Datenvisualisierung

Wie mache ich das richtig?

Dr. Cédric Scherer // 2. Juni 2023
cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

@ JuGa Summer School 2023

CÉDRIC SCHERER
Data Visualization & Information Design

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Consulting **Coaching** **Coding**

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GRAPHIC SCIENCE

Text by Clara Moskowitz | Graphic by Cédric Scherer and Georgios Karamanis

Escalating Drought

Climate change is intensifying periods of extreme dryness, particularly in the U.S. West

For more than 20 years the National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC) has been monitoring dozens of indices of drought around the country, including satellite measurements of evaporation and color in vegetation, soil-moisture sensors, rainfall estimates, and river and streamflow levels. Although the agency's weekly assessments have identified periods of exceptional drought before, lately dryness has been ramping up. "The changing climate is definitely contributing to more natural disasters, drought being one of them," says Brian Fuchs, a climatologist who oversees the weekly report at the NDMC. "We're seeing more frequent and high-intensity episodes. This year some of these areas in the West have been in drought more than they have been without drought."

Northwest (incl. Alaska) | Northern Plains | Midwest | Northeast | Calif. | Southwest (incl. Hawaii) | Southern Plains | Southeast

Drought Extent and Intensity by Region over Time

Category: Abnormally Dry | Moderate Drought | Severe Drought | Extreme Drought | Exceptional Drought

First bar: Week 1 | Week 52

Northwest | California | Southwest | Northern Plains | Southern Plains | Midwest | Southeast | Northeast

Percent of Region That Experienced Drought Each Week: 100% / 0%

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

September 1–7, 2021

California experienced its hottest drought in recorded history from 2012 to 2016. A warming climate makes the atmosphere thirstier, which increases evaporation and boosts drought.

A drought that originated in the Southern Plains in 2011 eventually spread to the Midwest and Northern Plains when the moisture coming in from the Gulf of Mexico was absorbed by the parched South before it could reach the North.

The Southeast's driest year to date was 2007, when only 31.85 inches of rain fell in Atlanta, 62 percent of its average yearly rainfall.

Source: U.S. Drought Monitor, jointly produced by the National Drought Mitigation Center at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (data)

74 Scientific American, November 2021

RB Leipzig and Borussia Dortmund Make the Most of Their Opportunities
How to Read:

Not my cup of coffee...
ETHIOPIA
KENYA
COLOMBIA
UGANDA
COSTA RICA
HAWAII
GUATEMALA
BRAZIL
TANZANIA
TAIWAN
HONDURAS
MEXICO
NICARAGUA

Communicating fast doesn't necessarily mean communicating more
Speak less quickly
Convey less information
Speak more quickly
Convey more information
Japanese
Basque
Korean
Indo-European
Turkic
Uralic
Sino-Tibetan
Austroasiatic
Tai-Kadai
Normalized rates of speech (syllables per second) and information (bits per second)

Ergebnisse der Bundestagswahl 2021
Die stärksten Parteien nach Prozent der Zweitstimmen.
SPD
CDU
CSU
Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
AfD
Grafik: Cédric Scherer · Daten: DIE ZEIT · Gridkarte: Ansgar Wolsing & Cédric Scherer

Show Me the Honey:
Where My Beekeepers At?!
Counts of Beekeepers in Germany Listed in OpenStreetMap
1
5
10
15
20
25
31
Graphic: Cédric Scherer • Source: OpenStreetMap Contributors

Appearance of the Five Most Popular X-Men Characters in Chris Claremont's Comics

ZAMBIA

Travelling to Outer Space

Shaded
Relief Map
of the World

IN 2016, THE GLOBAL AREAL LAND USE FOR AGRICULTURE COVERED 1.6 BILLION HECTARES — AN AREA ALMOST SIX TIMES AS LARGE AS IN 1600 AND TWO TIMES THE AREA OF 1900.
Visualization: Cédric Scherer
Data: History Database of the Global Environment (HYDE)
Agriculture, namely arable farming and grazing, is a major use of land: Half of the world's habitable land is used for agriculture. The extensive land use has a major impact on the earth's environment as it reduces wilderness and threatens biodiversity. According to the History Database of the Global Environment, for centuries the total amount of agricultural land was below 0.25 Billion hectares and mainly located in India and Europe, and China. Over the last few centuries, this has changed dramatically: wild habitats have been squeezed out by turning it into agricultural land, now covering more than six times of the area of agricultural land before 1600.
EUROPE (INCLUDING RUSSIA)
AFRICA
NORTHERN AMERICA (U.S. AND CANADA)
ASIA (EXCLUDING INDIA AND CHINA)
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN
INDIA
CHINA
OCEANIA
MIDDLE EAST

