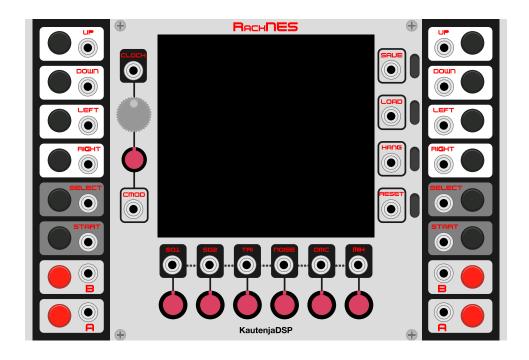
RACHNES



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1 Overview

RackNES is a Nintendo Entertainment System (NES) emulator for VCV Rack with control voltage inputs and outputs. RackNES offers several key features, namely,

- Clock Source: Use NES frame-rate (FPS) as a clock source for downstream modules;
- Clock Rate Modulation: Control the clock rate of the NES with direct knob and CV;
- NES Audio Output: Sample audio from the NES in real-time at any sampling rate;
- Sampling/Ratcheting: Save and restore the NES state for interesting musical effects;
 and
- Full CV Control: CV inputs for Reset, Player 1, Player 2, and more.

2 Loading ROMs

To load a game into RackNES:

- acquire a ROM dump of the desired game in the iNES format, the file-type will be .NES or .nes;
- 2. bring up the RackNES context menu by right-clicking the module and selecting "Load ROM":
- 3. use the resulting file explorer to locate the ROM file from (1) and load it into RackNES;
- 4. if the ROM file is invalid or cannot be loaded, RackNES will inform you using a pop-up dialog.

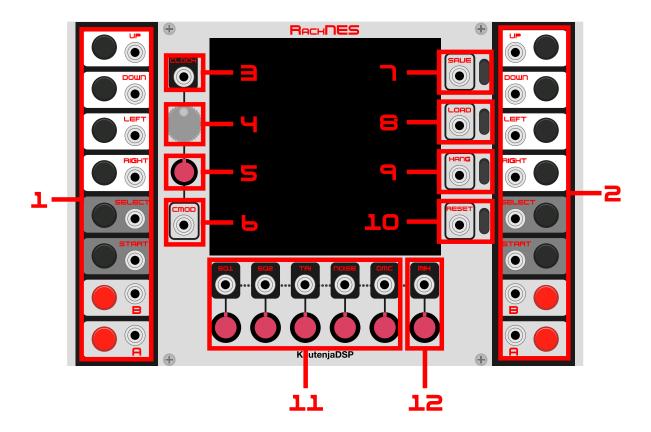
3 Mappers

Unlike digital media, NES games were deployed using cartridges based on functioning circuits. These cartridges often had special logical mappings, or else employed additional resources (e.g., ROM, RAM, ASICs) to extend the capabilities of the NES. These mappers must be individually accounted for in the emulation of the NES in order to support the games that use them. Otherwise, the code for those games will not execute correctly, if at all. RackNES supports many of the common mappers, with plans to support more in the future. Table 1 outlines which mappers are supported by the current stable release of RackNES.

ID	Name
0	NROM
1	MMC1
2	UNROM
3	CNROM

Table 1: NES mappers supported by the current release of RackNES.

4 Panel Layout



- 1. Player 1 controller input gates; high at 2V
- 2. Player 2 controller input gates; high at 2V
- 3. NES Clock output. A pulse wave with 50% duty cycle; high at 10V, low at 0V. Rising edge follows the frame-rate of the NES where a frame occurs once every 29781 CPU cycles, i.e., $f_{output} = \frac{f_{clock}}{29781}$
- 4. NES Clock rate control. Controls the clock rate of the NES starting at a base rate of $f_{clock}=1.7898MHz.$
- 5. NES Clock rate CV attenuverter. Controls strength and polarity of clock rate CV input.
- 6. NES Clock rate CV modulation. Modulates the clock rate parameter according to CV with half the range of the clock rate control knob.
- 7. Save state trigger; high at 2V. Saves the current state of emulation.
- 8. Load state trigger; high at 2V. Loads the existing save state back into the emulation.
- 9. Hang emulation trigger; high at 2V. Causes the emulation to hold state when the gate is high.
- 10. Reset emulator trigger; high at 2V. Equal to pressing "Reset" on the NES, resets the game.

11. NES Channel Mixer. Outputs and level controls for each of the five synthesis channels on the NES; $10V_{pp}$. Channels are removed from the global mix when connected. Knobs controls the gain of the audio output signal from 0% to 200%.

12. NES Mix output; $10V_{pp}$. Sum of the five synthesis channels NES. Channels with connected outputs are removed from the mix. The knob controls the gain of the audio output signal from 0% to 200%.

References & Acknowledgments

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