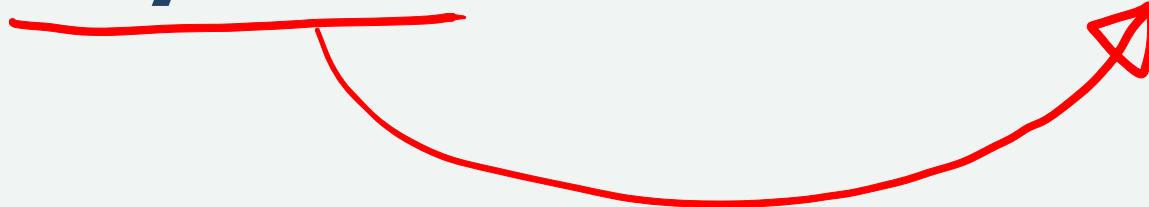


# CS559 Lecture 19-20: More Texture

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Part 4:

**SkyBoxes and Environment Maps**



# How do we fake lighting?

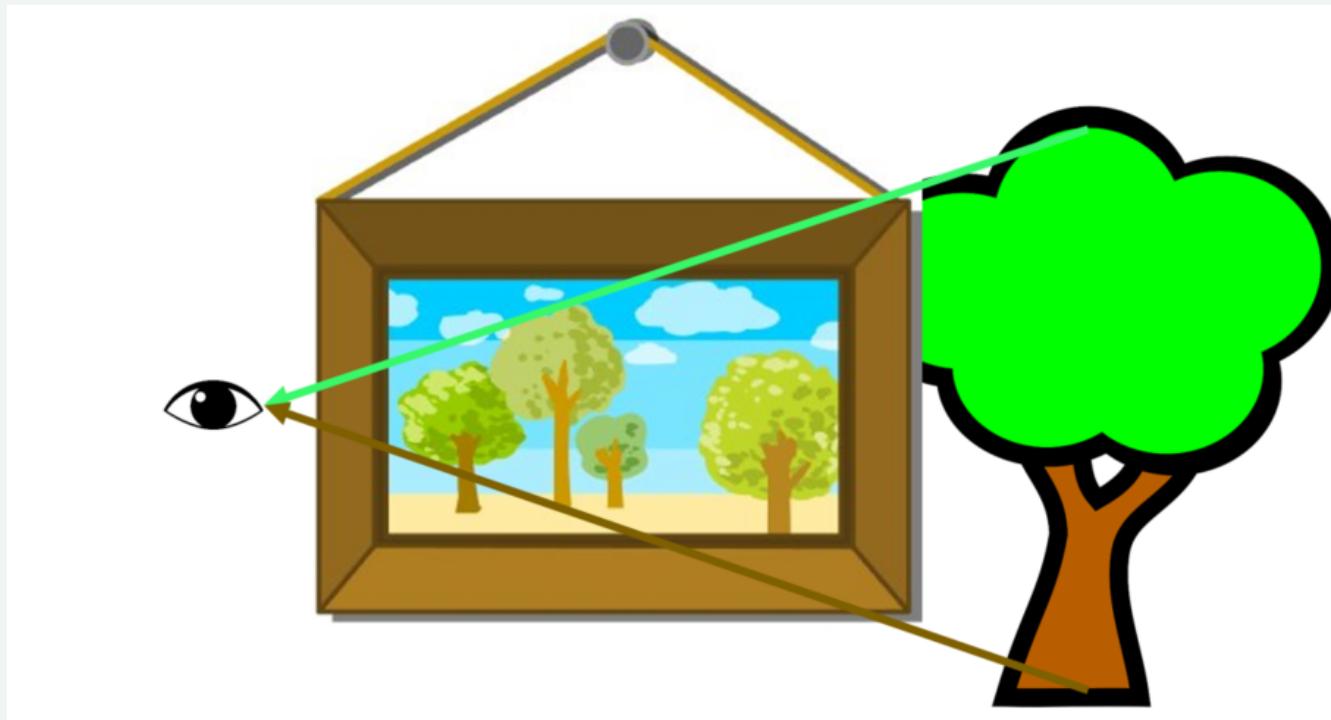
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- Fake stuff far away
- Fake reflections by pretending things are far away

