

## Introduction to Deep Learning (I2DL)

**Exercise 4: Simple Classifier** 

#### **Today's Outline**

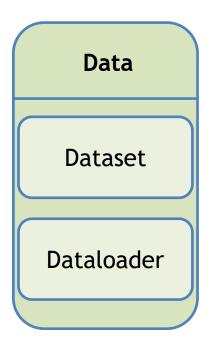
- The Pillars of Deep Learning
- Exercise 4: Simple Classifier
  - Housing Dataset
  - Submission 2
- Backpropagation
- Outlook: Lecture 5 + Exercise 5



Data Dataset Dataloader

Model Network Loss/Objective

Solver Optimizer Training Loop **Validation** 



Exercise 3: Dataset and Dataloader

Exercise 4: Simple

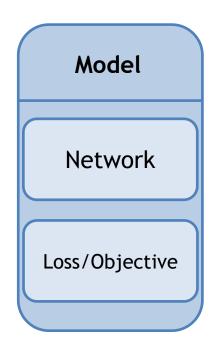
Classifier

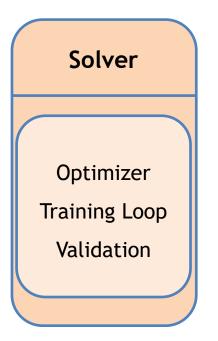
Exercise 5: Simple

**Network** 

Exercise 6:

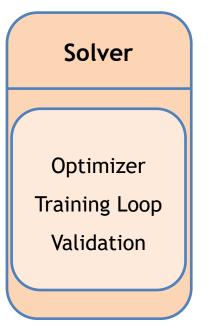
**Hyperparameter Tuning** 





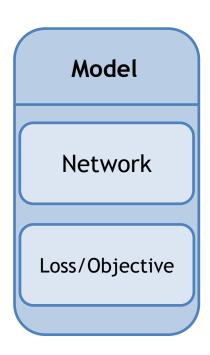
#### Goal: Exercise 4

- Goal: Trainings process
- Skip: Model Pillar
- Simplified Model: Classifier which is a 1-Layer Neural Network



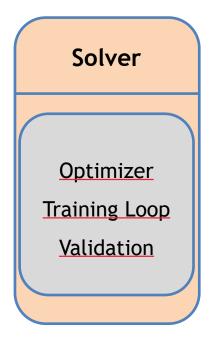
#### Goals: Exercises 5++

- Ex 3 + 4: Dataloading and Trainings process
- Ex 5++: Expand the exercises to more interesting model architectures



Data Dataset Dataloader

Model Network Loss/Objective



X Can be implemented once and used in multiple projects



## Exercise 4: Simple Classifier

#### **Overview Exercise 4**

- One Notebook
  - Logistic regression model

Fixed Deadline: Dec 02, 2020 15.59

- Submission 2
  - Several implementation tasks in the notebook
  - Submission file creation in Notebook

#### **Housing Dataset**

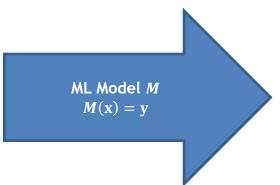
- Housing Dataset: Data of ~1400 houses including 81 features like Neighborhood, GrLivArea, YearBuilt, etc.
- X Simplified model: 1 input feature to predict the house price

housing\_train

ld	Neighborhood	BldgType	HouseStyle	YearBuilt	YearRemodAdd	RoofStyle	CentralAir	GrLivArea	FullBath	HalfBath	Fireplaces	PoolArea	Fence	SalePrice
1	CollgCr	1Fam	2Story	2003	2003	Gable	Y	1710	2	1	0	0	NA	208500
2	Veenker	1Fam	1Story	1976	1976	Gable	Y	1262	2	0	1	0	NA	181500
3	CollgCr	1Fam	2Story	2001	2002	Gable	Υ	1786	2	1	1	0	NA	223500
4	Crawfor	1Fam	2Story	1915	1970	Gable	Υ	1717	1	0	1	0	NA	140000
5	NoRidge	1Fam	2Story	2000	2000	Gable	Υ	2198	2	1	1	0	NA	250000
6	Mitchel	1Fam	1.5Fin	1993	1995	Gable	Υ	1362	1	1	0	0	MnPrv	143000
7	Somerst	1Fam	1Story	2004	2005	Gable	Υ	1694	2	0	1	0	NA	307000
8	NWAmes	1Fam	2Story	1973	1973	Gable	Υ	2090	2	1	2	0	NA	200000

