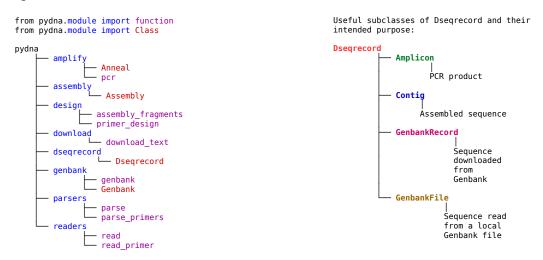


Pydna cheat sheet

1. Important modules, functions and Classes



2. Set email address and other global settings in pydna.

```
import pydna
pydna.open_config_folder()
edit and save the file called "pydna.ini" in the folder that opens.
```

3. Establish sequence(s) in pydna.

```
sequence is in Genbank with known acession number: seq = genbank("L09137")
read from local file: seq = read("myseq.gb")
read a list of multiple sequences from local file: seq = parse("mysequences.gb")
create a Dseqrecord object directly: seq = Dseqrecord("gatc")
```

4. Cut with restriction enzymes.

```
From Bio.Restriction import BamHI
list_of_seqs = seq.cut(BamHI)
seq_bam = plasmid.linearize(BamHI)
```

The linearize method works only on circular sequences and allow only one resulting fragment. The cut method returns a list. To cut with more enzymes, add them separated by comma.

5. Make a circular sequence from a linear.

```
circular_seq = linear_seq.looped()
```

Note that **linear seq** has to have compatible sticky or blunt ends.

6. Saving the sequence to a file:

```
seq.write("filename.ext") (Default format is the Genbank flat file format)
```

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Pydna cheat sheet

7. Design primers for a sequence

```
amplicon = primer design(seq)
```

The amplicon object describes a PCR reaction. Access the primers like this:

```
forwardprimer = amplicon.forward_primer OR reverseprimer = amplicon.reverse_primer
```

Restriction sites can be added to primers like this:

```
forwardprimer_with_BamHI = "GGATCC" + forwardprimer
```

<u>8. PCR</u>

```
pcr_product = pcr(forward_primer, reverse_primer, template_sequence)
```

The pcr function allows only one product to be formed. If you expect more use the Amplicon class

```
ann = Anneal( list_of_primers, template)
```

PCR products can be accessed using the products property:

```
products = ann.products
```

9. Ligate DNA fragments

```
seq = seq1 + seq2
```

The right end of seq1 and the left end of seq2 has to have compatible sticky ends. The resulting sequence can be circularized as shown under 5.

10. Primer design for assembly by Homologous recombination, Gibson assembly etc.

```
new_sequence_list = assembly_fragments(old_sequence_list)
```

The old sequence list is a list of Dsegrecord objects (or similar) and Amplicon objects. The new sequence list is a list of the same fragments where primers have been given tails to allow assembly. At least every second fragment has to be an amplicon.

11. Assembly by Homologous recombination, Gibson assembly etc.

```
asm = Assembly(sequence_list)
```

The assembly object can be inspected like this:

asm Assembly

fragments..: 8301bp 1742bp

limit(bp)..: 25

G.nodes....: 4

algorithm..: common_sub_strings

The report display the variables used for the assembly.

The linear and circular products can be accessed in the lists returned below:

```
circular_product_list = asm.assemble_circular()
linear product list
                    = asm.assemble linear()
```

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