# Do we have to draw everything?

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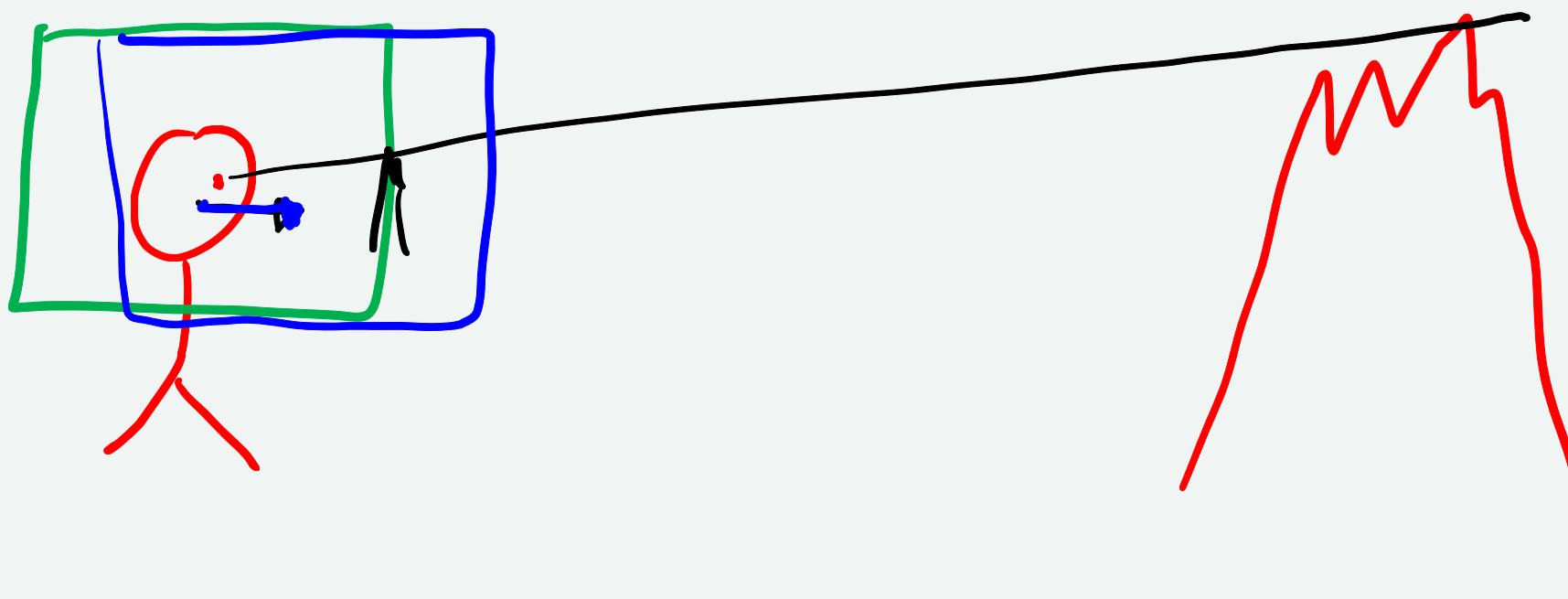
Why not use a (pre-computed) picture?



# Far Away and Not Changing

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Could draw a box around the viewer



# Positions do not matter

## Orientations do

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# Sky Box

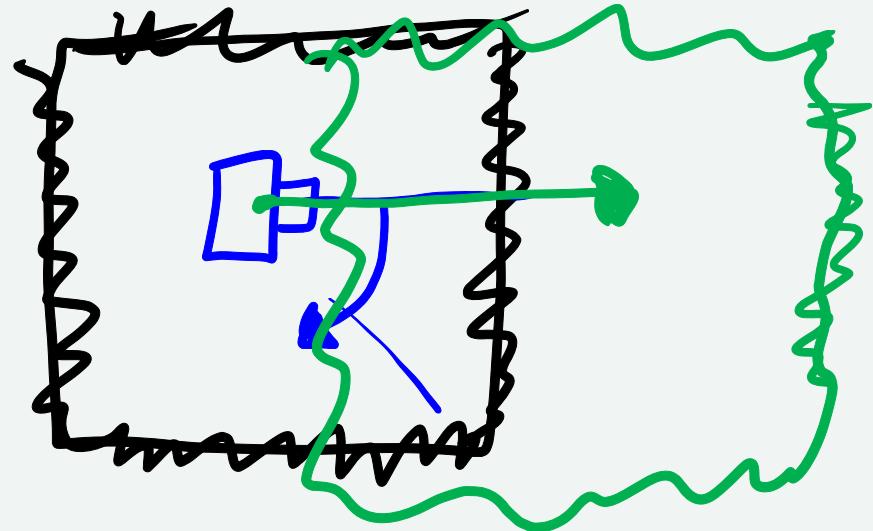
---

A Box for the "Background"

Always stays centered at the camera

The box moves with the camera)

(beware fake sky boxes)



# In THREE.js

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Sky Box is built in! (no excuse for fake!)

