Introduction

Welcome to the *DSM2 Version 7 tutorial*. The goal of the beginning tutorial is to familiarize you with the DSM2 user interface and teach you to create simple input. The tutorial is based on a simple channel system. The directions for building the model consist of six sections, with each building in complexity from its predecessor.

The interface for the DSM2 database will hereafter be referred to as the GUI (Graphical User Interface). The directory where you installed DSM2 will be referred to as {DSM2_home}. E.g., if you accepted the default install directory, {DSM2_home} would be d:\delta\dsm2.

The first tutorial is called *Channels*, and involves setting up the channel grid, adding parameters, setting boundary conditions, and listing output locations. The second tutorial is called *Reservoir Gate Transfer*, and involves adding these components to the simple channel system.

The third tutorial is called *Layering*. The section provides instruction for modifying existing model information in the database by adding new data layers. Layers are key to the DSM2 management system. They allow input items to be grouped in logical bundles, and allow changes to be brought into an old simulation without erasing or altering archived items.

The fourth tutorial is called *Timevar*, and demonstrates the addition of time-varying information to the model. In the previous sections, all boundary conditions and gate timings were set as constant, and no input files were needed. In this section, the model is set to read time-varying information stored in DSS files.

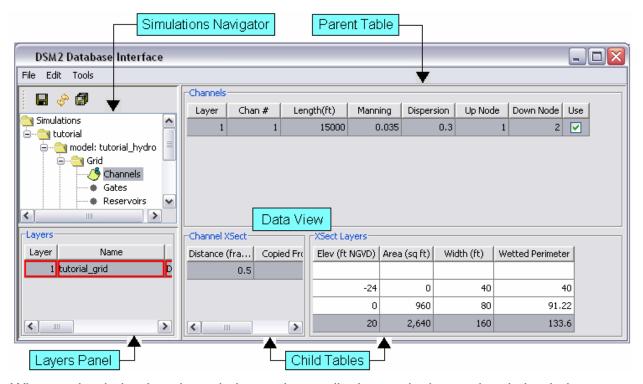
The fifth tutorial is called *Output*, and covers advanced output options. The first part involves modifications to the text input file, *hydro.inp*. The second part describes the use of *groups* in the GUI. With *groups*, the user can track constituents in QUAL from different sources.

The sixth tutorial is called *Oprule*, and covers the use of Operating Rule Language (ORL) statements to set gate operations. In the text version of DSM2, the text files were needed to explicitly state the operations of gates. With the GUI, expressions can

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be used to make the model operate gates on-the-fly. E.g., a gate can be directed to automatically close when salinity conditions reach a certain threshold.

Figure 1 provides the terminology used in the GUI. The upper-left box is the *Simulations Navigator*. Here, the user may access the various folders associated with a simulation. One or more simulations may be loaded into the navigator at a given time.



When a simulation is selected, the navigator displays only the top-level simulation folder. E.g., in Figure 1, the simulation name is *tutorial*, and all model information is contained in this folder. When the *tutorial* folder is expanded, it displays model folders. There will be one HYDRO model folder, and one or more QUAL model folders.

Introduction

Tutorial 1: Channels

The purpose of this tutorial is to learn basic use of the model and user interface. We will set up a simple channel-only grid with simple constant boundary conditions. The channels have the following configuration and specifications:

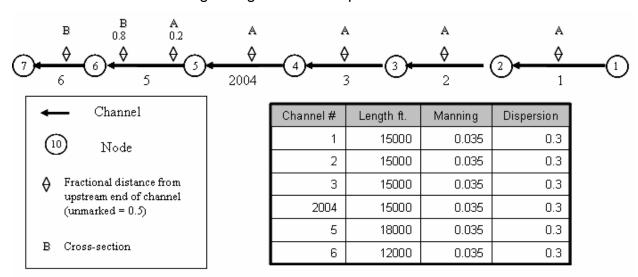


Figure 1 - Simple channel configuration and specifications.

The following steps will instruct you on how to create these channels and enter these and other specifications into the GUI.

1. Launch the GUI:

- a. If you requested a desktop icon, double-click the *DSM2* icon.
- b. Otherwise, the GUI can be launched by navigating to the {DSM2_home}\bin directory, and double-clicking gui.bat.

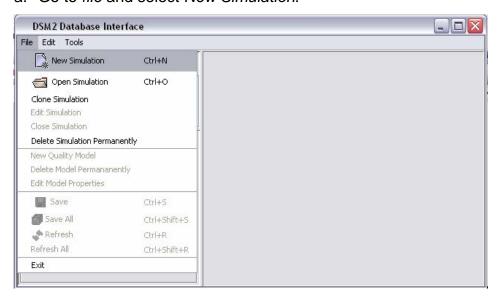
2. Check/Modify the Database Connection:

- a. In the GUI:
 - 1) Click on the *Tools* menu.
 - 2) Select Configure Database.
 - 3) Make certain that the *ODBC* source (named in system files) option is selected.
 - 4) In the ODBC DSN text box, make certain it says: dsm2input_access.
- b. In Windows Explorer:

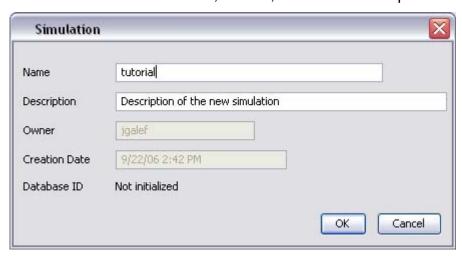
- Navigate to the directory:
 \{DSM2_home}\\tutorial\\simulations\\simple\\t1_channels.
- 2) Open the file, *hydro.inp*.
 - i) Locate the SCALAR section.
 - ii) Locate the variable, dbase_in_tutorial.
 - iii) Change this value to dsm2input_access.
- 3) Repeat this process for the *qual.inp* file.

3. Create a simulation called tutorial.

a. Go to file and select New Simulation.

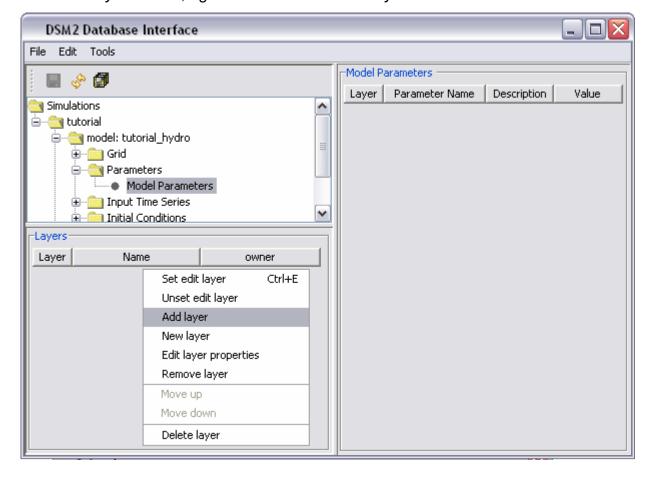


b. Name the new simulation, tutorial, and add a description.

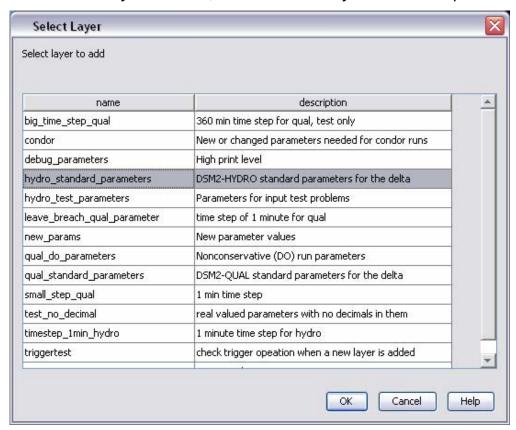


4. In HYDRO, add the Parameter information:

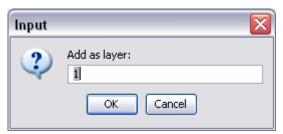
- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the tutorial folder.
 - 2) Expand the model: tutorial_hydro folder.
 - 3) Expand the Parameters folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Model Parameters.
- b. In the Layers Panel, right-click and select Add layer from the menu.



c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the hydro_standard_parameters layer.



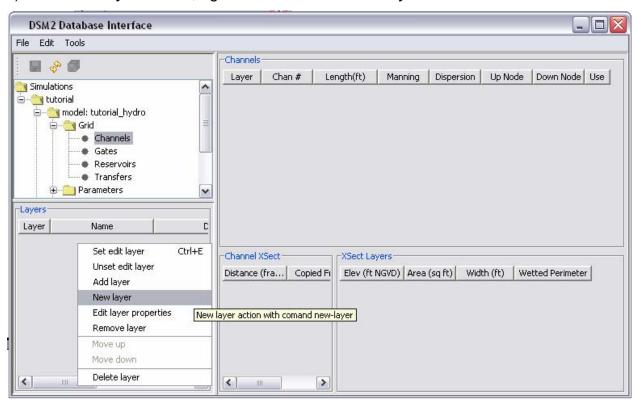
d. In the *Input window*, add as layer 1.



5. In HYDRO, add Channel information:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the Parameters folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Grid folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Channels.
- b. Add a Channels Layer:

1) In the Layers Panel, right-click and select New layer from the menu.



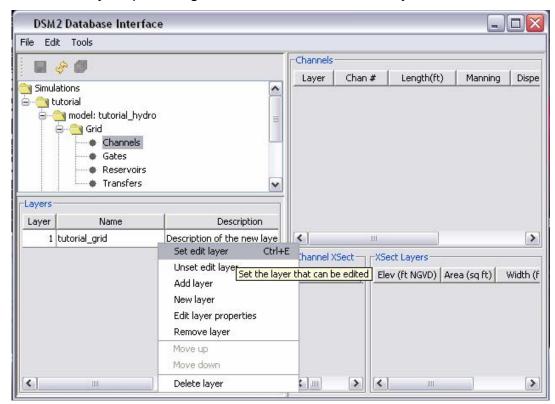
2) In the Confirm refresh window, select Yes.



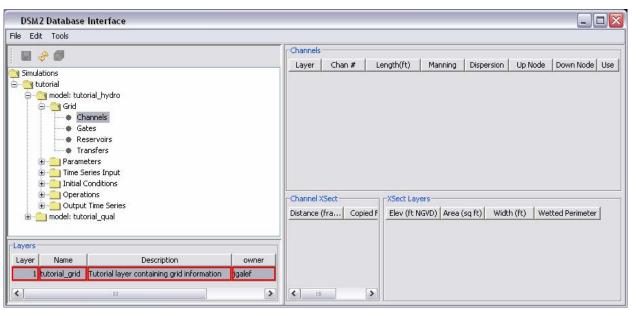
3) In the Layer window, name the new layer, tutorial_grid, and add a description.



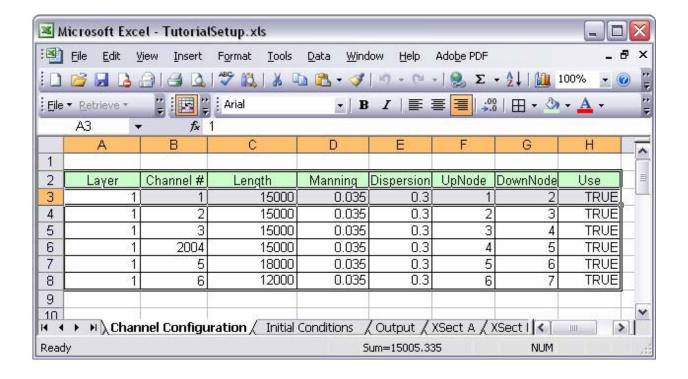
- 4) In the *Input window*, add as layer 1.
- 5) The *tutorial_grid* layer then appears in the *Layers panel*.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.



