SBML Model Report

Model name: "Chan2004_TCell_receptor_activation"



May 6, 2016

1 General Overview

This is a document in SBML Level 2 Version 1 format. This model was created by Harish Dharuri¹ at June 22nd 2007 at 1:48 a. m. and last time modified at April eighth 2016 at 3:36 p. m. Table 1 gives an overview of the quantities of all components of this model.

Table 1: Number of components in this model, which are described in the following sections.

Element	Quantity	Element	Quantity
compartment types	0	compartments	1
species types	0	species	5
events	2	constraints	0
reactions	10	function definitions	0
global parameters	11	unit definitions	4
rules	1	initial assignments	0

Model Notes

The model reproduces Fig 3a of the paper. Please note that the authors mention that they used a value of 2 for n, n being the power in the positive feedback function for kinase autocatalysis, however the model here has n=1.95 because this results in a simulation that is identical to Fig 3a. The model was successfully tested on MathSBML.

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To cite BioModels Database, please use: Li C, Donizelli M, Rodriguez N, Dharuri H, Endler L, Chelliah V, Li L, He E, Henry A, Stefan MI, Snoep JL, Hucka M, Le Novre N, Laibe C (2010) BioModels Database: An enhanced, curated and annotated resource for published quantitative kinetic models. BMC Syst Biol., 4:92.

2 Unit Definitions

This is an overview of eight unit definitions of which four are predefined by SBML and not mentioned in the model.

2.1 Unit substance

Definition item

2.2 Unit items_per_time

Name items_per_time

Definition item \cdot s⁻¹

2.3 Unit sec_inv

Name sec_inv

Definition s^{-1}

2.4 Unit sec_inv_item_inv

Name per_sec_per_item

Definition item $^{-1} \cdot s^{-1}$

2.5 Unit volume

Notes Litre is the predefined SBML unit for volume.

Definition 1

2.6 Unit area

Notes Square metre is the predefined SBML unit for area since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

Definition m²

2.7 Unit length

Notes Metre is the predefined SBML unit for length since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

Definition m

2.8 Unit time

Notes Second is the predefined SBML unit for time.

Definition s

3 Compartment

This model contains one compartment.

Table 2: Properties of all compartments.

Id	Name	SBO	Spatial Dimensions	Size	Unit	Constant	Outside
compartment	cell		3	1	litre	Ø	

3.1 Compartment compartment

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of one litre.

Name cell

4 Species

This model contains five species. Section 9 provides further details and the derived rates of change of each species.

Table 3: Properties of each species.

Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
lck_inactive	Inactive lck	compartment	item		
lck_active	Active lck	compartment	item		
phosphatase- _inactive	Inactive phosphatase	compartment	item		
phosphatase- _active	Active phosphatase	compartment	item		
lck_total	Total kinase	compartment	item		

5 Parameters

This model contains eleven global parameters.

Table 4: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
n1			1.00	$item^{-1} \cdot s^{-1}$	\checkmark
k1			0.01	s^{-1}	
m1			1.00		
d0			0.15	s^{-1}	
d1			0.15	s^{-1}	
k2			0.01	s^{-1}	
m2			1.00	$item^{-1} \cdot s^{-1}$	
n2			0.02	s^{-1}	\square
d2			0.00	s^{-1}	\square
n			1.95	dimensionless	
$r_{-}l$			0.00	item \cdot s ⁻¹	

6 Rule

This is an overview of one rule.

6.1 Rule lck_total

Rule lck_total is an assignment rule for species lck_total:

$$[lck_total] = lck_inactive + lck_active$$
 (1)

Derived unit item

7 Events

This is an overview of two events. Each event is initiated whenever its trigger condition switches from false to true. A delay function postpones the effects of an event to a later time point. At the time of execution, an event can assign values to species, parameters or compartments if these are not set to constant.

7.1 Event event_0000001

Name Setting r(1) to 1

Trigger condition

$$t \ge 10 \tag{2}$$

Assignment

r l = 1 (3)

7.2 Event event_0000002

Name Resetting r(l) to 0

Trigger condition

 $t \ge 24 \tag{4}$

Assignment

 $\mathbf{r} \mathbf{l} = 0 \tag{5}$

8 Reactions

This model contains ten reactions. All reactions are listed in the following table and are subsequently described in detail. If a reaction is affected by a modifier, the identifier of this species is written above the reaction arrow.

Table 5: Overview of all reactions

Nº	Id	Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
1	v1	Kinase recruitment to T-cell receptor	$\emptyset \longrightarrow lck_inactive$	
2	v2	Kinase inactivation	lck_active phosphatase_active lck_inactive	
3	v3	Basal kinase activation	lck_inactive —→ lck_active	
4	v4	Catalytic kinase activation	lck_inactive → lck_active	
5	v5	Inactive kinase diffusion	lck_inactive $\longrightarrow \emptyset$	
6	v6	Active kinase diffusion	$lck_active \longrightarrow \emptyset$	
7	v7	Basal phosphatase activation	phosphatase_inactive — phosphatase_active	
8	v8	Catalyzed phosphatase activation	phosphatase_inactive lck_active phosphatase_active	2
9	v9	Phosphatase inactivation	phosphatase_active — phosphatase_inactive	
10	v10	Active phosphatase diffusion	phosphatase_active $\longrightarrow \emptyset$	

8.1 Reaction v1

This is an irreversible reaction of no reactant forming one product.

