Unix Workshop 2012

6 Aug 2012

What is Unix

- Multitasking, multiuser operating system
- Often the OS of choice for large servers, large clusters

Unix Around You

You're probably familiar with these:

- Linux
- Solaris
- Mac OS X (roots from FreeBSD and NetBSD)

Many websites run on Unix

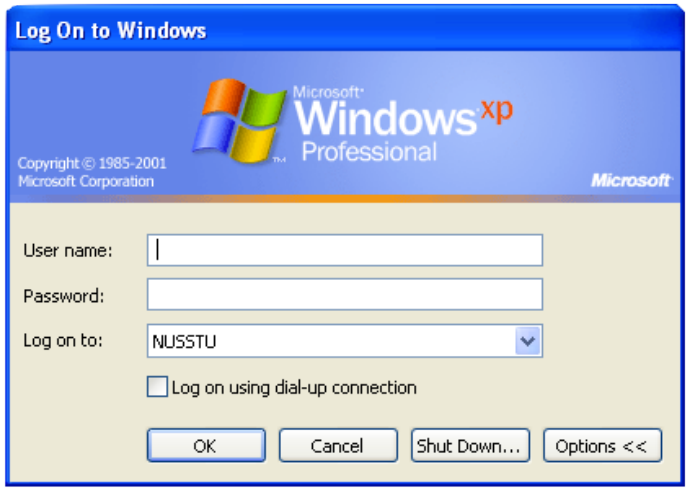
What is SunFire?

In 2001: Full-sized rack

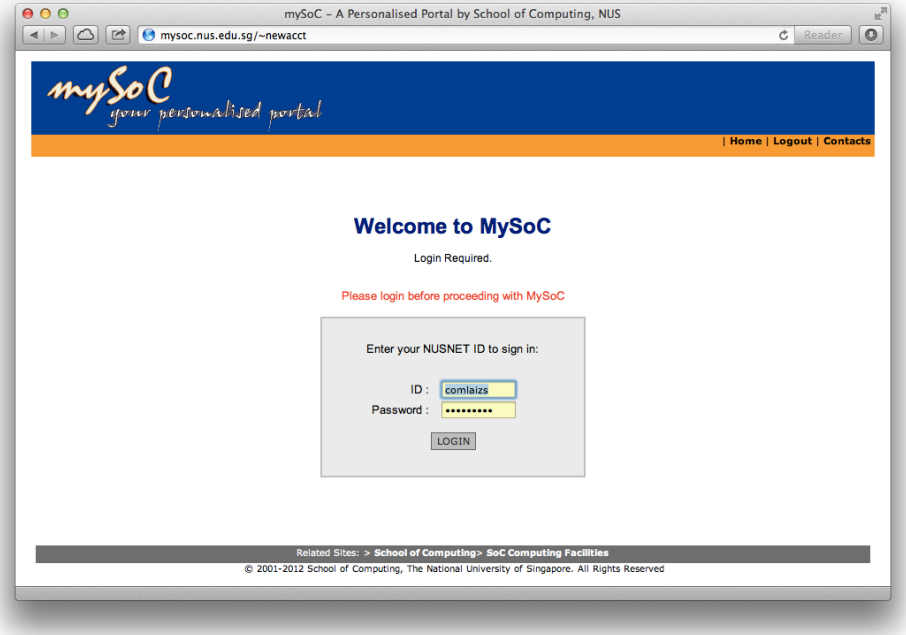
Today: A solaris zone in a blade of a chassis quarter-size of a rack!

