

IZUMI 1.0

YOUR NEXT SCALA STACK

WHO WE ARE

- Pavel and Kai
- Septimal Mind, an Irish consultancy
- Engineer's productivity is our primary concern
- Love Scala and pure FP
- Scala contributors

WHAT WE DO

- We identify productivity issues in SDLC pipeline
- We build tools to address these issues

WHAT WE USE

- We've been using Scala for many years
- Bifuctors are beneficial, we've been using Scalactic
- We've adopted ZIO since first public alpha
 - It closed the everlasting question of error encoding

OPEN QUESTION

How do we design complex but extensible FP applications?

(Hundreds/thousands of components)

THE ANSWER

Modularity and modules

HOW TO GET THERE?

- Dependency Injection
- Tagless Final

WE MADE OUR OWN "NANOFRAMEWORK", IZUMI

- DIStage: Advanced Dependency Injection
- ▶ BIO: Tagless Final for Bifunctors and Trifunctors

Also:

- LogStage: Zero-Effort Structural logging
- etc

WHAT IS BIO?

- A set of typeclasses for Bifunctors and Trifunctors
- Like Cats but for F[+_, +_] and F[-_, +_, +_]
- Should be incorporated into ZIO Prelude in foreseeable future

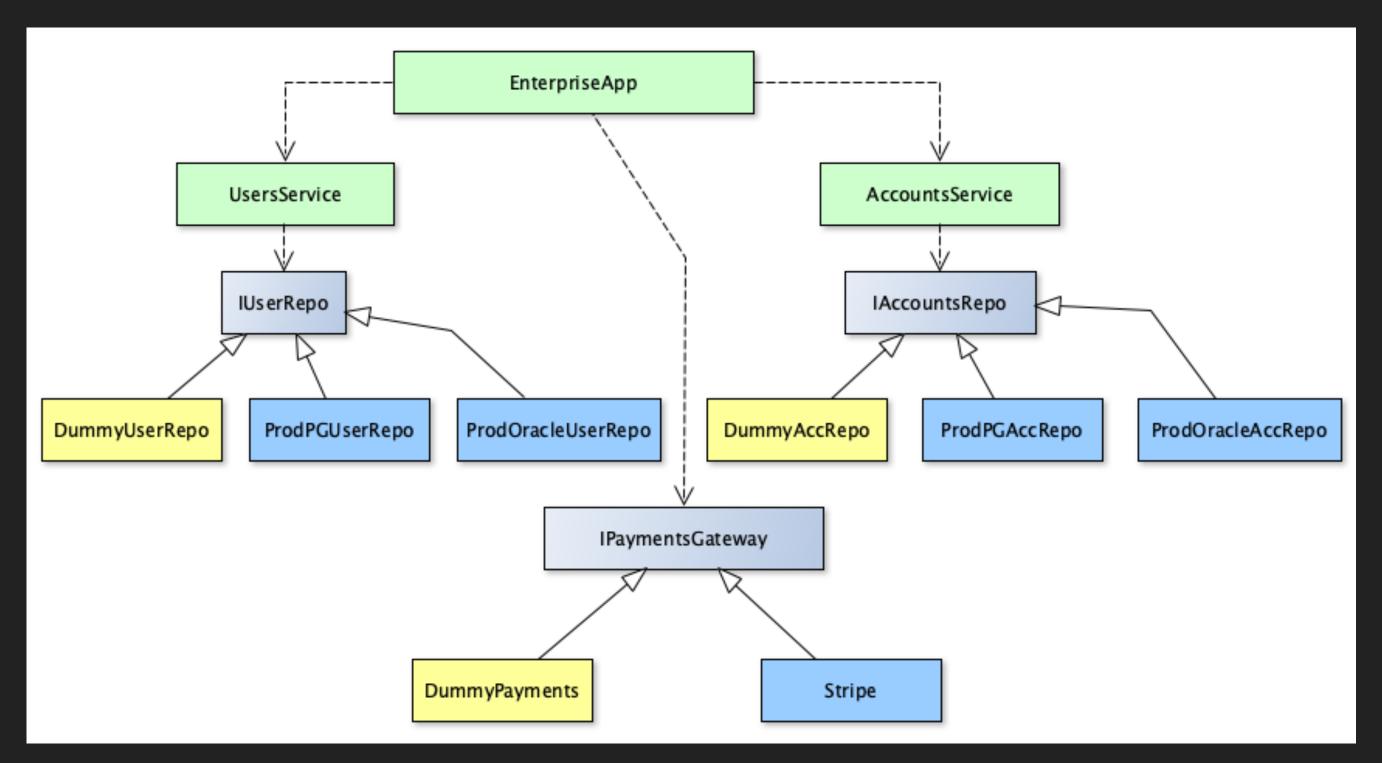
WHAT IS DISTAGE?