cedricscherer.com

Blog Gallery About Me Links

CÉDRIC SCHERER

Data Visualization & Information Design

Hi, I am Cédric 👋

Data Visualization Designer, Consultant and Instructor for Engaging and Effective Graphical Storytelling.

→ Read more about me → Schedule a discovery call

The 30DayChartChallenge is Ready to Kick Off

The #30DayChartChallenge is a data visualization community challenge with the aim of creating a data visualization on a particular theme for each day in April. Read on for a behind-the-scenes look at the two previous years' challenges, then join us on social media (Twitter, Instagram, LinkedIn, and Mastodon) to participate!

Tuesday • March 28, 2023

2-Day Workshop on "Graphic Design with ggplot2" at rstudio::conf 2022

End of July, I had the honor to teach an in-person ggplot2 workshop at the rstudio::conf in Washington DC. All course resources are available on the course webpage featuring slides, hands-on R codes, recap notes, and exercises including prepared scripts and step-by-step

Always coding. Passionate about design. Worried about nature and inequality. Proud dad.

Quick Links

ggplot2 Tutorial
Evolution of a ggplot
rstudio::conf Workshop

Featured Tags

30DAYCHARTCHALLENGE
ANIMATIONS BERLIN
CHALLENGE COVID19
DATAVIZ DESIGN GGPLOT2

Datenvisualisierung

ist die grafische Darstellung von Informationen und Daten.

Datenvisualisierung

wandelt Daten in visuelle Formen als quantifizierbare Merkmale um.

Datenvisualisierung

hilft Einsichten zu gewinnen, zu entdecken, erklären und zu entscheiden.

Datenvisualisierung

ist einerseits Kunst und
andererseits Wissenschaft.

Quelle: eazybi.com

Source: Ranganathan et al. 2014

Source: datameer.com

Carte figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la campagne de Russie 1812–1813 von Charles Joseph Minard

Carte figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la campagne de Russie 1812–1813 and Carte figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée qu'Annibal conduisit d'Espagne en Italie en traversant les Gaules (selon Polybe) von Charles Joseph Minard

- zeigt das Vorrücken der Truppen von **Hannibal** (218 v. Chr.) und **Napoleon** (1812-1813)
- wird oft als **die beste jemals gezeichnete statistische Grafik** bezeichnet

"Same Stats, Different Graphs: Generating Datasets with Varied Appearance and Identical Statistics through Simulated Annealing"
by Justin Matejka & George Fitzmaurice, ACM SIGCHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems 2017

Anscombe's Quartet

Each dataset has the same summary statistics
mean, standard deviation, and correlation
but are visually distinct.

"Same Stats, Different Graphs: Generating Datasets with Varied Appearance and Identical Statistics through Simulated Annealing"
by Justin Matejka & George Fitzmaurice, ACM SIGCHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems 2017

Visualize Your Data

"When **Dmitry Kobak and Sergey Shpilkin** [...] analysed the results, they found that **an unusually high number of turnout and vote-share results were multiples of five** (eg, 50%, 55%, 60%), a tell-tale **sign of manipulation**."

Visualize Your Data

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Was macht es zu einer schlechten Grafik?

Was macht es zu einer schlechten Grafik?

Was macht es zu einer guten Grafik?

"Yearly Fluctuations in Area of Arctic Covered by Ice" by Derek Watkins (New York Times)

Was macht es zu einer guten Grafik?

👉 **INFORMATION** (Korrektheit)

Was macht es zu einer guten Grafik?

