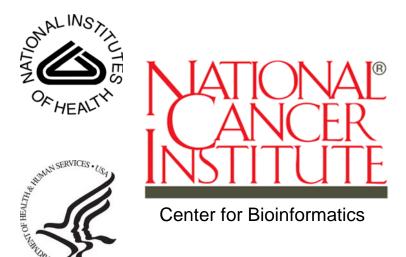
CAARRAY 2.0 DATA PORTAL

Local Installation Guide



Revised February 5, 2008

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Introduction

This caArray 2.0 installation Guide provides you with the instructions to install and configure the caArray 2.0 application in your environment. The caArray installation installs and configures three JBoss application servers, a grid service and creates a database on a preinstalled MySQL server.

NOTE



Published caArray development documentation can be found on the caArray page of the NCICB web site:

http://caarray.nci.nih.gov/

Overview of caArray Installation

The process for installing caArray includes the following tasks described in this document:

- Downloading and installing required software
- Setting environment variables
- Downloading and installing the Universal Provisioning Tool (UPT)
- Downloading caArray 2.0 files
- Configuring JBoss and MySQL
- · Advertising the grid service

Before You Proceed



- Even if you have had previous versions (1.x) of caArray, you must proceed through the pages and steps outlined in this installation guide as if it is a first-time install. It is not possible to "upgrade" an existing installation to caArray 2.0.
- Please contact us directly for 1.x data migration support:
 Web: http://ncicb.nci.nih.gov/NCICB/support/caarraysupport
 E-mail: ncicb@pop.nci.nih.gov

Telephone: 301-451-4384 Toll free: 888-478-4423

• Directions are given in this document for both Linux and Windows operating systems.

caArray 2.0 Software and Technology Requirements

Tested Environment

The caArray 2.0 installation has been tested on Linux Red Hat Enterprise Linux AS 4 64/32-bit (for AMD chipset) and the Windows XP/2003 environments. While the installation may work in other Linux and Windows environments, it has only been tested in these environments.

Required Software—Not Included in caArray

Many of the servers and services that make up caArray 2.0 are automatically installed as part of this installation. However, certain tools that you must manually install and configure are listed in Table 1. The software name, version, description, and URL hyperlinks (for download) are indicated in the table.

You must install the following tools/versions prior to the caArray 2 installation, in the order they are listed. Follow the directions on the corresponding websites for download and installation.

Required Software Name	
Version	Description
URL to Download	
Java 2 Platform Standard Edition 5.0 Update 10 (J2SE 5.0)	The J2SE Development Kit
http://java.sun.com/products/archive/j2se/5.0_10/index.html	(JDK) supports creating J2SE applications.
Apache Ant, 1.7.0	Apache Ant is a Java-
http://ant.apache.org/bindownload.cgi	based build tool.
MySQL, 5.0.27	MySQL is an open-source
http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/mysql/5.0.html#downloads	database software application.

Table 1 Required Software

Java SDK Installation

To install the Java SDK, follow these steps, proceeding for your operating system as described:

Linux

In Linux, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Download the Java SDK from http://java.sun.com/products/archive/j2se/5.0_10/ .
·	Note: Be sure to download the correct Java SDK for your operating environment. For example, for AMD 64, you would download jdk-1_5_0_10-linux-amd64-rpm.bin.
	Login as the root user (or sudo).
2	Note: To install the Java SDK in a system-wide location such as /usr/local, you must login as the root user to gain the necessary permissions. If you do not have root access, install the Java SDK in your home directory or a subdirectory for which you have write permissions.
3	When prompted, enter the <i>root password</i> .
4	Change to the directory where you want to install Java. For example, enter: cd /usr/java
	Change the permission of the file you downloaded to be executable.
5	For example, enter chmod +x jdk-1_5_0_10-linux-amd64-rpm.bin.
	Note: The name of the file will depend upon your target Linux operating system and associated chipset.
6	Unzip the Java SDK bin file. For example, from the command prompt, enter ./jdk-1_5_0_10-linux-amd64-rpm.bin to unzip the file.
_	Execute the rpm installer. For example, enter: rpm -iv jdk-1_5_0_10-1inux- amd64.rpm
7	Note: The name of the file will depend upon your target Linux operating system and associated chipset.
8	Read through the license and enter Yes to proceed with the installation.

