

## In-tutorial exercise sheet 6

### supporting the lecture Mathematical Statistics

(Discussion in the tutorial on 9. December 2015)

#### Exercise 1.

Apply the Neyman criterion to find sufficient statistics for the distributions of  $X = (X_1, \dots, X_n)^T$ , where the densities of  $X_1$  originate from the following distribution families:

- a) The family of *Weibull*-distributions with densities

$$f(x, (\theta, a)) = \theta a (\theta x)^{a-1} \exp(-(\theta x)^a) 1_{(0, \infty)}(x), \quad \theta > 0, a > 0.$$

- b) The family of uniform distributions on intervals in  $\mathbb{R}$

$$f(x, (\theta_1, \theta_2)) = (\theta_2 - \theta_1)^{-1} 1_{[\theta_1, \theta_2]}(x), \quad (\theta_1, \theta_2) \in \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 | x < y\}.$$

#### Exercise 2.

Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d  $N(\mu, 1)$ -distributed. Then  $X_1$  is an unbiased estimator for  $\mu$  and  $T(X) = \bar{X}_n$  is a sufficient statistic. Compute

$$\mathbb{E}[X_1 | T(X)].$$

What can you conclude using the Rao-Blackwell theorem?