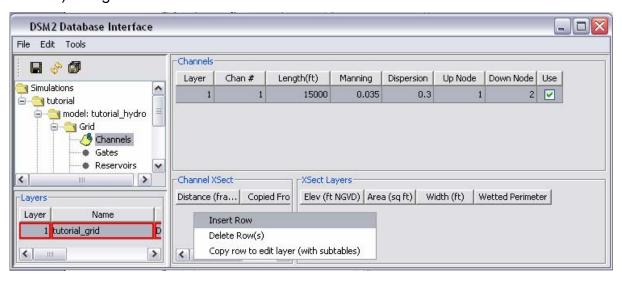
d. In the *Select Layers* window, double-click the *tutorial_grid* layer. The layer then appears with a red border in the *Layers panel*.



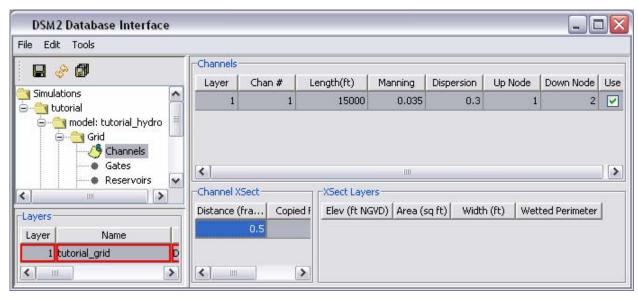
- e. In the *Channels View*, note that there are three tables which require information: *Channels*, *Channel XSect*, and *XSec Layers*. The headers for each of these tables are displayed with blue letters.
- f. The following directions involve entering information into these three tables for each of the channels shown in Figure 1.
 - In Windows Explorer, navigate to the following directory: dsm2_training\tutorial\simulations\simple
 - 2) Open the Excel file, *TutorialSetup.xls*, and do the following:
 - i) Select the Channel Configuration tab.
 - ii) View the channel information and note that Channel 2004 looks mislabeled. This is deliberate, demonstrating that there is no upper limit on channel numbers.
 - iii) Copy the information from the first row of the table (for *Channel 1*) to the clipboard. Do **not** include headers when copying and pasting.



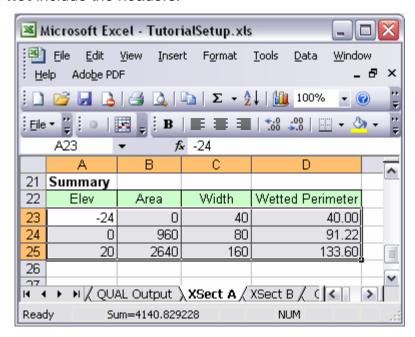
- 3) Return to the GUI.
- 4) In the *Channels table*, left-click and then hit control-v to paste the information or right click and choose Paste from the menu. Note that when the identifiers (columns in very light blue or gray, in this case layer and channel number) are the same, pasting will cause an overwrite.
- 5) In the Channel XSect table:
 - i) Right-click and select Insert row.



ii) In the *Distance (fraction*) field, type *0.5* and press *enter*. As seen from the channel configuration diagram, the cross-section is at 0.5 times the length of the channel.

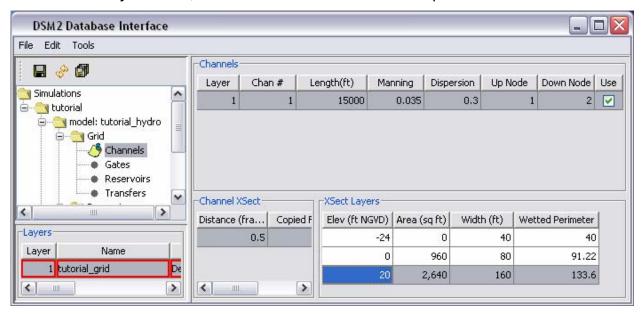


- 6) Navigate back to the Excel file, *TutorialSetup.xls*.
 - i) Select the XSect A tab.
 - ii) Locate the Summary table and copy all of the information to the clipboard.Do **not** include the headers.

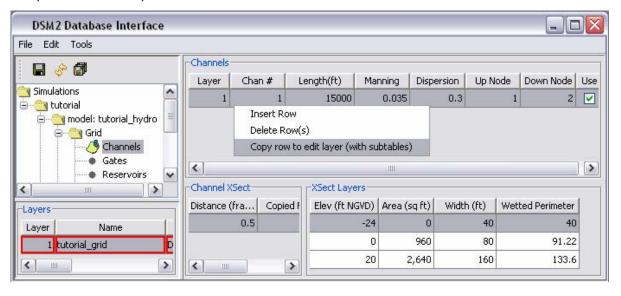


Return to the GUI.

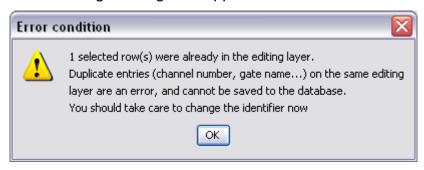
8) In the XSect Layers table, left-click and then hit control-v to paste the table.



9) In the Channels table, right-click the row and select Copy row to edit layer (with subtables).

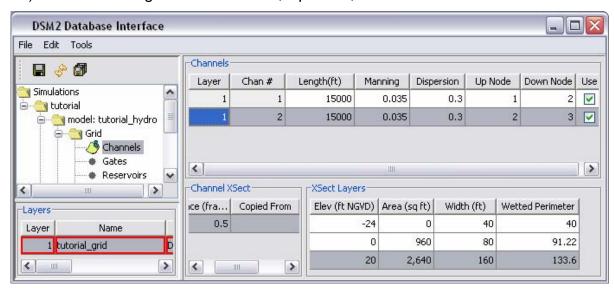


The following message will appear:

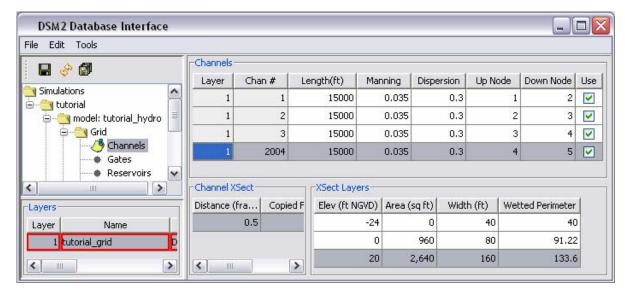


This message warns against duplicate rows. Since the new row will be modified before being saved, there will be no problem, so proceed by clicking *OK*.

- 10) Navigate back to the Excel file, *TutorialSetup.xls*, and select the *Channel Configuration* tab.
- 11) View the information in the second row of the table, and note that the information for *Channel 2* is identical to that of *Channel 1*, with the exception of the *Channel, Up Node*, and *Down Node* fields. These numbers are incremented by one.
- 12) Navigate back to the GUI, and select the second row in the Channels table.
- 13) Make the changes to the Channel, Up Node, and Down Node fields.

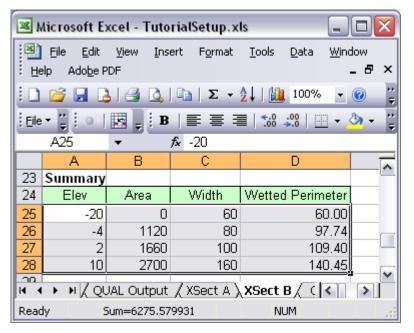


14) Note that the situation is identical for *Channels 3* and *2004*. Repeat the above steps with the appropriate information for these two channels. The GUI should then look as follows:

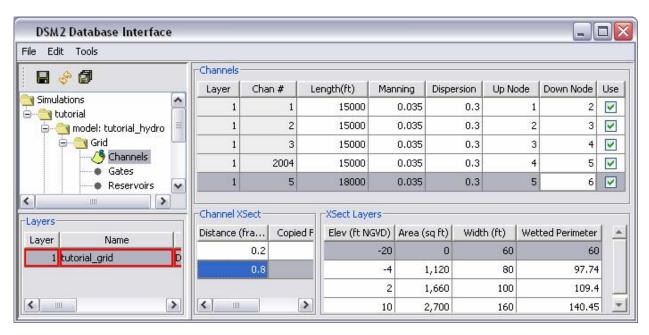


15) Enter information for Channel 5:

- i) In the Channels table, right-click and select Insert row.
- ii) Fill-in the fields of the new row for *Channel 5*, so that they match those in the *Channel Configuration* table of the Excel file.
- iii) Note from Figure 1 that *Channel 5* has two cross-sections; one at 0.2 times the length of the channel, and one at 0.8 times the length of the channel. In the *Channel XSect table*, right-click and select *Insert row*.
- iv) In the Distance (fraction) column, enter 0.2.
- v) Navigate to the Excel file and select the XSect A tab.
- vi) Copy the information in the summary table to the clipboard.
- vii) Navigate back to the GUI.
- viii) In the XSect Layers table, left-click and then hit control-v.
- ix) Right-click in the *Channel XSect* table, and select *Insert Row*.
- x) In the *Distance (fraction)* column, type 0.8 and press enter.
- xi) Navigate to the Excel file and select the XSect B tab.
- xii) Copy the information in the summary table to the clipboard. Do **not** include the headers.

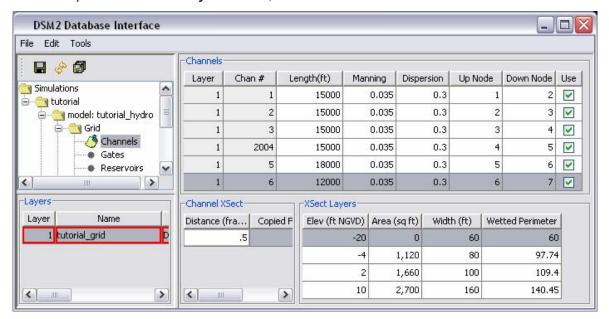


- xiii) Navigate back to the GUI.
- xiv) In the XSect Layers table, left-click and hit control-v.



- 16) Enter information for Channel 6:
 - i) In the *Channels* table, right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - ii) Enter the information for *Channel 6* from the *Channel Configuration* tab of the Excel file into this row.
 - iii) In the Channel XSect table, right-click and select Insert Row.

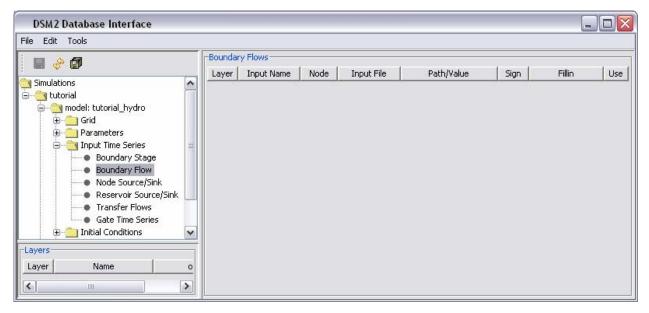
- iv) In the *Distance (fraction)* column, type 0.5 and press enter.
- v) Navigate to the Excel file and select the XSect B tab.
- vi) Copy the information in the summary table to the clipboard.
- vii) In the XSect Layers table, left-click and then hit control-v.