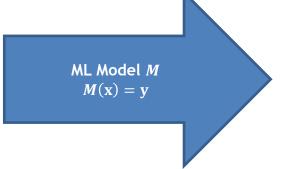
#### Submission 4 - Classifying House Prices





Expensive y = 1



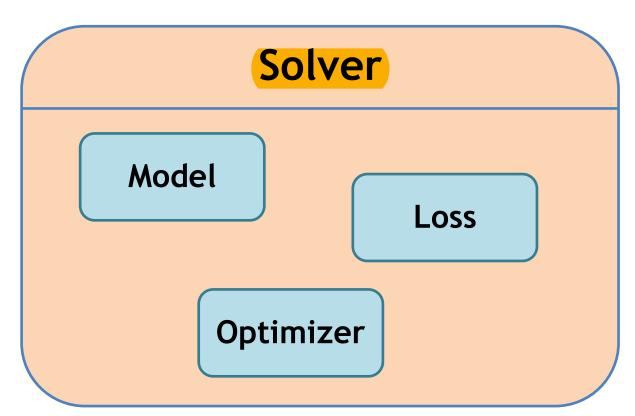


Low-priced y = 0

### 3<sup>rd</sup> Pillar of Deep Learning

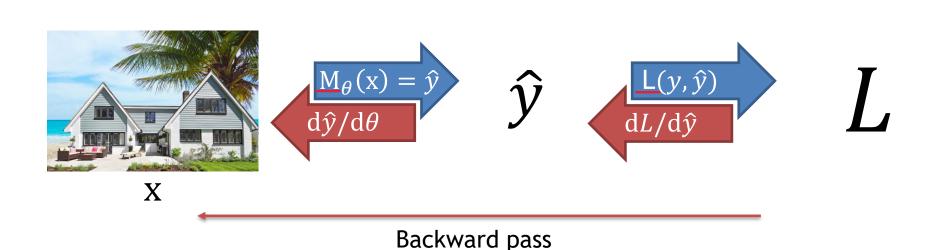
Training Data

Validation Data



#### Backpropagation

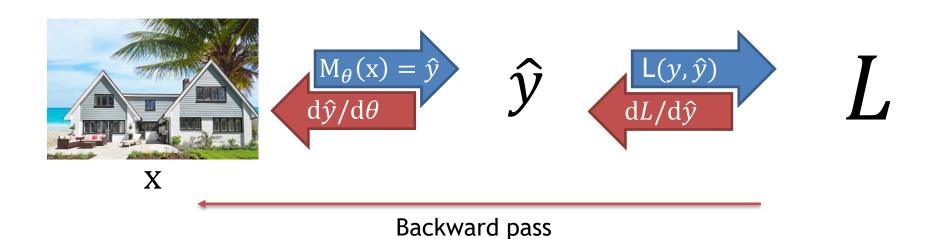
Forward pass



 $\times$  Binary Cross Entropy Loss:  $L(y, \hat{y}) = y \cdot log(\hat{y}) + (1-y) \cdot log(1-\hat{y})$ 

#### Backpropagation

Forward pass



X Optimization with gradient descent:

$$\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t - \lambda \cdot \nabla_{\theta} \mathbf{L}$$



## Backpropagation

#### Model

- Input:  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times D + 1}$  representing our data with N samples and D+1 feature dimensions
- Output: Binary labels given by  $y \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times 1}$
- Model: Classifier of the form  $y = \sigma(X \cdot w)$
- Sigmoid function:  $\sigma:\mathbb{R}\to [0,1]$  with  $\sigma(t)=\frac{1}{1+e^{-t}}$
- Weights of the Classifier:  $w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{D+1}) \top \in \mathbb{R}^{D+1}$