Windows

In Windows, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Download the Java SDK from http://java.sun.com/products/archive/j2se/5.0_10/ .
	Note: Be sure to download the correct Java SDK for your operating environment. For example, for Windows, you might download jdk-1_5_0_10-windows-i586-p.exe.
2	Login as a Windows Administrator.
	Run the Java SDK installer for Windows
3	During the installation process, you will be prompted to enter the directory where you wish to install Java. This directory will be used when Setting Environment Variables .

Apache Ant Installation



Apache Ant, version 1.7.0, is the required build tool to install the caArray 2.0 application and services.

To download and extract the Ant build tool, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Download Apache Ant from https://gforge.nci.nih.gov/svnroot/lsd/trunk/tools/apache-ant-1.7.0-bin.zip to a directory where you wish to install the tool. Example: /usr/java
2	Open a command prompt from the location to which you downloaded the apache-ant-1.7.0-bin.zip file and enter <i>unzip -q apache-ant-1.7.0-bin.zip</i> . After extracting the zip, you must set the environment variable, described in the following section, so that Ant is available in the system PATH.

Setting the Environment Variables

NOTE



The purpose of setting operating system environment variables is so that the Java SDK and Ant build tool are available to run from anywhere in the system.

Linux

To set the environmental variables in Linux, follow these steps:

NOTE



The JAVA_HOME, ANT_HOME and PATH environment variables are set in /etc/profile and /root/.bash_profile. You may need to create the variables, or modify them if they already exist.

Step	Action
1	As the root user, enter the following in the /etc/profile file. A PATH variable should already be created in this file, so be sure to define the JAVA_HOME and ANT_HOME export before the PATH export. Replace <installation_directory> with the directory where you have installed the Java SDK and Ant.</installation_directory>
	(The location example in the Apache Ant installation (p. 5) is /usr/java.)
	export JAVA_HOME= <installation_directory>/jdk1.5.0_10</installation_directory>
	export ANT_HOME== <installation_directory>/apache-ant-1.7.0</installation_directory>
	export PATH=\$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$ANT_HOME/bin:\$PATH
2	Add the same data from step 1 to the /root/.bash_profile file.
3	Log out and log back in so that the system recognizes your changes.

Verifying the Environment Variables in Linux

To verify that environment variables have been set correctly, follow these steps:

Step	Action
	From the command line, enter:
1	echo \$JAVA_HOME echo \$ANT_HOME
	Both of these commands should return the location where you installed these tools.
2	To verify your Java SDK installation, enter <code>java -version</code> from a command prompt. You should see <code>java version "1.5.0_10"</code> .
3	To verify your Ant installation, enter: ant -version from a command prompt. You should see: Apache Ant version 1.7.0 compiled on December 13 2006.

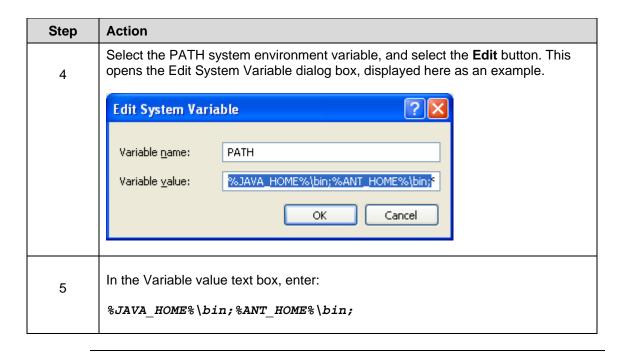
Windows

To set the environmental variables in Linux, follow these steps:



The JAVA_HOME, ANT_HOME and PATH environment variables are set in the Systems Properties.

Step	Action
1	In Windows, select Control Panel , then select the Systems application. In the Systems window, select the Advanced tab.
2	On the Advanced tab, click the Environment Variables button; to add a new system variable, select the New button.
	a. In the Variable <u>n</u> ame text box, enter JAVA_HOME.
	b. In the Variable value text box, enter the location of your Java installation.
2	Click the New button again.
3	a. In the Variable name text box, enter ANT_HOME.
	b. In the Variable value text box, enter the location of your Java installation.



