

# Getting started with Code

Editor and setup to write CSS - create an html file add CSS

Tools needed - browser to run the html code.

**Chrome Browser** comes with Developer tools that are a powerful way to interact with your code, including debugging, inspecting and viewing changes.

<https://developer.chrome.com/docs/devtools/>

**Online Code Editor** - great to practice code without a need for download of applications

<https://codepen.io/pen/>

**Help and Code Samples** - MDN developer of Firefox has an excellent resource with code samples and browser compatibility/

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML>

**Code Editor** - write code with a code editor as it can help structure and suggest tags for code.

<https://code.visualstudio.com/>

## Adding Styling to your HTML

- Google Chrome Dev Tools
- Adding Styling to HTML tags style <style> link to CSS file
- CSS rule CSS Syntax (Selector) (Declaration) {Property:value}
- Element Selection by tag name, id, class

## Styling Overview

- Comments in Code /\* \*/
- find help with CSS
- Google Fonts
- [https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/Getting\\_started\\_with\\_the\\_web/CSS\\_basics](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/Getting_started_with_the_web/CSS_basics)
- <https://fonts.google.com/>

Selector

**p** {  
    color: red;  
}

Property      Property value

Declaration

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style1.css">
  <title>My Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div>
    <h1 class="blue">Hello World!</h1>
    <div style="font-size:2em">Welcome to my site.</div>
    <hr>
    <p title="My Name">My name is <span
class="blue">Laurence</span> <span></span>Svekis</span>.</p>
  </div>
  <hr>
  <h2 class="blue" >Heading 2</h2>
  <h4 class="red">Heading 4</h4>
```

```

<h6 >Heading 6</h6>
<span class="h6">Heading 6 #2</span>
<div id="bottom">
    hello world blah blah blah. <a href="#myID">Go to the top
element with ID of myID.</a>
    <div class="green" >TEST</div>
</div>
</body>
</html>

```

```

/*
Comments
*/
@import
url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=ZCOOL+KuaiLe&displ
ay=swap');
body {
    font-family: 'ZCOOL KuaiLe', cursive;
}
h1, h6, h4{
    background-color: purple;
}

```

## Colors Background and Font Color

- Colors - Color types named colors HEX RGB RGBA
- Background - color - image - repeat - attachment - position - background shorthand

[https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/color\\_value](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/color_value)

[https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building\\_blocks/Values\\_and\\_units](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building_blocks/Values_and_units)

