# **SBML Model Report**

# Model name: "Kolodkin2013 - Nuclear receptor-mediated cortisol signalling network"



May 5, 2016

# 1 General Overview

This is a document in SBML Level 2 Version 4 format. This model was created by the following two authors: Alastair Hume<sup>1</sup> and Nilgun Sahin<sup>2</sup> at July third 2015 at 11:56 a.m. and last time modified at September nineth 2015 at 11:03 a.m. Table 1 gives an overview of the quantities of all components of this model.

Table 1: Number of components in this model, which are described in the following sections.

Element	Quantity	Element	Quantity
compartment types	0	compartments	2
species types	0	species	42
events	0	constraints	0
reactions	52	function definitions	3
global parameters	11	unit definitions	2
rules	2	initial assignments	0

#### **Model Notes**

Kolodkin2013 - Nuclear receptor-mediatedcortisol signalling network

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This model is described in the article: Optimization of stress response through the nuclear receptor-mediated cortisol signalling network. Kolodkin A, Sahin N, Phillips A, Hood SR, Bruggeman FJ, Westerhoff HV, Plant N.Nat Commun 2013; 4: 1792

Abstract:

It is an accepted paradigm that extended stress predisposes an individual to pathophysiology. However, the biological adaptations to minimize this risk are poorly understood. Using a computational model based upon realistic kinetic parameters we are able to reproduce the interaction of the stress hormone cortisol with its two nuclear receptors, the high-affinity glucocorticoid receptor and the low-affinity pregnane X-receptor. We demonstrate that regulatory signals between these two nuclear receptors are necessary to optimize the body's response to stress episodes, attenuating both the magnitude and duration of the biological response. In addition, we predict that the activation of pregnane X-receptor by multiple, low-affinity endobiotic ligands is necessary for the significant pregnane X-receptor-mediated transcriptional response observed following stress episodes. This integration allows responses mediated through both the high and low-affinity nuclear receptors, which we predict is an important strategy to minimize the risk of disease from chronic stress.

This model is hosted on BioModels Database and identified by: BIOMD0000000576.

To cite BioModels Database, please use: BioModels Database: An enhanced, curated and annotated resource for published quantitative kinetic models.

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#### 2 Unit Definitions

This is an overview of five unit definitions of which three are predefined by SBML and not mentioned in the model.

#### 2.1 Unit time

Name time

**Definition** 60 s

## 2.2 Unit substance

Name substance

**Definition** nmol

#### 2.3 Unit volume

**Notes** Litre is the predefined SBML unit for volume.

**Definition** 1

#### 2.4 Unit area

**Notes** Square metre is the predefined SBML unit for area since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

**Definition** m<sup>2</sup>

# 2.5 Unit length

**Notes** Metre is the predefined SBML unit for length since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

**Definition** m

# 3 Compartments

This model contains two compartments.

Table 2: Properties of all compartments.

Id	Name	SBO	Spatial Dimensions	Size	Unit	Constant	Outside
default blood	default blood		3 3	1 5	litre 1	<b>1</b>	

# 3.1 Compartment default

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of one litre.

Name default

# 3.2 Compartment blood

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of five litre.

Name blood

# 4 Species

This model contains 42 species. The boundary condition of eight of these species is set to true so that these species' amount cannot be changed by any reaction. Section 9 provides further details and the derived rates of change of each species.

Table 3: Properties of each species.

Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
s28	S_RNA	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s36	$S_{-}PROT$	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		$ \overline{\mathbf{Z}} $
s46	PXR_GENE	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
s32	PXR_RNA	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s42	PXR_PROT	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
<b>s</b> 30	P	default	$\mathrm{nmol}\cdot\mathrm{l}^{-1}$		
s40	$GR\_GENE$	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s33	GR_RNA	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s39	GR_PROT	default	$n \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$		
s114	Cort	default	$n \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$		
s155	CYP_GENE	default	$n \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$		
s172	CYP_PROT	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s173	CYP_RNA	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s185	TAT_RNA	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s84	GRgene_GRprot_Cort	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s165	CYPgene_PXRprot_Cort	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s109	PXRgene_GRprot_Cort	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s87	GRprot_Cort	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s119	PXRprot_Cort	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s183	TATgene_GRprot_Cort	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
s178	TAT_GENE	default	$\mathrm{nmol}\cdot\mathrm{l}^{-1}$	$\Box$	

Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
s10	Cort_degr	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$	Ø	
Cortisone	Cortisone	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
TAT_PROT	TAT_PROT	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
Ligand2	Ligand2	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
PXRprot_Ligand2	PXRprot_Ligand2	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
CYPgene_PXRprot-	CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
_Ligand2					
DEX	DEX	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
PXRprot_DEX	PXRprot_DEX	default	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
DEX_degr	DEX_degr	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		$\square$
CYPgene_PXRprot- _DEX	CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$		
PXRgene_GRprot- _DEX	PXRgene_GRprot_DEX	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$		$\Box$
GRgene_GRprot_DEX	GRgene_GRprot_DEX	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
TATgene_GRprot-	TATgene_GRprot_DEX	default	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
_DEX					
s2	CortOUT	blood	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
DEXout	DEXout	blood	$\operatorname{nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$		
CBG	CBG	blood	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
$CBG\_CortOUT$	CBG_CortOUT	blood	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
Alb	Alb	blood	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
Alb_CortOUT	Alb_CortOUT	blood	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$		
CortAdded	CortAdded	blood	$nmol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\checkmark$	

# **5 Parameters**

This model contains eleven global parameters.

Table 4: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
GeneProteinBi	ndGengeProteinBinding-		60.000		
$\_diff\_limited$	_diff_limited				
cypGene-	cypGene-		1.000		
$\_{\tt PXRprotein}$	_PXRprotein				
${ t cypMrna\_synt}$	cypMrna_synt		0.050		
PXRGene-	PXRGene-		200.000		
$_{ extsf{G}}$ GRprotein	_GRprotein				
TATGene-	TATGene-		300.000		
$\_{\tt GRprotein}$	_GRprotein				
GRGene-	GRGene-		60.000		
$\_{\tt GRprotein}$	_GRprotein				
${ t grMrna\_synt}$	grMrna_synt		$1.2\cdot10^{-6}$		
${\tt tatMrna\_synt}$	tatMrna_synt		0.005		
$pxrMrna\_synt$	pxrMrna_synt		$1.1\cdot10^{-4}$		
GRprotein	GRprotein		80.000		
PXRprotein	PXRprotein		99.911		

# **6 Function definitions**

This is an overview of three function definitions.

# **6.1 Function definition mRNA**

Name mRNA

**Arguments** S\_RNA, Activator, Ka

**Mathematical Expression** 

$$Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (1)

# **6.2 Function definition** ptotein

Name ptotein

Arguments Ka, S\_PROT, Activator

**Mathematical Expression** 

$$Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (2)

# 6.3 Function definition LigandDegrOld

Name LigandDegrOld

Arguments Act, Vm, S1, Kms1, S2, Kms2, S3, Kms3

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$Act \cdot \frac{\frac{Vm \cdot S1}{Kms1}}{1 + \frac{S1}{Kms1} + \frac{S2}{Kms2} + \frac{S3}{Kms3}}$$
 (3)

# 7 Rules

This is an overview of two rules.

