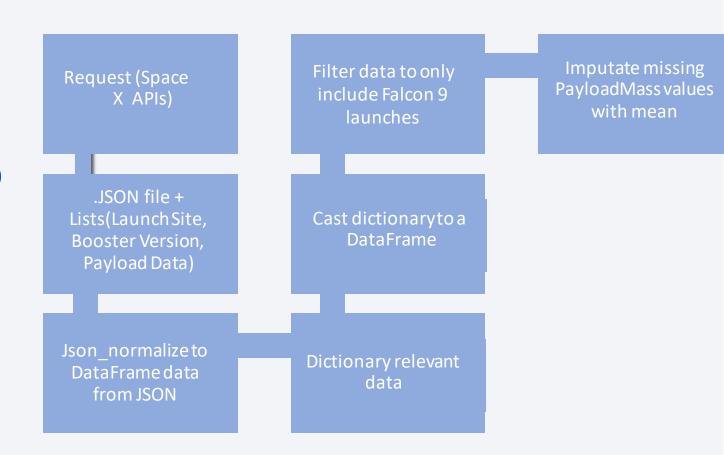
Wikipedia Webscrape Data Columns:

• Flight No., Launch site, Payload, PayloadMass, Orbit, Customer, Launch outcome, Version Booster, Booster landing, Date, Time

Data Collection - SpaceX API

GitHub url:

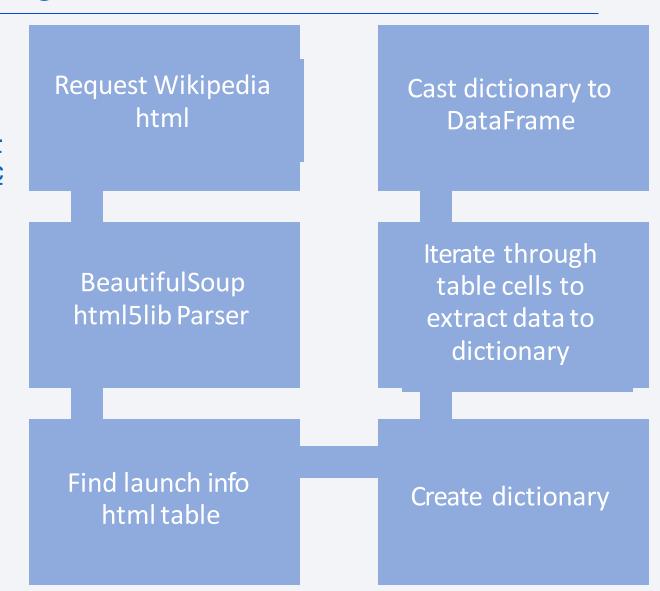
https://github.com/yvs2701/The-pathof-Coder/blob/main/Data%20Sci/IBM%20 capstone/week1.ipynb



Data Collection - Scraping

GitHub url:

 https://github.com/yvs2701/The-path-of-Coder/blob/main/Data%20Sci/IBM%20c apstone/week1.ipynb



Data Wrangling

- Create a training label with landing outcomes where successful = 1 & failure
 = 0.
- Outcome column has two components: 'Mission Outcome' 'Landing Location'
- New training label column 'class' with a value of 1 if 'Mission Outcome' is True and 0 otherwise. Value Mapping:
 - True ASDS, True RTLS, & True Ocean set to -> 1
 - None None, False ASDS, None ASDS, False Ocean, False RTLS set to -> 0

EDA with Data Visualization

- Exploratory Data Analysis performed on variables Flight Number, Payload Mass, Launch Site, Orbit, Class and Year.
- Plots Used:
 - Flight Number vs. Payload Mass, Flight Number vs. Launch Site, Payload Mass vs. Launch Site, Orbit vs. Success Rate, Flight Number vs. Orbit, Payload vs Orbit, and Success Yearly Trend
 - Scatter plots, line charts, and bar plots were used to compare relationships between variables to decide if a relationship exists so that they could be used in training the machine learning model

GitHub: https://github.com/yvs2701/The-path-of-Coder/blob/main/Data%20Sci/IBM%20capstone/week2.ipynb

