Project – External Documentation

BG01 Computer Graphics

Odd Semester Year 2023/2024>



Project Title

PLANTS NO ZOMBIE

• Introduction

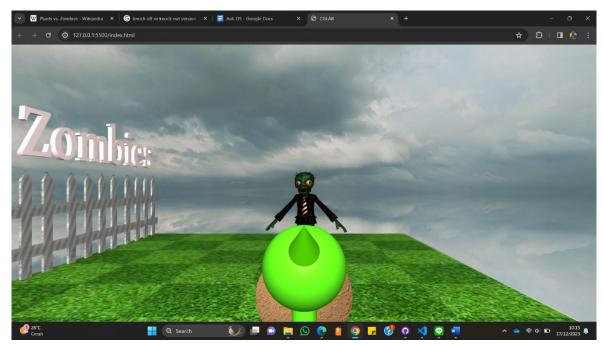
Plants NO Zombies is a knock-off version of a famous video game Plants vs Zombies created using HTML5 and JavaScript with ThreeJS library. As its' name, the user will be given a graphic of a zombie and a plant or as we call it, a peashooter. The peashooter will shoot projectiles when user do an on-click. Users are able to change perspectives of the view, by holding the key and drag, or by pressing 'c' on the keyboard to change into 1st person camera or to 3rd person camera. Users are also able to change the time setting from day to night by pressing the space bar. It will change the sky from midday to night, with the support of blue skybox and starry night skybox.

• Report / Documentation

1. Project Outcome



First look of Plants NO Zombies (3rd person camera, midday)



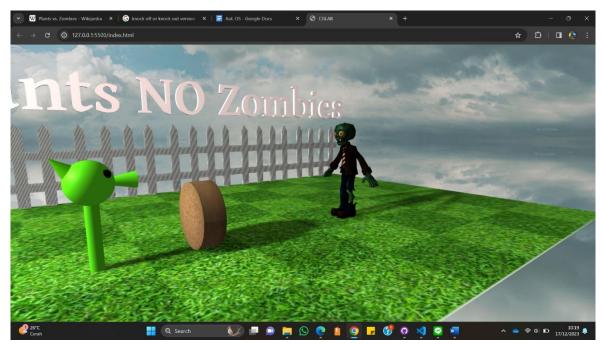
1st Person Camera

Users are able to change camera perspective by pressing 'c' on keyboard.



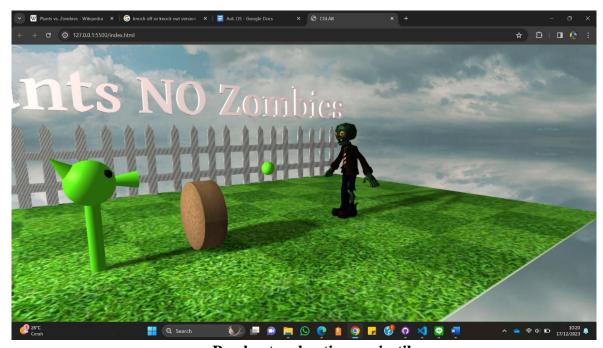
Nighttime

Users are able to change time setting from day to night by pressing the spacebar.



Change perspective as users wants

Users are able to change the camera perspective by click and drag the mouse.



Peashooter shooting projectile

Users are able to command the peashooter to attack the zombie by clicking on the screen. The peashooter will shoot projectile as user click.

2. Screenshot Coding

2.1 HTML File

Using HTML5 to declare the libraries and the JavaScript file

2.2 JavaScript File

a. Import libraries and global variables

Declare library ThreeJs as THREE as the main library, TRI as the CDN library for the text, import Orbit Controls and GLTF Loader. Declare global variables that will be used frequently thought the program: scene, camera, cameraM, cameraPOV, renderer, controls, geo, mat, mesh, and loader.