```

.blue {
    background-color: rgba(255,0,255,0.5);
}

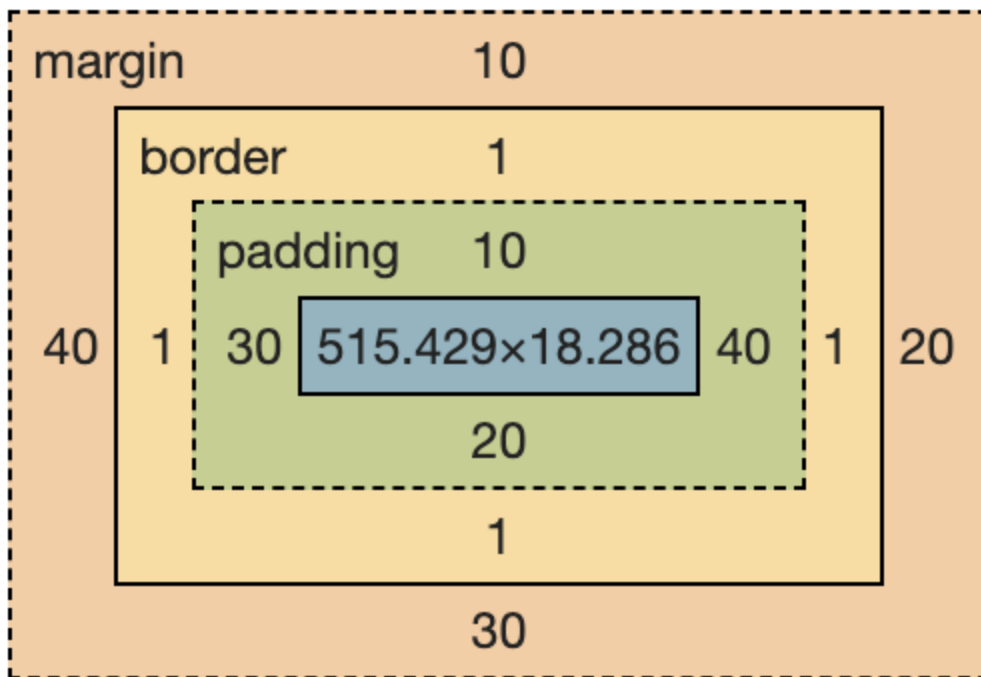
```

```
    color:white;
}
.red{
    background-color:#ff00ff80;
    color:rgb(255,255,255);
}
.h6{
    background-color:hsl(120,50%,50%);
    color:hsla(0,100%,50%,0.5);
}
body{
    background-color:#000000;
    color:violet;
}
```

## Box Model Border Padding Margin

- Box Model - Borders - Margins - Padding - Height and Width

[https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building\\_blocks/The\\_box\\_model](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building_blocks/The_box_model)



```
div {
  border-style: solid;
  border-width: 1px;
  border-color: red;
}
h2{
  border:solid 1px blue;
  background-color:aqua;
  width:100px;
  height:20px;
  overflow:hidden;
  margin-top:10px;
  margin-bottom:30px;
  margin-right:20px;
  margin-left:40px;
}
.red{
  background-color:red;
```

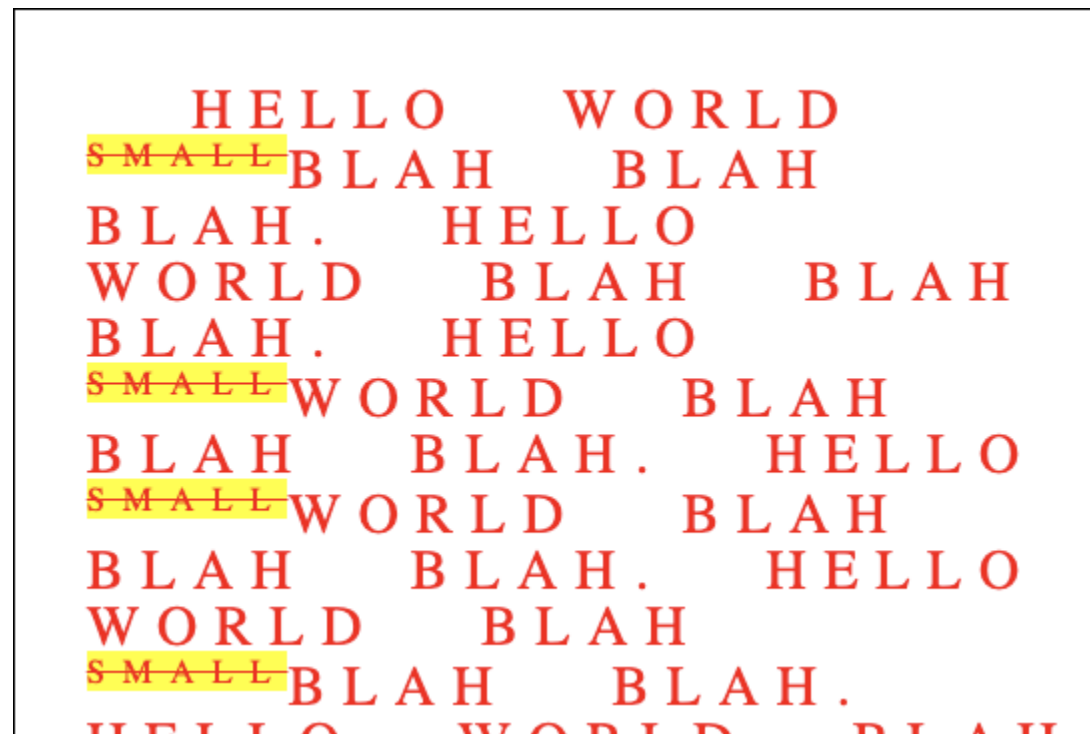
```

border:1px dotted black;
padding-top: 10px;
padding-bottom: 20px;
padding-left: 30px;
padding-right: 40px;
margin:10px 20px 30px 40px;
}
#bottom{
border:1px dotted black;
padding:10px 20px 30px 40px;
background-color:yellow;
}

```

## Text options

- Text - text-align text-decoration text-transform



