# **SBML Model Report**

# Model name: "Bucher2011 Atorvastatin Metabolism"



May 6, 2016

# 1 General Overview

This is a document in SBML Level 2 Version 4 format. This model was created by the following two authors: Lukas Endler<sup>1</sup> and Joachim Bucher<sup>2</sup> at May eleventh 2011 at 8:30 p.m. and last time modified at April eighth 2016 at five o' clock in the afternoon. Table 1 shows an overview of the quantities of all components of this model.

Table 1: Number of components in this model, which are described in the following sections.

Element	Quantity	Element	Quantity
compartment types	0	compartments	3
species types	0	species	18
events	0	constraints	0
reactions	29	function definitions	0
global parameters	30	unit definitions	6
rules	0	initial assignments	0

# **Model Notes**

This is the model of atorvastatin metabolism in hepaitc cells described in the article:

A systems biology approach to dynamic modeling and inter-subject variability of statin pharmacokinetics in human hepatocytes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>EMBL-EBI, lukas@ebi.ac.uk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Institute of Biochemical Engineering, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany, bucher@ibvt.uni-stuttgart.de

Joachim Bucher, Stephan Riedmaier, Anke Schnabel, Katrin Marcus, Gabriele Vacun, Thomas S Weiss, Wolfgang E Thasler, Andreas K Nussler, Ulrich M Zanger and Matthias Reuss. BMC Systems Biology 2011, 5:66. DOI:10.1186/1752-0509-5-66

#### Abstract:

# Background:

The individual character of pharmacokinetics is of great importance in the risk assessment of new drug leads in pharmacological research. Amongst others, it is severely influenced by the properties and inter-individual variability of the enzymes and transporters of the drug detoxification system of the liver. Predicting individual drug biotransformation capacity requires quantitative and detailed models.

#### Results:

In this contribution we present the de novo deterministic modeling of atorvastatin biotransformation based on comprehensive published knowledge on involved metabolic and transport pathways as well as physicochemical properties. The model was evaluated in primary human hepatocytes and parameter identifiability analysis was performed under multiple experimental constraints. Dynamic simulations of atorvastatin biotransformation considering the inter-individual variability of the two major involved enzymes CYP3A4 and UGT1A3 based on quantitative protein expression data in a large human liver bank (n=150) highlighted the variability in the individual biotransformation profiles and therefore also points to the individuality of pharmacokinetics.

#### Conclusions:

A dynamic model for the biotransformation of atorvastatin has been developed using quantitative metabolite measurements in primary human hepatocytes. The model comprises kinetics for transport processes and metabolic enzymes as well as population liver expression data allowing us to assess the impact of inter-individual variability of concentrations of key proteins. Application of computational tools for parameter sensitivity analysis enabled us to considerably improve the validity of the model and to create a consistent framework for precise computer-aided simulations in toxicology.

The model is parameterized for patient 1 and reproduces the time courses in figure 2 of the article.

#### 2 Unit Definitions

This is an overview of eight unit definitions of which two are predefined by SBML and not mentioned in the model.

#### 2.1 Unit time

Name min

**Definition** 60 s

# 2.2 Unit substance

Name pmole

**Definition** pmol

# 2.3 Unit volume

Name ml

**Definition** ml

# **2.4 Unit** nM

Name pmole per ml

**Definition**  $pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$ 

# 2.5 Unit pmole\_per\_min

Name pmole per minute

**Definition**  $pmol \cdot (60 \text{ s})^{-1}$ 

# 2.6 Unit ml\_per\_min

Name ml per minute

**Definition**  $ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$ 

#### 2.7 Unit area

**Notes** Square metre is the predefined SBML unit for area since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

**Definition** m<sup>2</sup>

# 2.8 Unit length

**Notes** Metre is the predefined SBML unit for length since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

 $\textbf{Definition} \ m$ 

# 3 Compartments

This model contains three compartments.

Table 2: Properties of all compartments.

