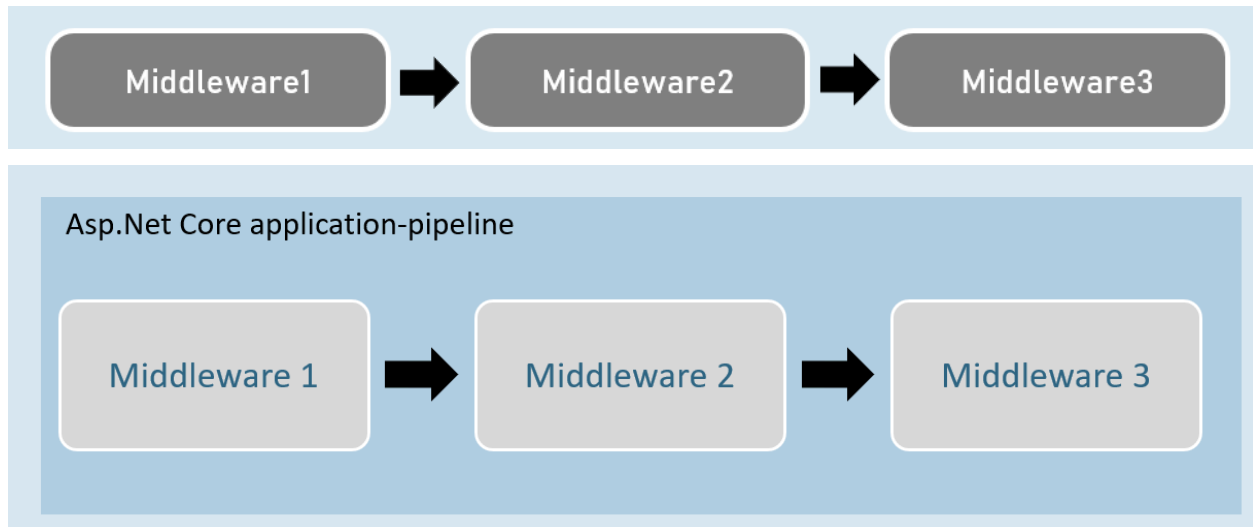


Section Cheat Sheet (PPT)

Introduction to Middleware

Middleware is a component that is assembled into the application pipeline to handle requests and responses.

Middleware are chained one-after-other and execute in the same sequence how they're added.



Middleware can be a request delegate (anonymous method or lambda expression) [or] a class.

