



# Introduction to image processing and analysis with ImageJ / Fiji.

## Part 5

### Automating Image Analysis

Course by Dale Moulding



# Session 5

3 hours

1 hour lecture

2 h for demos & exercises

## Learning objectives:

- Correct background for better analysis
- Develop multiple strategies for image analysis
- **Use filters to pre-process images**
- **Cell counting.** Manually and **automatic**
- **Thresholding to generate binary images and masks**
- **Identifying double / triple stained cells**
- Explain the difference between colocalization and co-expression
- Track moving objects



## Image segmentation, automatic counting and measurements

Automatic image analysis has benefits and pitfalls..

Pros:

- Quick (once methodology is set up)

- Unbiased (computers don't care which sample is which)

- n = lots !

Cons:

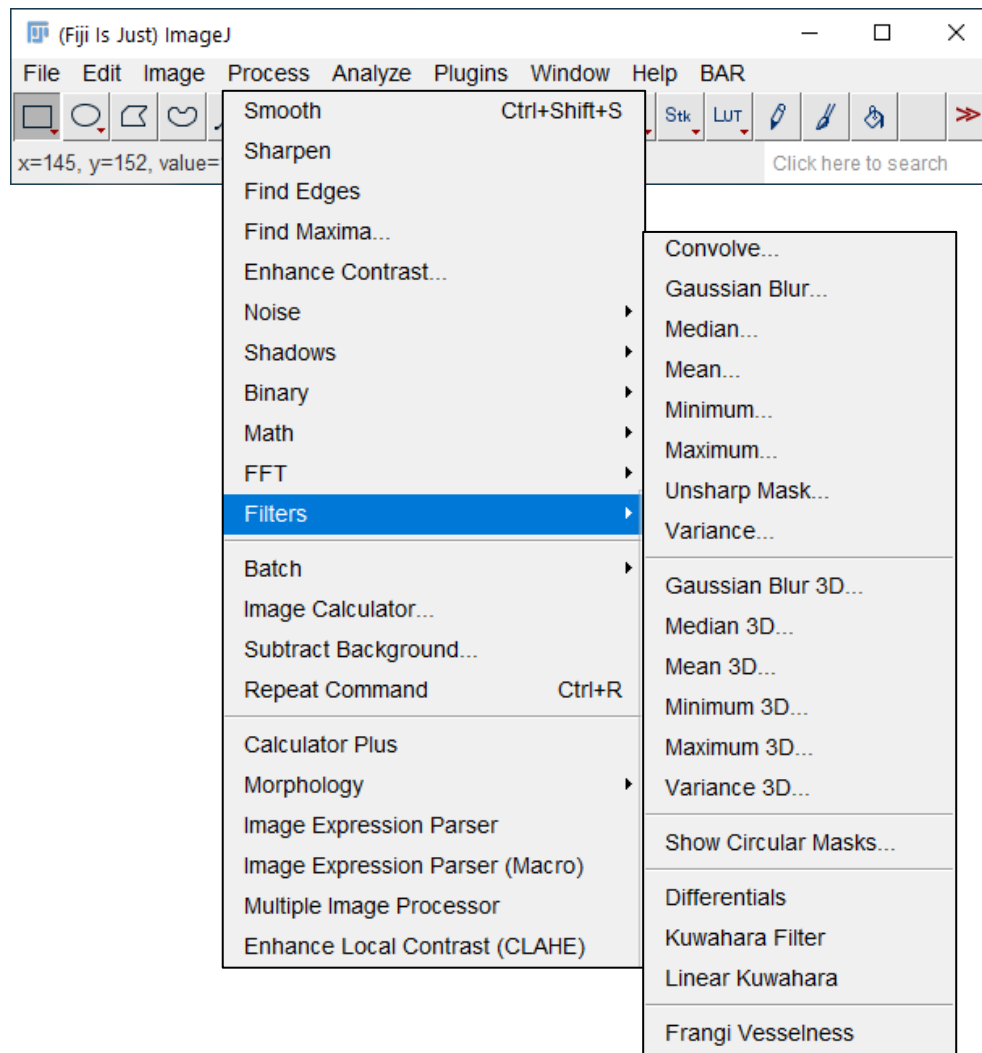
- Never 100% accurate (but n = lots !)

- Set up can be time consuming (but then n = lots !)

- Mistakes can be missed (make sure to validate results)



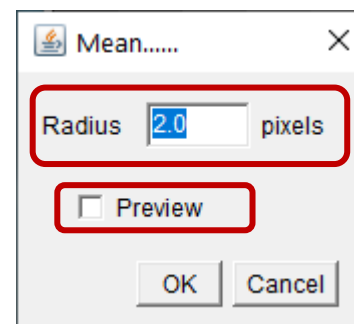
## Spatial filters



### *Process / Filters >*

#### Common filters (2D & 3D):

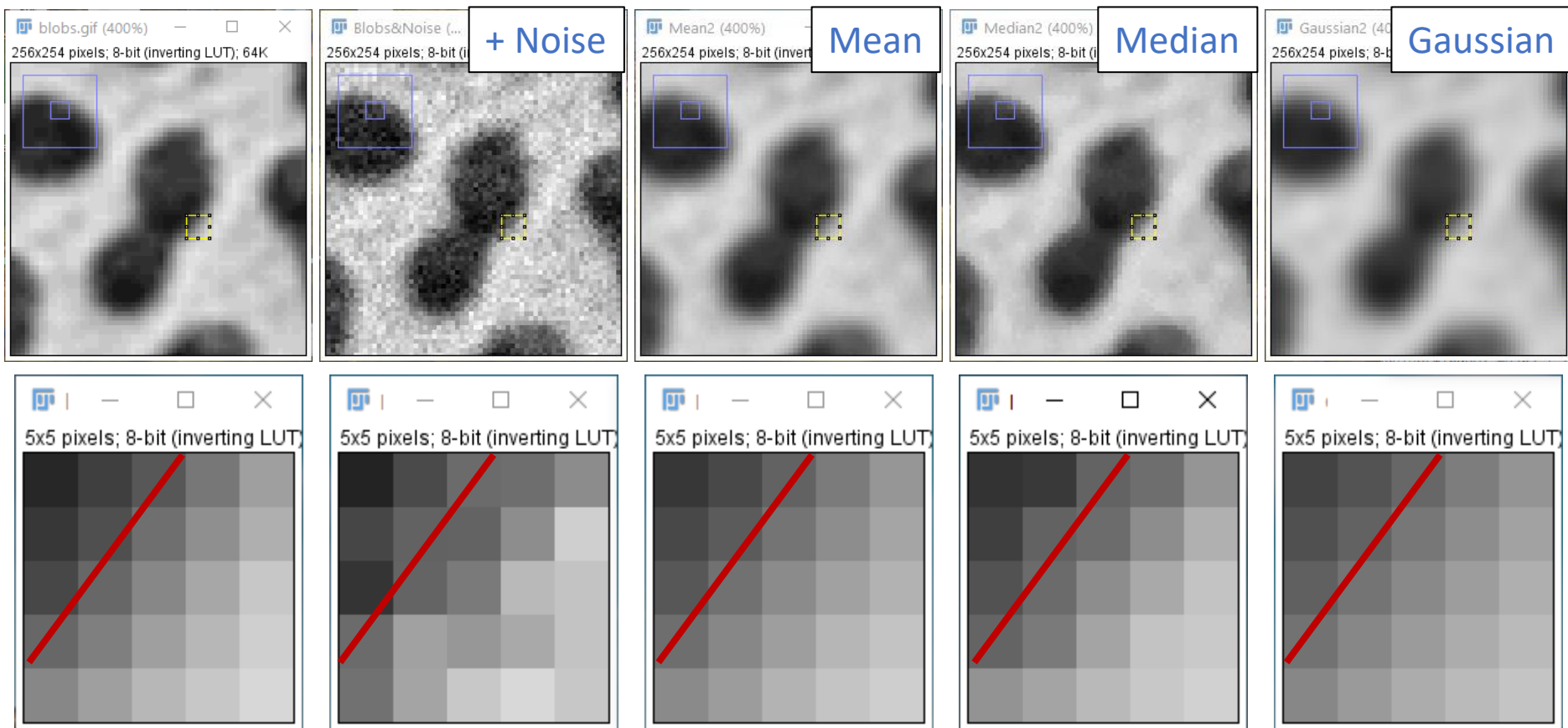
- Gaussian (fast smoothing)
- Median (slow, keeps edges)
- Mean (fast smoothing)
- Min / Max (~ dims / brightens)
- Unsharp mask (~ enhances edges & noise)
- Variance (~ shows image gradients)



Typically work  
over a defined  
distance from  
each pixel  
&  
can be previewed

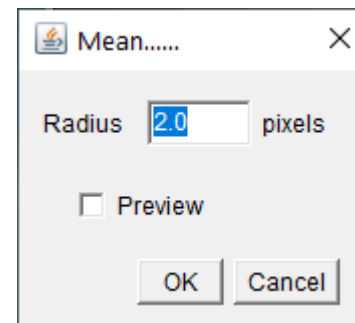
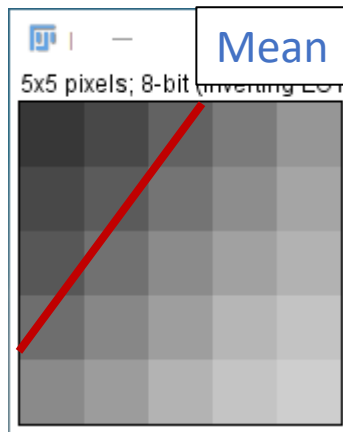
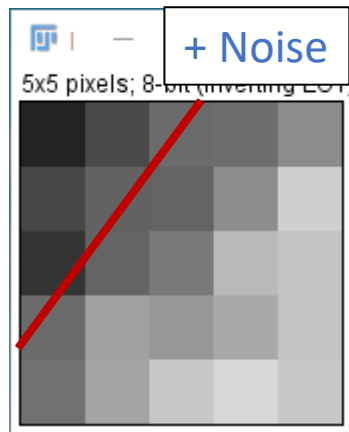
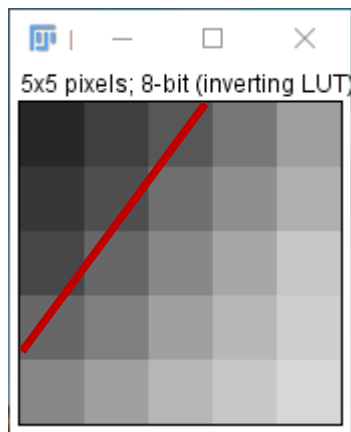


## Spatial filters – reduce image noise





## Spatial filters - Mean



### Mean... Radius 2

Changes each pixel's value to the mean value of the surrounding pixels in a 3x3 grid.

### Result:

Less noise

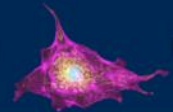
Edges slightly blurred

(depending on radius used)

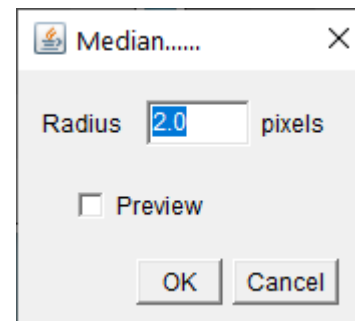
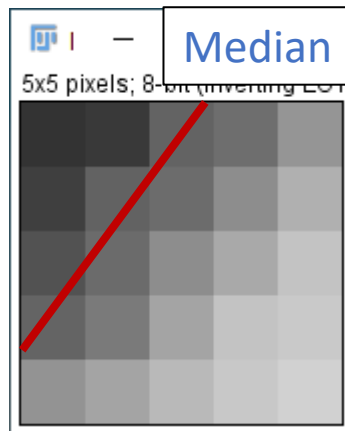
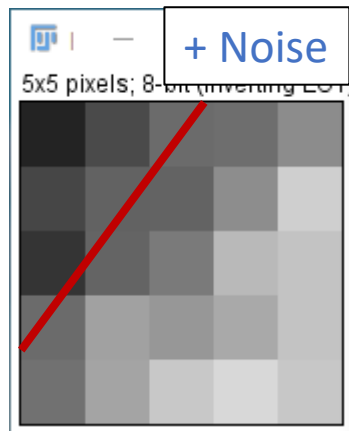
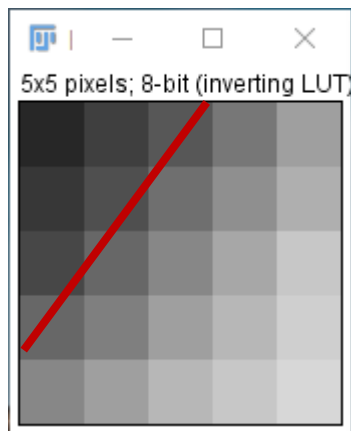
216	192	168	136	96
200	176	144	112	80
184	152	120	88	56
152	128	96	72	48
120	96	72	56	40

220	181	148	145	115
185	157	156	114	48
203	155	133	70	60
148	94	104	86	60
142	91	55	39	56

200	183	157	132	105
183	164	139	114	90
168	142	116	94	77
145	120	97	73	60
117	99	76	59	49



## Spatial filters - Median



### Median... Radius 2

Changes each pixel's value to the median (middle) value of the surrounding pixels in a 3x3 grid.

### Result:

Less noise.

Edges remain defined.

Corners may be lost.

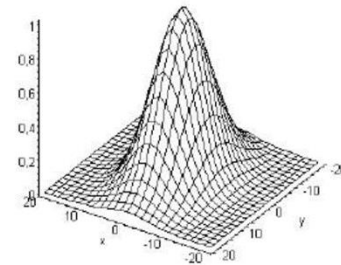
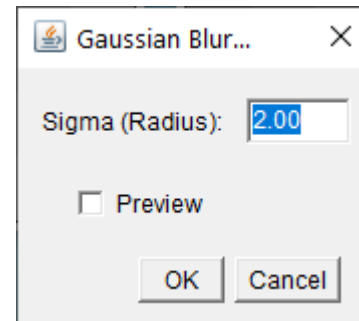
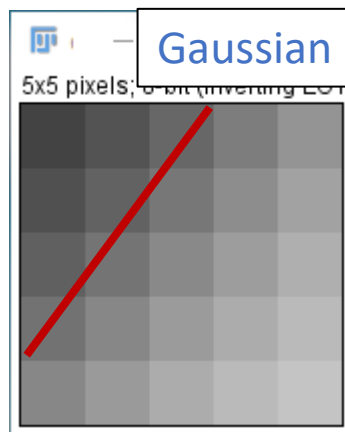
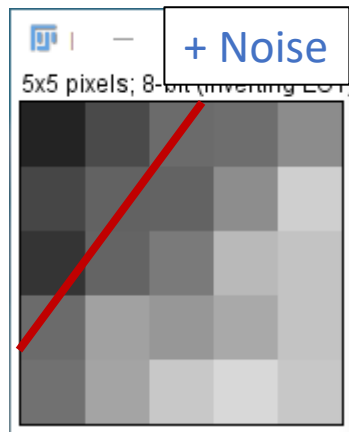
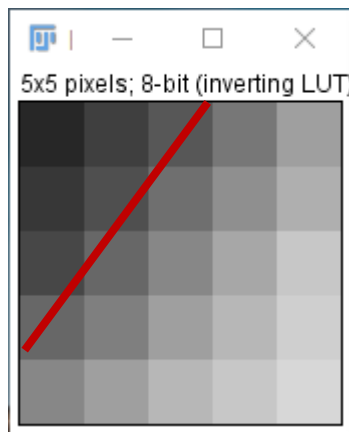
216	192	168	136	96
200	176	144	112	80
184	152	120	88	56
152	128	96	72	48
120	96	72	56	40

220	181	148	145	115
185	157	156	114	48
203	155	133	70	60
148	94	104	86	60
142	91	55	39	56

204	198	156	145	106
192	157	147	114	79
173	148	114	86	60
155	133	91	60	54
108	91	70	55	46



## Spatial filters - Gaussian



### Gaussian... Radius 2

Changes each pixel's value to the median (middle) value of the surrounding pixels in a 3x3 grid.

### Result:

Less noise.

Edges blurred.