```
#bottom {
    color:red;
    border:1px solid black;
    padding:20px;
    margin-top:50px;
    line-height: 1;
    text-align: left;
    text-transform: uppercase;
    text-indent: 30px;
    letter-spacing:5px;
    word-spacing: 20px;
    white-space: normal;
}
.small{
    font-size:0.6em;
    background-color:yellow;
    vertical-align:text-top;
    text-decoration:line-through;
}
a{
    text-decoration: none;
    text-shadow: 5px 2px 5px black;
}
```

## Fonts and Font Styles

- Fonts - font-style Google Fonts

# *HELLO WORLD!*

## *WELCOME TO MY SITE.*

---

*MY NAME IS LAURENCE SVEKIS.*

---

## *CSS HEADING 2*

#### *CSS HEADING 4*

###### *HEADING 6*

# **Cascading Stylesheets**

*CASCADING STYLESHEETS — OR CSS — IS THE*

<https://fonts.google.com/specimen/Fira+Sans?category=Sans+Serif#standard-styles>

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/font-size>



```
@import
url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Fira+Sans&display=
swap');

body{
    font-family: 'Fira Sans', sans-serif;
    font-style: italic;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-variant: small-caps;
    font-size:100%;
}

h1{
    font-size: 12vw;
    color:blue;
    text-align: center;
}

.h6{
    color:aquamarine;
    font: italic bold 1.5em Arial;
    background-color:black;
}

#bottom{

    font-size: 1.5em;
}

.bigger{
    color:red;
    font-size:16px;
}
```

## Link States Pseudo-Classes

- Link states - a:link a:visited a:hover a:active

- [Home](#)
- [Services](#)
- [About](#)
- [Contact](#)

# Hello World!

## Welcome to my site.

---

My name is Laurence Svekis.

```
<nav>
  <ul>
    <li><a href="#">Home</a></li>
    <li><a href="#">Services</a></li>
    <li><a href="#">About</a></li>
    <li><a href="#">Contact</a></li>
  </ul>
</nav>
```

```
a:link{
  color:red;
```

```
}

a:visited{
    color:chartreuse;
}

a:hover{
    color:darkblue;
    text-decoration: none;
}

a:active{
    color:darkmagenta;
}

h1{
    background-color:black;
    color:white;
}

h1:hover{
    background-color:darkorange;
}

h1:active{
    background-color:red;
}

#bottom span:first-child {
    color:red;
}
```

## Display Properties

- Display Properties - inline - none - block

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/display>

```
li {
  background-color:black;
  display:inline-block;
  padding:10px;
  list-style: none;
}
ul {
  margin:0;
  padding:0;
}
a {
  color:white;
}

#bottom {
  display:block;
}

span{
  visibility:visible;
  display:none;
  border:1px solid black;
  font-size:1em;
}

<nav>
  <ul>
    <li><a href="#1">Home</a></li>
    <li><a href="#2">Servics</a></li>
    <li><a href="#3">About</a></li>
```

```
<li><a href="#4">Contact</a></li>
</ul>
</nav>
```

## CSS Position

- Position : static relative fixed absolute sticky

```
header{
  background-color:rgba(255,0,0,0.5);
  padding:10px;
  position:static;
}
```

```
header{
  position:relative;
}
```

```
header{
  position:fixed;
}
```

```
header{
  position:absolute;
  top:10px;
  left:10px;
  width:200px;
  height:200px;
}
```