## 7.1 Rule GRprotein

Rule GRprotein is an assignment rule for parameter GRprotein:

$$GRprotein = [s39] + [s84] + [s109] + [s87] + [s183] + [GRprot\_DEX] + [PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX] + [GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX] + [TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX]$$

$$(4)$$

**Derived unit**  $nmol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

# 7.2 Rule PXRprotein

Rule PXRprotein is an assignment rule for parameter PXRprotein:

**Derived unit**  $nmol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

# 8 Reactions

This model contains 52 reactions. All reactions are listed in the following table and are subsequently described in detail. If a reaction is affected by a modifier, the identifier of this species is written above the reaction arrow.

Table 5: Overview of all reactions

N₀	Id	Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
1	re1	re1	$s28 \xrightarrow{s155, s28, s155} s173$	
2	re2	re2	$s173 \xrightarrow{s173} s30$	
3	re3	re3	$s36 \xrightarrow{s173, s36, s173} s172$	
4	re4	re4	$s172 \xrightarrow{s172} s30$	
5	re5	re5	$s28 \xrightarrow{s46, s28, s46} s32$	
6	re6	re6	$s32 \xrightarrow{s32} s30$	
7	re7	re7	$s36 \xrightarrow{s32, s36, s32} s42$	
8	re8	re8	$s42 \xrightarrow{s42} s30$	
9	re9	re9	$s28 \xrightarrow{s40, s28, s40} s33$	
10	re10	re10	$s33 \xrightarrow{s33} s30$	
11	re11	re11	$s36 \xrightarrow{s33, s36, s33} s39$	
12	re12	re12	$s39 \xrightarrow{s39} s30$	
13	re13	re13	$s28 \xrightarrow{s178, s28, s178} s185$	
14	re14	re14	$s185 \xrightarrow{s185} s30$	
15	re15	re15	$s114 + s39 \xrightarrow{s114, s39, s87} s87$	
16	re16	re16	$887 \xrightarrow{887} 8114 + 830$	

No	Id	Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
17	re17	re17	$s42 + s114 \xrightarrow{s42, s114, s119} s119$	
18	re18	re18	$s119 \xrightarrow{s119} s114 + s30$	
19	re19	re19	s114 s172, Ligand2, DEX, s172, s114, Ligand2, DE	$\stackrel{ ext{X}}{ o}$ s10
20	re20	re20	$s155 + s119 \xrightarrow{s155, s119, s165} s165$	
21	re21	re21	$s28 \xrightarrow{s165, s28, s165} s173$	
22	re22	re22	$s46 + s87 \xrightarrow{s46, s87, s109} s109$	
23	re23	re23	$s28 \xrightarrow{s109, s28, s109} s32$	
24	re24	re24	$s40 + s87 \xrightarrow{s40, s87, s84} s84$	
25	re25	re25	$s28 \xrightarrow{s84, s28, s84} s33$	
26	re26	re26	$s178 + s87 \xrightarrow{s178, s87, s183} s183$	
27	re27	re27	$s28 \xrightarrow{s183, s28, s183} s185$	
28	re42	re42	Cortisone $\stackrel{\text{Cortisone, } s114}{\longleftarrow}$ s114	
29	re44	re44	$TAT\_PROT \xrightarrow{TAT\_PROT} s30$	
30	re43	re43	$s36 \xrightarrow{s185, s36, s185} TAT\_PROT$	
31	cortisolTranspor	rtcortisolTransport	$s2 \stackrel{\underline{s2, s114}}{\longleftarrow} s114$	
32	L2_PXR_binding	L2_PXR_binding	s42+Ligand2   s42, Ligand2, PXRprot_Ligand2  PXR	Aprot_Ligand2
33	L2_PXR_deg	L2_PXR_deg	$PXRprot\_Ligand2 \xrightarrow{PXRprot\_Ligand2} Ligand2 + s30$	
34	CYPmRNA_synt- _PXR_L2	CYPmRNA_synt_PXR_L2	s28 CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2, s28, CYPgene_PXI	$\xrightarrow{\text{Rprot\_Ligand2}} \text{s17}$

10	N⁰	Id	Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
	35	CYPmRNA_PXR_L2- _binding	CYPmRNA_PXR_L2_binding	s155+PXRprot_Ligand2   s155, PXRprot_Ligand2	
	36	re28	re28	$s39 + DEX \xrightarrow{s39, DEX, GRprot\_DEX} GRprot\_$	DEX
	37	re29	re29	GRprot_DEX $\xrightarrow{GRprot\_DEX}$ s30 + DEX	
	38	re30	re30	s42+DEX s42, DEX, PXRprot_DEX PXRprot	ot_DEX
	39	re31	re31	$PXRprot\_DEX \xrightarrow{PXRprot\_DEX} DEX + s30$	
F	40	re32	re32	DEX s172, Ligand2, s114, s172, DEX, Ligand	$\xrightarrow{\text{d2, s114}} \text{DEX\_degr}$
rodu	41	re33	re33	s155+PXRprot_DEX = s155, PXRprot_DEX, C	CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX ————————————————————————————————————
ced l	42	re34	re34	s28 CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX, s28, CYPgene_	$\frac{\text{PXRprot\_DEX}}{\text{S173}}$
Produced by SBML2lETEX	43	re35	re35	GRprot_DEX+s46, PXRg	ene_GRprot_DEX 
MK2	44	re36	re36	s28 PXRgene_GRprot_DEX, s28, PXRgene_G	$\xrightarrow{\text{ERprot\_DEX}} \text{s32}$
AEX	45	re37	re37	GRprot_DEX+s40 GRprot_DEX, s40, GRgen	ne_GRprot_DEX GRgene_GRprot_DEX
	46	re38	re38	GRgene_GRprot_DEX, s28, GRgene_GRps28	
	47	re39	re39	GRprot_DEX+s178 GRprot_DEX, s178, TAT	
	48	re40	re40	TATgene_GRprot_DEX, s28, TATgene_GR	$\xrightarrow{\text{Rprot\_DEX}} \text{s185}$
	49	re41	re41	$DEXout \xrightarrow{DEXout, DEX} DEX$	
	50	Cortisol_CBG	Cortisol_CBG	$s2+CBG \stackrel{s2, CBG, CBG\_CortOUT}{\longleftarrow} CBG\_Co$	
	51	Cort_Alb	Cort_Alb	$Alb + s2 \xrightarrow{Alb, s2, Alb\_CortOUT} Alb\_CortOU'$	Γ
	52	cort-	cort_distribution	$CortAdded \xrightarrow{CortAdded} s2$	

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#### 8.1 Reaction re1

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re1

# **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s155, s28, s155} s173$$
 (6)

#### Reactant

Table 6: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 7: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s155	CYP_GENE	
s28	$S_RNA$	
s155	CYP_GENE	

# **Product**

Table 8: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_1 = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s28}], [\text{s155}], \text{Ka}) \tag{7}$$

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (8)

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (9)

Table 9: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka	0.003	

#### 8.2 Reaction re2

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

Name re2

# **Reaction equation**

$$s173 \xrightarrow{s173} s30$$
 (10)

