北京交通大學

编译原理

词法分析器实验报告

Lexical Analyzer Experimental Report

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1 实验目的

以下为正则文法所描述的 C 语言子集单词符号的示例,请补充单词符号:

++, --, >>, <<, +=, -=, *=, /= , && (逻辑与), \parallel (逻辑或), ! (逻辑非) 等等,给出补 充后描述 C 语言子集单词符号的正则文法,设计并实现其词法分析程序。

- 1、给出各单词符号的类别编码;
- 2、词法分析程序应能发现输入串中的错误;
- 3、词法分析作为单独一遍编写, 词法分析结果为二元式序列组成的中间文件:
- 4、设计两个测试用例(尽可能完备),并给出测试结果。

2 实验内容

该实验运用词法分析基本原理,利用 Python 语言实现了一个 C 程序的词法分析器。 下面,通过程序功能描述、程序结构、数据结构、主要函数等四方面展开详细介绍。

2.1 程序功能描述

该程序能够从本地读取 C 程序,并进行简单的词法分析,并以四元组的形式输出。同时,对于程序中的一些词法错误,能够进行识别。该程序最终生成图形用户接口(GUI),方便操作。

2.2 程序结构

该程序主要有三大部分组成:

- 1、源程序读取
- 2、词法分析
- 3、界面展示

2.2.1 源程序读取

源程序的读取采用 Python 文件读取流。

接着以换行符为分割符,将源程序的每一行进行分割,并存贮在一个列表 List 中。同时,提供一个读取每一个字符的函数 getchar(input_str)。

2.2.2 词法分析

词法分析又包括了扫描程序、错误报告、四元组生成三部分

扫描程序,每次读取一个字符,判断它是标识符、数字、分隔符或者操作符。

错误报告,每当检测到错误,将错误信息打印。

四元组生成,将分析正确的结果以四元组的形式生成。

2.2.3 界面展示

主要利用 Python 自带库 tkinter, 主体由四部分组成:

CodeTest:该组件是可编辑文本,对源程序进行展示:

ErrorTest:该组件也是文本,对检测出的错误进行展示;

Analysis: 该组件为分析的结果,即四元组。

Menu:该组件是菜单,由四个子菜单键 filemenu、lexmenu、windowsmenu 和 helpmenu。

Filemenu 是文件子菜单,包括文件打开、保存、退出等;

Lexmenu 是分析子菜单,只有一个下拉选项 lex,点击进行词法分析;

Windowsmenu 是窗口子菜单,点击 fullscreen 可全屏,或者按快捷键 F11;

Helpmenu 是帮助子菜单,目前没有实现。

2.3 数据结构

首先用三个列表(List)分别表示关键字、操作符、分隔符

用一个字典(Dict)表示字符表及其编码

两个全局变量 current_row、current_line 表示当前行和列,用来取字符和定位错误

2.4 主要函数

表 2-1 主要函数及功能介绍

函数名	参数	返回值	用途
getchar	input_str: string	下一个字符	读取一个字符
ungetchar	input_str: string	上一个字符	退回一个字符
error	msg: strign	no	错误
scanner	input_str: string	no	词法分析
fileloader	no	no	打开源程序
pre_interface	no	no	前端界面

3程序测试

3.1 测试用例

采用两个 C 代码分别进行测试,第一是冒泡排序,其中存在错误如下:

float f = 2e10a;

void 2Bubble Sort(int *num, int n)

第二个是杨辉三角,其中存在错误如下:

3main()

分别进行测试,并对测试结果进行测评。

3.2 测试结果

```
LEXER
  File LEX windows Help
          #include(stdio.h)
main()
{
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    SEP KEYWORD OP IDM SEP IDM SEP SEP IDM SEP SEP INUM SEP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             include
                    int num[8] = {87, 12, 56, 45, 78};
Bubble_Sort(num, 5);
float f = 2e10a;
return 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        stdio
            void 2Bubble_Sort(int *num, int n)
                     int i, j;
for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
                               for(j = 0; i + j < n - 1; j++)
                                        if(num[j] > num[j + 1])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        =
{
87
                                                 int temp = num[j];
num[j] = num[j + 1];
num[j + 1] = temp;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ,
12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ,
56
                                        Print(num, n);
```

