Tang

0.1

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## **Chapter 1**

# **Tang: A Template Language**

## 1.1 Quick Description

**Tang** is a C++ Template Language. It takes the form of a library which may be included in other projects. It is under active development, and you can follow its progress here:

- YouTube playlist
- · GitHub repository

#### 1.2 Features

The following features are planned:

- Native support for Unicode/Utf-8 strings.
- · Change from template to script mode using escape tags like PHP.
- · Loosely typed, with Python-like indexing and slicing of containers.
- Syntax similar to C/C++/PHP.
- Code compiles to a custom Bytecode and is executed by the Tang VM.
- · Fast and thread-safe.

#### 1.3 License

```
MIT License
```

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# Chapter 2

# **Hierarchical Index**

## 2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Tang::AstNodeFloat	15
Tang::AstNodeInteger	18
Tang::ComputedExpression	. 21
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# **Chapter 3**

# **Class Index**

## 3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

lang::AstNode	
Base class for representing nodes of an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST)	9
Tang::AstNodeAdd	
An AstNode that represents a "+" expression	12
Tang::AstNodeFloat	
An AstNode that represents an float literal	15
Tang::AstNodeInteger	
An AstNode that represents an integer literal	18
Tang::ComputedExpression	
Represents the result of a computation that has been executed	21
Tang::ComputedExpressionError	
Represents a Runtime Error	23
Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat	
Represents a Float that is the result of a computation	27
Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger	
Represents an Integer that is the result of a computation	31
Tang::Error	
Used to report any error of the system, whether a syntax (parsing) error or a runtime (execution)	
error	34
Tang::GarbageCollected	
A container that acts as a resource-counting garbage collector for the specified type	36
Tang::location	
Two points in a source file	43
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A point in a source file	44
Tang::Program	
Represents a compiled script or template that may be executed	46
$Tang::SingletonObjectPool < T > \dots \dots$	49
Tang::TangBase	
The base class for the Tang programming language	51
Tang::TangScanner	
The Flex lexer class for the main Tang language	52

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# **Chapter 4**

# File Index

## 4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

build/generated/location.hh	
Define the Tang ::location class	55
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Define the Tang::Error class used to describe syntax and runtime errors	64
include/garbageCollected.hpp	65
include/macros.hpp	
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Declare the Opcodes used in the Bytecode representation of a program	67
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Define the Tang::Program class used to compile and execute source code	86
include/singletonObjectPool.hpp	69
include/tang.hpp	
Header file supplied for use by 3rd party code so that they can easily include all necessary	
headers	70
include/tangBase.hpp	
Defines the Tang::TangBase class used to interact with Tang	70
include/tangScanner.hpp	
Defines the Tang::TangScanner used to tokenize a Tang script	72
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src/error.cpp	78
src/program-dumpBytecode.cpp	78
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rest/testSingletonObjectPool.cpp	82

# **Chapter 5**

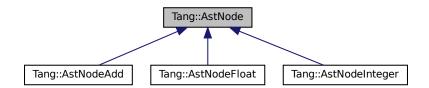
# **Class Documentation**

## 5.1 Tang::AstNode Class Reference

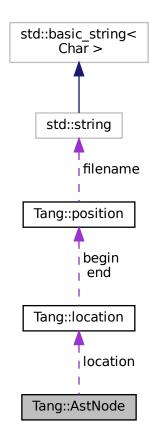
Base class for representing nodes of an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST).

#include <astNode.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::AstNode:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::AstNode:



## **Public Member Functions**

- virtual  $\sim$ AstNode ()
  - The object destructor.
- virtual std::string dump (std::string indent="") const
  - Return a string that describes the contents of the node.
- virtual void compile (Tang::Program &program) const
  - Compile the ast of the provided Tang::Program.
- virtual AstNode \* makeCopy () const

Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

#### **Protected Member Functions**

AstNode (Tang::location loc)

The generic constructor.

#### **Protected Attributes**

Tang::location location

The location associated with this node.

## 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Base class for representing nodes of an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST).

There will be many derived classes, each one conveying the syntactic meaning of the code that it represents.

## 5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.1.2.1 AstNode()

The generic constructor.

It should never be called on its own.

**Parameters** 

loc The location associated with this node.

## 5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.1.3.1 makeCopy()

```
AstNode * AstNode::makeCopy ( ) const [virtual]
```

Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

Returns

A pointer to a new AstNode that is a copy of the current AstNode.

Reimplemented in Tang::AstNodeInteger, Tang::AstNodeFloat, and Tang::AstNodeAdd.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

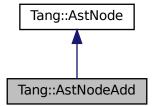
- include/astNode.hpp
- src/astNode.cpp

## 5.2 Tang::AstNodeAdd Class Reference

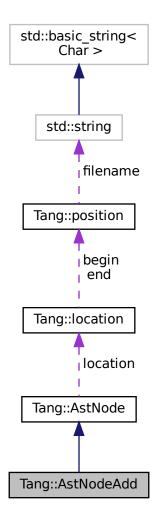
An AstNode that represents a "+" expression.

#include <astNodeAdd.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::AstNodeAdd:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::AstNodeAdd:



## **Public Member Functions**

- AstNodeAdd (AstNode \*Ihs, AstNode \*rhs, Tang::location loc)
   The constructor.
- virtual std::string dump (std::string indent="") const override
   Return a string that describes the contents of the node.
- virtual void compile (Tang::Program &program) const override Compile the ast of the provided Tang::Program.
- virtual AstNode \* makeCopy () const override
   Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

## **Protected Attributes**

Tang::location location

The location associated with this node.

## 5.2.1 Detailed Description

An AstNode that represents a "+" expression.

## 5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 5.2.2.1 AstNodeAdd()

The constructor.

#### **Parameters**

lhs	The left hand side expression.
rhs	The right hand side expression.
loc	The location associated with the expression. @location The location associated with this node.

#### 5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.2.3.1 makeCopy()

```
AstNode * AstNodeAdd::makeCopy ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

Returns

A pointer to a new AstNode that is a copy of the current AstNode.

Reimplemented from Tang::AstNode.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

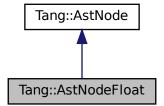
- include/astNodeAdd.hpp
- src/astNodeAdd.cpp

## 5.3 Tang::AstNodeFloat Class Reference

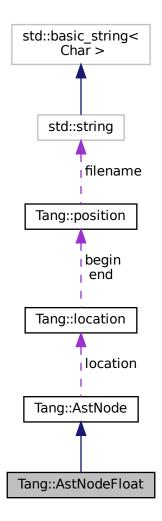
An AstNode that represents an float literal.

#include <astNodeFloat.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::AstNodeFloat:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::AstNodeFloat:



## **Public Member Functions**

- AstNodeFloat (double number, Tang::location loc) The constructor.
- virtual std::string dump (std::string indent="") const override Return a string that describes the contents of the node.
- virtual void compile (Tang::Program &program) const override Compile the ast of the provided Tang::Program.
- virtual AstNode \* makeCopy () const override Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

## **Protected Attributes**

• Tang::location location

The location associated with this node.

## 5.3.1 Detailed Description

An AstNode that represents an float literal.

Integers are represented by the long double type, and so are limited in range by that of the underlying type.

## 5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 5.3.2.1 AstNodeFloat()

The constructor.

#### **Parameters**

number	The number to represent.	
loc	The location associated with the expression. @location The location associated with this node.	l

### 5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.3.3.1 makeCopy()

```
AstNode * AstNodeFloat::makeCopy ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

#### Returns

A pointer to a new AstNode that is a copy of the current AstNode.

