Dictionary Methods & Looping

Dictionary:

- Dictionary stores **key-value pairs**.
- Keys must be unique & immutable.
- Values can be of **any type**.

Common Dictionary Methods:

- Accessing Keys & Values
- Adding & Updating Values
- Removing Items
- Update Dictionary

Looping Through Dictionary:

1. Loop through keys

```
for key in student:
print(key) # prints all keys
```

2. Loop through values

```
for value in student.values():
    print(value) # prints all values
```

3. Loop through items

```
for key, value in student.items(): print(key, ":", value)
```

Importance of Dictionary Methods & Looping:

- Makes dictionaries **dynamic** (easy to add/update/remove data).
- Looping helps in **data processing**, e.g. reading JSON data, API responses, or structured data.
- Used in real-world applications: login systems, databases, web apps.