PROC LOGISTIC EXAMPLE (SAS 9)

```
In [1]: title 'PROC LOGISTIC: Modeling with Categorical Predictors';
       data Neuralgia;
         input Treatment $ Sex $ Age Duration Pain $ @@;
         datalines;
       P F 68
                1 No
                       В
                         M 74 16
                                  No
                                      P F 67
                                               30
                                                  No
       P M 66 26 Yes B F 67 28
                                   No
                                      B F 77
                                              16
       A F
           71 12 No
                       B F 72 50
                                  No
                                      B F
                                          76
                                               9 Yes
       A M 71 17 Yes A F 63 27
                                   No A F 69 18 Yes
       B F 66 12 No
                       A M 62 42 No P F 64
                                              1 Yes
       A F 64 17 No
                       Р
                         M 74
                               4 No A F 72 25 No
       P M 70
               1 Yes B M 66 19 No B M 59 29 No
         F
           64 30 No
                       A M 70 28 No A M 69
                                               1 No
       B F 78
                       P M 83 1 Yes B F 69 42 No
              1 No
       B M 75 30 Yes P M 77 29 Yes P F 79 20 Yes
       A M 70 12 No
                      A F 69 12 No
                                      B F 65 14 No
       B M 70 1 No B M 67 23 No A M 76 25 Yes
       P M 78 12 Yes B M 77
                               1 Yes B F 69
                                              24 No
       P M 66
              4 Yes P F 65 29 No P M 60 26 Yes
           67 11 No
       A M
       P F 72 27 No
                       P F 70 13 Yes A M
                                          75
                                              6 Yes
       B F 65 7 No
                       P F 68 27 Yes P M 68 11 Yes
        M 67 17 Yes B M 70 22 No A M 65 15 No
        F 67 1 Yes A M 67 10 No P F 72 11 Yes
       A F 74
               1 No
                       B M 80 21 Yes A F 69
                                              3 No
       proc logistic data=Neuralgia;
         class Treatment Sex;
         model Pain= Treatment Sex Treatment*Sex Age Duration / expb;
       run;
       proc logistic data=Neuralgia;
         class Treatment Sex;
         model Pain=Treatment|Sex@2 Age Duration
              /selection=forward expb;
       run;
       ods graphics on;
       proc logistic data=Neuralgia plots(only)=(oddsratio(range=clip));
         class Treatment Sex /param=ref;
         model Pain= Treatment Sex Age / noor;
         oddsratio Treatment;
         oddsratio Sex;
         oddsratio Age;
         contrast 'Pairwise A vs P' Treatment 1 0 / estimate=exp;
         contrast 'Pairwise B vs P' Treatment 0 1 / estimate=exp;
         contrast 'Pairwise A vs B' Treatment 1 -1 / estimate=exp;
         contrast 'Female vs Male' Sex 1 / estimate=exp;
         effectplot / at(Sex=all) noobs;
```

effectplot slicefit(sliceby=Sex plotby=Treatment) / noobs;
run;

SAS server started using Context SAS Studio compute context with SESSION_ID=549a896f-a1a8-4a32-833b-44b9c1aebd20-ses0000

PROC LOGISTIC: Modeling with Categorical Predictors

The LOGISTIC Procedure

Model Information		
Data Set	WORK.NEURALGIA	
Response Variable	Pain	
Number of Response Levels	2	
Model	binary logit	
Optimization Technique	Fisher's scoring	

Number of Observations Read	60
Number of Observations Used	60

Response Profile			
Ordered Value	Pain	Total Frequency	
1	No	35	
2	Yes	25	

Probability modeled is Pain='No'.

Class Level Information					
	Class	Class Level Information			
Class	Value Design Variabl				
Treatment	A	1	0		
	В	0	1		
	Р	-1	-1		
Sex	F	1			
	М	-1			

Model Convergence Status

Model Fit Statistic				
Criterion	Intercept Only	Intercept and Covariates		
AIC	83.503	64.596		
sc	85.598	81.351		
-2 Log L	81.503	48.596		

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0				
Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	32.9074	7	<.0001	
Score	25.6812	7	0.0006	
Wald	14.2879	7	0.0463	

Joint Test					
Effect	Effect DF Wald Chi-Square				
Treatment	2	11.9886	0.0025		
Sex	1	5.3104	0.0212		
Treatment*Sex	2	0.1412	0.9318		
Age	1	7.2744	0.0070		
Duration	1	0.0247	0.8752		

Note: Under full-rank parameterizations, Type 3 effect tests are replaced by joint tests. The joint test for an effect is a test that all the parameters associated with that effect are zero. Such joint tests might not be equivalent to Type 3 effect tests under GLM parameterization.