- Cube Texture (6 images)
- `scene.background` = some cube texture



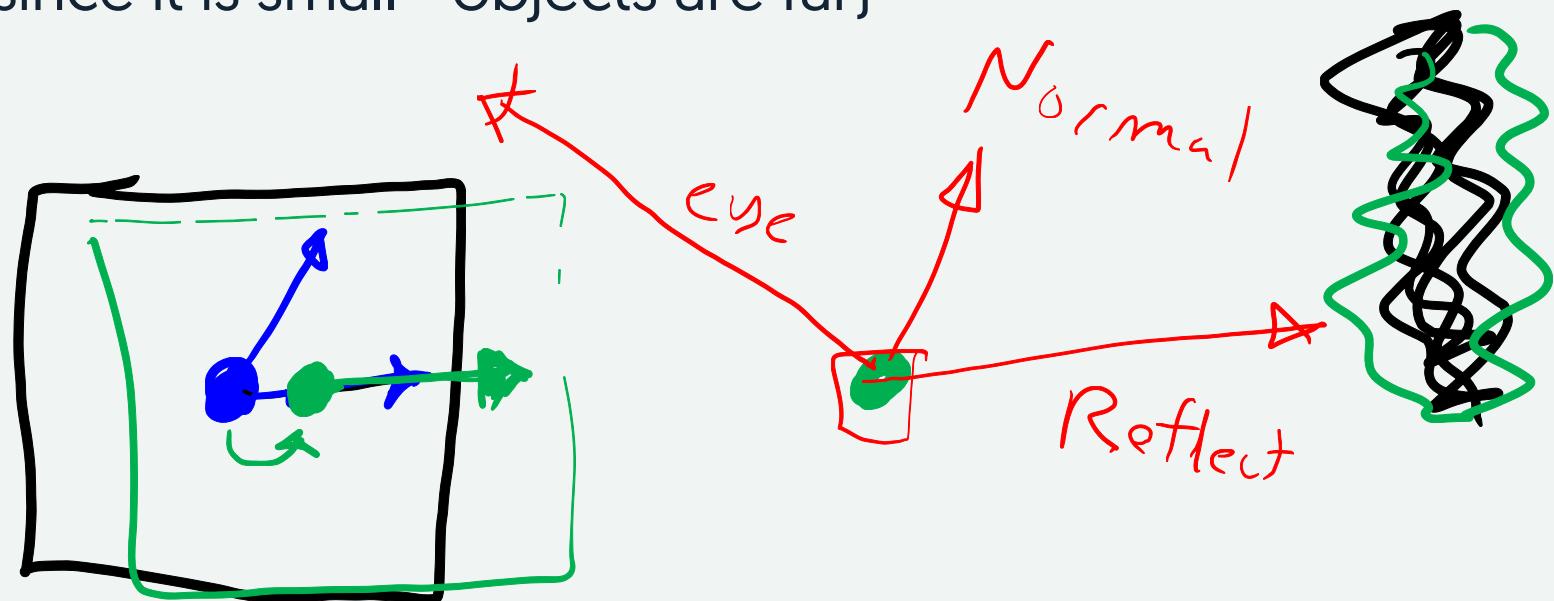
# How does this help with reflections?

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Assume the objects being looked at are far away (a Sky Box)

Viewing direction matters

Point Position doesn't (since it is small - objects are far)