图 3-1 冒泡排序结果

图 3-2 杨辉三角结果

3.3结果分析

采用两个 C 代码分别进行测试,第一是冒泡排序,其中存在错误如下:

根据上图可以看出,程序正确的识别出了源程序中的词法错误,并提示出来。同时,对于分析结果四元组的形式进行展示。

附 录

附录 A 程序代码

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import sys
from tkinter import filedialog
from tkinter import *
KEYWORD LIST = ['if', 'else', 'while', 'break', 'continue', 'for',
'double', 'int', 'float', 'long', 'short', 'bool', 'switch', 'case',
'return', 'void','include']
SEPARATOR LIST = ['{', '}', '[', ']', '(', ')', '~', ',', ';', '.', '?',
':', ' ','#']
OPERATOR LIST = ['+', '++', '-', '--', '+=', '-=', '*', '*=', '%', '%=',
'->', '|', '||', '|=','/', '/=', '>', '<', '>=', '<=', '==', '!=',
'!', '&', '**']
CATEGORY DICT = {
   # KEYWORD
   "include":256,
   "far": 257,
   "near": 258,
   "pascal": 259,
   "register": 260,
   "asm": 261,
   "cdecl": 262,
   "huge": 263,
   "auto": 264,
   "double": 265,
   "int": 266,
   "struct": 267,
   "break": 268,
   "else": 269,
   "long": 270,
   "switch": 271,
```

```
"case": 272,
"enum": 273,
"register": 274,
"typedef": 275,
"char": 276,
"extern": 277,
"return": 278,
"union": 279,
"const": 280,
"float": 281,
"short": 282,
"unsigned": 283,
"continue": 284,
"for": 285,
"signed": 286,
"void": 287,
"default": 288,
"goto": 289,
"sizeof": 290,
"volatile": 291,
"do": 292,
"if": 293,
"while": 294,
"static": 295,
"interrupt": 296,
"sizeof": 297,
"NULL": 298,
# SEPARATOR
"{": 299,
"}": 300,
"[": 301,
"]": 302,
"(": 303,
")": 304,
"~": 305,
",": 306,
";": 307,
".": 308,
"#": 309,
"?": 310,
":": 311,
# OPERATOR
"<<": 312,
">>": 313,
```

```
"<": 314,
   "<=": 315,
   ">": 316,
   ">=": 317,
   "=": 318,
   "==": 319,
   "|": 320,
   "||": 321,
   " | =": 322,
   "^": 323,
   "^=": 324,
   "&": 325,
   "&&": 326,
   "&=": 327,
   "%": 328,
   "%=": 329,
   "+": 330,
   "++": 331,
   "+=": 332,
   "-": 333,
   "--": 334,
   "-=": 335,
   "->": 336,
   "/": 337,
   "/=": 338,
   "*": 339,
   "*=": 340,
   "!": 341,
   "!=": 342,
   "sizeof": 343,
   "<<=": 344,
   ">>=": 345,
   "inum": 346,
   "int16": 347,
   "int8": 348,
   "char": 350,
   "string": 351,
   "bool": 352,
   "fnum": 353,
   "IDN": 354,
   '**': 355
current row = -1
```

}

```
current line = 0
out line = 1
global errorTest
# 读取一个字符
def getchar(input str):
   global current row
   global current line
   current row += 1
   if (current_row == len(input_str[current_line])):
      current line += 1
      current row = 0
   if current line == len(input str):
      return 'FINISH'
   return input_str[current_line][current_row]
# 退格
def ungetchar(input str):
   global current row
   global current line
   current row = current row - 1
   if current row < 0:</pre>
      current line = current line - 1
      current row = len(input str[current row]) - 1
   return input str[current line][current row]
# 错误报告
def error(msg, line=None, row=None):
   global out line
   global errorTest
   if line is None:
      line = current line + 1
   if row is None:
      row = current row + 1
   errorTest.insert(str(out line) + '.end', " line "+ str(line) + ':
position ' + str(row-4) + '\t\tError: ' + msg)
   errorTest.insert(str(out_line) + '.end', "\n")
   out line = out line + 1
# 扫描器
def scanner(input str):
   global current line
   global current row
   current char = getchar(input str)
```