- 17) Save the current settings.
- 18) In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

6. In HYDRO, set the Boundary Flow information:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Grid* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Input Time Series folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Boundary Flow.



- b. Add a HYDRO Boundary Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New Layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, tutorial_boundary_hydro, and add a description.
 - 4) In the *Input window*, add as layer 1.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_boundary_hydro layer.
- e. In the Boundary Flows table:
 - 1) Right-click and click *Insert row*.
 - 2) In the new row, enter the following values into the correct fields:

i) Input Name: upstream_flow

ii) Node: 1

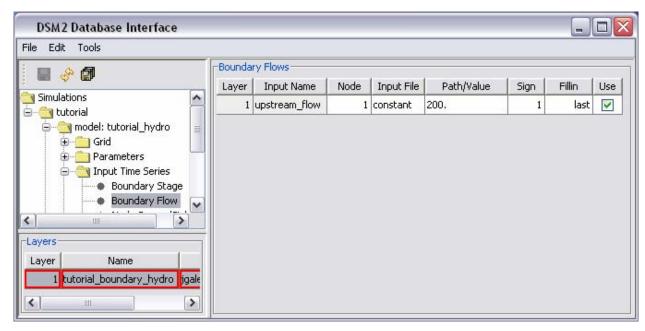
iii) Input File: constant

iv) Path/Value: 200.

iv) Sign: 1

v) Fillin: Last

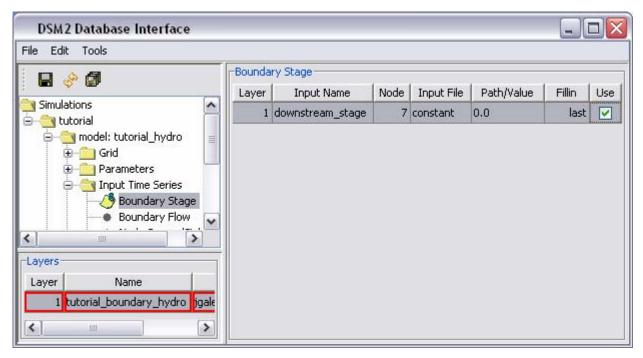
vi) Use: Make sure that the row contains a check-mark.



- b. Save the current settings.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select *Unset edit layer* [optional].

2. In HYDRO, set the Boundary Stage information:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Remain in the *Time Series Input* folder.
 - 2) Double-click on Boundary Stage.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_boundary_hydro layer.
- d. In the Boundary Stage table:
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert Row.
 - 2) In the new row, enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: downstream_stage
 - ii) Node: 7
 - iii) Input File: constant
 - iv) Path/Value: 0.0
 - v) Fillin: Last
 - vi) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.



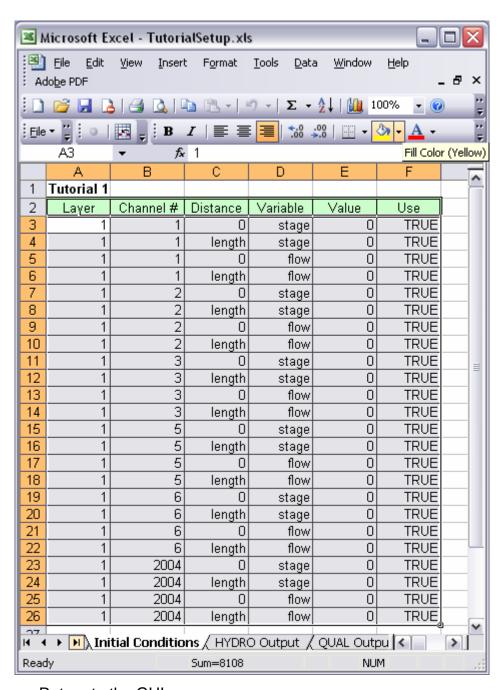
- b. Save the current settings.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select *Unset edit layer* [optional].

2. In HYDRO, set the Initial Conditions for stage and flow:

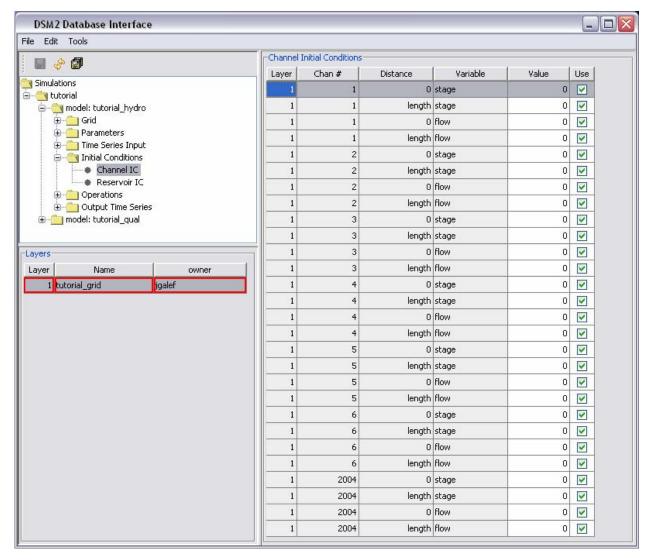
A default hydrodynamic initial condition is required for every channel in DSM2. For each of the channels, the stage and flow will be set 0. These 0-values will be applied at both the 0 and *length* distances along the channel. With seven channels, two variables, and two locations to set the values, there will be a total of 28 rows. To save time, this information has been provided in the accompanying Excel spreadsheet.

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Input Time Series* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Initial Conditions folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Channel IC.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layer window, double-click the layer, tutorial_grid.
- d. Navigate back to the Excel spreadsheet, *TutorialSetup.xls*.
 - 1) Select the *Initial Conditions* tab.

2) Copy the information from the table to the clipboard. Do **not** include the headers.



- e. Return to the GUI.
- f. In the *Channels table*, left-click and hit control-v to paste the initial conditions information from Excel.



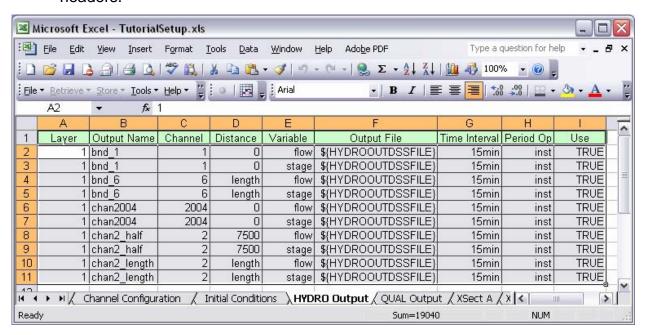
- g. Save the current settings.
- h. In the *Layers panel*, right-click and select *Unset edit layer* [optional].

3. In HYDRO, Specify the Output Locations:

A new layer will be created for the output locations. These locations will include the two boundaries, two locations along Channel 2, and the beginning of Channel 2004. The output variables will include both stage and flow.

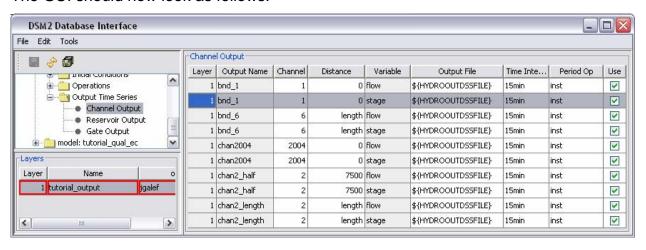
- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Initial Conditions* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the *Output Time Series* folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Channel Output.

- b. Create a new Output Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer from the menu.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, tutorial_output, and add a description.
 - 4) In the Input window, add as layer 1.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_output layer.
- e. Navigate back to the Excel spreadsheet, *TutorialSetup.xls*.
 - 1) Select the HYDRO Output tab.
 - Copy the information from the table to the clipboard. Do **not** include the headers.



- f. Return to the GUI.
- g. In the *Channel Output* table, left-click and hit control-v to paste the *Channel Output Locations* information from Excel.

h. The GUI should now look as follows:



- Save the current settings.
- j. In the Layers panel, right-click and select *Unset edit layer* [optional].

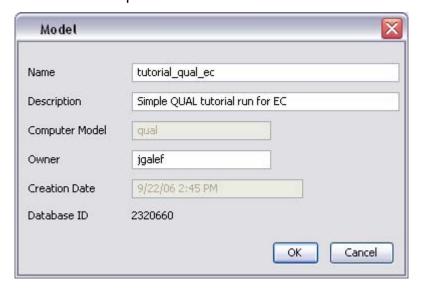
4. Rename QUAL Model

By default, the QUAL model is named tutorial_qual.

a. In the Sessions Navigator, right-click on model:tutorial_qual and select Edit model properties.



b. In the *Model Window, c*hange the name of the model to *tutorial_qual_ec*, and add a description.



2. In QUAL, add the Parameter information:

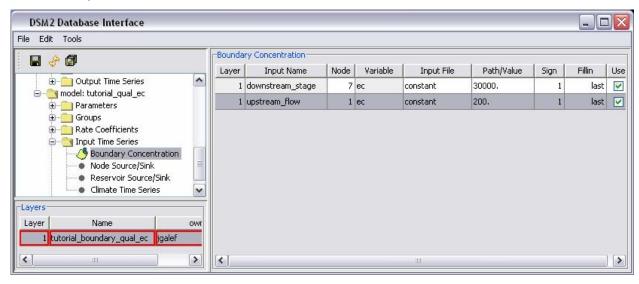
- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *model: tutorial_hydro* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the *model: tutorial_qual_ec* folder.
 - 3) Expand the Parameters folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Model Parameters.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Add layer from the menu.
- c. In the Select Layer window, double-click the qual_standard_parameters layer.
- d. In the *Input window*, add as layer 1.

3. In QUAL, set the Boundary Concentration information:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the Parameters folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the *Input Time Series* folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Boundary Concentration.
- b. Add a QUAL Boundary Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Click yes to confirm the refresh.

- 3) Name the layer, tutorial_boundary_qual_ec, and provide a description.
- 4) In the *Input window*, add as layer 1.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layer window, double-click the tutorial_boundary_qual_ec layer.
- e. In the *Boundary Concentration* table, add an upstream concentration row. The name for this boundary condition must match the corresponding boundary in hydro this name-matching is how flows and concentrations are paired.
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) In the new row, enter the following information into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: upstream_flow.
 - ii) Node: 1.
 - iii) Variable: ec.
 - iv) Input File: constant.
 - v) Path/Value: 200.
 - vi) Sign: 1.
 - vii) Fillin: last.
 - viii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- f. In the *Boundary Concentration* table, add a downstream concentration row. The downstream concentration is going to be higher, as we are gradually going to turn this into a tidal boundary.
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
 - 2) In the newest row, enter the following information into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: downstream_stage.
 - ii) Node: 7.
 - iii) Variable: ec.
 - iv) Input File: constant.
 - v) Path: 30000.
 - vi) Sign: 1.
 - vii) Fillin: last.
 - viii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

g. When complete, the interface should look as follows:



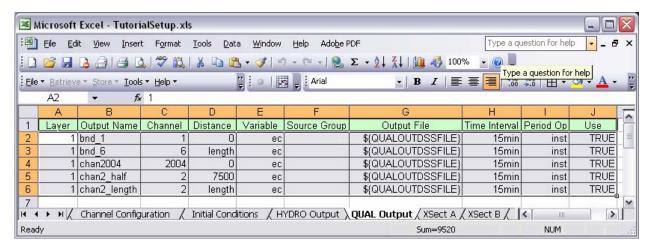
- h. Save the current settings.
- i. In the Layers panel, right-click and select *Unset edit layer* [optional].