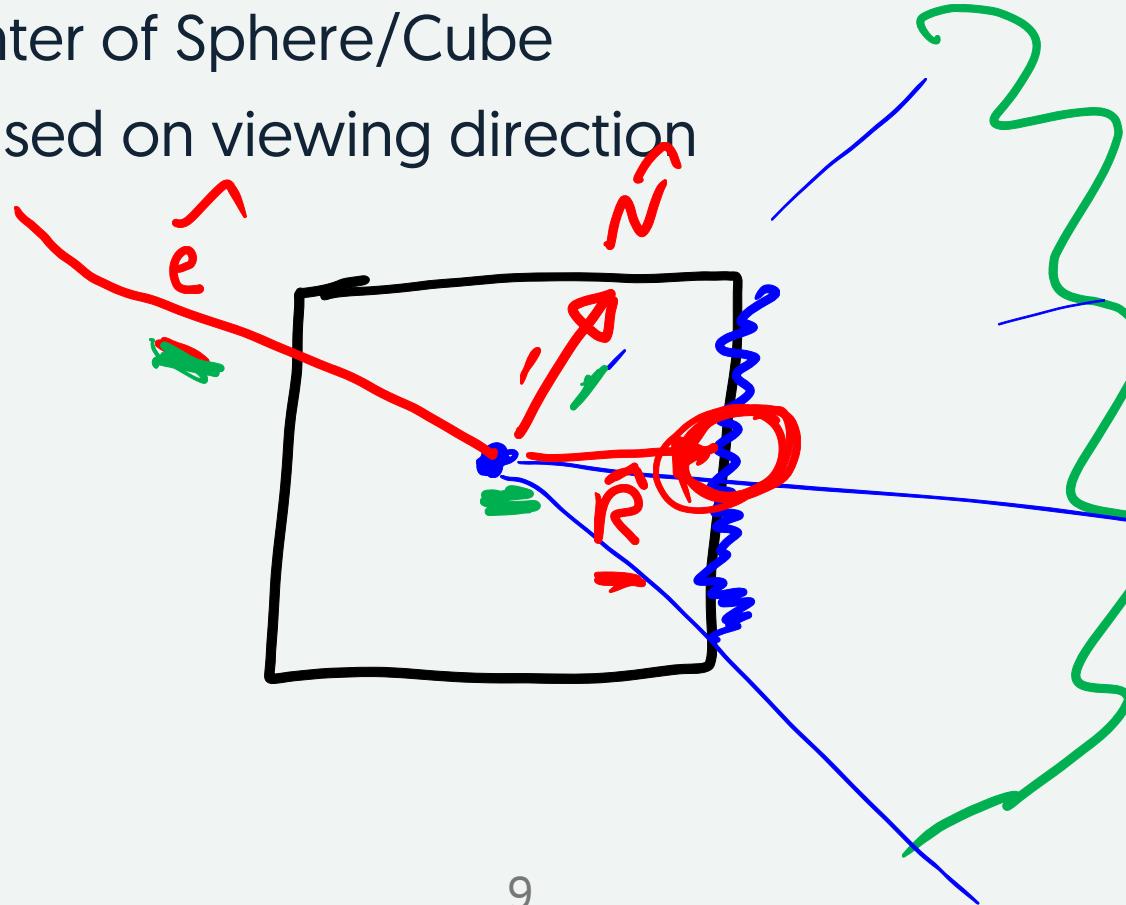
# Environment Mapping

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A Cube or Sphere texture map (around object)

Assume point is at center of Sphere/Cube

Lookup direction is based on viewing direction



# How to store the maps

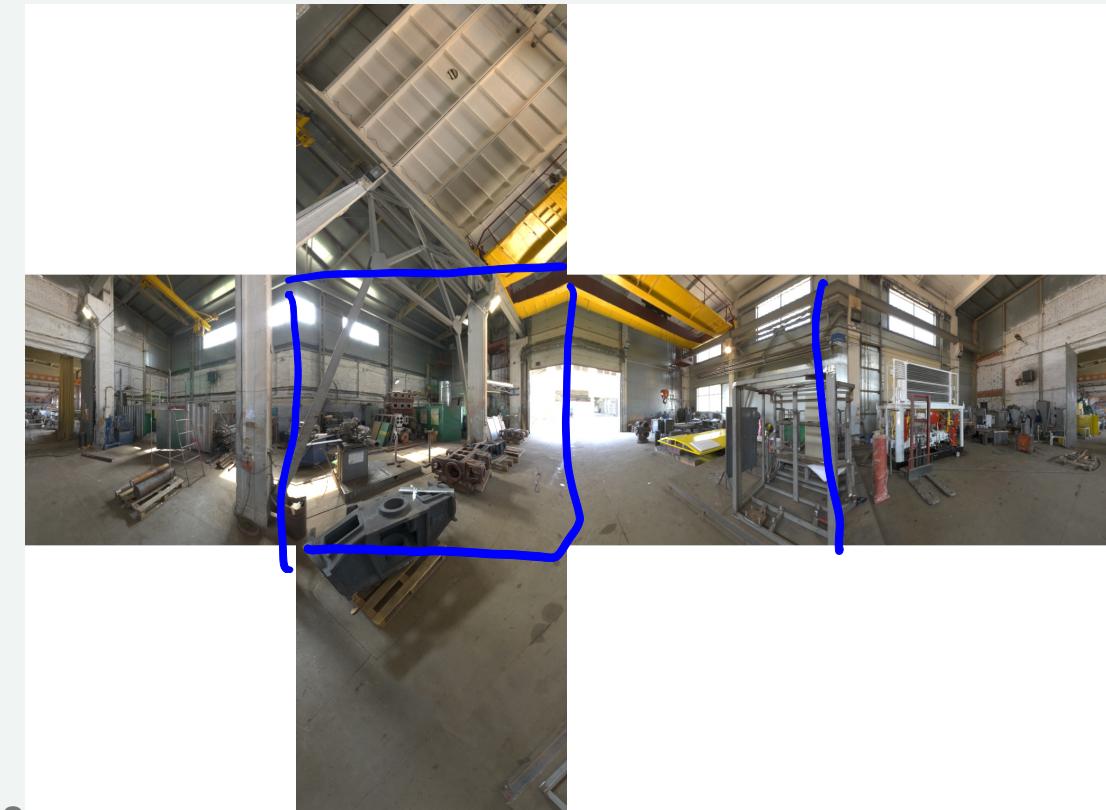
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## Sphere Maps

(Equi-Rectangular)



## Cube Maps



# Representing the Environment

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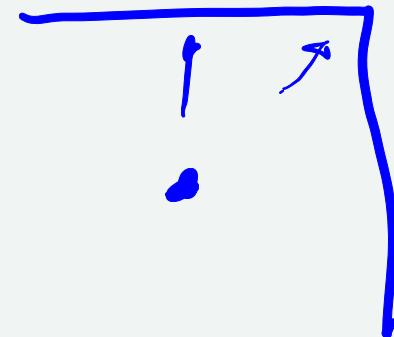
## Sphere Maps

- Sampling issues at pole
- Single Images
- Capture in 1 Photograph

Tools to convert images between forms

## Cube Maps

- Sampling Issues in Corners
- Images are human viewable
- Maps nicely to graphics hardware