b. Init Function

```
let init = () => {
         scene = new THREE.Scene()
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         let fov = 45
         let w = window.innerWidth
15
         let h = window.innerHeight
         let aspect = w/h
17
18
         //Main camera
         cameraM = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(fov, aspect)
         cameraM.position.set(0, 15, 55)
         camera = cameraM
         //1st person cam
         cameraPOV = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(fov, aspect)
         cameraPOV.position.set(-50, 15, 0)
         cameraPOV.lookAt(0,15,0)
         renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer({ antialias: true })
         renderer.setSize(w,h)
31 🖁
         renderer.setClearColor('blue')
         renderer.shadowMap.enabled = true
         renderer.shadowMap.type = THREE.PCFShadowMap
         controls = new OrbitControls(camera, renderer.domElement)
         controls.target.set(0, 7, 0)
         document.body.appendChild(renderer.domElement)
```

Declare the scene, main camera settings, 1st person camera settings. Declare WebGLRenderer as the renderer with antialiasing. Enable the shadowmap using PFC Shadow Map. Declare Orbit Controls focusing on posisition 0, 7, 0 on vector3.

c. ChangeCam function

ChangeCam function to switch camera from cameraM (main camera or 3rd person camera) to cameraPOV (1st person camera).

d. Grass function

```
let grass = () => {
    geo = new THREE.PlaneGeometry(100, 75)
    let texture = new THREE.TextureLoader().load("./Assets/grass.png")
    mat = new THREE.MeshStandardMaterial({map: texture, side: THREE.DoubleSide})

mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)
mesh.position.set(0, 0, -7.5)
mesh.rotateX(Math.PI/2)
mesh.receiveShadow = true

scene.add(mesh)

scene.add(mesh)

}
```

Declare grass setting. Using plane geometry to make the grass field with texture. Set the position of the grass to 0, 0, -7.5.

e. Zombie function

```
const zombie = () => {
         loader.load("./Assets/zombie/scene.gltf", function(gltf){
              // console.log(gltf)
              const root = gltf.scene
             root.scale.set(60,60,60)
             root.position.set(10,0,0)
71
              root.rotateY(-45)
72
              root.castShadow = true
73
              root.receiveShadow = true
              root.traverse(function(child){
                  if(child.isMesh){
76
                      child.castShadow = true
                      child.receiveShadow = true
78
79
              });
              scene.add(root)
81
         });
82
```

Declare the zombie using loader (GLTF Loader) from the Assets folder. Set the scale, position, and rotation of the zombie to fit. Enable cast shadow and receive shadow.

f. Fence function

```
let fence1 = () => {
          loader.load("./Assets/fence/scene.gltf", function(gltf){
              // console.log(gltf)
              const fence = gltf.scene
              fence.scale.set(10, 10, 10)
              fence.position.set(-40, 8.5, -44)
90
              fence.castShadow = true
              fence.receiveShadow = true
              fence.traverse(function(child){
                  if(child.isMesh){
94
                      child.castShadow = true
                      child.receiveShadow = true
              });
              scene.add(fence)
L00
          });
```

Declare the fence using loader (GLTF Loader) from the Assets folder. Set the scale, position, and rotation of the fence to fit. Enable cast shadow and receive shadow. There are 5 fences, the only difference being the position of the fence.

g. Text function

```
let text = () => {
    let loader = new TRI.FontLoader()
    // loader.load('three.js-r145/examples/fonts/gentilis_bold.typeface.json', function(font){
    loader.load('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mrdoob/three.js/dev/examples/fonts/gentilis_bold.typeface.json', font =>
    let geo = new TRI.TextGeometry('Plants No Zombies', {
        font: font,
        size: 10,
        height: 1
    })
    let mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0xCCB7B6})
    let mesh = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0xCCB7B6})
    let mesh.position.set(-55, 20, -50)

mesh.castShadow = true

scene.add(mesh)
}
```

Create a string 'Plants NO Zombie' using TextGeometry using gentilis bold as the font. This will be the title.

