

Is a parameter type with 'T&&' in it and 'T' deduced always a universal reference?

Asked 1 year, 4 months ago   Modified 1 year, 4 months ago   Viewed 93 times

With reference to

```
template<typename T>
void fun(ParamType param); // ParamType is some form of T, e.g. T, T&, T const, ...
fun(expr); // expr is an expression
```

I know that `T&&` "somewhere" in `ParamType` is not enough for `ParamType` to be a universal reference, for instance `ParamType = std::vector<T&&>` is an rvalue reference. `T&&` needs to be just beside the template parameter `T` for it (`T&&`) to possibly be a universal reference.

But I also know that `T&&` "somewhere" in `ParamType` is still not enough, for instance `ParamType = std::remove_reference_t<T&&>` is not a universal reference.

Therefore, I was almost asking *are there/what are the requirements on the "form" of `ParamType` for it to be a forwarding reference?*

However, [by doing a bit of research](#), I kind of feel I need to ask a more "binary" question:

Assuming for simplicity that `T` is the only template parameter and, consequently, that `ParamType` is only function (in the math sense) of `T`, is it correct to say that if both of these are true

- `T` appears in `ParamType` the form of `T&&`
- `fun` deduces `T` and `ParamType` (i.e. the `T` doesn't need to be passed via `fun(T)`)


then `ParamType` is a universal reference?

In other words, is `ParamType` always a universal reference if it has a `T&&` in it with `T` deduced?

c++ c++11 template-meta-programming rvalue-reference forwarding-reference

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asked Nov 22, 2020 at 16:34

 Enrico

17.2k • 5 • 36 • 74

2 Answers

Sorted by: Highest score (default)

what are the requirements on the "form" of ParamType for it to be a forwarding reference?

3

From the standard (latest draft):

[temp.deduct.call] A forwarding reference is an rvalue reference to a cv-unqualified template parameter that does not represent a template parameter of a class template

Is a parameter type with `T&&` in it and `T` deduced always a universal reference?


It doesn't matter what is "in" the type, but what the type **is**. If it is a cv-unqualified rvalue reference to a template parameter of a function, then it is a forwarding reference.

For example, `foo(T&&)` has `T&&` "in it", but it is not a forwarding reference. Nor can `ParamType` be a forwarding reference since it isn't a template argument of the function.






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edited Nov 22, 2020 at 17:36

answered Nov 22, 2020 at 16:38

 eeronika

user 218k • 11 • 172 • 290

-  Mmm, this helps a lot, but I'm starting to think that there's no way to have a universal reference if `ParamType` is not just `T&&`. Is this correct? – Enrico Nov 22, 2020 at 17:25 ✓
-  @Enrico That's the only way to have a forwarding reference. – eeronika Nov 22, 2020 at 17:27
-  That's the only way to have a forwarding reference. Does it mean that's the only way it *can* be a forwarding reference or that's the only way it *can be and is* a forwarding reference? Based on the excerpt you quoted from the standard, it looks like it's the latter case. – Enrico Nov 22, 2020 at 17:36 ✓
-  @Enrico It stops being a forwarding reference if `T` (the thing to the left of `T&&`) is not being deduced when the call is made, e.g. because you've manually specified the template argument. – HolyBlackCat Nov 22, 2020 at 17:40
-  @Enrico Depending on reasons why you want argument to not be a forwarding ref, solutions to the problem may be an lvalue reference overload which would be preferred over the universal reference overload, or `std::enable_if`-based SFINAE that prevents the function from being valid for lvalues. – eeronika Nov 22, 2020 at 18:23

No, it isn't.

I did not think of the obvious case!

```
template<typename T>
void fun(const T&&) {}
```


Here `T&&` is part of `ParamType` (which is `const T&&`), `T` is deduced, but `ParamType` is an rvalue reference.

(Probably I did not think of this because I picked the habit of putting `const` after the type, as in `T const&&`.)



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edited Nov 22, 2020 at 16:40

answered Nov 22, 2020 at 16:37

 Enrico

17.2k • 5 • 36 • 74

-  note that "universal reference" is a term coined by Scott Meyers and it was later given the official name forwarding references. Scott did a great job at realizing that they need a name at all. His article might help: <https://ericniebler.com/2012/11/14-463035818-is-not-a-number> Nov 22, 2020 at 16:55
-  Yeah, I'm reading that book for the second or third time and writing some summaries for myself, that's why I asked this question, which I tagged as *forwarding-reference* for the reason you mention. Your comment can be certainly be useful for the reader. – Enrico Nov 22, 2020 at 17:23