COMP3320 Introduction to OpenGL

Alex Biddulph

The University of Newcastle, Australia

Based on the work provided at www.learnopengl.com

Semester 2, 2021

What is OpenGL?

- A standard, maintained by the Khronos Group, specifying how graphics operations should behave
 - Each operation is specified to generate a certain result
 - Graphics card manufacturers are free to implement operations however they please, provided the result complies with the standard
- An API (Application Programming Interface)
 - Operating system agnostic
 - Window system agnostic

What is OpenGL?

- A rendering library
 - An external library is needed to create a window that OpenGL can render on to
- A state machine
 - OpenGL only knows about triangles
 - The current state tells OpenGL how to render those triangles

OpenGL Extensions

- Graphics card manufacturers can implement extensions to the OpenGL specification
 - Not available on all devices
 - Need to query the drivers to see if a specific extension is available
 - Create a shader program using glCreateProgram
 - Use GL_ARB_extension_name to check for extension_name
 - For example, GL_ARB_transpose_matrix adds new functions allowing application matrices to be stored in row-major order

Common OpenGL Libraries

- GLFW ¹: Allows you to:
 - Create and manage windows and OpenGL contexts
 - Handle keyboard, mouse, and joystick inputs
- GLAD 2 : OS-specific library abstracting away from the graphics card's implementation of the OpenGL functions
 - GLM ³: OpenGL C++ Mathematics library based on the OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL)
 - SOIL ⁴: Simple OpenGL Image Library a small C library useful for uploading image textures into OpenGL
- ASSIMP ⁵: Open Asset Import Library useful for loading 3D models from various common formats

¹GLFW: www.glfw.org

²GLAD: glad.dav1d.de

³OpenGL Mathematics: glm.g-truc.net/0.9.9/index.html

⁴Simple OpenGL Image Library: www.lonesock.net/soil.html

⁵The Open-Asset-Importer-Lib: www.assimp.org

OpenGL Workflow with GLFW and GLAD

- Initialise GLFW and set OpenGL context version and profile to use
 - We will use OpenGL context version 3.3 and the core profile in these examples
- Create a window and set its width, height, and title
- Make the window's context the main context for the current thread
- Initialise GLAD and set it up to find all of the OpenGL function pointers (this is OS specific)
- Set up callback functions to handle window resizing and user inputs
- Set up rendering objects and textures
- Enter a rendering loop that handles updating the screen
- Clean up