Main data types

boolean = True / False integer = 10

float = 10.01

string = "123abc" **list** = [value1, value2, ...] dictionary = { key1:value1, key2:value2, ...}

Numeric operators

Comparison operators

higher or equal lower or equal different higher ednal lower ۱ II V 11 multiplication floor division subtraction exponent modulus addition division

Boolean operators

Special characters

andlogical AND#comentorlogical OR\nnew linenotlogical NOT\<char>\<char>\<char>scape char

String operations

string[i] retrieves character at position istring[-1] retrieves last characterstring[i:j] retrieves characters in range i to j

List operations

list = [] defines an empty list
list[i] = x stores x with index i
list[i] retrieves the item with index |
list[-1] retrieves last item

list[i:j] retrieves items in the range i to j
del list[i] removes the item with index i

Dictionary operations

dict = {}
defines an empty dictionary
dict[k] = x stores x associated to key k
dict[k] retrieves the item with key k
del dict[k] removes the item with key k

String methods

alues joined by string converts to uppercase converts to lowercase returns a string with L returns a list of values position of the x first ncludes formatted x returns a string that counts how many times x appears replaces x for y delimited by x occurrence string.replace(x,y) string.format(x) string.count(x) string.upper() string.lower() string.strip(x) string.find(x) string.join(L)

List methods

removes the item at position i and removes the first list item whose returns a list of values delimited appends L to the end of the list returns a string with list values removes all items from the list adds x to the end of the list inserts x at i position returns its value sorts list items oined by S value is x ist.append(x) list.remove(x) ist.extend(L) ist.insert(i,x) list.count(x) list.index(x) list.clear() list.pop(i) list.sort()

Dictionary methods

returns a copy of the list

reverses list elements

list.reverse()

list.copy()

dict.keys()returns a list of keysdict.values()returns a list of valuesdict.items()returns a list of pairs (key,value)dict.get(k)returns the value associtated tothe key k

dictionary
dict.copy() returns a copy of the dictionary

Built-in functions

print(x, sep='y')	prints x objects separated by y
input(s)	prints s and waits for an input that will be returned

returns the length of x (s, L or D) len(x) returns the minimum value in L min(L)

returns the sum of the values in L returns the maximum value in L max(L) sum(L)

returns the n1 number rounded returns a sequence of numbers returns the absolute value of n from n1 to n2 in steps of n range(n1,n2,n) round(n1,n) abs(n)

to n digits type(x)

returns the type of x (string, float, list, dict \dots)

converts x to string converts x to a list list(x) str(x)

converts x to a integer number

int(x)

converts x to a float number float(x)

prints help about x

help(s)

Applies function to values in L map(function, L)

statements Conditional

while <condition>: else if <condition>: if <condition>: <code>

<code>

<code>

for <variable> in <list>:

<code>

<code> else:

if <value> in <list>:

Data validation

try:

except <error>: <code> <code>

Loop control statements

> <code> else:

Working with files and folders

os.makedirs(<path>) os.listdir(<path>) os.chdir(<path>) os.getcwd() import os

Loops

Functions

def function(<params>): <code>

return <data>

Modules

module.function() import module

range(start,stop,step):

<code>

for <variable> in

from module import * function()

for key, value in

dict.items():

<code>

Reading and writing files

f = open(<path>,'r') f.readline(<size>) f.read(<size>)

f = open(<path>,'r') f.close()

jumps to next

continue

finishes loop

break

execution

does nothing

pass

teration

for line in f: <code> f.close()

Running external

programs

f = open(<path>,'w') **f.write**(<str>) f.close()

os.system(<command>)

import os