		I	I			
Name	SBO	Spatial	Size	Unit	Constant	Outside
		Dimensions				
	0000290	3	1	litre		
	0000290	3	2	ml	$   \overline{\mathbf{Z}} $	
	0000290	3	0.0142	ml		
	Name	0000290	Dimensions  0000290 3 0000290 3	Dimensions  0000290 3 1 0000290 3 2	Dimensions           0000290         3         1         litre           0000290         3         2         ml	Dimensions  0000290

# 3.1 Compartment compartment

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of one ml.

SBO:0000290 physical compartment

# 3.2 Compartment medium

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of two ml.

SBO:0000290 physical compartment

# 3.3 Compartment cell

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of 0.0142 ml.

SBO:0000290 physical compartment

# 4 Species

This model contains 18 species. Section 7 provides further details and the derived rates of change of each species.

Table 3: Properties of each species.

Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
AS_m		medium	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$		$\Box$
ASL_m		medium	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
${\tt ASoOH\_m}$		medium	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$		
ASLpOH_m		medium	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	
$\mathtt{ASpOH}_\mathtt{m}$		medium	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASLoOH_m		medium	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
AS_c		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASL_c		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASpOH_c		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASoOH_c		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASLpOH_c		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASLoOH_c		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASpOH_b		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASoOH_b		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
ASLpOH_b		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$		$\Box$
ASLoOH_b		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$		$\Box$
AS_b		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$		$\Box$
ASL_b		cell	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$		

# **5 Parameters**

This model contains 30 global parameters.

Table 4: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
CYP3A4-		0000027	1400.000	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	
_ASLpOH_Km1				•	-
CYP3A4-		0000027	3900.000	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	
$\_ASLoOH\_Km1$					
CYP3A4-		0000027	25600.000	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	
$\_\mathtt{ASpOH}\_\mathtt{Km1}$					
CYP3A4-		0000027	29700.000	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	
$\_{ASoOH\_Km1}$					
Import-		0000009	0.034	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASLpOH_k					
Import-		0000009	0.026	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASLoOH_k					
${\tt Import\_ASL\_k}$		0000009	0.275	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
${ t fu\_ASL}$		0000540	0.220	dimensionless	
fu_AS		0000540	0.220	dimensionless	
Import-		0000009	0.004	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
$_{\mathtt{ASpOH\_k}}$					
Export-		0000009	0.001	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
$_{\mathtt{ASLpOH\_k}}$					
Export-		0000009	0.003	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASLoOH_k					
$k_{CR}ASL_{c}$		0000009	$3.55 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
k_CR_ASL_m		0000009	0.005	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
k_PON_OH_c		0000009	0.004	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
Export-		0000009	0.002	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$
_ASoOH_k				,	
Prot_k1		0000009	8.520	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
CYP3A4-		0000186	47.499	$pmol \cdot (60 \text{ s})^{-1}$	$\mathbf{Z}$
$\_{ASoOH\_Vmax}$				,	•
CYP3A4-		0000186	17.445	$pmol \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASLpOH_Vmax				. ( /	<b></b>
CYP3A4-		0000186	39.134	$pmol \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASLoOH_Vmax				. ( )	<b>'E</b>
UGT1A3_AS-		0000186	13.586	$pmol \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	$\square$
_Vmax				. ( )	<b>T</b>

Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
UGT1A3_AS-		0000027	12000.000	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\overline{Z}$
_Km1					
UGT1A3_AS-		0000009	75000.000	$pmol \cdot ml^{-1}$	$\square$
_KI1					
$k_PON_ASL_c$		0000009	0.004	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
${\tt Export\_AS\_k}$		0000009	0.002	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	$\square$
${\tt Export\_ASL\_k}$		0000009	0.022	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	$\square$
Import_AS_k		0000009	0.020	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	$\square$
Import-		0000009	$3.8875 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASoOH_k					
Export-		0000009	$7.9526 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$ml \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
_ASpOH_k				, ,	_
CYP3A4-		0000186	15.734	$pmol \cdot (60 s)^{-1}$	
$\_\mathtt{ASpOH\_Vmax}$				- ` ,	

# Produced by SBML2PTEX

# **6 Reactions**

This model contains 29 reactions. All reactions are listed in the following table and are subsequently described in detail. If a reaction is affected by a modifier, the identifier of this species is written above the reaction arrow.