#### Reactant

Table 10: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Modifier**

Table 11: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 12: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_2 = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s173}] \tag{11}$$

Table 13: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.04	

#### 8.3 Reaction re3

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name re3

# **Reaction equation**

$$s36 \xrightarrow{s173, s36, s173} s172$$
 (12)

#### Reactant

Table 14: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s36	S_PROT	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 15: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	
s36	$S_PROT$	
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 16: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s172	CYP_PROT	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_3 = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{ptotein}(\text{Ka}, [s36], [s173])$$
 (13)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (14)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (15)

Table 17: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka	2.5	Ø

#### 8.4 Reaction re4

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re4

# **Reaction equation**

$$s172 \xrightarrow{s172} s30$$
 (16)

#### Reactant

Table 18: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s172	CYP_PROT	

#### **Modifier**

Table 19: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s172	CYP_PROT	

#### **Product**

Table 20: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_4 = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s172}] \tag{17}$$

Table 21: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.002	

#### 8.5 Reaction re5

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re5

# **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s46, s28, s46} s32$$
 (18)

#### Reactant

Table 22: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

# **Modifiers**

Table 23: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s46	PXR_GENE	
s28	S_RNA	
s46	PXR_GENE	

	Id	Name	SBO
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#### **Product**

Table 24: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s32	PXR_RNA	

# **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_5 = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{mRNA}\left([\text{s28}],[\text{s46}],\text{Ka}\right) \tag{19}$$

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (20)

$$mRNA\left(S\_RNA,Activator,Ka\right) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator \tag{21}$$

Table 25: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka		$5.52 \cdot 10^{-5}$		$\blacksquare$

#### 8.6 Reaction re6

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re6

# **Reaction equation**

$$s32 \xrightarrow{s32} s30 \tag{22}$$

#### Reactant

Table 26: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s32	PXR_RNA	

Table 27: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s32	PXR_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 28: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_6 = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s32}] \tag{23}$$

Table 29: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.006	

# 8.7 Reaction re7

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name re7

# **Reaction equation**

$$s36 \xrightarrow{s32, s36, s32} s42$$
 (24)

## Reactant

Table 30: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s36	S_PROT	

	Id	Name	SBO
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Table 31: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s32	PXR_RNA	
s36	S_PROT	
s32	PXR_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 32: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_7 = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{ptotein}(\text{Ka}, [\text{s36}], [\text{s32}])$$
 (25)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (26)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (27)

Table 33: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka	10.0	

# 8.8 Reaction re8

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re8

# **Reaction equation**

$$s42 \xrightarrow{s42} s30 \tag{28}$$

#### Reactant

Table 34: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	

#### **Modifier**

Table 35: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	

#### **Product**

Table 36: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_8 = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s42}] \tag{29}$$

Table 37: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.003	

#### 8.9 Reaction re9

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

# Name re9

# **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s40, s28, s40} s33$$
 (30)

#### Reactant

Table 38: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 39: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s40	GR_GENE	
s28	S_RNA	
s40	GR_GENE	

#### **Product**

Table 40: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s33	GR_RNA	

# **Kinetic Law**

$$v_9 = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s28}], [\text{s40}], \text{Ka})$$
(31)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (32)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (33)

Table 41: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka		$3.2\cdot10^{-6}$		

#### 8.10 Reaction re10

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re10

# **Reaction equation**

$$s33 \xrightarrow{s33} s30 \tag{34}$$

#### Reactant

Table 42: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s33	GR_RNA	

#### **Modifier**

Table 43: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s33	GR_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 44: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{10} = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s33}] \tag{35}$$

Table 45: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.003	

# 8.11 Reaction re11

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

# Name re11

# **Reaction equation**

$$s36 \xrightarrow{s33, s36, s33} s39$$
 (36)

#### Reactant

Table 46: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s36	S_PROT	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 47: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s33	GR_RNA	
s36	S_PROT	
s33	GR_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 48: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s39	GR_PROT	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{11} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{ptotein}(\text{Ka}, [\text{s36}], [\text{s33}])$$
 (37)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (38)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (39)

Table 49: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka	19.98	

#### 8.12 Reaction re12

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re12

# **Reaction equation**

$$s39 \xrightarrow{s39} s30 \tag{40}$$

#### Reactant

Table 50: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s39	GR_PROT	

#### **Modifier**

Table 51: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s39	GR_PROT	

#### **Product**

Table 52: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{12} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s39}] \tag{41}$$

Table 53: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.001	

#### 8.13 Reaction re13

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re13

# **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s178, s28, s178} s185$$
 (42)

#### Reactant

Table 54: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 55: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s178	TAT_GENE	
s28	S_RNA	
s178	TAT_GENE	

Id	Name	SBO

#### **Product**

Table 56: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s185	TAT_RNA	

# **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{13} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([s28], [s178], \text{Ka})$$
 (43)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (44)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (45)

Table 57: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka		$8.55 \cdot 10^{-4}$		

#### 8.14 Reaction re14

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re14

#### **Reaction equation**

$$s185 \xrightarrow{s185} s30 \tag{46}$$

#### Reactant

Table 58: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s185	TAT_RNA	

Table 59: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s185	TAT_RNA	

#### **Product**

Table 60: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{14} = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s185}] \tag{47}$$

Table 61: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.064	

## 8.15 Reaction re15

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name re15

# **Reaction equation**

$$s114 + s39 \xrightarrow{s114, s39, s87} s87$$
 (48)

#### **Reactants**

Table 62: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	

Id	Name	SBO
s39	GR_PROT	

Table 63: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	
s39	GR_PROT	
s87	GRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 64: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s87	GRprot_Cort	

#### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{15} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot (\text{k1} \cdot [\text{s114}] \cdot [\text{s39}] - \text{k2} \cdot [\text{s87}])$$
 (49)

Table 65: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	60.0	$\blacksquare$
k2	k2	600.0	$\square$

# 8.16 Reaction re16

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

#### Name re16

# **Reaction equation**

$$s87 \xrightarrow{s87} s114 + s30$$
 (50)

#### Reactant

Table 66: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s87	GRprot_Cort	

#### **Modifier**

Table 67: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s87	GRprot_Cort	

#### **Products**

Table 68: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	
s30	P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{16} = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s87}] \tag{51}$$

Table 69: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.001	

# **8.17 Reaction** re17

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

# Name re17

# **Reaction equation**

$$s42 + s114 \xrightarrow{s42, s114, s119} s119$$
 (52)

#### **Reactants**

Table 70: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	
s114	Cort	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 71: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	
s114	Cort	
s119	PXRprot_Cort	

# **Product**

Table 72: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s119	PXRprot_Cort	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{17} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot (\text{k1} \cdot [\text{s42}] \cdot [\text{s114}] - \text{k2} \cdot [\text{s119}])$$
 (53)

Table 73: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	60.0	
k2	k2	600000.0	$\checkmark$

# 8.18 Reaction re18

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

Name re18

# **Reaction equation**

$$s119 \xrightarrow{s119} s114 + s30 \tag{54}$$

#### Reactant

Table 74: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s119	PXRprot_Cort	

#### **Modifier**

Table 75: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s119	PXRprot_Cort	

#### **Products**

Table 76: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	
<b>s</b> 30	P	

## **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{18} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{s119}] \tag{55}$$

Table 77: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.002	

# 8.19 Reaction re19

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by seven modifiers.