- 👉 **INFORMATION** (Korrektheit)
- 👉 **STORY** (Bedeutsamkeit)

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- 👉 **STORY** (Bedeutsamkeit)
- 👉 **GOAL** (Zweckmäßigkeit)

Was macht es zu einer guten Grafik?

- 👉 **INFORMATION** (Korrektheit)
- 👉 **STORY** (Bedeutsamkeit)
- 👉 **GOAL** (Zweckmäßigkeit)
- 👉 **VISUAL FORM** (Schönheit)

How to Steer Clear of Common Blunders When Working with Data and Presenting Analysis and Visualizations
AVOIDING DATA PITFALLS
BEN JONES
Founder and CEO, Data Literacy
WILEY

Unsere Daten sind **nie** ein perfektes Abbild der realen Welt.

→ **nur eine Teilmenge:** gemeldete Verbrechen

→ **von Menschen erhoben:** Schätzungen, Genauigkeit & Fehler

→ **maschinell erfasst:** Genauigkeiten & Fehler

Number of disasters
per year
450
400
350
300
250
200
150
100
50
0
1900
1920
1940
1960
1980
2000
2010
All disasters
Earthquakes
All disasters include: drought, earthquake, extreme temperatures, famine, flood, insect infestation, slides, volcanic eruption, wave and surge, wild fires, wind storm.
Source: CRED Annual Disaster Statistical Review 2006, 2007.

Number of disasters
per year
450
400
350
300
250
200
150
100
50
0
1900
1920
1940
1960
1980
2000
2010
All disasters
All disasters include: drought, earthquake, extreme temperatures, famine, flood, insect infestation, slides, volcanic eruption, wave and surge, wild fires, wind storm.
Earthquakes
Trends in number of reported disasters
Much of the increase in the number of hazardous events reported is probably due to significant improvements in information access and also to population growth, but the number of floods and cyclones reported is still rising compared to earthquakes. Is global warming affecting the frequency of natural hazards?
250
200
150
100
50
0
1980
1985
1990
1995
2000
2005
2010
Earthquakes versus climatic disasters
Floods
Cyclones
Earthquakes
Source: CRED Annual Disaster Statistical Review 2006, 2007.

“Ein Großteil des Anstiegs der **gemeldeten gefährlichen Ereignisse** ist wahrscheinlich auf den erheblich **verbesserten Zugang zu Informationen** zurückzuführen.”

Beispiel: Beobachtungsstudien

Postmenopausale Hormontherapie (HRT)

Risiko koronare Herzkrankheit (CVD)

Beispiel: Beobachtungsstudien

Postmenopausale Hormontherapie (HRT)

Frauen, die HRT anwenden,
sind in der Regel **wohlhabender,**
schlanker und **gebildeter,**
treiben **häufiger Sport** und
trinken tendenziell **mehr Alkohol**

(Wilson et al. 1985, Persson et al. 1997)

Confounding variables

Risiko koronare Herzkrankheit (CVD)

Typologie von Informationsgrafiken

nach Juuso Koponen & Jonatan Hildén, "Data Visualization Handbook" (2020), Seite 25

Sind die **Informationen** konzeptionell oder messbar?

☛ **Art der Information:** Darstellung von Konzepten <> Umwandlung von Daten in visuelle Formen

Typologie von Informationsgrafiken

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Sind die **Informationen** konzeptionell oder messbar?

☛ **Art der Information:** Darstellung von Konzepten <> Umwandlung von Daten in visuelle Formen

Ist der **Zweck** Informationen zu erkunden oder zu erklären?

☛ **Zweck der Grafik:** Erleichterung der Entdeckung <> Vermittlung von Informationen

Typologie von Informationsgrafiken

nach Juuso Koponen & Jonatan Hildén, "Data Visualization Handbook" (2020), Seite 25

”Visualizations can be designed and experienced in various ways, by people of various backgrounds, and in various circumstances. That's why **reflecting on the purpose of a visualization is paramount before we design it— or before we critique it.”**

Alberto Cairo

Auszug aus dem Vorwort zu “Data Sketches” von Nadieh Bremer & Shirley Wu (CRC Press 2021)

Adaptiert von Andy Kirk

das
Publikum

Wer ist das Publikum?