Reimplemented from Tang::AstNode.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

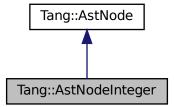
- include/astNodeFloat.hpp
- src/astNodeFloat.cpp

## 5.4 Tang::AstNodeInteger Class Reference

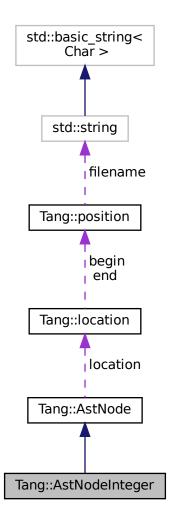
An AstNode that represents an integer literal.

#include <astNodeInteger.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::AstNodeInteger:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::AstNodeInteger:



## **Public Member Functions**

- AstNodeInteger (int64\_t number, Tang::location loc)
   The constructor.
- virtual std::string dump (std::string indent="") const override

  Return a string that describes the contents of the node.
- virtual void compile (Tang::Program &program) const override Compile the ast of the provided Tang::Program.
- virtual AstNode \* makeCopy () const override
   Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

## **Protected Attributes**

Tang::location location

The location associated with this node.

## 5.4.1 Detailed Description

An AstNode that represents an integer literal.

Integers are represented by the int64\_t type, and so are limited in range by that of the underlying type.

## 5.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 5.4.2.1 AstNodeInteger()

The constructor.

#### **Parameters**

number	The number to represent.	
loc	The location associated with the expression. @location The location associated with this node.	1

### 5.4.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.4.3.1 makeCopy()

```
AstNode * AstNodeInteger::makeCopy ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Provide a copy of the AstNode (recursively, if appropriate).

#### Returns

A pointer to a new AstNode that is a copy of the current AstNode.

Reimplemented from Tang::AstNode.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

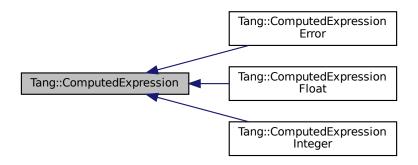
- include/astNodeInteger.hpp
- src/astNodeInteger.cpp

## 5.5 Tang::ComputedExpression Class Reference

Represents the result of a computation that has been executed.

```
#include <computedExpression.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Tang::ComputedExpression:



#### **Public Member Functions**

virtual ∼ComputedExpression ()

The object destructor.

• virtual std::string dump () const

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

virtual ComputedExpression \* makeCopy () const

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

· virtual bool is equal (const int &val) const

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

• virtual bool is\_equal (const double &val) const

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

• virtual GarbageCollected \_\_add (const GarbageCollected &rhs) const

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

## 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Represents the result of a computation that has been executed.

## 5.5.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.5.2.1 \_\_add()

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

#### **Parameters**

rhs The GarbageCollected value to add to this.

#### Returns

The result of the operation.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, and Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat.

#### 5.5.2.2 dump()

```
string ComputedExpression::dump ( ) const [virtual]
```

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

#### Returns

A string representation of the computed expression.

 $Reimplemented \ in \ Tang:: Computed \ Expression Integer, \ Tang:: Computed \ Expression Float, \ and \ Tang:: Computed \ Expression \ Error.$ 

### 5.5.2.3 is\_equal() [1/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

```
val The value to compare against.
```

#### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, and Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat.

## 5.5.2.4 is\_equal() [2/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

val The value to compare against.

#### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, and Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat.

#### 5.5.2.5 makeCopy()

```
ComputedExpression * ComputedExpression::makeCopy ( ) const [virtual]
```

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

#### Returns

A pointer to the new ComputedExpression.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat, and Tang::ComputedExpressionError.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

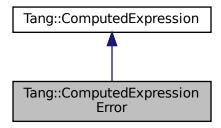
- include/computedExpression.hpp
- src/computedExpression.cpp

## 5.6 Tang::ComputedExpressionError Class Reference

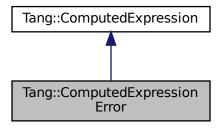
Represents a Runtime Error.

```
#include <computedExpressionError.hpp>
```

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ Tang:: Computed Expression Error:$ 



Collaboration diagram for Tang::ComputedExpressionError:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• ComputedExpressionError (Tang::Error error)

Construct a Runtime Error.

virtual std::string dump () const override

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

• ComputedExpression \* makeCopy () const override

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

virtual bool is\_equal (const int &val) const

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

• virtual bool is\_equal (const double &val) const

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

• virtual GarbageCollected \_\_add (const GarbageCollected &rhs) const

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

## 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Represents a Runtime Error.

#### 5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.6.2.1 ComputedExpressionError()

Construct a Runtime Error.

#### **Parameters**

```
error The Tang::Error object.
```

## 5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.6.3.1 \_\_add()

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

#### **Parameters**

*rhs* The GarbageCollected value to add to this.

#### Returns

The result of the operation.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, and Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat.

#### 5.6.3.2 dump()

```
std::string ComputedExpressionError::dump ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

#### Returns

A string representation of the computed expression.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

#### 5.6.3.3 is\_equal() [1/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

val The value to compare against.

#### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, and Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat.

#### 5.6.3.4 is\_equal() [2/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

val The value to compare against.

#### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented in Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger, and Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat.

### 5.6.3.5 makeCopy()

```
ComputedExpression * ComputedExpressionError::makeCopy ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

#### Returns

A pointer to the new ComputedExpression.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

Here is the call graph for this function:



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

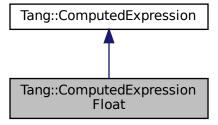
- include/computedExpressionError.hpp
- src/computedExpressionError.cpp

## 5.7 Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat Class Reference

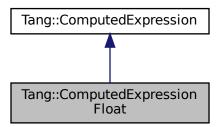
Represents a Float that is the result of a computation.

#include <computedExpressionFloat.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat:



## **Public Member Functions**

ComputedExpressionFloat (double val)

Construct a Float result.

• virtual std::string dump () const override

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

• ComputedExpression \* makeCopy () const override

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

· virtual bool is\_equal (const int &val) const override

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

virtual bool is\_equal (const double &val) const override

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

• virtual GarbageCollected \_\_add (const GarbageCollected &rhs) const override

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

#### **Friends**

· class ComputedExpressionInteger

## 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Represents a Float that is the result of a computation.

#### 5.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.7.2.1 ComputedExpressionFloat()

```
\label{local_computed_expression} \mbox{ComputedExpressionFloat (} \\ \mbox{double } val \mbox{ )}
```

Construct a Float result.

#### **Parameters**

```
val The float value.
```

## 5.7.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.7.3.1 \_\_add()

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

#### **Parameters**

rhs The GarbageCollected value to add to this.

