

<u>Aim:</u> Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.

IDE:

Python Tuple

A tuple is a collection similar to a Python list. The primary difference is that we cannot modify a tuple once it is created.

A tuple represents a sequence of any objects separated by commas and enclosed in parentheses. A tuple is an immutable object, which means it cannot be changed, and we use it to represent fixed collections of items.

Create a Python Tuple numbers = (1, 2, -5) print(numbers)

Output:

Let's take a look at some examples of Python tuples:

```
() — an empty tuple (1.0, 9.9, 10) — a tuple containing three numeric objects ('Casey', 'Darin', 'Bella', 'Mehdi') — a tuple containing four string objects ('10', 101, True) — a tuple containing a string, an integer, and a Boolean object Also, other objects like lists and tuples can comprise a tuple, like this: a_tuple = (0, [1, 2, 3], (4, 5, 6), 7.0) print(a_tuple)
```

Access Tuple Items

Each item in a tuple is associated with a number, known as a index.

languages = ('Python', 'Swift', 'C++')

languages = ('Python', 'Swift', 'C++')

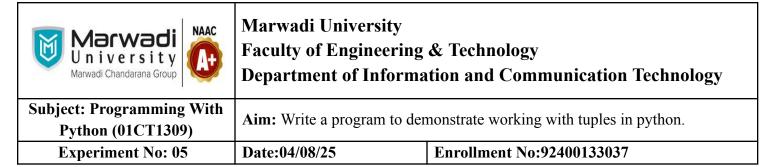
access the first item

```
print(languages[0]) # Python
```

```
Python Tuple Length
cars = ('BMW', 'Tesla', 'Ford', 'Toyota')
print('Total Items:', len(cars))
output
```

```
lab5 > 💠 tuple.py > ...
       num=(1,2,-5)
       print(num)
       nums=(1.0, 9.9, 10)
       st=('Casey', 'Darin', 'Bella', 'Mehdi')
       mix=('10', 101, True)
       tuple=(0,[1,2,3],(4,5,6),7)
       print(tuple)
  9
       lan=('Python','Swift','C++')
       print(lan[0])
       crs=('BMW', 'Tesla', 'Ford', 'Toyota')
       print('Total Items',len(crs))
 PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                    DEBUG CONSOLE
                                    TERMINAL
TERMINAL
PS G:\sem-3\python lab> python -u "g:\sem-3\python lab\lab5\tuple.py"
                                                                                         Σ
 (1, 2, -5)
                                                                                         D
(0, [1, 2, 3], (4, 5, 6), 7)
Python
Total Items 4
```

```
Task
a = tuple(range(5))
b = tuple(range(5,10))
print(b)
c = tuple(range(0,10,2))
print(c)
```



```
d = tuple(range(10,0,-2))
print(d)
Task:
d = (3,[5,6,7],(4,5,6),[5,6,7,(6,7,8)],9,10)
Extract 6
```

Syntax:

```
a=tuple(range(5))
      print(a)
      b=tuple(range(5,10))
      print(b)
      c = tuple(range(0,10,2))
 6
      print(c)
      d = tuple(range(10,0,-2))
      print(d)
      d = (3,[5,6,7],(4,5,6),[5,6,7,(6,7,8)],9,10)
      print(d[1][1])
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                   DEBUG CONSOLE
                                   TERMINAL
TERMINAL
                                                                     ∑ Code -
PS G:\sem-3\python_lab> python -u "g:\sem-3\python_lab\lab5\task.py"
(0, 1, 2, 3, 4)
(5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
(0, 2, 4, 6, 8)
(10, 8, 6, 4, 2)
```

Important Functions of the Python Tuple t1 = (2,3,4,5)print(sum(t1)) output

```
t1=(2,3,4,5)
print(sum(t1))
```



Marwadi University

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)

Aim: Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.

Experiment No: 05 Date: 04/08/25 Enrollment No: 92400133037

```
PS G:\sem-3\python_lab> python -u "g:\sem-3\python_lab\lab5\tuple-fns.py"

t3 = (3,4,4,2,2,3,6,7,4,4)
print(t3.count(4))

4. Python index() Method

t3 = (3,4,4,2,2,3,6,7,4,4)
print(t3.index(2))
print(t3.index(4,3,9))

5. Python min() Method

t3 = (3,4,4,2,2,3,6,7,4,4)
print(min(t3))

6. Python max() Method
```

Calculates the maximum of all the elements of the tuple.

numbers = (7, 2, 8, 5, 9)print(max(numbers))

Output

```
4
3
8
2
9
```





Marwadi University

Faculty of Engineering & Technology

Department of Information and Communication Technology

Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)

Aim: Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.

