

# Knapsack problem 3.0

Cost: 12 | Solved: 51

Time limit: 1 s

Input: input.txt

Output: output.txt

#### Task:

A robber sneaked into a bank and found n gold bars with weights of  $w_1, w_2, ..., w_n$  kgs and values of  $p_1, p_2, ..., p_n$ . The robber can't get away with all bars, for his knapsack can only hold the weight not greater than W kgs.

Find the optimal set of bars that will allow the robber to get away with maximal value.

### Input:

The first line contains a natural n (1  $\leq n \leq$  500) – the quantity of gold bars and an integer W – the maximal sum the robber can get away with.

The second line contains bars' weights  $(w_1, w_2, ..., w_n)$ .

The third line contains bars' values  $(p_1, p_2, ..., p_n)$ .

## **Output:**

The indices of the gold bars the robber should grab.

### **Example:**

	Input	Output
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2 10	
100 80	1
10 9	
5100	
1000 550 550 550	23
80 50 50 50	