Wer ist mein Zielpublikum?

- Welche Geschichte ist für sie interessant?
- Was sind wirklich relevante Details?
- Welche Variablen sind für sie bedeutsam?
- Wie und wo werden sie der Grafik begegnen?
- **Brauche ich überhaupt eine Grafik??**

Warming Stripes *von Ed Hawkins*

Warming Stripes von Ed Hawkins

FAQ : Frequently asked questions

What are these graphics?

What do the graphics show?

Why are there no numbers on the graphics?

» These graphics are specifically designed to be as simple as possible, and to start conversations about our warming world and the risks of climate change. There are numerous sources of information which provide more specific details about how temperatures have changed, so these graphics fill a gap and enable communication with minimal scientific knowledge required to understand their meaning.

showyourstripes.info/faq

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

Diese Grafiken sind speziell dafür **konzipiert um Gespräche anzuregen** über die sich erwärmende Welt und die Risiken des Klimawandels.

» These graphics are specifically designed to be as simple as possible, and to start conversations about our warming world and the risks of climate change. There are numerous sources of information which provide more specific details about how temperatures have changed, so these graphics fill a gap and enable communication with minimal scientific knowledge required to understand their meaning.

showyourstripes.info/faq

*Quelle: Kieran Healys **"Data Visualization: A Practical Introduction"***
Ergebnisse basierend auf Heer & Bostock sowie Cleveland & McGill

*Quelle: Kieran Healys **"Data Visualization: A Practical Introduction"***
Ergebnisse basierend auf Heer & Bostock sowie Cleveland & McGill

Nutze immer Fläche.

Nutze niemals Radius!

Daten sortieren

Textdrehung vermeiden

Textdrehung vermeiden

Direktbeschriftungen hinzufügen

Highlights setzen

Immer bei „Null” starten

Quelle: Nathan Yau (flowingdata.com)

Mein Webinar für USGS Data Science ***"Beyond Bar and Box Plots"*** [Slides | Recording]

Mein Webinar für USGS Data Science ***"Beyond Bar and Box Plots"*** [Slides | Recording]

PLOS | BIOLOGY

PERSPECTIVE

Beyond Bar and Line Graphs: Time for a New Data Presentation Paradigm

Tracey L. Weissgerber[1]*, Natasa M. Milic[1,2], Stacey J. Winham[3], Vesna D. Garovic[1]

1 Division of Nephrology & Hypertension, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, United States of America, **2** Department of Biostatistics, Medical Faculty, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia, **3** Division of Biomedical Statistic and Informatics, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minnesota, United States of America

* weissgerber.tracey@mayo.edu

Weissgerber et al. (2015) PLoS Biology

Test				
	p value			
T-test: Equal var.	0.035	0.050	0.026	0.063
T-test: Unequal var.	0.035	0.050	0.026	0.035
Wilcoxon	0.054	0.073	0.128	0.103

Modified from Weissgerber et al. (2015) PLoS Biology

Test				
	p value			
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Modified from Weissgerber et al. (2015) PLoS Biology

Modified from Weissgerber et al. (2015) PLoS Biology

Only a Dozen Countries Worldwide have Declining Urban Population Figures

According to the *World Urbanization Prospects* by the United Nations Population Division, only twelve out of 218 countries listed have a declining trend when it comes to changes in urban population between 1960 and 2019.

Surprinsingly—at least for a European citizen—Austria and Liechtenstein are amog these exhibiting a decrease in urban population by 6.2% and 6.07% within six decades, respectively.

Visualization by Cédric Scherer | Data: United Nations Population Division. World Urbanization Prospects: 2018 Revision. | #30DayChartChallenge 2021 Day 5: Slope

Average income has decreased in 185 countries from 2019 to 2020, with GDP per capita growth turning negative in 72% of these cases.

Graphic: Cédric Scherer • Data: World Bank and OECD via OurWorldInData

Average income has decreased in almost all countries from 2019 to 2020, with GDP per capita growth turning from positive to negative in most cases.

