

Pixelwise classification for music document analysis

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Introduction

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- ▶ Music archives and libraries preserve music over the centuries
- ▶ Computational tools for music analysis are of great interest

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- ▶ Large amounts of content in symbolic format are required
- ▶ Manual transcription from source implies a high cost

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- ▶ Computational tools for music analysis are of great interest
- ▶ Large amounts of content in symbolic format are required
- ▶ Manual transcription from source implies a high cost
- ▶ Automatic transcription systems become valuable tools

Introduction

Optical Music Recognition (OMR)

- ▶ From score image to symbolic encoding

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- ▶ From score image to symbolic encoding



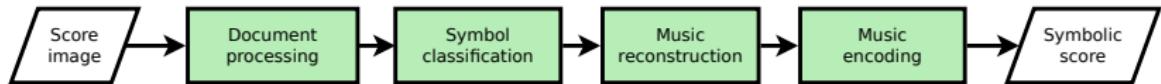
OMR



Introduction

Optical Music Recognition (OMR)

- ▶ Several interdisciplinary steps



Introduction

- ▶ Most document-processing stages focus on *content separation*:



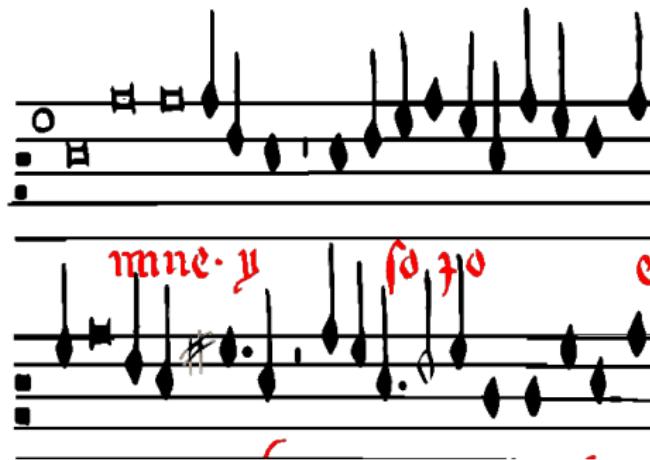
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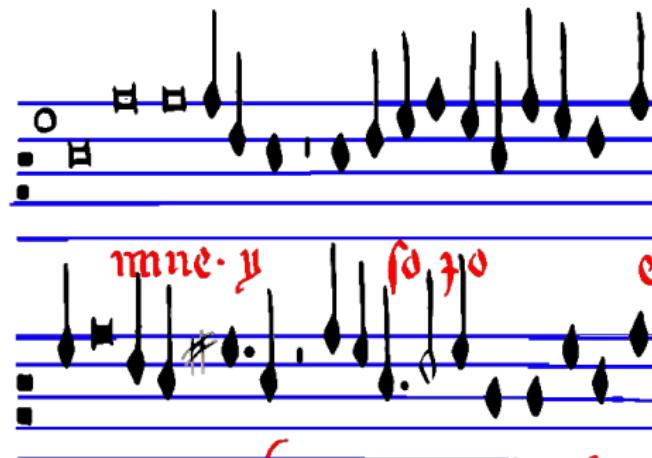
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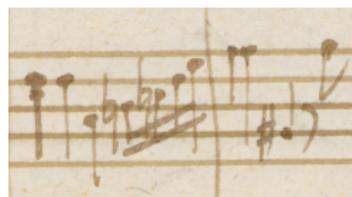
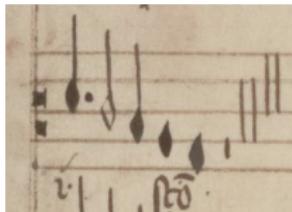
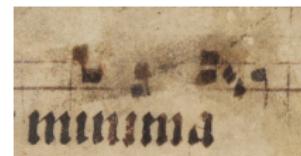
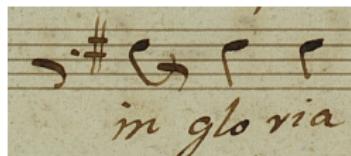
Introduction

- ▶ Most document-processing stages focus on *content separation*:



Introduction

- ▶ Poor generalization of the existing strategies
- ▶ Music documents have a high level of heterogeneity