- Your regular Dependency Injection library
- Supports F[_]
- Unique feature: configurable applications
 - ▶ Since 1.0: State-of-the-art compile-time verification
- Many features: resources/lifecycles, integration checks, etc
- The most advanced DI/Module system available

WHAT IS A CONFIGURABLE APP?

- An application may run in several "modes"
 - E.g. Purpose={Test|Prod}, Database={Dummy|Postgres}
- Modes can be chosen at application startup
- Modes may be combined
- The app should choose right component implementations
 - And block incorrect combinations

WHAT IS A CONFIGURABLE APP?



- Purpose = Production | Test
- Database = Postgres | Oracle | Dummy
- We may want to run tests with Postgres database (but never with Oracle)
- We want to never run tests with production payment service
- We may want to define defaults
 - Database is not set for Prod run => use Postgres

There was no good way to write configurable apps

...hard to code, hard to maintain...

...exponential amount of code paths...

...edgecases...

- It's hard to do it
 - ... even if you don't have transitive dependencies
 - ... even if you don't have dependent constraints
- It's even harder to provide compile-time guarantees

```
def makeUserRepo(config: Config): IUserRepo[F] = {
  config.database match {
    case OracleDb =>
      if (!config.isProd) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Oracle unsupported in test mode!")
      } else {
        new ProdOracleUserRepo[F]( /*...*/ )
    case PgDb =>
      new ProdPGUserRepo[F]( /*...*/ )
    case Unset =>
      if (config.isProd) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Database is not set for prod mode!")
      } else {
        new DummyUserRepo[F]()
```

DIStage made it possible

Though it was doing things in runtime...

We thought compile-time solution is impossible...

DIStage since Izumi 1.0:

strong compile-time guarantees

for

configurable apps

CONFIGURABLE APP WITH DISTAGE

```
class MyAppDefinition[F[+_, +_]: TagKK] extends PluginDef {
   make[EnterpriseApp[F]]
   make[AccountsService[F]]
   make[UsersService[F]]

   make[UsersService[F]]

   make[IUserRepo[F]].from[DummyUserRepo[F]].tagged(Mode.Test)
   make[IUserRepo[F]].from[ProdPGUserRepo[F]].tagged(Db.Pg)
   make[IUserRepo[F]].from[ProdOracleUserRepo[F]].tagged(Mode.Prod, Db.Oracle)

   make[IAccountsRepo[F]].from[DummyAccRepo[F]].tagged(Mode.Test)
   make[IAccountsRepo[F]].from[ProdPGAccRepo[F]].tagged(Db.Pg)
   make[IAccountsRepo[F]].from[ProdOracleAccRepo[F]].tagged(Mode.Prod, Db.Oracle)

   make[IPaymentsGateway[F]].from[DummyPayments[F]].tagged(Mode.Test)
   make[IPaymentsGateway[F]].from[StripePayments[F]].tagged(Mode.Prod)
}
```

COMPILE-TIME SAFETY

```
// your main method

object EnterpriseMain extends RoleAppMain.LauncherBIO[zio.IO] { ... }

// in test scope

object WiringTest extends PlanCheck.Main(EnterpriseMain)
```

COMPILE-TIME SAFETY

```
// your main method
object EnterpriseMain extends RoleAppMain.LauncherBIO[zio.IO] { ... }
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HOW DOES IT WORK?

COMPILE-TIME SAFETY