```
header{
  position:sticky;
}
```

## CSS Float

- Float and clear left right and none

# Welcome to my Website

- [Home](#) [Services](#) [About](#) [Contact](#)

Hello World!

## Welcome to my site.

My name is Laurence Svekis.

Cascading Stylesheets — or CSS is used to style it and lay it out. For example, you can use CSS to alter the font, color, size, and spacing of your content, HTMLsplit it into HTML multiple columns, or add animations and other decorative features.

HTML

# HTML



Thank you for visiting Laurence Svekis  
[Go to the top element with ID of myID.](#)  
TEST

side memu

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style9.css">
  <title>My Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <header>
    <h1>Welcome to my Website</h1>
  </header>
  <nav>
    <ul>
      <li><a href="#1">Home</a></li>
      <li><a href="#2">Servics</a></li>
      <li><a href="#3">About</a></li>
      <li><a href="#4">Contact</a></li>
    </ul>
  </nav>
  <section>
    <article class="left">
      <h1 class="blue">Hello World!</h1>
      <div style="font-size:2em">Welcome to my site.</div>
      <hr>
      <p title="My Name">My name is <span
class="blue">Laurence</span> <span></span>Svekis</span>.</p>
      <span class="bigger">Cascading Stylesheets </span>– or CSS
is used to style it and lay it out.  For
example, you can use CSS to alter the font, color, size, and
spacing of your content, <span>HTML</span>split it into
<span>HTML</span> multiple columns, or add animations and other
decorative features.<br><span>HTML</span>

```

```

</article>
<aside>
    side memu
</aside>
</section>
<footer id="bottom">
    <div>Thank you for visiting Laurence Svekis</div>
    <a href="#myID">Go to the top element with ID of myID.</a>
    <div class="green" >TEST</div>
</footer>
</body>
</html>

```

```

li {
    float:right;
}
li {
    float:left;
}
ul{
    border:1px solid black;
    padding:30px;
}

article{
    width:80%;
    background:lightpink;
    float:left;
}
aside{
    width:20%;
    background:lightblue;
}

```



```
float:left;
}
img{
  float:right;
}
footer{
  clear:both;
  background:lightslategray;
}
```

## Useful CSS Properties

- Max Width
- Overflow
- Z-index
- outline

```
header {
  outline-color: magenta;
  outline-width: 2px;
  outline-style: solid;
  border: 5px solid yellow;
  max-width:800px;
  margin:auto;
}

ul{
  z-index: -1;
  position:fixed;
  top:0px;
  left:0px;
```

```
    outline: solid 2px green;
    background-color:midnightblue;
}
article, aside{
    position:absolute;
    left:0px;
    top:0px;
}
article{
    background:rgba(255,0,0,0.5);
    z-index: 5;
}
aside{
    background:blue;
    z-index: 3;
}
footer{
    font-size: 2em;
    height:20px;
    width:70%;
    background:black;
    color:white;
    overflow:auto;
    margin-bottom:100px;
}
```

## CSS Combinators

- CSS combinators for selection - space child selector >

[https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building\\_blocks/Selectors/Combinators](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building_blocks/Selectors/Combinators)

**Welcome to my Website**

**TEst H1**

- [Home](#)
- [Services](#)
- [About](#)
- [Contact](#)

**Hello World!**

**Welcome to my site.**

---

My name is **Laurence Svekis**.

**Cascading Stylesheets** — or CSS is used to style it and lay

```

header h1{
    background-color: red;
}

article span{
    background-color: pink;
}

article > span{
    background-color: yellow;
}

article > p ~ span{
    background-color: purple;
}

article > p + span{
    background-color: rgb(27, 204, 56);
}

a[href="#2"] {
    color: red;
    background-color: moccasin;
}

h1, h2, h4, h6{
    padding: 10px;
    border: 5px dotted pink;
}