# Name re19

# **Reaction equation**

$$s114 \xrightarrow{s172, \text{ Ligand2, DEX, } s172, \text{ } s114, \text{ Ligand2, DEX}} s10$$
 (56)

#### Reactant

Table 78: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 79: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s172	CYP_PROT	
Ligand2	Ligand2	
DEX	DEX	
s172	CYP_PROT	
s114	Cort	
Ligand2	Ligand2	
DEX	DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 80: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s10	Cort_degr	

#### **Kinetic Law**

#### Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{19} = vol\left(default\right) \cdot LigandDegrOld\left([s172], Vm, [s114], Kms1, [Ligand2], Kms2, [DEX], Kms3\right) \tag{57}$$

$$LigandDegrOld\left(Act,Vm,S1,Kms1,S2,Kms2,S3,Kms3\right) = Act \cdot \frac{\frac{Vm \cdot S1}{Kms1}}{1 + \frac{S1}{Kms1} + \frac{S2}{Kms2} + \frac{S3}{Kms3}} \tag{58}$$

$$LigandDegrOld\left(Act,Vm,S1,Kms1,S2,Kms2,S3,Kms3\right) = Act \cdot \frac{\frac{Vm \cdot S1}{Kms1}}{1 + \frac{S1}{Kms1} + \frac{S2}{Kms2} + \frac{S3}{Kms3}} \tag{59}$$

Table 81: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
Vm	Vm		0.083		
Kms1	Kms1		15000.000		$\square$
Kms2	Kms2		15000.000		$\square$
Kms3	Kms3	,	23000.000		

#### 8.20 Reaction re20

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name re20

#### **Reaction equation**

$$s155 + s119 \xrightarrow{s155, s119, s165} s165$$
 (60)

#### **Reactants**

Table 82: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
2200	CYP_GENE PXRprot_Cort	

Table 83: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s155	CYP_GENE	
s119	PXRprot_Cort	
s165	CYPgene_PXRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 84: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s165	CYPgene_PXRprot_Cort	

# **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{20} = \text{vol (default)}$$

$$\cdot (\text{GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited} \cdot [\text{s155}] \cdot [\text{s119}] - \text{cypGene\_PXRprotein} \cdot [\text{s165}])$$
(61)

## 8.21 Reaction re21

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name re21

#### **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s165, s28, s165} s173$$
 (62)

#### Reactant

Table 85: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 86: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	CYPgene_PXRprot_Cort S_RNA CYPgene_PXRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 87: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{21} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([s28], [s165], \text{cypMrna\_synt})$$
 (63)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (64)

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (65)

#### 8.22 Reaction re22

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

# Name re22

# **Reaction equation**

$$s46 + s87 \xrightarrow{s46, s87, s109} s109$$
 (66)

#### **Reactants**

Table 88: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s46 s87	PXR_GENE GRprot_Cort	

Table 89: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s46	PXR_GENE	
s87	GRprot_Cort	
s109	PXRgene_GRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 90: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s109	PXRgene_GRprot_Cort	

# **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{22} = \text{vol}(\text{default})$$

$$\cdot (\text{GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited} \cdot [\text{s46}] \cdot [\text{s87}] - \text{PXRGene\_GRprotein} \cdot [\text{s109}])$$
(67)

# 8.23 Reaction re23

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re23

#### **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s109, s28, s109} s32$$
 (68)

#### Reactant

Table 91: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 92: Properties of each modifier.

Tuble 72. Troperties of each mounter.		
Id N	ame	SBO
s28 S.	XRgene_GRprot_Cort .RNA XRgene_GRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 93: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s32	PXR_RNA	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{23} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s28}], [\text{s109}], \text{pxrMrna\_synt})$$
 (69)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (70)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (71)

### 8.24 Reaction re24

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

# Name re24

# **Reaction equation**

$$s40 + s87 \xrightarrow{s40, s87, s84} s84$$
 (72)

# **Reactants**

Table 94: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
~	GR_GENE GRprot_Cort	

Table 95: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s40	GR_GENE	
s87	GRprot_Cort	
s84	GRgene_GRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 96: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s84	GRgene_GRprot_Cort	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{24} = vol\left(default\right) \cdot \left(GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited \cdot [s40] \cdot [s87] - GRGene\_GRprotein \cdot [s84]\right)$$
(73)

### 8.25 Reaction re25

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re25

# **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s84, s28, s84} s33$$
 (74)

#### Reactant

Table 97: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 98: Properties of each modifier.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Id	Name	SBO
s28	GRgene_GRprot_Cort S_RNA	
s84	GRgene_GRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 99: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s33	GR_RNA	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{25} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s28}], [\text{s84}], \text{grMrna\_synt})$$
(75)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (76)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (77)

### 8.26 Reaction re26

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re26

# **Reaction equation**

$$s178 + s87 \xrightarrow{s178, s87, s183} s183$$
 (78)

#### **Reactants**

Table 100: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s178 s87	TAT_GENE GRprot_Cort	

Table 101: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s178	TAT_GENE	
s87	GRprot_Cort	
s183	TATgene_GRprot_Cort	

### **Product**

Table 102: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s183	TATgene_GRprot_Cort	

# **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{26} = \text{vol (default)}$$

$$\cdot (\text{GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited} \cdot [\text{s178}] \cdot [\text{s87}] - \text{TATGene\_GRprotein} \cdot [\text{s183}])$$
(79)

# **8.27 Reaction** re27

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re27

### **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{s183, s28, s183} s185$$
 (80)

### Reactant

Table 103: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 104: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	TATgene_GRprot_Cort S_RNA TATgene_GRprot_Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 105: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s185	TAT_RNA	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{27} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([s28], [s183], \text{tatMrna\_synt})$$
 (81)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (82)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (83)

### 8.28 Reaction re42

This is a reversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by two modifiers.

Name re42

# **Reaction equation**

Cortisone 
$$\stackrel{\text{Cortisone, } s114}{\longleftarrow} s114$$
 (84)

### Reactant

Table 106: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
Cortisone	Cortisone	

Table 107: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
Cortisone	Cortisone	
s114	Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 108: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{28} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot (\text{k1} \cdot [\text{Cortisone}] - \text{k2} \cdot [\text{s114}])$$
(85)

Table 109: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.016	$\square$
k2	k2	0.016	

# 8.29 Reaction re44

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

Name re44

# **Reaction equation**

$$TAT\_PROT \xrightarrow{TAT\_PROT} s30$$
 (86)

### Reactant

Table 110: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
TAT_PROT	TAT_PROT	

### Modifier

Table 111: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
TAT_PROT	TAT_PROT	

### **Product**

Table 112: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{29} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{TAT\_PROT}]$$
 (87)

Table 113: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.012	

### 8.30 Reaction re43

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

# Name re43

# **Reaction equation**

$$s36 \xrightarrow{s185, s36, s185} TAT\_PROT$$
 (88)

### Reactant

Table 114: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s36	S_PROT	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 115: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s185	TAT_RNA	
s36	S_PROT	
s185	TAT_RNA	

### **Product**

Table 116: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
TAT_PROT	TAT_PROT	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{30} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{ptotein}(\text{Ka}, [\text{s36}], [\text{s185}])$$
(89)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (90)

$$ptotein(Ka, S\_PROT, Activator) = Ka \cdot S\_PROT \cdot Activator$$
 (91)

Table 117: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Ka	Ka	0.5	

# 8.31 Reaction cortisolTransport

This is a reversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by two modifiers.

