Package 'statr'

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1 2014417 25, 2010	
Type Package	
Title Matt Galloway Personal R Package	
Version 0.1.0	
Description This is a personal R package. It contains a number of various R functions for organization and convenience purposes.	
<pre>URL https://github.com/MGallow/statr</pre>	
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/MGallow/statr/issues</pre>	
License MIT + file LICENSE	
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Description

bsearch

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Minimizes a univariate strictly pseudoconvex function over the interval [a, b]. This is augmented code from Adam Rothman's STAT 8054 course (2017).

Usage

```
bsearch(dg, a, b, L = 1e-07, quiet = FALSE)
```

Bisection search

Arguments

dg	the derivative of the function to minimize, where $dg(u, \ldots)$ is the function evaluated at u .
а	left endpoint of the initial interval of uncertainty.
b	right endpoint of the initial interval of uncertainty.
L	the maximum length of the final interval of uncertainty.
quiet	should the function stay quiet?
	additional argument specifications for dg

Value

returns the midpoint of the final interval of uncertainty.

Examples

```
bsearch(dg, -10, 10, quiet = T)
```

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data_gen	Normal Linear Data Generator	

Description

True beta values are generated from p independent draws from N(0, 1/p) distribution. X_{-1} are n independent draws from (p - 1) multivariate normal N(0, Sigma) where Sigma has (j, k) entry theta^abs(j - k).

Y is then generated using the $X = (1, X_{-1})$ and true beta values with an iid error term that follows distribution N(0, var). We can specify the desired number of replications (reps).

Usage

```
data_gen(n, p, theta, var = 0.5, reps = 200)
```

Arguments

n	desired sample size
p	desired dimension

theta parameter used to generate covariance matrix

var variance of generated y values

reps number of replications

Value

generated design matrix (X), response values (Y)(matrix if reps > 1), true beta values

Examples

```
data_gen(1000, 10, 0.5)
```

Description

Takes the approximate derivative for a given function

Usage

```
derivative(g, x, delta = 1e-07)
```

Arguments

g	the derivative of the function to minimize, where dg(u,) is the function evalu-
	ated at u.

x value to evaluate the derivative at

delta defaults to 10e-8

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Examples

```
g = function(x){x^2}
derivative(x, g)
```

diagnostic

Diagnostic

Description

This function simply streamlines the process of creating diagnostic plots with ggplot

Usage

```
diagnostic(data., x., y.)
```

Arguments

```
data. data frame x. x-axis y. y-axis
```

Value

a residual plot and QQ plot

Examples

```
diagnostic(iris, Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width)
```

dsearch

Dichotomous search

Description

Minimizes a univariate strictly quasiconvex function over the interval [a, b]. This is augmented code from Adam Rothman's STAT 8054 course (2017).

Usage

```
dsearch(g, a, b, L = 1e-07, eps = (L/2.1), quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

g	the function to minimize, where $g(u,)$ is the function evaluated at u .
a	left endpoint of the initial interval of uncertainty.
b	right endpoint of the initial interval of uncertainty.
L	the maximum length of the final interval of uncertainty.
eps	search parameter, must be less than L/2
quiet	should the function stay quiet?
	additional argument specifications for g

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Value

returns the midpoint of the final interval of uncertainty.

Examples

```
dsearch(g, -10, 10, quiet = T)
```

LDA

Linear Discriminant Analysis

Description

this function fit the LDA model

Usage

```
LDA(X, y, method = c("MLE", "diagonal", "ridge"), lam = NULL)
```

Arguments

x n x p matrix where the ith row is the values of the predictor for the ith case

y n entry response vector where the ith entry is the response category in 1, ..., C

for the ith case

Value

returns a list with the parameter estimates

Examples

```
LDA(X, y, method = 'ridge', lam = seq(0.1, 2, 0.1))
```

 ${\tt multiplot}$

Multiple Plot

Description

Taken from: http://www.cookbook-r.com/Graphs/Multiple_graphs_on_one_page_(ggplot2)/

Usage

```
multiplot(..., plotlist = NULL, file, cols = 1, layout = NULL)
```

Arguments

... object can be passed in

cols number of columns in layout

layout a matrix specify the layout. If present, 'cols' is ignored

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Value

plots

Examples

```
multiplot(p1, p2, cols = 1)
```

predict_QDA

Predict QDA

Description

this function classifies test data using a fitted QDA model

Usage

```
predict_QDA(fit, Xtest)
```

Arguments

fit

this is a list with elements pi.hats, mu.hats, and Sigma.hats where pi.hats is a list of C response category sample proportions, mu.hats is a list of C p-dimensional sample mean proportions, Sigma.hats is a list of C p by p Sample covariance

matrices

Xtest

this is a matrix with ntest rows and p column, each row is a test case

Value

returns a vector of ntest entries, where the ith entry is the estimated response category (some value in 1, ..., C) for the ith test case.

Examples

```
predict_QDA(model, Xtest)
```

QDA

Quadratic Discriminant Analysis

Description

this function fit the QDA model

Usage

```
QDA(X, y, method = c("MLE", "diagonal", "ridge"), lam = NULL)
```

Arguments

Χ n x p matrix where the ith row is the values of the predictor for the ith case

n entry response vector where the ith entry is the response category in 1, ..., C У for the ith case

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Value

returns a list with the parameter estimates

Examples

```
QDA(X, y, method = 'ridge', lam = seq(0.1, 2, 0.1))
```

scatter

Scatter

Description

This function simply streamlines the process of creating a scatterplot with ggplot

Usage

```
scatter(data., x., y.)
```

Arguments

data. data frame
x. x-axis
y. y-axis

Value

a scatterplot

Examples

```
scatter(iris, Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width)
```

tidy

Tidy

Description

tidys package R code and updates package documentation. Directly uses Yihui Xie's 'formatR' package.

Usage

tidy()

Examples

tidy()

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timeit

Time-It

Description

Simple function that prints the computation time of a function

Usage

```
timeit(f)
```

Arguments

f

the function to time

Value

returns the elapsed time

Examples

```
timeit(lm(dist ~ speed, cars))
```

tridiag

Generate tri-diagonal matrices

Description

Generate p-dimensional matrices so that its inverse is tri-diagonal.

Usage

```
tridiag(p = 8, base = 0.7, n = 100, X = FALSE)
```

Arguments

p desired dimensionbase base multiplier

Examples

```
tridiag(p = 10, base = 0.7)
```

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