Activity: Login to NUSNET

1. Press Ctrl-Alt-Delete
2. Type in your NUSNET user name, password, and select the NUSSTU domain
3. Click the OK button



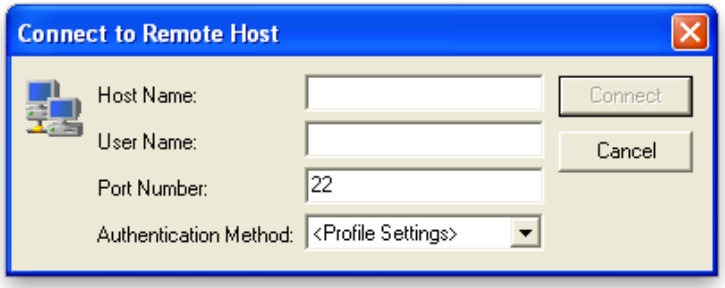
Activity: Creating your SoC Account



- https://mysoc.nus.edu.sg/~newacct
- Login using your NUSNET user name and password

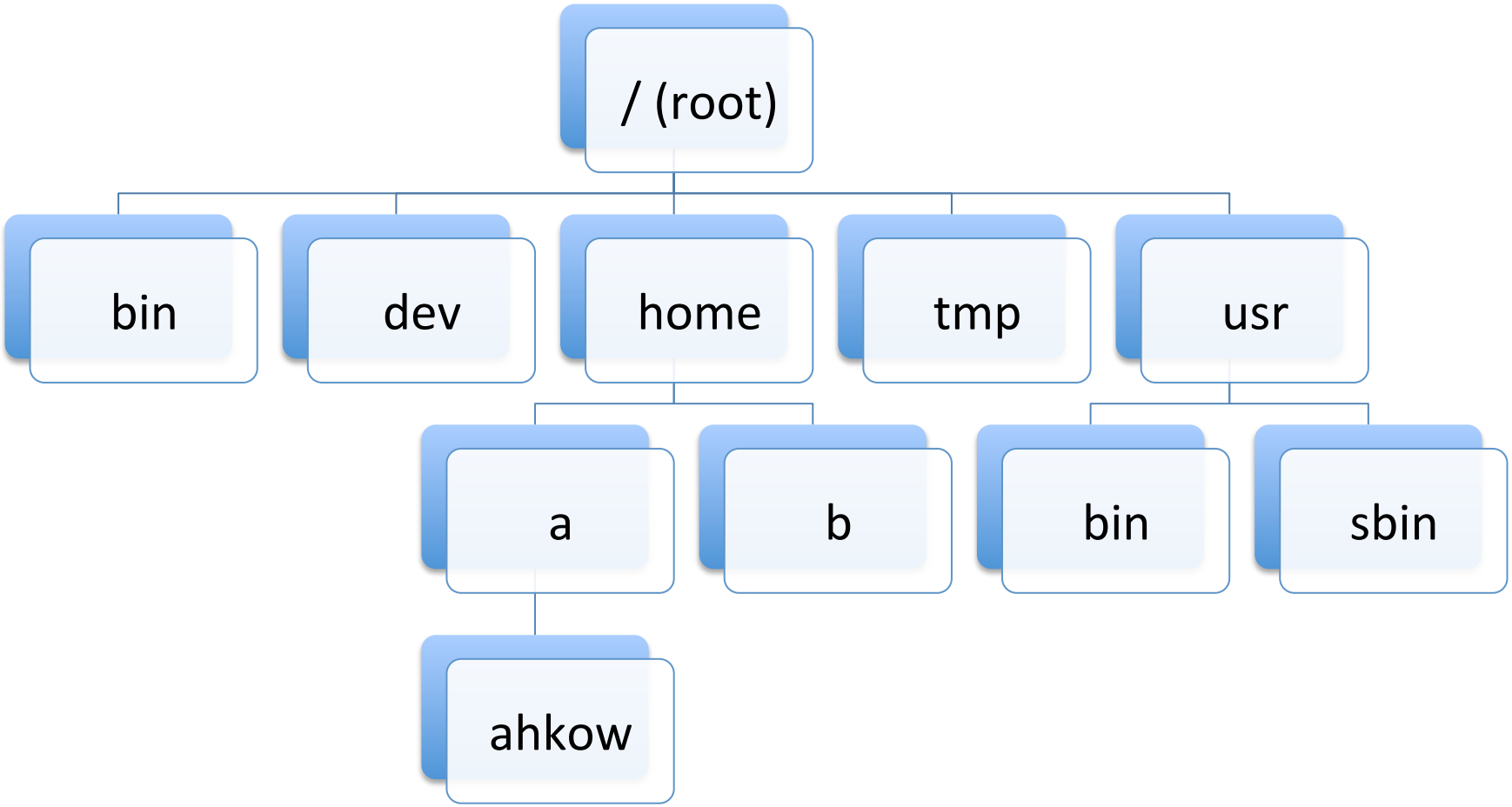
On Activity: Connecting to SunFire

1. From the desktop, launch the SSH Secure Shell Client application
2. Click on Quick Connect
   Host Name: sunfire.comp.nus.edu.sg
   User Name: Your SoC user name
3. Click on Connect
4. Click on “Yes” at the Host identification dialog
