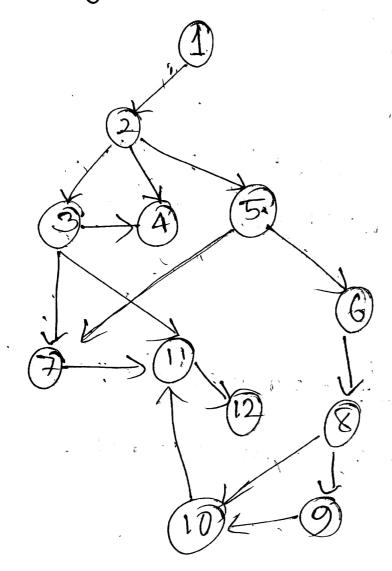
## Ams! to the Que! 4

the graph!



0F)-1->2->3->4->5->7-711->6->12-

DFS!

1920 30 407010.

there is a while bop and a lon loop, The wonst case will be in the while loop though every mode which is = 0 (m)  $e^{-it_2} (m=12)$ and Jon Jon loop' wonst case will be the a node to gone through all edges. 1-1 so the complexity = 0 (m+e) = 0(12+16)

≥ 16 =) all edge).

For DF'S,

there is a necinston, and Lon every necinting there is a necinston, and Lon every necinting all wender/mode edges (connected list)

varder/mode edges (connected list)

time complexity => For one node

=> 0(1) + 0(all edges)

>> 0(1) + 0(E)

as there are no nepeatorion;  $0 \Rightarrow 0 \text{ (all node)} + 0 \text{ (all edges)}$   $0 \Rightarrow 0 \text{ (n)} + 0 \text{ (E)}$   $0 \Rightarrow 0 \text{ (n+E)}$ 

Grany will who the victory nead, As o army and I two dillement approach BFS and DFS. Grany have & Destination= 12 Crany's path => 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4-> 7-> 1 == > 12 my part => 1->2->3->4->5->7->11->6->12 Grany Lave to gome 1 the 7 Node to neach destination 9 node to neach as & Gany Lave to gone through less amount Node, thus he will win (as the edges are unweighted, assume all one samp