Raw and processed data

Data are values of qualitative or quantitative variables, belonging to a set of items.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data

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**Set of items**: Sometimes called the population; the set of objects you are interested in

Data are values of qualitative or quantitative variables, belonging to a set of items.

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Variables: A measurement or characteristic of an item.

Data are values of qualitative or quantitative variables, belonging to a set of items.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data

Qualitative: Country of origin, sex, treatment

Quantitative: Height, weight, blood pressure

## Raw versus processed data

#### Raw data

- · The original source of the data
- Often hard to use for data analyses
- · Data analysis *includes* processing
- · Raw data may only need to be processed once

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raw\_data

### **Processed data**

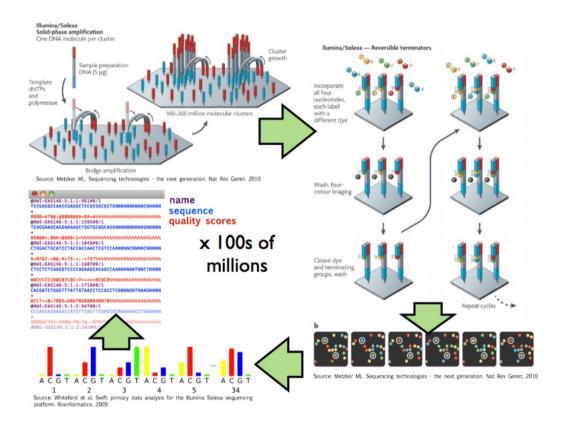
- Data that is ready for analysis
- · Processing can include merging, subsetting, transforming, etc.
- There may be standards for processing
- · All steps should be recorded

# An example of a processing pipeline



http://www.illumina.com.cn/support/sequencing/sequencing\_instruments/hiseq\_1000.asp

# An example of a processing pipeline



http://www.cbcb.umd.edu/~hcorrada/CMSC858B/lectures/lect22\_seqIntro/seqIntro.pdf