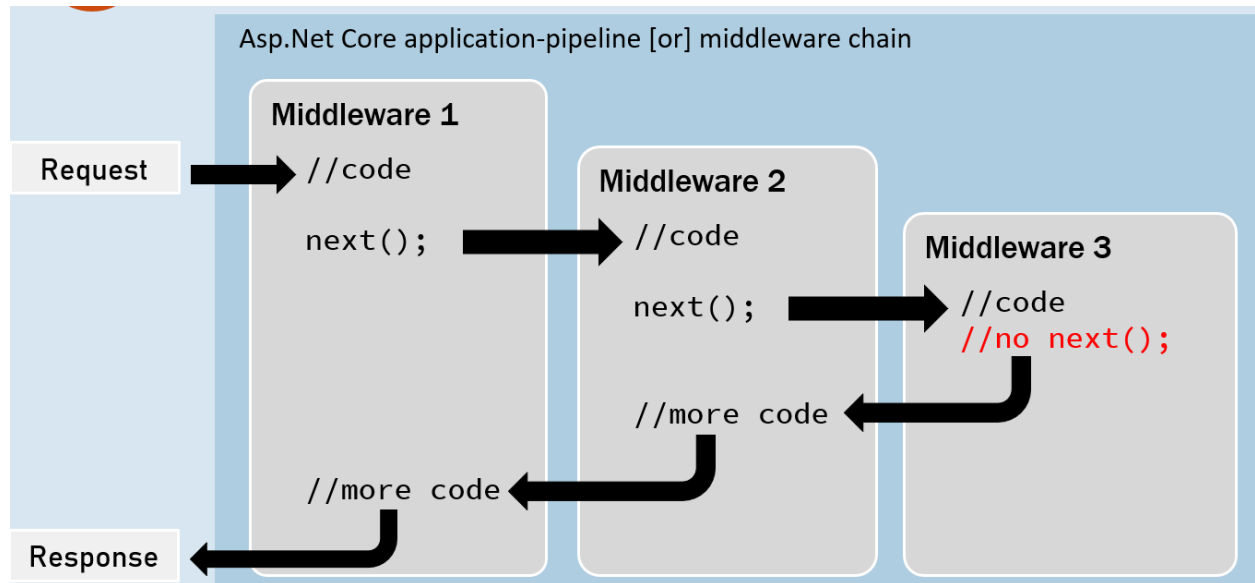
Middleware - Run

app.Run()

```
app.Run(async (HttpContext context) =>
{
    //code
});
```

The extension method called “Run” is used to execute a terminating / short-circuiting middleware that doesn’t forward the request to the next middleware.

Middleware Chain



app.Use()

```

app.Use(async (HttpContext context, RequestDelegate next)
=>
{
    //before logic
    await next(context);
    //after logic
});
  
```

The extension method called “Use” is used to execute a non-terminating / short-circuiting middleware that may / may not forward the request to the next middleware.

Middleware Class

Middleware class is used to separate the middleware logic from a lambda expression to a separate / reusable class.

```

class MiddlewareClassName : IMiddleware
{
    public async Task InvokeAsync(HttpContext context,
    RequestDelegate next)
    {
        //before logic
        await next(context);
        //after logic
    }
}
  
```

```

    }
    app.UseMiddleware<MiddlewareClassName>();

```

Middleware Extensions

```

class MiddlewareClassName : IMiddleware
{
    public async Task InvokeAsync(HttpContext
context, RequestDelegate next)
    {
        //before logic
        await next(context);
        //after logic
    }
});

```

Middleware extension method is used to invoke the middleware with a single method call.

```

static class ClassName
{
    public static IApplicationBuilder ExtensionMethodName(this
IApplicationBuilder app)
    {
        return app.UseMiddleware<MiddlewareClassName>();
    }
}
app.ExtensionMethodName();

```

Conventional Middleware

```

class MiddlewareClassName
{
    private readonly RequestDelegate _next;

    public MiddlewareClassName(RequestDelegate next)
    {
        _next = next;
    }

    public async Task InvokeAsync(HttpContext context)
    {
        //before logic
    }
}

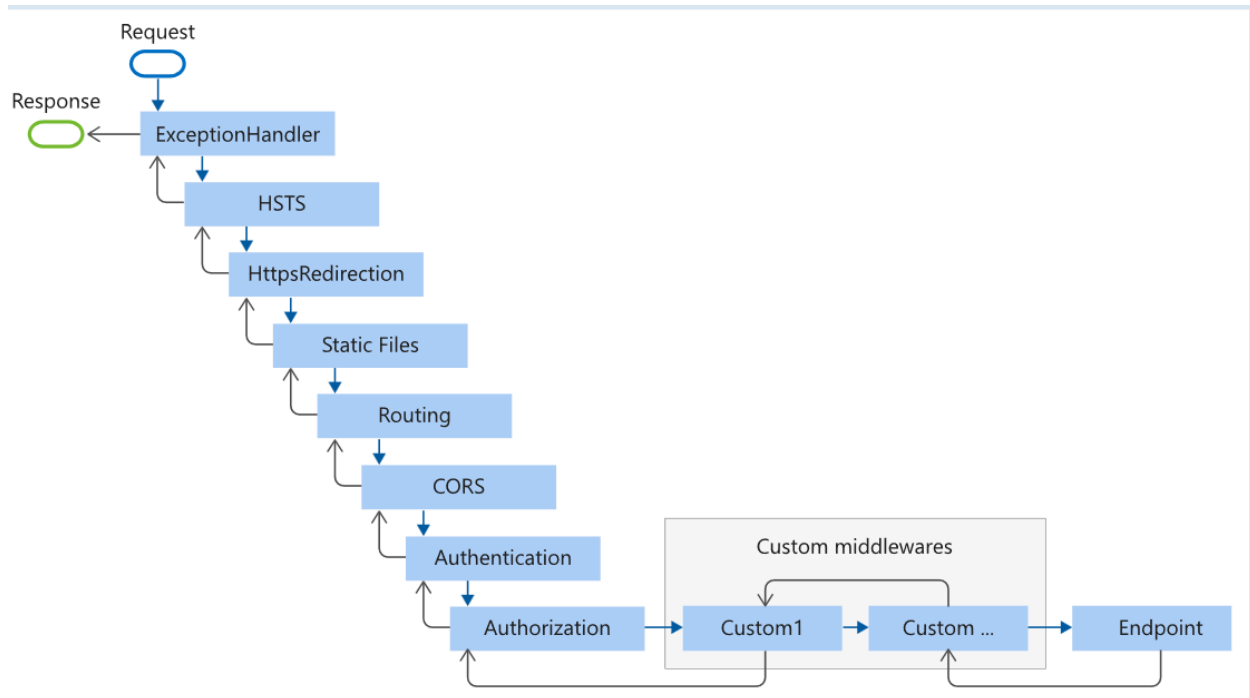
```

```

        await _next(context);
        //after logic
    }
});
static class ClassName
{
    public static IApplicationBuilder ExtensionMethodName(this
IApplicationBuilder app)
    {
        return app.UseMiddleware<MiddlewareClassName>();
    }
}
app.ExtensionMethodName();