Graphic: Cédric Scherer • Data: World Bank and OECD via OurWorldInData • The graphic contains countries that inhabit more than 20M people.

Women's gross hourly earnings were...

equal to those of male paid employees in the EU

30% below those of male paid employees in the EU

In 2020, women's gross hourly earnings were on average 13% below those of men in the EU.

Many countries were able to decrease the pay gap between male and female employees: most notably Luxembourg with the smallest gap in 2020 of 0.7% and Romania with a decrease of 13.6% within 18 years to 2.4%, ranking second. However, in several countries the pay gap was almost stable (Hungary and France) or even increased (Latvia, Portugal, Croatia, and Malta) compared to the gap in the reference period from 2002 to 2010 for all years available via Eurostat.

As an unadjusted indicator, the gender pay gap gives an overall picture of the differences between men and women in terms of earnings and measures – a concept which is broader than discrimination in the sense of: *equal pay for work of equal value.*

Graphic: Cédric Scherer • Data: Eurostat (SDG_05_20; no data for Greece and Ireland) • #InternationalWomensDay2022

"The Pay Gap in Europe", persönliches Projekt zum Internationalen Frauentag 2022

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

Häufigkeit von Diskriminierungserfahrungen entlang ausgewählter Vielfaltsdimensionen im Lebensbereich „Medien und Internet"

Lesebeispiel: *LSBAQ-Befragte des Afrozensus geben im Vergleich mit heterosexuellen Afrozensus-Befragten häufiger an, im Lebensbereich „Medien und Internet" in den letzten zwei Jahren Diskriminierung erlebt zu haben.*

Quelle: Abb. 46 in Aikins, M A; Bremberger,T; Aikins, J K; Gyamerah, D; Yıldırım-Caliman, D (2021): Afrozensus 2020 | Datenteam: Reiber, L; Vivanco, J | Design: Scherer, C

Lizenz: CC-BY-NC by EOTO & CFE | afrozensus.de

Abb. 46 "Afrozensus 2020" von Citizens For Europe & EOTO e.V.

Mein Webinar für USGS Data Science ***"Beyond Bar and Box Plots"*** [Slides | Recording]

von meinem Blog Post *"Visualizing Distributions with Raincloud Plots (and How to Create Them with ggplot2)"*

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"Communicating fast doesn't necessarily mean communicating more", #30DayChartChallenge Contribution

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

von meinem Blog Post *"Visualizing Distributions with Raincloud Plots (and How to Create Them with ggplot2)"*

Why Dynamite Plots Are Terrible—and Why You Should Use Something Else | Cédric Scherer | #30DayChartChallenge 2021 | Day 27: Educational

"Not my cup of coffee", #TidyTuesday Contribution

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

Chart Suggestions—A Thought-Starter
www.ExtremePresentation.com
© 2009 A. Abela — a.v.abela@gmail.com
Variable Width Column Chart
Table or Table with Embedded Charts
Bar Chart
Column Chart
Circular Area Chart
Line Chart
Column Chart
Line Chart
Two Variables per Item
Many Categories
Many Items
Few Items
Cyclical Data
Non-Cyclical Data
Single or Few Categories
Many Categories
Few Categories
Many Periods
Few Periods
One Variable per Item
Over Time
Among Items
Comparison
Column Histogram
Single Variable
Few Data Points
Scatter Chart
Two Variables
Relationship
What would you like to show?
Distribution
Many Data Points
Line Histogram
Bubble Chart
Three Variables
Composition
Scatter Chart
Two Variables
Changing Over Time
Static
3D Area Chart
Three Variables
Few Periods
Many Periods
Only Relative Differences Matter
Relative and Absolute Differences Matter
Only Relative Differences Matter
Relative and Absolute Differences Matter
Simple Share of Total
Accumulation or Subtraction to Total
Components of Components
Stacked 100% Column Chart
Stacked Column Chart
Stacked 100% Area Chart
Stacked Area Chart
Pie Chart
Waterfall Chart
Stacked 100% Column Chart with Subcomponents

data-to-viz.com

datavizproject.com

visualizationuniverse.com

Source: data-to-viz.com

Source: data-to-viz.com

ONE
WAY
ONE
WAY
Guide the
Viewer (eg)