#### Returns

The result of the operation.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

### 5.7.3.2 dump()

```
string ComputedExpressionFloat::dump ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

#### Returns

A string representation of the computed expression.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

#### 5.7.3.3 is\_equal() [1/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

```
val The value to compare against.
```

### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

## 5.7.3.4 is\_equal() [2/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

val The value to compare against.

#### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

## 5.7.3.5 makeCopy()

 ${\tt ComputedExpression} * {\tt ComputedExpressionFloat::makeCopy ( ) const [override], [virtual]}$ 

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

#### Returns

A pointer to the new ComputedExpression.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

Here is the call graph for this function:



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

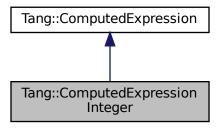
- include/computedExpressionFloat.hpp
- src/computedExpressionFloat.cpp

## 5.8 Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger Class Reference

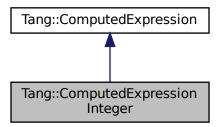
Represents an Integer that is the result of a computation.

#include <computedExpressionInteger.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger:



## **Public Member Functions**

ComputedExpressionInteger (int64\_t val)

Construct an Integer result.

• virtual std::string dump () const override

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

ComputedExpression \* makeCopy () const override

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

virtual bool is\_equal (const int &val) const override

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

• virtual bool is\_equal (const double &val) const override

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

virtual GarbageCollected \_\_add (const GarbageCollected &rhs) const override

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

#### **Friends**

• class ComputedExpressionFloat

## 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Represents an Integer that is the result of a computation.

## 5.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 5.8.2.1 ComputedExpressionInteger()

Construct an Integer result.

#### **Parameters**

```
val The integer value.
```

## 5.8.3 Member Function Documentation

```
5.8.3.1 __add()
```

Compute the result of adding this value and the supplied value.

#### **Parameters**

```
rhs The GarbageCollected value to add to this.
```

#### Returns

The result of the operation.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

#### 5.8.3.2 dump()

```
string ComputedExpressionInteger::dump ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Output the contents of the ComputedExpression as a string.

#### Returns

A string representation of the computed expression.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

#### 5.8.3.3 is\_equal() [1/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

#### **Parameters**

```
val The value to compare against.
```

### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

### 5.8.3.4 is\_equal() [2/2]

Check whether or not the computed expression is equal to another value.

### **Parameters**

```
val The value to compare against.
```

#### Returns

True if equal, false if not.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

### 5.8.3.5 makeCopy()

ComputedExpression \* ComputedExpressionInteger::makeCopy ( ) const [override], [virtual]

Make a copy of the ComputedExpression (recursively, if appropriate).

Returns

A pointer to the new ComputedExpression.

Reimplemented from Tang::ComputedExpression.

Here is the call graph for this function:



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

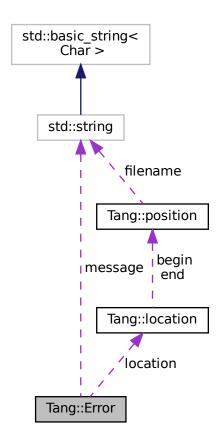
- include/computedExpressionInteger.hpp
- src/computedExpressionInteger.cpp

## 5.9 Tang::Error Class Reference

The Error class is used to report any error of the system, whether a syntax (parsing) error or a runtime (execution) error

#include <error.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for Tang::Error:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Error ()
  - Creates an empty error message.
- Error (std::string message)
  - Creates an error message using the supplied error string and location.
- Error (std::string message, Tang::location location)
  - Creates an error message using the supplied error string and location.

## **Public Attributes**

- std::string message
  - The error message as a string.
- Tang::location location
  - The location of the error.

## 5.9.1 Detailed Description

The Error class is used to report any error of the system, whether a syntax (parsing) error or a runtime (execution) error.

#### 5.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.9.2.1 Error() [1/2]

Creates an error message using the supplied error string and location.

#### **Parameters**

message	The error message as a string.
---------	--------------------------------

## 5.9.2.2 Error() [2/2]

Creates an error message using the supplied error string and location.

#### **Parameters**

message	The error message as a string.
location	The location of the error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

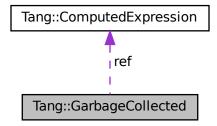
- · include/error.hpp
- src/error.cpp

## 5.10 Tang::GarbageCollected Class Reference

A container that acts as a resource-counting garbage collector for the specified type.

```
#include <garbageCollected.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Tang::GarbageCollected:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• GarbageCollected (const GarbageCollected &other)

Copy Constructor.

GarbageCollected (GarbageCollected &&other)

Move Constructor.

• GarbageCollected & operator= (const GarbageCollected &other)

Copy Assignment.

GarbageCollected & operator= (GarbageCollected &&other)

Move Assignment.

∼GarbageCollected ()

Destructor.

• ComputedExpression \* operator-> () const

Access the tracked object as a pointer.

• ComputedExpression & operator\* () const

Access the tracked object.

• bool operator== (const int &val) const

Compare the GarbageCollected tracked object with a supplied value.

• bool operator== (const double &val) const

Compare the GarbageCollected tracked object with a supplied value.

• GarbageCollected operator+ (const GarbageCollected &lhs) const

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

template < class T , typename... Args > static GarbageCollected make (Args... args)

Creates a garbage-collected object of the specified type.

### **Protected Member Functions**

· GarbageCollected ()

Constructs a garbage-collected object of the specified type.

## **Protected Attributes**

size\_t \* count

The count of references to the tracked object.

• ComputedExpression \* ref

A reference to the tracked object.

• std::function< void(void)> recycle

A cleanup function to recycle the object.

## **Friends**

std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const GarbageCollected &gc)</li>
 Add friendly output.

## 5.10.1 Detailed Description

A container that acts as a resource-counting garbage collector for the specified type.

Uses the SingletonObjectPool to created and recycle object memory. The container is not thread-safe.

## 5.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.10.2.1 GarbageCollected() [1/3]

Copy Constructor.

**Parameters** 

The other GarbageCollected object to copy.

## 5.10.2.2 GarbageCollected() [2/3]

Move Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

The other GarbageCollected object to move.

### 5.10.2.3 ~GarbageCollected()

```
Tang::GarbageCollected::~GarbageCollected ( ) [inline]
```

Destructor.

Clean up the tracked object, if appropriate.

#### 5.10.2.4 GarbageCollected() [3/3]

```
Tang::GarbageCollected::GarbageCollected ( ) [inline], [protected]
```

Constructs a garbage-collected object of the specified type.

It is private so that a GarbageCollected object can only be created using the GarbageCollected::make() function.

#### **Parameters**

variable The arguments to pass to the constructor of the specified type.

#### 5.10.3 Member Function Documentation

## 5.10.3.1 make()

Creates a garbage-collected object of the specified type.

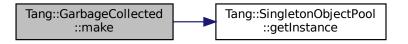
#### **Parameters**

variable The arguments to pass to the constructor of the specified type.

#### Returns

A GarbageCollected object.

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 5.10.3.2 operator\*()

```
ComputedExpression& Tang::GarbageCollected::operator* ( ) const [inline]
```

Access the tracked object.

Returns

A reference to the tracked object.

#### 5.10.3.3 operator->()