```

The Right Order of Middleware



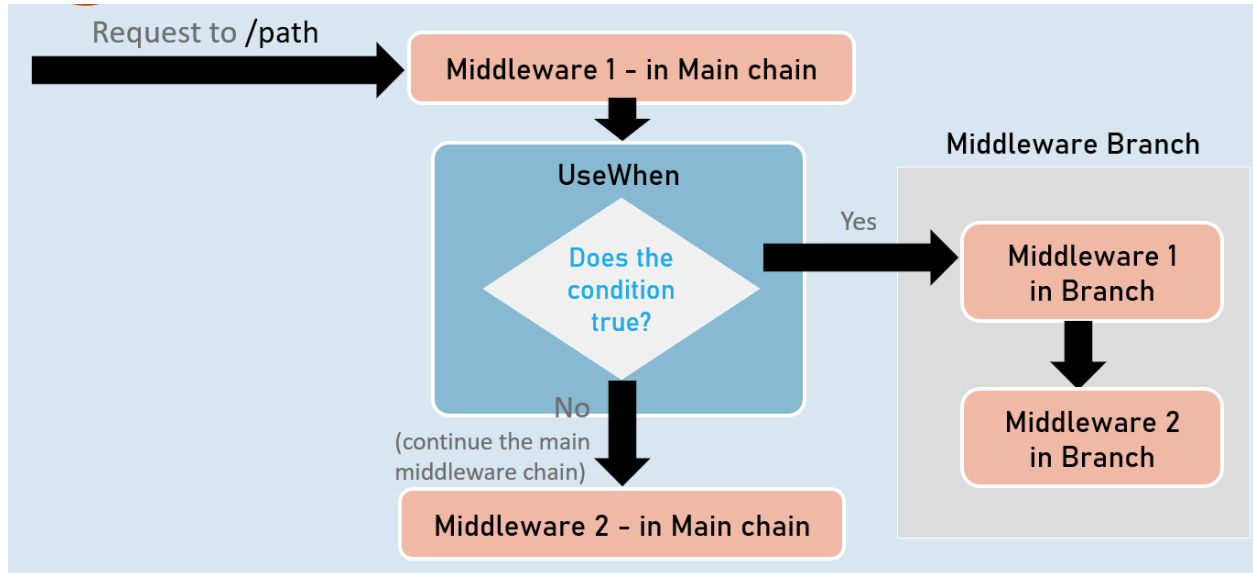
```

app.UseExceptionHandler("/Error");
app.UseHsts();
app.UseHttpsRedirection();
app.UseStaticFiles();
app.UseRouting();
app.UseCors();
app.UseAuthentication();
app.UseAuthorization();
app.UseSession();

```

```
app.MapControllers();  
//add your custom middlewares  
app.Run();
```

Middleware - UseWhen



app.UseWhen()

```
app.UseWhen(  
    context => { return boolean; },  
    app =>  
    {  
        //add your middlewares  
    }  
);
```

The extension method called “UseWhen” is used to execute a branch of middleware only when the specified condition is true.