

CFG NINJA AUDITS

Security Assessment

Tate CEO Contract

April 24, 2023

Audit Status: Pass

Audit Edition: Pinksale



3LADE POOL



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Assessment Summary

This report has been prepared for Tate CEO Contract on the Binance Smart Chain network. CFGNINJA provides both client-centered and user-centered examination of the smart contracts and their current status when applicable. This report represents the security assessment made to find issues and vulnerabilities on the source code along with the current liquidity and token holder statistics of the protocol.

A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Cross Referencing, Static Analysis, In-House Security Tools, and line-by-line Manual Review.

The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors.
- Inspecting liquidity and holders statistics to inform the current status to both users and client when applicable.
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards.
- Verifying contract functions that allow trusted and/or untrusted actors to mint, lock, pause, and transfer assets.
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders
- Thorough line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry experts.





Project Overview

Token Summary

| Parameter | Result |
|---------------|---|
| Address | 0x59E5224bf2733Af20973d408f29788dfc5b12d7E |
| Name | Tate CEO |
| Token Tracker | Tate CEO (TATECEO) |
| Decimals | 18 |
| Supply | 420,000,000,000,000 |
| Platform | Binance Smart Chain |
| compiler | v0.8.17+commit.8df45f5f |
| Contract Name | TATECEO |
| Optimization | Yes with 200 runs |
| LicenseType | MIT |
| Language | Solidity |
| Codebase | https://bscscan.com/address/0x59E5224bf2733Af20973d408 f29788dfc5b12d7E#code |
| Payment Tx | 0x7c01448176f2e9c940183803a4b648038cc99df24f0b7965 75b3ddf549ebe89f |





Project Overview

Risk Analysis Summary

| Parameter | Result |
|------------------|-----------|
| Buy Tax | 10% |
| Sale Tax | 10% |
| Is honeypot? | Clean |
| Is CoolDown? | undefined |
| Can edit tax? | No |
| Is anti whale? | No |
| Is blacklisted? | No |
| Is whitelisted? | No |
| Holders | 1 |
| Confidence Level | Medium |

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.





Project Overview

Simulation Summary

| Parameter | Result |
|----------------------|----------|
| Transfer From Owner | Pass |
| Transfer From Holder | Pass |
| Add Liquidity | Pass |
| Buy from Owner | Pass |
| Buy from Holder | Pass |
| Remove Liquidity | Pass |
| SwapAndLiquify | Pass |
| RemoveLiquidity | Pass |
| LaunchPad | PinkSale |

The following quick summary it's added to the project overview; however, there are more details about the audit and its results. Please read every detail.





Main Contract Assessed Contract Name

| Name | Contract | Live |
|----------|--|------|
| Tate CEO | 0x59E5224bf2733Af20973d408f29788dfc5b12d7E | Yes |

TestNet Contract Assessed Contract Name

| Name | Contract | Live |
|----------|--|------|
| Tate CEO | 0xA0542f00b66407bd52aD4716Fa2C8cD4EA8b7d22 | Yes |

Solidity Code Provided

| SollD | File Sha-1 | FileName |
|---------|--|-------------|
| tateceo | 4b884d042e068550b9af649350ca0df65153253 7 | tateceo.sol |





Mint Check

The project owners of Tate CEO do not have a mint function in the contract, owner cannot mint tokens after initial deploy.

The Project has a Total Supply of 420,000,000,000,000,000 and cannot mint any more than the Max Supply.

Mint Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:







Fees Check

The project owners of Tate CEO do not have the ability to set fees higher than 10.

The team May have fees defined; however, they can't set those fees higher than 10 or may not be able to configure the same.

Tax Fee Notes:

Auditor Notes: The contract currently has 10% buy and 10% sale taxes, and cannot be set higher than 10% buy and 10% sale.

Project Owner Notes:

Fees Can Be Changed up to a maximum of 25%







Blacklist Check

The project owners of Tate CEO do not have a blacklist function their contract.

The Project allow owners to transfer their tokens without any restrictions.

Token owner cannot blacklist the contract: Malicious or compromised owners can trap contracts relying on tokens with a blacklist.

Blacklist Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:







MaxTx Check

The Project Owners of Tate CEO cannot set max tx amount

The Team allows any investors to swap, transfer or sell their total amount if needed.

MaxTX Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:

Project Has No MaxTX







Pause Trade Check

The Project Owners of Tate CEO don't have the ability to stop or pause trading.

The Team has done a great job to avoid stop trading, and investors has the ability to trade at any given time without any problems

Pause Trade Notes:

Auditor Notes:

Project Owner Notes:.

