Python 2.5 Reference Card

(c) 2009 Michael Goerz <goerz@physik.fu=berlin.de> http://www.physik.fu-berlin.de/~goerz/

This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Share Alike 3.0 License. 1en (d) To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/

1 Variable Types

1.1 Numbers

```
42 052 0x2A 42T, 052T, 0x2AT,
0.2 .8 4. 1.e10 1.0e-7
z = 5.0 - 2.0J:
z = complex(real. imag)
z.real; z.imag
True: False
abs(n)
divmod(x, y)
hex(n)
oct(n)
ord(c)
round(x,n)
cmp(x,y)
coerce(x, v)
pow(x,v,z)
float("3.14")
int("42", base)
import math; import cmath
import random;
```

42 (dec. oct. hex. short/long) floating point value complex number complex number real and imag part of z constants for boolean values absolute value of n (x/v, x%v)create hex string create octal string unicode code point of char round x to n decimal places x < y: -1, x = = y: 0, x > y: 1 (x, y), make same type (x**y) % z float from string int from string more math functions random number generators

1.2 Sequences (lists are mutable, tuples and strings are immutable)

```
s=1=[\hat{1}, "bla", [1+2J, 1.4], 4]
s=t=(1, "bla", [1+2J, 1.4], 4)
l=list(t); t=tuple(l)
l=range(1000)
s=xrange(1000)
i=iter(s); i.next()
s[2][0]
s[-2][-1]
s1+s1
n*s1
s[i:i]; s[i:]; s[:i]
s[i:j:k]
s[::2]; s[::-1]
x in s; x not in s
len(s)
min(s); max(s)
l[i:j]=['a','b','c','d']
l[i:i]=['a','b']
1.count(x)
l.index(x)
l.append(x)
x=1.pop()
l.extend(12)
l.insert(i,x)
l.remove(x)
l.reverse()
l.sort(f)
zip(s,t,...)
```

list creation tuple creation list/tuple conversion list of integers (0-999) immut. xrange-sequence iterator from sequence get list element (1+2J) get list element (1.4) sequence concat repeat s1 n times slicing (i incl., i excl.) slice with stride k every 2nd Element / reverse s is x a member of s? number of elements min/max replace slice insert before position i number of occurances of x first index of x, or error append x at end of 1 pop off last element append 12 at end of 1 instert x at pos. i delete first x reverse 1 [(s[0],t[0],...),..] 1.3 Dictionaries (Mappings)

```
d=\{'x':42, 'v':3.14, 'z':7\}
d['x']
del(d['x'])
d.copy()
d.has kev(k)
d.items()
d.keys()
d.values()
i=d.iteritems(); i.next()
i=d.iterkevs(); i.next()
i=d.itervalues(); i.next()
d.get(k,x)
d.clear()
d.setdefault(k,x)
d.popitem()
1.4 Sets
```

```
s=set(s): fs=frozenset(s)
fs.issubset(t); s<=t
fs.issuperset(t); s>=t
fs.union(t); s|t
fs.intersection(t): s&t
fs.difference(t); s-t
fs.symmetric difference(t);s^t
fs.copv()
s.update(t); s|=t
s.intersection update(t); s&=t keep only what is also in t
s.difference update(t); s-=t
s.symmetric differ...(t); s^=t
s.add(x)
s.remove(x); fs.discard(x);
s.pop();
s.clear();
```

1.5 Strings and Regular Expressions

```
"bla"; 'hello "world"!
"""bla""", '''bla'''
         \ 0
\ \\
\N{id} \uhhhh \Uhhhhhhhh
\xhh \ooo
u"Ünic\u00F8de"; u"\xF8"
r"C:\new\text.dat"; ur"\\Ü"
str(3.14); str(42)
"%s-%s-%s" % (42,3.14,[1,2,3])
'\t'.join(seq)
s.decode('utf-8')
u.encode('utf-8')
chr(i), unichr(i)
str(x)
```

Other String Methods:

```
search and replace: find(s,b,e), rfind(s,b,e),
                          index(s,b,e), rindex(s,b,e), count(s,b,e),
                          endswith(s,b,e), startswith(s,b,e), replace(o,n,m)
                      formatting: capitalize, lower, upper, swapcase, title
sort using f (default f =cmp) splitting: partition(s), rpartition(s), split(s,m),
                          rsplit(s,m), splitlines(ke)
```

dict creation get entry for 'x' number of kevs delete entry from dict create shallow copy does key exist? list of all items list of all keys list of all values iterator over items iterator over keys iterator over values get entry for k, or return x remove all items return d[k] or set d[k]=x return and delete an item