EDA with SQL

- Loaded data set into IBM DB2 Database.
- Queried using SQL Python integration.
- Queries were made to get a better understanding of the dataset.
- Queried information about launch site names, mission outcomes, various pay load sizes of customers and booster versions, and landing outcomes

GitHub: https://github.com/yvs2701/The-path-of-Coder/blob/main/Data%20Sci/IBM%20capstone/week2.ipynb

Build an Interactive Map with Folium

- Folium maps mark Launch Sites, successful and unsuccessful landings, and a proximity example to key locations: Railway, Highway, Coast, and City.
- This allows us to understand why launch sites may be located where they are. Also visualizes successful landings relative to location.

GitHub: https://github.com/yvs2701/The-path-of-Coder/blob/main/Data%20Sci/IBM%20capstone/week3.ipynb

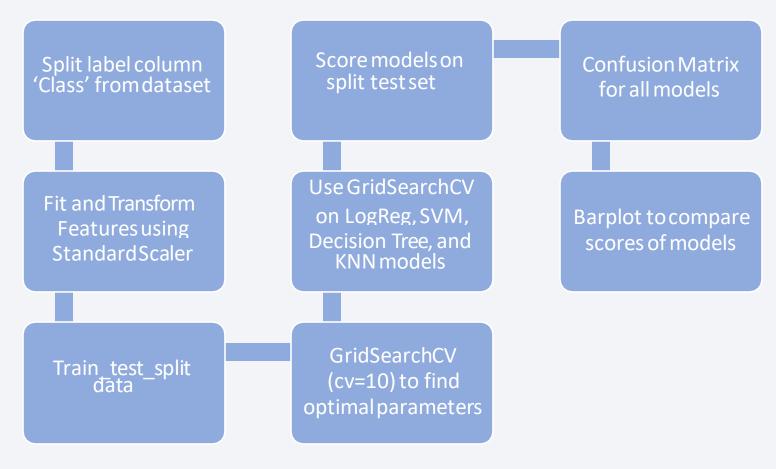
Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- Summarize what plots/graphs and interactions you have added to a dashboard
- Explain why you added those plots and interactions
- Add the GitHub URL of your completed Plotly Dash lab, as an external reference and peer-review purpose

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

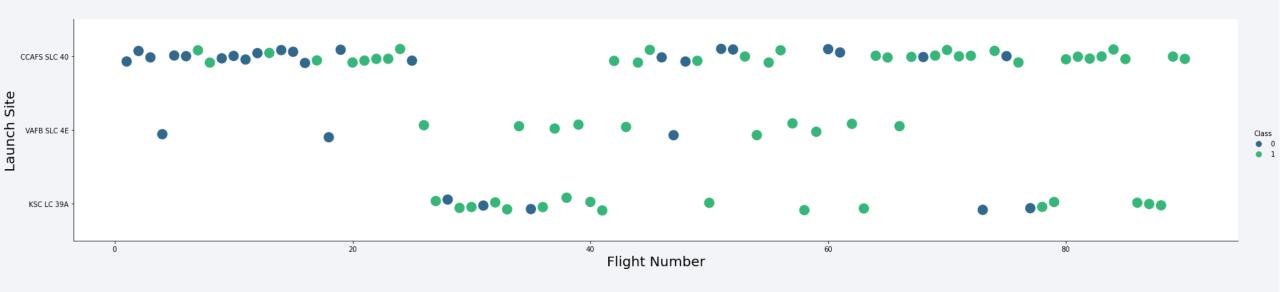
GitHub url:

 https://github.com/yvs2701/Th e-path-of-Coder/blob/main/Data%20Sci/I BM%20capstone/week4.ipynb