Table 5: Overview of all reactions

Nō	Id Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
1	Import_AS	$AS\_m \longrightarrow AS\_c$	0000185
2	Import_ASL	$ASL\_m \longrightarrow ASL\_c$	0000185
3	CYP3A4_ASpOH	$AS_c \xrightarrow{ASL_c} ASpOH_c$	0000176
4	CYP3A4_ASoOH	$AS_c \xrightarrow{ASL_c} ASoOH_c$	0000176
5	CYP3A4_ASLpOH	$ASL_c \xrightarrow{AS_c} ASLpOH_c$	0000176
6	CYP3A4_ASLoOH	$ASL_c \xrightarrow{AS\_c} ASLoOH_c$	0000176
7	Export_ASoOH	$ASoOH\_c \longrightarrow ASoOH\_m$	0000185
8	UGT1A3_AS	$AS\_c \longrightarrow ASL\_c$	0000176
9	R_ASASL_c	$ASL\_c \longrightarrow AS\_c$	0000176
10	CR_oOH	$ASLoOH_c \longrightarrow ASoOH_c$	0000176
11	CR_pOH	$ASLpOH_c \longrightarrow ASpOH_c$	0000176
12	Export_AS	$AS\_c \longrightarrow AS\_m$	0000185
13	Export_ASL	$ASL\_c \longrightarrow ASL\_m$	0000185
14	Import_ASLpOH	$ASLpOH_m \longrightarrow ASLpOH_c$	0000185
15	Import_ASLoOH	$ASLoOH\_m \longrightarrow ASLoOH\_c$	0000185
16	ASpOH_Prot	$ASpOH\_c \longrightarrow ASpOH\_b$	0000176
17	ASoOH_Prot	$ASoOH\_c \longrightarrow ASoOH\_b$	0000176
18	ASLpOH_Prot	$ASLpOH_c \longrightarrow ASLpOH_b$	0000176
19	ASLoOH_Prot	$ASLoOH_c \longrightarrow ASLoOH_b$	0000176
20	AS_Prot	$AS\_c \longrightarrow AS\_b$	0000176
21	ASL_Prot	$ASL\_c \longrightarrow ASL\_b$	0000176

N⁰	Id Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
22	Import_ASpOH	$ASpOH\_m \longrightarrow ASpOH\_c$	0000185
23	R_ASASL_m	$ASL\_m \longrightarrow AS\_m$	0000176
24	$R_pOH_m$	$ASLpOH\_m \longrightarrow ASpOH\_m$	0000176
25	$R_0OH_m$	$ASLoOH\_m \longrightarrow ASoOH\_m$	0000176
26	Export_ASLpOH	$ASLpOH\_c \longrightarrow ASLpOH\_m$	0000185
27	Export_ASLoOH	$ASLoOH_c \longrightarrow ASLoOH_m$	0000185
28	Export_ASpOH	$ASpOH\_c \longrightarrow ASpOH\_m$	0000185
29	Import_ASoOH	$ASoOH\_m \longrightarrow ASoOH\_c$	0000185

# **6.1 Reaction Import\_AS**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$AS_m \longrightarrow AS_c$$
 (1)

# Reactant

Table 6: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_m		

# **Product**

Table 7: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_1 = \text{Import\_AS\_k} \cdot [\text{AS\_m}] \tag{2}$$

# **6.2 Reaction Import\_ASL**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL\_m \longrightarrow ASL\_c \tag{3}$$

Table 8: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_m		

Table 9: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_2 = \text{Import\_ASL\_k} \cdot [\text{ASL\_m}]$$
 (4)

# 6.3 Reaction CYP3A4\_ASpOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

# SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$AS_{-c} \xrightarrow{ASL_{-c}} ASpOH_{-c}$$
 (5)

# Reactant

Table 10: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

#### **Modifier**

Table 11: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
$ASL_c$		

Table 12: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_c		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{3} = \frac{\frac{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Vmax}}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} \cdot [\text{AS\_c}]}{1 + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}}$$

$$(6)$$

# 6.4 Reaction CYP3A4\_ASoOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$AS_{-c} \xrightarrow{ASL_{-c}} ASoOH_{-c}$$
 (7)