h. Peashooter functions

a) Head function

```
//peashooter

let headPeas = () => {
    let sphererad = 2.5
    let spherereg = 64

geo = new THREE.SphereGeometry(sphererad, spherereg, spherereg)

mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0x52D017})

mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)

mesh.position.set(-30, 10, 0)

mesh.castShadow = true
scene.add(mesh)

}
```

b) Mouth function

```
let mouthPeas = () => {
let top = 0.5
let bot = 1
let height = 2.5
let radSeg = 64
let heighSeg = 64
let heighSeg = 64

geo = new THREE.CylinderGeometry(top, bot, height, radSeg, heighSeg)
mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0x52D017})
mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)
mesh.openEnded = true
mesh.position.set(-26.5, 10, 0)
mesh.castShadow = true
mesh.rotateZ(Math.PI/2)

scene.add(mesh)

scene.add(mesh)

23
}
```

c) Top function

```
let topPeas = () => {
    geo = new THREE.ConeGeometry(1, 2.5, 64)
    mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0x43B000})
    mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)
    mesh.position.set(-32.5, 12, 0)
    mesh.castShadow = true
    mesh.rotateZ(Math.PI/4)
    scene.add(mesh)
}
```

d) Eyes function

```
let eyes1 = () \Rightarrow {}
          geo = new THREE.SphereGeometry(0.5, 64)
238
          mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0x0000000})
          mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)
          mesh.position.set(-28.5, 11, -1.5)
          mesh.castShadow = true
          scene.add(mesh)
      let eyes2 = () => {
          geo = new THREE.SphereGeometry(0.5, 64)
          mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0x0000000})
          mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)
          mesh.position.set(-28.5, 11, 1.5)
251
          mesh.castShadow = true
          scene.add(mesh)
```

e) Eyes function

```
let trunk = () => {
    geo = new THREE.CylinderGeometry(0.75, 0.75, 10, 64, 64)
    mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({color: 0x4BBF15})
    mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)
    mesh.openEnded = true
    mesh.position.set(-30, 5, 0)
    mesh.castShadow = true
    scene.add(mesh)
}
```

Declare the peashooter by combining those functions.

i. Walnut function

```
let walnut = () => {

geo = new THREE.CylinderGeometry(4.5, 4.5, 3, 64, 64)

let texture = new THREE.TextureLoader().load("./Assets/wallnut.jpeg")

mat = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({map: texture})

mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geo, mat)

mesh.openEnded = true

mesh.position.set(-17.5, 4.5, 0)

mesh.castShadow = true

mesh.rotateZ(Math.PI/2)

scene.add(mesh)

}
```

Create a walnut using cylinder geometry and texture. Place the walnut in front of the peashooter.

j. Skybox function

```
var skyboxMaterials;
      var skyboxMesh;
      var spotLightDay;
      var spotLightNight;
      var skybox = () => {
          var skyboxGeo = new THREE.BoxGeometry(1000, 1000, 1000);
          var TextureLoader = new THREE.TextureLoader();
          skyboxMaterials = [
              new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
                  map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/cloudy/bluecloud_ft.jpg'),
293
                  side: THREE.BackSide
295
              new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
                  map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/cloudy/bluecloud_bk.jpg'),
                  side: THREE.BackSide
              new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
                  map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/cloudy/bluecloud_up.jpg'),
                  side: THREE.BackSide
              new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
304
                  map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/cloudy/bluecloud_dn.jpg'),
                  side: THREE.BackSide
              new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
                  map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/cloudy/bluecloud rt.jpg'),
                  side: THREE.BackSide
              new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
312
313
                  map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/cloudy/bluecloud_lf.jpg'),
                  side: THREE.BackSide
          skyboxMesh = new THREE.Mesh(skyboxGeo, skyboxMaterials);
          skyboxMesh.position.set(0,0,0);
          scene.add(skyboxMesh);
          spotLightDay = new THREE.SpotLight(0xFFFFFC, 1.2); //day
          scene.add(spotLightDay);
          spotLightDay.position.set(-80, 40, 0);
          spotLightDay.castShadow = true;
      };
      let isDaySkybox = true;
```

Create a skybox using box geometry and texture. Declare the day skybox as the default. Also declare the spotlight with intensity 1.2 for the day.