Verifying the Environment Variables in Windows

To verify the environment variables have been set correctly, follow these steps:

Step	Action
	From the command line, enter:
1	echo %JAVA_HOME%
	echo %ANT_HOME%
	Both of these commands should return the location where you installed these tools.
2	To verify your Java SDK installation, enter <code>java -version</code> from a command prompt. You should see <code>java version "1.5.0_10"</code> .
	To verify your Ant installation, enter ant -version from a command prompt.
3	You should see: Apache Ant version 1.7.0 compiled on December 13 2006.

MySQL Installation

NOTES



- As part of the installation process, the default character set is set to latin1 for the caArray MySQL database.
- Use the MySQL 5.0.27 installer for Windows.
- MySQL must be configured, but not until after caArray is installed.
 See Configuring MySQL on page 13.

Installing caArray 2.0 Application and Services

To install the caArray 2.0 application and services, follow the steps in this section::

- Download and <u>install the Universal Provisioning Tool 3.2 (UPT)</u>
- Download caArray 2.0 files from GForge
- Configure JBoss and MySQL servers
- Advertise the Grid Service

Downloading and Installing the UPT files

To download and install the **UPT 3.2** files, follow these steps:

Step	Action
	The installation file for UPT 3.2 is over 30MB.
1	Download this file from GForge:
	https://gforge.nci.nih.gov/svnroot/lsd/trunk/dist/upt-installer.zip.
	Remember the download location as you will be using this file to run the installation in the steps that follow. This location will later be referred to as the <installation_directory>.</installation_directory>
2	From the directory where you downloaded the upt-installer.zip file, open a command prompt extract this file to a temporary location. For example, you may enter a command such as unzip-q upt-installer.zip (you must have a ZIP tool installed). This location will be referred to as the installation_directory > henceforth.
	Note : You must give the proper permissions to the upt-installer.zip file in order to extract it (e.g. chmod in Linux).

Step	Action
3	If you need to modify the default properties, open the <pre><installation_directory>/upt/upt.properties file and modify the values for your environment and save the file.</installation_directory></pre>
	To modify the default properties, open the <pre><installation_directory>/caarray2/caarray2.properties file, modify the values for your environment and save the file. At a minimum, you will need to modify the following values based on your MySQL server environment:</installation_directory></pre>
	database.system.user
	 This value should correspond to a MySQL username that has been given full database privileges. For example, caarrayadmin may be a good name for this user.
	database.system.password
	 This value <u>must</u> correspond to the password for the database.system.user user.
	• database.server
	 This value <u>must</u> correspond to the domain name of machine that hosts the MySQL server.
	database.port
	 This value <u>must</u> correspond to the port for the database.server. 3306 is the default port, but check with your database administrator to be certain.
	Note: You shouldn't need to modify the other defaults values because the unique ports reduce the risk of other applications using the same values. However, be sure to verify that the ports in the upt.properties file are not being used by other applications; otherwise you will experience problems.
4	Navigate to <installation_directory>/upt and type ant. This will run the installation.</installation_directory>
	To verify installation, go to: <a href="http://<jboss.server.hostname">http://<jboss.server.hostname< a="">:<jboss.server.port< a="">/upt.</jboss.server.port<></jboss.server.hostname<>
5	Note: jboss.server.hostname and jboss.server.port are values in the <installation_directory>/upt/upt.properties file.</installation_directory>

Port Usage



Verify that default port values defined in the caarray2.properties and upt.properties files are not in use on your system by running netstat—a from the command line. If the ports are in use prior to installation, you will likely experience problems with your installation. If you open the caArray application from your browser, and see this error message:

java.lang.IllegalStateException:javax.naming.NameNotF oundException: local not bound, it is because you chose a port already in use. To resolve, update the <caarray2/upt>.properties and run the installation again.