5. Enter your SoC password in the password dialog



Command Line Interface

Unix Directory Tree



Parts of a Command

$ program argument1 argument2 …

Activity: Working with Files and Directories

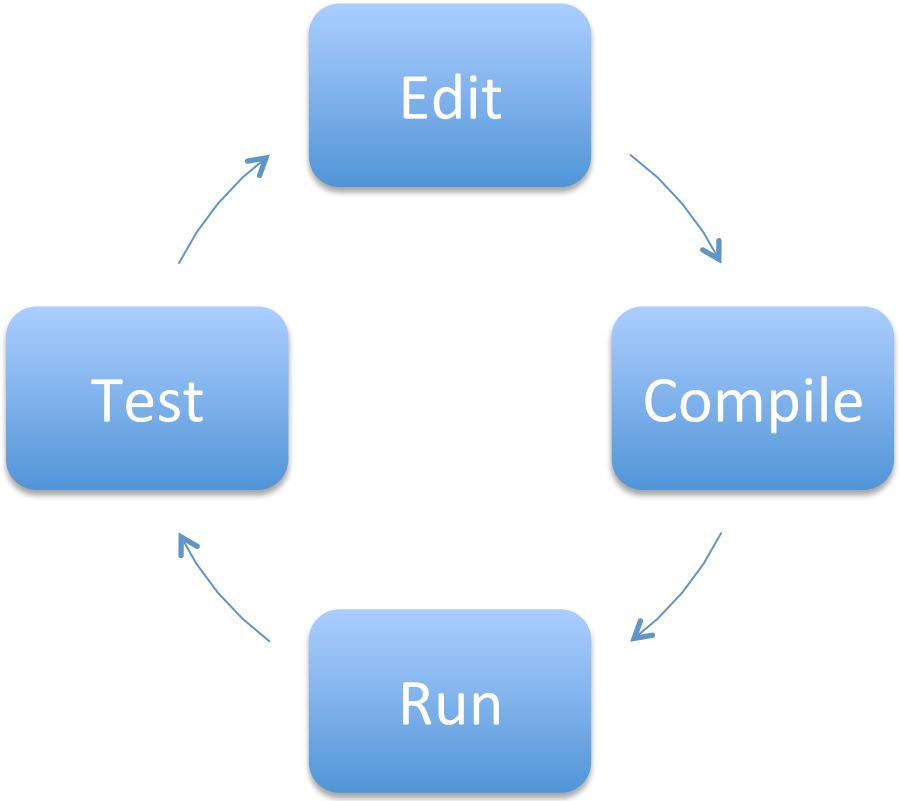
1. After login, you are in your home directory, e.g. /home/l/laizs
2. Check your current working directory:
   $ pwd
3. Show files in your current directory:
   $ ls
   $ ls -l
4. Create a new directory:
   $ mkdir UNIXWorkshopFiles
5. Switch to the new directory:
   $ cd UNIXWorkshopFiles
6. Check your current working directory again: pwd