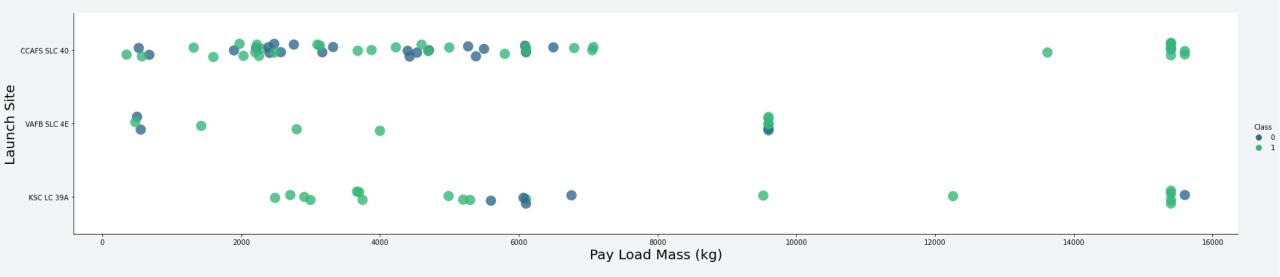


Flight Number vs. Launch Site



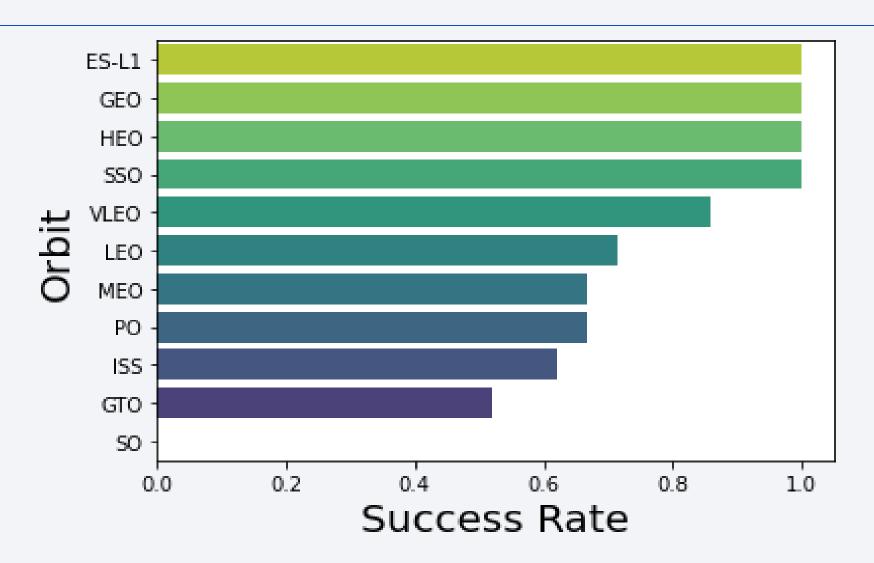
- Green indicates successful launch; Blue indicates unsuccessful launch.
- Graphic suggests an increase in success rate over time (indicated in Flight Number).
- Likely a big breakthrough around flight 20 which significantly increased success rate. CCAFS appears to be the main launch site as it has the most volume.

Payload vs. Launch Site

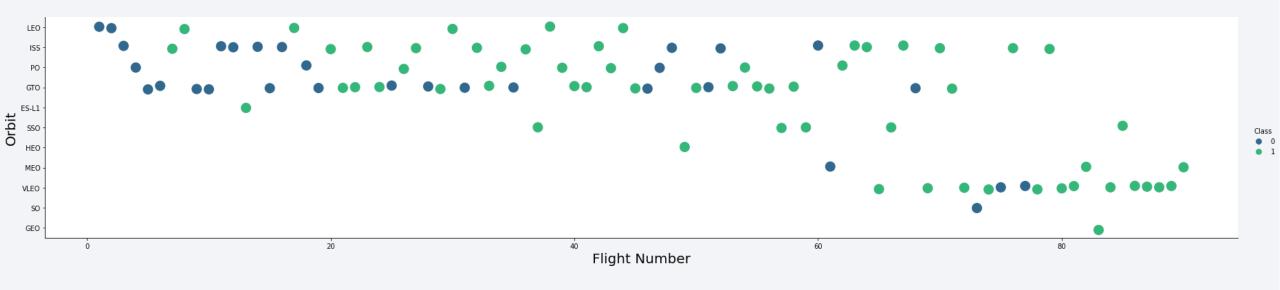


- Green indicates successful launch; Blue indicates unsuccessful launch.
- Payload mass appears to fall mostly between 0-6000 kg. Different launch sites also seem to use different payload mass.

Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

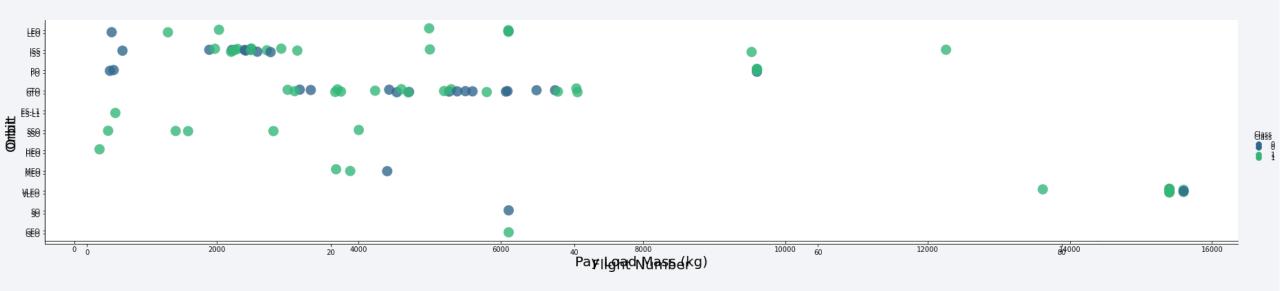


Flight Number vs. Orbit Type



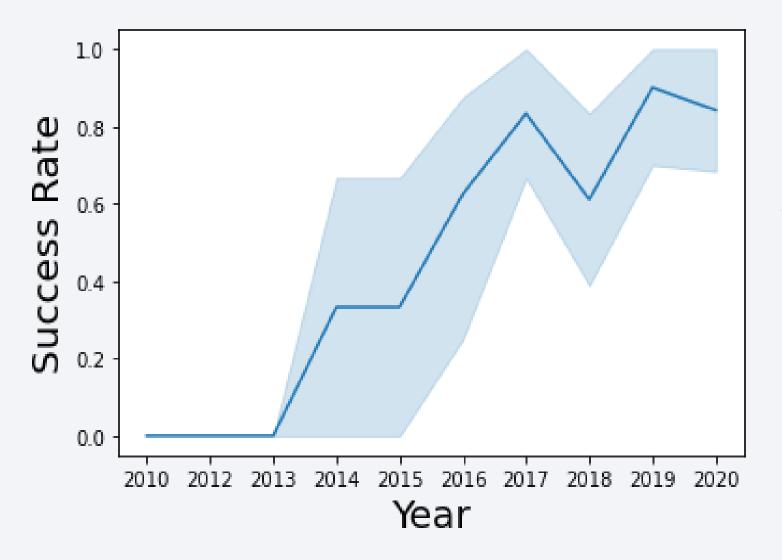
- Green indicates successful launch; Blue indicates unsuccessful launch.
- Launch Orbit preferences changed over Flight Number. Launch Outcome seems to correlate with this preference.
- SpaceX started with LEO orbits which saw moderate success LEO and returned to VLEO in recent launches SpaceX appears to perform better in lower orbits or Sunsynchronous orbits.

Payload vs Orbit Type



- Green indicates successful launch; Blue indicates unsuccessful launch
- Payload mass seems to correlate with orbit
- LEO and SSO seem to have relatively low payload mass
- The other most successful orbit VLEO only has payload mass values in the higher end of the range

Launch Success Yearly Trend



95% confidence interval (light blue shading)

All Launch Site Names

```
In [4]: %%sql
        SELECT UNIQUE LAUNCH SITE
        FROM SPACEXDATASET;
         * ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f;
        Done.
Out[4]:
         launch_site
         CCAFS LC-40
         CCAFS SLC-40
         CCAFSSLC-40
         KSC LC-39A
         VAFB SLC-4E
```

Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

```
In [5]: %%sql
         SELECT *
         FROM SPACEXDATASET
        WHERE LAUNCH SITE LIKE 'CCA%'
         * ibm db sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.appdomain.cloud:31198/bludb
Out[5]:
        DATE
                time_utc_booster_version launch_site payload
                                                                                payload mass kg
                                                                                                   orbit
                                                                                                          customer
                                                                                                                      mission_outcome landing outcome
         2010-
                                            CCAFS LC-
                                                         Dragon Spacecraft
                  18:45:00
                            F9 v1.0 B0003
                                                                                0
                                                                                                    LEO
                                                                                                          SpaceX
                                                                                                                                        Failure (parachute)
                                                                                                                      Success
         06-04
                                                         Qualification Unit
                                                        Dragon demo flight C1,
                                                                                                          NASA
                                            CCAFS LC-
         2010-
                                                                                                    LEO
                  15:43:00
                            F9 v1.0 B0004
                                                         two CubeSats, barrel of
                                                                                                          (COTS)
                                                                                                                      Success
                                                                                                                                        Failure (parachute)
         12-08
                                                                                                    (ISS)
                                                                                                          NRO
                                                         Brouere cheese
                                            CCAFS LC-
                                                                                                    LEO
                                                                                                          NASA
         2012-
                 07:44:00
                            F9 v1.0 B0005
                                                        Dragon demo flight C2
                                                                                525
                                                                                                                      Success
                                                                                                                                        No attempt
         05-22
                                                                                                          (COTS)
                                            CCAFS LC-
                                                                                                    LEO
                                                                                                          NASA
         2012-
                            F9 v1.0 B0006
                                                         SpaceX CRS-1
                                                                               500
                 00:35:00
                                                                                                                      Success
                                                                                                                                        No attempt
         10-08
                                                                                                    (ISS)
                                                                                                          (CRS)
                                            CCAFS LC-
                                                                                                    LEO
                                                                                                          NASA
         2013-
                 15:10:00
                           F9 v1.0 B0007
                                                         SpaceX CRS-2
                                                                               677
                                                                                                                      Success
                                                                                                                                        No attempt
                                                                                                          (CRS)
         03-01
                                                                                                    (ISS)
```

Total Payload Mass

```
%%sql
SELECT SUM(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) AS SUM_PAYLOAD_MASS_KG
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE CUSTOMER = 'NASA (CRS)';

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86
Done.

sum_payload_mass_kg
45596
```

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

```
%%sql
SELECT AVG(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) AS AVG_PAYLOAD_MASS_KG
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE booster version = 'F9 v1.1'
* ibm db sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86
Done.
avg_payload_mass_kg
2928
```

First Successful Ground Landing Date

```
%%sql
SELECT MIN(DATE) AS FIRST SUCCESS
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing outcome = 'Success (ground pad)';
 * ibm db sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81
Done.
first success
2015-12-22
```

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

```
%%sql
SELECT booster_version
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing_outcome = 'Success (drone ship)' AND payload_mass_kg_ BETWEEN 4001 AND 5999;

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databas@Done.

booster_version
F9 FT B1022
F9 FT B1026
F9 FT B1021.2
F9 FT B1031.2
```

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

```
%%sql
SELECT mission_outcome, COUNT(*) AS no_outcome
FROM SPACEXDATASET
GROUP BY mission_outcome;
```

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-;
Done.

mission_outcome	no_outcome
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	99
Success (payload status unclear)	1

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

```
%%sql
SELECT booster_version, PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_ = (SELECT MAX(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXDATASET);
```

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1 Done.

booster_version	payload_masskg_
F9 B5 B1048.4	15600
F9 B5 B1049.4	15600
F9 B5 B1051.3	15600
F9 B5 B1056.4	15600
F9 B5 B1048.5	15600
F9 B5 B1051.4	15600
F9 B5 B1049.5	15600
F9 B5 B1060.2	15600
F9 B5 B1058.3	15600
F9 B5 B1051.6	15600
F9 B5 B1060.3	15600
F9 B5 B1049.7	15600

2015 Launch Records

```
%%sql
SELECT MONTHNAME(DATE) AS MONTH, landing_outcome, booster_version, PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_, launch_site
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing_outcome = 'Failure (drone ship)' AND YEAR(DATE) = 2015;
```

^{*} ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg.databases.app Done.