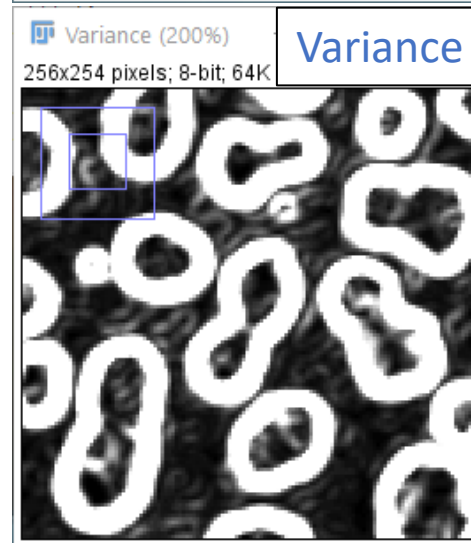
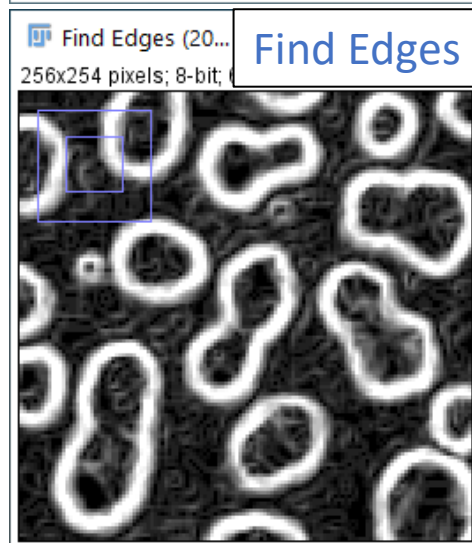
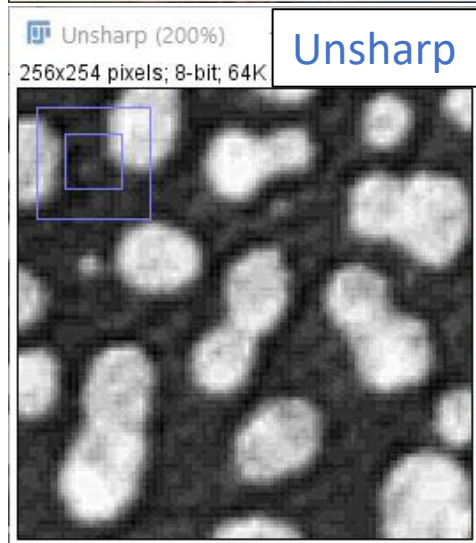
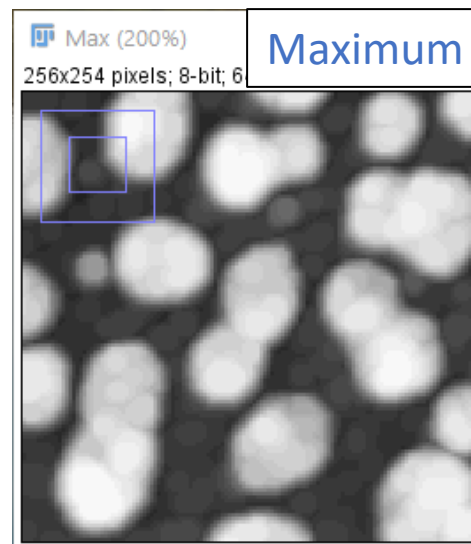
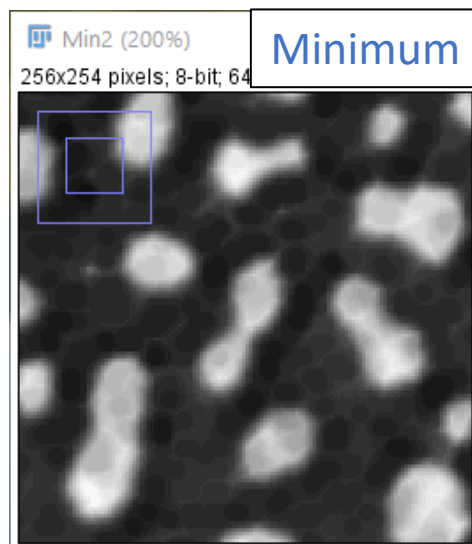
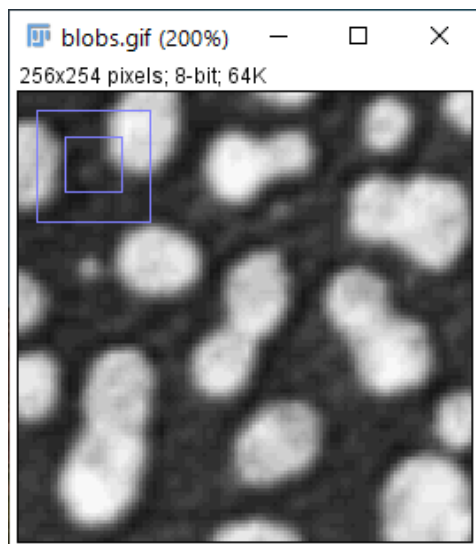
Objects come to a peak.

216	192	168	136	96	220	181	148	145	115	188	172	152	130	107
200	176	144	112	80	185	157	156	114	48	175	157	136	114	93
184	152	120	88	56	203	155	133	70	60	159	139	118	98	80
152	128	96	72	48	148	94	104	86	60	141	120	100	83	69
120	96	72	56	40	142	91	55	39	56	120	101	83	69	59





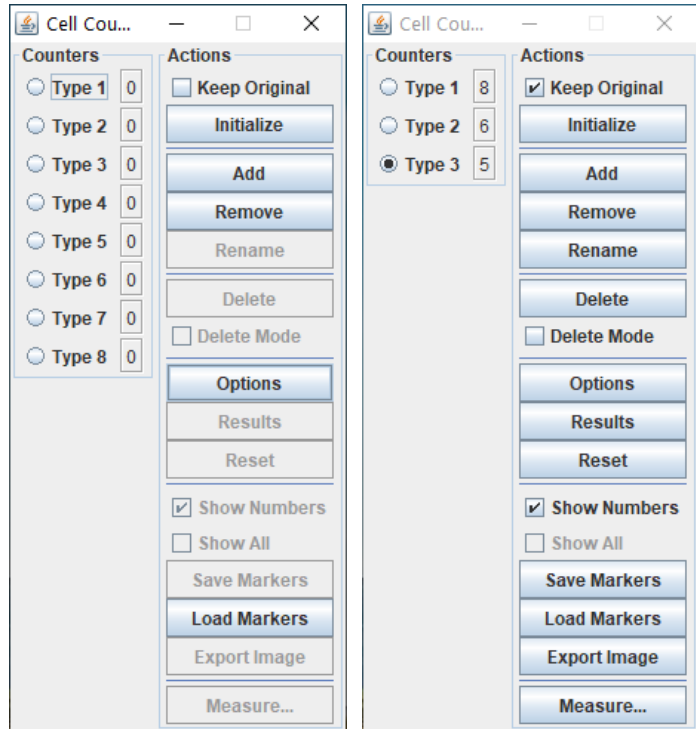
## Spatial filters - others





## Manual Counting

### *Plugins / Analyze / Cell Counter*



Add / remove Types

Rename types

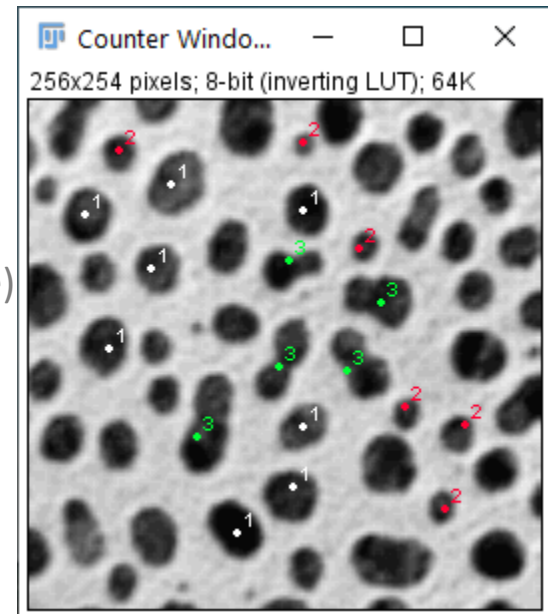
Delete last count /  
Delete mode (click to delete)

Change counter colours

Results

Save / Load

Measure... more results  
(location & intensity)



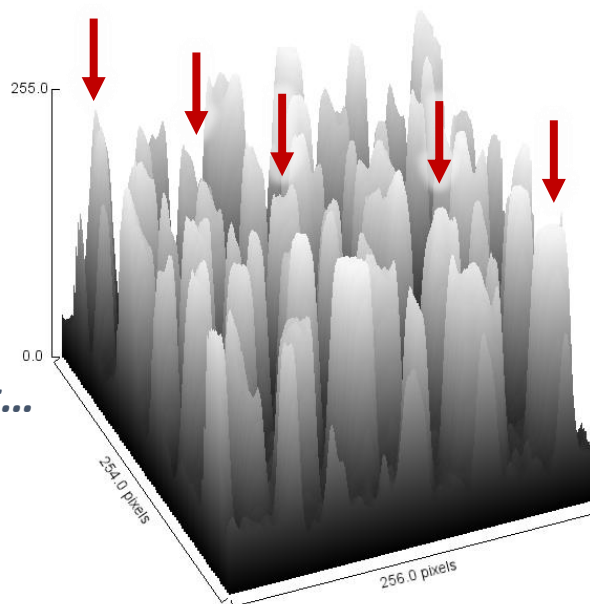
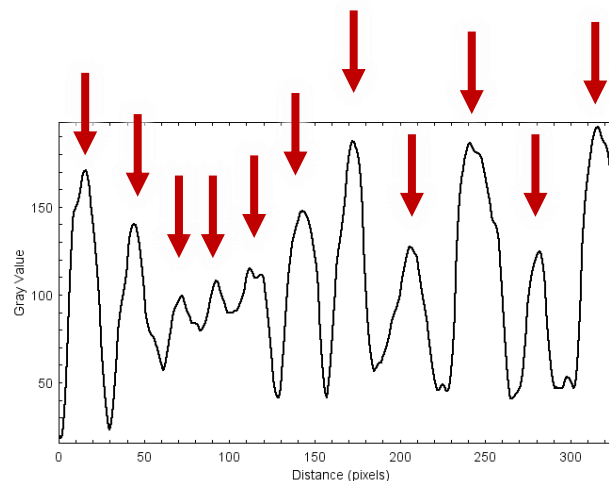
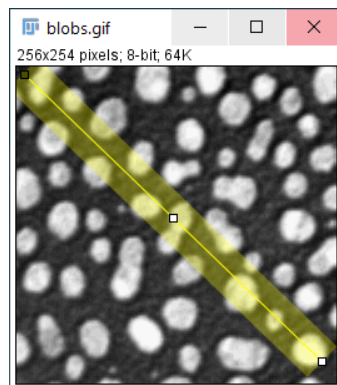
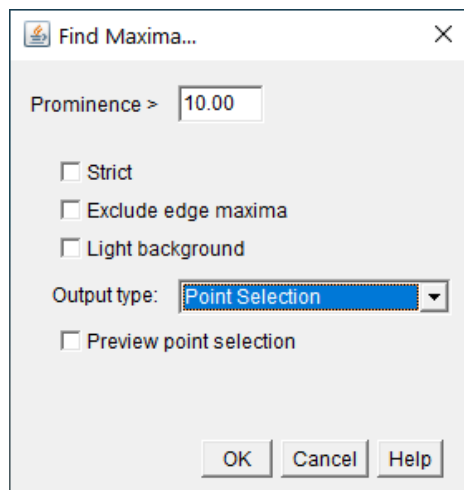
Results				
Slice	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	
Total	8	6	5	

Slow. Accurate? No double counting. Bias?



## Automatic counting – Find Maxima

*Process / Find Maxima...*

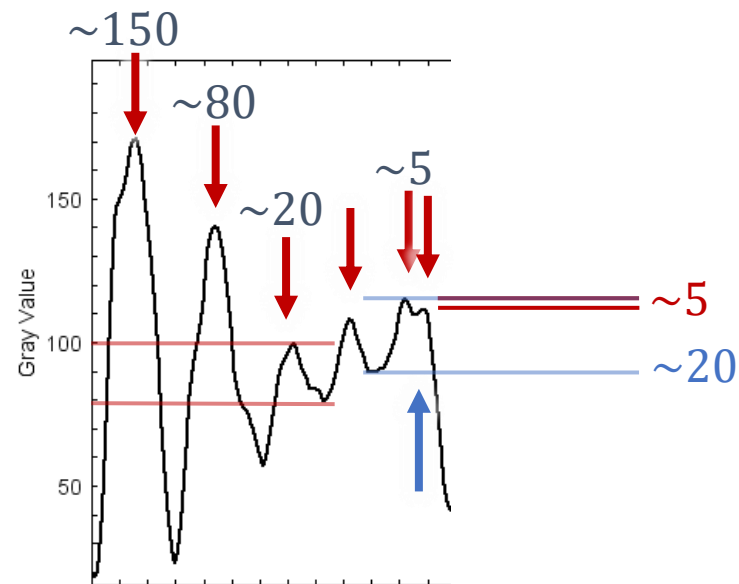
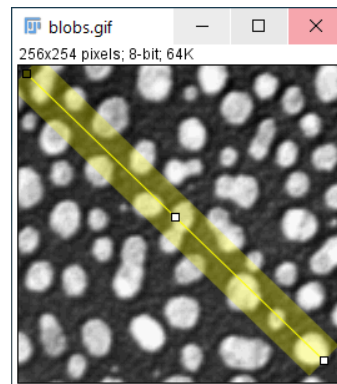
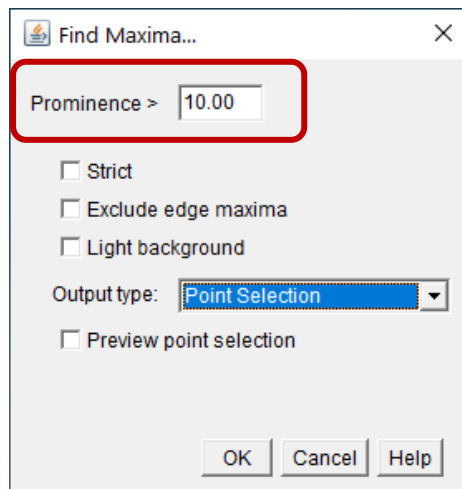


*Analyze / Surface Plot...*



## Automatic counting – Find Maxima

### *Process / Find Maxima...*



Prominence: How bright does a maxima need to be?

Prominence = 20 would give 5 peaks on the graph

Prominence = 5 would give 6 peaks

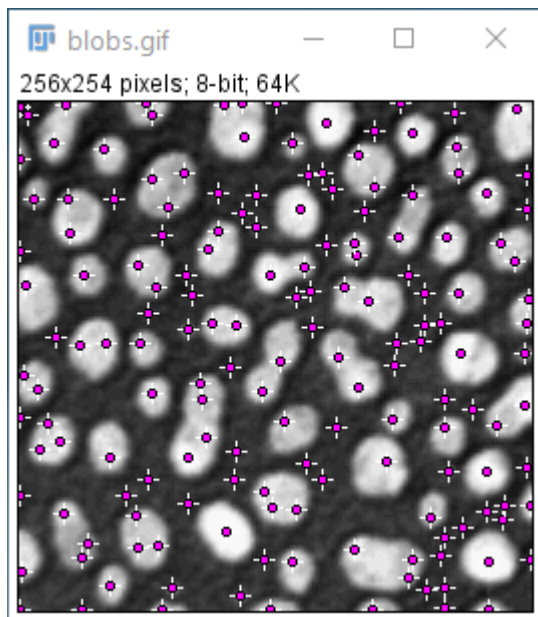
Prominence = 80 would give 2 peaks



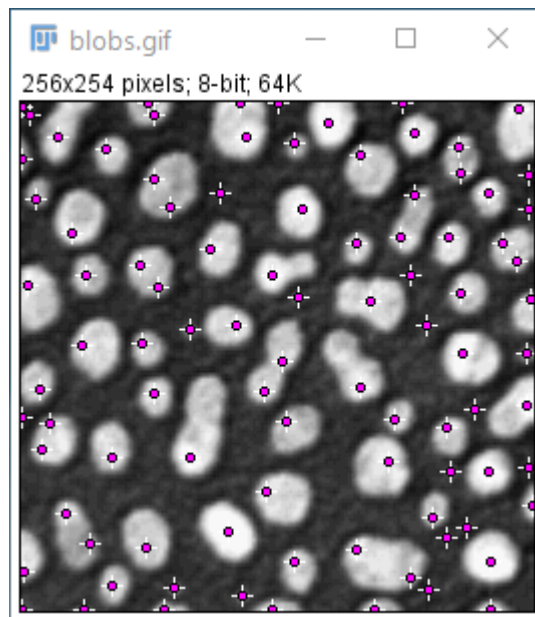
## Automatic counting – Find Maxima

*Process / Find Maxima...*

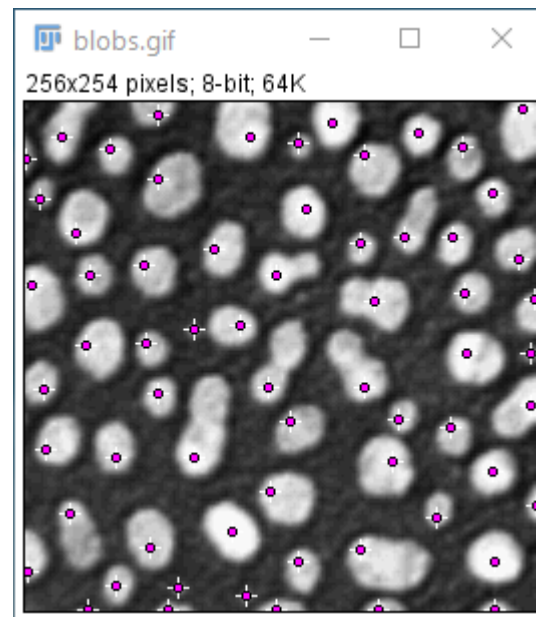
Prominence = 10

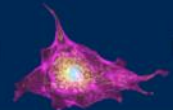


Prominence = 20



Prominence = 50

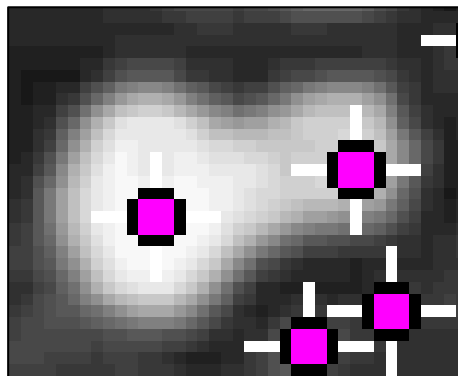
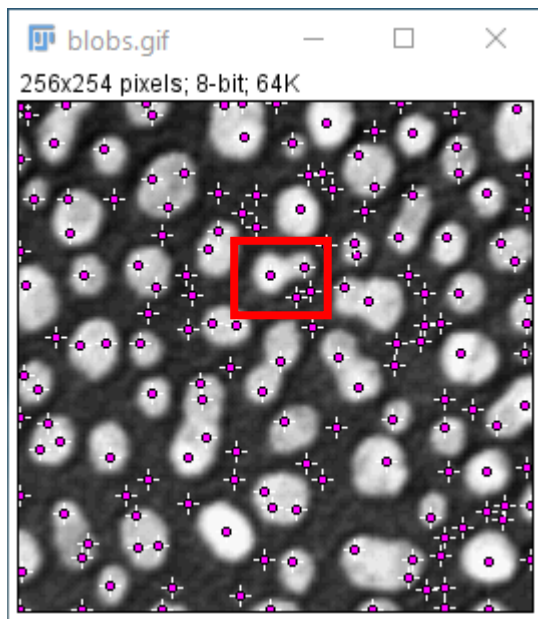




