

**BASIC PROBABILITY: THEORY**

Master of Logic, University of Amsterdam, 2018 — LICENSE CC BY-NC-SA 4.0

TEACHERS Alexandre Cremers and Jakub Dotlačil TA Bas Cornelissen

## Practice problem set 4

This week's exercises deal with joint distributions, covariance and correlation. You only have to hand in the homework problems; these exercises are optional and for practicing only. If you have questions about them, please post them to the [discussion forum](#) and try to help each other. We will also keep an eye on that.

**Problem 1**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two random variables where  $X$  takes values in  $\{0, 6\}$  and  $Y$  in  $\{-6, 0, 6\}$ . Their joint distribution is given by  $P_{XY}(0, 5) = P_{XY}(0, -5) = \frac{2}{12}$ ,  $P_{XY}(5, -5) = \frac{5}{12}$  and all other outcomes have probability  $\frac{1}{12}$ .

- (a) Find the cumulative distribution function  $F_{XY}(x, y)$ .
- (b) Find the marginal distributions  $P_X$  and  $P_Y$ .
- (c) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?
- (d) Find the covariance of  $X$  and  $Y$ .

**Problem 2**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent random variables with  $\text{Var}[X] = \text{Var}[Y] = 1$  and  $E[X] = E[Y] = 2$ .

- (a) Calculate  $\text{Cov}(5X, 6Y - 7)$ .
- (b) Calculate  $\text{Cov}(4X + Y, 6Y - 6)$ .
- (c) What is  $E[XY]$ ?
- (d) Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are random variables with the following joint pmf.

Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

	$Y = 1$	$Y = 2$	$Y = 3$
$X = 1$	$1/18$	$1/9$	$1/6$
$X = 2$	$1/9$	$1/6$	$1/8$
$X = 3$	$1/6$	$1/18$	$1/9$

**Problem 3**

Let  $X$  be a random variable for which  $P(X \geq 0)$  and  $E[X]$  are both strictly positive. Show that  $P(X > 0)$  is strictly bigger than 0.

**Problem 4: 4**

The *Poisson distribution* models the number of time some event happens in a given period of time. Its probability mass function is given by

$$P(X = k) = \frac{\lambda^k e^{-\lambda}}{k!}, \quad \lambda \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

where  $\lambda$  is the distribution's only parameter.

Suppose  $X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_x)$  and  $Y \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_y)$  are two independent variables.

- (a) Show that  $X + Y$  is  $\text{Poisson}(\lambda_x + \lambda_y)$ -distributed.
- (b) Calculate  $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$ .