Name Kinase recruitment to T-cell receptor

Reaction equation

$$\emptyset \longrightarrow lck_inactive$$
 (6)

Product

Table 6: Properties of each product.

Tuble of Troperties of each product.				
Id	Name	SBO		
lck_{-} inactive	Inactive lck			

Kinetic Law

Derived unit item \cdot s⁻¹

$$v_1 = r \bot \tag{7}$$

8.2 Reaction v2

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

Name Kinase inactivation

Reaction equation

Reactant

Table 7: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_active	Active lck	

Modifier

Table 8: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_active	Active phosphatase	

Product

Table 9: Properties of each product.

	1	
Id	Name	SBO
lck_{-} inactive	Inactive lck	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_2 = n1 \cdot lck_active \cdot phosphatase_active$$
 (9)

8.3 Reaction v3

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

Name Basal kinase activation

Reaction equation

$$lck_inactive \longrightarrow lck_active$$
 (10)

Reactant

Table 10: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_inactive	Inactive lck	

Product

Table 11: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_active	Active lck	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_3 = k1 \cdot lck_inactive$$
 (11)

8.4 Reaction v4

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

Name Catalytic kinase activation

Reaction equation

$$lck_inactive \longrightarrow lck_active$$
 (12)

Reactant

Table 12: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
$lck_inactive$	Inactive lck	

Product

Table 13: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_active	Active lck	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_4 = m1 \cdot lck_active^n \cdot lck_inactive$$
 (13)

8.5 Reaction v5

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming no product.

Name Inactive kinase diffusion

Reaction equation

$$lck_inactive \longrightarrow \emptyset$$
 (14)

Reactant

Table 14: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_inactive	Inactive lck	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_5 = d0 \cdot lck_inactive$$
 (15)

8.6 Reaction v6

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming no product.

Name Active kinase diffusion

Reaction equation

$$lck_active \longrightarrow \emptyset$$
 (16)

Reactant

Table 15: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_active	Active lck	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_6 = d1 \cdot lck_active$$
 (17)

8.7 Reaction v7

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

Name Basal phosphatase activation

Reaction equation

Reactant

Table 16: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_inactive	Inactive phosphatase	

Product

Table 17: Properties of each product.

Tuble 17.11 operates of each product.		
Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_active	Active phosphatase	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_7 = k2 \cdot phosphatase_inactive$$
 (19)

8.8 Reaction v8

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

Name Catalyzed phosphatase activation

Reaction equation

$$phosphatase_inactive \xrightarrow{lck_active} phosphatase_active \qquad (20)$$

Reactant

Table 18: Properties of each reactant.

Table 10. Froperties of each reactain.		
Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_inactive	Inactive phosphatase	

Produced by SBML2LATEX

Modifier

Table 19: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
lck_active	Active lck	

Product

Table 20: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_active	Active phosphatase	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_8 = \text{m2} \cdot \text{lck_active} \cdot \text{phosphatase_inactive}$$
 (21)

8.9 Reaction v9

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

Name Phosphatase inactivation

Reaction equation

Reactant

Table 21: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_active	Active phosphatase	

Product

Table 22: Properties of each product.

	1	
Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_inactive	Inactive phosphatase	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_9 = n2 \cdot phosphatase_active$$
 (23)

8.10 Reaction v10

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming no product.

Name Active phosphatase diffusion

Reaction equation

phosphatase_active
$$\longrightarrow \emptyset$$
 (24)

Reactant

Table 23: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
phosphatase_active	Active phosphatase	

Kinetic Law

Derived unit $s^{-1} \cdot item$

$$v_{10} = d2 \cdot phosphatase_active$$
 (25)

9 Derived Rate Equations

When interpreted as an ordinary differential equation framework, this model implies the following set of equations for the rates of change of each species.

Identifiers for kinetic laws highlighted in gray cannot be verified to evaluate to units of SBML substance per time. As a result, some SBML interpreters may not be able to verify the consistency of the units on quantities in the model. Please check if

- parameters without an unit definition are involved or
- volume correction is necessary because the hasOnlySubstanceUnits flag may be set to false and spacialDimensions> 0 for certain species.

9.1 Species lck_inactive

Name Inactive lck

Initial amount 0 item

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in v3, v4, v5 and as a product in v1, v2).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{lck_inactive} = v_1 + v_2 - v_3 - v_4 - v_5 \tag{26}$$

9.2 Species lck_active

Name Active lck

Initial amount 0 item

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in v2, v6 and as a product in v3, v4 and as a modifier in v8).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{lck_active} = v_3 + v_4 - v_2 - v_6 \tag{27}$$

9.3 Species phosphatase_inactive

Name Inactive phosphatase

Initial amount 0.6 item

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in v7, v8 and as a product in v9).

$$\frac{d}{dt} phosphatase_inactive = v_9 - v_7 - v_8$$
 (28)

9.4 Species phosphatase_active

Name Active phosphatase

Initial amount 0.6 item

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in v9, v10 and as a product in v7, v8 and as a modifier in v2).

$$\frac{d}{dt} \text{phosphatase_active} = v_7 + v_8 - v_9 - v_{10}$$
 (29)

9.5 Species lck_total

Name Total kinase

Initial amount 0 item

Involved in rule lck_total

One rule which determines this species' quantity.

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