```
if current char == 'FINISH':
      return ('FINISH', '', '')
   if current char.strip() == '':
      return
   # 数字
   if current char.isdigit():
      int value = 0
      while current char.isdigit():
          int value = int value * 10 + int(current char)
          current_char = getchar(input_str)
       if current char not in OPERATOR LIST and current char not in
SEPARATOR LIST and current char != 'e':
          line = current line + 1
          row = current row + 1
          ungetchar(input str)
          error('illigal identifier', line, row)
          return ('FINISH', '', '')
          return None
      if current char != '.' and current char != 'e':
          ungetchar(input str)
          return ('INUM', int_value, CATEGORY_DICT['inum'])
      if current char == 'e':
          power value = str(int value) + 'e'
          current char = getchar(input str)
          if current char == '+' or current char == '-':
             power value += current char
             current char = getchar(input str)
          while current char.isdigit():
             power value += current char
             current char = getchar(input str)
          if current char not in OPERATOR LIST and current char not in
SEPARATOR LIST:
             line = current line + 1
             row = current row + 1
             ungetchar(input_str)
             error('illigal const int value in power', line, row)
             return ('FINISH', '', '')
             return None
          ungetchar(input str)
          return ('INUM', power value, CATEGORY DICT['inum'])
      if current char == '.':
          float value = str(int value) + '.'
```

```
current char = getchar(input str)
          while current char.isdigit():
             float value += current char
             current char = getchar(input str)
          if current char not in OPERATOR LIST and current char not in
SEPARATOR LIST or current char == '.':
             line = current line + 1
             row = current row + 1
             ungetchar (input str)
             error('illigal const float value', line, row)
             return ('FINISH', '', '')
             return None
          ungetchar (input str)
          return ('FNUM', float value, CATEGORY DICT['fnum'])
   if current char.isalpha() or current char == ' ':
      string = ''
      while current char.isalpha() or current char.isdigit() or
current char == ' ' and current char != ' ':
          string += current char
          current char = getchar(input str)
          if current char == 'FINISH':
             break
      ungetchar (input str)
      if string in KEYWORD LIST:
          return ("KEYWORD", string, CATEGORY DICT[string])
      else:
          return ('IDN', string, CATEGORY DICT['IDN'])
   # 注释
   if current char == '\"':
      str literal = ''
      line = current line + 1
      row = current row + 1
      current char = getchar(input str)
      while current_char != '\"':
          str literal += current char
          current char = getchar(input str)
          if current char == 'FINISH':
             error('missing terminating \"', line, row)
             current line = line
             current row = row
             return ('FINISH', '', '')
      return ('STRING LITERAL', str literal, CATEGORY DICT['string'])
```

```
if current char == '/':
   next char = getchar(input str)
   line = int(current line) + 1
   row = int(current row) + 1
   if next char == '*':
      comment = ''
      next char = getchar(input_str)
      while True:
          if next char == 'FINISH':
             error('unteminated /* comment', line, row)
             return ('FINISH', '', '')
          if next char == '*':
             end char = getchar(input str)
             if end char == '/':
                return None
             if end char == 'FINISH':
                 error('unteminated /* comment', line, row)
                 return ('FINISH', '', '')
          comment += next char
          next_char = getchar(input str)
                 #/=
   else:
      ungetchar (input str)
      op = current char
      current char = getchar(input str)
      if current char in OPERATOR LIST:
          op += current char
      else: # /
          ungetchar(input_str)
      return ('OP', op, CATEGORY DICT[op])
if current char in SEPARATOR LIST:
   return ('SEP', current char, CATEGORY DICT[current char])
if current char in OPERATOR LIST:
   op = current_char
   current char = getchar(input str)
   if(current_char in OPERATOR_LIST):
      op += current char
   else:
      ungetchar(input str)
   return ('OP', op, CATEGORY DICT[op])
else:
   error('unknown character: ' + current char)
```