Introduction

Framework

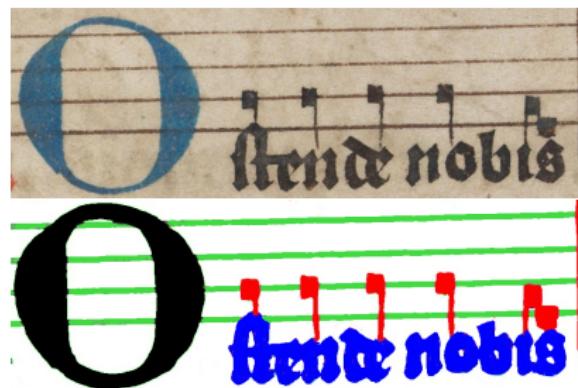
- ▶ Machine learning framework for music document processing
- ▶ Regardless of the specific characteristics of the source
- ▶ Detection of the different layers at the same time

Framework

Framework

Pixelwise classification approach

- ▶ Categorization of each pixel within the input image



- ▶ Allows detecting small and thin elements present in music notation

Framework

- ▶ Machine learning for avoiding hand-crafted procedures

Framework

- ▶ Machine learning for avoiding hand-crafted procedures
- ▶ We make use of Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)
 - ▶ Great performance in image-related tasks
 - ▶ Good generalization

Framework

Convolutional Neural Networks

- ▶ Series of hierarchical transformations (convolutions)
- ▶ Transformations not fixed but learned through training
- ▶ Less dependent on human intervention

Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Straightforward approach: classify every single pixel of the input image

$$I(x, y) \rightarrow \{\text{background, staff line, symbol, text, ...}\}$$

Framework

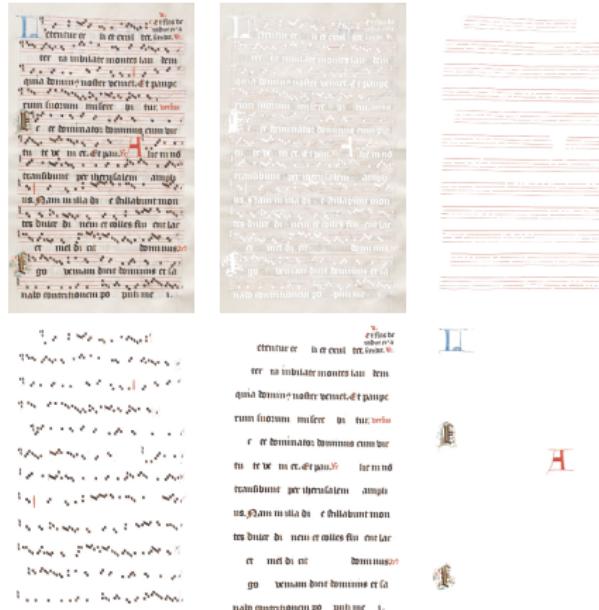
Pixelwise classification

- ▶ To train the CNN we need ground truth
 - ▶ Documents whose categories have been correctly separated

Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Ground-truth example¹
 - ▶ One page ~ 30 million pixels

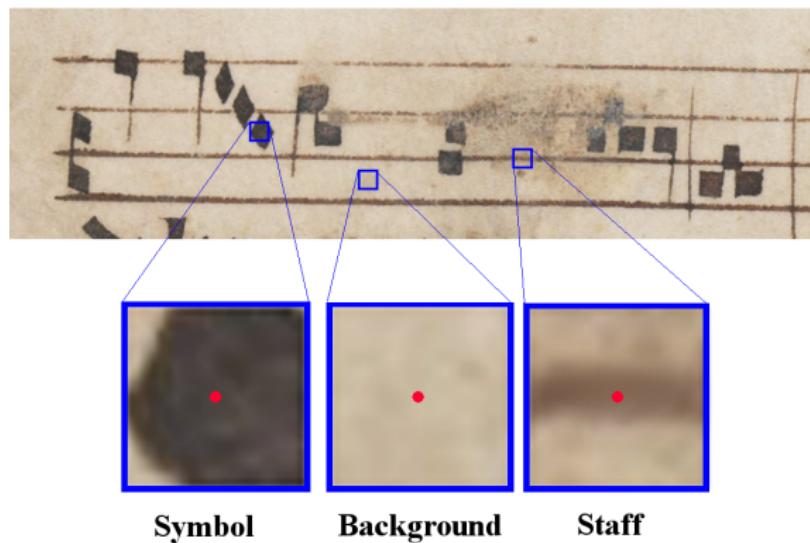


¹Salzinnes Antiphonal manuscript (CDM-Hsmu M2149.14)