Name cortisolTransport

# **Reaction equation**

$$s2 \xrightarrow{s2, s114} s114 \tag{92}$$

#### Reactant

Table 118: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s2	CortOUT	

### **Modifiers**

Table 119: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s2	CortOUT	
s114	Cort	

#### **Product**

Table 120: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s114	Cort	

## **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{31} = k1 \cdot [s2] - k2 \cdot [s114] \tag{93}$$

Table 121: Properties of each parameter.

			~
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	1000.0	
k2	k2	1000.0	

# 8.32 Reaction L2\_PXR\_binding

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

### Name L2\_PXR\_binding

# **Reaction equation**

$$s42 + Ligand2 \xrightarrow{s42, Ligand2, PXRprot\_Ligand2} PXRprot\_Ligand2 \tag{94}$$

### **Reactants**

Table 122: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	
Ligand2	Ligand2	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 123: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s42 Ligand2 PXRprot_Ligand2	PXR_PROT Ligand2 PXRprot_Ligand2	

#### **Product**

Table 124: Properties of each product.

	ereres or each product	
Id	Name	SBO
PXRprot_Ligand2	PXRprot_Ligand2	

### **Kinetic Law**

### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{32} = \text{vol}\left(\text{default}\right) \cdot \left(\text{k1} \cdot [\text{s42}] \cdot [\text{Ligand2}] - \text{k2} \cdot [\text{PXRprot}\_\text{Ligand2}]\right) \tag{95}$$

Table 125: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
k1	k1		60.0		
k2	k2		600000.0		$\overline{m{arphi}}$

# 8.33 Reaction L2\_PXR\_deg

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

# Name L2\_PXR\_deg

# **Reaction equation**

$$PXRprot\_Ligand2 \xrightarrow{PXRprot\_Ligand2} Ligand2 + s30 \tag{96}$$

#### Reactant

Table 126: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
PXRprot_Ligand2	PXRprot_Ligand2	

#### **Modifier**

Table 127: Properties of each modifier.

F		
Id	Name	SBO
PXRprot_Ligand2	PXRprot_Ligand2	

## **Products**

Table 128: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
Ligand2 s30	Ligand2 P	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{33} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{PXRprot\_Ligand2}]$$
 (97)

Table 129: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.002	

# 8.34 Reaction CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2

### **Reaction equation**

### Reactant

Table 130: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

### **Modifiers**

Table 131: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2		
s28	S_RNA	
CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2	CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2	

# **Product**

Table 132: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{34} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s}28], [\text{CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2}], \text{cypMrna\_synt})$$
 (99)

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (101)

### 8.35 Reaction CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

 $mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$ 

Name CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding

#### **Reaction equation**

$$s155 + PXRprot\_Ligand2 \xrightarrow{s155, PXRprot\_Ligand2, CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2} CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2 \xrightarrow{(102)}$$

#### **Reactants**

Table 133: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s155	CYP_GENE	
PXRprot_Ligand2	PXRprot_Ligand2	

(100)

Table 134: Properties of each modifier.

r	*******	
Id	Name	SBO
s155 PXRprot_Ligand2	CYP_GENE PXRprot_Ligand2	
CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2	1 0	

#### **Product**

Table 135: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2	CYPgene_PXRprot_Ligand2	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{35} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot (\text{GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited} \cdot [\text{s155}] \cdot [\text{PXRprot\_Ligand2}] - \text{cypGene\_PXRprotein} \cdot [\text{CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2}])$$
 (103)

#### 8.36 Reaction re28

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re28

## **Reaction equation**

$$s39 + DEX \xrightarrow{s39, DEX, GRprot\_DEX} GRprot\_DEX$$
 (104)

## **Reactants**

Table 136: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s39	GR_PROT	
DEX	DEX	

Table 137: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s39	GR_PROT	
DEX	DEX	
${\tt GRprot\_DEX}$	GRprot_DEX	

### **Product**

Table 138: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{36} = vol(default) \cdot (k1 \cdot [s39] \cdot [DEX] - k2 \cdot [GRprot\_DEX])$$
 (105)

Table 139: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	60.0	
k2	k2	60.0	

### 8.37 Reaction re29

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

Name re29

# **Reaction equation**

GRprot\_DEX 
$$\xrightarrow{\text{GRprot}\_DEX}$$
 s30 + DEX (106)

#### Reactant

Table 140: Properties of each reactant.	Table	140:	<b>Propert</b>	ies of	each	reactant.
---	-------	------	----------------	--------	------	-----------

Table 140. Properties of each reactant.				
Id	Name	SBO		
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX			

Table 141: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX	

### **Products**

Table 142: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s30	P	
DEX	DEX	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{37} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{GRprot\_DEX}]$$
 (107)

Table 143: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.001	

#### 8.38 Reaction re30

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re30

# **Reaction equation**

$$s42 + DEX \xrightarrow{s42, DEX, PXRprot\_DEX} PXRprot\_DEX$$
 (108)

### **Reactants**

Table 144: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
~	PXR_PROT DEX	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 145: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s42	PXR_PROT	
DEX	DEX	
PXRprot_DEX	PXRprot_DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 146: Properties of each product.

	1 1	
Id	Name	SBO
PXRprot_DEX	PXRprot_DEX	

### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{38} = vol(default) \cdot (k1 \cdot [s42] \cdot [DEX] - k2 \cdot [PXRprot\_DEX])$$
 (109)

Table 147: Properties of each parameter.

		1 1		
Id	Name	SBO Value	Unit	Constant
k1	k1	60.0	)	$\overline{Z}$
k2	k2	60000.0	)	$\square$

### 8.39 Reaction re31

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

# Name re31

# **Reaction equation**

$$PXRprot\_DEX \xrightarrow{PXRprot\_DEX} DEX + s30$$
 (110)

#### Reactant

Table 148: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
PXRprot_DEX	PXRprot_DEX	

#### **Modifier**

Table 149: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
PXRprot_DEX	PXRprot_DEX	

### **Products**

Table 150: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DEX	DEX	
s30	P	

### **Kinetic Law**

### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{39} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{PXRprot\_DEX}]$$
 (111)

Table 151: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.002	

# 8.40 Reaction re32

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by seven modifiers.