#### Reactant

Table 13: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

# **Modifier**

Table 14: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

Table 15: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_c		

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$\nu_{4} = \frac{\frac{\text{CYP3A4\_ASoOH\_Vmax}}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASoOH\_Km1}} \cdot [\text{AS\_c}]}{1 + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}}}$$

$$(8)$$

# 6.5 Reaction CYP3A4\_ASLpOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

# SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL\_c \xrightarrow{AS\_c} ASLpOH\_c$$
 (9)

#### Reactant

Table 16: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
$ASL_c$		

#### **Modifier**

Table 17: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

Table 18: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_c		

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{5} = \frac{\frac{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLpOH\_Vmax}}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLpOH\_Km1}} \cdot [\text{ASL\_c}]}{1 + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASOOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLpOH\_Km1}}$$

$$(10)$$

# 6.6 Reaction CYP3A4\_ASLoOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL_{-}c \xrightarrow{AS\_c} ASLoOH_{-}c$$
 (11)

#### Reactant

Table 19: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

#### **Modifier**

Table 20: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
$AS_c$		

Table 21: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_c		

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$\nu_{6} = \frac{\frac{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Vmax}}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}} \cdot [\text{ASL\_c}]}{1 + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASpOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}} + \frac{[\text{ASL\_c}]}{\text{CYP3A4\_ASLoOH\_Km1}}$$

$$(12)$$

# 6.7 Reaction Export\_ASoOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASoOH_c \longrightarrow ASoOH_m$$
 (13)

#### Reactant

Table 22: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_c		

# **Product**

Table 23: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_m		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_7 = \text{Export\_ASoOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASoOH\_c}]$$
 (14)

# 6.8 Reaction UGT1A3\_AS

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

#### SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$AS_{-c} \longrightarrow ASL_{-c}$$
 (15)

# Reactant

Table 24: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

# **Product**

Table 25: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $10^{-12} \operatorname{mol} \cdot (60 \operatorname{s})^{-1}$ 

$$v_8 = \frac{\text{UGT1A3\_AS\_Vmax} \cdot [\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{UGT1A3\_AS\_Km1} + [\text{AS\_c}] + \frac{[\text{AS\_c}] \cdot [\text{AS\_c}]}{\text{UGT1A3\_AS\_KII}}}$$
(16)

# 6.9 Reaction R\_ASASL\_c

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL_{-}c \longrightarrow AS_{-}c \tag{17}$$

Table 26: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

Table 27: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_9 = (k_CR_ASL_c + k_PON_ASL_c) \cdot [ASL_c]$$
 (18)

# 6.10 Reaction CR\_oOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLoOH_{-}c \longrightarrow ASoOH_{-}c \tag{19}$$

# Reactant

Table 28: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_c		

Table 29: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_c		

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{10} = (k_{CR}ASL_c + k_{PON_OH_c}) \cdot [ASLoOH_c]$$
 (20)

# 6.11 Reaction CR\_pOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLpOH_c \longrightarrow ASpOH_c$$
 (21)

# Reactant

Table 30: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
$ASLpOH_c$		

# **Product**

Table 31: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_c		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{11} = (k_{CR}ASL_c + k_{PON_OH_c}) \cdot [ASLpOH_c]$$
 (22)

# **6.12 Reaction** Export\_AS

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$AS\_c \longrightarrow AS\_m$$
 (23)

#### Reactant

Table 32: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

# **Product**

Table 33: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_m		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{12} = \text{Export\_AS\_k} \cdot [\text{AS\_c}] \tag{24}$$

# **6.13 Reaction** Export\_ASL

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL_c \longrightarrow ASL_m$$
 (25)

Table 34: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

Table 35: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_m		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{13} = \text{Export\_ASL\_k} \cdot [\text{ASL\_c}]$$
 (26)

# **6.14 Reaction Import\_ASLpOH**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLpOH\_m \longrightarrow ASLpOH\_c \tag{27}$$

# Reactant

Table 36: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_m		

# **Product**

Table 37: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{14} = \text{Import\_ASLpOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASLpOH\_m}]$$
 (28)