Downloading caArray 2.0 files

To download the caArray 2.0 files, follow these steps:

Step	Action
	The installation file for caArray 2.0 is over 300MB.
1	Download this file from GForge:
	https://gforge.nci.nih.gov/svnroot/lsd/trunk/dist/caarray_distribution_2_0_0.zip
	Remember the download location as you will be using this file to run the installation in the steps that follow.
2	These server components are installed and configured as part of the caArray2 installation. You do not need to do anything further to download or install these components.
	JBoss 4.0.4 (hosts the caArray grid service)
	JBoss 4.0.5 (hosts the caArray application)
	JEMS installer 1.0.2 GA – supports EJB 3.0 specification

Installing caArray 2.0

To install caArray 2.0, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	From the directory where you downloaded the caarray_distribution_2_0_0.zip from Downloading caArray 2.0 files, open a command prompt extract this file to a temporary location. For example, you may enter a command such as caarray_distribution_2_0_0.zip (you must have a ZIP tool installed). This location will be referred to as the <installation_directory> henceforth. Once you unzip this file, it creates a directory called caarray which is a directory below the <installation_directory></installation_directory></installation_directory>

Step	Action
2	To modify the default properties, open the <pre><installation_directory>/caarray2/caarray2.properties file, modify the values for your environment and save the file. At a minimum, you will need to modify the following values based on your MySQL server environment:</installation_directory></pre>
	• database.system.user=REPLACE_THIS_VALUE
	 This value should correspond to a MySQL username that has been given full database privileges. For example, caarrayadmin may be a good name for this user.
	database.system.password
	 This value <u>must</u> correspond to the password for the database.system.user user.
	database.server
	 This value <u>must</u> correspond to the domain name of machine that hosts the MySQL server.
	database.port
	 This value <u>must</u> correspond to the port for the database.server. 3306 is the default port, but check with your database administrator to be certain.
	Note: You shouldn't need to modify the other defaults values as we have chosen unique ports to reduce the risk of other applications using the same values. However, be sure to check the <code>caarray2.properties</code> to verify that the ports in this file are not being used by other applications.
3	From the <installation_directory>/caarray2 directory, enter ant from the command prompt. This initiates the installation process. The anticipated duration is anywhere 1-15 minutes depending on your system's speed, power and memory.</installation_directory>
	The installer will create a caArray database on your MySQL server, start and configure two JBoss servers and start up a grid service for the caArray application. To access caArray, open your web browser to <a href="http://<jboss.server.hostname">http://<jboss.server.hostname< a="">:jboss.server.port/caarray.</jboss.server.hostname<>
	Note: jboss.server.hostname and jboss.server.port are values in the <installation_directory>/caarray2/caarray2.properties file.</installation_directory>
4	To verify that the application was installed correctly, enter <code>caarrayadmin</code> as the user and <code>caArray2!</code> as the password.

Configuring JBoss

NOTE



For optimal performance, you must modify your JBoss 4.0.5 configuration to increase the amount of available memory for the caArray application. Directions for doing this are in the following step 1.

To configure JBoss, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Add the following entry to the JBoss run.conf file. For example, the run.conf will be located at <installation_directory>/caarray-app/jboss-4.0.5.GA/bin/run.conf.</installation_directory>
	JAVA_OPTS="-Xms512m -Xmx2048m -XX:ThreadStackSize=128 - XX:SurvivorRatio=10 -XX:PermSize=128m -XX:MaxPermSize=128m - Dsun.rmi.dgc.client.gcInterval=3600000 - Dsun.rmi.dgc.server.gcInterval=3600000"
2	Restart your JBoss 4.0.5 server for the changes to take effect.

Shutting down JBoss server(s)

NOTE



When installing JBoss as a service, you must stop the existing JBoss server(s) that were installed as part of the installation process. To stop an existing server, enter the following from the

<installation_directory>/caarray-app/jboss-

4.0.5.GA/bin directory:

./shutdown.sh -s localhost:<

jboss.server.jndi.port>/< grid.server.jndi.port> -S

For example: ./shutdown.sh -s localhost:11099 -S

Configuring MySQL

Linux

After MySQL has been installed (see page 8), in Linux it must be configured using the following steps:

,	T. / / N M. 00/
1 1	owercase Table Names in MySQL
· ·	dit the /etc/init.d/mysqld file as follows:
а	. Locate the start() section and modify the mysqld_safe command:
	/usr/bin/mysqld_safelower_case_table_names=1
b	. Restart the MySQL service for the changes to take effect:
	Restart /etc/init.d/mysqld
2	ncrease the Java Memory Allocation
С	Open the /etc/my.cnf and add the following:
	mysqldump] max allowed packet=64M
	mysqld] nax allowed packet=64M
	mysql]
m	ax_allowed_packet=64M
3	Ipdate the Help Desk Contact Information (SQL)
T cl	The Help Desk information provided by default in the caArray database must be hanged for your environment. To do this, connect to your MySQL server and the aArray database and run the following script (replacing email_address with a eturn email address that is accessible at your location).
	pdate config_parameter set raw_value = '[email_address]' here param = 'REG_EMAIL_TO';
	pdate config_parameter set raw_value = '[email_address]' here param = 'EMAIL_FROM';

Windows

After MySQL has been installed (see page 8), in Windows it must be configured using the following steps:

Step	Action
	USE LOWERCASE TABLE NAMES IN MYSQL
1	a. Locate the start() section and modify the mysqld_safe command:
	/usr/bin/mysqld_safelower_case_table_names=1
	b. Restart the MySQL Windows service for the changes to take effect. Use Administrator Tools Services.
	INCREASE THE JAVA MEMORY ALLOCATION
2	 a. Open the [MySQL installation directory] /my.ini file and add the following: [mysqldump] max_allowed_packet=64M [mysqld] max_allowed_packet=64M [mysql] max_allowed_packet=64M b. Restart the MySQL Windows service for the changes to take effect. Use
	Administrator Tools Services
3	UPDATE THE HELP DESK CONTACT INFORMATION (SQL) The Help Desk information provided by default in the caArray database must be changed for your environment. To do this, connect to your MySQL server and the caArray database and run the following script (replacing email_address with a return email address that is accessible at your location).
	<pre>update config_parameter set raw_value = '[email_address]' where param = 'REG_EMAIL_TO';</pre>
	<pre>update config_parameter set raw_value = '[email_address]' where param = 'EMAIL_FROM';</pre>

Configuring JBoss and MySQL to Run as Services $\,$

NOTE



Both MySQL and the three JBoss servers that make up caArray must run continually as services. The instructions in this section cover all of these scenarios. For caArray 2.0, there are a total of four servers:

- JBoss for UPT
- JBoss 4.0.4

• JBoss 4.0.5
• MySQL 5.0.27

Running JBoss as a service



The default caArray installation runs JBoss as a command line process using the user currently logged on. Therefore, when you log out as this user, JBoss will no longer be available for caArray. For that reason, it is recommended that you configure your JBoss servers to run as a Linux or Windows service. The instructions are contained in this section.

To run JBoss as a service, follow these steps:

Step	Action
	Linux
1	See http://wiki.jboss.org/wiki/Wiki.jsp?page=StartJBossOnBootWithLinux.
	Windows
2	To run an existing JBoss command line installation as a service, open a command prompt and enter:
	<pre>sc create caarray2-jboss binpath= "<installation_directory>/jboss-4.0.5/bin/run.bat"service displayname= "Caarray2JBossServer" depend=Tcpip start=auto</installation_directory></pre>
	Note: You need to modify <code>installation_directory</code> to the location of your installation.

Running MySQL as a service



It is assumed that your MySQL server was installed as a service. If it was not, follow these recommendations for installing this server as a service.

To run MySQL as a service, follow these steps:

Step	Action
	Linux
1	
	See http://www.redhat.com/docs/manuals/enterprise/RHEL-AS-2.1-
	Manual/cluster-manager/s1-service-mysql.html.
	Windows
2	
	When installing MySQL server on Windows, choose the option to run MySQL as a Windows service.

Post-Installation: Advertising the Grid Service

To advertise the caArray grid service, you must update the serviceMetadata.xml and CaArraySvc registration.xml files, and then restart the JBoss 4.0.4 server instance.

Step	Action
1	Edit \${caarray2.home}/jboss-4.0.4.GA/etc/serviceMetadata.xml. The sections to update are service description, point of contact and service context description.
2	Edit the \${caarray2.home}/jboss-4.0.4.GA/server/default/deploy/wsrf.war/WEB-INF/etc/cagrid_CaArraySvc/CaArraySvc_registration.xml file.
3	After making these changes, restart the JBoss server (which hosts the grid service).

Contacting Application Support

NCICB http://ncicb.nci.nih.gov/NCICB/support

Application Telephone: 301-451-4384 **Support** Toll free: 888-478-4423