Owner can't pause trading







Contract Ownership

The contract ownership of Tate CEO is not currently renounced. The ownership of the contract grants special powers to the protocol creators, making them the sole addresses that can call sensible ownable functions that may alter the state of the protocol.

The current owner is the address
0x7d00c113a7d051787e70d6b0698f3e48d8209fbd
which can be viewed:

HERE

The owner wallet has the power to call the functions displayed on the privileged functions chart below, if the owner's wallet is compromised, they could exploit these privileges.

We recommend the team renounce ownership at the right time, if possible, or gradually migrate to a timelock with governing functionalities regarding transparency and safety considerations.

We recommend the team use a Multisignature Wallet if the contract is not going to be renounced; this will give the team more control over the contract.





Liquidity Ownership

The token does not have liquidity at the moment of the audit, block 27578754

If liquidity is unlocked, then the token developers can do what is infamously known as 'rugpull'. Once investors start buying token from the exchange, the liquidity pool will accumulate more and more coins of established value (e.g., ETH or BNB or Tether). This is because investors are basically sending these tokens of value to the exchange, to get the new token. Developers can withdraw this liquidity from the exchange, cash in all the value and run off with it. Liquidity is locked by renouncing the ownership of liquidity pool (LP) tokens for a fixed time period, by sending them to a time-lock smart contract. Without ownership of LP tokens, developers cannot get liquidity pool funds back. This provides confidence to the investors that the token developers will not run away with the liquidity money. It is now a standard practice that all token developers follow, and this is what really differentiates a scam coin from a real one.

Read More

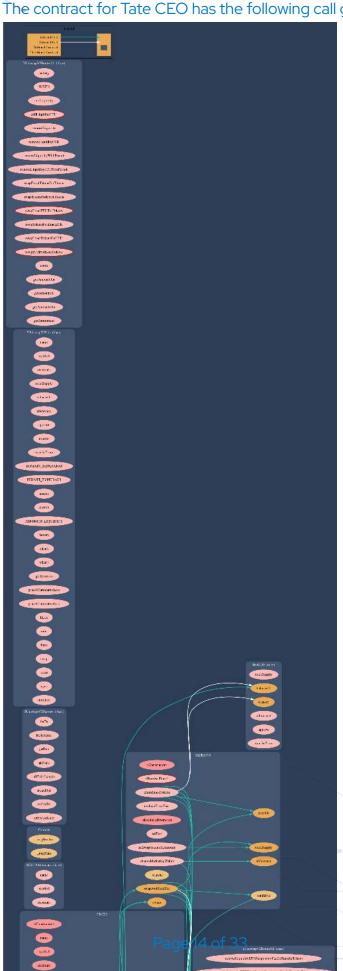






Call Graph

The contract for Tate CEO has the following call graph structure.







KYC Information

The Project Owners of Tate CEO is not KYC.

KYC Information Notes:

Auditor Notes: KYC to be completed by PinkSale, project will be a SAFU Project.

Project Owner Notes:







Smart Contract Vulnerability Checks

The Smart Contract Weakness Classification Registry (SWC Registry) is an implementation of the weakness classification scheme proposed in EIP-1470. It is loosely aligned to the terminologies and structure used in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) while overlaying a wide range of weakness variants that are specific to smart contracts.

| ID | Severity | Name | File | location |
|---------|----------|---|-------------|-----------|
| SWC-100 | Pass | Function Default Visibility | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-101 | Pass | Integer Overflow and Underflow. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-102 | Pass | Outdated Compiler Version file. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-103 | Pass | A floating pragma is set. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-104 | Pass | Unchecked Call Return Value. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-105 | Pass | Unprotected Ether Withdrawal. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-106 | Pass | Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-107 | Pass | Read of persistent state following external call. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-108 | Pass | State variable visibility is not set | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-109 | Pass | Uninitialized Storage Pointer. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-110 | Pass | Assert Violation. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |





| 1D | Severity | Name | File | location |
|---------|----------|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| SWC-111 | Pass | Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-112 | Pass | Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-113 | Pass | Multiple calls are executed in the same transaction. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-114 | Pass | Transaction Order Dependence. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-115 | Low | Authorization through tx.origin. | tateceo.sol | L: 1136 C: 99,L: 1227 C: 92 |
| SWC-116 | Pass | A control flow decision is made based on The block.timestamp environment variable. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-117 | Pass | Signature Malleability. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-118 | Pass | Incorrect Constructor Name. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-119 | Pass | Shadowing State Variables. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-120 | Pass | Potential use of block.number as source of randonmness. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-121 | Pass | Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-122 | Pass | Lack of Proper Signature Verification. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-123 | Pass | Requirement Violation. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-124 | Pass | Write to Arbitrary Storage Location. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |





| ID | Severity | Name | File | location |
|---------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|
| SWC-125 | Pass | Incorrect Inheritance Order. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-126 | Pass | Insufficient Gas Griefing. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-127 | Pass | Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-128 | Pass | DoS With Block Gas Limit. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-129 | Pass | Typographical Error. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-130 | Pass | Right-To-Left-Override control character (U +202E). | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-131 | Pass | Presence of unused variables. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-132 | Pass | Unexpected Ether balance. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-133 | Pass | Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-134 | Pass | Message call with hardcoded gas amount. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-135 | Pass | Code With No Effects (Irrelevant/Dead Code). | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |
| SWC-136 | Pass | Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain. | tateceo.sol | L: 0 C: 0 |

We scan the contract for additional security issues using MYTHX and industry-standard security scanning tools.





Smart Contract Vulnerability Details

SWC-115 - Authorization through tx.origin

CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function

Description:

tx.origin is a global variable in Solidity which returns the address of the account that sent the transaction. Using the variable for authorization could make a contract vulnerable if an authorized account calls into a malicious contract. A call could be made to the vulnerable contract that passes the authorization check since tx.origin returns the original sender of the transaction which in this case is the authorized account.

Remediation:

tx.origin should not be used for authorization. Use msg.sender instead.

References:

Solidity Documentation - tx.origin

Ethereum Smart Contract Best Practices - Avoid using tx.origin

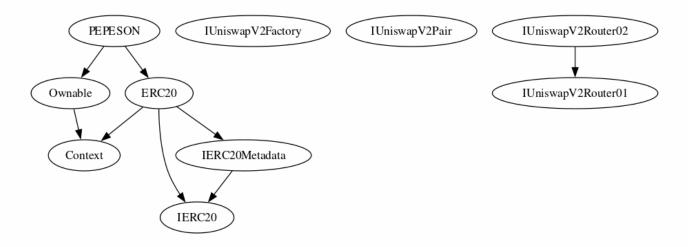
SigmaPrime - Visibility.





Inheritance

The contract for Tate CEO has the following inheritance structure.







Privileged Functions (onlyOwner)

Please Note if the contract is Renounced none of this functions can be executed.

| Function Name | Parameters | Visibility |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| renounceOwnership | | Public |
| transferOwnership | address newOwner | Public |
| setLastProcessedInd ex | | External |
| claimAddress | | External |
| excludeFromDividen ds | | External |
| updateClaimWait | | External |
| excludeFromFees | address account, bool excluded | External |
| updateMarketingWall et | address token | External |
| setSwapTokensAtAm ount | | External |
| excludeFromFees | | External |





Function Name Parameters Visibility

updateMarketingWall External et





Smart Contract Advance Checks

| ID | Severity | Name | Result | Status |
|----------------|---------------|---|--------|--------------|
| TATECEO-01 | Minor | Potential Sandwich Attacks. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-0 2 | Minor | Function Visibility Optimization | Fail | Pending |
| TATECEO-0 | Minor | Lack of Input Validation. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-0 4 | Major | Centralized Risk In addLiquidity. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-0 5 | Minor | Missing Event Emission. | Fail | Acknowledged |
| TATECEO-0 6 | Minor | Conformance with Solidity Naming Conventions. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-0 7 | Minor | State Variables could be Declared Constant. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-0 8 | Minor | Dead Code Elimination. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-0 9 | Major | Third Party Dependencies. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-10 | Major | Initial Token Distribution. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-11 | Major | dAPP Approval is set to all NFTs on the wallet an not limited to an specific contract. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-12 | Major | Centralization Risks In The X Role | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-13 | Informational | Extra Gas Cost For User | Pass | Not-Found |





| ID | Severity | Name | Result | Status |
|------------|----------|--|--------|-----------|
| TATECEO-14 | Medium | Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath | Fail | Pending |
| TATECEO-15 | Medium | Symbol Length Limitation due to Solidity Naming Standards. | Pass | Not-Found |
| TATECEO-16 | Medium | Invalid collection of Taxes during Transfer. | Pass | Not-Found |



TATECEO-02 | Function Visibility Optimization.

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|---------|
| Gas Optimization | i Minor | tateceo.sol: 878, 14 | Pending |

Description

The following functions are declared as public and are not invoked in any of the contracts contained within the projects scope:

| Function Name | Parameters | Visibility |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| processAccount | | public |

The functions that are never called internally within the contract should have external visibility

Remediation

We advise that the function's visibility specifiers are set to external, and the array-based arguments change their data location from memory to calldata, optimizing the gas cost of the function.

References:

external vs public best practices.