„Chart-Entrümpelung" (Decluttering)

Source: canva.com

„Chart-Entrümpelung"

Quelle: "Your graph Skeleton Shouldn't Be Scary" von Mike Cisneros (Storytelling With Data)

„Chart-Entrümpelung"

BEFORE

Data source: CDC (National Vital Statistics Reports, Vol. 67, No. 1, January 31, 2018)

AFTER

Data source: CDC (National Vital Statistics Reports, Vol. 67, No. 1, January 31, 2018)

Quelle: "Declutter! (and Question Default Settings)" von Elizabeth Ricks (Storytelling With Data)

Die Wirkung von Annotationen

“Is white space always your friend?” von Neil Richards

Zeitreihe mit Beschriftungen von William Playfair from “The Commercial and Political Atlas and Statistical Breviary” (1786)

“The key thing we do is to add a title to the chart, as an entry point and to explain what is going on. **Text and other annotations add enourmous value for non-chart people.**”

~ John Burn-Murdoch, Financial Times

"Yearly Fluctuations in Area of Arctic Covered by Ice" von Derek Watkins (New York Times)

"Frankfurt vies for UK banking jobs post-Brexit" von Alan Smith und Laura Noonan (Financial Times)

Supplementary supermarket shopping

1 People who do most of their food/grocery shopping at this supermarket...

2 ...also regularly shop at this supermarket

	Aldi	Asda	Iceland	Lidl	Marks & Spencer	Morrisons	Sainsbury's	Tesco	The Co-operative	Waitrose
Aldi		36	26	34	17	33	23	28	22	16
Asda	38		34	32	19	29	20	27	20	11
Iceland	18	22		20	12	19	14	17	12	7
Lidl	25	24	26		13	24	20	24	21	17
Marks & Spencer	9	12	9	9		17	28	17	17	37
Morrisons	27	26	21	25	22		20	22	20	13
Sainsbury's	26	25	20	33	47	29		32	31	39
Tesco	45	39	42	44	43	37	42		42	40
The Co-operative	15	15	11	17	18	17	20	19		20
Waitrose	5	5	6	9	30	7	21	11	14	

So, for instance, 27% of people who do most of their grocery shopping at Aldi also regularly shop at Morrisons

YouGov | yougov.com

YouGov Profiles December 2018

"Tesco is the nation's primary AND secondary supermarket" von Matthew Smith (YouGov)

Die Wirkung von „Small Multiples”

Originalgrafik vom JPMorgan Chase Institut

Umgestaltung mit “Small Multiples”

Most essential categories experienced negative trends in year-over-year percent changes in spending after the National Emergency was declared. Only groceries were found to have an overall positive trend.

Source: JPMorgan Chase Institute | Makeover: Cedric Scherer

GRAPHIC SCIENCE

Text by Clara Moskowitz | Graphic by Cédric Scherer and Georgios Karamanis

Escalating Drought

Climate change is intensifying periods of extreme dryness, particularly in the U.S. West

For more than 20 years the National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC) has been monitoring dozens of indices of drought around the country, including satellite measurements of evaporation and color in vegetation, soil-moisture sensors, rainfall estimates, and river and streamflow levels. Although the agency's weekly assessments have identified periods of exceptional drought before, lately dryness has been ramping up. "The changing climate is definitely contributing to more natural disasters, drought being one of them," says Brian Fuchs, a climatologist who oversees the weekly report at the NDMC. "We're seeing more frequent and high-intensity episodes. This year some of these areas in the West have been in drought more than they have been without drought."

Drought Extent and Intensity by Region over Time

California experienced its hottest drought in recorded history from 2012 to 2016. A warming climate makes the atmosphere thirstier, which increases evaporation and boosts drought.

A drought that originated in the Southern Plains in 2011 eventually spread to the Midwest and Northern Plains when the moisture coming in from the Gulf of Mexico was absorbed by the parched South before it could reach the North.

The Southeast's driest year to date was 2007, when only 31.85 inches of rain fell in Atlanta, 62 percent of its average yearly rainfall.