# When do Environment Maps Work?

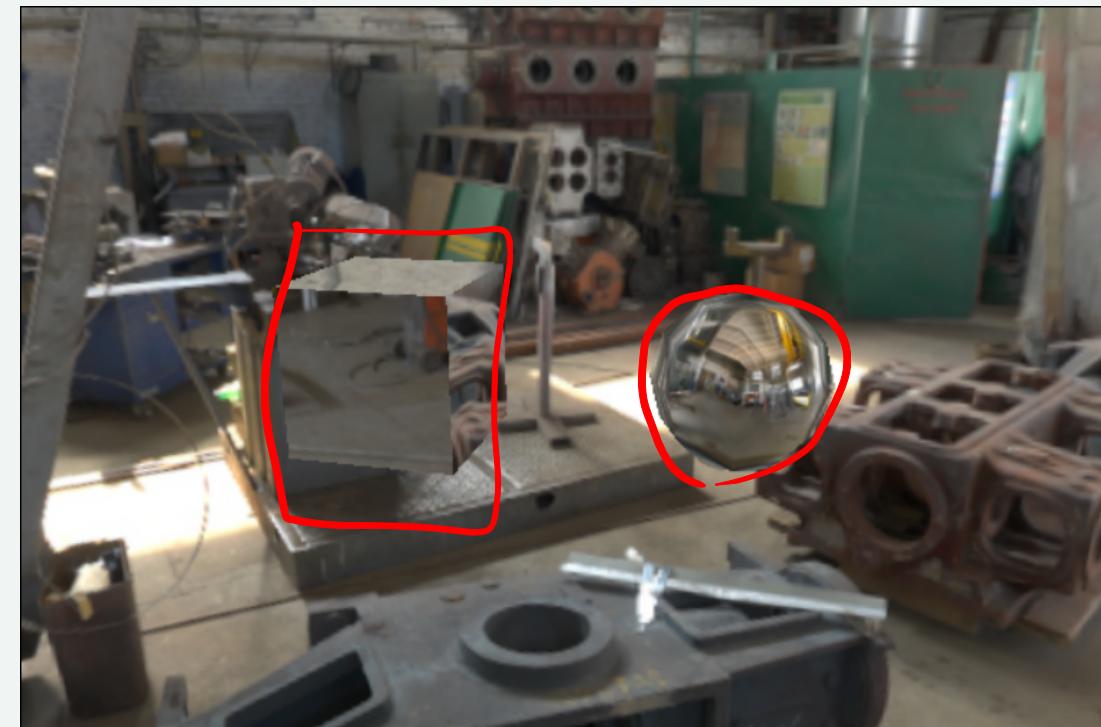
---

Require assumptions:

- Small Object / Far Environment
- Eye is far (only direction matters)
- Position doesn't matter

Small curvy objects - good

Large flat objects - bad



# Very easy in THREE

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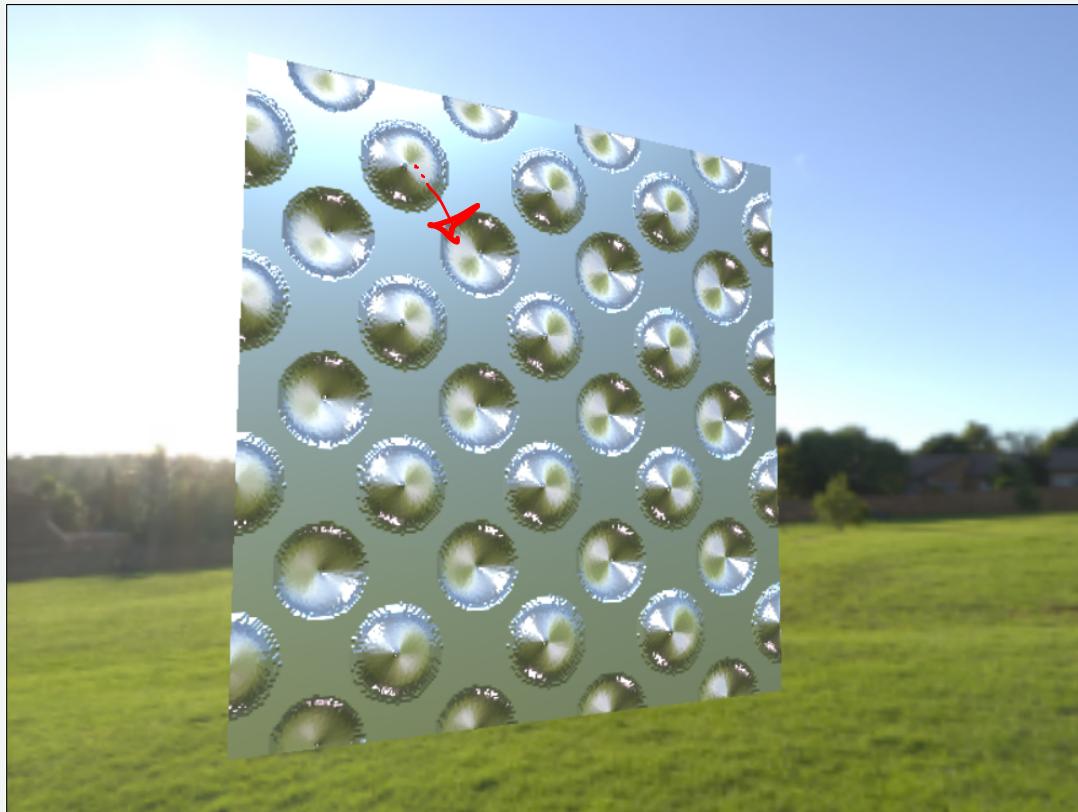
```
// assuming that cubeTexture is a Cubic Texture Map  
let mat = new T.MeshBasicMaterial({ envMap: cubeTexture });
```