MONTH	landing_outcome	booster_version	payload_masskg_	launch_site
January	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1012	2395	CCAFS LC-40
April	Failure (drone ship)	F9 v1.1 B1015	1898	CCAFS LC-40

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

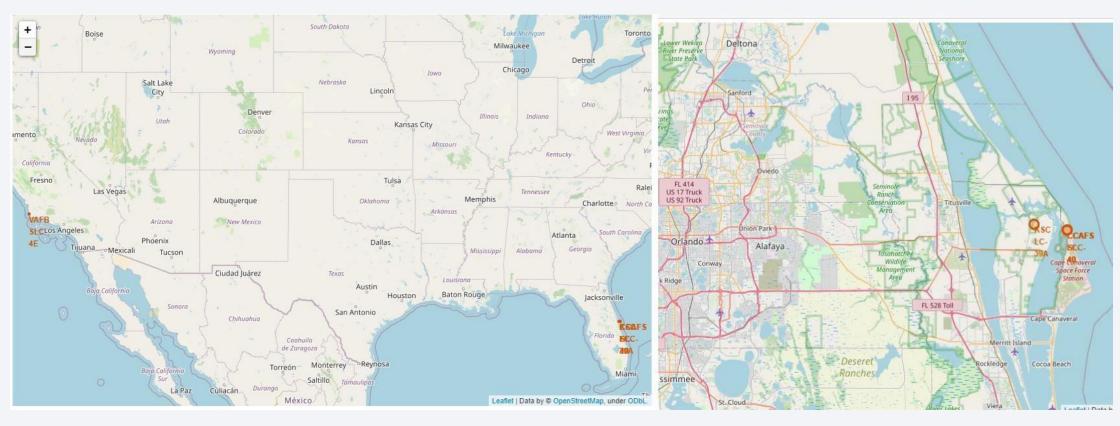
```
%%sql
SELECT landing__outcome, COUNT(*) AS no_outcome
FROM SPACEXDATASET
WHERE landing__outcome LIKE 'Succes%' AND DATE BETWEEN '2010-06-04' AND '2017-03-20'
GROUP BY landing__outcome
ORDER BY no_outcome DESC;
```

* ibm_db_sa://ftb12020:***@0c77d6f2-5da9-48a9-81f8-86b520b87518.bs2io90l08kqb1od8lcg Done.