Source: U.S. Drought Monitor, jointly produced by the National Drought Mitigation Center at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (data)

"Escalating Drought", zusammen mit Georgios Karamanis für den Scientific American, Ausgabe Nov 2021

"Where are Americans born?" von @ErinDataViz

How European countries generated electricity in 2018

Germany is the largest energy producing country in Europe. It generates the most renewable and conventional thermal energy, representing 31% and 56% of its overall production respectively. **France** is the second largest energy European producer and by far the largest nuclear energy provider: 71% of its production is based on nuclear fission to generate heat.

Renewable:	Nuclear:	Conventional thermal:
Germany	**France**	**Germany**
179.1 TWh	393.2 TWh	320.4 TWh
(31% of its production)	(71% of its production)	(56% of its production)

Renewable energy is energy that comes from resources that are naturally replenished such as sunlight, wind, water, and geothermal heat. Unlike fossil fuels, such as oil, natural gas and coal, or nuclear power sources such as uranium and plutonium, renewable energy regenerates naturally in a short period of time.

Norway had an electricity production almost entirely made up of renewable energy (98%). This makes Norway the second largest producer of this energy type in Europe. Interestingly, most of the renewable energy is produced by hydro power that take up 95% and only 3% by wind. In contrast, twelve European countries were reported to produce less than 20% of their energy with renewable resources: **Malta** (0%), **Hungary** (5%), **Estonia** (6%), **Czechia** (7%), **Cyprus** (9%), **Ukraine** (9%), **Poland** (10%), **Netherlands** (13%), **Bulgaria** (17%), **Belgium** (18%), **Slovakia** (19%), and **France** (19%).

Note: Energy production is mapped to the area of the circles.
Visualization by Cédric Scherer • Data by Eurostat

"How European countries generated electricity in 2018", #TidyTuesday Contribution

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

Links: Choropleth-Karte von Die Zeit | Rechts: Kachel-Karte ("Tile Grid Map") von Cédric Scherer & Ansgar Wolsing

FARBEN

und ihre Tücken

Non Uniform Distances

Med Phys. 2015 Jun; 42(6): 2942–2954. Published online 2015 May 20. doi: 10.1118/1.4921125

PMCID: PMC5148121 | PMID: 26127048

Effect of color visualization and display hardware on the visual assessment of pseudocolor medical images

Silvina Zabala-Travers, Mina Choi, Wei-Chung Cheng, and Aldo Badano[a)]

IEEE Computer Graphics and Applications

Rainbow Color Map (Still) Considered Harmful

March/April 2007, pp. 14-17, vol. 27

DOI Bookmark: 10.1109/MCG.2007.46

Authors

David Borland, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Russell M. Taylor II, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

10 March 2017

Interpretation of the rainbow color scale for quantitative medical imaging: perceptually linear color calibration (CSDF) versus DICOM GSDF

Frédérique Chesterman, Hannah Manssens, Céline Morel, Guillaume Serrell, Bastian Piepers, Tom Kimpe

Author Affiliations +

Proceedings Volume 10136, Medical Imaging 2017: Image Perception, Observer Performance, and Technology Assessment; 101360R (2017) https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2253885

Event: SPIE Medical Imaging, 2017, Orlando, Florida, United States

Education and communication

Rainbow color map distorts and misleads research in hydrology – guidance for better visualizations and science communication

Michael Stoelzle[1] and Lina Stein[2]

[1]Faculty of Environment and Natural Resources, University of Freiburg, Freiburg, Germany

[2]Department of Civil Engineering, University of Bristol, Bristol, UK

Med Phys. 2015 Jun; 42(6): 2942–2954. Published online 2015 May 20. doi: 10.1118/1.4921125

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"The ad hoc manner in which color is handled and the lack of standard approaches have been associated with suboptimal and **inconsistent diagnostic decisions with a negative impact on patient treatment and prognosis**."

Zabala-Travers, Choi, Cheng & Badano 2015 Med Phys.

true-color Phil

rainbow Phil

batlow Phil

Modified from Fabio Crameri

Turbo

Rainbow

Farbpaletten (richtig) auswählen

Sequenziell

Beispiel

Graustufen

numerische Informationen
mit steigender Reihenfolge

verwende den höchsten Kontrast
für die wichtigsten Informationen

entweder single- oder
multi-hue Farbpaletten

Modifiziert von der {colorspace} R Package Vignette

Mehr gleich dunkel, richtig?