A lot goes on...

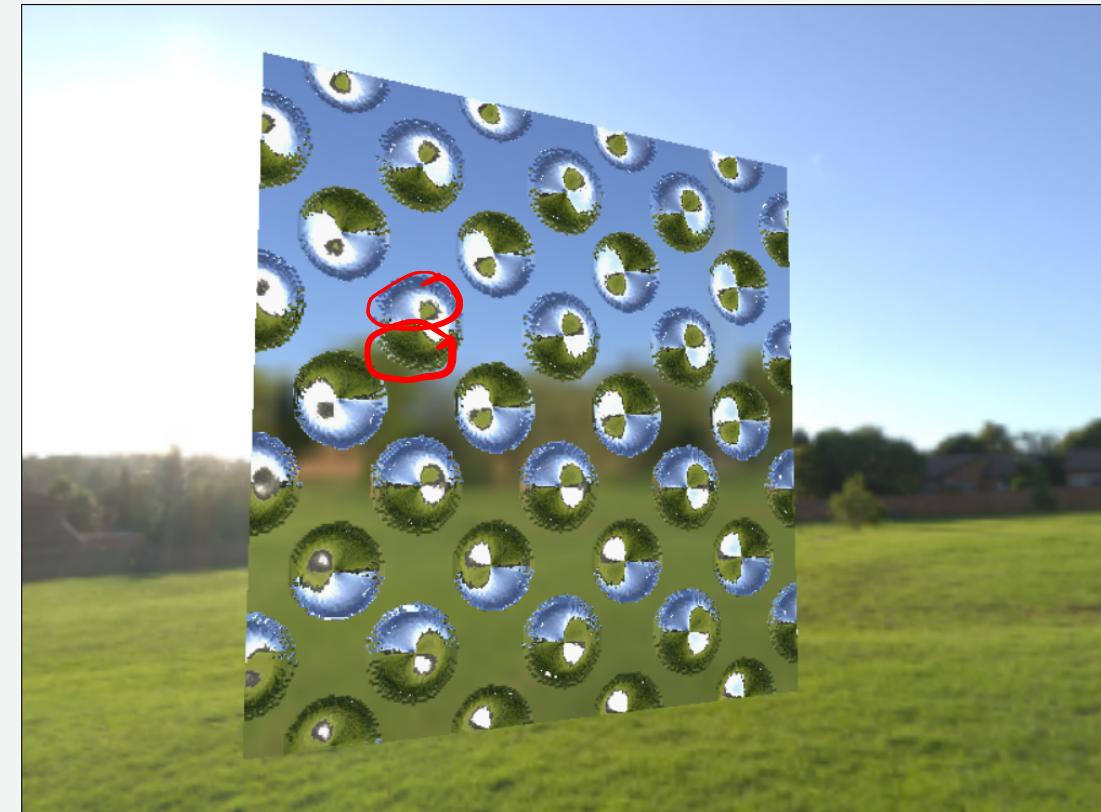
- U,V computed from view direction
- Lookup into cube texture map