4. In QUAL, Specify the Output Locations:

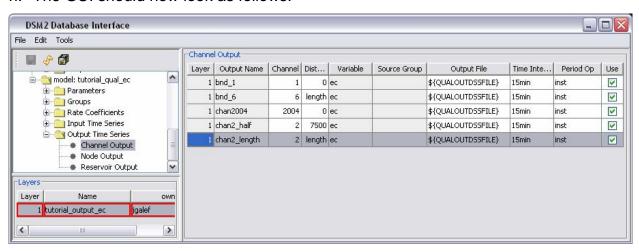
A new layer will be created for the output locations. These locations will include the two boundaries, two locations along Channel 2, and the beginning of Channel 2004. The output variable will be *ec*.

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Input Time Series* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Output Time Series folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Channel Output.
- b. Create a QUAL Output Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_output_ec*, and add a description of the new layer.
 - 4) Enter 1 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layer window, double-click the tutorial output ec layer.

- e. Navigate back to the Excel spreadsheet, *TutorialSetup.xls*.
 - 1) Select the QUAL Output tab.
 - 2) Copy the information from the table to the clipboard. Do **not** include the headers.



- f. Return to the GUI.
- g. In the *Channel Output* table, left-click and hit control-v to paste the output locations information from Excel.
- h. The GUI should now look as follows:

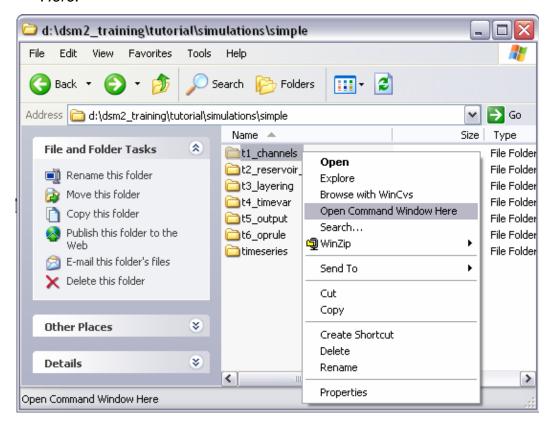


- Save the current settings.
- j. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

5. Running HYDRO and QUAL

a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory: \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\.

b. Right-click on the directory, *t1_channels*, and select *Open Command Window Here*.



c. In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.



- d. HYDRO will then run and create an *output.dss* file in the same directory.
- e. In the command window, type: *qual qual.inp*.
- f. QUAL will then run and add output to the *output.dss* file.
- g. Open the output.dss file and examine the results.

Tutorial 2: Reservoirs, Gates, Transfers

The purpose of this tutorial is to learn how to add reservoirs, gates, and transfers to the simple channel-only grid created in Tutorial 1. The grid we are going to create has the following configuration and specifications:

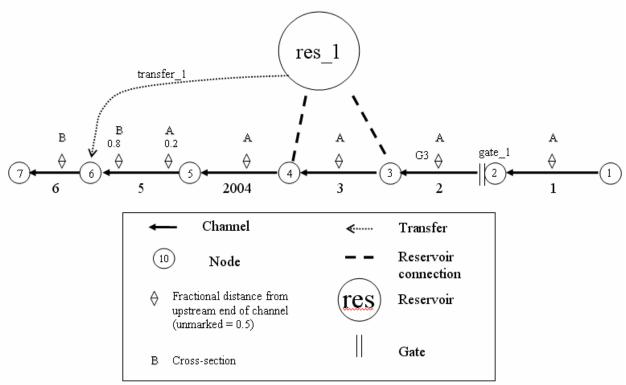


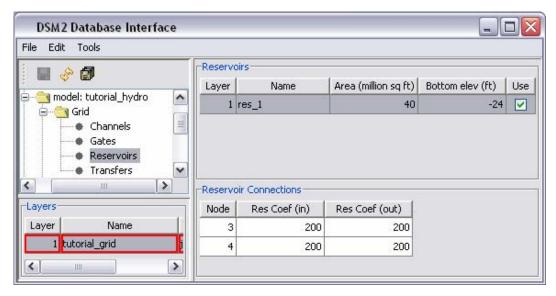
Figure 2 - Simple channel with a new reservoir, gate, and transfer.

The following steps will instruct you on how to create these new features and add them to the simple channel system.

1. Create the reservoir:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the *model: tutorial_hydro* folder.
 - 2) Expand the Grid folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Reservoirs.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid layer.
- d. In the Reservoirs table:

- 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
- 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: res_1
 - ii) Area (million sq ft): 40
 - iii) Bottom elev (ft): -24
 - iv) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- e. Note from Figure 2 that the reservoir has two connections; one at Node 3, and one at Node 4. Therefore, two rows of information will be needed for the *Reservoir Connections* table.
- f. In the Reservoir Connections table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Node: 3
 - ii) Res Coef (in): 200
 - iii) Res Coef (out): 200
 - 3) Again, right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 4) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Node: 4
 - ii) Res Coef (in): 200
 - iii) Res Coef (out): 200
- g. Save the current settings.
- h. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



i. In the Layers Panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

2. Create the Gate.

- a. Note from Figure 2 that the gate is located at Node 2 of Channel 2. This gate consists of both a weir and a pipe. Therefore, two rows of information will be needed for the *Gate Devices* table.
- b. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Remain in the Grid folder.
 - 2) Double-click on Gates.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid layer.
- e. In the Gates table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: gate_1
 - ii) Connected object: Channel
 - iii) Name/No: 2
 - iv) to Node: 2
 - v) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- f. In the Gate Devices table:

- 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
- 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Name: weir

ii) Structure: weir

iii) # Dupl: 2

iv) Radius/width: 20

v) Elev: 2

vi) Height: NA (the weir is open and the gate is high)

vii) CF from Node: 0.8

viii)CF to Node: 0.8

ix) Default Op: gate_open

x) Gate Control: gated_top

- g. Again, in the Gate Devices table:
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Name: pipe

ii) Structure: pipe

iii) # Dupl: 2

iv) Radius/width: 20

v) Elev: 2

vi) Height: NA (height does not apply to pipes)

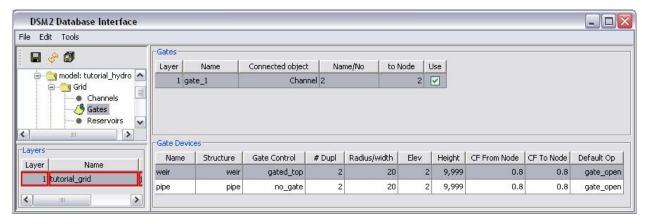
vii) CF from Node: 0.8

viii)CF to Node: 0.8

ix) Default Op: gate_openx) Gate Control: no_gate

h. Save the current settings.

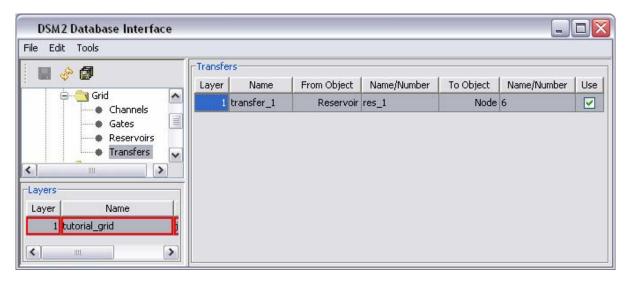
i. At this point, the GUI should look as follows (note: the GUI has been revised to say NA instead of 9,999 and Gate Control has been moved).



j. In the Layers Panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

2. Create the Transfer:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Remain in the Grid folder.
 - 2) Double-click on Transfers.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid layer.
- d. In the Transfers table:
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: transfer_1
 - ii) From Object: Reservoir
 - iii) Name/Number: res_1
 - iv) To Object: Node
 - v) Name/Number: 6
 - vi) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- e. Save the current settings.
- f. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



g. In the Layers Panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

3. Add Initial Conditions for the Reservoir:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Grid* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Initial Conditions folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Reservoir IC.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid layer.
- d. In the Reservoir Initial Conditions table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

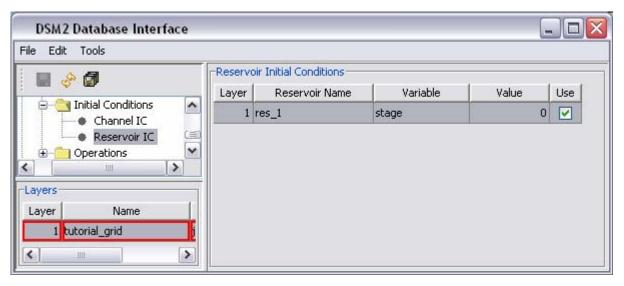
i) Reservoir Name: res_1

ii) Variable: stage

iii) Value: 0

iv) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

- e. Save the current settings.
- f. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



g. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

4. Add the Transfer Flow Time Series:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Initial Conditins* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Input Time Series folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Transfer Flows.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_boundary_hydro layer.
- d. In the Transfer Time Series table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Input Name: transfer_1

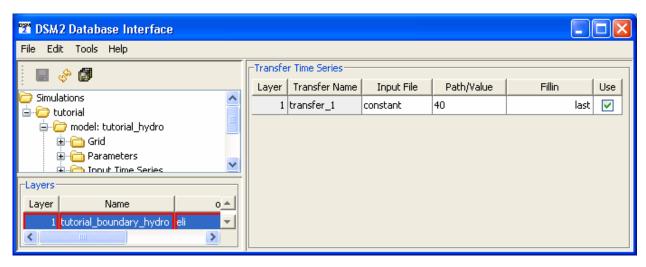
ii) Input File: constant

iii) Path/Value: 40

iv) Fillin: last

v) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

- e. Save the current settings.
- f. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



g. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

5. Running HYDRO and QUAL

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory: \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\.
- b. Right-click on the directory, *t2_reservoir_gate_transfer*, and select *Open Command Window Here*.
- c. In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.
- d. In the command window, type: qual qual.inp.
- e. Open the *output.dss* file in the *t2_reservoir_gate_transfer* directory, and examine the results.

Tutorial 3: Layering

The purpose of this tutorial is to demonstrate the use and benefits of layering. Instructions are given for modifying existing model information in the database by adding new data layers. Layers are key to the DSM2 management system. They allow input items to be grouped in logical bundles, and allow changes to be brought into an old simulation without erasing or altering archived items. The following steps will instruct you on how to create and use layers.

1. Creating and Disabling a new reservoir:

In this section, a new reservoir will be created by adding another layer. This new layer will then be deep copied to a second new layer. The second new layer will then be edited so that its *Use* column is no longer checked. This process renders the new reservoir invisible to the model, demonstrating that the new reservoir does not have to be erased from the database, it can simply be masked.