Mehr gleich dunkel, richtig?

Farbpaletten (richtig) auswählen

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Beispiel

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numerische Informationen mit steigender Reihenfolge

verwende den höchsten Kontrast für die wichtigsten Informationen

entweder single- oder multi-hue Farbpaletten

Divergierend

Beispiel

Graustufen

numerische Informationen mit kritischem Mittelpunkt

verwende einen bedeutsamen Mittelpunkt und nutze ausgewogene Extremwerte

Kombination von zwei sequenziellen Farbpaletten

Modifiziert von der {colorspace} R Package Vignette

Was ist denn nun richtig?

sequenziell

divergierend

Farbpaletten (richtig) auswählen

Sequenziell

Beispiel

Graustufen

numerische Informationen mit steigender Reihenfolge

verwende den höchsten Kontrast für die wichtigsten Informationen

entweder single- oder multi-hue Farbpaletten

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numerische Informationen mit kritischem Mittelpunkt

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Qualitativ

Beispiel

Graustufen

kategorische Informationen *(ohne Reihenfolge)*

wähle verschiedene Farben mit demselben Wahrnehmungsgewicht

Anzahl auf 6 bis 8 Kategorien begrenzen

Modifiziert von der {colorspace} R Package Vignette

„Viridis ist die perfekte Farbpalette!"

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Farben (richtig) nutzen

Originalgrafik mit einer zufälligen kategoriellen Farbpalette

Farben (richtig) nutzen

Originalgrafik mit einer zufälligen kategoriellen Farbpalette

Überarbeitete Grafik mit einer divergierenden Farbpalette

Farben (richtig) nutzen

Originalgrafik mit einer zufälligen kategoriellen Farbpalette

Überarbeitete Grafik mit einer kontinuierlichen Farbpalette

Beitrag zur SWDchallenge von Alex Varlamoff — getested mit einem Farbblindheitssimulator

Vetraue keinen Farbvorschlägen

— teste sie!

ColourSimulations

SimDaltonims (Mac only)

ColorFilter (für URLs)

Beitrag zur SWDchallenge von Alex Varlamoff — getested mit einem Farbblindheitssimulator

Viz Palette

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

VIZ PALETTE
By: Elijah Meeks & Susie Lu
PICK
Use Chroma.js
Use Colorgorical
Use ColorBrewer
Add
Replace
EDIT
4 Colors
Add
#hex rgb
hsl
1 #2a9571
2 #8fb9bf
3 #dfb468
4 #4b8cd8
GET
String quotes
Object with metadata
["#2a9571",
"#8fb9bf",
"#dfb468",
"#4b8cd8"]
#hex rgb
hsl
COLORS IN ACTION
Background color: #eeeeee
Font color: #212121
Charts made with Semiotic
Color Population:
No Color Deficiency - 96%
Deuteranomaly - 2.7%
Protanomaly - 0.66%
Protanopia - 0.59%
Deuteranopia - 0.56%
Greyscale
Sample font
Randomize Data
Stroke: Dark None
word mot لغط 字

Viz Palette

Wrap-Up

Information

Verstehe deine Daten und sei genau.

Story

Sei dir über die Botschaft der Daten im Klaren.

Goal

Wähle geeignete Grafiken, um die Geschichte zu erzählen.

Visual Form

Folge Grundsätzen aus Design und Datenvisualisierung.

Leite das Publikum (richtig)

- erzähle eine Geschichte
- nutze einen geeigneten Diagramtyp
- setze Farben korrekt und sinnvoll ein
- verwende Annotierungen und “visual cues”
- versuche Daten direkt zu beschriften

"Clearin the Air" von Adam Ginsburg (Washington Post)

...mit Gedanken von Francis Gagnon (Voilà)

Vielen Dank!

cedricscherer.com @CedScherer z3tt

CÉDRIC SCHERER
Data Visualization & Information Design