Temá curs 2

1)
$$\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \text{ old } + \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{y^2}\right) \text{ old } = 0$$

PAS 1

 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{y} - \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$
 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{y^2} = \frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$

PAS 2

 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{y^2} = \frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$
 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{y^2} = \frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$

PAS 2

 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{y^2} = \frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$
 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}$
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 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$
 $O(x_1 \text{ os}) = \frac{1}{x^2$

$$=) \frac{1}{9} \int_{x_0}^{x} dt - 90 \int_{x_0}^{x_0} dt + 4 \int_{x_0}^{y_0} dt - x \int_{y_0}^{y_0} dt =$$

$$=\frac{1}{x}+\frac{x}{y}-\left(\frac{x_0}{y_0}+\frac{y_0}{x_0}\right)$$

$$=\frac{1}{x}+\frac{x}{y}-\left(\frac{x_0}{y_0}+\frac{y_0}{x_0}\right)$$

$$\frac{2}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{1}{9} + x - \frac{x}{x_{1}} \right) dy = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{1}{9} + x - \frac{x}{x_{1}} \right) dy = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{1}{9} + x - \frac{x}{v_{1}} \right) dy = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dy = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{3}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx = 1$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{3}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx = 1$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{3}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx = 1$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{1} + v_{3} + \frac{v_{3}}{v_{3}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{1}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{2}} \right) dx + \left(\frac{v_{3}}{v_{3}} \right) dx +$$

=> -lnx +lnx0+y6x-y0x0+lny-lny0+xy-xxx0+ardgx -ordgx0 + ordgx - ordgy ==

=> - lnx + lny + >y - arcty \(\frac{\times}{\times} \) - arcty \(\frac{\times} \) - arcty \(\frac{\times}{\times} \) - arcty \(\frac{\

5)
$$\times (y^2 + 1) dx + (x^2y + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - y^2}}) dy = 0$$

$$P(x_1y_1) = xy_1^2 + x = \frac{\partial P}{\partial y_1} = 2xy$$

$$Q(x_1y_1) = x^2y_1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-y_2}} = \frac{\partial R}{\partial x_1} = 2xy_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial P}{\partial y_2} = \frac{\partial R}{\partial x_1} = 2xy_2$$

$$\int_{x_0}^{x} \left((v_0^2 + 1) \right) dt + \int_{x_0}^{x_0} x^2 t + \int_{x_0}^{x_0} dt =$$

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$$\int_{y_0}^{x} t dt + x^2 \int_{y_0}^{x_0} t dt + \int_{x_0}^{x_0} t dt = \int_{y_0}^{x_0} t dt$$

$$(y_0^2, y_1) \cdot \frac{t^2}{z} \Big|_{x_0}^{x} + x^2 \cdot \frac{t^2}{z} \Big|_{y_0}^{y_0} + \operatorname{orzesin} t \Big|_{y_0}^{y_0} =$$

$$(y_0^2+1)\cdot\left(\frac{x^2-\frac{y_0^2}{2}}{2}+x^2\cdot\left(\frac{y_0^2}{2}-\frac{y_0^2}{2}\right)+arcsiny-arcsiny$$

$$\frac{x^{2}b_{0}^{2}}{2} - \frac{x_{0}^{2}y_{0}^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{2} - \frac{x_{0}^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{2}v_{0}^{2}}{2} - \frac{x^{2}s_{0}}{2} + arcsin y - arcsin y_{0} =$$

$$= \frac{x^2 + x^2 y^2 + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2 y^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + arconny - \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} +$$

$$P(x_1, y_2) = \operatorname{ord}_{x_1} x_2 = \frac{1}{2x_2} = \frac{1}{x_1^2 + x_2^2} = \frac{1}{x_1^2 + x_2^2}$$

$$P(x_1 y_1) = \operatorname{orotgx} \frac{y_2}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{y_1}} = \frac{1}{(\frac{y_1}{x})^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$Q(x_1 y_1) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln(x^2 + y^2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial Q}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$Q(x_1 y_2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln(x^2 + y^2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial Q}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}$$