Some Unix Commands

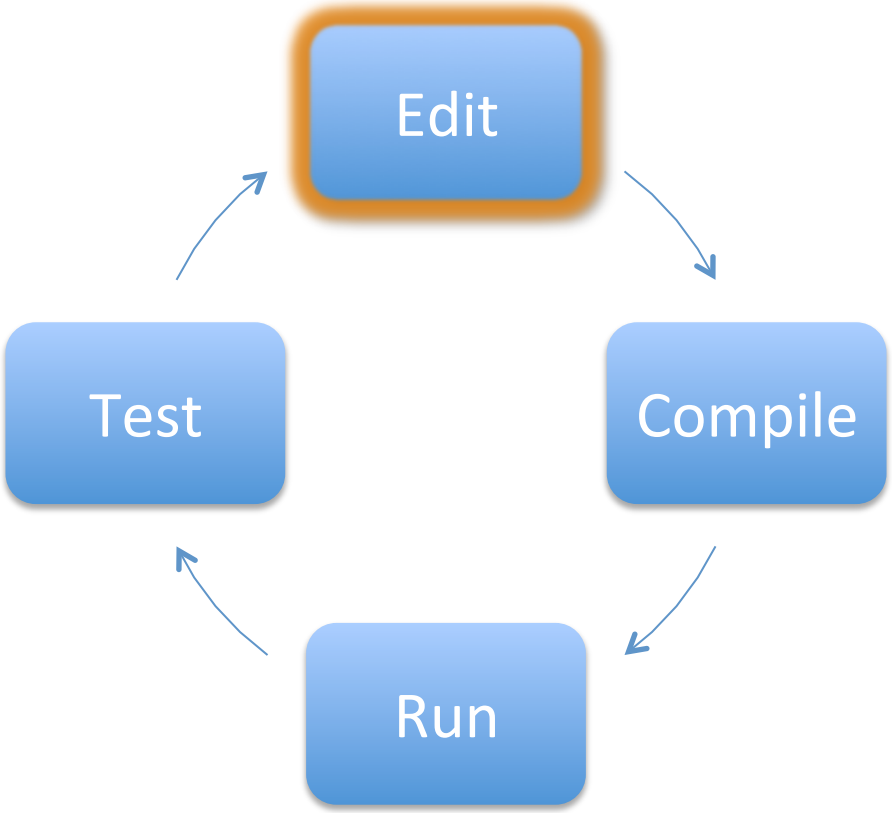
cd	pwd	ls
mv	rm	mkdir
rmdir	cat	less
grep	head	tail
date	wget	lpr
lpq	lprm	chmod
lynx	pine	**man**