```
ComputedExpression* Tang::GarbageCollected::operator-> ( ) const [inline]
```

Access the tracked object as a pointer.

Returns

A pointer to the tracked object.

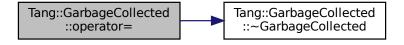
#### 5.10.3.4 operator=() [1/2]

Copy Assignment.

**Parameters** 

The other GarbageCollected object.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 5.10.3.5 operator=() [2/2]

Move Assignment.

#### **Parameters**

The other GarbageCollected object.

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 5.10.3.6 operator==() [1/2]

Compare the GarbageCollected tracked object with a supplied value.

#### **Parameters**

val The value to compare the tracked object against.

#### Returns

True if they are equal, false otherwise.

## 5.10.3.7 operator==() [2/2]

Compare the GarbageCollected tracked object with a supplied value.

#### **Parameters**

val The value to compare the tracked object against.

#### Returns

True if they are equal, false otherwise.

## 5.10.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### **5.10.4.1** operator<<

Add friendly output.

## **Parameters**

out	The output stream.
gc	The GarbageCollected value.

#### Returns

The output stream.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

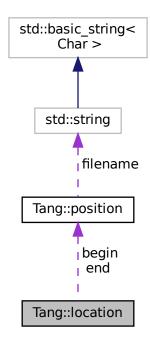
- include/garbageCollected.hpp
- src/garbageCollected.cpp

## 5.11 Tang::location Class Reference

Two points in a source file.

#include <location.hh>

Collaboration diagram for Tang::location:



## **Public Types**

• typedef position::filename\_type filename\_type

Type for file name.

typedef position::counter\_type counter\_type

Type for line and column numbers.

#### **Public Member Functions**

location (const position &b, const position &e)

Construct a location from b to e.

location (const position &p=position())

Construct a 0-width location in p.

• location (filename\_type \*f, counter\_type l=1, counter\_type c=1)

Construct a 0-width location in f, l, c.

• void initialize (filename\_type \*f=((void \*) 0), counter\_type l=1, counter\_type c=1)

Initialization.

### Line and Column related manipulators

• void step ()

Reset initial location to final location.

void columns (counter\_type count=1)

Extend the current location to the COUNT next columns.

void lines (counter\_type count=1)

Extend the current location to the COUNT next lines.

## **Public Attributes**

· position begin

Beginning of the located region.

· position end

End of the located region.

## 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Two points in a source file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

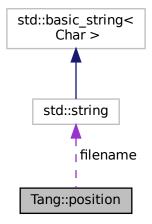
• build/generated/location.hh

## 5.12 Tang::position Class Reference

A point in a source file.

#include <location.hh>

Collaboration diagram for Tang::position:



## **Public Types**

• typedef const std::string filename\_type

Type for file name.

typedef int counter\_type

Type for line and column numbers.

#### **Public Member Functions**

```
    position (filename_type *f=((void *) 0), counter_type l=1, counter_type c=1)
    Construct a position.
```

void initialize (filename\_type \*fn=((void \*) 0), counter\_type l=1, counter\_type c=1)
 Initialization.

## Line and Column related manipulators

```
    void lines (counter_type count=1)
        (line related) Advance to the COUNT next lines.
```

void columns (counter\_type count=1)
 (column related) Advance to the COUNT next columns.

#### **Public Attributes**

filename\_type \* filename
 File name to which this position refers.

· counter\_type line

Current line number.

• counter\_type column

Current column number.

## 5.12.1 Detailed Description

A point in a source file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

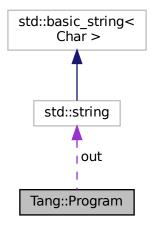
• build/generated/location.hh

## 5.13 Tang::Program Class Reference

Represents a compiled script or template that may be executed.

#include program.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for Tang::Program:



## **Public Types**

• enum CodeType { Script , Template }

Indicate the type of code that was supplied to the Program.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Program (std::string code, CodeType codeType)

Create a compiled program using the provided code.

• ∼Program ()

The Program Destructor.

Program (const Program &program)

The Copy Constructor.

• Program & operator= (const Program &program)

The Copy Assignment operator.

Program (Program &&program)

The Move Constructor.

Program & operator= (Program &&program)

The Move Assignment operator.

• std::string getCode () const

Get the code that was provided when the Program was created.

std::optional< const AstNode \* > getAst () const

Get the AST that was generated by the parser.

• std::string dumpBytecode () const

Get the Opcodes of the compiled program, formatted like Assembly.

• std::optional< const GarbageCollected > getResult () const

Get the result of the Program execution, if it exists.

void addBytecode (uint64\_t)

Add a uint64\_t to the Bytecode.

• Program & execute ()

Execute the program's Bytecode, and return the current Program object.

## **Public Attributes**

std::string out

The output of the program, resulting from the program execution.

## 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Represents a compiled script or template that may be executed.

#### 5.13.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

### 5.13.2.1 CodeType

```
enum Tang::Program::CodeType
```

Indicate the type of code that was supplied to the Program.

### Enumerator

Script	The code is pure Tang script, without any templating.
Template	The code is a template.

## 5.13.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 5.13.3.1 Program()

Create a compiled program using the provided code.

#### **Parameters**

code	The code to be compiled.
codeType	Whether the code is a Script or Template.

## 5.13.4 Member Function Documentation

## 5.13.4.1 addBytecode()

Add a uint64\_t to the Bytecode.

#### **Parameters**

ор	The value to add to the Bytecode.
----	-----------------------------------

## 5.13.4.2 dumpBytecode()

```
string Program::dumpBytecode ( ) const
```

Get the Opcodes of the compiled program, formatted like Assembly.

## Returns

A string containing the Opcode representation.

#### 5.13.4.3 execute()

```
Program & Program::execute ( )
```

Execute the program's Bytecode, and return the current Program object.

#### Returns

The current Program object.

#### 5.13.4.4 getAst()

```
optional< const AstNode * > Program::getAst ( ) const
```

Get the AST that was generated by the parser.

The parser may have failed, so the return is an optional <> type. If the compilation failed, check Program::error.

#### Returns

A pointer to the AST, if it exists.

#### 5.13.4.5 getCode()

```
string Program::getCode ( ) const
```

Get the code that was provided when the Program was created.

#### Returns

The source code from which the Program was created.

#### 5.13.4.6 getResult()

```
optional< const GarbageCollected > Program::getResult ( ) const
```

Get the result of the Program execution, if it exists.

#### Returns

The result of the Program execution, if it exists.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/program.hpp
- src/program-dumpBytecode.cpp
- src/program-execute.cpp
- src/program.cpp

## 5.14 Tang::SingletonObjectPool< T > Class Template Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

T \* get ()

Request an uninitialized memory location from the pool for an object T.

void recycle (T \*obj)

Recycle a memory location for an object T.

∼SingletonObjectPool ()

Destructor.

#### **Static Public Member Functions**

static SingletonObjectPool< T > & getInstance ()
 Get the singleton instance of the object pool.

## 5.14.1 Member Function Documentation

## 5.14.1.1 get()

```
template<class T >
T* Tang::SingletonObjectPool< T >::get ( ) [inline]
```

Request an uninitialized memory location from the pool for an object T.

Returns

An uninitialized memory location for an object T.

#### 5.14.1.2 getInstance()

```
template<class T >
static SingletonObjectPool<T>& Tang::SingletonObjectPool< T >::getInstance ( ) [inline],
[static]
```

Get the singleton instance of the object pool.

Returns

The singleton instance of the object pool.

### 5.14.1.3 recycle()

Recycle a memory location for an object T.

**Parameters** 

*obj* The memory location to recycle.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

include/singletonObjectPool.hpp

## 5.15 Tang::TangBase Class Reference

The base class for the Tang programming language.

