# **Session 11**

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April 14, 2024

## rem & em Units

#### rem

rem is a relative unit of length. It is relative to the root element's font-size.

By default, the root element is the <a href="html">html</a> element and it has a font-size of <a href="16px">16px</a> so a <a href="1rem">1rem</a> is equal to <a href="16px">16px</a>.

If you change the root font size to 20px, 1rem will be equal to 20px.

```
html { /* You can also use :root */
font-size: 20px;
}

html { /* You can also use :root */
font-size: 20px;
}

html { /* You can also use :root */
font-size: 20px;
}
```

#### em

em is a relative unit of length. It is relative to the font-size of the parent element, and the parent element can still be the root element.

If you have the following HTML:

And the following CSS:

```
1    div {
2        font-size: 20px;
3     }
4     
5     p {
6        font-size: 1em; /* 20px */
7     }
```

Here the root element still has a font-size of 16px, but em is relative to the parent element, which is

the div element with a font-size of 20px.

## Which unit is better with each property?

- With width It's better to use percentages and vh with the first section.
- With height It's better to leave it as auto.
- With margin, padding, border, and font-size It's better to use rem or em.

### **Calc Function**

calc() is a CSS function that can be used to perform simple arithmetic operations.

```
div {
    width: calc(100% / 4);
}
```

You can even use it to mix different units.

Like this:

```
div {
    width: calc(100% - 20px);
}
Or:
div {
    width: calc(5vw - 10px);
}
```

Another usefull example is that if you have 4 div inside a container and each of them has a margin of 10px and width of 25%, you can use calc() to calculate the width of the divs so they fit inside the container without going into the next line.

```
div {
    width: calc(100% / 4 - 20px);
    margin: 10px;
}
```

# **Bootstrap**

## What is Bootstrap?

Bootstrap is a free and open-source CSS library directed at responsive, mobile-first front-end web development. It contains CSS and JavaScript-based design templates for typography, forms, buttons, navigation, and other interface components.

In brief, Bootstrap is a CSS library that contains a lot of pre-built components that you can use to build your website.

Bootstrap was developed by Mark Otto and Jacob Thornton at Twitter.

It's better to watch Bootstrap inroduction video from session record on Google drive.

## What is the difference between library and framework?

A library is a collection of pre-written code that you can use in your project.

A framework is larger than a library and it provides a structure for your project. It has a collection of libraries and tools that you can use to build your project.

Example of libraries: Bootstrap, tailwind, etc.

**Example of frameworks**: Angular, React, etc.

## How to use Bootstrap?

### **Downloading Bootstrap**

You can use Bootstrap by downloading the CSS and JS files from the official website and linking them in your HTML file.

Then from the downloaded files you get two files:

```
bootstrap.min.cssbootstrap.bundle.min.js
```

You will find these files in the dist folder. Then place them in your project folder.

Then in your HTML file, link the CSS file in the head section and the JS file at the end of the body section.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
  <html>
2
    <head>
3
       <title>Trying Bootstrap</title>
4
       <link rel="stylesheet" href="./css/bootstrap.min.css">
5
    </head>
6
    <body>
10
       your page content
11
12
13
14
       <script src="./js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"></script>
15
     </body>
16
  </html>
```

#### **Using CDN**

CDN stands for Content Delivery Network. You can use Bootstrap by linking the CSS and JS files from a CDN.

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html>
3   <head>
4   <title>Trying Bootstrap</title>
```

```
link
5
         rel="stylesheet"
         href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0/dist
              /css/bootstrap.min.css"
       >
     </head>
10
     <body>
11
12
13
       your page content
15
16
17
18
       <script
19
         src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.0/dist
20
              /js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"
21
22
       </script>
23
     </body>
24
  </html>
```

### **Some Questions**

#### What are the extra .map files that come with Bootstrap?

All the .map files are because Bootstrap is written in Sass and the .map files are used to map the compiled CSS to the original Sass files.

```
What is the difference between bootstrap.min.css and bootstrap.css?
```

bootstrap.min.css is the minified version of bootstrap.css. Minified files are smaller in size and faster to load.

