

Aufgaben Tangenten 1

1.) $P_0(2|2)$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + 9$$

$$2 = -3 \cdot 2 + n \quad n = 8$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -3x + 8}}$$

$$f(2) = 8 - 24 + 18 = 2$$

$$f'(2) = -3$$

2.) $P_0(2|2,75)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{9}{2}x + \frac{15}{4}$$

$$2,75 = -2,25 \cdot 2 + n$$

$$n = 7,25$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -2,25x + 7,25}}$$

$$f(2) = 2 - 9 + 7,5 + 2,25 = 2,75$$

$$f'(2) = 3 - 9 + 3,75 = -2,25$$

3.) $P_0(-1|7)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^2 - x - 4$$

$$7 = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot (-1) + n \quad n = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{11}{2}}}$$

$$f(-1) = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + 4 + 4 = 7$$

$$f'(-1) = \frac{3}{2} + 1 - 4 = -\frac{3}{2}$$

5.) $P_0(1|0,5)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^2 - x - \frac{5}{2}$$

$$0,5 = -2 \cdot 1 + n \quad n = 2,5$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -2x + 2,5}}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2} + 3 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f'(1) = \frac{3}{2} - 1 - \frac{5}{2} = -2$$

4.) $P_0(1|2)$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 6x$$

$$2 = 9 \cdot 1 + n \quad n = -7$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = 9x - 7}}$$

$$f(1) = 2$$

$$f'(1) = 9$$

$$6.) P_0(-\frac{3}{2} | -\frac{1}{8})$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 2x - 5$$

$$-0,125 = 4,75 \cdot (-1,5) + n$$

$$n = 7$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = 4,75x + 7}}$$

$$f(-\frac{3}{2}) = -\frac{27}{8} - \frac{9}{4} + \frac{15}{2} - 2$$

$$= -\frac{1}{8}$$

$$f'(-\frac{3}{2}) = \frac{27}{4} + \frac{6}{2} - 5$$

$$= 4,75$$

$$7.) P_0(3 | -3)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$-3 = -\frac{1}{4} \cdot 3 + n \quad n = -\frac{9}{4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{9}{4}}}$$

$$f(3) = \frac{27}{4} - \frac{45}{4} + \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= -3$$

$$f'(3) = \frac{27}{4} - \frac{15}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$8.) P_0(1 | -\frac{9}{2})$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 3x - 6$$

$$-\frac{9}{2} = -6 \cdot 1 + n \quad n = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -6x + \frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$f(1) = 1 - \frac{3}{2} - 6 + 2$$

$$= -\frac{9}{2}$$

$$f'(1) = -6$$

$$9.) P_0(0 | 4)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^2 - x - 4$$

$$4 = -4 \cdot 0 + n \quad n = 4$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -4x + 4}}$$

$$f(0) = 4$$

$$f'(0) = -4$$

$$10.) P_0(1 | 0)$$

$$f'(x) = x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x - 4$$

$$0 = -\frac{11}{3} \cdot 1 + n \quad n = \frac{11}{3}$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = -\frac{11}{3}x + \frac{11}{3}}}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} - 4 + 4 = 0$$

$$f'(1) = 1 - \frac{2}{3} - 4 = -\frac{11}{3}$$