

In-tutorial exercise sheet 10

supporting the lecture Mathematical Finance and Stochastic Integration

(Discussion in the tutorial on June 30th 2016, 2:15 p.m.)

Exercise P.21.

Let $(X_t)_{t \in [0, T]}$ be a *Brownian motion with drift* $a \in \mathbb{R}$ and *volatility* $\sigma > 0$ (i.e. it holds $X_t = at + \sigma B_t$ for a standard Brownian motion $(B_t)_{t \geq 0}$) on $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$.

- a) Show, that we can define an equivalent probability measure \mathbb{Q} via the \mathbb{P} -density

$$L_T = \exp \left(\frac{b-a}{\sigma^2} X_T - \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2\sigma^2} T \right), \quad \rho \in \mathbb{R},$$

i.e. show $L_T \geq 0$, L_T is \mathcal{F}_T -measurable and $\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{P}}[L_T] = 1$.

- b) Compute the density process $(L_t)_{t \geq 0} = (\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{P}}[L_T | \mathcal{F}_t])_{t \geq 0}$.

- c) Show, that X is a Brownian motion with drift b and volatility σ under \mathbb{Q} .

Hint: Consider the conditional characteristic functions $u \mapsto \mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{Q}}[\exp(iu(X_t - X_s)) | \mathcal{F}_s]$ for $t \geq s$.

Exercise P.22.

Consider the Black-Scholes model with stock price process $A_t = A_0 \exp((\mu - \sigma^2/2)t + \sigma B_t)$ for a Brownian motion $B = (B_t)_{t \in [0, T]}$ under the probability measure \mathbb{P} . Then the discounted stock price process $e^{-\rho t} A_t$, $\rho > 0$, is a \mathbb{Q} -martingale where \mathbb{Q} is defined by

$$\frac{d\mathbb{Q}}{d\mathbb{P}} = \exp \left(\frac{\rho - \mu}{\sigma} B_T - \frac{(\rho - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2} T \right).$$