# 6.15 Reaction Import\_ASLoOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLoOH_m \longrightarrow ASLoOH_c$$
 (29)

# Reactant

Table 38: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_m		

# **Product**

Table 39: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{15} = \text{Import\_ASLoOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASLoOH\_m}]$$
 (30)

# 6.16 Reaction ASpOH\_Prot

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASpOH_c \longrightarrow ASpOH_b \tag{31}$$

Table 40: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_c		

Table 41: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
$ASpOH_b$		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{16} = \text{Prot\_k1} \cdot \left( \frac{1 - \text{fu\_AS}}{\text{fu\_AS}} \cdot [\text{ASpOH\_c}] - [\text{ASpOH\_b}] \right)$$
(32)

# 6.17 Reaction ASoOH\_Prot

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASoOH_c \longrightarrow ASoOH_b$$
 (33)

# Reactant

Table 42: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_c		

Table 43: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_b		

Id	Name	SBO

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{17} = \text{Prot\_k1} \cdot \left( \frac{1 - \text{fu\_AS}}{\text{fu\_AS}} \cdot [\text{ASoOH\_c}] - [\text{ASoOH\_b}] \right)$$
(34)

# 6.18 Reaction ASLpOH\_Prot

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLpOH_c \longrightarrow ASLpOH_b$$
 (35)

#### Reactant

Table 44: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_c		

# **Product**

Table 45: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_b		

#### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{18} = \text{Prot\_k1} \cdot \left( \frac{1 - \text{fu\_ASL}}{\text{fu\_ASL}} \cdot [\text{ASLpOH\_c}] - [\text{ASLpOH\_b}] \right)$$
(36)

#### 6.19 Reaction ASLoOH\_Prot

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLoOH_c \longrightarrow ASLoOH_b$$
 (37)

#### Reactant

Table 46: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_c		

#### **Product**

Table 47: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_b		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{19} = \text{Prot\_k1} \cdot \left( \frac{1 - \text{fu\_ASL}}{\text{fu\_ASL}} \cdot [\text{ASLoOH\_c}] - [\text{ASLoOH\_b}] \right)$$
(38)

# 6.20 Reaction AS\_Prot

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$AS_c \longrightarrow AS_b$$
 (39)

Table 48: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_c		

Table 49: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_b		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{20} = \text{Prot\_k1} \cdot \left( \frac{1 - \text{fu\_AS}}{\text{fu\_AS}} \cdot [\text{AS\_c}] - [\text{AS\_b}] \right)$$
(40)

# 6.21 Reaction ASL\_Prot

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL\_c \longrightarrow ASL\_b \tag{41}$$

#### Reactant

Table 50: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_c		

# **Product**

Table 51: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_b		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{21} = \text{Prot\_k1} \cdot \left( \frac{1 - \text{fu\_ASL}}{\text{fu\_ASL}} \cdot [\text{ASL\_c}] - [\text{ASL\_b}] \right)$$
(42)

# **6.22 Reaction Import\_ASpOH**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASpOH_m \longrightarrow ASpOH_c \tag{43}$$

#### Reactant

Table 52: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
${\tt ASpOH\_m}$		

#### **Product**

Table 53: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_c		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{22} = \text{Import\_ASpOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASpOH\_m}] \tag{44}$$

# 6.23 Reaction R\_ASASL\_m

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASL_m \longrightarrow AS_m$$
 (45)

Table 54: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASL_m		

Table 55: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AS_m		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{23} = k_{\text{CR}} - ASL_{\text{m}} \cdot [ASL_{\text{m}}] \tag{46}$$

# 6.24 Reaction R\_pOH\_m

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLpOH\_m \longrightarrow ASpOH\_m \tag{47}$$

# Reactant

Table 56: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_m		

Table 57: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_m		

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{24} = k_{\text{CR}} - ASL_{\text{m}} \cdot [ASLpOH_{\text{m}}]$$
 (48)

# 6.25 Reaction R\_oOH\_m

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLoOH\_m \longrightarrow ASoOH\_m \tag{49}$$