TATECEO-05 | Missing Event Emission.

| Category | Severity | Location | Status | |
|------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| Volatile Code | Minor | tateceo.sol: 1165, 14 | Acknowledged | |

Description

Detected missing events for critical arithmetic parameters. There are functions that have no event emitted, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes. The linked code does not create an event for the transfer.

Remediation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes. It is recommended emitting events for the sensitive functions that are controlled by centralization roles.





TATECEO-14 | Unnecessary Use Of SafeMath

| Category | Severity | Location | Status |
|------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| Logical Issue | Medium | tateceo.sol: 61,9 | Pending |

Description

The SafeMath library is used unnecessarily. With Solidity compiler versions 0.8.0 or newer, arithmetic operations

will automatically revert in case of integer overflow or underflow.

library SafeMath {

An implementation of SafeMath library is found.

using SafeMath for uint256;

SafeMath library is used for uint256 type in contract.

_balances[recipient] = _balances[recipient].add(amount);

magnified Dividend Per Share = magnified Dividend Per Share. add (

(amount).mul(magnitude) / totalSupply()

Note: Only a sample of 2 SafeMath library usage in this contract (out of 14) are shown above.

Remediation

We advise removing the usage of SafeMath library and using the built-in arithmetic operations provided by the

Solidity programming language

Project Action





Technical Findings Summary

Classification of Risk

| Severity | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Critical | Risks are those that impact the safe functioning of a platform and must be addressed before launch. Users should not invest in any project with outstanding critical risks. |
| Major | Risks can include centralization issues and logical errors. Under specific circumstances, these major risks can lead to loss of funds and/or control of the project. |
| Medium | Risks may not pose a direct risk to users' funds, but they can affect the overall functioning of a platform |
| Minor | Risks can be any of the above but on a smaller scale. They generally do not compromise the overall integrity of the Project, but they may be less efficient than other solutions. |
| Informational | Errors are often recommended to improve the code's style or certain operations to fall within industry best practices. They usually do not affect the overall functioning of the code. |

Findings

| Severity | Found | Pending | Resolved |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------|----------|
| Critical | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Major | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Minor | 1 | 0 | |
| Informational | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3 | 0 | 0 |





Social Media Checks

| Social Media | URL | Result |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------|
| Twitter | http://Twitter.com/tate_ceo | Pass |
| Other | http://tiktok.com/@Tate_ceo_ | Pass |
| Website | http://tateceo.com | Pass |
| Telegram | https://t.me/tateceo | Pass |

We recommend to have 3 or more social media sources including a completed working websites.

Social Media Information Notes:

Auditor Notes: undefined

Project Owner Notes:







Assessment Results

Score Results

| Review | Score |
|---------------------|--------|
| Overall Score | 80/100 |
| Auditor Score | 80/100 |
| Review by Section | Score |
| Manual Scan Score | 35/51 |
| SWC Scan Score | 36/37 |
| Advance Check Score | 9 /18 |

The Following Score System Has been Added to this page to help understand the value of the audit, the maximun score is 100, however to attain that value the project most pass and provide all the data needed for the assessment. Our Passing Score has been changed to 80 Points, if a project does not attain 80% is an automatic failure. Read our notes and final assessment below.

Audit Passed







Assessment Results

Important Notes:

- No issues or vulnerabilities were found.
- The contract was tested and is fully functional.

Auditor Score =80 Audit Passed







Appendix

Finding Categories

Centralization / Privilege

Centralization / Privilege findings refer to either feature logic or implementation of components that actagainst the nature of decentralization, such as explicit ownership or specialized access roles incombination with a mechanism to relocate funds.

Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimalEVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on howblock.timestamp works.

Control Flow

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owneronly functionsbeing invoke-able by anyone under certain circumstances.

Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that mayresult in a vulnerability.

Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code but rather comment on how to makethe codebase more legible and, as a result, easily maintainable.

Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setterfunction.

Coding Best Practices

ERC 20 Conding Standards are a set of rules that each developer should follow to ensure the code meet a set of creterias and is readable by all the developers.





Disclaimer

CFGNINJA has conducted an independent security assessment to verify the integrity of and highlight any vulnerabilities or errors, intentional or unintentional, that may be present in the reviewed code for the scope of this assessment. This report does not constitute agreement, acceptance, or advocation for the Project, and users relying on this report should not consider this as having any merit for financial advice in any shape, form, or nature. The contracts audited do not account for any economic developments that the Project in question may pursue, and the veracity of the findings thus presented in this report relate solely to the proficiency, competence, aptitude, and discretion of our independent auditors, who make no guarantees nor assurance that the contracts are entirely free of exploits, bugs, vulnerabilities or deprecation of technologies.

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