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimat						Estimates		
Parameter	Parameter DF Estimate			Estimate	Standard Error	Wald Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	Exp(Est)
Intercept			1	19.2236	7.1315	7.2661	0.0070	2.232E8
Treatment	A		1	0.8483	0.5502	2.3773	0.1231	2.336
Treatment	В		1	1.4949	0.6622	5.0956	0.0240	4.459
Sex	F		1	0.9173	0.3981	5.3104	0.0212	2.503
Treatment*Sex	A	F	1	-0.2010	0.5568	0.1304	0.7180	0.818
Treatment*Sex	В	F	1	0.0487	0.5563	0.0077	0.9302	1.050
Age			1	-0.2688	0.0996	7.2744	0.0070	0.764
Duration			1	0.00523	0.0333	0.0247	0.8752	1.005

Odds Ratio Estimates				
Effect	Point Estimate	95% Wald ce Limits		
Age	0.764	0.629	0.929	
Duration	1.005	0.942	1.073	

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses				
Percent Concordant	90.5	Somers' D	0.810	
Percent Discordant	9.5	Gamma	0.810	
Percent Tied	0.0	Tau-a	0.401	
Pairs	875	С	0.905	

PROC LOGISTIC: Modeling with Categorical Predictors

The LOGISTIC Procedure

	Model Information
Data Set	WORK.NEURALGIA
Response Variable	Pain
Number of Response Levels	2
Model	binary logit
Optimization Technique	Fisher's scoring

Number of Observations Read	60
Number of Observations Used	60

	Response Profile		
Ordered Value	Pain	Total Frequency	
1	No	35	
2	Yes	25	

Probability modeled is Pain='No'.

Forward Selection Procedure

Class Level Information				
Class	Value	lue Design Variables		
Treatment	A	1	0	
	В	0	1	
	Р	-1	-1	
Sex	F	1		
	М	-1		

Step 0. Intercept entered:

Model Convergence Status

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Residua	l Chi-	Square Test
Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
25.6812	7	0.0006

Step 1. Effect Treatment entered:

Model Convergence Status

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

		Model Fit Statistics
Criterion Intercept Only		Intercept and Covariates
AIC	83.503	73.480
sc	85.598	79.763
-2 Log L	81.503	67.480

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	14.0230	2	0.0009
Score	13.7143	2	0.0011
Wald	12.0695	2	0.0024

Residual Chi-Square Tes			
Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq	
15.5126	5	0.0084	

Step 2. Effect Age entered:

Model Convergence Status

Model Fit Statistic		
Criterion Intercept Only		Intercept and Covariates
AIC	83.503	63.044

	Model Fit Statistics	
Criterion Intercept Or		Intercept and Covariates
sc	85.598	71.421
-2 Log L	81.503	55.044

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	DF	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	26.4591	3	<.0001
Score	21.8943	3	<.0001
Wald	14.1262	3	0.0027

	Residua	l Chi-	Square Test
(Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
	6.1267	4	0.1899

Step 3. Effect Sex entered:

Model Convergence Status

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

		Model Fit Statistics
Criterion	Intercept Only	Intercept and Covariates
AIC	83.503	58.767
sc	85.598	69.239
-2 Log L	81.503	48.767

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	DF	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	32.7358	4	<.0001
Score	25.6611	4	<.0001
Wald	14.5666	4	0.0057

Residua	l Chi-	Square Test
Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq
0.1734	3	0.9818

Note: No (additional) effects met the 0.05 significance level for entry into the model.

Summary of Forward Sele					
Step	Effect Entered	DF	Number In	Score Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
1	Treatment	2	1	13.7143	0.0011
2	Age	1	2	10.6038	0.0011
3	Sex	1	3	5.9959	0.0143

	•	Type 3 Analysis of Effects			
Effect	DF	Wald Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq		
Treatment	2	12.6928	0.0018		
Sex	1	5.3013	0.0213		
Age	1	7.6314	0.0057		

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates							Estimates	
Parameter		DF	DF Estimate Standard Chi-Square Pr > ChiSq Exp					
Intercept		1	19.0804	6.7882	7.9007	0.0049	1.9343E8	
Treatment	Α	1	0.8772	0.5274	2.7662	0.0963	2.404	
Treatment	В	1	1.4246	0.6036	5.5711	0.0183	4.156	
Sex	F	1	0.9118	0.3960	5.3013	0.0213	2.489	
Age		1	-0.2650	0.0959	7.6314	0.0057	0.767	

Odds Ratio Estimates				
Effect	Point Estimate	Confide	95% Wald nce Limits	
Treatment A vs P	24.022	3.295	175.121	
Treatment B vs P	41.528	4.500	383.262	
Sex F vs M	6.194	1.312	29.248	
Age	0.767	0.636	0.926	

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses				
Percent Concordant	90.3	Somers' D	0.811	
Percent Discordant	9.1	Gamma	0.816	
Percent Tied	0.6	Tau-a	0.401	
Pairs	875	С	0.906	

The LOGISTIC Procedure

Model Informatio		
Data Set	WORK.NEURALGIA	
Response Variable	Pain	
Number of Response Levels	2	
Model	binary logit	
Optimization Technique	Fisher's scoring	

Number of Observations Read	60
Number of Observations Used	60

	onse Profile	
Ordered Value	Pain	Total Frequency
1	No	35
2	Yes	25

Probability modeled is Pain='No'.

