Protocol for Harvesting Roots, Rhizosphere, and Bulk Soil from Field samples

- 1. Dig up roots of 2 plants and place in a large pan/tray/bucket (take the plants from two different areas of the plot).
- 2. Remove excess soil manually by brushing/shaking roots or by using a trowel (wear gloves).
- 3. Collect some of this bulk soil sample in a labeled quart size Ziploc bag and place on ice. (about 1/3 of a bag).
- 4. Excise roots from the 2 plants: collect a variety of roots from each plant, approximately 6-8 roots per plant. From soy we collected all of the lateral roots and approximately a 4-inch section of the tap root tip. Place the roots in, a labeled 50 ml tube containing 35 mls of phosphate buffer, cutting roots as needed, to fit into tube.
- 5. Vigorously shake tube for 60 sec to wash off rhizosphere soil from the roots
- 6. Remove roots, and briefly place on a paper towel.
- 7. Place roots into labeled empty 50ml tube.
- 8. Place both tubes (roots, rhizosphere) on ice.
- When finished you should have three samples for each plot, = bulk soil, rhizosphere and roots.
- 10. The roots are then brought into the lab and surface sterilized with household bleach containing 0.01% Tween for 30 seconds, then 70% ethanol for 30 seconds followed by three washes with deionized sterile water. We then blot the roots dry and cut up the roots and store them at -80°C. The next step with the roots is to grind them with liquid nitrogen to homogenize before doing the DNA extraction. For the rhizosphere we filter with a course filter to remove root particles then spin down, resuspend in a smaller volume and store in eppendorf tubes until we do the DNA extraction. The soil we just store in a ziplock bag in the cold room. Aim for 250 grams as that is what one lab needs for their chemical analysis.

Phosphate Buffer: 6.33 gr/L NaH₂PO₄, 8.5 gr/L Na₂HPO₄ anhydrous, 200ul/L Silwet L-77