```
#include <tangBase.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• TangBase ()

The constructor.

Program compileScript (std::string script)

Compile the provided source code as a script and return a Program.

## 5.15.1 Detailed Description

The base class for the Tang programming language.

This class is the fundamental starting point to compile and execute a Tang program. It may be considered in three parts:

- 1. It acts as an extendable interface through which additional "library" functions can be added to the language. It is intentionally designed that each instance of TangBase will have its own library functions.
- 2. It provides methods to compile scripts and templates, resulting in a Program object.
- 3. The Program object may then be executed, providing instance-specific context information (i.e., state).

### 5.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 5.15.2.1 TangBase()

```
TangBase::TangBase ( )
```

The constructor.

Isn't it glorious.

### 5.15.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.15.3.1 compileScript()

Compile the provided source code as a script and return a Program.

#### **Parameters**

script The	Tang script to be compiled.
------------	-----------------------------

#### Returns

The Program object representing the compiled script.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

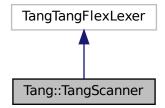
- include/tangBase.hpp
- src/tangBase.cpp

## 5.16 Tang::TangScanner Class Reference

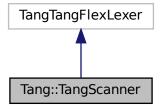
The Flex lexer class for the main Tang language.

#include <tangScanner.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Tang::TangScanner:



Collaboration diagram for Tang::TangScanner:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• TangScanner (std::istream &arg\_yyin, std::ostream &arg\_yyout)

The constructor for the Scanner.

virtual Tang::TangParser::symbol\_type get\_next\_token ()

A pass-through function that we supply so that we can provide a Bison 3 token return type instead of the int that is returned by the default class configuration.

## 5.16.1 Detailed Description

The Flex lexer class for the main Tang language.

Flex requires that our lexer class inherit from yyFlexLexer, an "intermediate" class whose real name is "TangTang ← FlexLexer". We are subclassing it so that we can override the return type of get\_next\_token(), for compatibility with Bison 3 tokens.

#### 5.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 5.16.2.1 TangScanner()

The constructor for the Scanner.

The design of the Flex lexer is to tokenize the contents of an input stream, and to write any error messages to an output stream. In our implementation, however, errors are returned differently, so the output stream is never used. It's presence is retained, however, in case it is needed in the future.

For now, the general approach should be to supply the input as a string stream, and to use std::cout as the output.

#### **Parameters**

arg_yyin	The input stream to be tokenized
arg_yyout	The output stream (not currently used)

#### 5.16.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 5.16.3.1 get\_next\_token()

```
virtual Tang::TangParser::symbol_type Tang::TangScanner::get_next_token ( ) [virtual]
```

A pass-through function that we supply so that we can provide a Bison 3 token return type instead of the int that is returned by the default class configuration.

## Returns

A Bison 3 token representing the lexeme that was recognized.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/tangScanner.hpp

# **Chapter 6**

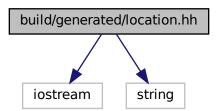
# **File Documentation**

## 6.1 build/generated/location.hh File Reference

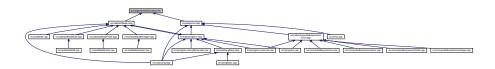
Define the Tang ::location class.

#include <iostream>
#include <string>

Include dependency graph for location.hh:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

• class Tang::position

A point in a source file.

• class Tang::location

Two points in a source file.

56 File Documentation

#### **Macros**

#define YY\_NULLPTR ((void\*)0)

#### **Functions**

position & Tang::operator+= (position &res, position::counter\_type width)

Add width columns, in place.

position Tang::operator+ (position res, position::counter\_type width)

Add width columns.

position & Tang::operator-= (position &res, position::counter type width)

Subtract width columns, in place.

position Tang::operator- (position res, position::counter\_type width)

Subtract width columns.

• template<typename YYChar >

std::basic\_ostream< YYChar > & Tang::operator<< (std::basic\_ostream< YYChar > &ostr, const position &pos)

Intercept output stream redirection.

location & Tang::operator+= (location &res, const location &end)

Join two locations, in place.

location Tang::operator+ (location res, const location &end)

Join two locations.

• location & Tang::operator+= (location &res, location::counter\_type width)

Add width columns to the end position, in place.

location Tang::operator+ (location res, location::counter\_type width)

Add width columns to the end position.

location & Tang::operator-= (location &res, location::counter\_type width)

Subtract width columns to the end position, in place.

location Tang::operator- (location res, location::counter type width)

Subtract width columns to the end position.

• template<typename YYChar >

std::basic\_ostream< YYChar > & Tang::operator<< (std::basic\_ostream< YYChar > &ostr, const location &loc)

Intercept output stream redirection.

## 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Define the Tang ::location class.

### 6.1.2 Function Documentation

### 6.1.2.1 operator <<() [1/2]

Intercept output stream redirection.

#### **Parameters**

ostr	the destination output stream
loc	a reference to the location to redirect

Avoid duplicate information.

## 6.1.2.2 operator<<() [2/2]

Intercept output stream redirection.

#### **Parameters**

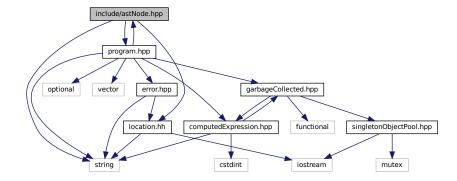
ostr	the destination output stream
pos	a reference to the position to redirect

## 6.2 include/astNode.hpp File Reference

Define the Tang::AstNode and its associated/derivative classes.