Class Level Information					
Class	Value Design Variable				
Treatment	Α	1	0		
	В	0	1		
	Р	0	0		
Sex	F	1			
	М	0			

Model Convergence Status

Model Fit Statistic				
Criterion	Intercept Only	Intercept and Covariates		
AIC	83.503	58.767		
sc	85.598	69.239		
-2 Log L	81.503	48.767		

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0				
Test	Chi-Square	DF	Pr > ChiSq	

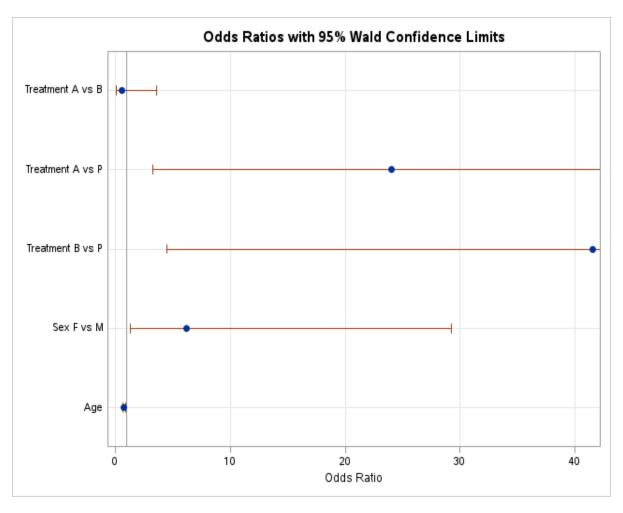
Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0							
Test Chi-Square DF Pr > ChiS							
Likelihood Ratio	32.7358	4	<.0001				
Score	25.6611	4	<.0001				
Wald	14.5666	4	0.0057				

Type 3 Analysis of Effects						
Effect	DF	Wald Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq			
Treatment	2	12.6928	0.0018			
Sex	1	5.3013	0.0213			
Age	1	7.6314	0.0057			

Analysis of Maximum Likelihood Estimates								
Parameter		DF	Estimate	Estimate Standard Error		Pr > ChiSq		
Intercept		1	15.8669	6.4056	6.1357	0.0132		
Treatment	A	1	3.1790	1.0135	9.8375	0.0017		
Treatment	В	1	3.7264	1.1339	10.8006	0.0010		
Sex	Sex F		1.8235	0.7920	5.3013	0.0213		
Age		1	-0.2650	0.0959	7.6314	0.0057		

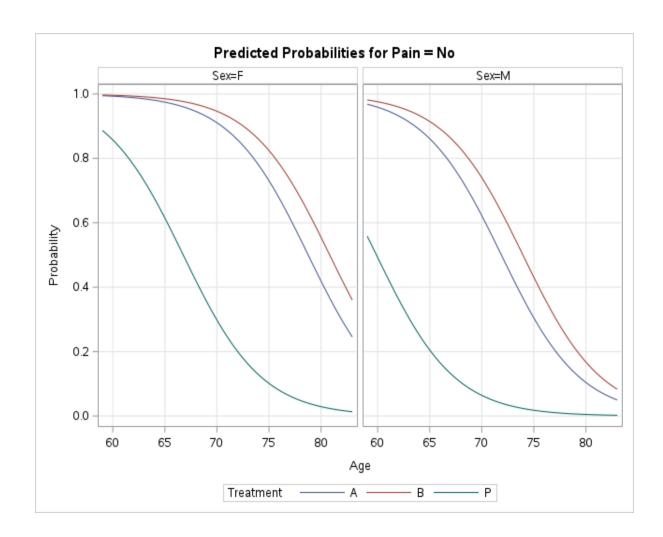
Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses				
Percent Concordant 90.3 Somers' D 0.811				
Percent Discordant	9.1	Gamma	0.816	
Percent Tied	0.6	Tau-a	0.401	
Pairs	875	С	0.906	

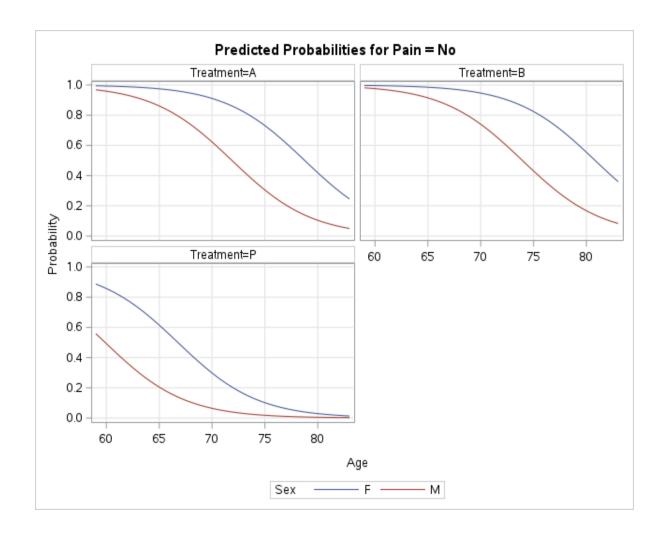
Odds Ratio Estimates and Wald Confidence Intervals						
Odds Ratio	Estimate	95% Conf	idence Limits			
Treatment A vs B	0.578	0.093	3.589			
Treatment A vs P	24.022	3.295	175.121			
Treatment B vs P	41.528	4.500	383.262			
Sex F vs M	6.194	1.312	29.248			
Age	0.767	0.636	0.926			