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the *model: tutorial_hydro* folder.
 - 2) Expand the *Grid* folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Reservoirs.
- b. Create a new Reservoir Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, tutorial grid_add_reservoir, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 2 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid_add_reservoir layer.
- e. In the Reservoirs table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: dummy_res
 - ii) Area (million sq ft): 60
 - iii) Bottom elev (ft): -30

- iv) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- f. In the Reservoir Connections table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Node: 5

ii) Res Coef (in): 220

iii) Res Coef (out): 220

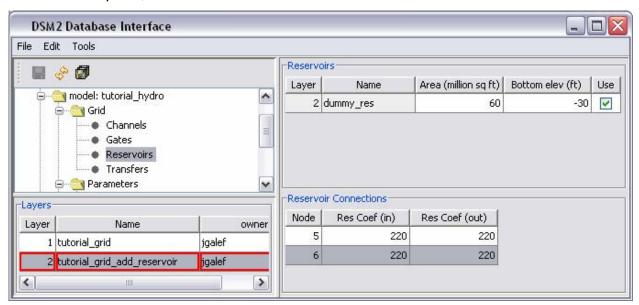
- g. Again, in the Reservoir Connections table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Node: 6

ii) Res Coef (in): 220

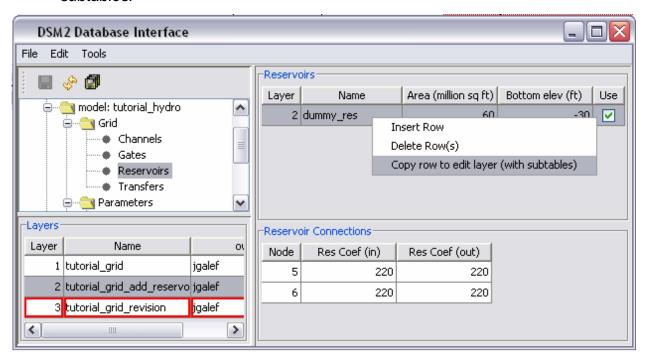
iii) Res Coef (out): 220

- h. Save the current settings.
- i. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



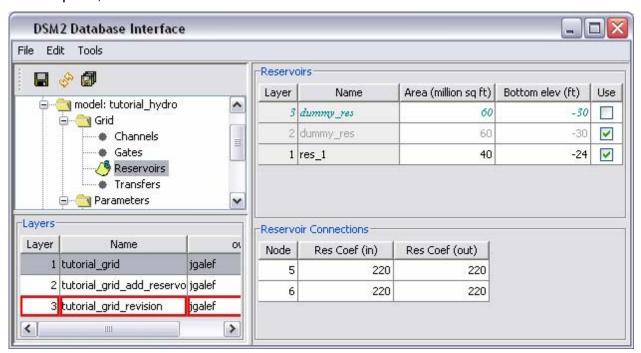
- j. Create a Reservoir Revision Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, tutorial_grid_revision, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 3 for the layer number.

- k. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- I. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid_revision layer.
- m. In the *Layers panel*, click on the *tutorial_grid_add_reservoir* layer.
- n. In the Reservoirs table, right-click the layer and select Copy row to edit layer with subtables.



- o. In the Layers panel, click on the tutorial_grid_revison layer.
- p. In the Reservoirs table, double-click the Use field to get rid of the checkmark.
- q. Save the current settings.
- r. In the *Layers panel*, highlight all three layers.

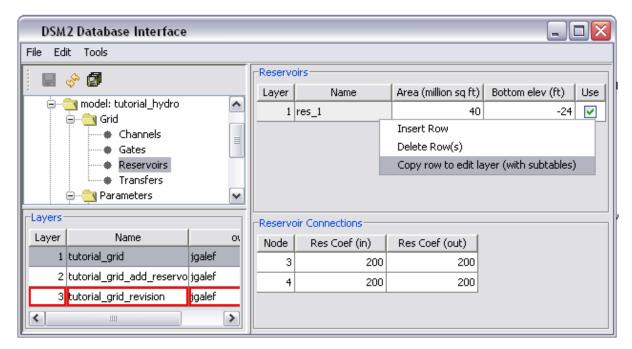
s. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



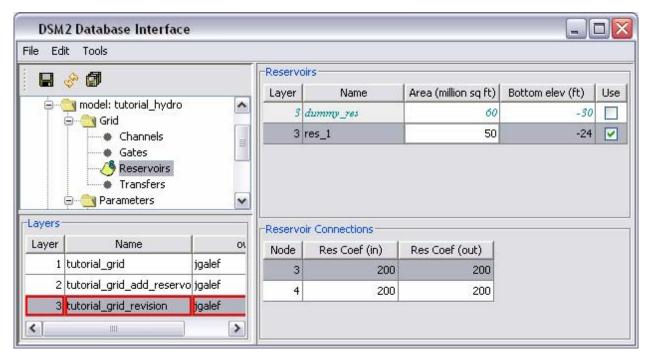
Note that *dummy_res* of Layer 2 has been grayed-out. This indicates that the new reservoir will no longer be used by the model.

2. Altering the Properties of the Original Reservoir:

- a. In the Layers panel, click on the tutorial_grid layer.
- b. In the Reservoirs table, right-click the layer and select Copy row to edit layer (with subtables).



c. In the *Reservoirs* table, for the new row in Layer 3, change the *Area (million sq ft)* field from 40 to 50.

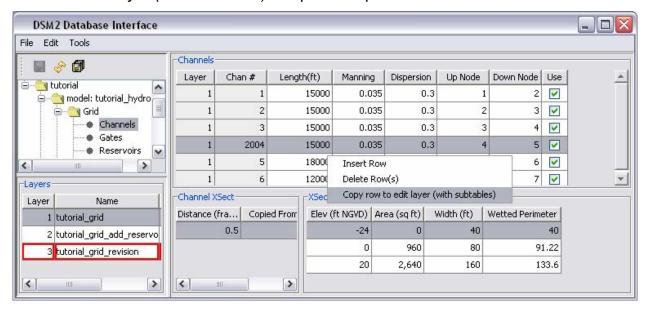


- d. Save the current settings.
- e. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

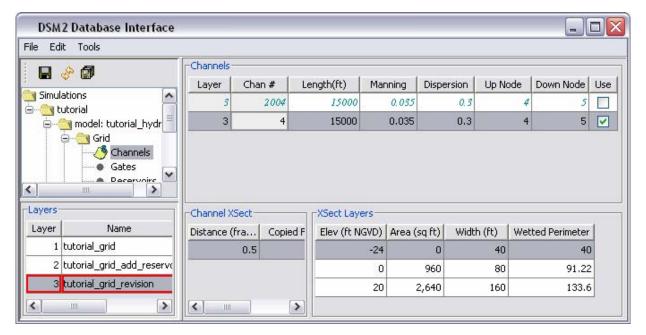
3. Changing the name of Channel 2004:

a. In the Simulations Navigator.

- 1) Remain in the Grid folder.
- 2) Double-click on Channels.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid_revision layer.
- d. In the Layers panel, click on the tutorial_grid layer.
- e. In the *Channels* table, right-click the layer with Channel 2004 and select *Copy row to edit layer (with subtables)*. Repeat this procedure.



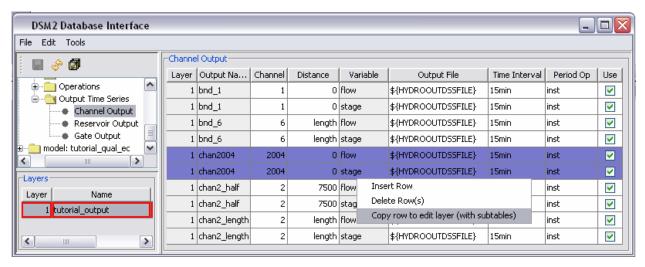
- f. In the Layers panel, click on the tutorial grid revison layer.
- g. In the Channels table:
 - 1) For the first row, double-click the *Use* field to get rid of the checkmark.
 - 2) For the second row, change the Chan # field from 2004 to 4.



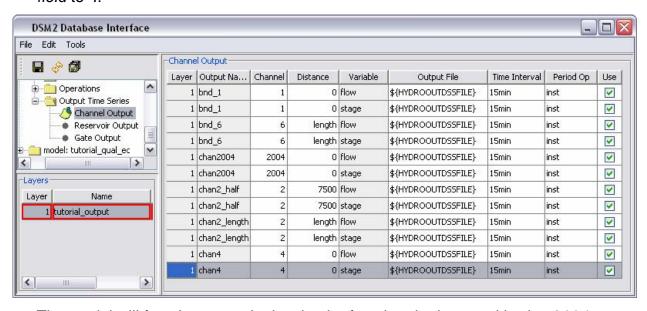
- h. Save the current settings.
- i. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

4. Add the New Channel 4 to the Output Layer:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Grid* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Output Time Series folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Channel Output.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid.
- d. In the *Channel Output* table, hold down the *shift* key while clicking on the two rows associated with *Channel 2004*. Holding down *shift* allows for the selection of the entire row.
- e. Right-click and select Copy row to edit layer (with subtables).



- f. Select OK to accept the Error Condition.
- g. For the two new layers, change the Output Name field to *chan4*, and the *Channel field* to *4*.



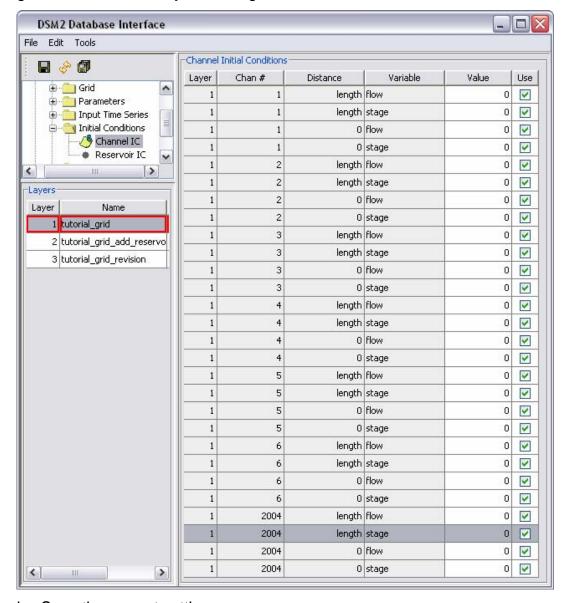
The model will function properly despite the fact that the layers with *chan2004* are still present. The model will simply ignore these layers.

- h. Save the current settings.
- i. In the *Layers panel*, right-click and select *Unset edit layer*.

5. Add Initial Conditions for the New Channel 4:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Output Time Series* folder [optional].

- 2) Expand the Initial Conditions folder.
- 3) Double-click on Channel IC.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid.
- d. In the *Channel Initial Conditions* table, hold down the *shift* key while clicking on the four rows associated with *Channel 2004*.
- e. Right-click and select Copy row to edit layer (with subtables).
- f. Select OK to accept the Error Condition.
- g. For the four new layers, change the Chan # field from 2004 to 4.



h. Save the current settings.

i. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

6. Running HYDRO and QUAL

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory: \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\.
- b. Right-click on the directory, t3_layering, and select Open Command Window Here.
- c. In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.
- d. In the command window, type: qual qual.inp.
- e. Open the *output.dss* file in the *t3_layering* directory, and examine the results.

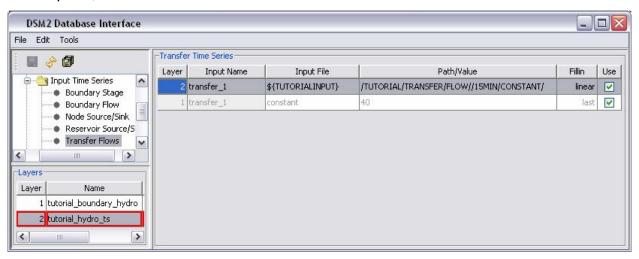
Tutorial 4: Time Varying Data

The purpose of this tutorial is to incorporate time-varying information to the model. In the previous sections, all boundary conditions and gate timings were set as constant, and no input files were needed. In this section, the model is set to read time-varying information stored in DSS files. The following steps will instruct you on how to add the time-varying information.