# Works well with bump maps!

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4



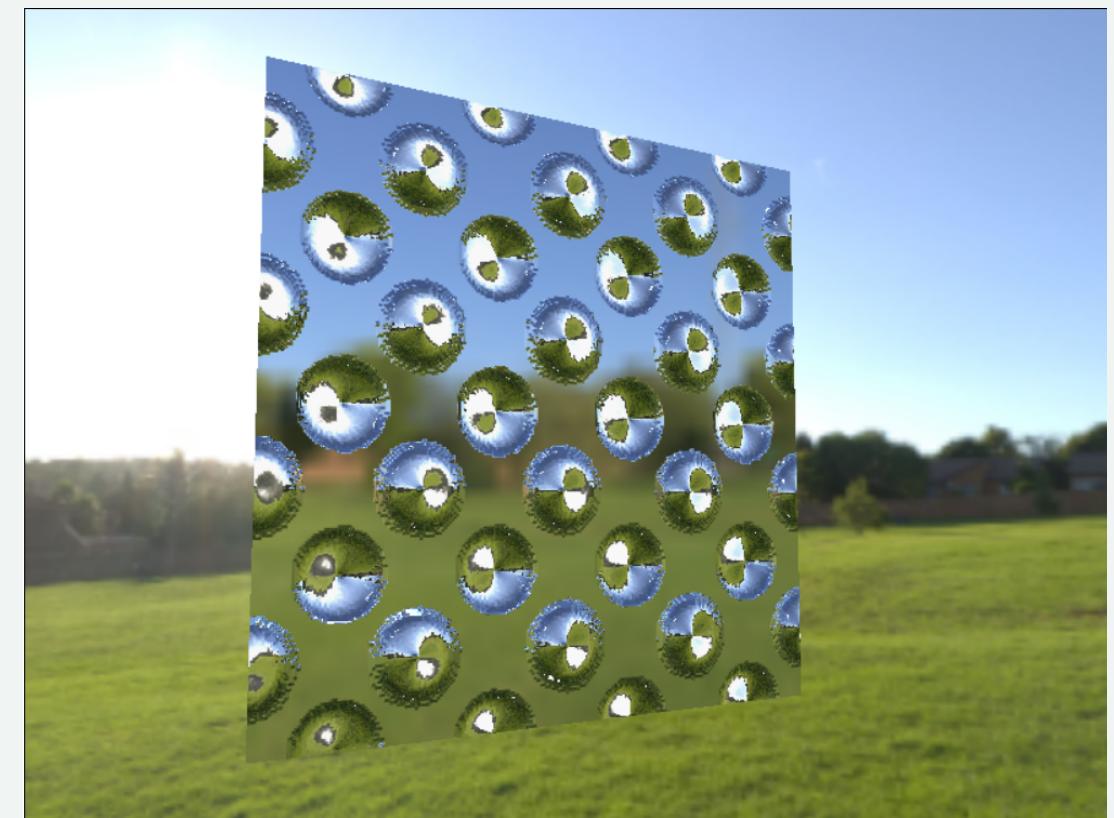
# Requires a Shiny Material

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Using THREE.js `MeshStandardMaterial`

- metalness 1.0
- Roughness 0.0

(try the demo)



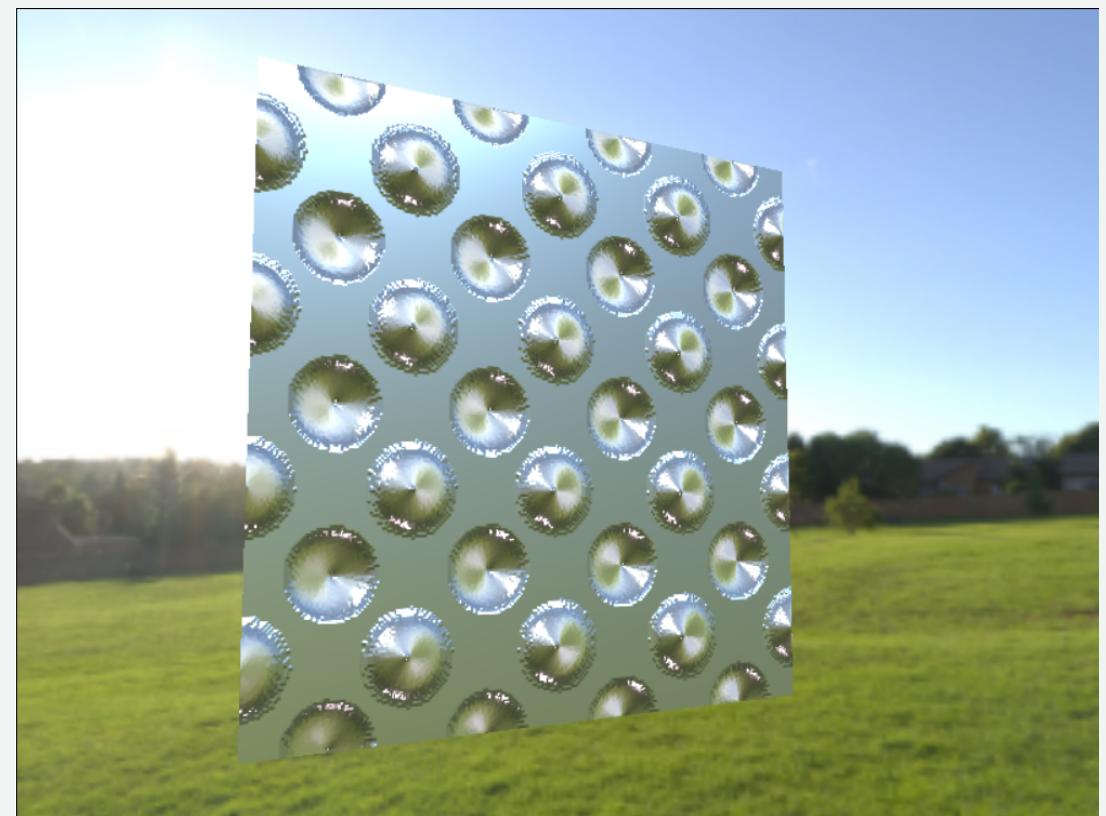
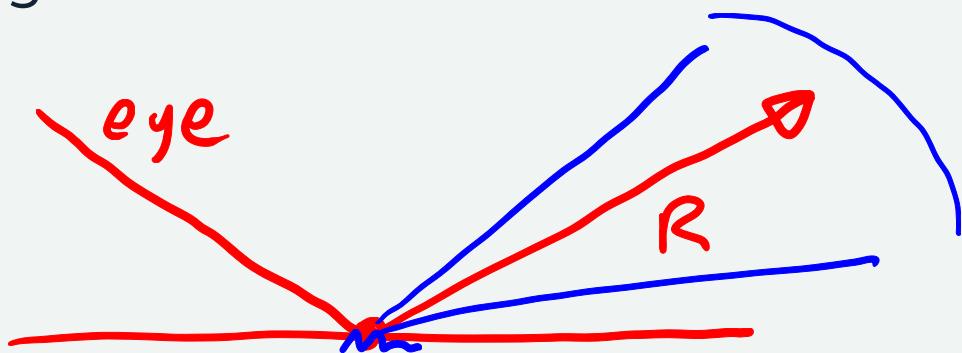
# Less "reflective"