Contrast Test Results							
Contrast	DF	Wald Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq				
Pairwise A vs P	1	9.8375	0.0017				
Pairwise B vs P	1	10.8006	0.0010				
Pairwise A vs B	1	0.3455	0.5567				
Female vs Male	1	5.3013	0.0213				

Contrast Estimation and Testing Results by Row									
Contrast	Туре	Row	Estimate	Standard Error	Alpha	C	onfidence Limits	Wald Chi- Square	Pr > ChiSq
Pairwise A vs P	EXP	1	24.0218	24.3473	0.05	3.2951	175.1	9.8375	0.0017
Pairwise B vs P	EXP	1	41.5284	47.0877	0.05	4.4998	383.3	10.8006	0.0010
Pairwise A vs B	EXP	1	0.5784	0.5387	0.05	0.0932	3.5889	0.3455	0.5567
Female vs Male	EXP	1	6.1937	4.9053	0.05	1.3116	29.2476	5.3013	0.0213





PROC LOGSELECT (CAS enabled Procedure)

```
In [2]: cas mySession sessopts=(caslib=casuser timeout=1800 locale="en_US");
libname casuser cas;
```

```
ods listing close;ods html5 (id=saspy_internal) options(bitmap_mode='inline') de
vice=svg style=HTMLBlue; ods graphics on /
68 ! outputfmt=png;
NOTE: Writing HTML5(SASPY INTERNAL) Body file: sashtml1.htm
69
70
    cas mySession sessopts=(caslib=casuser timeout=1800 locale="en_US");
NOTE: The session MYSESSION connected successfully to Cloud Analytic Services sas-cas
-server-default-client using port 5570. The
      UUID is b2da7e84-a634-014b-a369-c5f8d1e66ee9. The user is danny.modlin@sas.com
and the active caslib is
      CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com).
NOTE: The SAS option SESSREF was updated with the value MYSESSION.
NOTE: The SAS macro _SESSREF_ was updated with the value MYSESSION.
NOTE: The session is using 0 workers.
NOTE: 'CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)' is now the active caslib.
NOTE: The CAS statement request to update one or more session options for session MYS
ESSION completed.
    libname casuser cas;
NOTE: Libref CASUSER was successfully assigned as follows:
     Engine:
                     CAS
      Physical Name: b2da7e84-a634-014b-a369-c5f8d1e66ee9
72
    ods html5 (id=saspy_internal) close;ods listing;
73
```

```
In [3]: title 'PROC LOGSELECT: Modeling Binomial Data';
        data Ingots;
          input Heat Soak r n @@;
          Obsnum= _n_;
          datalines;
        7 1.0 0 10 14 1.0 0 31 27 1.0 1 56 51 1.0 3 13
        7 2.2 0 7 14 2.2 2 33 27 2.2 0 21 51 2.2 0 1
        7 2.8 0 12 14 2.8 0 31 27 2.8 1 22 51 4.0 0 1
        7 4.0 0 9 14 4.0 0 19 27 4.0 1 16
        data casuser.Ingots;
          set Ingots;
        run;
        proc logselect data=casuser.Ingots association ctable(out=casuser.Roc nocounts tpf fpf
          model r/n = Heat Soak Heat*Soak;
          output out=casuser.Out xbeta predicted=Pred copyvars=(Heat Soak);
        run;
        proc print data=casuser.Out;
          where Heat=14 & Soak=1.7;
        run;
        ods graphics on;
        proc sgplot data=casuser.Roc aspect=1 noautolegend;
          title 'ROC Curve';
          xaxis values=(0 to 1 by 0.25) grid offsetmin=.05 offsetmax=.05;
          yaxis values=(0 to 1 by 0.25) grid offsetmin=.05 offsetmax=.05;
          lineparm x=0 y=0 slope=1 / lineattrs=(color=ligr);
```

```
series x=FPF y=TPF;
  inset 'Area under the curve=0.7706' / position=bottomright;
run;
data casuser.Ingots2;
  set Ingots;
  a = n - r;
run;
proc logselect data=casuser.Ingots2 association ctable(out=casuser.Roc nocounts tpf fp
  model r/a = Heat Soak Heat*Soak;
  output out=casuser.Out xbeta predicted=Pred copyvars=(Heat Soak);
run;
data casuser.Ingots_binary;
  set Ingots;
  do i=1 to n;
    if i <= r then y=1; else y = 0;
    output;
  end;
run;
proc logselect data=casuser.Ingots_binary;
  model y(event='1') = Heat Soak Heat*Soak;
run;
```

PROC LOGSELECT: Modeling Binomial Data

The LOGSELECT Procedure

	Model Information
Data Source	INGOTS
Response Variable (Events)	r
Response Variable (Trials)	n
Distribution	Binomial
Link Function	Logit
Optimization Technique	Newton-Raphson with Ridging

Number of Observations Read	19
Number of Observations Used	19

Response Profile					
Ordered Value	Binary Outcome	Total Frequency			
1	Event	12			
2	Nonevent	375			