#### So how to minify a CSS file?

You can use a CSS minifier like CSS Minifier.

#### What are the rtl files in Bootstrap?

rtl stands for right-to-left. These files are used to support right-to-left languages like Arabic.

#### What are the utilities, reboot and grid files in Bootstrap?

- **Utilities**: These are a collection of CSS classes that provide quick and easy-to-use styling options for various elements. Utilities in Bootstrap offer solutions for common tasks like spacing, alignment, typography, and more. They allow developers to apply styles without having to write custom CSS, which helps in maintaining consistency and speeding up development.
- **Reboot**: The "reboot" file in Bootstrap is a CSS file that provides a standardized set of CSS resets and basic styles. It aims to normalize styles across different browsers and devices, ensuring consistent rendering of HTML elements. Reboot resets the default styling of HTML elements like headings, paragraphs, lists, links, etc., making them consistent and predictable.
- **Grid**: The grid system in Bootstrap is a powerful layout utility that allows developers to create responsive and flexible layouts easily. It's based on a 12-column grid system, which provides a

flexible structure for organizing content on a web page. Developers can use predefined classes to create responsive layouts that adjust automatically based on the screen size and device, ensuring a consistent user experience across different devices.

```
Why we use bootstrap.min.css and bootstrap.bundle.min.js?
```

bootstrap.min.css is the CSS file that contains all the styles of Bootstrap.

bootstrap.bundle.min.js is the JS file that contains all the JavaScript plugins of Bootstrap.

But you can still use other files that contain only the features you need.

```
What is the difference between bootstrap.bundle.min.js and bootstrap.min.js?
```

bootstrap.bundle.min.js includes Popper.js which is a library used to position tooltips and popovers.

## What to do if you want to change the default Bootstrap styles?

You can override the default Bootstrap styles by writing your own CSS code and loading it after the Bootstrap CSS file.

Also don't override the Bootstrap class styles directly, instead, create a new class with the styling you want and apply it to the element.

You can apply the styling by overriding the variable values for the Bootstrap component you want.

#### In CSS:

```
.my-custom-class {
/* Your custom styles here */
}
```

#### In HTML:

## Sizing in Bootstrap

Bootstrap provides classes to set the width and height of elements.

• w-25, w-50, w-75, w-100, w-auto to set the width to 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100%, and auto respectively.

• h-25, h-50, h-75, h-100, h-auto to set the height to 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100% and auto respectively.

## **Colors in Bootstrap**

Bootstrap provides classes to set the **background color**.

• bg-primary, bg-secondary, bg-success, bg-danger, bg-warning, bg-info, bg-light, bg-dark, bg-white to set the background color.

And to change the **text color** you can use the following classes.

• text-primary, text-secondary, text-success, text-danger, text-warning, text-info, text-light, text-dark, text-white to set the text color.

You can also change the background color opacity using the --bs-bg-opacity variable.

```
.bg-primary {
    --bs-bg-opacity: 0.5;
}
```

We also have some classes to control the **opacity** of the **background color**.

• bg-opacity-25, bg-opacity-50, bg-opacity-75, bg-opacity-100 to set the opacity to 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100% respectively.

And to control the **opacity of the element** itself, you can use the following classes.

• opacity-0, opacity-25, opacity-50, opacity-75, opacity-100 to set the opacity to 0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100% respectively.

## Alignment

Bootstrap provides classes to align elements.

• text-start, text-center, text-end to align text.

## **Text in Bootstrap**

#### **Font Size**

• fs-1, fs-2, fs-3, fs-4, fs-5, fs-6 to set the font size.

## **Font Style**

• fst-italic to set the font style to italic.

### **Font Weight**

• fw-light, fw-normal, fw-bold to set the font weight.

#### **Text Transform**

• text-lowercase, text-uppercase, text-capitalize to transform text.

## **BOOTSTRAP**

## Line Height

• lh-base, lh-sm, lh-lg to set the line height to base, small, and large respectively.

There are many other effects and classes that you can use in Bootstrap. You can find them in Bootstrap documentation.