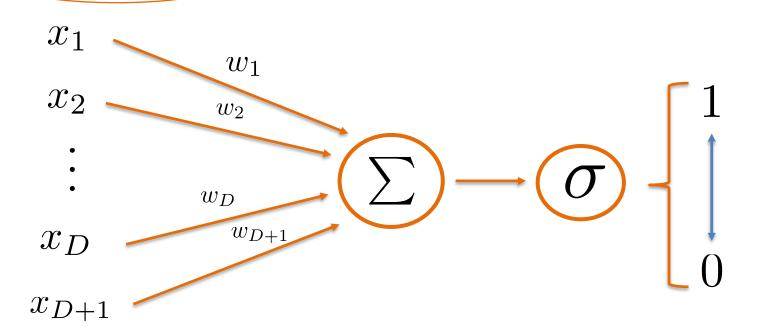
One sample

Sample

 $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{D+1})$ 

**Forward Pass** 

for the model



#### Input Data X

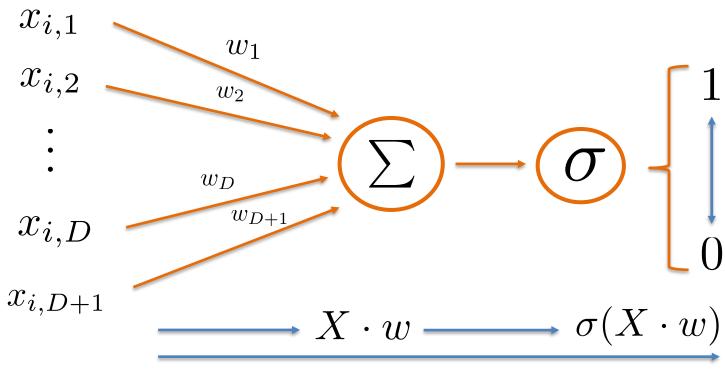
$$X \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times D + 1}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_{1,1} & x_{1,2} & \dots & x_{1,D+1} \\ x_{2,1} & x_{2,2} & \dots & x_{2,D+1} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{N,1} & x_{N,2} & \dots & x_{N,D+1} \end{pmatrix}$$

#### N samples

#### **Forward Pass**

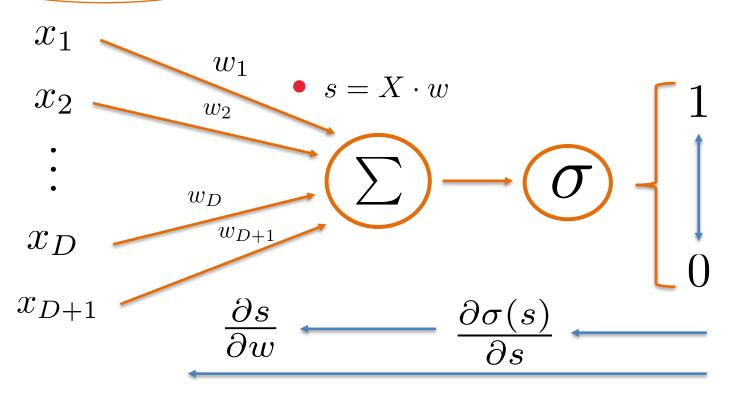
Sample  $x_i = (x_{i1}, x_{i2}, \dots, x_{i,D+1})$ 



Forward Pass

#### **Backward Pass**

Sample 
$$x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{D+1})$$



**Backward Pass** 

#### **Backward Pass**

- Backward Pass: Derivative of function with respect to weights  $w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{D+1})$  of our Classifier
- Attention: Make sure you understand the dimensions here
- Step 1: Forward + Backward Pass for one sample
- Step 2: Forward + Backward Pass for N samples



## Outlook

#### **Upcoming Lectures**

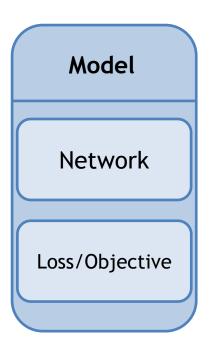
Next lecture:

Lecture 5: Stochastic Gradient

**Descent** 

Next Thursday:

Exercise 5: Two-layer Neural Network (with Andreas)





## See you next week ©