Dimensions		
Columns in Design	4	
Number of Effects	4	
Max Effect Columns	1	
Rank of Design	4	
Parameters in Optimization	4	

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA					
	Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
	Likelihood Ratio	3	11.7663	0.0082	

Fit Statistics		
-2 Log Likelihood	27.95689	
AIC (smaller is better)	35.95689	
AICC (smaller is better)	38.81403	

				Paramete	er Estimates
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	-5.990191	1.666622	12.9183	0.0003
Heat	1	0.096339	0.047067	4.1896	0.0407
Soak	1	0.299574	0.755068	0.1574	0.6916
Heat * Soak	1	-0.008840	0.025319	0.1219	0.7270

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses		
Concordance Index (AUC)	0.7706	
Somers' D	0.5411	
Gamma	0.5858	
Tau-a	0.0326	
Pairs	4500	
Percent Concordant	73.2444	
Percent Discordant	19.1333	
Percent Tied	7.6222	

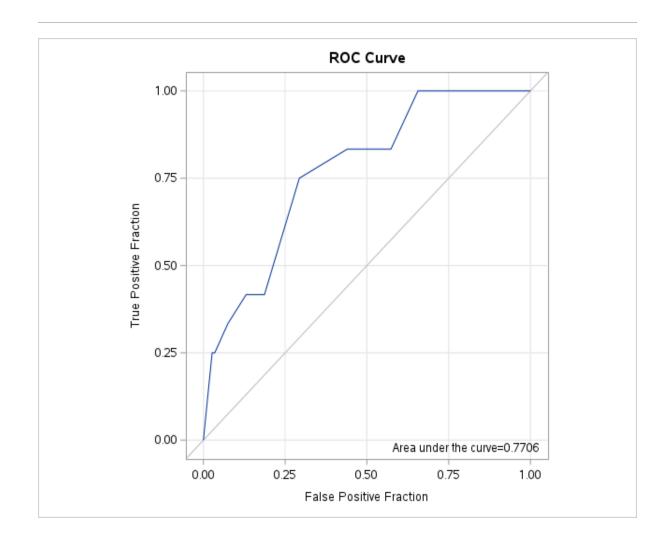
Task Timing			
Task	Task Seconds Per		
Setup and Parsing	0.00	18.98%	
Levelization	0.00	5.74%	
Model Initialization	0.00	4.19%	
SSCP Computation	0.00	4.79%	
Model Fitting	0.01	50.85%	
Creating Output Data	0.00	3.70%	
Association and Classification	0.00	9.30%	
Display	0.00	2.32%	
Cleanup	0.00	2.26%	
Total	0.02	100.00%	

Output CAS Tables			
CAS Library	Name	Number of Rows	Number of Columns
CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)	OUT	19	4

Output CAS Tables			
CAS Library	Name	Number of Rows	Number of Columns
CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)	ROC	20	3

PROC LOGSELECT: Modeling Binomial Data

Obs	Pred	_XBETA_	Heat	Soak
1	0.012836	-4.34256	14	1.7



ROC Curve

The LOGSELECT Procedure

		Model Information
Dat	a Source	INGOTS2

Model Informa	
Response Variable (Events)	r
Response Variable (Trials)	а
Distribution	Binomial
Link Function	Logit
Optimization Technique	Newton-Raphson with Ridging

Number of Observations Read	19
Number of Observations Used	19

Response Profi		
Ordered Value	Binary Outcome	Total Frequency
1	Event	12
2	Nonevent	363

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	4
Number of Effects	4
Max Effect Columns	1
Rank of Design	4
Parameters in Optimization	4

	Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0					
	Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq		
	Likelihood Ratio	3	13.3554	0.0039		

Fit	Statistics
-2 Log Likelihood	28.64026
AIC (smaller is better)	36.64026
AICC (smaller is better)	39.49740
SBC (smaller is better)	40.41802

	Parameter Estimates						
Parame	eter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	

			Parameter Estimates				
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq		
Intercept	1	-6.278612	1.678605	13.9904	0.0002		
Heat	1	0.110619	0.048161	5.2757	0.0216		
Soak	1	0.398510	0.750555	0.2819	0.5955		
Heat * Soak	1	-0.013243	0.025440	0.2710	0.6027		

Association of Predicted Probabilities and Observed Responses			
Concordance Index (AUC)	0.7795		
Somers' D	0.5590		
Gamma	0.6020		
Tau-a	0.0347		
Pairs	4356		
Percent Concordant	74.3802		
Percent Discordant	18.4803		
Percent Tied	7.1396		

	Task Timing			
Task	Task Seconds Per			
Setup and Parsing	0.00	18.70%		
Levelization	0.00	6.22%		
Model Initialization	0.00	4.13%		
SSCP Computation	0.00	3.30%		
Model Fitting	0.01	56.77%		
Creating Output Data	0.00	4.21%		
Association and Classification	0.00	4.40%		
Display	0.00	2.15%		
Cleanup	0.00	2.09%		
Total	0.02	100.00%		

Output CAS Tables			
CAS Library	Name	Number of Rows	Number of Columns
CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)	OUT	19	4
CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)	ROC	20	3

The LOGSELECT Procedure

	Model Information
Data Source	INGOTS_BINARY
Response Variable	у
Distribution	Binary
Link Function	Logit
Optimization Technique	Newton-Raphson with Ridging

Number of Observations Read	387
Number of Observations Used	387

Re	Response Profile			
Ordered Value	у	Total Frequency		
1	0	375		
2	1	12		

Probability modeled is y = 1.