Name re32

# **Reaction equation**

DEX 
$$\xrightarrow{\text{s172, Ligand2, s114, s172, DEX, Ligand2, s114}}$$
 DEX\_degr (112)

### Reactant

Table 152: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DEX	DEX	

### **Modifiers**

Table 153: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s172	CYP_PROT	
Ligand2	Ligand2	
s114	Cort	
s172	CYP_PROT	
DEX	DEX	
Ligand2	Ligand2	
s114	Cort	

### **Product**

Table 154: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DEX_degr	DEX_degr	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{40} = vol\left(default\right) \cdot LigandDegrOld\left([s172], Vm, [DEX], Kms1, [Ligand2], Kms2, [s114], Kms3\right) \tag{113}$$

$$LigandDegrOld(Act,Vm,S1,Kms1,S2,Kms2,S3,Kms3) = Act \cdot \frac{\frac{Vm \cdot S1}{Kms1}}{1 + \frac{S1}{Kms1} + \frac{S2}{Kms2} + \frac{S3}{Kms3}}$$
(114)

$$LigandDegrOld\left(Act,Vm,S1,Kms1,S2,Kms2,S3,Kms3\right) = Act \cdot \frac{\frac{Vm \cdot S1}{Kms1}}{1 + \frac{S1}{Kms1} + \frac{S2}{Kms2} + \frac{S3}{Kms3}}$$

$$(115)$$

Table 155: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Vm	Vm	0.004	
Kms1	Kms1	23000.000	$   \overline{\mathscr{L}} $
Kms2	Kms2	15000.000	
Kms3	Kms3	15000.000	$ \mathbf{Z} $

### 8.41 Reaction re33

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

### Name re33

### **Reaction equation**

### **Reactants**

Table 156: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s155	CYP_GENE	
PXRprot_DEX	PXRprot_DEX	

### **Modifiers**

Table 157: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s155 PXRprot_DEX	CYP_GENE PXRprot_DEX	
•	CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	

### **Product**

Table 158: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{41} = \text{vol} (\text{default}) \cdot (\text{GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited} \cdot [\text{s155}] \cdot [\text{PXRprot\_DEX}] - \text{cypGene\_PXRprotein} \cdot [\text{CYPgene\_PXRprot\_DEX}])$$
 (117)

### 8.42 Reaction re34

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name re34

# **Reaction equation**

#### Reactant

Table 159: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 160: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
•	CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	
s28	S_RNA	
CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	CYPgene_PXRprot_DEX	

### **Product**

Table 161: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s173	CYP_RNA	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{42} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s28}], [\text{CYPgene\_PXRprot\_DEX}], \text{cypMrna\_synt})$$
 (119)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (120)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (121)

#### 8.43 Reaction re35

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

### Name re35

### **Reaction equation**

$$GRprot\_DEX + s46 \xrightarrow{GRprot\_DEX, s46, PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX} PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX$$

$$(122)$$

### **Reactants**

Table 162: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX PXR_GENE	

Table 163: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX	
s46	PXR_GENE	
${\tt PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX}$	PXRgene_GRprot_DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 164: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
PXRgene_GRprot_DEX	PXRgene_GRprot_DEX	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{43} = vol (default) \cdot (GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited \cdot [GRprot\_DEX] \cdot [s46] - PXRGene\_GRprotein \cdot [PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX])$$
 (123)

### 8.44 Reaction re36

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re36

## **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{\text{PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX}, s28, \text{PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX}} s32$$
 (124)

# Reactant

Table 165: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 166: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
PXRgene_GRprot_DEX s28	PXRgene_GRprot_DEX S_RNA	
${\tt PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX}$	PXRgene_GRprot_DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 167: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s32	PXR_RNA	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{44} = vol(default) \cdot mRNA([s28], [PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX], pxrMrna\_synt)$$
 (125)

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (126)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (127)

### 8.45 Reaction re37

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re37

### **Reaction equation**

$$GRprot\_DEX + s40 \xrightarrow{GRprot\_DEX, \ s40, \ GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX} GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX \quad (128)$$

### **Reactants**

Table 168: Properties of each reactant.

THOIR TOOK TTOPETHES OF CHEMITOCHEMIN		
Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX s40	GRprot_DEX GR_GENE	

Table 169: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX GR GENE	
	GRgene_GRprot_DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 170: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
GRgene_GRprot_DEX	GRgene_GRprot_DEX	

# **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$\begin{array}{c} v_{45} = vol\left(default\right) \cdot \left(GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited \cdot \left[GRprot\_DEX\right] \cdot \left[s40\right] \\ - GRGene\_GRprotein \cdot \left[GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX\right] \end{array} \tag{129}$$

### 8.46 Reaction re38

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re38

# **Reaction equation**

$$s28 \xrightarrow{GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX} s28, GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX$$
  $s33$  (130)

# Reactant

Table 171: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 172: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	GRgene_GRprot_DEX S_RNA GRgene_GRprot_DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 173: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s33	GR_RNA	

#### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{46} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s28}], [\text{GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX}], \text{grMrna\_synt})$$
 (131)

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (132)

$$mRNA(S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (133)

#### 8.47 Reaction re39

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re39

# **Reaction equation**

$$GRprot\_DEX + s178 \xrightarrow{GRprot\_DEX, s178, TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX} TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX \tag{134}$$

### Reactants

Table 174: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name SBO	
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX TAT_GENE	

Table 175: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
GRprot_DEX	GRprot_DEX	
s178	TAT_GENE	
${\tt TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX}$	TATgene_GRprot_DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 176: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
TATgene_GRprot_DEX	TATgene_GRprot_DEX	

### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$\begin{array}{c} v_{47} = vol\left(default\right) \cdot \left(GeneProteinBinding\_diff\_limited \cdot \left[GRprot\_DEX\right] \cdot \left[s178\right] \\ - TATGene\_GRprotein \cdot \left[TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX\right] \end{array} \tag{135}$$

### 8.48 Reaction re40

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name re40

# **Reaction equation**

# Reactant

Table 177: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s28	S_RNA	

Table 178: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO	
TATgene_GRprot_DEX s28	TATgene_GRprot_DEX S_RNA		
${\tt TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX}$	TATgene_GRprot_DEX		

#### **Product**

Table 179: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s185	TAT_RNA	

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{48} = \text{vol}(\text{default}) \cdot \text{mRNA}([\text{s}28], [\text{TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX}], \text{tatMrna\_synt})$$
 (137)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (138)

$$mRNA (S\_RNA, Activator, Ka) = Ka \cdot S\_RNA \cdot Activator$$
 (139)

### 8.49 Reaction re41

This is a reversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by two modifiers.

Name re41

# **Reaction equation**

$$DEXout \xrightarrow{DEXout, DEX} DEX$$
 (140)

### Reactant

Table 180: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DEXout	DEXout	

Table 181: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DEXout	DEXout	
DEX	DEX	

#### **Product**

Table 182: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DEX	DEX	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{49} = k1 \cdot [DEXout] - k2 \cdot [DEX] \tag{141}$$

Table 183: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	100.0	$\square$
k2	k2	100.0	

# 8.50 Reaction Cortisol\_CBG

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

Name Cortisol\_CBG

# **Reaction equation**

$$s2 + CBG \xrightarrow{s2, CBG, CBG\_CortOUT} CBG\_CortOUT$$
 (142)

### **Reactants**

Table 184: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
s2 CBG	CortOUT CBG	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 185: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
s2	CortOUT	
CBG	CBG	
$CBG\_CortOUT$	CBG_CortOUT	

#### **Product**

Table 186: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
CBG_CortOUT	CBG_CortOUT	

### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{50} = vol(blood) \cdot (k1 \cdot [s2] \cdot [CBG] - k2 \cdot [CBG\_CortOUT])$$
 (143)

Table 187: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	60.0	
k2	k2	270.0	

### 8.51 Reaction Cort\_Alb

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming one product influenced by three modifiers.