```
def fileloader():
   global root
   code.delete(1.0, END)
   root.filename = filedialog.askopenfilename(
                    initialdir = "/",
                    title = "Select file",
                    filetypes = (("c files","*.c"),
                    ("all files", "*.*")))
   fin = open(root.filename, "r")
   input file = fin.read()
   input line = input file.split("\n")
   out line = 1
   for each in input line:
      code.insert(str(out line) + '.end', str(out line)+ " " + each)
      code.insert(str(out line) + '.end', "\n")
      out line = out line + 1
   fin.close()
# 词法分析
def lexer analysis(input str):
   global current row
   global current line
   global out line
   current row = -1
   current line = 0
   analysis result = []
   r = ['', '', '']
   while (1):
      r = scanner(input str)
      if r is not None:
          analysis result.append(str(r[0]) + "\t\t" + str(r[1]) + "\t\t" +
str(r[2]))
          if (r[0] == 'FINISH'):
             return analysis result
   return analysis result
# 按键触发函数
def lexer():
   global out_line
   input_str = []
```

```
analysis.delete(1.0, END)
   input raw = code.get(1.0, END)
   input str = input raw.split("\n")
   temp = []
   for i in range(len(input str)):
      input str[i]=input str[i][3:]
                                          #remove the line number
      if (input str[i]!= ""):
          temp.append(input str[i])
   out line = 0
   result = lexer analysis(temp)
   for each in result:
      analysis.insert(str(out line) + '.end', str(out line) + " \t\t "+
each)
      analysis.insert(str(out line) + '.end', "\n")
      out line = out line + 1
# 界面展示
def pre interface():
   global root
   global code
   global analysis
   global errorTest
   root = Tk()
   menubar = Menu(root)
   filemenu = Menu(menubar, tearoff=0)
   filemenu.add command(label="Open", command=fileloader,font = 26)
   filemenu.add command(label="Save", font = 26)
   filemenu.add command(label="Exit", command=root.quit,font = 26)
   menubar.add cascade(label="File", menu=filemenu,font = 26)
   lexmenu = Menu (menubar, tearoff=0)
   lexmenu.add command(label="lex", command=lexer, font = 26)
   menubar.add cascade(label="LEX", menu=lexmenu,font = 26,command =
root.quit)
   windowsmenu = Menu(menubar, tearoff=0)
   windowsmenu.add command(label="fullscreen",
command=toggle fullscreen, font = 26)
   menubar.add cascade(label="windows", menu=windowsmenu,font = 26)
   helpmenu = Menu (menubar, tearoff=0)
   helpmenu.add command(label="Help Index", font = 26)
```

```
menubar.add_cascade(label="Help", menu=helpmenu,font = 26)
   root.config(menu=menubar)
   code = Text(root, font=26)
   analysis = Text(root, font=26)
   errorTest = Text(root, width = 10, font=26, foreground="red")
   root.title("LEXER")
   errorTest.pack(fill = X,side=BOTTOM,expand = YES)
   code.pack(side =LEFT,fill = Y,expand = YES)
   analysis.pack(side=RIGHT,fill = Y,expand = YES)
   root.bind("<F11>", toggle fullscreen)
   root.mainloop()
def toggle_fullscreen(event=None): #增加全屏属性
   root.state("zoomed")
def main():
   pre interface()
if __name__ == '__main__':
   main()
```

附录 B 测试代码

```
/********************************
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
    int num[8] = {87, 12, 56, 45, 78};
    Bubble_Sort(num, 5);
    float f = 2e10a;
    return 0;
}
void 2Bubble_Sort(int *num, int n)
{
    int i, j;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
}</pre>
```

```
for(j = 0; i + j < n - 1; j++)
         if(num[j] > num[j + 1])
         {
            int temp = num[j];
            num[j] = num[j + 1];
            num[j + 1] = temp;
         Print(num, n);
      }
   }
   return;
}
/**************杨辉三角***********/
#include<stdio.h>
3main() {
   int i,j,n=0,a[17][17]= \{0\};
  while(n<1 || n>16) {
      printf("请输入杨辉三角形的行数:");
      scanf("%d",&n);
   }
```