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	4
Number of Effects	4
Max Effect Columns	1
Rank of Design	4
Parameters in Optimization	4

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0					
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq		
Likelihood Ratio	3	11.7663	0.0082		

Fit Statistics		
-2 Log Likelihood	95.22218	
AIC (smaller is better)	103.22218	
AICC (smaller is better)	103.32690	

Fit Statistics SBC (smaller is better) 119.05588

	Parameter Estimates				
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	-5.990191	1.666622	12.9183	0.0003
Heat	1	0.096339	0.047067	4.1896	0.0407
Soak	1	0.299574	0.755068	0.1574	0.6916
Heat * Soak	1	-0.008840	0.025319	0.1219	0.7270

Task Timing				
Task	Percent			
Setup and Parsing	0.00	20.15%		
Levelization	0.00	7.27%		
Model Initialization	0.00	4.09%		
SSCP Computation	0.00	4.24%		
Model Fitting	0.01	64.18%		
Display	0.00	0.06%		
Cleanup	0.00	0.01%		
Total	0.02	100.00%		

Logistic Regression CAS Action

```
In [4]: proc cas;
        dataStep.runCode /
            code="
           data getStarted;
              nTotalObs=1000;
              drop c2 eta pr i rew nTotalObs nObsPerThread nExtras;
              call streaminit(1);
              nObsPerThread = int(nTotalObs/_nthreads_);
              nExtras = mod(nTotalObs,_nthreads_);
              if _threadid_ <= nExtras then nObsPerThread = nObsPerThread + 1;</pre>
              do i=1 to nObsPerThread;
                 id = (_threadid_ - 1) * nObsPerThread + i;
                 if _threadid_ > nExtras then id = id + nExtras;
                 rew = rand('rewind', id);
                 x1=round(rand('normal')*5+10,.1); x2=round(7*rand('uniform'))/7;
                 x3=round(rand('normal')*1+2,.1); x4=round(50*rand('uniform'));
                 x5=round(100*rand('uniform')); x6=round(rand('normal')*.8+1.5,.1);
                 x7=10*round(10*rand('uniform')); x8=round(10*rand('uniform'))/10;
                 x9=round(rand('normal')*3+5,.1); x10=round(rand('normal')*2+3,.1);
                 c2=rand('uniform');
```

```
if (c2<.1) then C='A'; else if (c2<.2) then C='B';
         else if (c2<.3) then C='C'; else if (c2<.4) then C='D';
         else if (c2<.5) then C='E'; else if (c2<.6) then C='F';
        else if (c2<.7) then C='G'; else if (c2<.8) then C='H';
        else if (c2<.9) then C='I'; else
                                                          C='J';
        eta=1-x2-x8;
        pr= exp(eta)/(1+exp(eta));
        y=(rand('uniform') > pr);
        output;
     end;
  run;
   single="no";
run;
proc cas;
regression.logistic /
   class={"C"},
   model={depvar="y",
           effects={"C", "x1", "x2", "x3", "x4", "x5", "x6", "x7", "x8", "x9",
                    "x10"}},
   optimization={itHist="summary"},
   outputTables={names={parameterestimates="pe"}},
   table="getStarted";
run;
proc cas;
regression.logistic /
   class={"C"},
   display={traceNames="true"},
   model={depvar="y",
           effects={"C", "x1", "x2", "x3", "x4", "x5", "x6", "x7", "x8", "x9",
                    "x10"}},
   selection={details="all", method="forward"},
   table="getStarted";
run;
```

Results from dataStep.runCode

Output CAS Tables			t CAS Tables
CAS Library	Name	Number of Rows	Number of Columns
CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)	getStarted	1000	13

ROC Curve

Results from regression.logistic

	Model Information
Data Source	GETSTARTED
Response Variable	У
Distribution	Binary
Link Function	Logit
Optimization Technique	Newton-Raphson with Ridging

Number of Observations Read	1000
Number of Observations Used	1000

Response Profile		
Ordered Value	у	Total Frequency
1	0	484
2	1	516

Probability modeled is y = 0.