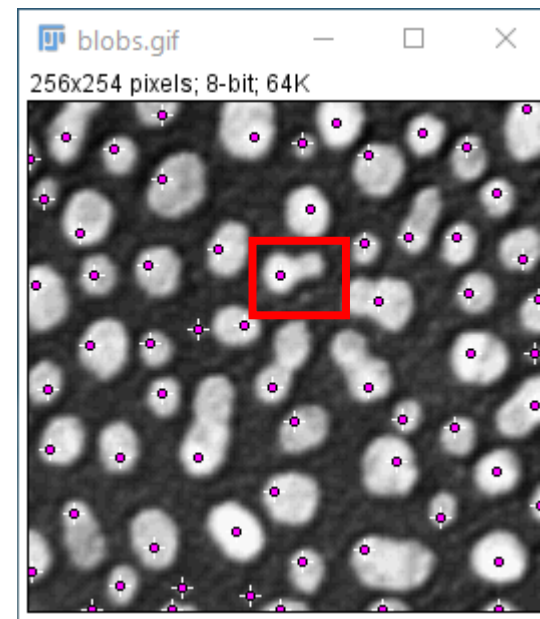
## Automatic counting – Find Maxima

*Process / Find Maxima...*

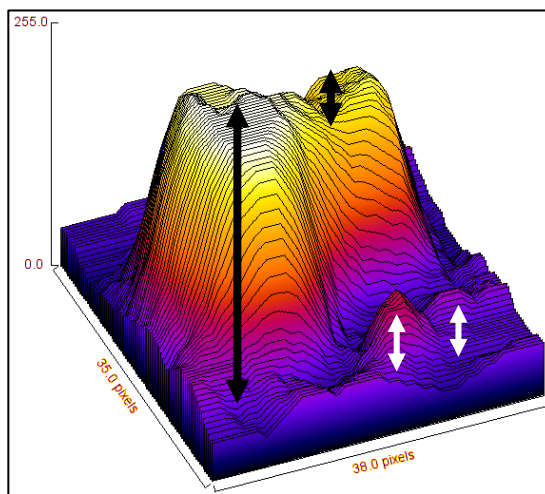
Prominence = 10



Prominence = 50



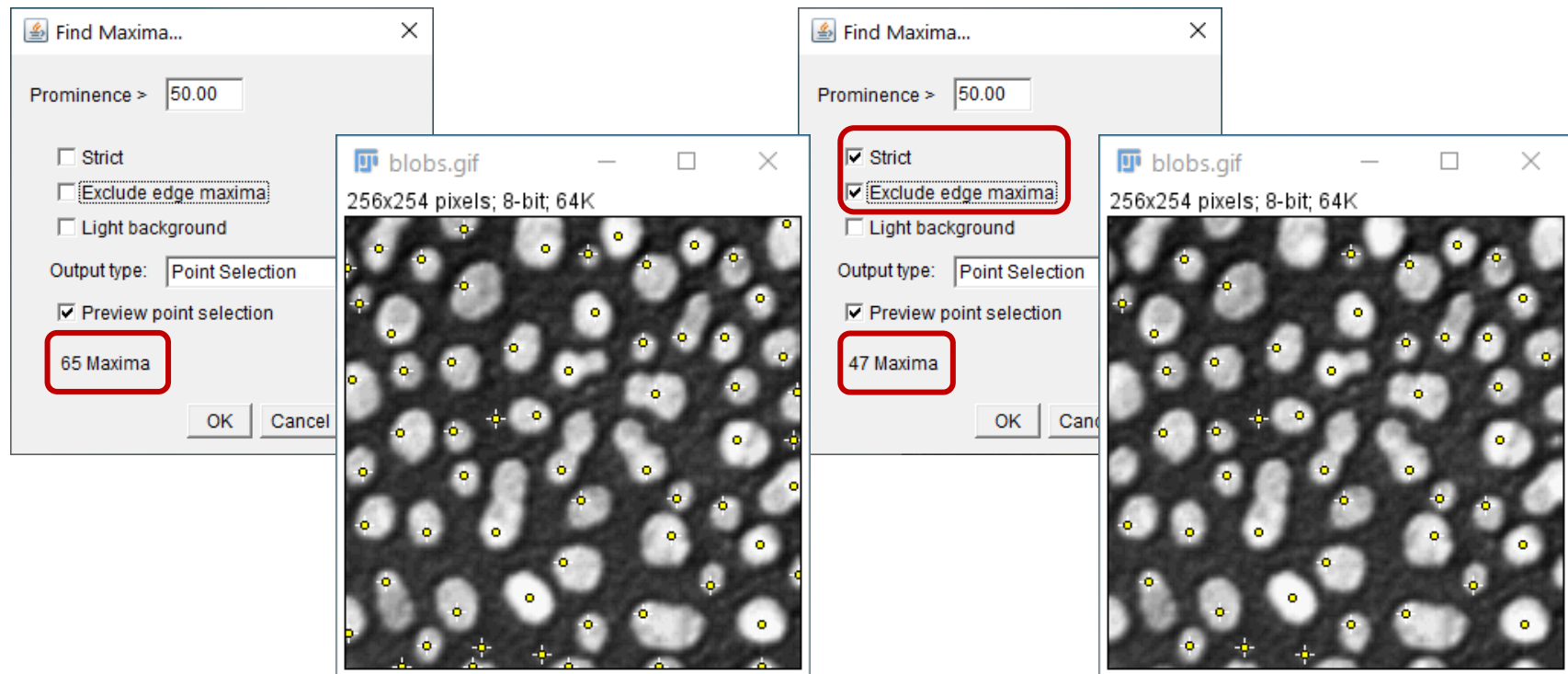
*Analyze / Surface Plot...*





## Automatic counting – Find Maxima

*Process / Find Maxima...*



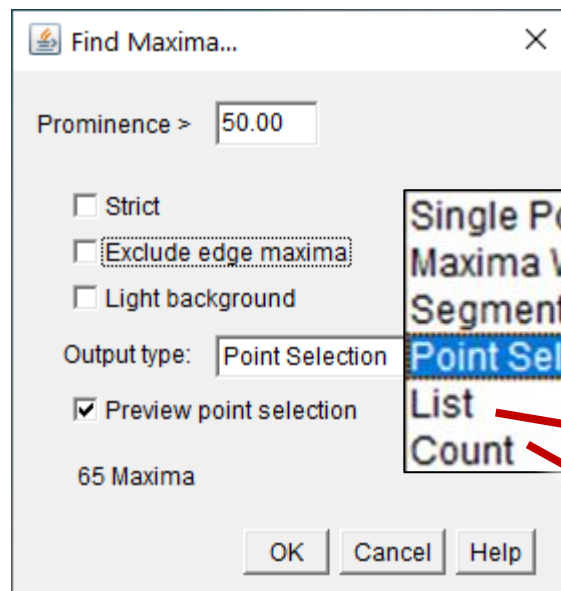
Results as a Point Selection can be added to the ROI manager



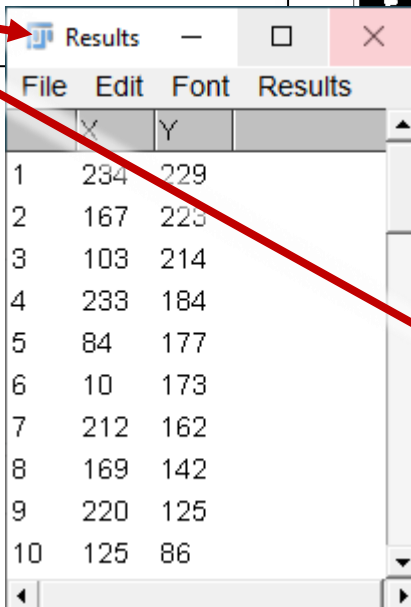


## Automatic counting – Find Maxima

### Process / Find Maxima...

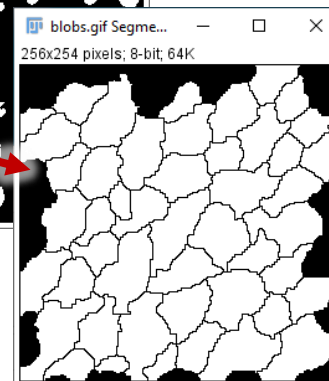
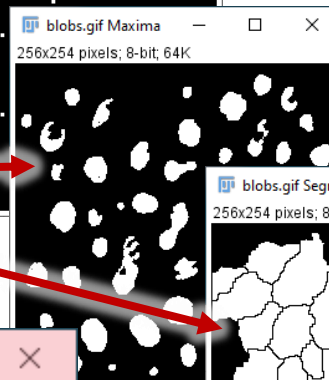
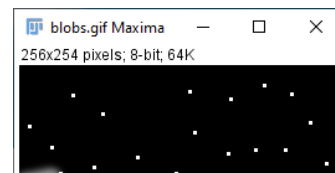
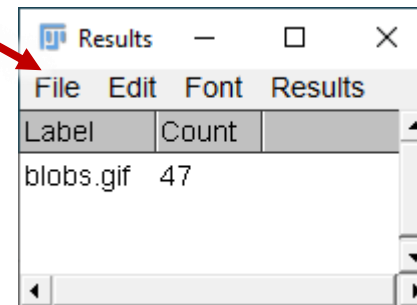


Single Points  
Maxima Within Tolerance  
Segmented Particles  
Point Selection  
List  
Count



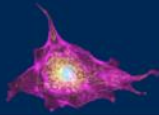
	X	Y
1	234	229
2	167	225
3	103	214
4	233	184
5	84	177
6	10	173
7	212	162
8	169	142
9	220	125
10	125	86

Results as a Point  
Selection can be added to  
the ROI manager

Label	Count
blobs.gif	47

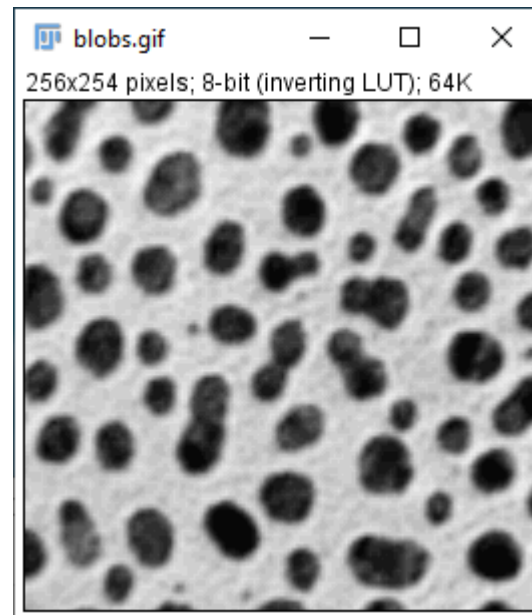
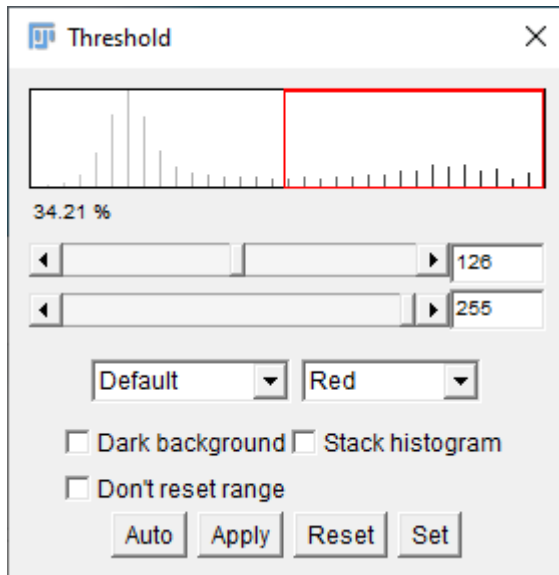




## Automatic counting – Thresholding

*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*

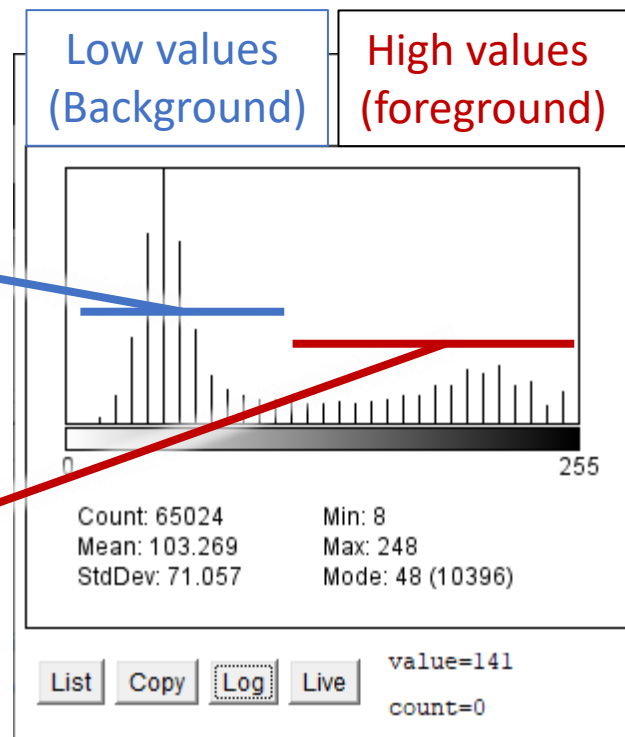
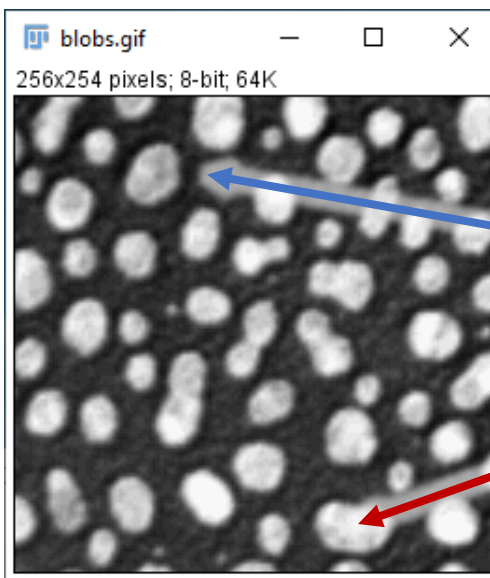
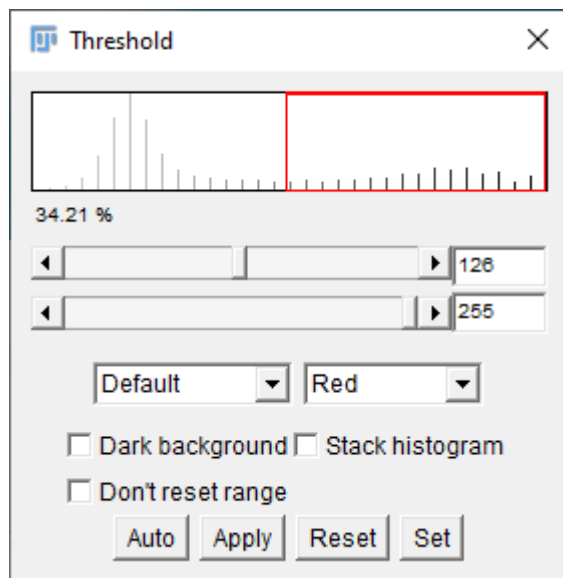
- Thresholding is a key step in many image analysis workflows.
- Make a binary (2 colour) mask of your image





## Automatic counting – Thresholding

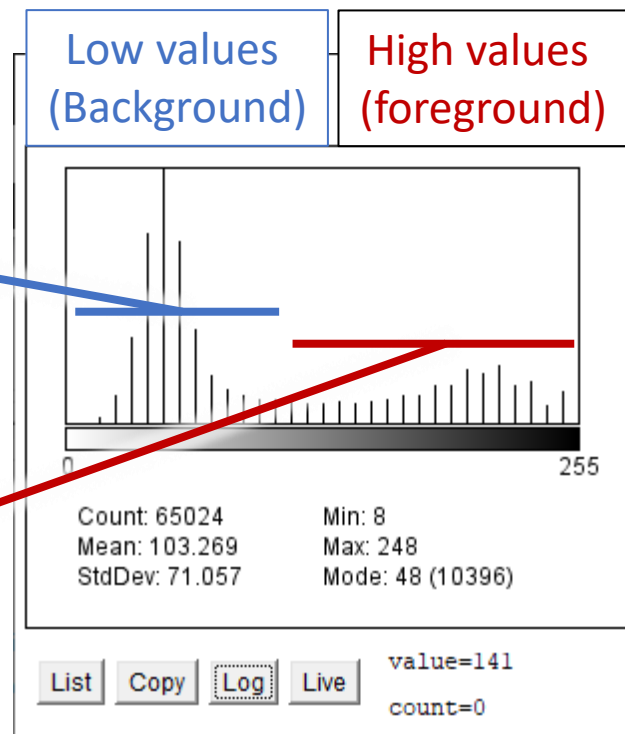
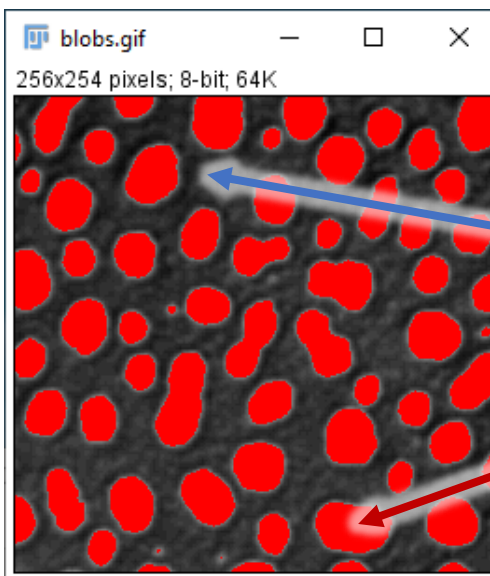
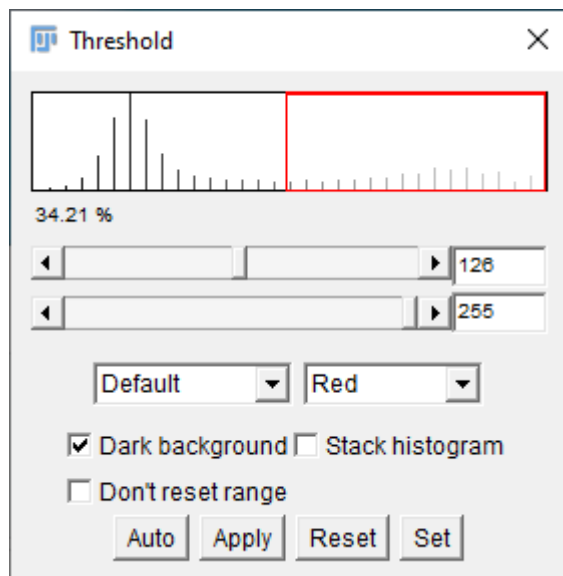
*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*