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How much to mix in "regular lighting"

How much sharp are reflections

Rough materials start to look **diffuse**



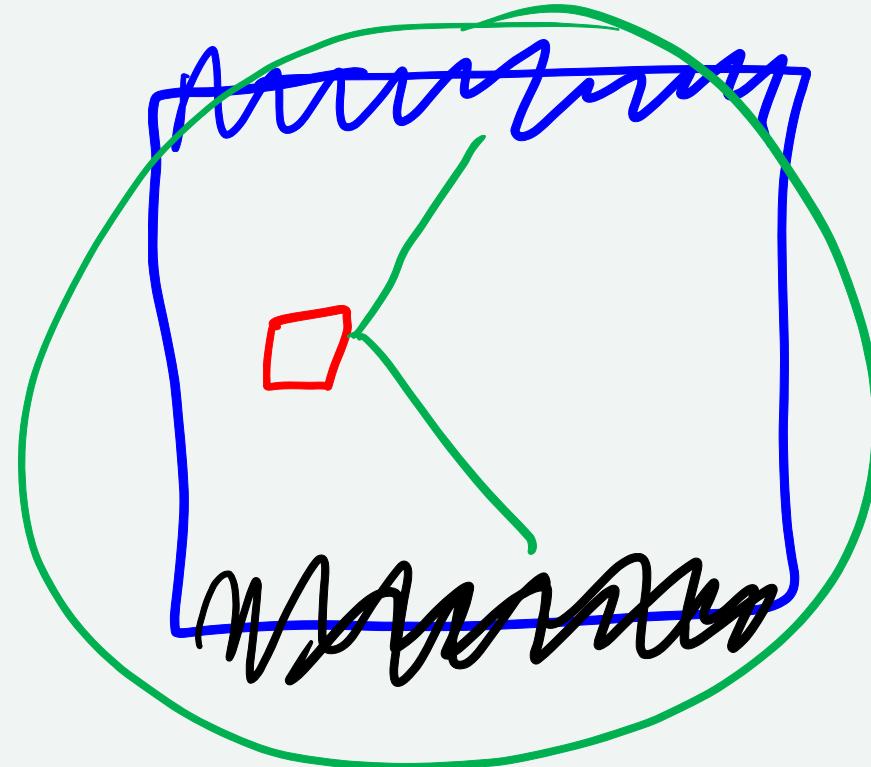
# Environment Maps for Lighting

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The environment map is light!

Use the real scene to create brightness!

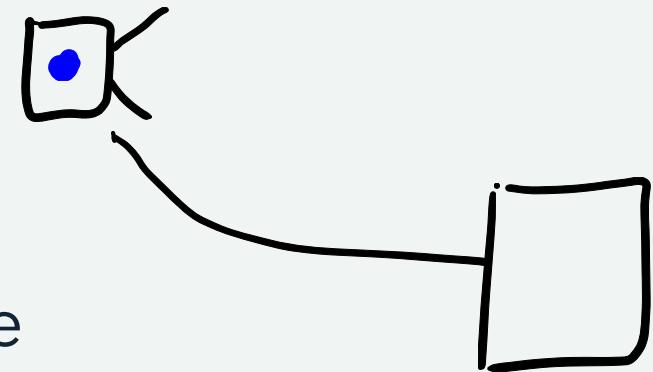
Not limited to a small set of light sources!



# But the environment map is static?

Often, pre-compute the environment map ahead of time  
(or use a photo)

But: we can draw it ourselves!



- draw the scene with the camera where the object will be
  - use a special "cube camera" to take a picture in 6 directions
- ① • take this picture before making the "real" picture
- ② • use this picture as the texture
- Dynamic Environment Map

1st  
use 1st pic as texture.  
when drawing

Multi-pass rendering (draw the scene multiple times)