### Name Cort\_Alb

# **Reaction equation**

$$Alb + s2 \xrightarrow{Alb, s2, Alb\_CortOUT} Alb\_CortOUT$$
 (144)

#### **Reactants**

Table 188: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
Alb	Alb	
s2	CortOUT	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 189: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
Alb	Alb	
s2	CortOUT	
${\tt Alb\_CortOUT}$	Alb_CortOUT	

### **Product**

Table 190: Properties of each product.

Two to 15 of 11 operators of twen products			
Id	Name	SBO	
Alb_CortOUT	Alb_CortOUT		

### **Kinetic Law**

## Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{51} = \text{vol}(\text{blood}) \cdot (\text{k1} \cdot [\text{Alb}] \cdot [\text{s2}] - \text{k2} \cdot [\text{Alb\_CortOUT}])$$
 (145)

Table 191: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	60.0	$ \mathbf{Z} $
k2	k2	900000.0	$\checkmark$

# **8.52 Reaction** cort\_distribution

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

Name cort\_distribution

# **Reaction equation**

$$CortAdded \xrightarrow{CortAdded} s2$$
 (146)

#### Reactant

Table 192: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
CortAdded	CortAdded	

#### **Modifier**

Table 193: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
CortAdded	CortAdded	

#### **Product**

Table 194: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
s2	CortOUT	

### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{52} = \text{vol}(\text{blood}) \cdot \text{k1} \cdot [\text{CortAdded}]$$
 (147)

Table 195: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	1000.0	$\checkmark$

# 9 Derived Rate Equations

When interpreted as an ordinary differential equation framework, this model implies the following set of equations for the rates of change of each species.

Identifiers for kinetic laws highlighted in gray cannot be verified to evaluate to units of SBML substance per time. As a result, some SBML interpreters may not be able to verify the consistency of the units on quantities in the model. Please check if

- · parameters without an unit definition are involved or
- volume correction is necessary because the hasOnlySubstanceUnits flag may be set to false and spacialDimensions> 0 for certain species.

### **9.1 Species** s28

#### Name S RNA

Initial concentration  $1.00000029723653 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in 26 reactions (as a reactant in re1, re5, re9, re13, re21, re23, re25, re27, CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2, re34, re36, re38, re40 and as a modifier in re1, re5, re9, re13, re21, re23, re25, re27, CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2, re34, re36, re38, re40), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{s}28 = 0\tag{148}$$

#### **9.2 Species** s36

#### Name S\_PROT

Initial concentration  $1.00000029723653 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eight reactions (as a reactant in re3, re7, re11, re43 and as a modifier in re3, re7, re11, re43), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{s}36 = 0\tag{149}$$

#### **9.3 Species** s46

#### Name PXR\_GENE

Initial concentration  $0.780000231844494 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in re22, re35 and as a modifier in re5, re5, re22, re35).

$$\frac{d}{dt}s46 = -|v_{22}| - |v_{43}| \tag{150}$$

### **9.4 Species** s32

#### Name PXR\_RNA

Initial concentration  $0.00700000208065571 \text{ } nmol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in re6 and as a product in re5, re23, re36 and as a modifier in re6, re7, re7).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s32 = |v_5| + |v_{23}| + |v_{44}| - |v_6| \tag{151}$$

### **9.5 Species** s42

Name PXR\_PROT

Initial concentration  $99.9000296939294 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in nine reactions (as a reactant in re8, re17, L2\_PXR\_binding, re30 and as a product in re7 and as a modifier in re8, re17, L2\_PXR\_binding, re30).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s42 = |v_7| - |v_8| - |v_{17}| - |v_{32}| - |v_{38}| \tag{152}$$

### **9.6 Species** s30

#### Name P

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in 13 reactions (as a product in re2, re4, re6, re8, re10, re12, re14, re16, re18, re44, L2\_PXR\_deg, re29, re31), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{s}30 = 0\tag{153}$$

## **9.7 Species** s40

Name GR\_GENE

Initial concentration  $0.500000148618265 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in re24, re37 and as a modifier in re9, re9, re24, re37).

$$\frac{d}{dt}s40 = -|v_{24}| - |v_{45}| \tag{154}$$

### **9.8 Species** s33

#### Name GR\_RNA

Initial concentration  $8.00000237789224 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in re10 and as a product in re9, re25, re38 and as a modifier in re10, re11, re11).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s33 = |v_9| + |v_{25}| + |v_{46}| - |v_{10}| \tag{155}$$

### **9.9 Species** s39

#### Name GR\_PROT

Initial concentration  $47.2400140414537 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in re12, re15, re28 and as a product in re11 and as a modifier in re12, re15, re28).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s39 = |v_{11}| - |v_{12}| - |v_{15}| - |v_{36}| \tag{156}$$

# **9.10 Species** s114

#### Name Cort

Initial concentration  $1.14000033884965 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in 14 reactions (as a reactant in re15, re17, re19 and as a product in re16, re18, re42, cortisolTransport and as a modifier in re15, re17, re19, re42, cortisolTransport, re32, re32).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s114 = |v_{16}| + |v_{18}| + |v_{28}| + |v_{31}| - |v_{15}| - |v_{17}| - |v_{19}| \tag{157}$$

# **9.11 Species** s155

#### Name CYP\_GENE

Initial concentration  $0.829760246634984 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eight reactions (as a reactant in re20, CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding, re33 and as a modifier in re1, re1, re20, CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding, re33).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s155 = -|v_{20}| - |v_{35}| - |v_{41}| \tag{158}$$

### **9.12 Species** s172

#### Name CYP\_PROT

Initial concentration  $104.000030912599 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in re4 and as a product in re3 and as a modifier in re4, re19, re19, re32, re32).

$$\frac{d}{dt}s172 = |v_3| - |v_4| \tag{159}$$

### **9.13 Species** s173

#### Name CYP\_RNA

Initial concentration  $0.0750000222927398 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eight reactions (as a reactant in re2 and as a product in re1, re21, CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2, re34 and as a modifier in re2, re3, re3).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s173 = |v_1| + |v_{21}| + |v_{34}| + |v_{42}| - |v_2| \tag{160}$$

## **9.14 Species** s185

#### Name TAT\_RNA

Initial concentration  $0.100000029723653 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in re14 and as a product in re13, re27, re40 and as a modifier in re14, re43, re43).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s185 = |v_{13}| + |v_{27}| + |v_{48}| - |v_{14}| \tag{161}$$

### **9.15 Species** s84

Name GRgene\_GRprot\_Cort

Initial concentration  $0.330000098088055 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re24 and as a modifier in re24, re25, re25).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} s84 = v_{24} \tag{162}$$

## **9.16 Species** s165

Name CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Cort

Initial concentration  $2.40000071336767 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re20 and as a modifier in re20, re21, re21).