```
// your main method

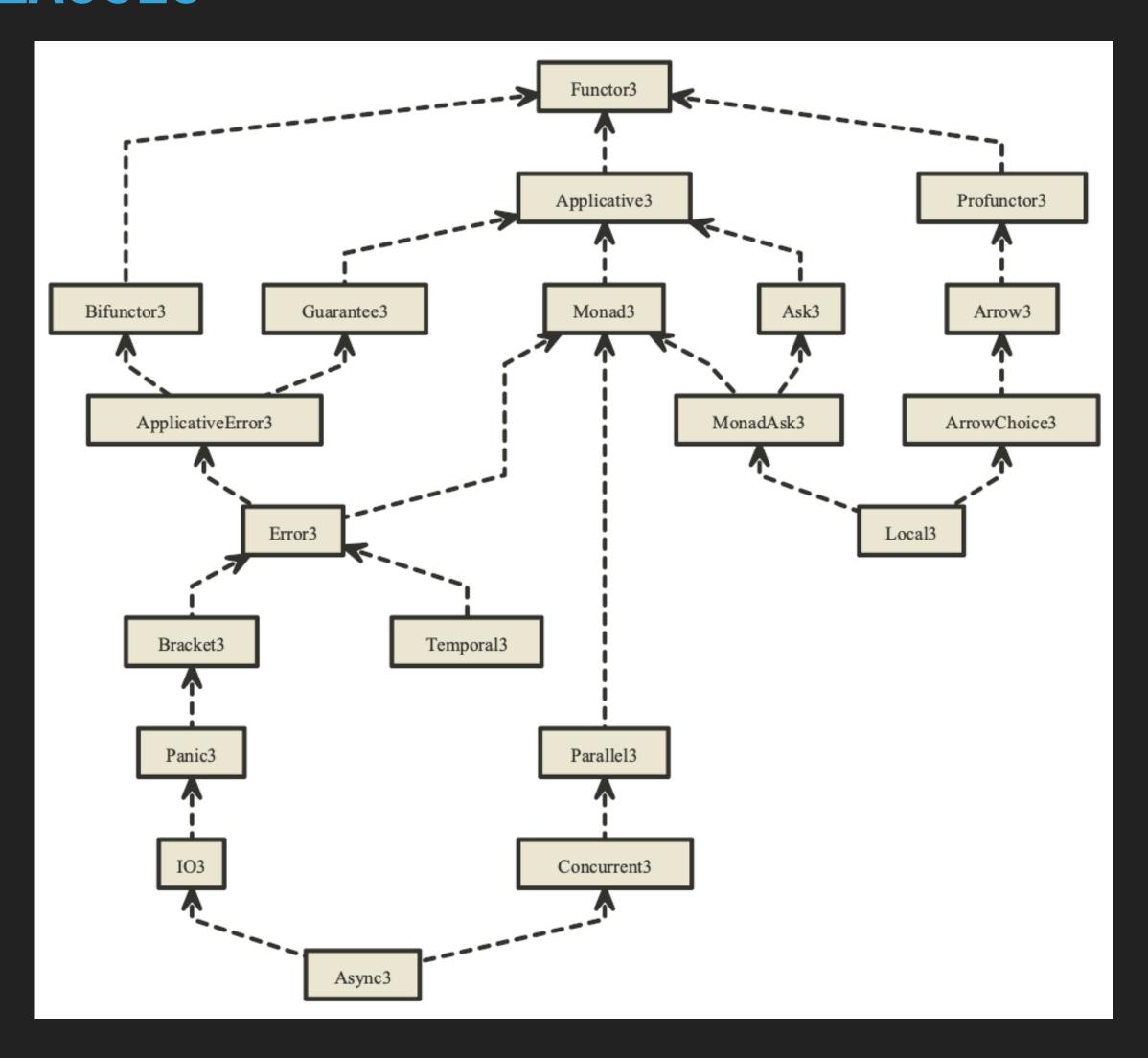
object EnterpriseMain extends RoleAppMain.LauncherBIO[zio.IO] { ... }

// in test scope

object WiringTest extends PlanCheck.Main(EnterpriseMain)
```

HOW DOES IT WORK?

BIO TYPECLASSES



BIO SUMMONER

```
import izumi.functional.bio.F
```

```
class DummyUserRepo[F[+_, +_]: Monad2]

F.pure(...)
F.fail(...)
F.fromEither(...)

Error2[F].fail(...)
See also: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZdGK1uedAE0&t=580s
```

BIO SYNTAX

```
import cats.syntax.all._
import cats.effect.syntax.all._
import monix.catnap.syntax._
```

COMPATIBILITY

```
import izumi.functional.bio.catz.
```

```
def http4sServer[F[+_, +_]: Async2: Fork2: UnsafeRun2] = {
   BlazeServerBuilder[F[Throwable, ?]](ec)
    .bindHttp(8080)
    .withSslContext(sslContext)
    .resource
}
```

```
ConcurrentEffect[F[Throwable, ?]]
MonadError[F[Throwable, ?], Throwable]
```

CONCLUSION

- ▶ BIO provides a great set of TF abstractions
- DIStage is great for global/static contexts
 - and ZIO's reader is perfect for local/dynamic contexts
- ▶ Izumi 1.0+ZIO is the most productive Scala stack
 - And battle-tested
- There is no excuse not to use DIStage anymore
- Consider it for your next Scala project

Thank you!

https://github.com/7mind/izumi

https://github.com/7mind/distage-example

https://twitter.com/shirshovp

https://twitter.com/kai_nyasha