landing_outcome	no_outcome
Success (drone ship)	5
Success (ground pad)	3

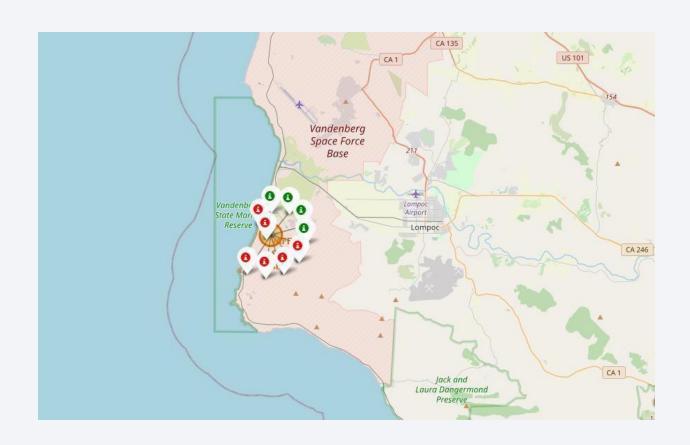


Launch Site Locations

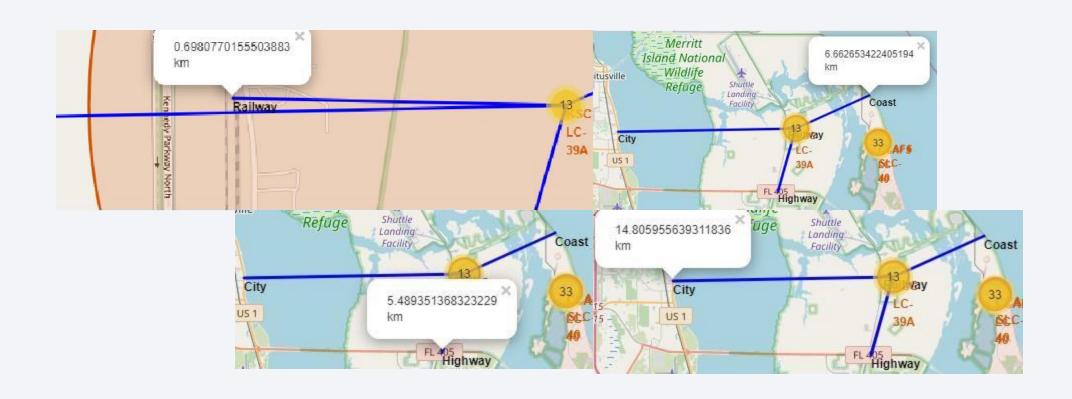


The left map shows all launch sites relative US map. The right map shows the two Florida launch sites since they are very close to each other. All launch sites are near the ocean.

Color-coded Launch Markers

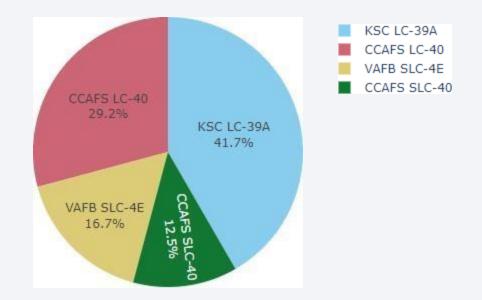


Key location proximities



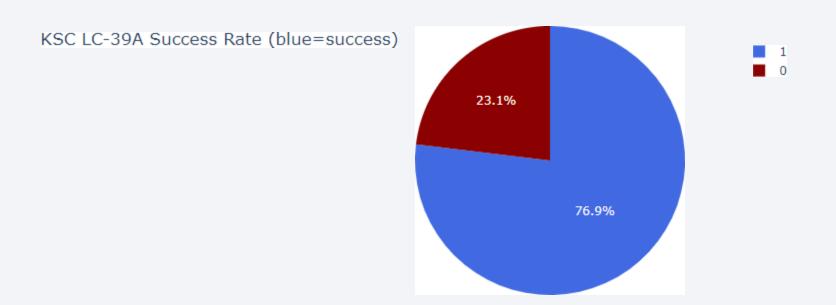


Successful launches across launch sites



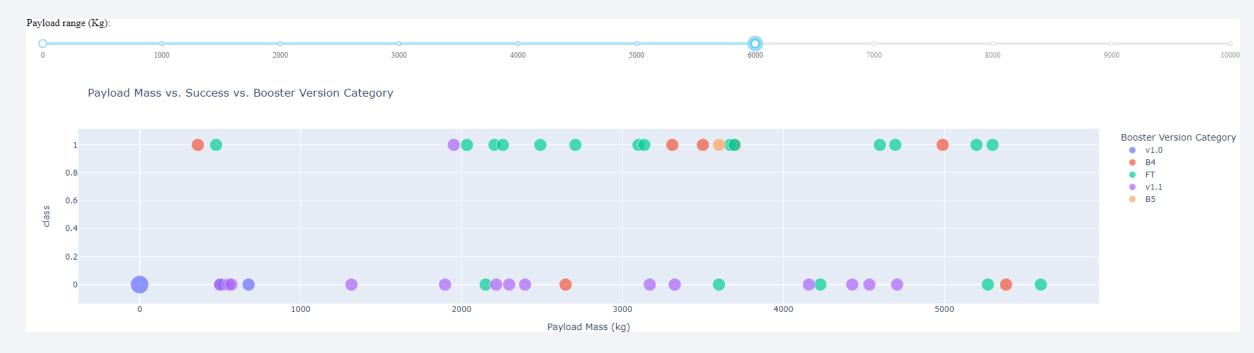
This is the distribution of successful landings across all launch sites. CCAFS LC-40 is the old name of CCAFS SLC-40 so CCAFS and KSC have the same amount of successful landings, but a majority of the successful landings where performed before the name change. VAFB has the smallest share of successful landings. This may be due to smaller sample and increase in difficulty of launching in the west coast.