1. Change the Transfer Flows:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Remain in the model: tutorial_hydro folder.
 - 2) Expand the Input Time Series folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Transfer Flows.
- b. Add a new Transfer Flow Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_hydro_ts*, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 2 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_hydro_ts layer.
- e. In the Transfer Time Series table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: transfer_1
 - ii) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}
 - iii) Path/Value: /TUTORIAL/TRANSFER/FLOW//15MIN/CONSTANT/
 - iv) Fillin: linear
 - v) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- f. Save the current settings.

g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



h. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

2. Running HYDRO and QUAL

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory: \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\.
- b. Right-click on the directory, *t4_timevar*, and select *Open Command Window Here*.
- c. In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.
- d. In the command window, type: qual qual.inp.
- e. Open the *output.dss* file in the *t4_timevar* directory, and verify that the results are identical to the results from the previous tutorial (located in the *t3_layering* directory).

3. Adjust the Text Input Files:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory: \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\t4_timevar
- b. Open hydro.inp for editing.
- c. In the *ENVVARS* section, change the *DSM2MODIFIER* environment variable from *timevar_1* to *timevar_2*.

- d. Open qual.inp for editing.
- e. In the ENVVARS section, change the DSM2MODIFIER environment variable from timevar_1 to timevar_2.

4. Add Source information into HYDRO:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Remain in the Input Time Series folder.
 - 2) Double-click on Node Source/Sink.
- b. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_hydro_ts layer.
- d. In the Node Source Time Series Input table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Input Name: source1

ii) Node: 5

iii) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}

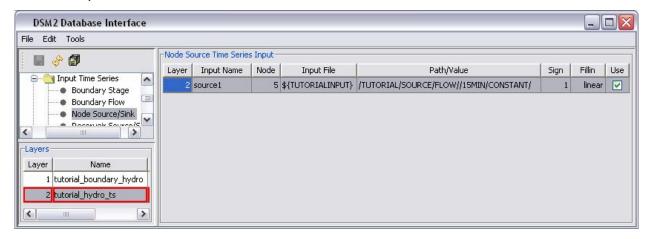
iv) Path/Value: /TUTORIAL/SOURCE/FLOW//15MIN/CONSTANT/

v) Sign: 1

vi) Fillin: linear

vii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

- e. Save the current settings.
- f. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



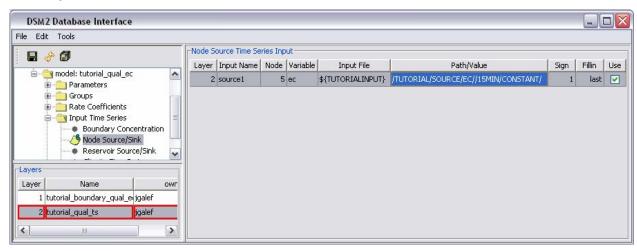
g. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

5. Add Source information into QUAL:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *model: tutorial_hydro* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the *model:tutorial_qual_ec* folder.
 - 3) Expand the Input Time Series folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Node Source/Sink.
- b. Create a new QUAL Source Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, tutorial_qual_ts, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 2 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_qual_ts layer.
- e. In the Node Source Time Series table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: source1
 - ii) Node: 5
 - iii) Variable: ec
 - iv) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}
 - v) Path/Value: /TUTORIAL/SOURCE/EC//15MIN/CONSTANT/
 - vi) Sign: 1
 - vii) Fillin: last
 - viii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

f. Save the current settings.

g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



h. In the Layers panel, right-click and select *Unset edit layer* [optional].

6. Add Tide Information for Downstream Boundary in HYDRO:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *model: tutorial_qual_ec* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the model: tutorial_hydro folder.
 - 3) Expand the *Input Time Series* folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Boundary Stage.
- b. Create a new HYDRO Time Series Boundary:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_ hydro_tide*, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 3 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_hydro_tide layer.
- e. In the Boundary Stage table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: downstream_stage
 - ii) Node: 7

iii) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}

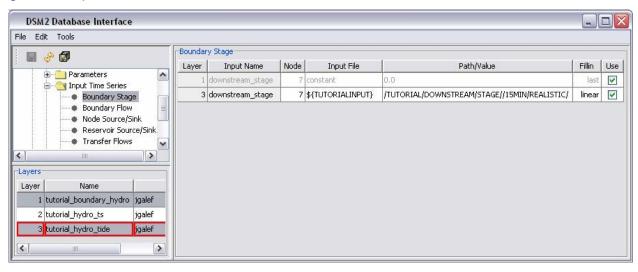
iv) Path/Value: /TUTORIAL/DOWNSTREAM/STAGE//15MIN/REALISTIC/

v) Fillin: linear

vi) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

f. Save the current settings.

g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



h. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

7. Add Tide Information for Downstream Boundary in QUAL:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *model: tutorial_hydro* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the *model: tutorial_qual_ec* folder.
 - 3) Expand the *Input Time Series* folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Boundary Concentration.
- b. Add a new QUAL Time Series Boundary:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, tutorial_qual_tide, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 3 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_qual_tide layer.

e. In the Boundary Concentration table:

1) Right-click and select Insert row.

2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Input Name: downstream_stage

ii) Node: 7

iii) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}

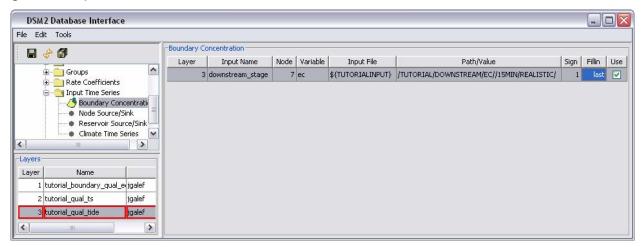
iv) Path/Value: /TUTORIAL/DOWNSTREAM/EC//15MIN/REALISTIC/

v) Sign: 1 vi) Fillin: *last*

vii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

f. Save the current settings.

g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



h. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

8. Add a Gate Time Series to HYDRO:

This gate time series will control the weir. The pipe is to be left open.

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *model: tutorial_ qual_ec* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the model: tutorial_ hydro folder.
 - 3) Expand the Input Time Series folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Gate Time Series.
- b. Add a Gate Time Series Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.

- 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
- 3) Name the new layer, tutorial_gate_input, and add a description.
- 4) Enter 4 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_gate_input layer.
- e. In the Gate Time Series table:
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Gate: gate_1

ii) Device: weir

iii) Variable: op_from_node

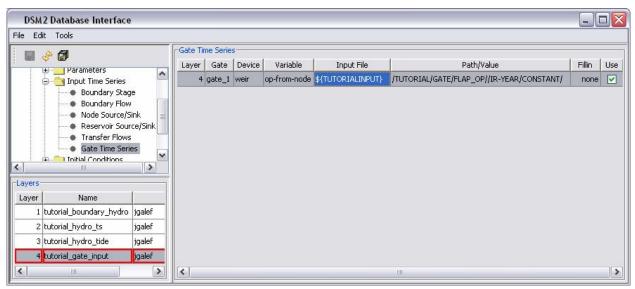
iv) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}

v) Path/Value: /TUTORIAL/GATE/FLAP_OP//IR-YEAR/CONSTANT/

vi) Fillin: none

vii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

- f. Save the current settings.
- g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



h. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

9. Running HYDRO and QUAL

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory: \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\.
- b. Right-click on the directory, *t4_Timevar*, and select *Open Command Window Here*.
- c. In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.
- d. In the command window, type: qual qual.inp.
- e. Open the *output.dss* file in the *t4_timevar* directory, and examine the results.

Tutorial 5: Output

The purpose of this tutorial is to provide instruction on advanced output options. The first part involves modifications to the text input file, *hydro.inp*. The second part describes the use of *groups* in the GUI. With *groups*, the user can enter a small number of expressions to specify many output locations. The following steps will instruct you on how to add the *groups*.

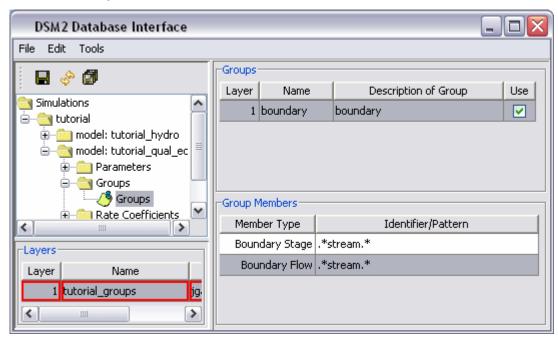
1. Add Output Paths to hydro.inp:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory,\{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\t5_output.
- b. Open the file addin.inp and note the new output paths for the channels and reservoir. The information in this file is similar to that required for the text version of DSM2, but has an additional Name field plus the identification of the location being output.
- c. Copy the entire file contents to the clipboard.
- d. Open the file hydro.inp.
- e. Navigate to the bottom of the file and paste the information.

2. Add Boundary and Source Groups to the Database:

- Navigate back to the GUI.
- b. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the *model: tutorial_qual_ec* folder.
 - 2) Expand the *Groups* folder.
 - 3) Double-click on *Groups*.
- c. Add a Groups Layer:
 - 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_groups*, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 1 for the layer number.
- d. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- e. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_groups layer.

- f. In the Groups table:
 - 1) right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: boundary
 - ii) Description of Group: boundary
 - iii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- g. In the Group Members table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Member Type: Boundary Stage
 - ii) Identifier/Pattern: .*stream.*
 - 3) Again, right-click and select Insert row.
 - 4) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Member Type: Boundary Flow
 - ii) Identifier/Pattern: .*stream.*
- h. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



- i. In the Groups table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Name: sources

ii) Description of Group: inflow from mid-stream sources

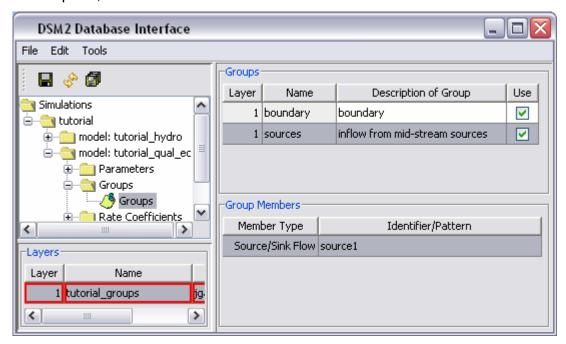
iii) Use: Make sure that the table contains a checkmark.