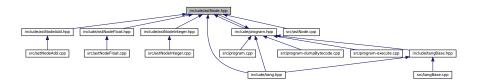
```
#include <string>
#include "location.hh"
#include "program.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for astNode.hpp:



58 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

· class Tang::AstNode

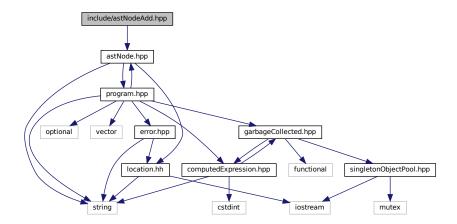
Base class for representing nodes of an Abstract Syntax Tree (AST).

## 6.2.1 Detailed Description

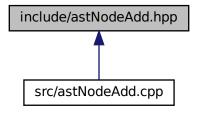
Define the Tang::AstNode and its associated/derivative classes.

## 6.3 include/astNodeAdd.hpp File Reference

#include "astNode.hpp"
Include dependency graph for astNodeAdd.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

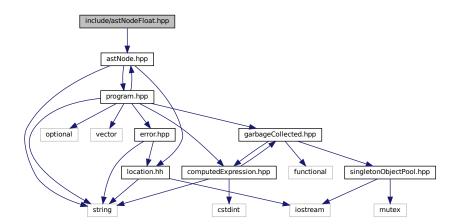


## **Classes**

class Tang::AstNodeAdd
 An AstNode that represents a "+" expression.

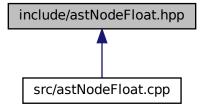
## 6.4 include/astNodeFloat.hpp File Reference

#include "astNode.hpp"
Include dependency graph for astNodeFloat.hpp:



60 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



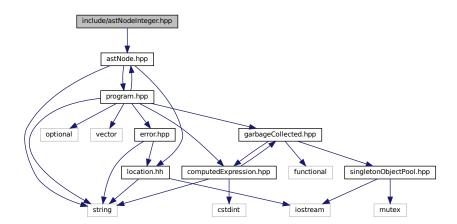
## **Classes**

• class Tang::AstNodeFloat

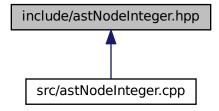
An AstNode that represents an float literal.

## 6.5 include/astNodeInteger.hpp File Reference

#include "astNode.hpp"
Include dependency graph for astNodeInteger.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

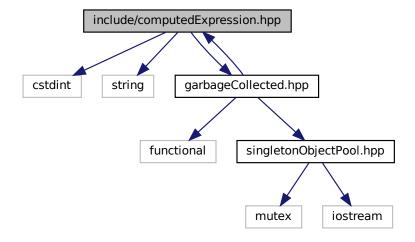
• class Tang::AstNodeInteger

An AstNode that represents an integer literal.

## 6.6 include/computedExpression.hpp File Reference

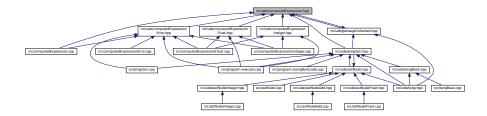
```
#include <cstdint>
#include <string>
#include "garbageCollected.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for computedExpression.hpp:



62 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

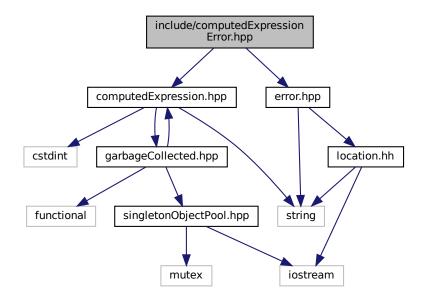
• class Tang::ComputedExpression

Represents the result of a computation that has been executed.

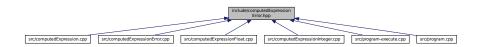
## 6.7 include/computedExpressionError.hpp File Reference

#include "computedExpression.hpp"
#include "error.hpp"

Include dependency graph for computedExpressionError.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

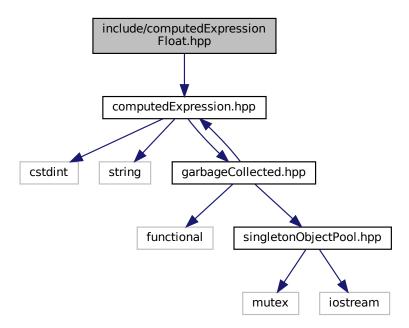


#### **Classes**

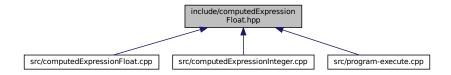
class Tang::ComputedExpressionError
 Represents a Runtime Error.

## 6.8 include/computedExpressionFloat.hpp File Reference

#include "computedExpression.hpp"
Include dependency graph for computedExpressionFloat.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Classes

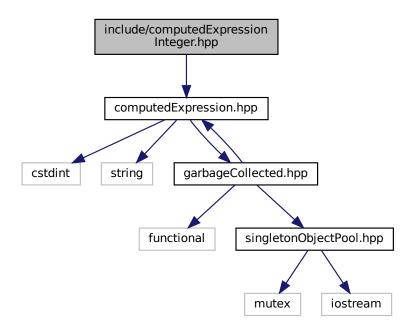
• class Tang::ComputedExpressionFloat

Represents a Float that is the result of a computation.

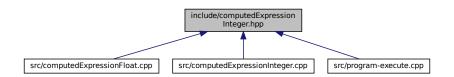
64 File Documentation

## 6.9 include/computedExpressionInteger.hpp File Reference

#include "computedExpression.hpp"
Include dependency graph for computedExpressionInteger.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



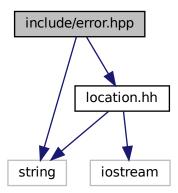
## **Classes**

class Tang::ComputedExpressionInteger
 Represents an Integer that is the result of a computation.

## 6.10 include/error.hpp File Reference

Define the Tang::Error class used to describe syntax and runtime errors.

```
#include <string>
#include "location.hh"
Include dependency graph for error.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Classes**

· class Tang::Error

The Error class is used to report any error of the system, whether a syntax (parsing) error or a runtime (execution) error.

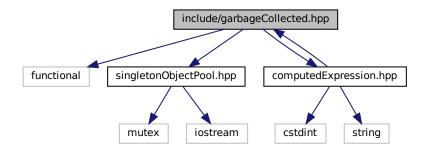
### 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Define the Tang::Error class used to describe syntax and runtime errors.

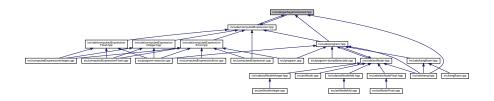
# 6.11 include/garbageCollected.hpp File Reference

```
#include <functional>
#include "singletonObjectPool.hpp"
```

#include "computedExpression.hpp"
Include dependency graph for garbageCollected.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Classes**

• class Tang::GarbageCollected

A container that acts as a resource-counting garbage collector for the specified type.

# 6.12 include/macros.hpp File Reference

Contains generic macros.

#### **Macros**

• #define TANG\_UNUSED(x) x

Instruct the compiler that a function argument will not be used so that it does not generate an error.

### 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Contains generic macros.

#### 6.12.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### **6.12.2.1 TANG UNUSED**

```
#define TANG_UNUSED(
     x ) x
```

Instruct the compiler that a function argument will not be used so that it does not generate an error.

When defining a funcion, use the TANG\_UNUSED() macro around any argument which is *not* used in the function, in order to squash any compiler warnings. e.g., void foo(int TANG\_UNUSED(a)) {}

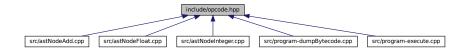
#### **Parameters**

x The argument to be ignored.

# 6.13 include/opcode.hpp File Reference

Declare the Opcodes used in the Bytecode representation of a program.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Enumerations**

enum class Tang::Opcode { INTEGER , FLOAT , ADD }

### 6.13.1 Detailed Description

Declare the Opcodes used in the Bytecode representation of a program.

### 6.13.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 6.13.2.1 Opcode

```
enum Tang::Opcode [strong]
```

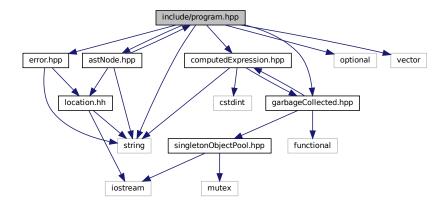
#### Enumerator

INTEGER	Push an integer onto the stack.
FLOAT	Push a floating point number onto the stack.
ADD	Pop rhs, pop lhs, push lhs + rhs.

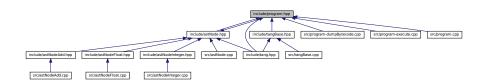
# 6.14 include/program.hpp File Reference

Define the Tang::Program class used to compile and execute source code.