Class Level Information		
Class Levels		Values
С	10	ABCDEFGHIJ

Iteration History						
Iteration	Evaluations	Objective Function	Change	Maximum Gradient		
0	4	0.6613855981		0.20692		
1	2	0.6583727872	0.00301281	0.01883		

Iteration History					
Iteration	Evaluations	Objective Function	Change	Maximum Gradient	
2	2	0.6583596409	0.00001315	0.000082	
3	2	0.6583596407	0.00000000	1.23E-9	

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Dimensi	ons
Columns in Design	21
Number of Effects	12
Max Effect Columns	10
Rank of Design	20

Parameters in Optimization

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	19	68.5509	<.0001

20

Fit Statistics		
-2 Log Likelihood	1316.71928	
AIC (smaller is better)	1356.71928	
AICC (smaller is better)	1357.57730	
SBC (smaller is better)	1454.87439	

	Parameter Estimates					
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error Chi-Square		Pr > ChiSq	
Intercept	1	0.091372	0.419472	0.0474	0.8276	
CA	1	0.101855	0.295610	0.1187	0.7304	
СВ	1	0.313845	0.289155	1.1781	0.2778	
СС	1	0.514901	0.288989	3.1746	0.0748	
C D	1	0.190620	0.307220	0.3850	0.5350	
CE	1	0.115930	0.285505	0.1649	0.6847	
CF	1	0.488200	0.292348	2.7887	0.0949	
CG	1	0.607139	0.290986	4.3534	0.0369	
СН	1	0.422393	0.286422	2.1748	0.1403	
CI	1	0.099037	0.284288	0.1214	0.7276	

Parameter Estimates						
Parameter DF		Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
CJ	0	0				
x1	1	0.000629	0.013073	0.0023	0.9616	
x2	x2 1 -1.133344 0		0.228116	24.6838	<.0001	
х3	x3 1 0.077254	0.077254	0.065331	1.3983	0.2370	
х4	1	0.001466	0.004652	0.0993	0.7526	
х5	x5 1 0.003207		0.002301	1.9414	0.1635	
х6	1	0.041222	0.000000		0.6197	
х7	1	-0.001533			0.4933	
x8	1 -1.063694 0.232968		x8 1	0.232968	20.8469	<.0001
х9	1	0.015834	0.022353	0.5018	0.4787	
x10	1	0.074454	0.033162	5.0408	0.0248	

Task Timing				
Task Seconds Perce				
Setup and Parsing	0.01	14.21%		
Levelization	0.00	4.06%		
Model Initialization	0.00	2.64%		
SSCP Computation	0.02	48.68%		
Model Fitting	0.01	30.37%		
Display	0.00	0.03%		
Cleanup	0.00	0.00%		
Total	0.04	100.00%		

Output CAS Tables			
CAS Library	Name	Number of Rows	Number of Columns
CASUSER(danny.modlin@sas.com)	pe	21	9

ROC Curve

Results from regression.logistic

	Model Information
Data Source	GETSTARTED

Model Information		
Response Variable		
Distribution	Binary	
Link Function	Logit	
Optimization Technique	Newton-Raphson with Ridging	

Number of Observations Read	1000
Number of Observations Used	1000

Response Profile			
Ordered Value	у	Total Frequency	
1	0	484	
2	1	516	

Probability modeled is y = 0.

Class Level Information			
Class Levels		Values	
С	10	ABCDEFGHIJ	

Selection Information		
Selection Method	Forward	
Select Criterion	SBC	
Stop Criterion	SBC	
Effect Hierarchy Enforced	None	
Stop Horizon	3	

Forward Selection: Step 0

Effects Included: Intercept

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	
Number of Effects	1
Max Effect Columns	1
Rank of Design	1

Dimensions Parameters in Optimization 1

	Fit Statistics
-2 Log Likelihood	1385.27019
AIC (smaller is better)	1387.27019
AICC (smaller is better)	1387.27419
SBC (smaller is better)	1392.17794

Parameter Estimates						
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Intercept	1	-0.064022	0.063278	1.0237	0.3117	

Forward Selection: Step 1

Effect Entered: x2

Best 10 Entry Candidates			
Rank	Effect	SBC	
1	x2	1370.7425	
2	х8	1377.1766	
3	x10	1393.3327	
4	х3	1397.3647	
5	х5	1398.2532	
6	х6	1398.5991	
7	х4	1398.6078	
8	х9	1398.7225	
9	х7	1398.9572	
10	x1	1399.0848	

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	
Number of Effects	2
Max Effect Columns	1
Rank of Design	2

Dimensio	ns
Parameters in Optimization	2

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0				
Test DI		Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	1	28.6037	<.0001	

	Fit Statistics
-2 Log Likelihood	1356.66647
AIC (smaller is better)	1360.66647
AICC (smaller is better)	1360.67850
SBC (smaller is better)	1370.48198

Parameter Estimate					
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	0.500671	0.124439	16.1880	<.0001
x2	1	-1.167203	0.221219	27.8386	<.0001

Forward Selection: Step 2

Effect Entered: x8

Entry Candidates		
Rank	Effect	SBC
1	х8	1356.8279
2	x10	1371.5185
3	х5	1375.5402
4	х3	1375.9472
5	х6	1376.8625
6	х4	1376.9433
7	х9	1376.9659
8	х7	1377.2274
9	x1	1377.3851
10	С	1424.6438

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Dimensions

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	
Number of Effects	
Max Effect Columns	
Rank of Design	
Parameters in Optimization	

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0				
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	2	49.2731	<.0001	

Fit Statistics	
-2 Log Likelihood	1335.99712
AIC (smaller is better)	1341.99712
AICC (smaller is better)	1342.02122
SBC (smaller is better)	1356.72038

Parameter Estimate					
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	1.004603	0.169966	34.9353	<.0001
x2	1	-1.151380	0.223567	26.5231	<.0001
x8	1	-1.030894	0.228869	20.2887	<.0001