Highest Success Rate Launch Site



KSC LC-39A has the highest success rate with 10 successful landings and 3 failed landings.

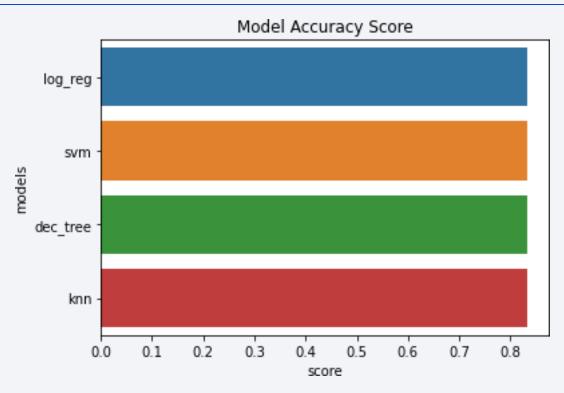
Payload Mass vs Succes vs Booster Version



Plotly dashboard has a Payload range selector. However, this is set from 0-10000 instead of the max Payload of 15600. Class indicates 1 for successful landing and 0 for failure. Scatter plot also accounts for booster version category in color and number of launches in point size. In this particular range of 0-6000, interestingly there are two failed landings with payloads of zero kg.



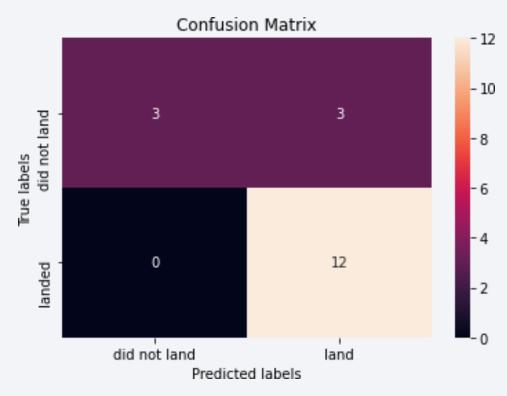
Classification Accuracy



All models had virtually the same accuracy on the test set at 83.33% accuracy. It should be noted that test size is small at only sample size of 18.

This can cause large variance in accuracy results, such as those in Decision Tree Classifier model in repeated runs. We likely need more data to determine the best model.

Confusion Matrix



Since all models performed the same for the test set, the confusion matrix is the same across all models. The models predicted 12 successful landings when the true label was successful landing.

The models predicted 3 unsuccessful landings when the true label was unsuccessful landing.

The models predicted 3 successful landings when the true label was unsuccessful landings (false positives). Our models over predict successful landings.

Conclusions

- Our task: to develop a machine learning model for Space Y who wants to bid against SpaceX
- The goal of model is to predict when Stage 1 will successfully land to save ~\$100 million USD
- Used data from a public SpaceX API and web scraping SpaceX Wikipedia page
- Created data labels and stored data into a DB2 SQL database
- Created a dashboard for visualization
- We created a machine learning model with an accuracy of 83%
- Allon Mask of SpaceY can use this model to predict with relatively high accuracy whether
 a launch will have a successful Stage 1 landing before launch to determine whether the
 launch should be made or not
- If possible more data should be collected to better determine the best machine learning model and improve accuracy

Appendix

GitHub repository url:

• https://github.com/yvs2701/The-path-of-Coder/tree/main/Data%20Sci/IBM%20capstone

Instructors:

• Instructors: Rav Ahuja, Alex Aklson, Aije Egwaikhide, Svetlana Levitan, Romeo Kienzler, Polong Lin, Joseph Santarcangelo, Azim Hirjani, Hima Vasudevan, Saishruthi Swaminathan, Saeed Aghabozorgi, Yan Luo

Special Thanks to All Instructors:

• https://www.coursera.org/professional-certificates/ibm-data-science