k. Night skybox function

```
var nightSkyboxMaterials;
var nightSkyboxMesh;
var nightSkybox = () => {
    var nightSkyboxGeo = new THREE.BoxGeometry(1000, 1000, 1000);
    var TextureLoader = new THREE.TextureLoader();
    nightSkyboxMaterials = new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({
        map: TextureLoader.load('./Assets/nightskycolor.png'),
        side: THREE.BackSide});
    nightSkyboxMesh = new THREE.Mesh(nightSkyboxGeo, nightSkyboxMaterials);
    nightSkyboxMesh.position.set(0, 0, 0);
    scene.add(nightSkyboxMesh);
    spotLightNight = new THREE.SpotLight(0xFFFFFC, 0.5); //night
    scene.add(spotLightNight);
    spotLightNight.position.set(-80, 40, 0);
    spotLightNight.castShadow = true;
};
```

Create a night skybox using box geometry and texture. Set the intensity of the spotlight to 0.5.

l. Toggleskybox function

A function to switch the skyboxes from day to night and vice versa.

m. createPeaProjectile and movePeaProjectile function

```
let peaProjectile;
let isPeaProjectileActive = false;
const createPeaProjectile = () => {
    const sphereRadius = 1;
    const sphereWidthSegments = 64;
    const sphereGeometry = new THREE.SphereGeometry(sphereRadius, sphereWidthSegments, sphereWidthSegments);
    const sphereMaterial = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial({ color: 0x52D017 });
    peaProjectile = new THREE.Mesh(sphereGeometry, sphereMaterial);
    peaProjectile.position.set(-27, 10, 0);
    peaProjectile.castShadow = true;
    scene.add(peaProjectile);
    isPeaProjectileActive = true;
const raycaster = new THREE.Raycaster();
const mouse = new THREE.Vector2();
const onMouseClick = (event) => {
    mouse.x = (event.clientX / window.innerWidth) * 2 - 1;
    mouse.y = -(event.clientY / window.innerHeight) * 2 + 1;
    raycaster.setFromCamera(mouse, camera);
    createPeaProjectile();
```

document.addEventListener('click', onMouseClick, false);

```
const movePeaProjectile = () => {
    if (isPeaProjectileActive) {
        peaProjectile.position.x += 2;
    }

const zombieBoundingSphere = new THREE.Sphere(zombie.position, 10);
    const peaBoundingSphere = new THREE.Sphere(peaProjectile.position, 1);

if (zombieBoundingSphere.intersectsSphere(peaBoundingSphere)) {
        scene.remove(peaProjectile);
        isPeaProjectileActive = false;
    }

20
    }

21
    if (zombieBoundingSphere.intersectsSphere(peaBoundingSphere)) {
        scene.remove(peaProjectile);
        isPeaProjectileActive = false;
    }
}
```

A function to create a projectile using sphere. Using onMouseClick function to call the createPeaProjectile function and shoot it in the direction of the zombie when clicking the mouse.

n. ambientLight function

```
let ambientLight = () => {
    const light = new THREE.AmbientLight(0xFFFFFC, 0.5)
    scene.add(light)
    light.position.set(0,0,0)
    light.castShadow = true
}
```

Create an ambient light to create the 3d and shadow effect.

o. addEventListener

```
document.addEventListener('keydown', (event) => {
    if (event.keyCode === 32) {
        toggleSkybox();
    }
    else if(event.key === 'c' || event.key === 'C'){
        changeCam();
    }
};
```

Use addEventListener to make the keyboard interactions. When pressing spacebar, the skybox will change. When pressing 'c', the camera will change.

p. render function

Use render function to render all the objects.

q. Window.onload function

```
window.onload = () => {
    grass();
    zombie();
    fence2();
    fence4();
    fence5();
    headPeas();
    mouthPeas();
    topPeas();
    eyes1();
    eyes2();
    trunk();
    walnut();
    nightSkybox();
    skybox();
    ambientLight();
    render();
```

Call all the functions to be displayed.

r. Window.onresize function

```
477 window.onresize = () => {
478     let w = window.innerWidth
479     let h = window.innerHeight
480
481     renderer.setSize(w, h)
482     camera.aspect = w/h
483     camera.updateProjectionMatrix()
484 }
```

Window.onresize function to resize the display automatically when the screen size is changed.

• Reference

- https://threejs.org/
- ► https://www.ea.com/games/plants-vs-zombies

• Group Member

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