## Automatic counting – Thresholding

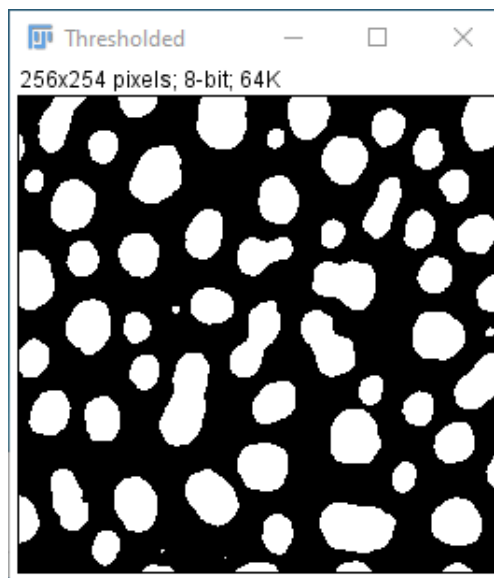
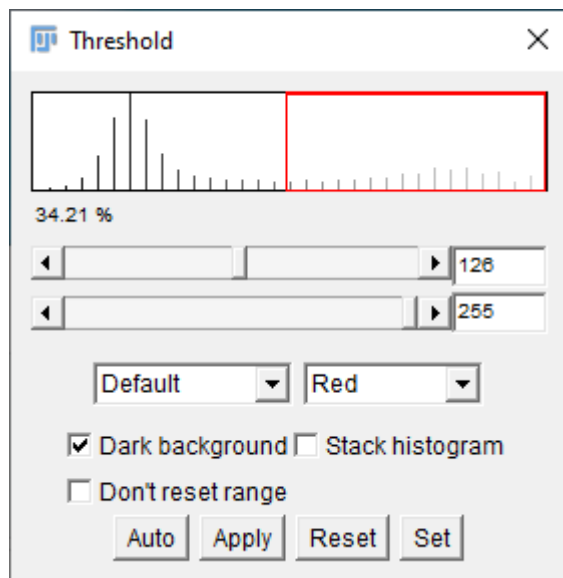
*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*





## Automatic counting – Thresholding

*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*

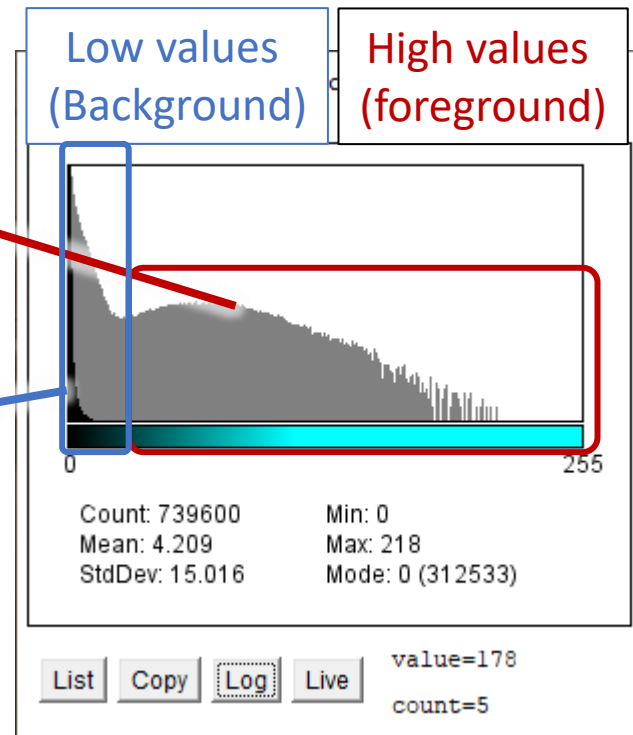
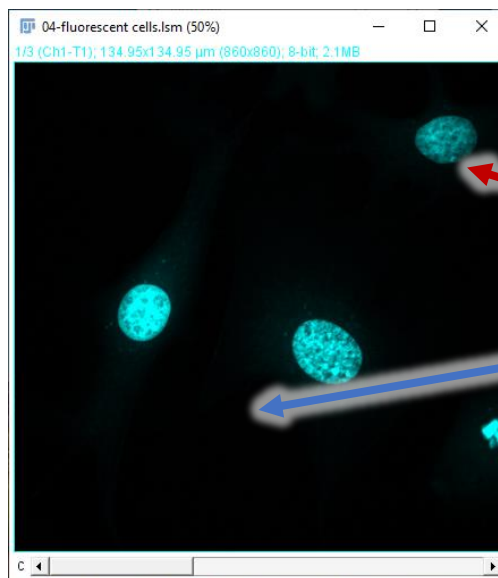
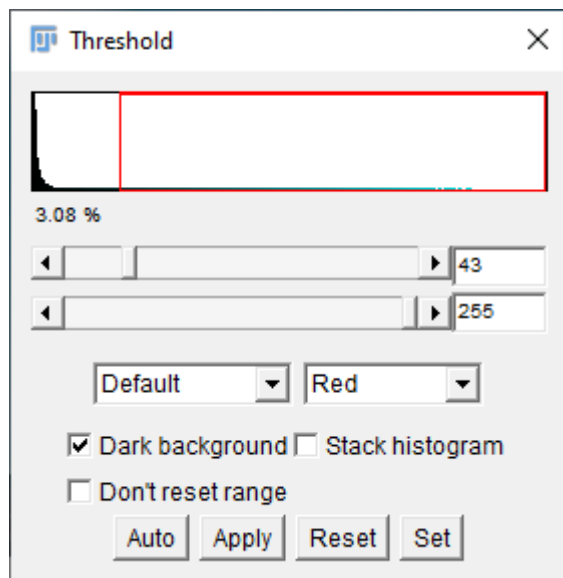


Binary (2 colour) mask



## Automatic counting – Thresholding

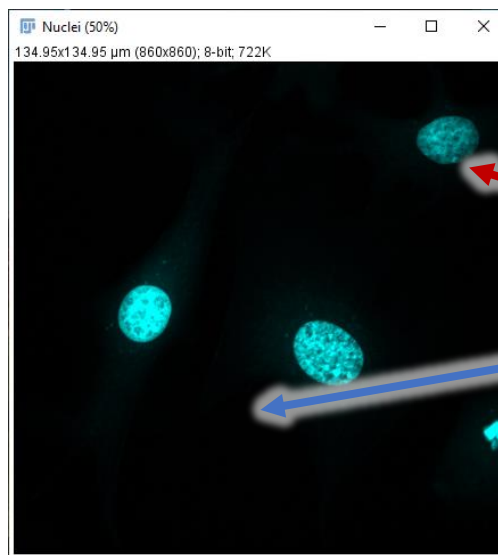
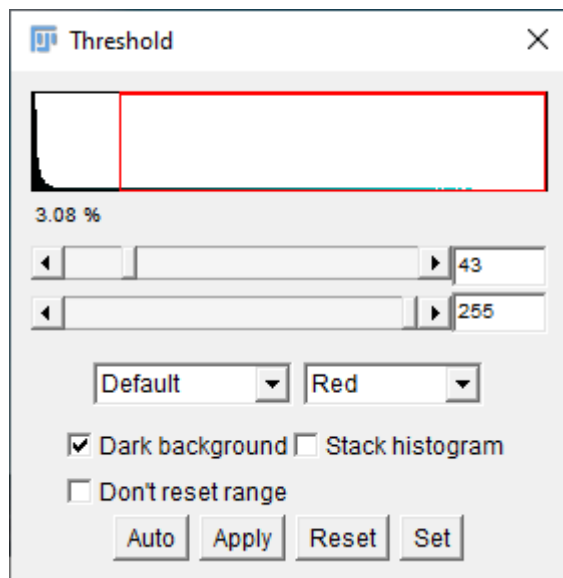
*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*



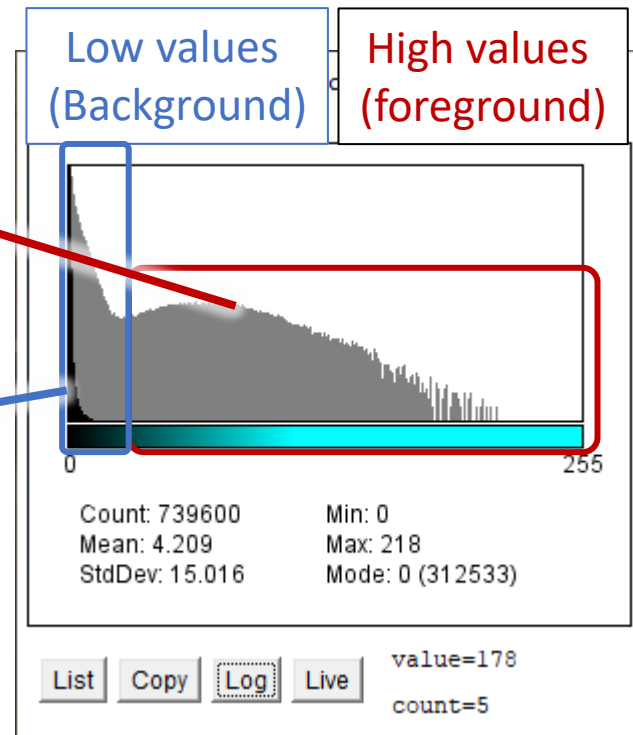
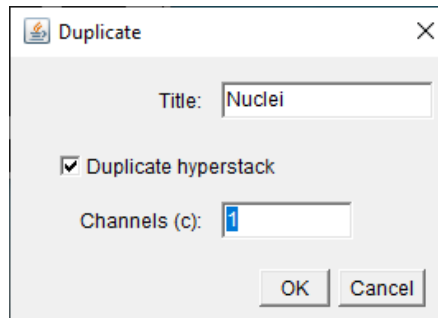


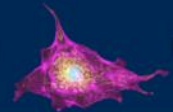
## Automatic counting – Thresholding

*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*



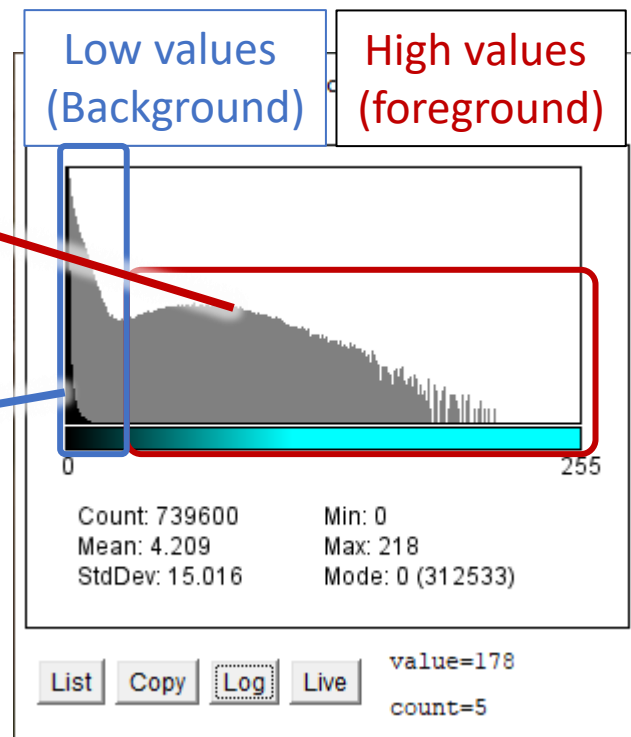
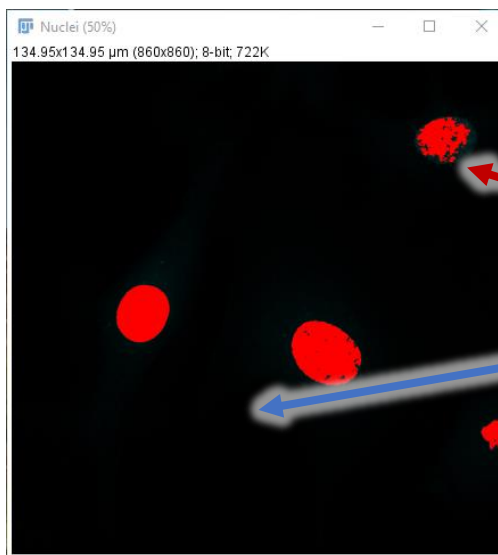
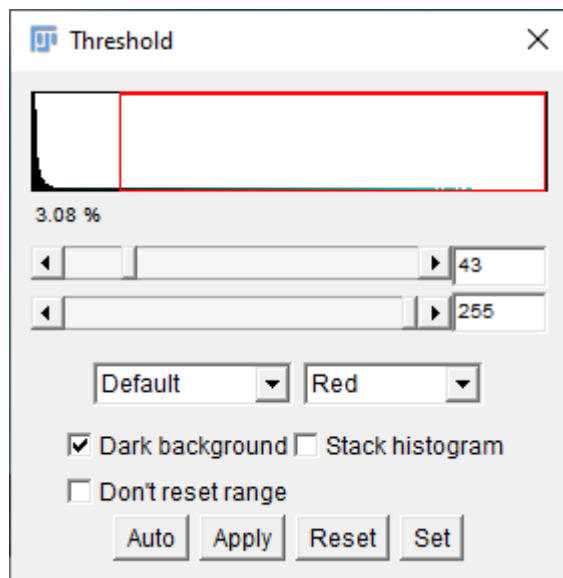
Must be a single channel image





## Automatic counting – Thresholding

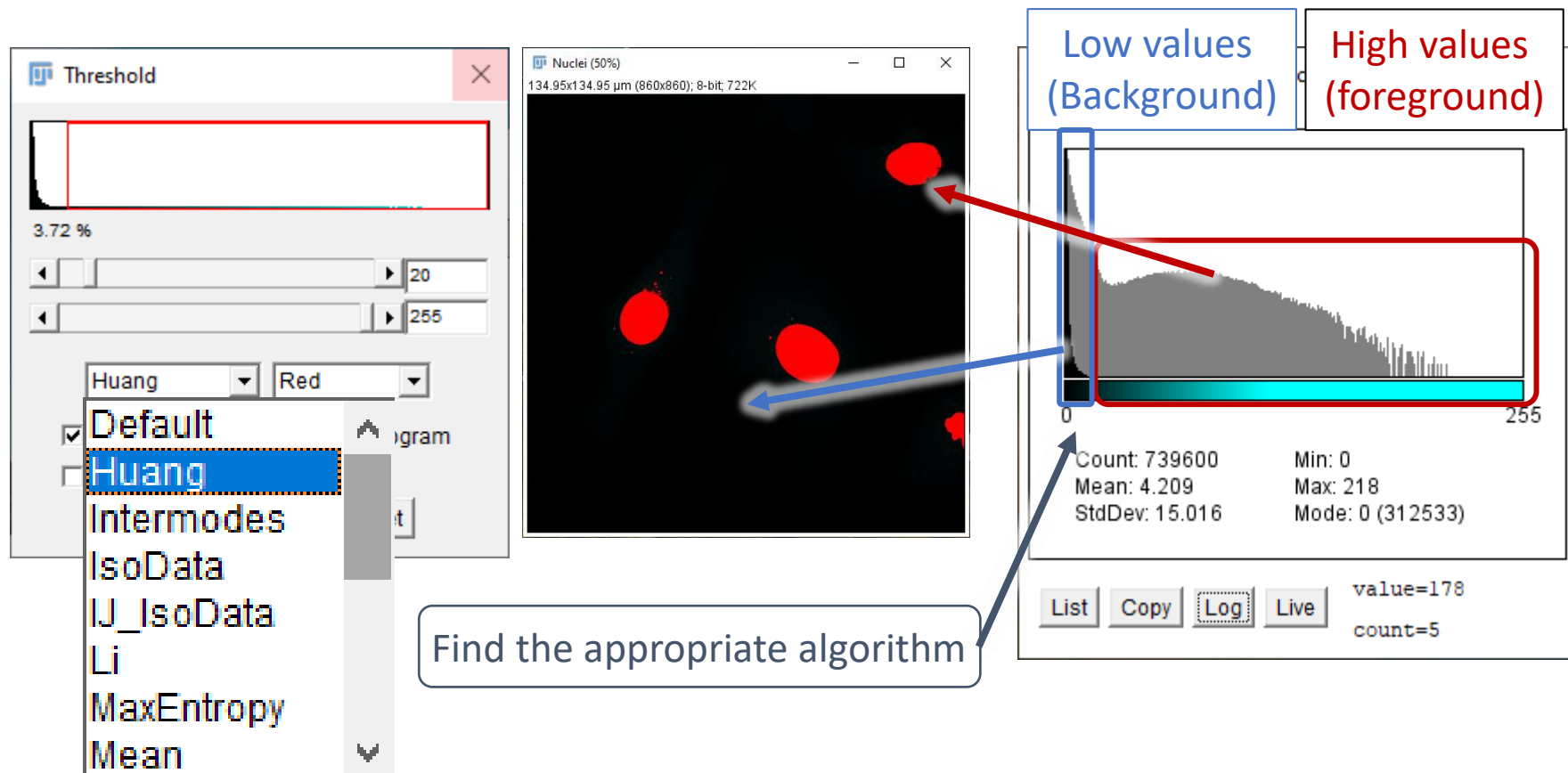
*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*