```
#include <string>
#include <optional>
#include <vector>
#include "astNode.hpp"
#include "error.hpp"
#include "computedExpression.hpp"
#include "garbageCollected.hpp"
Include dependency graph for program.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

• class Tang::Program

Represents a compiled script or template that may be executed.

### **Typedefs**

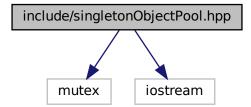
using Tang::Bytecode = std::vector < uint64\_t >
 Contains the Opcodes of a compiled program.

### 6.14.1 Detailed Description

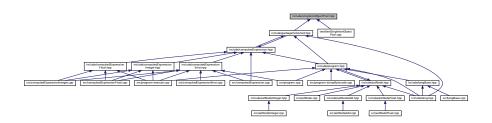
Define the Tang::Program class used to compile and execute source code.

# 6.15 include/singletonObjectPool.hpp File Reference

#include <mutex>
#include <iostream>
Include dependency graph for singletonObjectPool.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

class Tang::SingletonObjectPool< T >

#### **Macros**

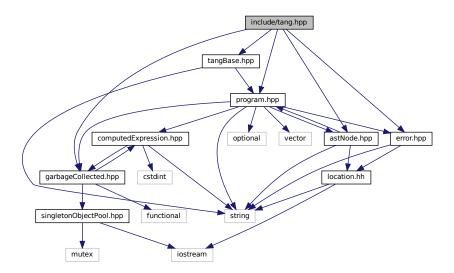
• #define GROW 1024

The threshold size to use when allocating blocks of data, measured in the number of instances of the object type.

# 6.16 include/tang.hpp File Reference

Header file supplied for use by 3rd party code so that they can easily include all necessary headers.

```
#include "tangBase.hpp"
#include "astNode.hpp"
#include "error.hpp"
#include "garbageCollected.hpp"
#include "program.hpp"
Include dependency graph for tang.hpp:
```



### 6.16.1 Detailed Description

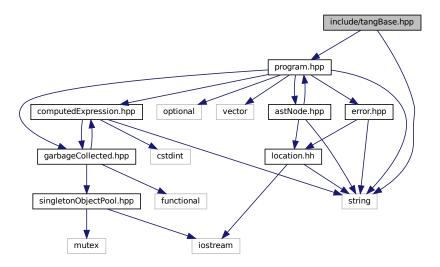
Header file supplied for use by 3rd party code so that they can easily include all necessary headers.

# 6.17 include/tangBase.hpp File Reference

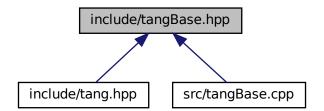
Defines the Tang::TangBase class used to interact with Tang.

```
#include <string>
#include "program.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for tangBase.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Classes

• class Tang::TangBase

The base class for the Tang programming language.

### 6.17.1 Detailed Description

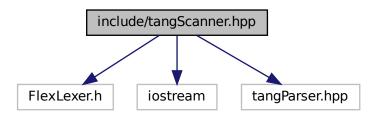
Defines the Tang::TangBase class used to interact with Tang.

# 6.18 include/tangScanner.hpp File Reference

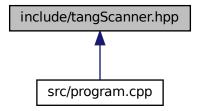
Defines the Tang::TangScanner used to tokenize a Tang script.

```
#include <FlexLexer.h>
#include <iostream>
#include "tangParser.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for tangScanner.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

• class Tang::TangScanner

The Flex lexer class for the main Tang language.

### **Macros**

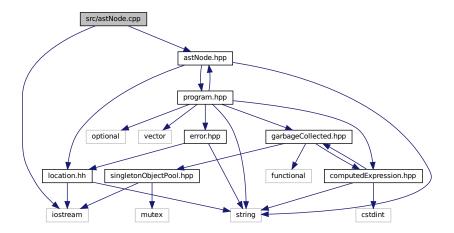
- #define yyFlexLexer TangTangFlexLexer
- #define YY\_DECL Tang::TangParser::symbol\_type Tang::TangScanner::get\_next\_token()

### 6.18.1 Detailed Description

Defines the Tang::TangScanner used to tokenize a Tang script.

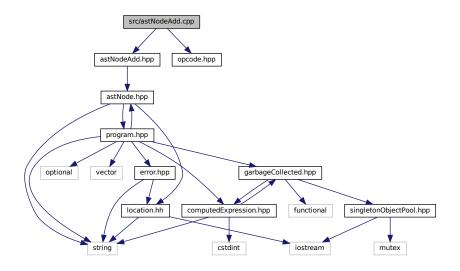
# 6.19 src/astNode.cpp File Reference

#include <iostream>
#include "astNode.hpp"
Include dependency graph for astNode.cpp:



# 6.20 src/astNodeAdd.cpp File Reference

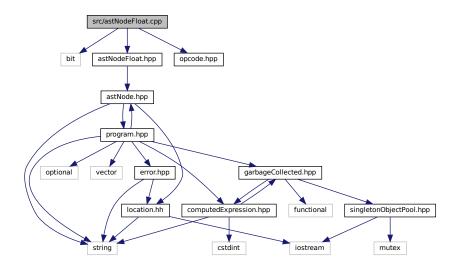
#include "astNodeAdd.hpp"
#include "opcode.hpp"
Include dependency graph for astNodeAdd.cpp:



# 6.21 src/astNodeFloat.cpp File Reference

```
#include <bit>
#include "astNodeFloat.hpp"
#include "opcode.hpp"
```

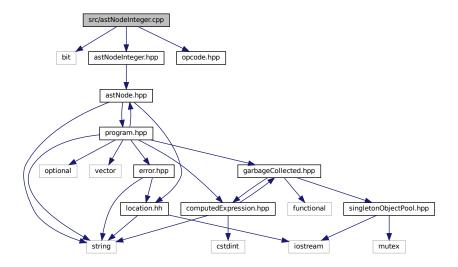
Include dependency graph for astNodeFloat.cpp:



