

## Aufgaben Differentialquotient 1

$$a.) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0+h) - f(x_0)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(1+h)^2 - 3}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(1+2h+h^2) - 3}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3+6h+3h^2-3}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(6+h)}{h} = \underline{\underline{6}}$$

$$b.) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4}(-1+h)^2 - (-1+h) - \frac{5}{4}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4}(1-2h+h^2) + 1-h - \frac{5}{4}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}h + \frac{1}{4}h^2 - h - \frac{1}{4}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}h - 1)}{h} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$c.) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - (3+h)^2 + 8}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-9-6h-h^2+8}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(-6-h)}{h} = \underline{\underline{-6}}$$

$$d.) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1-2(2+h))^2 - 9}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1-4-2h)^2 - 9}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-3-2h)^2 - 9}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{9+12h+4h^2-9}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(12+4h)}{h} = \underline{\underline{12}}$$

$$e.) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3+h} - \sqrt{3}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{3+h} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3+h} + \sqrt{3})}{h(\sqrt{3+h} + \sqrt{3})}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3+h-3}{h(\sqrt{3+h} + \sqrt{3})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{3+h} + \sqrt{3})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f) \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2}{(-1+h)} + 2}{h} &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2+2(-1+h)}{(-1+h)}}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2-2+2h}{h(-1+h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h}{h(-1+h)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g.) \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2(4+h)+1} - \sqrt{9}}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9+2h} - \sqrt{9}}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{9+2h} - \sqrt{9})(\sqrt{9+2h} + \sqrt{9})}{h(\sqrt{9+2h} + \sqrt{9})} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{9+2h-9}{h(\sqrt{9+2h} + \sqrt{9})} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h}{h(\sqrt{9+2h} + \sqrt{9})} \\
 &= \frac{2}{2\sqrt{9}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{3}}}
 \end{aligned}$$