# Reactant

Table 58: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
${\tt ASLoOH\_m}$		

# **Product**

Table 59: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_m		

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{25} = k_{-}CR_{-}ASL_{-}m \cdot [ASLoOH_{-}m]$$
 (50)

# **6.26 Reaction** Export\_ASLpOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLpOH_c \longrightarrow ASLpOH_m \tag{51}$$

#### Reactant

Table 60: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_c		

# **Product**

Table 61: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLpOH_m		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{26} = \text{Export\_ASLpOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASLpOH\_c}]$$
 (52)

# 6.27 Reaction Export\_ASLoOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

# SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASLoOH_c \longrightarrow ASLoOH_m$$
 (53)

Table 62: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_c		

Table 63: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASLoOH_m		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{27} = \text{Export\_ASLoOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASLoOH\_c}]$$
 (54)

# 6.28 Reaction Export\_ASpOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASpOH_c \longrightarrow ASpOH_m \tag{55}$$

# Reactant

Table 64: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_c		

# **Product**

Table 65: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASpOH_m		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{28} = \text{Export\_ASpOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASpOH\_c}]$$
 (56)

# 6.29 Reaction Import\_ASoOH

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product.

SBO:0000185 transport reaction

# **Reaction equation**

$$ASoOH_m \longrightarrow ASoOH_c$$
 (57)

#### Reactant

Table 66: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_m		·

#### **Product**

Table 67: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ASoOH_c		

# **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit**  $(60 \text{ s})^{-1} \cdot \text{pmol}$ 

$$v_{29} = \text{Import\_ASoOH\_k} \cdot [\text{ASoOH\_m}]$$
 (58)

# 7 Derived Rate Equations

When interpreted as an ordinary differential equation framework, this model implies the following set of equations for the rates of change of each species.

# 7.1 Species AS\_m

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $8797.15 \text{ } \text{pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in Import\_AS and as a product in Export\_AS, R\_ASASL\_m).

$$\frac{d}{dt}AS_{-m} = v_{12} + v_{23} - v_1 \tag{59}$$

# 7.2 Species ASL\_m

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $30.56 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in Import\_ASL, R\_ASASL\_m and as a product in Export\_ASL).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASL_m = v_{13} - v_2 - v_{23} \tag{60}$$

# 7.3 Species ASoOH\_m

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in Import\_ASoOH and as a product in Export\_ASoOH, R\_oOH\_m).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASoOH_m = v_7 + v_{25} - v_{29}$$
 (61)

# 7.4 Species ASLpOH\_m

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in Import\_ASLpOH, R\_pOH\_m and as a product in Export\_ASLpOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASLpOH_m = v_{26} - v_{14} - v_{24}$$
 (62)

# 7.5 Species ASpOH\_m

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in Import\_ASpOH and as a product in R\_pOH\_m, Export\_ASpOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASpOH_{-m} = v_{24} + v_{28} - v_{22}$$
 (63)

#### 7.6 Species ASLoOH\_m

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in Import\_ASLoOH, R\_oOH\_m and as a product in Export\_ASLoOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASLoOH_m = v_{27} - v_{15} - v_{25}$$
 (64)

#### 7.7 Species AS\_c

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in nine reactions (as a reactant in CYP3A4\_ASpOH, CYP3A4\_ASoOH, UGT1A3-AS, Export\_AS, AS\_Prot and as a product in Import\_AS, R\_ASASL\_c and as a modifier in CYP3A4\_ASLpOH, CYP3A4\_ASLoOH).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} AS_{-}c = v_1 + v_9 - v_3 - v_4 - v_8 - v_{12} - v_{20}$$
(65)

#### 7.8 Species ASL\_c

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in nine reactions (as a reactant in CYP3A4\_ASLpOH, CYP3A4\_ASLoOH, R-\_ASASL\_c, Export\_ASL, ASL\_Prot and as a product in Import\_ASL, UGT1A3\_AS and as a modifier in CYP3A4\_ASpOH, CYP3A4\_ASoOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASL_c = v_2 + v_8 - v_5 - v_6 - v_9 - v_{13} - v_{21}$$
(66)