## Automatic counting – Thresholding

*Image / Adjust > Threshold...*

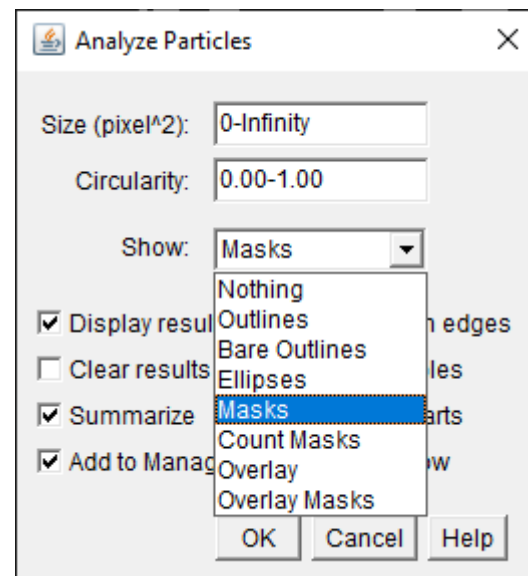
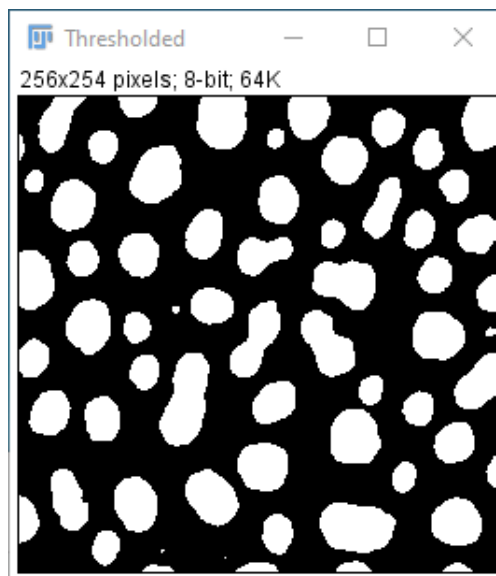
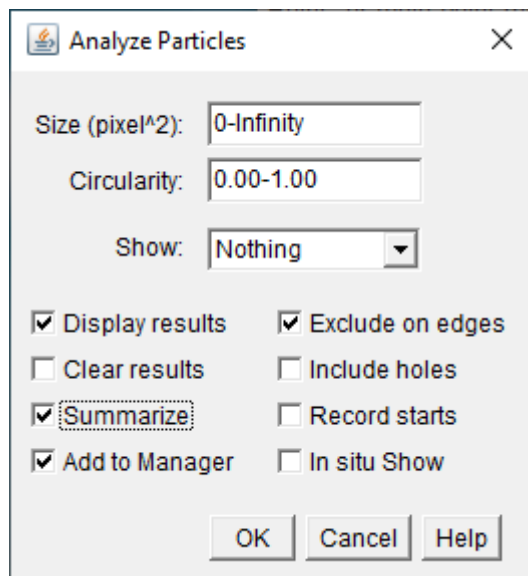






## Automatic counting – Analyze particles...

*Analyze / Analyze particles...*



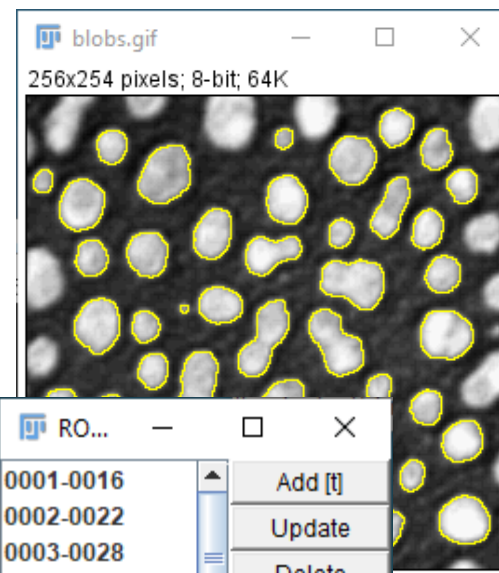
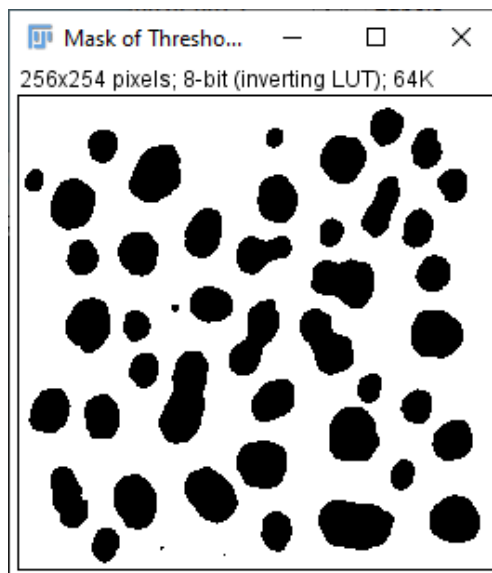


## Automatic counting – Analyze particles...

*Analyze / Analyze particles...*

Results

	Label	Area	Mean
37	Thresholded	170	255
38	Thresholded	472	255
39	Thresholded	613	255
40	Thresholded	543	255
41	Thresholded	555	255
42	Thresholded	858	255
43	Thresholded	281	255
44	Thresholded	215	255
45	Thresholded	3	255
46	Thresholded	1	255



Summary

Slice	Count	Total Area	Average Size	%Area	Mean
Thresholded	46	17686	384.478	27.199	255

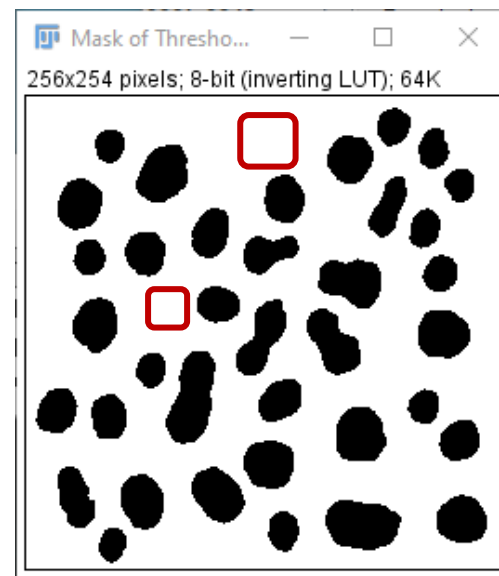
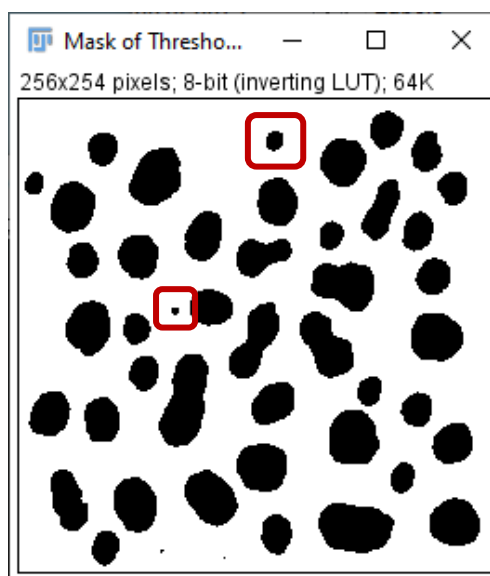
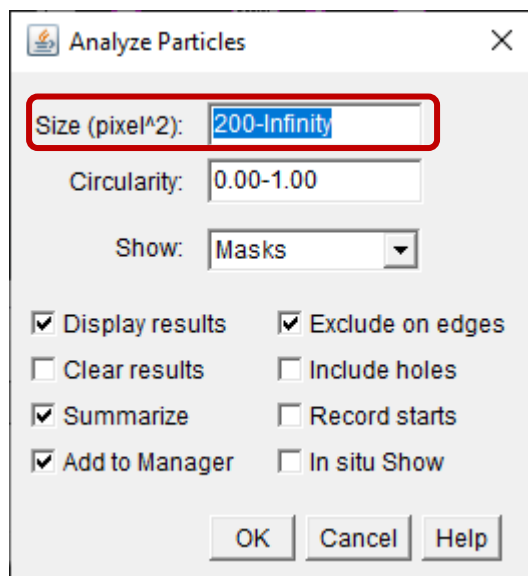
RO...

0001-0016	Add [t]
0002-0022	Update
0003-0028	Delete
0004-0027	Rename...
0005-0034	Measure
0006-0041	Deselect
0007-0045	Properties...
0008-0048	Flatten [F]
0009-0055	More »
0010-0059	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show All
0011-0058	<input type="checkbox"/> Labels
0012-0073	
0013-0071	
0014-0073	



## Automatic counting – Analyze particles...

*Analyze / Analyze particles...*

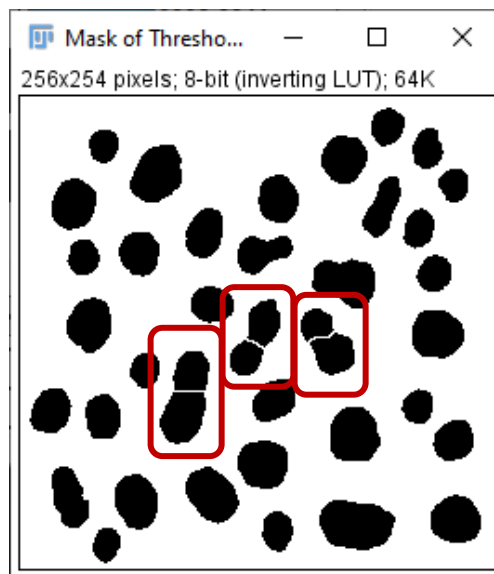
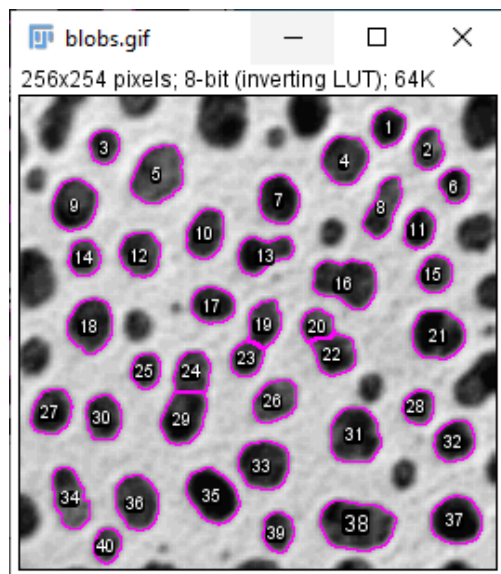


Specify a size range



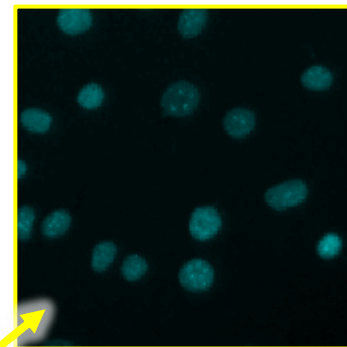
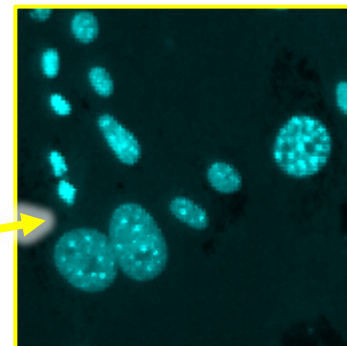
## Automatic counting – Split overlapping objects

*Process / Binary > Watershed*



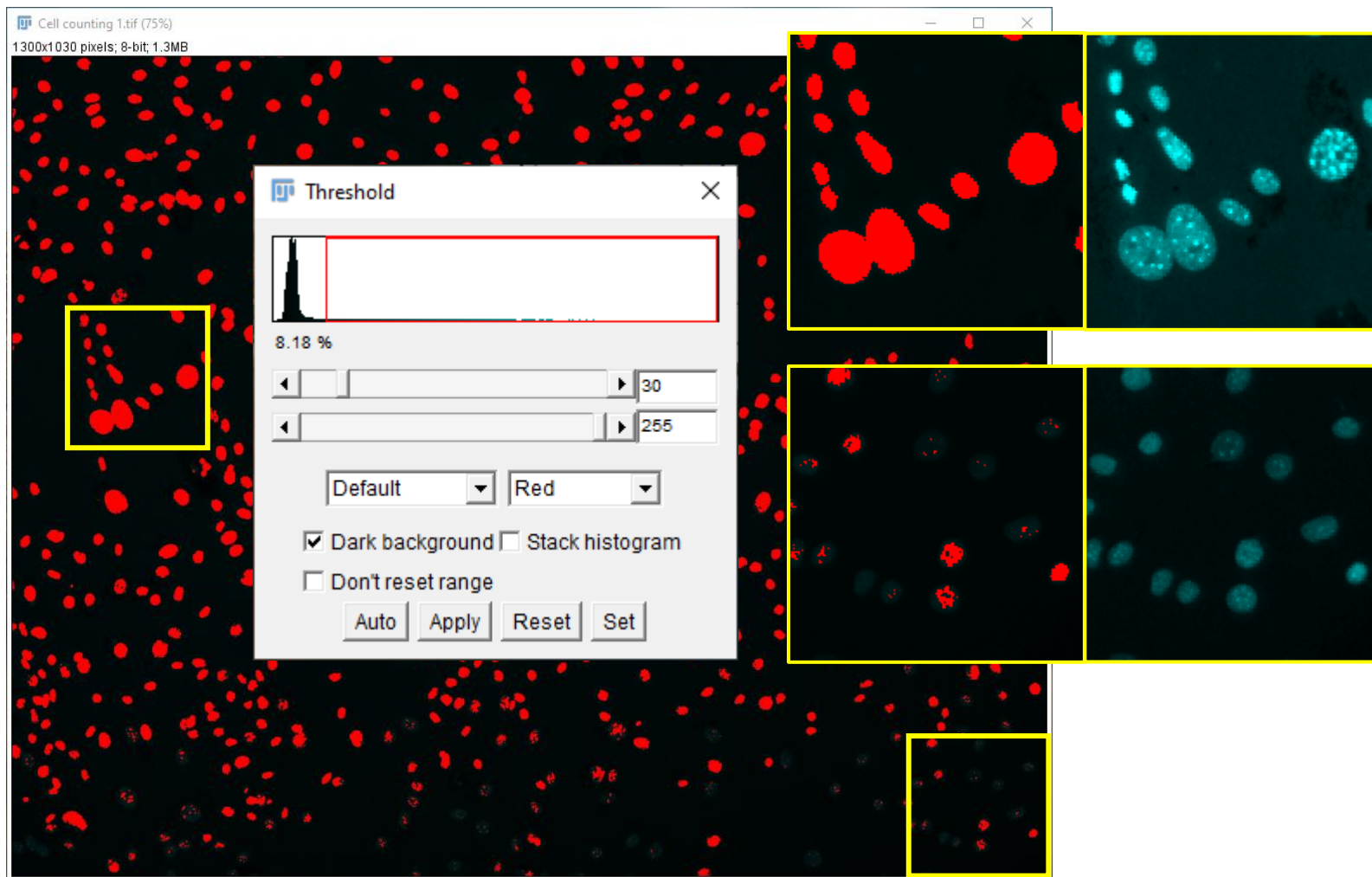


## Automatic counting – Real samples





## Automatic counting – Real samples







## Automatic counting – Real samples

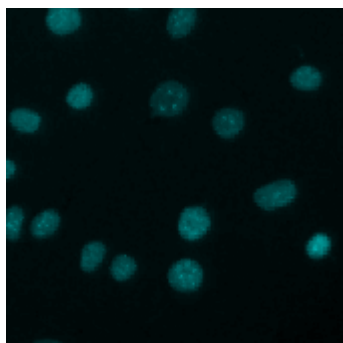
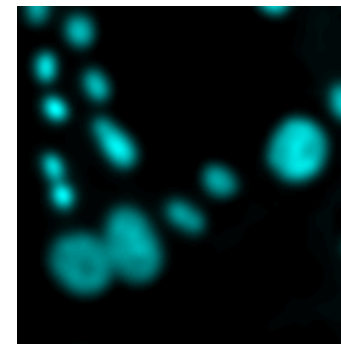
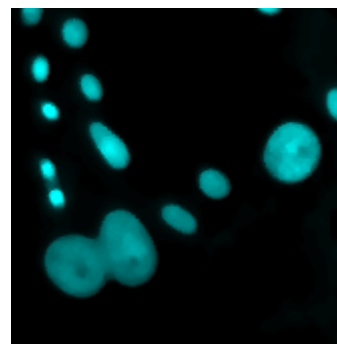
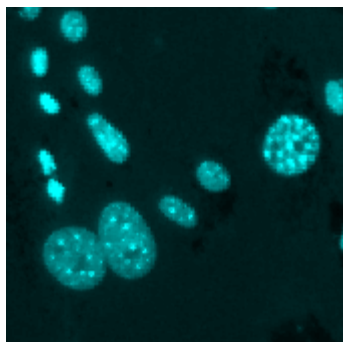
Pre-process the image before  
thresholding / find maxima.

Subtract background

Filter:  
Median / Gaussian / Mean?