create set

alls int? all t in s? all elements from s and t. elements both in s and ± all s not in t all either s or t shallow copy of s add elements of t remove elements of t. keep only symm, difference add x to fs remove x (/ with exception) return and remove any elem. remove all elements

string (of bytes) triple quotes for multiline cont., backslash, null char unicode char hex, octal byte unicode string (of characters) raw string (unicode) string conversion string formatting join sequences with separator latin-1 string to unicode string unicode string to utf-8 string char from code point string from number/object

```
def f(): f.variable = 1 ...
return expression
vield expression
f(1,1), f(2), f(y=3, x=4)
global v
def make adder 2(a):
    def add(b): return a+b
```

return add lambda x: x+a compile (string, filename, kind) eval(expr, globals, locals)

padding: center(w,c), liust(w,c), lstrip(cs), rjust(w,c), rstrip(cs), strip(cs), zfill(w), expandtabs(ts) checking: isalnum, isalpha, isdigit, islower, isspace, istitle, isupper String Constants: import string digits, hexdigits, letters, lowercase, octdigits, printable, punctuation, uppercase, whitespace Regexes: import re r=re.compile(r'rx',re.ILMSUX) comile 'rx' as regex named group

```
(?P<id>...)
m=r.match(s,b,e)
re.match(r'(?iLmsux)rx',s)
m=r.search(s,b,e)
l=r.split(s,ms)
l=r.findall(string)
s=r.sub(s,r,c)
(s,n)=r.subn(s,r,c)
s=re.escape(s)
m.start(g);m.span(g);m.end(g)
m.expand(s)
m.group(g); m.group("name")
m.groups()
m.groupdict()
```

full match direct regex usage partial match split and return list list of all matched groups replace c counts of s with r n is number of replacements escape all non-alphanumerics group-match delimiters replace \1 etc. with matches matched group no. g list of groups dict of named groups

2 Basic Syntax

```
if expr: statements
                                  conditional
elif expr: statements
else: statements
if a is b : ...
                                  object identity
if a == 1
                                  value identity
while expr: statements
                                  while loop
else: statements
                                  run else on normal exit
while True: ... if cond: break
                                 do... while equivalent
for target in iter: statements
                                  for loop
else: statements
for key, value in d.items():...
break, continue
print "hello world",
[ expr for x in seq lc ]
  lc = for x in seq / if expr
def f(params): statements
def f(x, y=0): return x+y
def f(*a1, **a2): statements
```

multiple identifiers end loop / jump to next print without newline list comprehension with lc-clauses empty statement function definition optional parameter additional list of unnamed. dict of named paramters function attribute return from function make function a generator function calls

bind to global variable

closure

lambda expression compile string into code object evaluate expression

exec code in gldict, lcdict execfile (file, globals, locals) raw input(prompt) input (prompt.)

compile and execute code execute file input from stdin input and evaluate

3 Object Orientation and Modules

```
import module as alias
from module import name1.name2
from future import *
reload module
module. all
module. name
module. dict
import ("name", glb, loc, fl)
class name (superclass,...):
   data = value
   def method(self,...): ...
   def init (self, x):
       Super. init (self)
       self.member = x
   def del (self): ...
__str__, __len__, __cmp ,
iter (self): return self
__call
dict
getattr (self, name),
 setattr (self, name, value)
callable (object)
delattr(object, "name")
del (object)
dir(object)
getattr(object, "name", def)
hasattr(object, "name")
hash (object)
id(object)
isinstance(object.
classOrType)
issubclass(class1, class2)
iter(object, sentinel)
locals()
repr(object), str(object)
vars(object)
None
if name == " main ":
```

import module load attr. into own namespace activate all new features reinitialize module exported attributes module name / " main " module namespace import module by name class definition shared class data methods constructor call superclass constructor per-instance data destructor some operator overloaders use next method for iterator call interceptor instance-attribute dictionary get an unknown attribute set any attribute 1 if callable, 0 otherwise delete name-attr. from object unreference object/var list of attr. assoc. with object get name-attr. from object check if object has attr. return hash for object unique integer (mem address)

class2 subclass of class1? return iterator for object dict of local vars of caller return string-representation return dict the NULL object make modul executable

check for type

4 Exception Handling

```
try: ...
except ExceptionName:
except (Ex1, ...), data:
   print data
    raise
else: ...
finally: ...
assert expression
class MyExcept(Exception): ...
raise MyExcept(data)
```

Try-block catch exception multiple, with data exception handling pass up (re-raise) exception if no exception occurred in any case debug assertion define user exception raise user exception