# 7.9 Species ASpOH\_c

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in ASpOH\_Prot, Export\_ASpOH and as a product in CYP3A4\_ASpOH, CR\_pOH, Import\_ASpOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASpOH_{c} = v_3 + v_{11} + v_{22} - v_{16} - v_{28}$$
(67)

# 7.10 Species ASoOH\_c

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in Export\_ASoOH, ASoOH\_Prot and as a product in CYP3A4\_ASoOH, CR\_oOH, Import\_ASoOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASoOH_c = v_4 + v_{10} + v_{29} - v_7 - v_{17}$$
(68)

# 7.11 Species ASLpOH\_c

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in CR\_pOH, ASLpOH\_Prot, Export\_ASLpOH and as a product in CYP3A4\_ASLpOH, Import\_ASLpOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASLpOH_c = v_5 + v_{14} - v_{11} - v_{18} - v_{26}$$
(69)

#### 7.12 Species ASLoOH\_c

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in CR\_oOH, ASLoOH\_Prot, Export\_ASLoOH and as a product in CYP3A4\_ASLoOH, Import\_ASLoOH).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ASLoOH_c = v_6 + v_{15} - v_{10} - v_{19} - v_{27}$$
(70)

# 7.13 Species ASpOH\_b

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in ASpOH\_Prot).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{ASpOH}_{-b} = v_{16} \tag{71}$$

# 7.14 Species ASoOH\_b

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in ASoOH\_Prot).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{ASoOH}_{-b} = v_{17} \tag{72}$$

# 7.15 Species ASLpOH\_b

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in ASLpOH\_Prot).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{ASLpOH}_{-b} = v_{18} \tag{73}$$

# 7.16 Species ASLoOH\_b

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in ASLoOH\_Prot).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{ASLoOH}_{-b} = v_{19} \tag{74}$$

# 7.17 Species AS\_b

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in AS\_Prot).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{AS}_{-}\mathrm{b} = v_{20} \tag{75}$$

# 7.18 Species ASL\_b

SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound

Initial concentration  $0 \text{ pmol} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in ASL\_Prot).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{ASL}_{-}\mathrm{b} = v_{21} \tag{76}$$

# A Glossary of Systems Biology Ontology Terms

- **SBO:000009 kinetic constant:** Numerical parameter that quantifies the velocity of a chemical reaction
- **SBO:0000027** Michaelis constant: Substrate concentration at which the velocity of reaction is half its maximum. Michaelis constant is an experimental parameter. According to the underlying molecular mechanism it can be interpreted differently in terms of microscopic constants
- **SBO:0000176 biochemical reaction:** An event involving one or more chemical entities that modifies the electrochemical structure of at least one of the participants.
- **SBO:0000185 transport reaction:** Movement of a physical entity without modification of the structure of the entity
- **SBO:0000186** maximal velocity: Limiting maximal velocity of an enzymatic reaction, reached when the substrate is in large excess and all the enzyme is complexed.
- **SBO:0000290 physical compartment:** Specific location of space, that can be bounded or not. A physical compartment can have 1, 2 or 3 dimensions
- **SBO:0000298 synthetic chemical compound:** Chemical entity that is engineered by a human-designed process ex-vivo rather than a produced by a living entity
- **SBO:0000540 fraction of an entity pool:** A ratio that represents the quantity of a defined constituent entity over the total number of all constituent entities present.

 $\mathfrak{BML2}^{d}$  was developed by Andreas Dräger<sup>a</sup>, Hannes Planatscher<sup>a</sup>, Dieudonné M Wouamba<sup>a</sup>, Adrian Schröder<sup>a</sup>, Michael Hucka<sup>b</sup>, Lukas Endler<sup>c</sup>, Martin Golebiewski<sup>d</sup> and Andreas Zell<sup>a</sup>. Please see http://www.ra.cs.uni-tuebingen.de/software/SBML2LaTeX for more information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Center for Bioinformatics Tübingen (ZBIT), Germany

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>California Institute of Technology, Beckman Institute BNMC, Pasadena, United States

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>European Bioinformatics Institute, Wellcome Trust Genome Campus, Hinxton, United Kingdom

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>EML Research gGmbH, Heidelberg, Germany