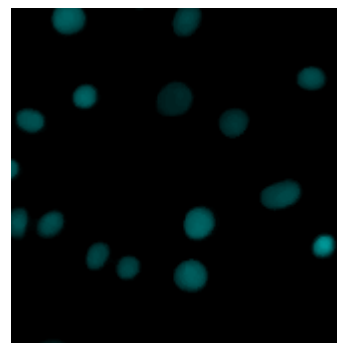
Median

Gaussian



Median – keeps edges – good  
for thresholding

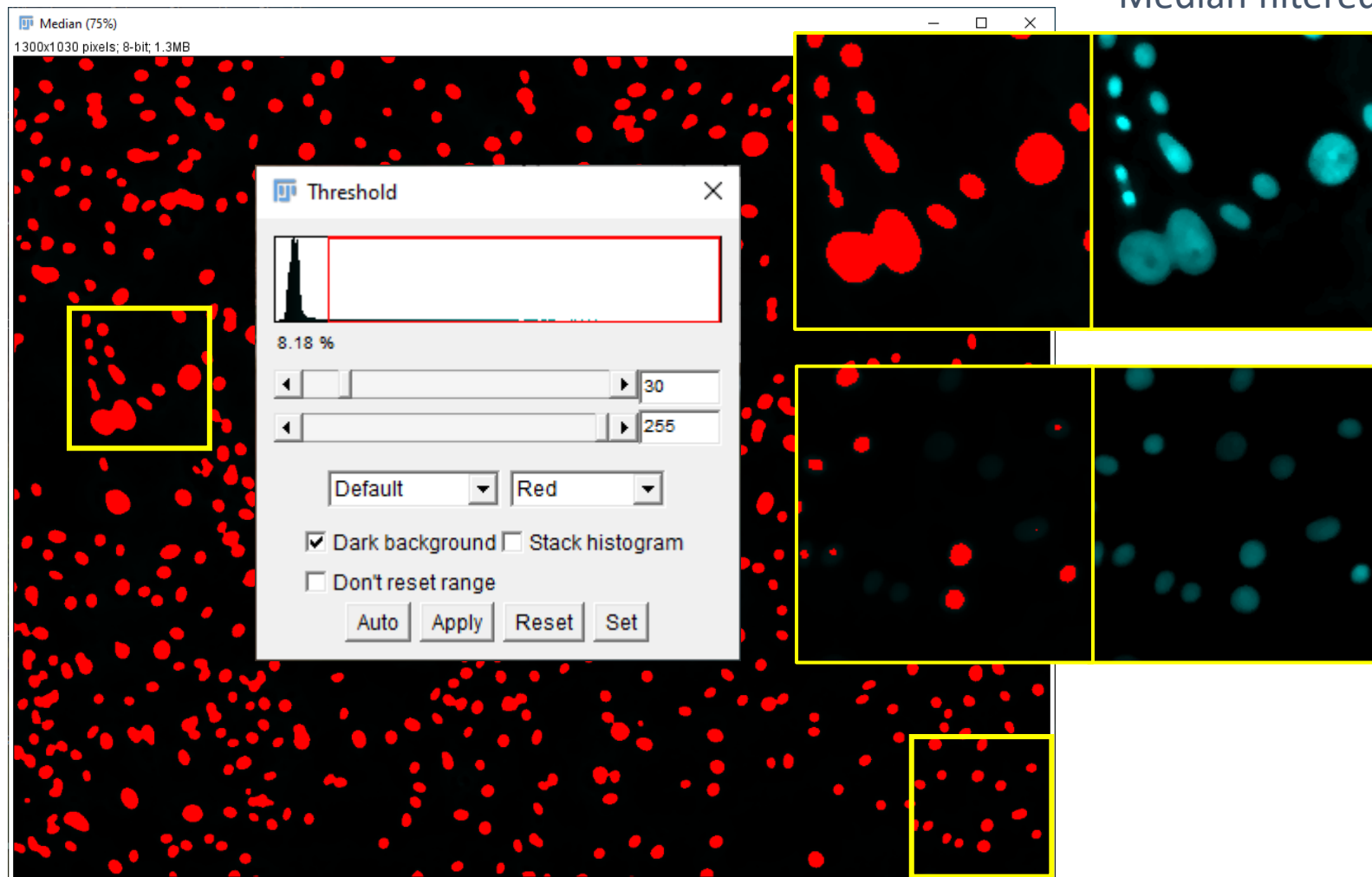
Gaussian – blurs & softens  
edges – good for find maxima





## Automatic counting – Real samples

Median filtered

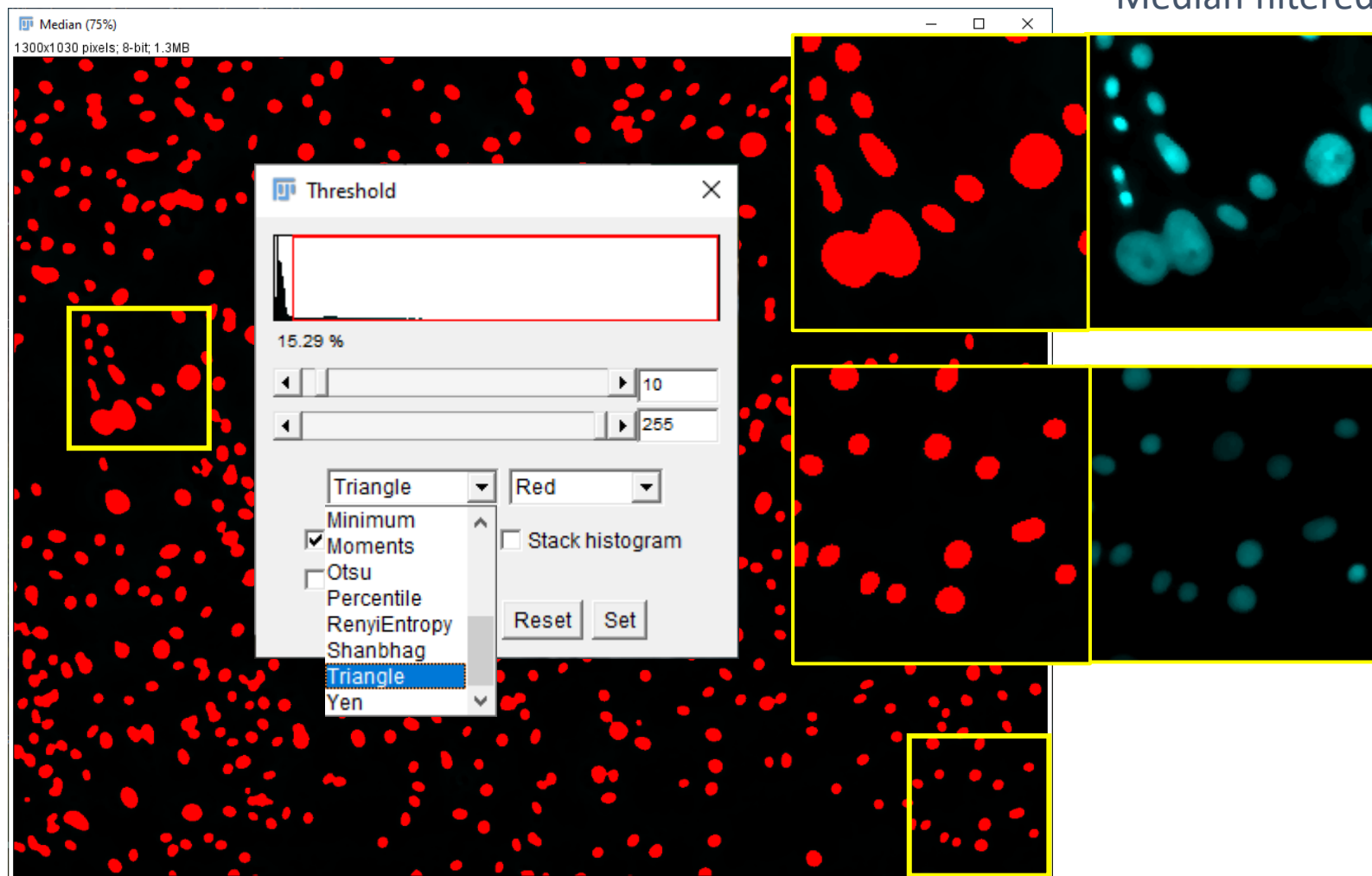






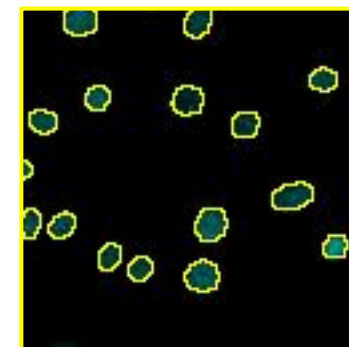
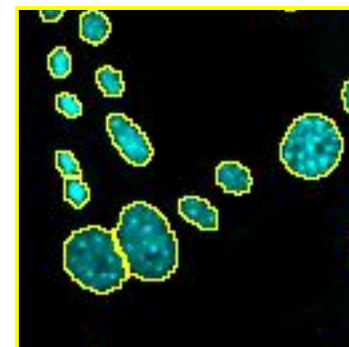
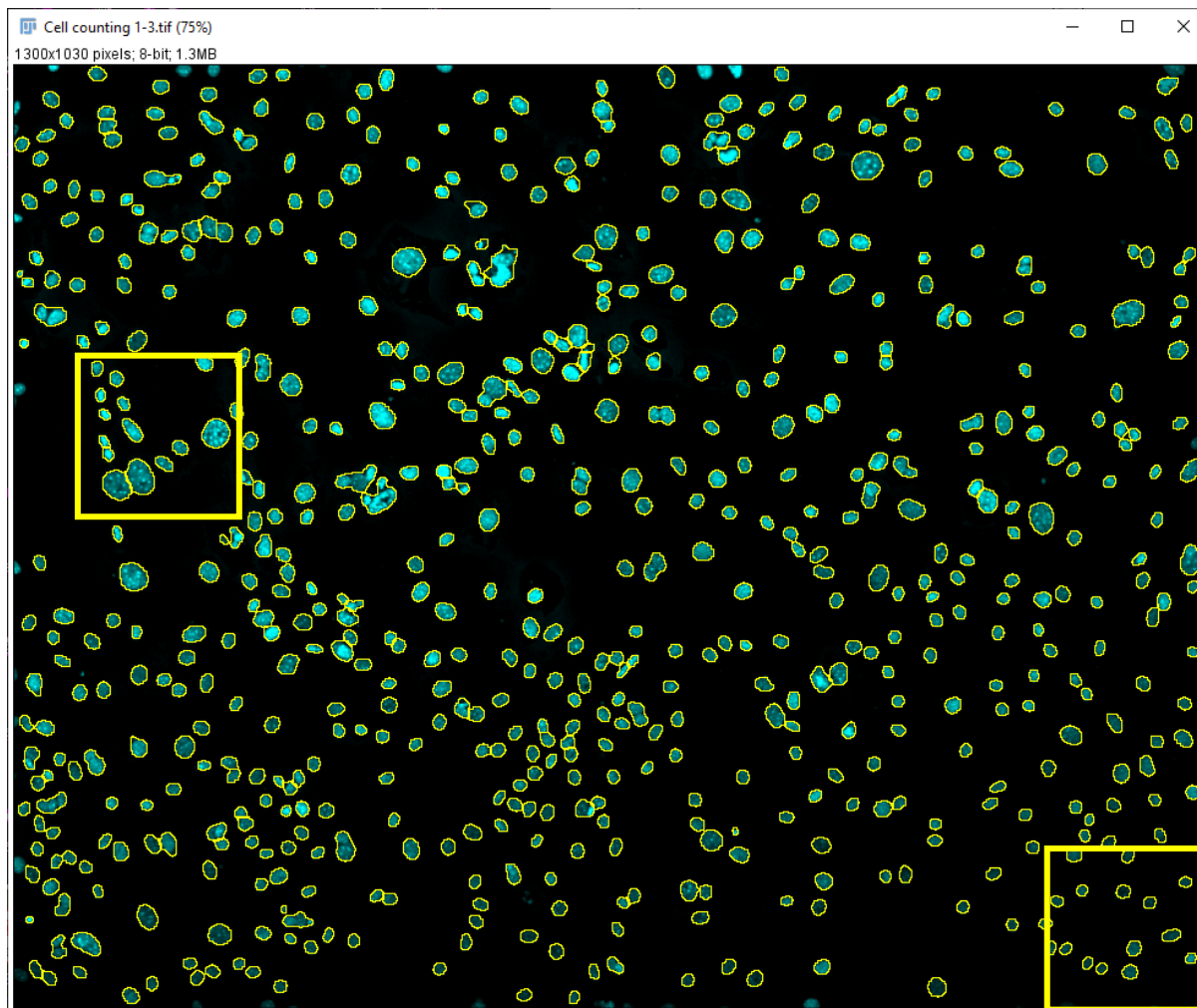
## Automatic counting – Real samples

Median filtered



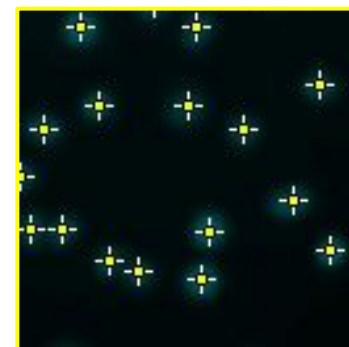
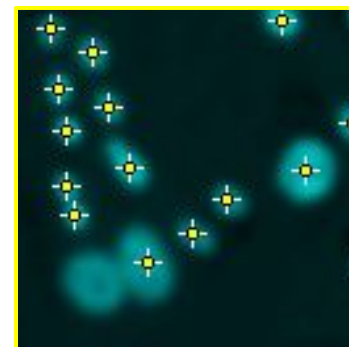
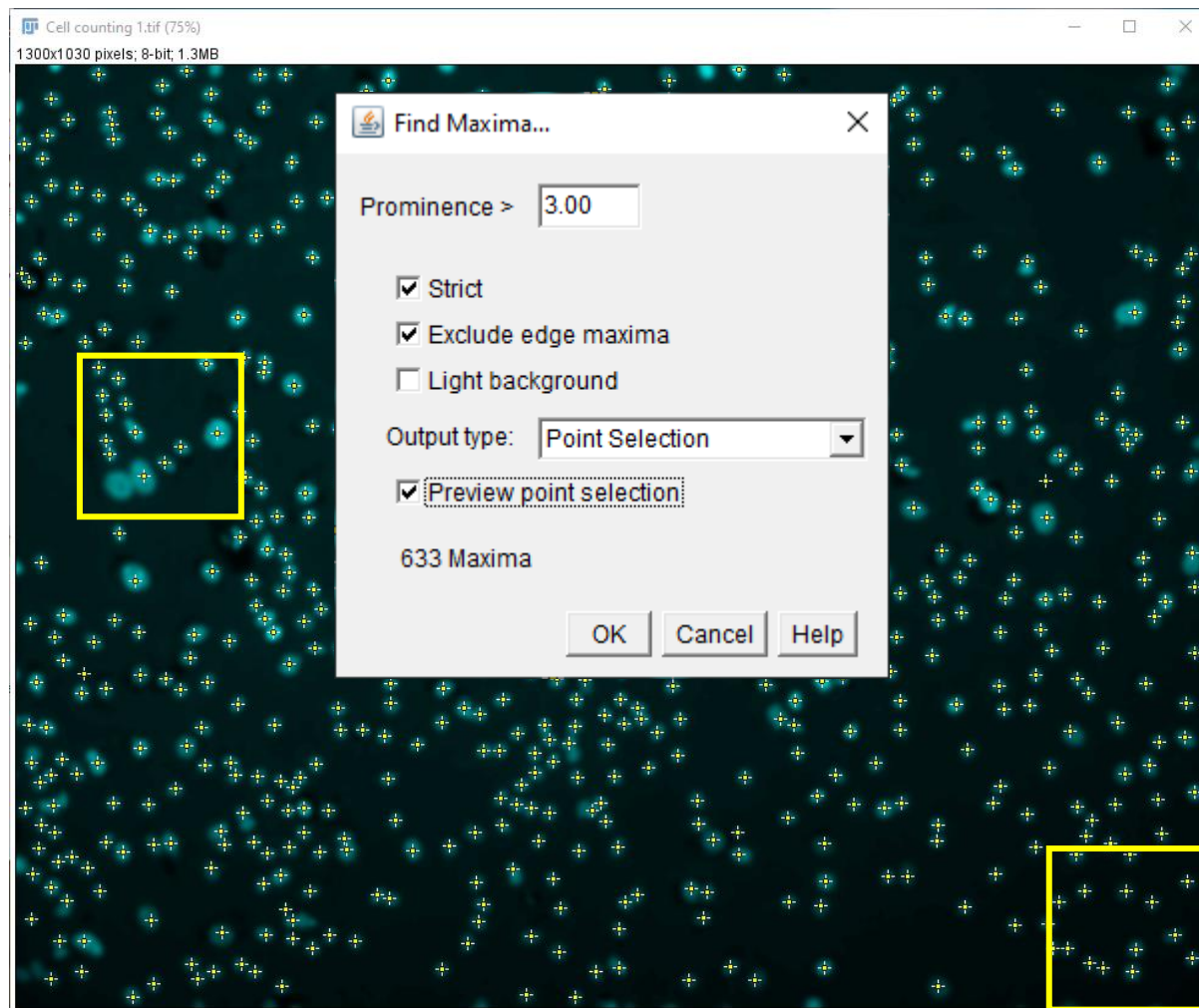