5 System Interaction

```
svs.path
svs.platform
svs.stdout, stdin, stderr
svs.argv[1:]
os.system(cmd)
os.startfile(f)
os.popen(cmd, r|w, bufsize)
os.popen2(cmd, bufsize, b|t)
os.popen3(cmd, bufsize, b|t)
os.environ['VAR']; os.putenv[]
alob.alob('*.txt')
```

module search path operating system standard input/output/error command line parameters system call open file with assoc, program open pipe (file object) (stdin, stdout) fileobjects (stdin.stdout,stderr) read/write environment vars wildcard search

Filesystem Operations

os module: access, chdir, chmod, chroot, getcwd, getenv listdir, mkdir, remove, unlink, removedirs, rename, rmdir, pipe, ...

shutil module: copy, copy2, copyfile, copyfileobj, copymode, copystat, copytree, rmtree

os.path module: abspath, altsep, basename, commonprefix, curdir, defpath, dirname, exists, expanduser, expandvar, extsep, get[acm]time, getsize, isabs, isdir, isfile, islink, ismout, join, lexists, normcase, normpath, pardir, pathsep, realpath, samefile, sameopenfile, samestat, sep, split, splitdrive, splitext, stat, walk

command line argument parsing:

```
restlist, opts = \
 getopt.getopt(sys.argv[1:],\
   "s:oh",\
    ["spam=", "other", "help"])
for o, a in opts:
   if o in ("-s", "--lol"): spam = a
   if o in ("-h", "--help"): show help()
```

6 Input/Output

```
f=codecs.open(if,"rb","utf-8")
file = open(infilename, "wb")
codecs.EncodedFile(...)
r, w, a, r+
rb, wb, ab, r+b
file.read(N)
file.readline()
file.readlines()
file.write(string)
file.writelines(list)
file.close()
file.tell()
file.seek(offset, whence)
os.truncate(size)
os.tmpfile()
pickle.dump(x, file)
x = pickle.load(file)
```

open file with encoding open file without encoding wrap file into encoding read, write, append, random modes without eol conversion N bytes (entire file if no N) the next linestring list of linestring write string to file write list of linestrings close file current file position jump to file position limit output to size open anon temporary file make object persistent load object from file

7 Standard Library (almost complete)

String Services: string, re, struct, difflib, StringIO, cStringIO, textwrap, codecs, unicodedata, stringprep, fpformat.

File/Directory Access: os.path, fileinput, stat, statvfs, filecmp, tempfile, glob, fnmatch, linecache, shutil, dircache

Generic OS services: os, time, optparse, getopt, logging, getpass, curses, platform, errno, ctypes Optional OS services: select, thread, threading, dummy thread, dummy threading, mmap, readline, rlcompleter

Data Types: datetime, calendar, collections, heapq, bisect, array, sets, sched, mutex, Queue, weakref, UserDict, UserList, UserString, types, new, copy, pprint, repr

Numeric and Math Modules: math, cmath, decimal, random, itertools, functools, operator

Internet Data Handling: email, mailcap, mailbox, mhlib, mimetools, mimetypes, MimeWriter, mimify, multifile, rfc822, base64, binhex, binascii, guopri, uu

Structured Markup Processing Tools: HTMLParser, sqmllib, htmllib, htmlentitydefs, xml.parsers.expat, xml.dom.*, xml.sax.*, xml.etree.ElementTree

File Formats: csv, ConfigParser, robotparser, netrc, xdrlib

Crypto Services: hashlib, hmac, md5, sha

Compression: zlib, gzip, bz2, zipfile, tarfile Persistence: pickle, cPickle, copy reg, shelve, marshal,

anydbm, whichdb, dbm, gdbm, dbhash, bsddb, dumbdbm, sqlite3

Unix specific: posix, pwd, spwd, grp, crypt, dl, termios, tty, pty, fcntl, posixfile, resource, nis, syslog, commands

IPC/Networking: subprocess, socket, signal, popen2, asyncore, asynchat

Internet: webbrowser, cqi, scitb, wsgiref, urllib, httplib, ftplib, imaplib, nntplib, ...lib, smtpd, uuid, urlparse, SocketServer, ...Server,, cookielib, Cookie, xmlrpclib

Multimedia: audioop, imageop, aifc, sunau, wave, chunk, colorsys, rgbimg, imghdr, sndhdr, ossaudiodev

Tk: Tkinter, Tix, ScrolledText, turtle

Internationalization: gettext, locale Program Frameworks: cmd, shlex

Development: pydoc, doctest, unittest, test

Runtime: sys, warnings, contextlib, atexit, traceback,

gc, inspect, site, user, fpectl Custom Interpreters: code, codeop Restricted Execution: rexec, Bastion

Importing: imp, zipimport, pkqutil, modulefinder, runpy Language: parser, symbol, token, keyword, tokenize,

tabnanny, pyclbr, py compile, compileall, dis, pickletools, distutils

Windows: msilib, msvcrt, winreg, winsound

Misc: formatter