

Stochastics II  
Stochastic Processes  
Winterterm 2016/17

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Sheet 7

**Exercise 1**

Consider a chess board. We want to model the movement of the king as a (temporally homogeneous) Markov chain  $X$ , where  $X_n$  denotes the position of the piece at time  $n \geq 0$ , with state space  $E := \{A1, A2, \dots, H8\}$ . Assume that the king chooses one of the squares he could move to at random each step.

- (i) Give a sufficient model and state the transition matrix  $P$ .
- (ii) Determine whether  $X$  is irreducible or aperiodic
- (iii) Determine the stationary distribution  $\pi$  (i.e.  $\pi P = \pi$ )
- (iv) Assume  $X_0 = A1$ . Determine the expected number of visits in
  - (a) H1
  - (b) G7

before returning to A1.

*Hint:* Detailed balance condition.

**Exercise 2**

Let  $P$  be a double stochastic matrix, i.e.

- (i)  $P(i, j) \geq 0$  for all  $i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ ,
- (ii)  $\sum_{j=1}^n P(i, j) = 1$  for all  $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ ,
- (iii)  $\sum_{i=1}^n P(i, j) = 1$  for all  $j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

hold true.

- (a) Show that  $\pi := (\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, \dots, \frac{1}{n})$  is a stationary distribution with respect to  $P$ .

- (b) Under which conditions on  $P$  is  $\pi$  also reversible?  
(i.e.  $\pi(i)P(i, j) = \pi(j)P(j, i)$ )

**Exercise 3 (Reflected random walk)**

Let  $X$  be a Markov chain with state space  $E := \{0, 1, \dots, N\}$ ,  $N \geq 1$  and transition probabilities

$$P(x, y) = \begin{cases} p & \text{if } y = x + 1 \text{ and } x = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1, \\ q & \text{if } y = x - 1 \text{ and } x = 1, 2, \dots, N, \\ p & \text{if } y = x = N, \\ q & \text{if } y = x = 0, \end{cases}$$

where  $\frac{1}{2} \leq p < 1, p + q = 1$ .

1. Determine a stable distribution  $\pi$ .
2. Is  $\pi$  unique?

**Hand in until friday, 16.12.2016, 12:00**