# C++ 11 std::lock\_guard

#### **TOPICS**

- 1. What is std::lock\_guard?
- 2. How to use std::lock\_guard?
- 3. Example of std::lock\_guard

#### What is std::lock\_guard?

- > A class in C++ standard library from C++11
- Used to wrap an std::mutex object
- Class designed based on RAII idiom
  - Objects are created in stack
  - Accquires mutex in Constructor
  - Releases mutex in Destructor

Note: The lock\_guard class is non-copyable.

#### How to use std::lock\_guard?

Step 2: Create lock\_guard as stack object

```
std::mutex mutexObject;
{
    const std::lock_guard<std::mutex> lg( mutexObject );
    // Start of Critical code section
    // ...
    // End of Critical code section
} // Scope of lg Ends here
```

- Destructor is invoked when scope of lock\_guard object 'lg' ends.
- Destructor of lock\_guard releases the mutex lock.

### Example of std::lock\_guard

```
=#include <thread>
                                                    code snippet without comments
       #include <mutex>
3
       #include <iostream>
4 5
       int nThreadSharedVaraible = 0;
6
7
8
       std::mutex g mutexObject;
      -void safe_increment() {
9
           const std::lock_guard<std::mutex> lockGaurdObject( g_mutexObject );
10
           ++nThreadSharedVaraible;
           std::cout << std::this_thread::get_id() << ": " << nThreadSharedVaraible << '\n';</pre>
11
12
13
      = int main() {
14
           std::cout << "main: " << nThreadSharedVaraible << '\n';</pre>
15
           std::thread Thread1( safe_increment );
16
           std::thread Thread2( safe_increment );
17
18
           Thread1.join();
           Thread2.join();
19
           std::cout << "main: " << nThreadSharedVaraible << '\n';</pre>
20
21
           return 0;
22
```

```
F#include <thread>
 1
                                                                   code snippet with comments
       #include <mutex>
 2
       #include <iostream>
 3
 4
       int nThreadSharedVaraible = 0;
 5
       std::mutex g_mutexObject; // mutex object useed for thread syncronization
 6
 7
      -void safe increment() {
 8
           // Create lock gaurd object using its initialization construcor
 9
10
           // with the mutex object as parameter.
           // mutex is locked in constructor of lock gaurd
11
           const std::lock guard<std::mutex> lockGaurdObject( g mutexObject ); // calls g mutexObject.lock()
12
13
14
           // Start of critical code section
           ++nThreadSharedVaraible;
15
           std::cout << std::this_thread::get_id() << ": " << nThreadSharedVaraible << '\n';</pre>
16
           // End of critical code section
17
       } // calls g_mutexObject.unlock()
18
        // Scope of 'lockGaurdObject' ended, so lockGaurdObject destructor is invoked
19
         // which unlocks the g mutexObject
20
21
      □int main() {
22
23
           std::cout << "main: " << nThreadSharedVaraible << '\n';</pre>
           std::thread Thread1( safe increment );
24
           std::thread Thread2( safe_increment );
25
           Thread1.join();
26
           Thread2.join();
27
           std::cout << "main: " << nThreadSharedVaraible << '\n';</pre>
28
           return 0;
29
30
```

## Thank You