- j. In the Group Members table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Member Type: Source/Sink Flow

ii) Identifier/Pattern: source1

- k. Save the current settings.
- I. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



m. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

3. Add Group Output for Channel 5:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Groups* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the *model: tutorial_qual_ec* folder.
 - 3) Expand the Output Time Series folder.
 - 4) Double-click on Channel Output.
- b. Add a new Output Layer:

- 1) In the Layers panel, right-click and select New layer.
- 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
- 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_source_output*, and add a description.
- 4) Enter 2 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_source_output layer.
- e. In the Channel Output table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row* a total of three times. Or, if you feel comfortable, you can click on an established row, right-click and select *Copy to edit row (with subtables)*, and make the following corrections.
 - 2) For the first new row, enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: ch5
 - ii) Channel: 5
 - iii) Distance: 5000
 - iv) Variable: ec
 - v) Source Group: Leave this field blank.
 - vi) Output File: \${QUALOUTDSSFILE}
 - vii) Time Interval: 15min
 - viii)Period Op: inst
 - ix) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
 - 3) For the second new row, enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: ch5_bnd
 - ii) Channel: 5
 - iii) Distance: 5000
 - iv) Variable: ec
 - v) Source Group: boundary
 - vi) Output File: \${QUALOUTDSSFILE}
 - vii) Time Interval: 15min
 - viii) Period Op: inst
 - ix) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
 - 4) For the third new row, enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Name: ch5_src

ii) Channel: 5

iii) Distance: 5000

iv) Variable: ec

v) Source Group: source

vi) Output File: \${QUALOUTDSSFILE}

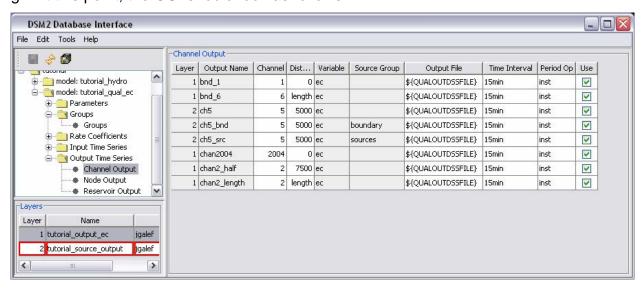
vii) Time Interval: 15min

viii) Period Op: inst

ix) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

f. Save the current settings.

g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



h. In the Layers panel, right-click and select *Unset edit layer*.

4. Running HYDRO and QUAL

- a. Open a command window for the *t5_output* directory.
- b. In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.
- c. In the command window, type: qual qual.inp.
- d. Open the *output.dss* file in the *t5_output* directory, and examine the results.

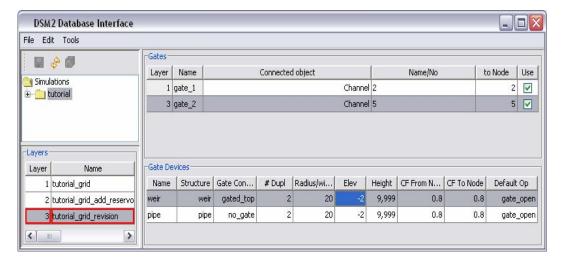
Tutorial 6: Operating Rules

The purpose of this tutorial is to practice using Operating Rule Language (ORL) statements to set gate operations and flows. With operating rules, expressions can be crafted to make steer the model on-the-fly; e.g., a gate can be directed to automatically close when stage conditions reach a certain threshold. In this tutorial we will create operating rules to operate a gate and to regulate a source/sink inflow.

1. Adding a Second Gate Where Op Rule Will Be Applied

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the model: tutorial_hydro folder.
 - 2) Expand the Grid folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Gates.
- b. In the Layer panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_grid_revision layer.
- d. In the Gates table:
 - 1) Right-click on the row with *gate_1* and select *Copy row to edit layer (with subtables)*.
 - 2) Click on the copied row and change the following fields:
 - i) Name: gate_2
 - ii) Name/No.: 5
 - iii) to Node: 5
- e. In the Gate Devices table:
 - 1) Click on each of the weir and pipe rows and change the following field:
 - i) Elev: -2
- f. Save the current settings.

g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



2. Adding Output for the Second Gate:

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the *Grid* folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Output Time Series folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Gate Output.
- b. In the Layer panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_output layer.
- d. In the Operating Rules table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Output Name: gate_2_weirop

ii) Gate: gate_2

iii) Device: weir

iv) Variable: op-from-node

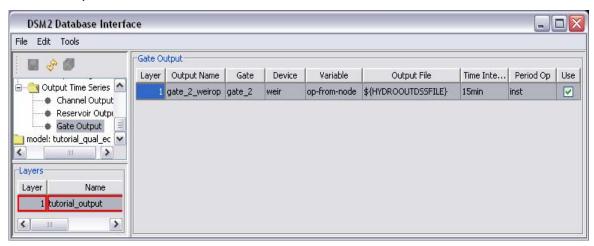
v) Output File: \${HYDROOUTDSSFILE}

vi) Time Interval: 15min

vii) Period Op: inst

viii) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.

- e. Save the current settings.
- f. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



- g. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory, \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\simple\t6_oprule.
- h. Open the file, hydro.inp.
- i. Add the following statements to the output paths section in order to view gate trigger locations:

```
trigger_loc 4 7500 stage 15min inst ${HYDROOUTDSSFILE} ds_gate2 5 0 flow 15min inst ${HYDROOUTDSSFILE}
```

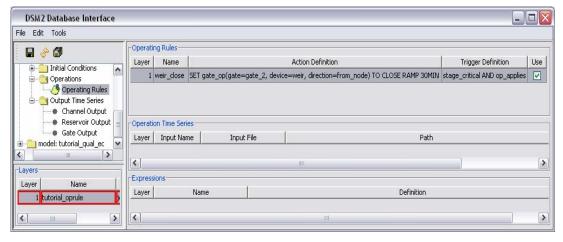
j. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].

3. Create an Operating Rule to Close the Weir when Stage is Low:

This operating rule closes the new gate we created during times where stage at a monitoring point is low. First we will define the rule in terms of an expression called *stage_critical* (the condition where stage violates a minimum) and *op_applies* (a seasonal condition that is True when we are controlling the gate for stage. In a later step we will define these variables.

- a. In the Simulations Navigator.
 - 1) Collapse the Output Time Series folder [optional].
 - 2) Expand the Operations folder.
 - 3) Double-click on *Operating Rules*.
- b. Add a new Operating Rules Layer:

- 1) In the Layer panel, right-click and select New layer.
- 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
- 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_ oprule*, and add a description.
- 4) Enter 1 for the layer number.
- c. In the Layer panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- d. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_oprule layer.
- e. In the Operating Rules table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: weir close
 - ii) Action Definition: SET gate_op(gate=gate_2, device=weir, direction=from_node) TO CLOSE RAMP 30MIN
 - iii) Trigger Definition: stage_critical AND op_applies
 - iv) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- f. Save the current settings.
- g. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



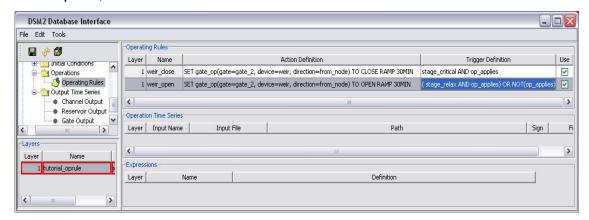
Note that the expressions stage_critical and op_applies will be created in a later step.

3. Create an Operating Rule to Open the Weir when Stage is High:

As before, we will enter the rule to open the weir first in terms of the expressions $stage_relax$ (a condition where stage is safely above a threshold where we can open the gate) and $op_applies$. In the next step we will define these expressions.

a. In the Operating Rules table:

- 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
- 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: weir_open
 - ii) Action Definition: SET gate_op(gate=gate_2, device=weir, direction=from_node) TO OPEN RAMP 30MIN
 - iii) Trigger Definition: (stage_relax AND op_applies) OR NOT(op_applies)
 - iv) Use: Make sure that the entry contains a checkmark.
- b. Save the current settings.
- c. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



d. In the *hydro.inp* file, add the following environmental variables and values into the ENVVARS section:

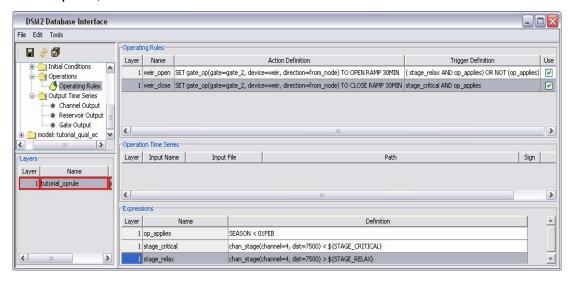
STAGE_CRITICAL 1.4 STAGE_RELAX 1.6

4. Define Expressions used in the rule

- a. In the Expressions table:
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: op_applies
 - ii) Definition: SEASON < 01FEB
 - 3) Again, right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 4) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

i) Name: stage_critical

- ii) Definition: chan_stage(channel=4, dist=7500) < \${STAGE_CRITICAL}
- 5) Once again, right-click and select *Insert row*.
- 6) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: stage_relax
 - ii) Definition: chan_stage(channel=4, dist=7500) > \${STAGE_RELAX}
- b. Save the current settings.
- c. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



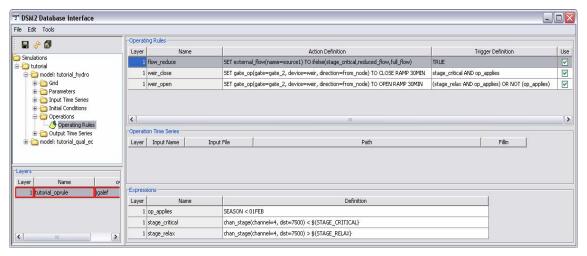
- d. Now run HYDRO and QUAL:
 - 1) Open a command window for the *t6_oprule* directory.
 - 2) In the command window, type: hydro hydro.inp.
 - 3) In the command window, type: qual qual.inp.
 - 4) Open the *output.dss* file in the *t6_oprule* directory, and examine the results.

5. Add a Reduced Flow Operating Rule:

In our next operating rule, we will control the inflow to a node by having it toggle back and forth between a larger "full flow" and a reduced flow. First we will enter the rule and then we will define the full and reduced flows.

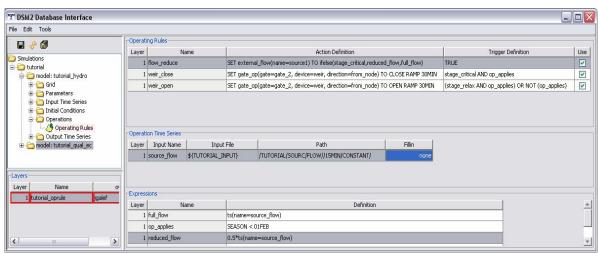
- a. In the Operating Rules table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.

- 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Name: flow_reduce
 - ii) Action Definiton: SET external_flow(name=source1) TO ifelse(stage_critical,reduced_flow,full_flow)
 - iii) Trigger Definition: TRUE
 - iv) Make sure the Use box is checked.
- b. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



- c. Save the current settings.
- d. Now create the expressions that define *full_flow* and *reduced_flow*. In the *Expressions* table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields that define *full_flow*. This will involve the time series *source_flow* which we will enter later:
 - i) Input Name: full_flow
 - ii) Definition: ts(name=source_flow) [note: this is a reference to a time series we haven't defined yet].
 - 3) Do the same for *reduced_flow*. Note: we are defining *reduced_*flow in terms of the time series. There is no guarantee of what order expressions will be evaluated, so you cannot safely define *reduced_flow* in terms of another expression such as *full_flow*. Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:

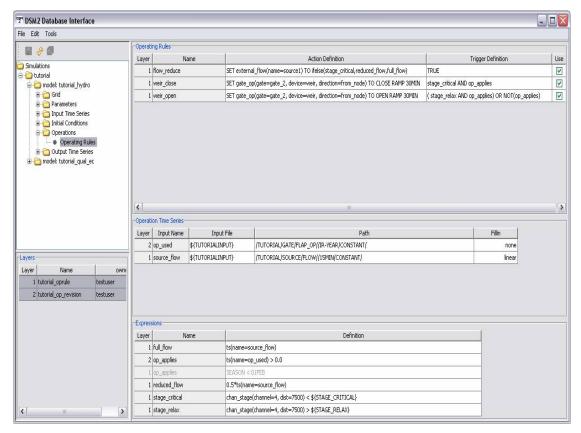
- i) Input Name: reduced_flow
- ii) Definition: 0.5*ts(name=source_flow).
- e. Save the current settings.
 - 1) Now we will define the *source_flow* time series upon which the *full_flow* and *reduced_flow* expressions are based.
- f. In the Layer panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- g. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_oprule layer.
- h. In the Operation Time Series table:
 - 1) Right-click and select Insert row.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: source flow
 - ii) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}
 - iii) Path: /TUTORIAL/SOURCE/FLOW//15MIN/CONSTANT/ [Note: there are two forward slashes between 15MIN and CONSTANT]
 - iv) Sign: 1
 - v) Fillin: none
 - vi) Make sure the Use box is checked.
- i. Save the current settings.
- j. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



6. Override the Expression op_applies:

Recall that *op_applies* is used to determine when the weir is operated. Previously the definition of this expression was seasonal: the expression was SEASON < 01FEB. The goal now is to make the same expression depend on a time series. Rather than change the expression, we will override it in a new layer.