$$\frac{d}{dt}s165 = v_{20} \tag{163}$$

### **9.17 Species** s109

Name PXRgene\_GRprot\_Cort

Initial concentration  $0.0500000148618265 \text{ } nmol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re22 and as a modifier in re22, re23, re23).

$$\frac{d}{dt}s109 = v_{22} \tag{164}$$

## **9.18 Species** s87

Name GRprot\_Cort

Initial concentration  $32.3600096185741 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in ten reactions (as a reactant in re16, re22, re24, re26 and as a product in re15 and as a modifier in re15, re16, re22, re24, re26).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} s87 = |v_{15}| - |v_{16}| - |v_{22}| - |v_{24}| - |v_{26}| \tag{165}$$

### **9.19 Species** s119

Name PXRprot\_Cort

Initial concentration  $0.0100000029723653 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in re18, re20 and as a product in re17 and as a modifier in re17, re18, re20).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s119 = |v_{17}| - |v_{18}| - |v_{20}| \tag{166}$$

### **9.20 Species** s183

Name TATgene\_GRprot\_Cort

Initial concentration  $0.0200000059447306 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re26 and as a modifier in re26, re27, re27).

$$\frac{d}{dt}s183 = v_{26} \tag{167}$$

## **9.21 Species** s178

Name TAT\_GENE

Initial concentration  $0.81000024076159 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in re26, re39 and as a modifier in re13, re13, re26, re39).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s178 = -v_{26} - v_{47} \tag{168}$$

### **9.22 Species** s10

Name Cort\_degr

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in re19), which does not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{s}10 = 0\tag{169}$$

### 9.23 Species Cortisone

Name Cortisone

Initial concentration  $24.0000071336767 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in re42 and as a modifier in re42), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Cortisone} = 0\tag{170}$$

## 9.24 Species TAT\_PROT

Name TAT\_PROT

Initial concentration  $0.46202810387596 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in re44 and as a product in re43 and as a modifier in re44).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{TAT}_{-} \mathrm{PROT} = |v_{30}| - |v_{29}| \tag{171}$$

### 9.25 Species Ligand2

Name Ligand2

Initial concentration  $100.000029723653 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in L2\_PXR\_binding and as a product in L2\_PXR\_deg and as a modifier in re19, re19, L2\_PXR\_binding, re32, re32).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Ligand2} = |v_{33}| - |v_{32}| \tag{172}$$

### 9.26 Species PXRprot\_Ligand2

Name PXRprot\_Ligand2

Initial concentration  $0.00100000029723653 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in L2\_PXR\_deg, CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding and as a product in L2\_PXR\_binding and as a modifier in L2\_PXR\_binding, L2\_PXR\_deg, CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} PXRprot\_Ligand2 = |v_{32}| - |v_{33}| - |v_{35}|$$
(173)

# 9.27 Species CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2

Name CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2

Initial concentration  $2.40000071336767 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding and as a modifier in CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2, CYPmRNA\_synt\_PXR\_L2, CYPmRNA\_PXR\_L2\_binding).

$$\frac{d}{dt}CYPgene\_PXRprot\_Ligand2 = v_{35}$$
 (174)

## 9.28 Species DEX

#### Name DEX

### Initial concentration $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$

This species takes part in twelve reactions (as a reactant in re28, re30, re32 and as a product in re29, re31, re41 and as a modifier in re19, re19, re28, re30, re32, re41).

$$\frac{d}{dt}DEX = |v_{37}| + |v_{39}| + |v_{49}| - |v_{36}| - |v_{38}| - |v_{40}|$$
(175)

### 9.29 Species GRprot\_DEX

### Name GRprot\_DEX

## Initial concentration $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$

This species takes part in ten reactions (as a reactant in re29, re35, re37, re39 and as a product in re28 and as a modifier in re28, re29, re35, re37, re39).

$$\frac{d}{dt}GRprot\_DEX = |v_{36}| - |v_{37}| - |v_{43}| - |v_{45}| - |v_{47}|$$
(176)

## 9.30 Species PXRprot\_DEX

# Name PXRprot\_DEX

### Initial concentration $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in re31, re33 and as a product in re30 and as a modifier in re30, re31, re33).

$$\frac{d}{dt} PXRprot_DEX = v_{38} - |v_{39}| - |v_{41}|$$
 (177)

### 9.31 Species DEX\_degr

#### Name DEX\_degr

### Initial concentration $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in re32), which does not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{DEX}_{-}\mathrm{degr} = 0 \tag{178}$$

# 9.32 Species CYPgene\_PXRprot\_DEX

Name CYPgene\_PXRprot\_DEX

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re33 and as a modifier in re33, re34, re34).

$$\frac{d}{dt}CYPgene\_PXRprot\_DEX = v_{41}$$
 (179)

### 9.33 Species PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX

Name PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re35 and as a modifier in re35, re36, re36).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} PXRgene\_GRprot\_DEX = v_{43}$$
 (180)

## 9.34 Species GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX

Name GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re37 and as a modifier in re37, re38, re38).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{GRgene\_GRprot\_DEX} = v_{45} \tag{181}$$

# 9.35 Species TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX

Name TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a product in re39 and as a modifier in re39, re40, re40).

$$\frac{d}{dt}TATgene\_GRprot\_DEX = v_{47}$$
 (182)

### **9.36 Species** s2

Name CortOUT

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in cortisolTransport, Cortisol\_CBG, Cort\_Alb and as a product in cort\_distribution and as a modifier in cortisolTransport, Cortisol\_CBG, Cort\_Alb).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}s2 = |v_{52}| - |v_{31}| - |v_{50}| - |v_{51}| \tag{183}$$

# 9.37 Species DEXout

Name DEXout

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in re41 and as a modifier in re41), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{DEXout} = 0\tag{184}$$

### 9.38 Species CBG

Name CBG

Initial concentration  $550.000163480092 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in Cortisol\_CBG and as a modifier in Cortisol\_CBG).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{CBG} = -v_{50} \tag{185}$$

## 9.39 Species CBG\_CortOUT

Name CBG\_CortOUT

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot 1^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a product in Cortisol\_CBG and as a modifier in Cortisol\_CBG).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{CBG\_CortOUT} = v_{50} \tag{186}$$

## 9.40 Species Alb

Name Alb

Initial concentration  $60000.0178341918 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in Cort\_Alb and as a modifier in Cort\_Alb).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Alb} = -v_{51} \tag{187}$$

### 9.41 Species Alb\_CortOUT

Name Alb\_CortOUT

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a product in Cort\_Alb and as a modifier in Cort\_Alb).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Alb\_CortOUT} = v_{51} \tag{188}$$

### 9.42 Species CortAdded

Name CortAdded

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ nmol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in cort\_distribution and as a modifier in cort\_distribution), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{CortAdded} = 0 \tag{189}$$

SML2ATEX was developed by Andreas Dräger<sup>a</sup>, Hannes Planatscher<sup>a</sup>, Dieudonné M Wouamba<sup>a</sup>, Adrian Schröder<sup>a</sup>, Michael Hucka<sup>b</sup>, Lukas Endler<sup>c</sup>, Martin Golebiewski<sup>d</sup> and Andreas Zell<sup>a</sup>. Please see http://www.ra.cs.uni-tuebingen.de/software/SBML2LaTeX for more information.

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