The Data Scientist's Toolbox

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CLI (Command Line Interface)
 / = root directory ~ = home directory pwd = print working directory (current directory) clear = clear screen ls = list stuff
 - a = see all (hidden) - l = details
 cd = change directory mkdir = make directory touch = creates an empty file cp = copy
<pre>- cp <file> <directory> = copy a file to a directory - cp -r <directory> <newdirectory> = copy all documents from directory to new Directory * -r = recursive</newdirectory></directory></directory></file></pre>
• $rm = remove$
-r = remove entire directories (no undo)
• $mv = move$
<pre>- move <file> <directory> = move file to directory - move <filename> <newname> = rename file</newname></filename></directory></file></pre>
 echo = print arguments you give/variables date = print current date

GitHub

Workflow

- 1. make edits in workspace
- 2. update index/add files
- 3. commit to local repo
- 4. push to remote repository
- git add . = add all new files to be tracked
- git add -u = updates tracking for files that are renamed or deleted
- git add -A = both of the above
 - Note: add is performed before committing
- git commit -m "message" = commit the changes you want to be saved to the local copy
- git checkout -b branchname = create new branch
- git branch = tells you what branch you are on
- git checkout master = move back to the master branch
- git pull = merge you changes into other branch/repo (pull request, sent to owner of the repo)
- git push = commit local changes to remote (GitHub)

Markdown

- ## = signifies secondary heading (bold big font)
- ### = signifies tertiary heading (slightly smaller font than secondary, not bold)
- * =bullet list item

R Packages

- Primary location for R packages → CRAN
- available.packages() = all packages available
- head(rownames(a),3) = returns first three names of a
- install.packages("nameOfPackage") = install single package
- install.packages(c("nameOfPackage", "nameOfPackage", "nameOfPackage") = install multiple package
- Bioconductor Packages:
 - source("https://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
 - biocLite() = install bioconductor packages
- library(packagename) = load package
- search() = see all functions in package after loading

Types of Data Science Questions

- in order of difficulty: $\textit{Descriptive} \rightarrow \textit{Exploratory} \rightarrow \textit{Inferential} \rightarrow \textit{Predictive} \rightarrow \textit{Causal} \rightarrow \textit{Mechanistic}$
- Descriptive analysis = describe set of data, interpret what you see (census, Google Ngram)
- Exploratory analysis = discovering connections (correlation does not = causation)
- Inferential analysis = use data conclusions from smaller population for the broader group
- **Predictive analysis** = use data on one object to predict values for another (if X predicts Y, does not = X cause Y)
- Causal analysis = how does changing one variable affect another, using randomized studies, Strong assumptions, golden standard for statistical analysis

 \bullet Mechanistic analysis = understand exact changes in variables in other variables, modeled by empirical equations (engineering/physics

Data

- Data = values of qualitative or quantitative variables, belonging to a set of items (usually population)
- Variables = measurement/characteristic of an item (qualitative vs quantitative)
- Data = not always structured, usually raw file, different formats
- Most important thing is question, then it is data
- Big data = now possible to collect data cheap, but not necessarily all useful (need the right data)