Experiment No: 05 Date:04/08/25 **Enrollment No:92400133037**

```
# removing duplicates from a tuple using dictionaries
a = (5,6,7,5,5,9,7)
b = ("a","b","v","b")
my tu 1 = \text{tuple}(\text{dict.fromkeys}(a))
print(my tu 1)
my tu 2 = \text{tuple}(\text{dict.fromkeys}(b))
print(my tu 2)
Output:
13
       a=(5,6,7,5,5,9,7)
       b=("a","b","v","b")
       tu1=tuple(dict.fromkeys(a))
       print(tu1)
       tu2=tuple(dict.fromkeys(b))
```

(5, 6, 7, 9)('a', 'b', 'v')

Combining tuples

print(tu2)

```
first names = ('Simon', 'Sarah', 'Mehdi', 'Fatime')
last names = ('Sinek', 'Smith', 'Lotfinejad', 'Lopes')
ages = (49, 55, 39, 33)
zipped = tuple(zip(first names, last names,ages))
print(zipped)
```

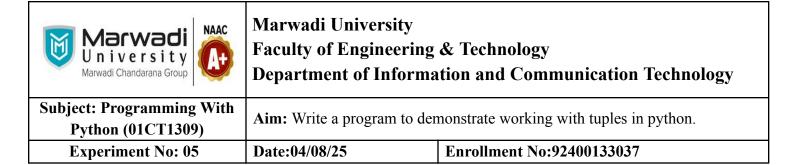
Output

```
first_names = ('Simon', 'Sarah', 'Mehdi', 'Fatime')
last_names = ('Sinek', 'Smith', 'Lotfinejad', 'Lopes')
ages=(49,55,39,33)
com=tuple(zip(first_names,last_names,ages))
print(com)
```

```
(('Simon', 'Sinek', 49), ('Sarah', 'Smith', 55), ('Mehdi', 'Lotfinejad', 39), ('Fatime', 'Lopes', 33))
```

Flatten a tuple of tuples

```
b = ((1,2),(3,4),(5,6))
```



my = tuple(item for l in b for item in l)
print(my)
output

```
lab5 > tuple-fns.py > ...

25
26 b=((1,2),(3,4),(5,6))
27 tu=tuple(item for 1 in b for item in 1)
28 print(tu)

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

TERMINAL

(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
```

Post Lab Exercise:

- a. Write a Python program to Count the occurrences of an element in a tuple.
- b. Write a Python program to Check if an element exists in a tuple.
- c. Write a Python program to Convert a tuple to a string.
- d. Write a Python program to Find the maximum and minimum elements in a tuple.
- e. Write a Python program to convert a tuple of strings to a single string.
- f. Write a Python program to sort a tuple of integers.
- g. Write a python program to find the first and last elements of a tuple.



Marwadi University Faculty of Engineering & Technology Department of Information and Communication Technology

Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)

Aim: Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.

Experiment No: 05 | Date: 04/08/25

Enrollment No:92400133037

```
#a. Write a Python program to Count the occurrences of an element in a tuple
     tu =('a','a','a','b','c','d','d','e')
     freq={}
     for i in tu:
         freq[i]=freq[i]+1 if i in freq else 1
     print("Frequency of elements:",freq)
     #b.Write a Python program to Check if an element exists in a tuple.
     t=(10,20,30,40,50)
10
     el=22
     if el in t:
         print(f"{el} exists in the tuple")
     else:
         print(f"{el} does not exist in the tuple")
     #c. Write a Python program to Convert a tuple to a string.
     t=('p','y','t','h','o','n')
     print("Tuple converted to string:",''.join(t))
     #d. Find the maximum and minimum elements in a tuple
     t=(5,0,-3,1,0.6,4)
     print("Maximum element:",max(t))
     print("Minimum element:",min(t))
     t=("Hello", "World", "Python")
     print("Tuple converted to single string:"," ".join(t))
```

```
lab5 > PostLab.py > ...

28

29  #f. Sort a tuple of integers

30  t=(5,1,-2,3,7)

31  print("Sorted:",tuple(sorted(t)))

32

33  #g. Find the first and last elements of a tuple

34  t = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)

35

36  print("First element:", t[0])

37  print("Last element:", t[-1])
```

```
PS G:\sem-3\python_lab> python -u "g:\sem-3\python_lab\lab5\PostLab.py"
Frequency of elements: {'a': 3, 'b': 1, 'c': 1, 'd': 2, 'e': 1}
22 does not exist in the tuple
Tuple converted to string: python
Maximum element: 5
Minimum element: -3
Tuple converted to single string: Hello World Python
Sorted: (-2, 1, 3, 5, 7)
First element: 10
Last element: 50
```

Marwadi U n i v e r s i t y Marwadi Chandarana Group	Marwadi University Faculty of Engineering & Technology Department of Information and Communication Technology	
Subject: Programming With Python (01CT1309)	Aim: Write a program to demonstrate working with tuples in python.	
Experiment No: 05	Date:04/08/25	Enrollment No:92400133037

GITHUB LINK

https://github.com/Heer972005/Python_Lab