http://freeengineer.org/learnUNIXin10minutes.html

Programming Workflow



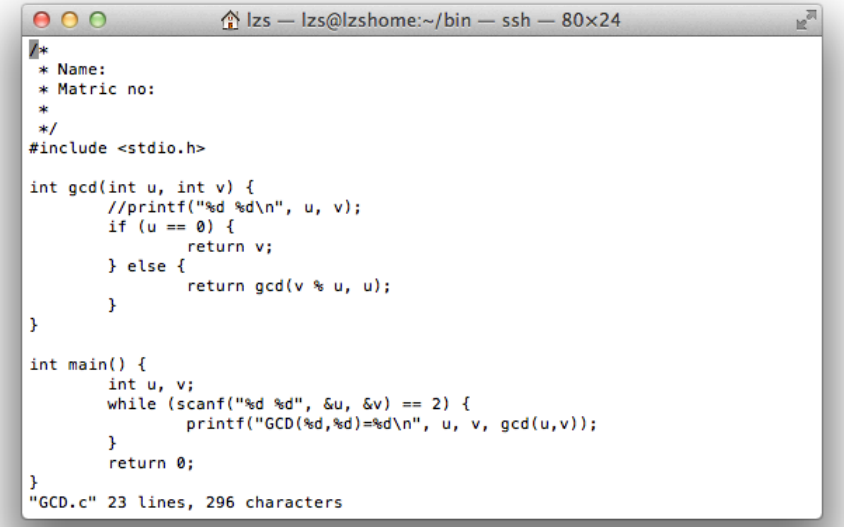
Edit

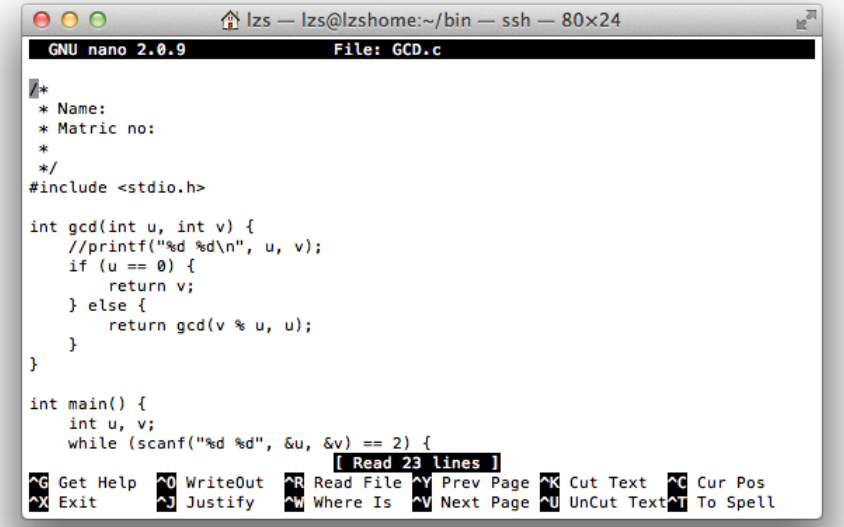


Text Files

Program source code is stored in text files.

A good text editor will dramatically improve your productivity.