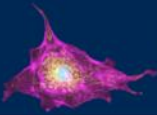
## Automatic counting – Real samples



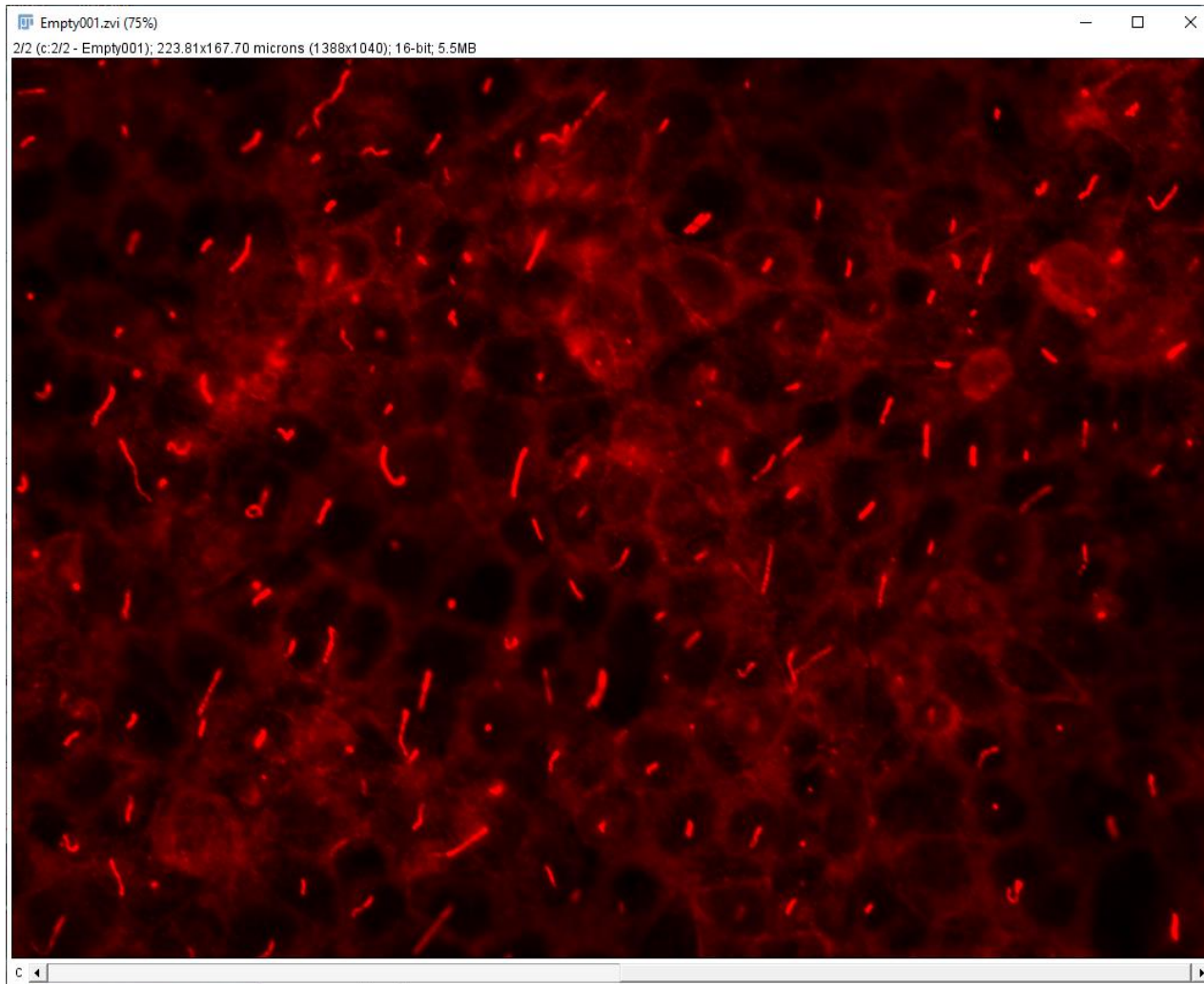


## Automatic counting – Real samples





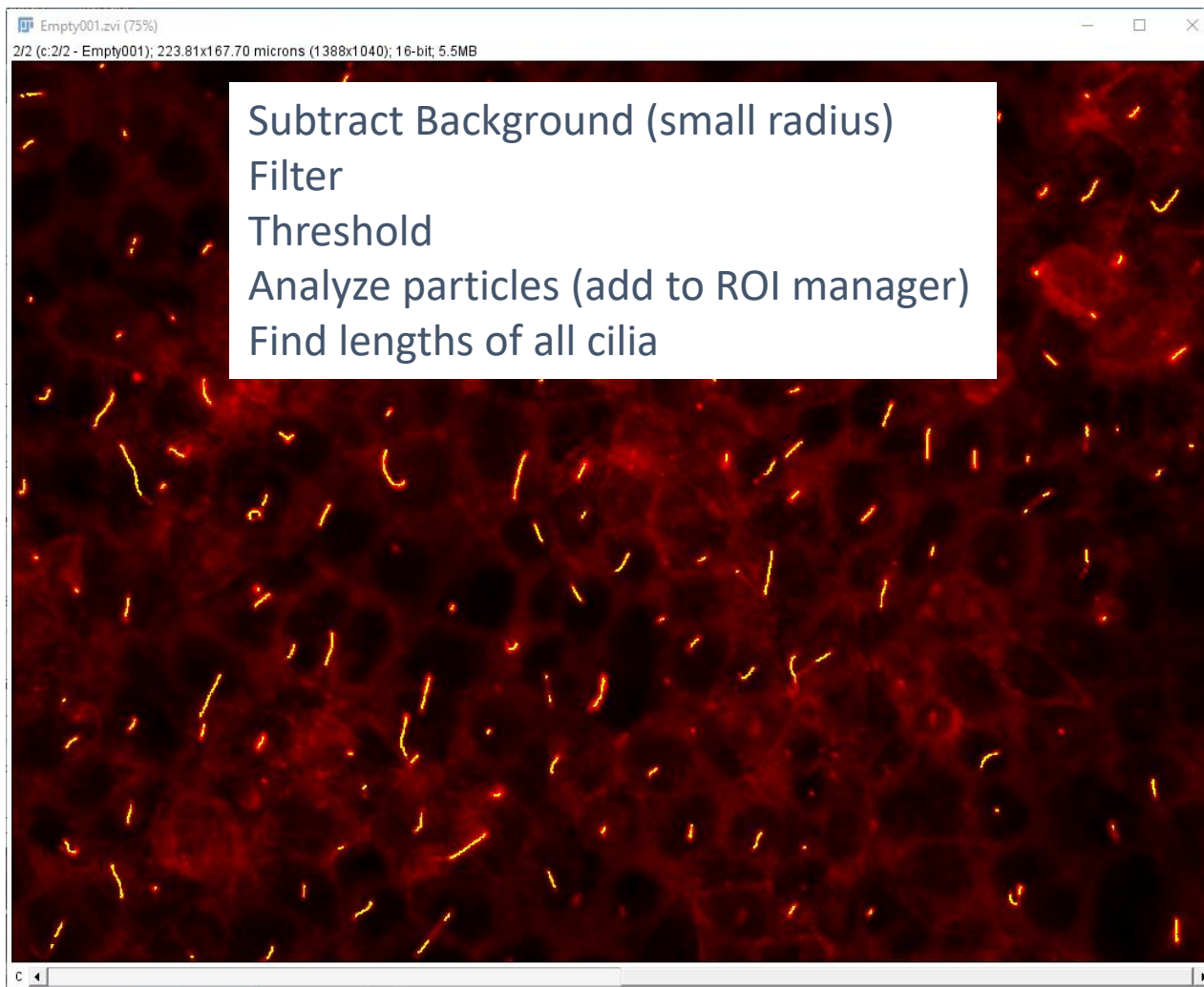
## Automatic counting – Real samples - Cilia







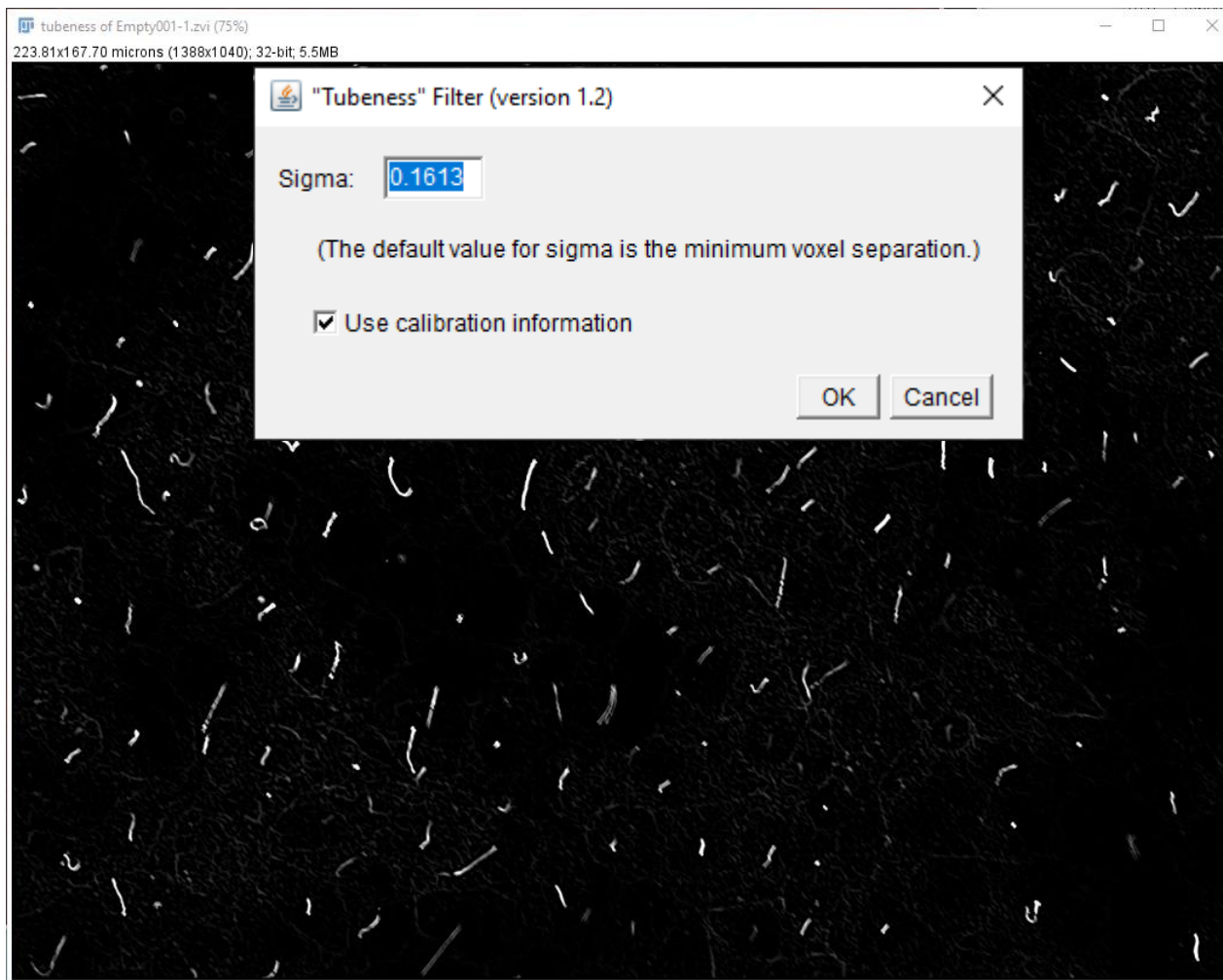
## Automatic counting – Real samples - Cilia





Alternative strategies – look for tube like structures...

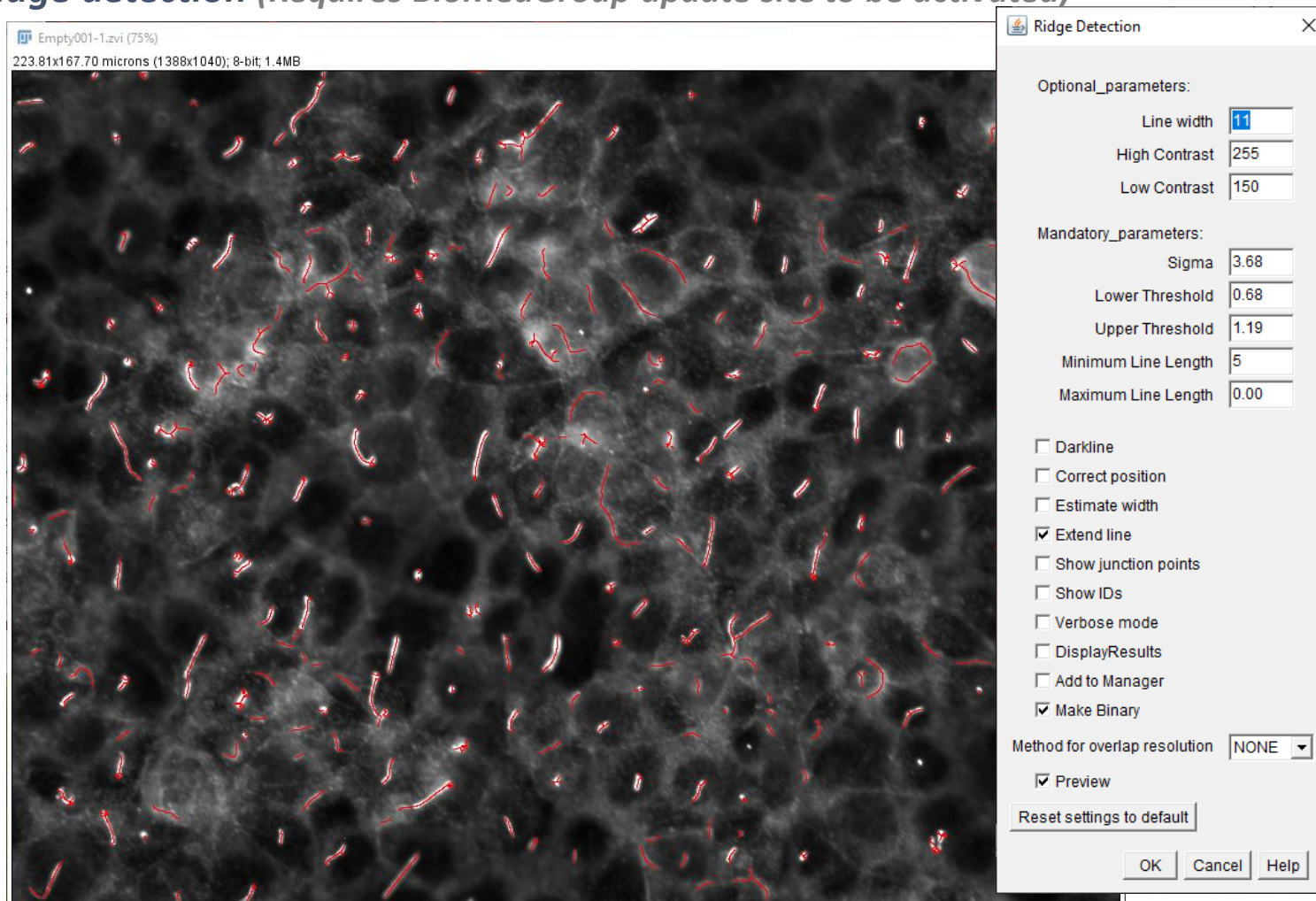
*Plugins / Analyze > Tubeness*





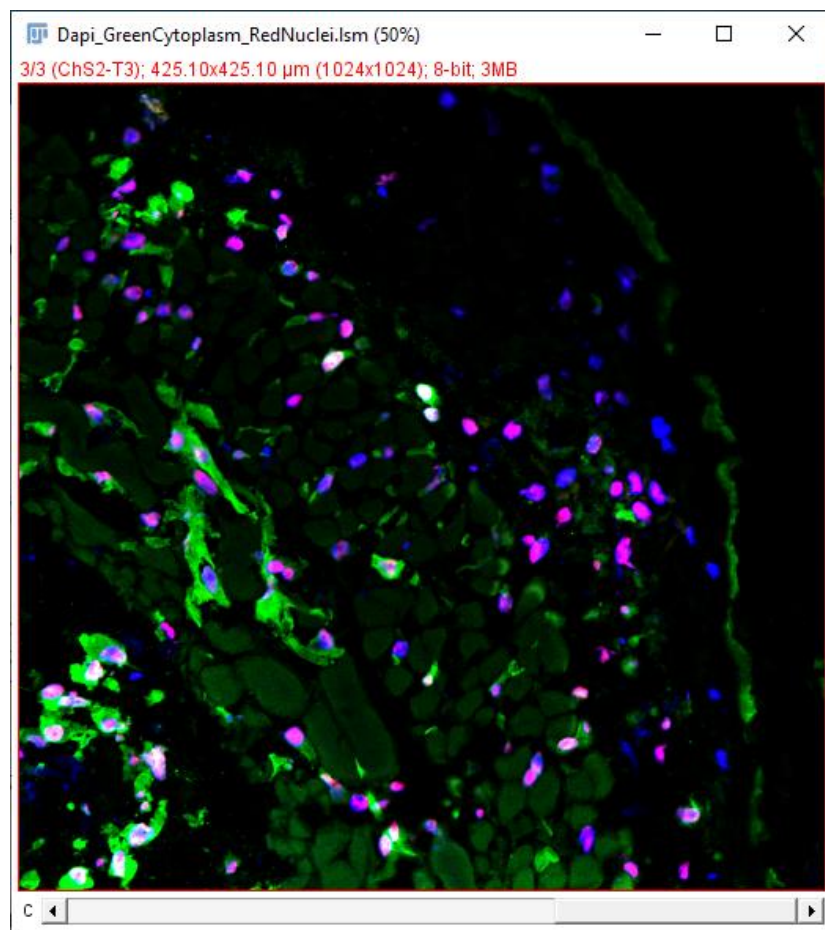
Alternative strategies – look for ridges...

*Plugins / Ridge detection (Requires BioMedGroup update site to be activated)*

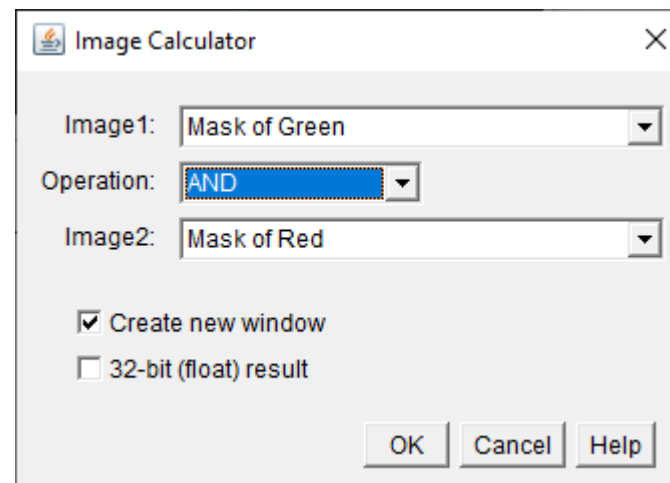




## Double & Triple stained cells



Identifying and counting double (or triple) stained cells is as simple as thresholding, with a single additional step...

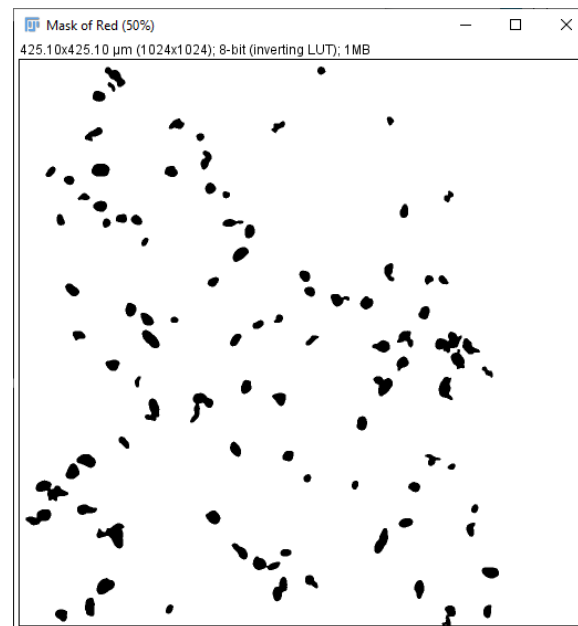
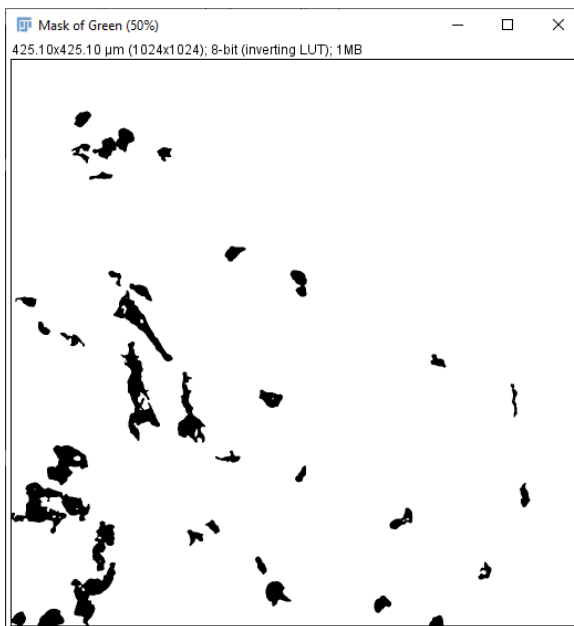
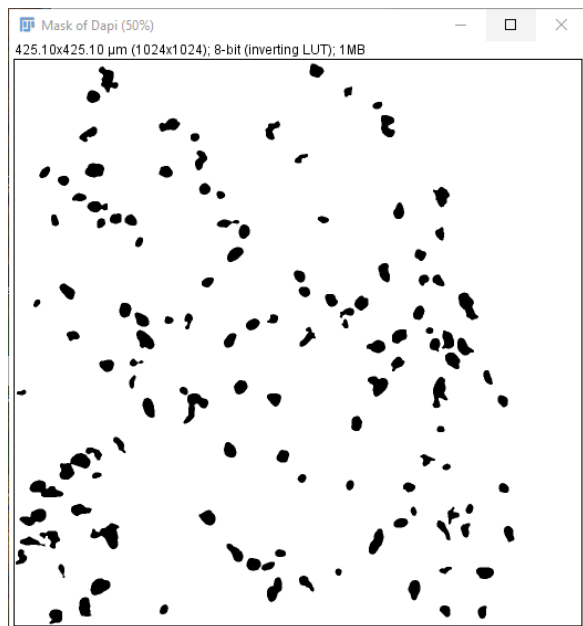






## Double & Triple stained cells

Threshold to binary images, then find overlaps between images...