- a. Add a new Operating Rules Layer:
 - 1) In the Layer panel, right-click and select New layer.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the new layer, *tutorial_oprule_revision*, and add a description.
 - 4) Enter 2 for the layer number.
- b. In the Layer panel, right-click and select Set edit layer.
- c. In the Select Layers window, double-click the tutorial_oprule_revision layer.
- d. Redefine the expressions that define *op_applies*. In the *Expressions* table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: op_applies
 - ii) Definition: ts(name=op_used) [note: this is a reference to a time series we will define in the next step].
- e. Define the time series *op_used* on which the *op_applies* expression depends. In the *Operation Time Series* table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the following values into the appropriate fields:
 - i) Input Name: op_used
 - ii) Input File: \${TUTORIALINPUT}
 - iii) Path: /TUTORIAL/GATE/FLAP_OP//IR-YEAR/CONSTANT/
 - **iv)** Sign: 1
 - v) Fillin: none
 - vi) Make sure the *Use* box is checked.
- f. At this point, the GUI should look as follows:



- g. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Unset edit layer [optional].
- h. Run HYDRO and QUAL and examine the results.

Tutorial 7: Delta SIMULATIONS with HYDRO and QUAL

1. Clone the Historical Simulation:

- a. In the file menu of the GUI, select Clone Simulation.
- b. In the Clone Simulation window, select historical.
- c. Name the cloned simulation, historical tutorial.

2. Reset Model Name Parameters in the Text Input/Config Files:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory, \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\historic
- b. Change the model name environmental variable for HYDRO and QUAL:
 - 1) Open the file, hydro.inp.
 - i) Under the SCALAR section, locate the environmental variable, model name.
 - ii) Note that *model_name* itself contains the environmental variable: *SIMNAME*.
 - iii) SIMNAME is not listed anywhere in the *hydro.inp* file. If fact, it is listed in the *config-hist.inp* file.
 - 2) Open the file, config-hist.inp.
 - i) In the ENVVARS section, locate *SIMNAME*.
 - ii) Change its value from historical to historical_tutorial.
 - iii) Save config-hist.inp.
 - 3) Because *qual_ec.inp* and *qual_do.inp* both utilize the environmental variable, *SIMNAME*, these files do not have to be modified.
- c. Change the model name environmental variable for PTM:
 - 1) Open the file, *ptm.inp*.
 - i) Under the SCALAR section, locate *model_name*.
 - ii) Note that it is set to the different environmental variable, MODEL NAME.
 - iii) This environmental variable is listed in the ENVVARS section of this file.

- iv) Change the value of MODEL_NAME from needs_hydro to historical_tutorial_hydro, and save the file. Note that PTM requires the grid from HYDRO.
- v) Save ptm.inp.
- d. Change the Time Interval Environmental Variable:
 - In the GUI, the value given for all channel output is given as \${FINE_OUT}. If you would like to verify this, you can check the Channel Output view of the Output Time Series directory for the HYDRO setup.
 - 2) Navigate back to the config-hist.inp file:
 - i) Locate FINE OUT under the ENVARRS section.
 - ii) Change its value from 15MIN to 1HOUR.
 - iii) Save config-hist.inp.
- e. Select the Proper Database:
 - 1) In *hydro.inp*:
 - i) Find the SCALAR section.
 - ii) Change the database entry to the following:
 - database dsm2input_access
 - iii) Repeat this procedure for *qual_ec.inp*, *qual_do.inp*, and *ptm.inp*.
- f. Change the Temporary Directory:
 - 1) In hydro.inp, qual_ec.inp, qual_do.inp, and ptm.inp
 - i) In the SCALAR section, find the environmental variable, *temp_dir*.
 - ii) Change the value to *c:\temp* or a temp directory with ample free space.
 - iii) Remember to repeat this procedure for all four files.
 - iv) Save the four files.

3. Run HYDRO:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory,\{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\
- b. Right-click on the historic directory, and select, Open Command Window Here.
- c. In the command window, type: dsm2 hydro config-hist.inp.

d. Wait for HYDRO to complete its runs.

4. Replicate HYDRO's tidefiles and modify QUAL's input file to make them suitable for a Multi-tidefile Run:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory,\{DSM2_home}\\tutorial\\simulations\\historic\\output
- b. Locate the *hist.h5* tidefile and copy-and-paste this file three times in the same directory. These copies will emulate hydro tidefiles generated on three separate machines.
- c. Rename the copies: tf1.h5, tf2.h5, and tf3.h5.
- d. Open qual_ec.inp:
 - 1) If necessary, make corrections so that the TIDEFILE section looks as follows:

TIDEFILE

| START_DATE | END_DATE | FILENAME |
|------------|-----------|----------------|
| #runtime | length | output/hist.h5 |
| runtime | 20JUL1996 | output/tf1.h5 |
| 20JUL1996 | 24JUL1996 | output/tf2.h5 |
| last | length | output/tf3.h5 |
| 01SEP1996 | length | ficticious.h5 |
| END | J | |

- 2) With the exception of the commented-out (#) statement, these statements direct QUAL to the *hydro/output* location storing the tidefiles needed for the multi-tide run. The start and end date show the possibilities: using a real date, runtime (start of the simulation), length (go to end of tidefile) and last (start where the last tidefile left off).
- 3) Change the temporary directory from *z:\temp* to a temp location with ample free storage.
- 4) Save qual_ec.inp.

5. Run QUAL:

- a. In the command window, type: dsm2 qual_ec config-hist.inp.
- 6. Running QUAL with Nonconservative Constituents and a Single Tidefile:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory,
 d:\{DSM2 home\\tutorial\\simulations\\historic
- b. Open qual_do.inp.
 - 1) In the TIDEFILE section, ensure that only one row for tidefiles is present and uncommented. This should be the row associated with the file, *hist.h5*.
 - Change the temporary directory from z:\temp to a temp location with ample free storage
 - 3) Save the qual_do.inp file.
- c. Open config-hist.inp.
 - In the ENVVARS section, locate the environmental variable, DSM2MODIFIER.
 - 2) Change the value from hist to nonconserve.
 - 3) Save config-hist.inp.
- d. In the command window, type: dsm2 qual_do config-hist.inp.

IX. Tutorial 8: Delta SIMULATIONS with PTM

- 1. Modify the PTM Input file to Turn On the Dispersion Parameters:
 - a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory,\{DSM2_home\}\tutorial\simulations\historic\
 - b. Open the file, ptm.inp.
 - 1) In the TIDEFILE section, ensure that only one row for tidefiles is present. This should be the row associated with the file, *hist.h5*.
 - 2) Locate the GROUPS section.
 - 3) Add two groups to the list:

```
sac_below_chipps channels range:438-441
sac_below_chipps channels (443|452)
```

- 4) Locate the GROUP_OUTPUT section.
- 5) Add this group_outputs to the list:

 sac_below_chipps 1hour \${PTMOUTPUTFILE} SAC_BELOW_CHIPPS

- 6) Locate the SCALARS section.
- 7) Change all of the dispersion parameters from f to t.

```
ptm_ivertt# Use Vertical velocity profileptm_itranst# Use Transverse velocity profileptm_ieyt# Use transverse mixingptm_iezt# Use vertical mixing
```

2. Run PTM and Examine the Results:

- a. In the command window, type: dsm2 ptm config-hist.inp.
- b. In Windows Explorer:
 - Navigate to the directory,
 \{DSM2_home}\\tutorial\\simulations\\historic\\output
 - 2) Examine the output in the ptmout.txt file.
 - 3) Copy the files, *anim_db.bin* and *ptmout.txt*.
 - 4) Navigate to the directory, \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\historic\ptm-animate\dual\left_panel
 - 5) Paste the files in the *left_panel* directory.

3. Now to See the Effects of having the Dispersions Parameters Turned Off:

- a. In Windows Explorer, navigate to the directory, \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\historic\
- b. Open the file, *ptm.inp*.
 - 1) Locate the SCALARS section.
 - 2) Change all of the dispersion parameters from *t* to *f*.

- c. In the command window, type: dsm2 ptm config-hist.inp.
- d. In Windows Explorer:
 - Navigate to the directory,
 \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\historic\output
 - 2) Copy the files, anim_db.bin and ptmout.txt.

3) Navigate to the directory,

\{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\historic\ptm-animate\dual\right_panel

- 4) Paste the files in the *right_panel* directory.
- 5) Navigate to the directory, \{DSM2_home}\tutorial\simulations\historic\ptm-animate
- 6) Double-click on *dual.bat* to open the animator.
- 7) Press start to start the animator and use the controls to adjust the speed.

4. Modifying the Animator Display [optional]:

- a. The *left_panel* and *right_panel* directories contain files needed for operation:
 - 1) fluxInfoDB.data stores path information for the PTM output.
 - 2) labelsDB.data stores labels information.
 - 3) *network.dat* stores *x* and *y*-locations for nodes and channels.
- b. Examine these files.

5. Changing an Operator Rule:

- a. Bring up the GUI.
- b. In the Sessions Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the folder, model: historical_hydro.
 - 2) Expand the Operations folder.
 - 3) Double-click on Operating Rules.
- c. In the *Layers* panel, click on *Layer 1* so that it is the only layer viewed.
- d. Examine the rules for this gate at the Montezuma Slough.
- e. Add a New Operating Rule Layer:
 - 1) In the *Layers* panel, right-click and select *New layer*.
 - 2) Select Yes to confirm the refresh.
 - 3) Name the layer, *modified_montezuma_ops*.
 - 4) The layer will be number 4.
- f. In the *Layers* panel, right-click and select *Set Edit Layer*.
- g. In the Select Layer window, double-click Layer 4.

- h. In the Expressions table:
 - 1) Right-click and select *Insert row*.
 - 2) Enter the information in the appropriate fields for the new row:
 - i) Name: mscs_calc
 - ii) Definition: SEASON > 01AUG OR SEASON < 01FEB
- i. Save the current settings.
- j. Unset the editing layer.
- k. In the Sessions Navigator.
 - 1) Expand the *model: historical_tutorial_hydro* folder.
 - 2) Expand the Output Time Series directory.
 - 3) Double-click on Gate Output.
- I. In the *Layers* panel, right-click and select *Add layer*.
- m. In the Select Layer window, double-click grid_output.
- n. In the Layers panel, right-click and select Remove layer.
- Select std_output_hydro_named (note, if you omit this step there will be too many output specifications and the model will crash).
- p. Rerun HYDRO:
 - 1) In the command window, type: dsm2 hydro config-hist.inp