Forward Selection: Step 3

Effect Entered: x10

Entry Candidates			
Rank	Effect	SBC	
1	x10	1358.3616	
2	х3	1361.8567	
3	х5	1361.8575	
4	х9	1363.2118	
5	х7	1363.2442	
6	х4	1363.3227	
7	х6	1363.4113	
8	x 1	1363.6236	

Entry Candidates			
Rank	Effect SBC		
9	С	1409.7123	

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	
Number of Effects	
Max Effect Columns	1
Rank of Design	4
Parameters in Optimization	4

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0				
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	3	54.5533	<.0001	

	Fit Statistics	
-2 Log Likelihood	1330.71689	
AIC (smaller is better)	1338.71689	
AICC (smaller is better)	1338.75709	
SBC (smaller is better)	1358.34791	

Parameter Estimates					er Estimates
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	0.784663	0.194464	16.2812	<.0001
x2	1	-1.157751	0.224308	26.6404	<.0001
x8	1	-1.018780	0.229491	19.7074	<.0001
x10	1	0.075169	0.032835	5.2408	0.0221

Forward Selection: Step 4

Effect Entered: x3

Entry Candidates			
Rank	Effect	SBC	
1	х3	1363.5113	
2	х5	1363.6541	

Entry Candidates			
Rank	Effect	SBC	
3	х7	1364.8625	
4	х9	1364.8968	
5	х6	1364.9508	
6	х4	1365.0212	
7	x1	1365.2556	
8	С	1411.3321	

Convergence criterion (GCONV=1E-8) satisfied.

Dimensions	
Columns in Design	5
Number of Effects	5
Max Effect Columns	1
Rank of Design	5
Parameters in Optimization	5

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0				
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	4	56.3008	<.0001	

	Fit Statistics
-2 Log Likelihood	1328.96942
AIC (smaller is better)	1338.96942
AICC (smaller is better)	1339.02978
SBC (smaller is better)	1363.50820

	Parameter Estimates				
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Intercept	1	0.617050	0.231782	7.0873	0.0078
x2	1	-1.153204	0.224562	26.3718	<.0001
х3	1	0.085143	0.064520	1.7415	0.1870
x8	1	-1.028170	0.229826	20.0139	<.0001
x10	1	0.075024	0.032855	5.2143	0.0224

Forward Selection: Step 5

Effect Entered: x5

	Entry Candidates		
Rank	Effect	SBC	
1	х5	1368.8719	
2	х7	1370.0610	
3	х9	1370.1250	
4	х6	1370.1265	
5	х4	1370.2100	
6	x1	1370.4142	
7	С	1416.6375	

Dimensions		
Columns in Design	6	
Number of Effects	6	
Max Effect Columns	1	
Rank of Design	6	
Parameters in Optimization	6	

Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
Likelihood Ratio	5	57.8459	<.0001

Fit Statistic	
-2 Log Likelihood	1327.42429
AIC (smaller is better)	1339.42429
AICC (smaller is better)	1339.50888
SBC (smaller is better)	1368.87082

				Parameter Estimates		
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Intercept	1	0.494285	0.251895	3.8505	0.0497	
x2	1	-1.178319	0.225848	27.2203	<.0001	
х3	1	0.083813	0.064584	1.6841	0.1944	
х5	1	0.002807	0.002260	1.5425	0.2142	

		Paramete	er Estimates		
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq
x8	1	-1.027560	0.230033	19.9542	<.0001
x10	1	0.073986	0.032894	5.0591	0.0245

Selection Details

Selection Summary						
Step	Effect Entered	Number Effects In	SBC			
0	Intercept	1	1392.1779			
1	x2	2	1370.7425			
2	x8	3	1356.8279*			
3	x10	4	1358.3616			
4	х3	5	1363.5113			
5	х5	6	1368.8719			
	* Optimal Value Of Criterion					

Selection stopped at a local minimum of the STOP criterion.

The model at step 2 is selected.

Selected Effects: Intercept x2 x8

Selected Model

Dimensions		
Columns in Design	3	
Number of Effects	3	
Max Effect Columns	1	
Rank of Design	3	
Parameters in Optimization	3	

Testing G	Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	

Testing G	Testing Global Null Hypothesis: BETA=0			
Test	DF	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Likelihood Ratio	2	49.2731	<.0001	

Fit Statistics	
-2 Log Likelihood	1335.99712
AIC (smaller is better)	1341.99712
AICC (smaller is better)	1342.02122
SBC (smaller is better)	1356.72038

Parameter Estimates						
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq	
Intercept	1	1.004603	0.169966	34.9353	<.0001	
x2	1	-1.151380	0.223567	26.5231	<.0001	
x8	1	-1.030894	0.228869	20.2887	<.0001	

Task Timing				
Task	Seconds	Percent		
Setup and Parsing	0.01	6.18%		
Levelization	0.00	1.68%		
Model Initialization	0.00	1.04%		
SSCP Computation	0.01	9.30%		
Model Selection	0.08	81.56%		
Display	0.00	0.10%		
Cleanup	0.00	0.00%		
Total	0.10	100.00%		