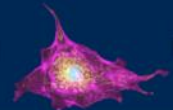




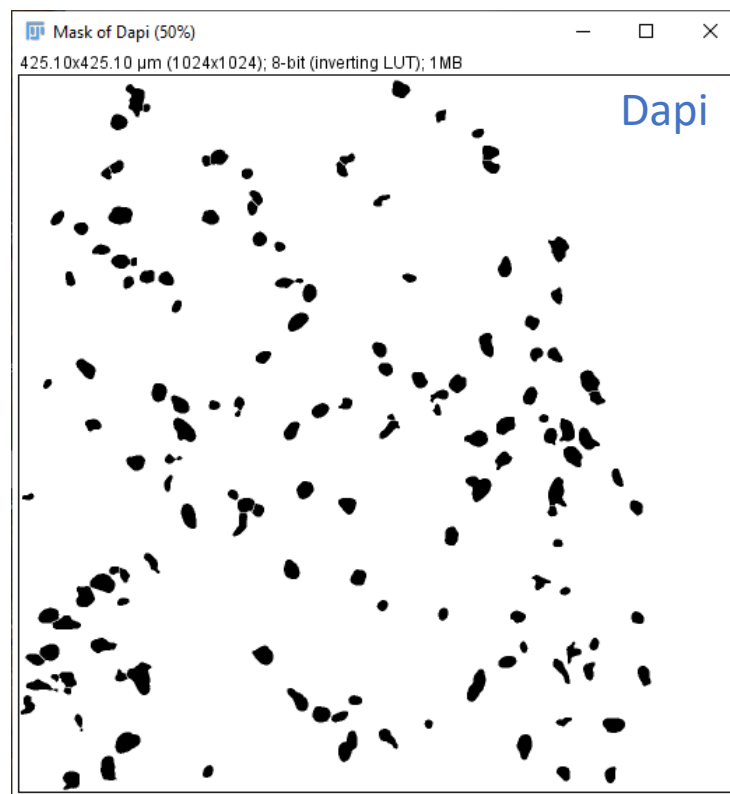
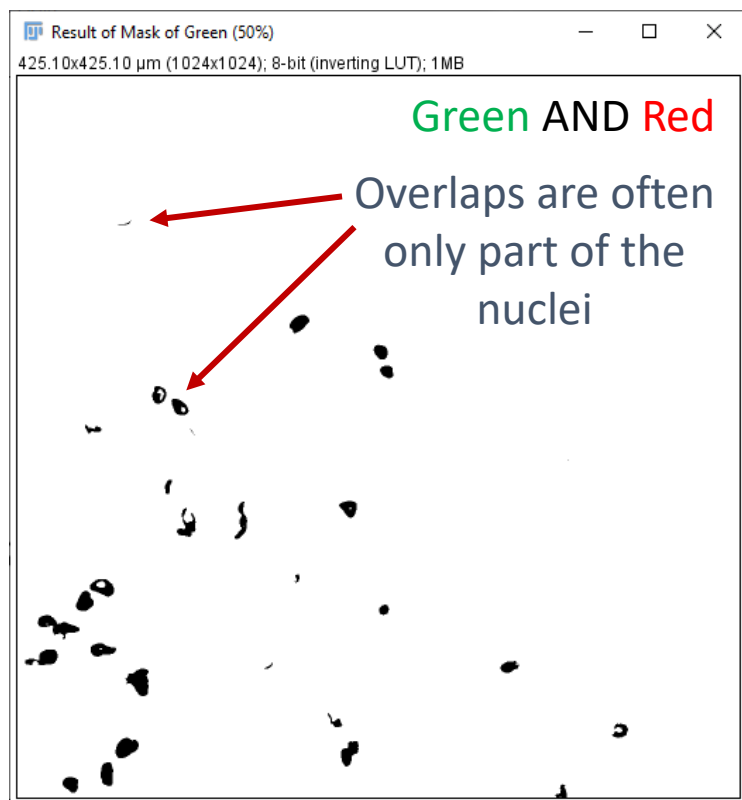
## Double & Triple stained cells

Find overlaps between images...





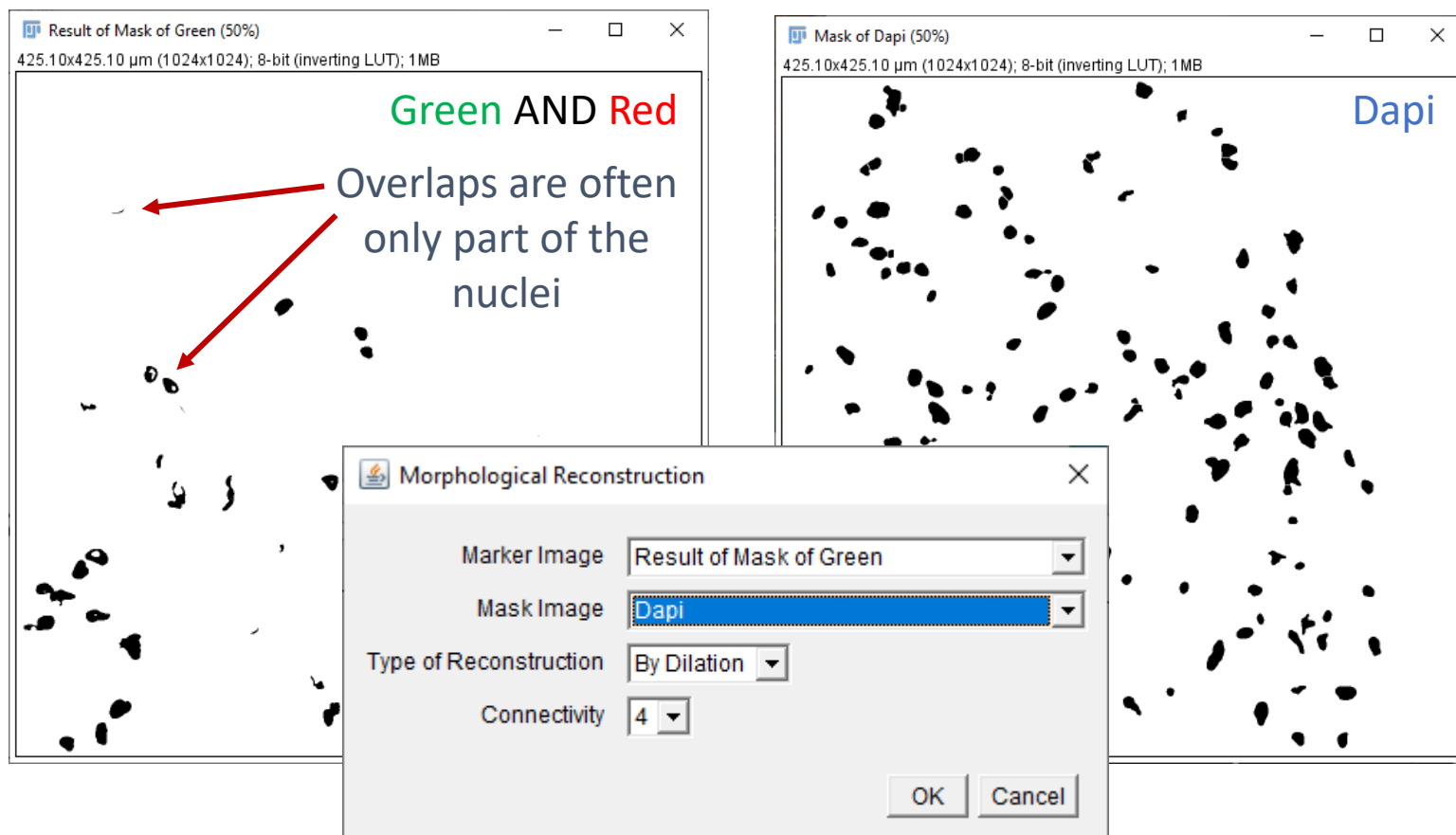
## Double & Triple stained cells





## Double & Triple stained cells

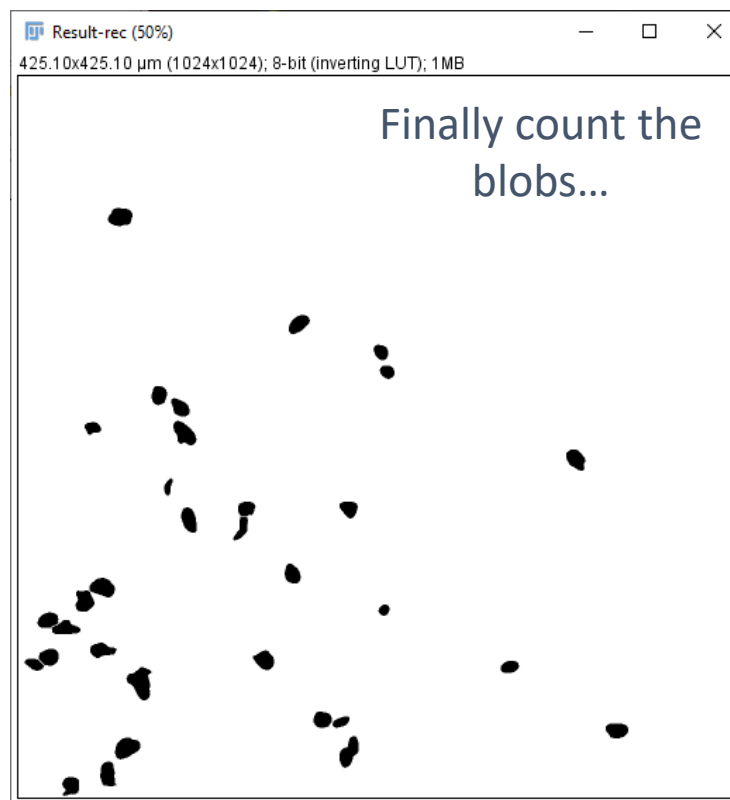
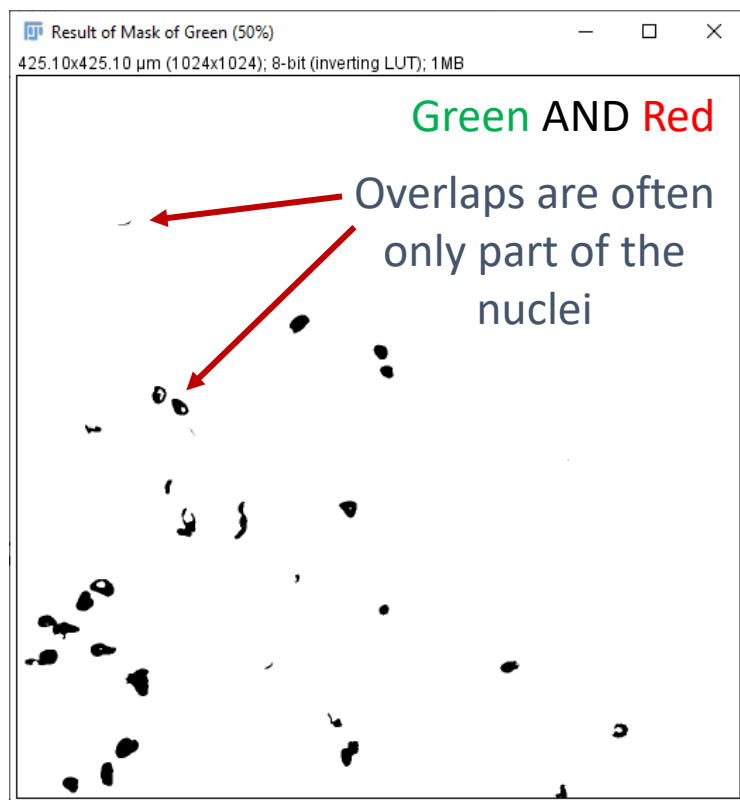
### *Plugins / MorpholibJ / Morphological Reconstruction*





## Double & Triple stained cells

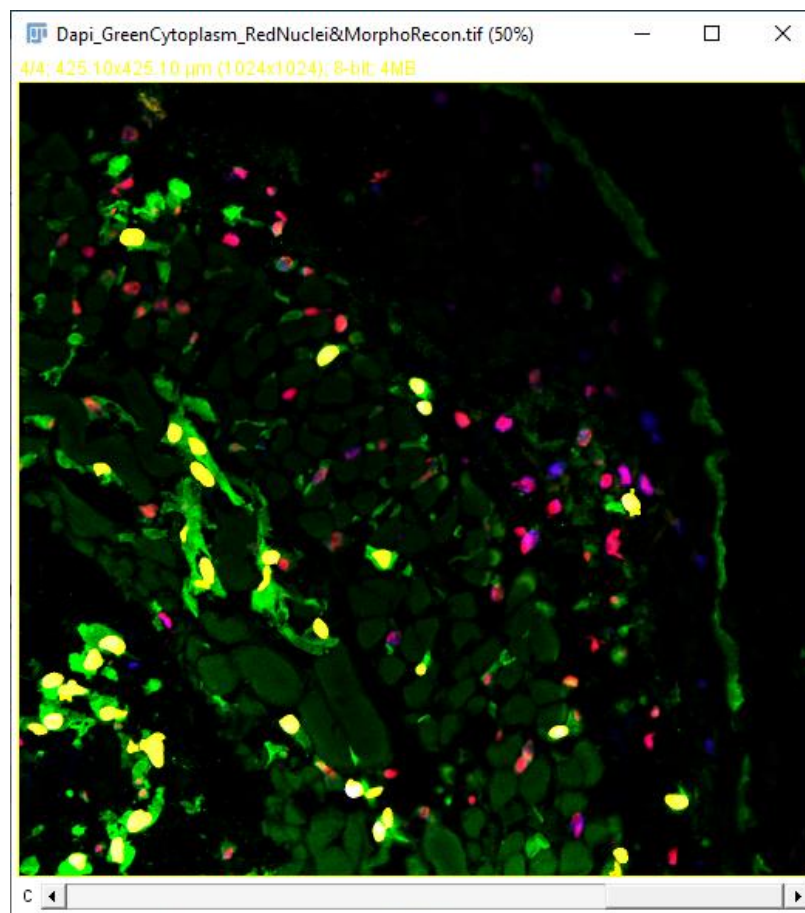
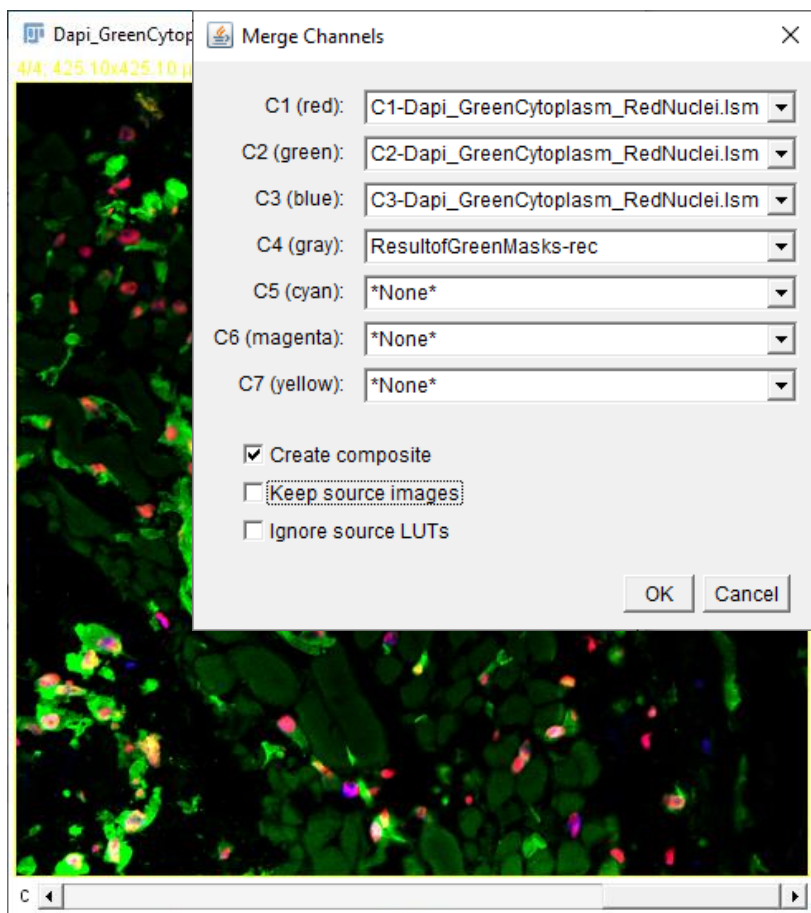
### *Plugins / MorpholibJ / Morphological Reconstruction*





## Double & Triple stained cells

Make an image to show the result





## Exercises Session 5 – Thresholding, Particle Analyzer and Find Maxima

Counting tools, filters, thresholding etc  
2 hour for exercises

13) Run a macro to check out some filters.

14) Count Blobs, thresholding

15) Count real samples – Nuclei

16) Cilia!

17) Double stained cells