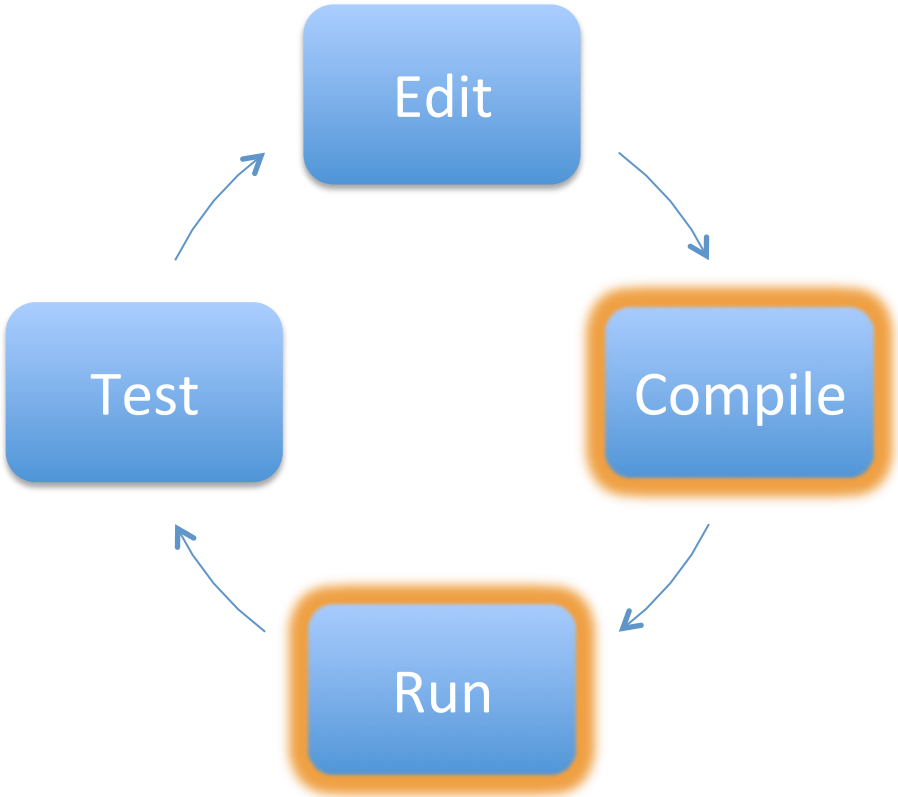




Activity: Text Editing with Nano

1. Download the sample GCD.c program from the UWS website using wget
   $ wget http://absolut.comp.nus.edu.sg/uw12/GCD.c
2. Edit the file using the editor nano
   $ nano GCD.c
3. Type in your name and matric number as indicated in the file.
4. Save the file and exit nano by pressing Ctrl-X
5. Check the contents of the file using the cat command:
   $ cat GCD.c