# 6.22 src/astNodeInteger.cpp File Reference

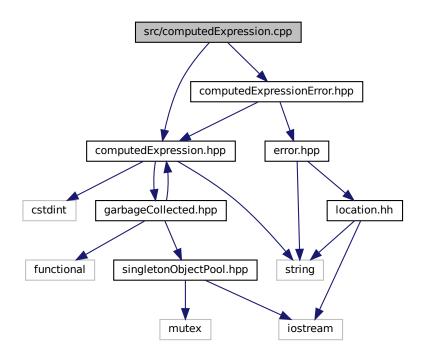
```
#include <bit>
#include "astNodeInteger.hpp"
#include "opcode.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for astNodeInteger.cpp:



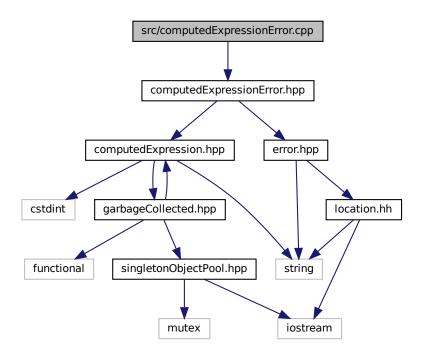
# 6.23 src/computedExpression.cpp File Reference

#include "computedExpression.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionError.hpp"
Include dependency graph for computedExpression.cpp:



# 6.24 src/computedExpressionError.cpp File Reference

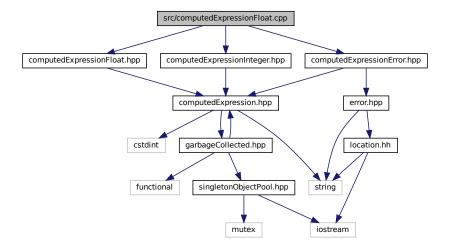
#include "computedExpressionError.hpp"
Include dependency graph for computedExpressionError.cpp:



# 6.25 src/computedExpressionFloat.cpp File Reference

```
#include "computedExpressionFloat.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionInteger.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionError.hpp"
```

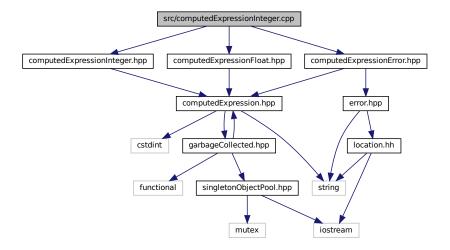
Include dependency graph for computedExpressionFloat.cpp:



# 6.26 src/computedExpressionInteger.cpp File Reference

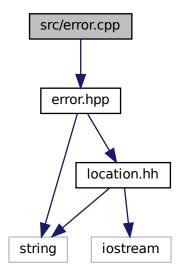
```
#include "computedExpressionInteger.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionFloat.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionError.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for computedExpressionInteger.cpp:



# 6.27 src/error.cpp File Reference

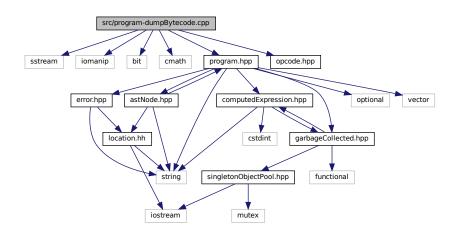
```
#include "error.hpp"
Include dependency graph for error.cpp:
```



# 6.28 src/program-dumpBytecode.cpp File Reference

```
#include <sstream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <bit>
#include <cmath>
#include "program.hpp"
#include "opcode.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for program-dumpBytecode.cpp:



#### **Macros**

• #define DUMPPROGRAMCHECK(x)

Verify the size of the Bytecode vector so that it may be safely accessed.

### 6.28.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 6.28.1.1 DUMPPROGRAMCHECK

Verify the size of the Bytecode vector so that it may be safely accessed.

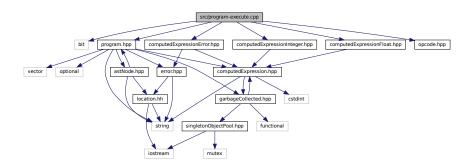
If the vector is not large enough, an error message is appended to the output string and no further opcodes are printed.

#### **Parameters**

x The number of additional vector entries that should exist.

### 6.29 src/program-execute.cpp File Reference

```
#include <bit>
#include "program.hpp"
#include "opcode.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionError.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionInteger.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionFloat.hpp"
Include dependency graph for program-execute.cpp:
```



#### **Macros**

#define EXECUTEPROGRAMCHECK(x)

Verify the size of the Bytecode vector so that it may be safely accessed.

• #define STACKCHECK(x)

Verify the size of the stack vector so that it may be safely accessed.

#### 6.29.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 6.29.1.1 EXECUTEPROGRAMCHECK

Verify the size of the Bytecode vector so that it may be safely accessed.

#### **Parameters**

x The number of additional vector entries that should exist.

### 6.29.1.2 STACKCHECK

```
#define STACKCHECK( x )
```

#### Value:

```
if (stack.size() < (fp + (x))) {
    stack.push_back(GarbageCollected::make<ComputedExpressionError>(Error{"Insufficient stack depth."})); \
    pc = this->bytecode.size(); \
    break; \
}
```

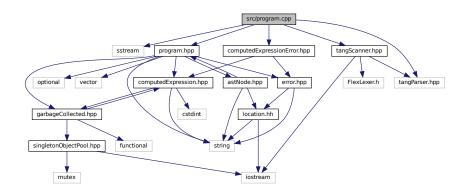
Verify the size of the stack vector so that it may be safely accessed.

#### **Parameters**

*x* The number of entries that should exist in the stack.

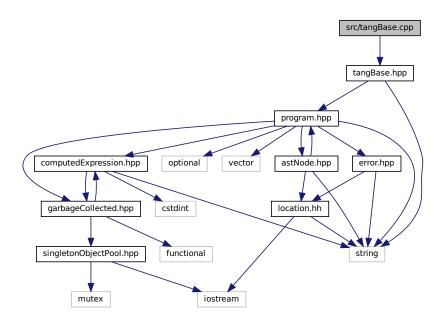
# 6.30 src/program.cpp File Reference

```
#include <sstream>
#include "program.hpp"
#include "tangScanner.hpp"
#include "tangParser.hpp"
#include "computedExpressionError.hpp"
Include dependency graph for program.cpp:
```



# 6.31 src/tangBase.cpp File Reference

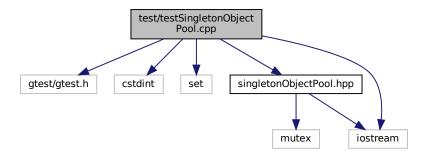
#include "tangBase.hpp"
Include dependency graph for tangBase.cpp:



# 6.32 test/testSingletonObjectPool.cpp File Reference

```
#include <gtest/gtest.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <set>
#include "singletonObjectPool.hpp"
#include <iostream>
```

Include dependency graph for testSingletonObjectPool.cpp:



### **Functions**

- **TEST** (Singleton, SameForSameType)
- **TEST** (Singleton, DifferentForDifferentTypes)
- TEST (Get, SuccessiveCallsProduceDifferentMemoryAddresses)
- TEST (Recycle, RecycledObjectIsReused)
- TEST (Get, SuccessiveCallsAreSequential)
- TEST (Get, KeepsGeneratingDifferentPointers)
- TEST (Recycle, WorksAfterLargeNumberOfAllocations)
- int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

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