Framework

Pixelwise classification

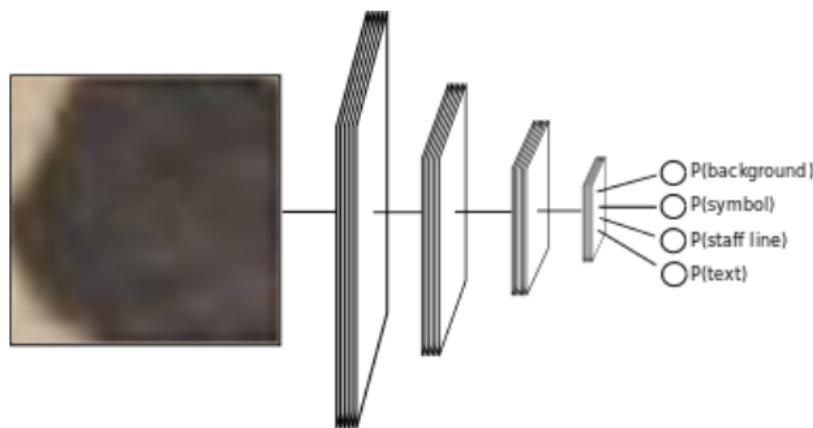
- ▶ CNN is provided with the surrounding region of the pixel to be classified



Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Estimation of a probability for each possible category



Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Relevant issues

Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Relevant issues
 - ▶ Ground truth creation

Framework

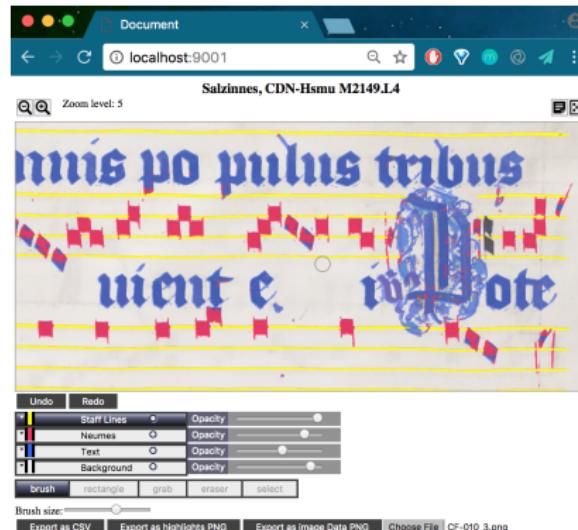
Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Relevant issues
 - ▶ Ground truth creation
 - ▶ Pixel.js

Framework

Pixel.js

- ▶ Web-based tool for ground truth creation



Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Relevant issues
 - ▶ Ground truth creation
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Framework

Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Relevant issues
 - ▶ Ground truth creation
 - ▶ Pixel.js
 - ▶ Computational cost

Framework

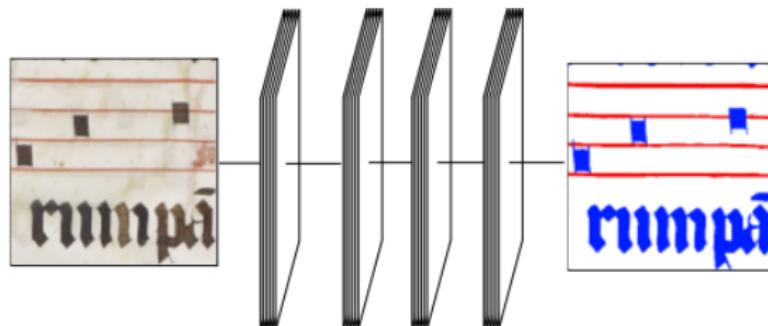
Pixelwise classification

- ▶ Relevant issues
 - ▶ Ground truth creation
 - ▶ Pixel.js
 - ▶ Computational cost
 - ▶ Image-to-image approach

Framework

Image-to-image classification

- ▶ Image-to-image pixelwise classification
 - ▶ Classify a whole region at the same time



- ▶ We need to split the document into patches of equal size

Framework

Image-to-image classification

- ▶ Similar accuracy
- ▶ Much more efficient (from several hours to few minutes)
- ▶ Usually needs a bigger training set

Deployment

Deployment

General use

- ▶ Full workflow for a new type of document
 - ▶ Ground-truth creation with Pixel.js
 - ▶ Model training and document processing as Rodan jobs

Deployment

Resources

- ▶ Training models: very slow, need of high-performance computing
- ▶ Classification: fast with the image-to-image approach

Deployment

DEMO

Conclusions

Conclusions

Summary

- ▶ Generalizable music document analysis with machine learning
- ▶ Research on effective and efficient strategies
- ▶ Usability through Rodan framework

Conclusions

Future work

- ▶ Integrate with the rest of the OMR workflow
- ▶ Make efforts towards faster adaptation to new document types
 - ▶ Efficient ground truth creation with Pixel.js
 - ▶ Study of model adaptation techniques

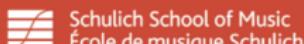
Thank you!



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WEST GRID

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