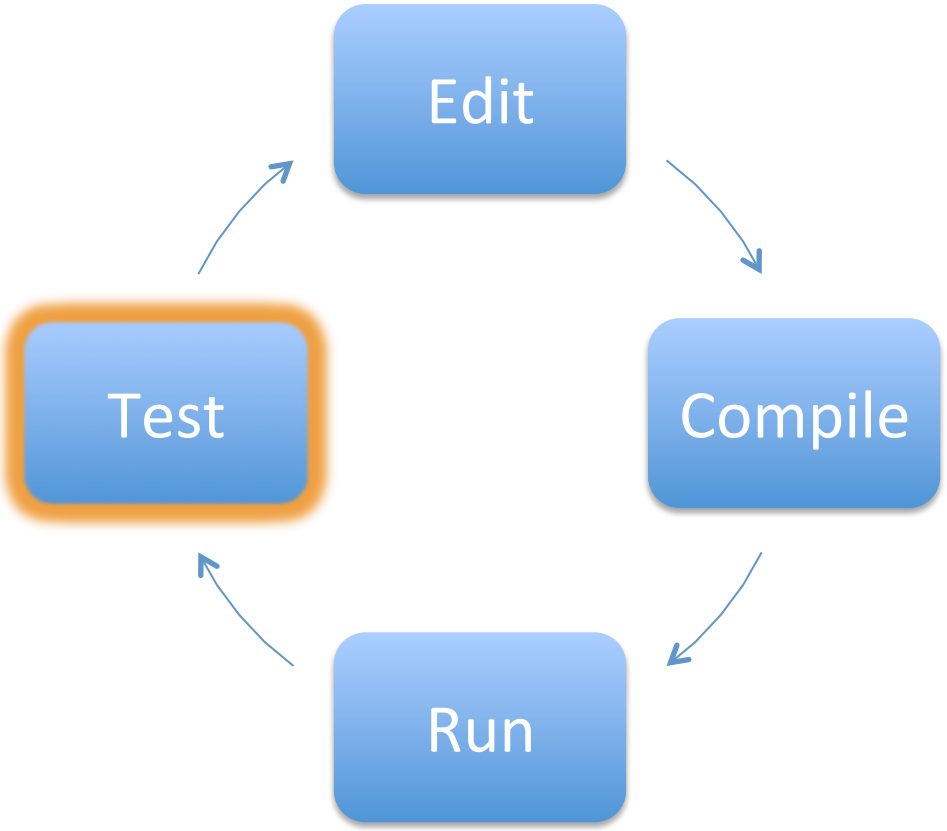
Compile and Run



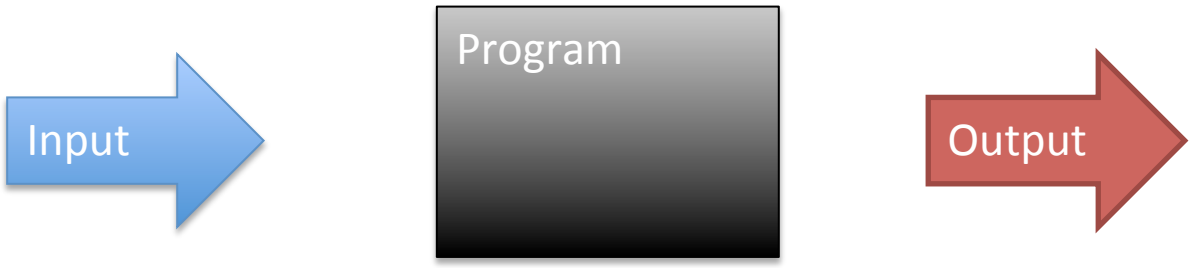
Activity: Compiling and Running

1. C programs are compiled using the gcc compiler
   $ gcc GCD.c
2. To run a program, you must add ./ in front of its name; the default name used by gcc is a.out
3. Run the GCD program
   $ ./a.out
4. Type in a pair of integers followed by the Enter key, for example:
   58 24
5. Repeat step 4 as many times as you like
6. To force the program to end, press Ctrl-C

Test



Testing – Blackbox Testing



Testing in Unix

$ program < input > output

Activity: Creating the Input

1. Instead of typing the input by hand as in the previous activity, we create an input file using nano
   $ nano input
2. Type in pairs of integers, one pair per line, e.g.:
   3 10
   15 25
   200 420
3. Save and exit nano

Activity: Creating the Correct Output

1. Create a file for the correct output
   $ nano answer
2. Type in the correct GCD for each pair of integers in the input
   GCD(3,10)=1
   GCD(15,25)=5
   GCD(200,420)=20
3. Save and exit nano.
4. Run the GCD program on the test case.
   ./a.out < input > output

Activity: Find the Bugs

- Open output in nano and verify if it matches the correct answer.
  $ nano output
- If they differ, you've found the bug!
  Else try again with different input/answer files
- Hint: manually checking whether two files are identical is boring, try using the diff command:
  $ diff answer output

SMS Word Count

For example, given the following text file:

U wan 2 haf lunch i'm in da canteen now.

Haf u found him? I feel so stupid da v cam was working.

Where r we meeting?

I went to ur hon lab but no one is there

The desired output is:

.

.

.

1 we

1 went

1 Where

1 working.

2 da

2 I

Activity: sort and uniq

- Two Unix commands useful to this task:

sort

Input:
dog
bat
log
cat

Output:
bat
cat
dog
log

uniq

Input:
dog
dog
cat
cat
dog
cat
cat

Output:
dog
cat
dog
cat

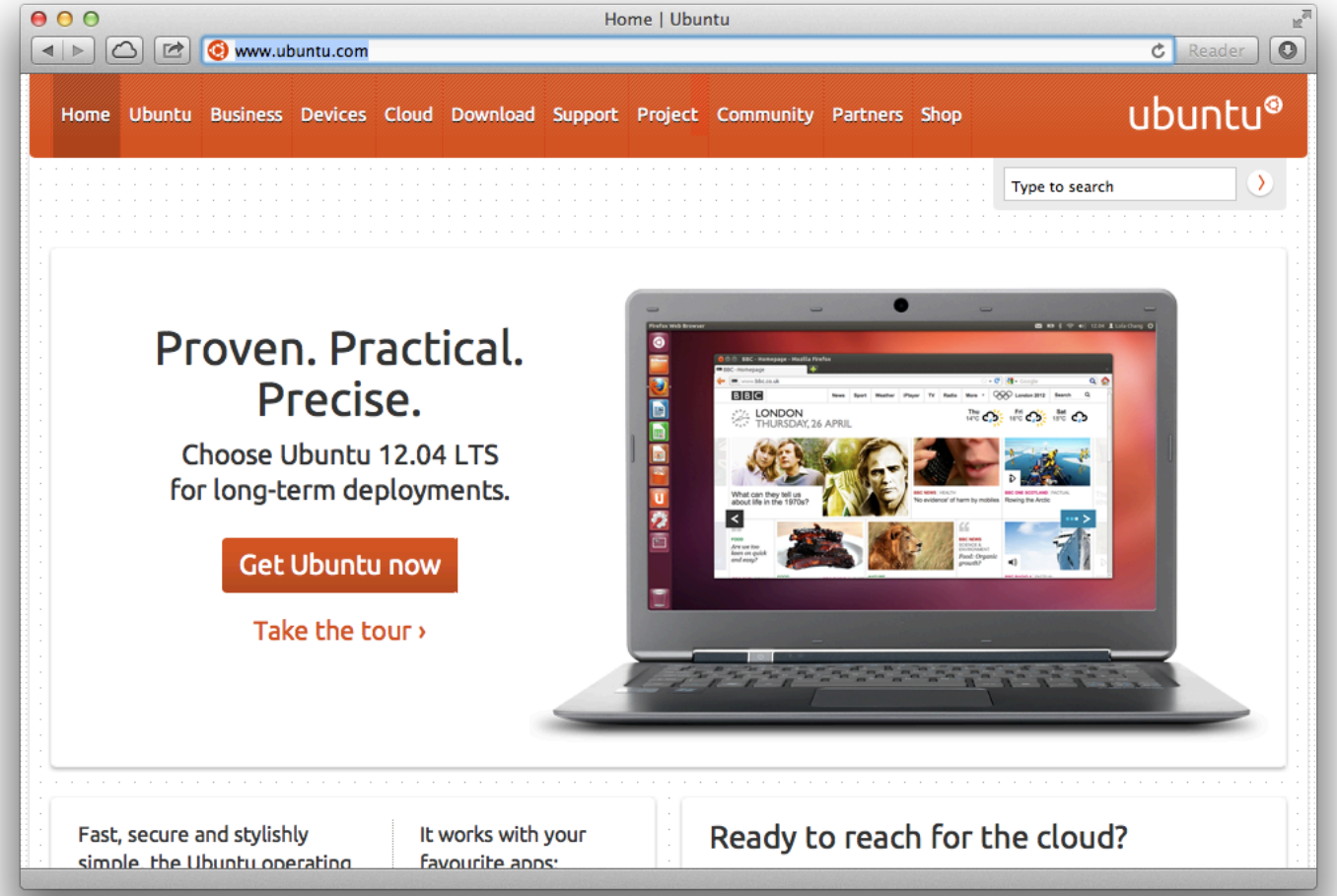
SMS Word Count

1. Download the file containing sms messages using wget:
   $ wget http://absolut.comp.nus.edu.sg/uw12/SMSwords.txt
2. Sort the file:
   $ sort SMSwords.txt
3. Sort and remove duplicates:
   $ sort SMSwords.txt | uniq
4. We need to use a particular option of uniq which counts the number of duplicates; learn about it from uniq's manual page:
   $ man uniq
5. Sort and count words:
   $ sort SMSwords.txt | uniq -???
6. Sort by the frequency, so that more frequent words appear later:
   $ sort SMSwords.txt | uniq -??? | sort –???

Activity: Logging Out

$ logout

Learning Unix on Your Own



www.ubuntu.com

Useful Websites

- Secure SSH https://docs.comp.nus.edu.sg/sites/default/files/SSHSecureShellClient-3.2.9.exe
- Putty, SSH client: http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/
- KiTTY, another SSH client for Windows: http://www.9bis.net/kitty/
- Cygwin, UNIX-like environment for Windows: http://www.cygwin.com/
- Description of computing facilities in SoC: https://docs.comp.nus.edu.sg/cf
- MySoC, intranet portal: https://mysoc.nus.edu.sg

Q&A

Slides at http://absolut.comp.nus.edu.sg/uw12/uw12.pdf