```

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">

```

```

<link rel="stylesheet" href="style11.css">
<title>My Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <header>
    <h1>Welcome to my Website</h1>
  </header>
  <h1>TEst H1</h1>
  <nav>
    <ul>
      <li><a href="#1">Home</a></li>
      <li><a href="#2">Servics</a></li>
      <li><a href="#3">About</a></li>
      <li><a href="#4">Contact</a></li>
    </ul>
  </nav>
  <section>
    <article class="left">
      <h1 class="blue">Hello World!</h1>
      <div style="font-size:2em">Welcome to my site.</div>
      <hr>
      <p title="My Name">My name is <span
class="blue">Laurence</span> <span>Svekis</span>.</p>
      <span class="bigger">Cascading Stylesheets </span>– or CSS
is used to style it and lay it out.  For
example, you can use CSS to alter the font, color, size, and
spacing of your content, <span>HTML</span>split it into
<span>HTML</span> multiple columns, or add animations and other
decorative features.<br><span>HTML</span>
    </article>
    <aside>
      side memu

```

```
</aside>
</section>
<footer id="bottom">
  <div>Thank you for visiting Laurence Svekis</div>
  <a href="#myID">Go to the top element with ID of myID.</a>
  <div class="green" >TEST</div>
</footer>
</body>
</html>
```

## CSS Pseudo Elements

- Pseudo-Elements - ::first-line , ::first-letter, ::after

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/Pseudo-elements>

```
article::first-line{
  color:navy;
}
article::first-letter{
  color:red;
  font-size:3em;
}

article::before{
  content:'NEW content';
}
article::after{
  content:'After';
}
```

## Responsive Website CSS Float



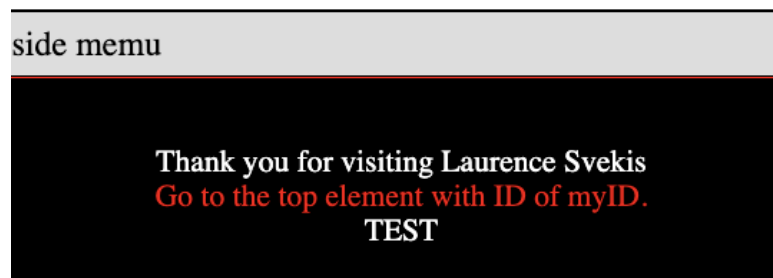
**Hello World!**

**Welcome to my site.**

---

My name is Laurence Svekis.

Cascading Stylesheets — or CSS is used to style it and lay it out. For example, you can use CSS to alter the font, color, size, and spacing of your content, HTMLsplit it into HTML multiple columns, or add animations and other decorative features.  
HTML



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
```

```

<link rel="stylesheet" href="site1.css">
<title>My Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <header class="header">
    <h1>Welcome to my Website</h1>
  </header>
  <div class="main">
    <aside class="col">
      <ul>
        <li><a href="#1">Home</a></li>
        <li><a href="#2">Servics</a></li>
        <li><a href="#3">About</a></li>
        <li><a href="#4">Contact</a></li>
      </ul>
    </aside>
    <article class="left col">
      <h1 class="blue">Hello World!</h1>
      <div style="font-size:2em">Welcome to my site.</div>
      <hr>
      <p title="My Name">My name is <span
class="blue">Laurence</span> <span>Svekis</span>.</p>
      <span class="bigger">Cascading Stylesheets </span>— or CSS
is used to style it and lay it out. For example, you can use
CSS to alter the font, color, size, and spacing of your content,
      <span>HTML</span>split it into <span>HTML</span> multiple
columns, or add animations and other decorative
      features.<br><span>HTML</span>
    </article>
    <aside class="col">
      side memu
    </aside>

```



```

</div>
<footer class="footer">
  <div>Thank you for visiting Laurence Svekis</div>
  <a href="#myID">Go to the top element with ID of myID.</a>
  <div class="green">TEST</div>
</footer>
</body>
</html>

```

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="site1.css">
  <title>My Page</title>
</head>
<body>
  <header class="header">
    <h1>Welcome to my Website</h1>
  </header>
  <div class="main">
    <aside class="col">
      <ul>
        <li><a href="#1">Home</a></li>
        <li><a href="#2">Servics</a></li>
        <li><a href="#3">About</a></li>
        <li><a href="#4">Contact</a></li>
      </ul>
    </aside>
    <article class="left col">
      <h1 class="blue">Hello World!</h1>
      <div style="font-size:2em">Welcome to my site.</div>
    </article>
  </div>

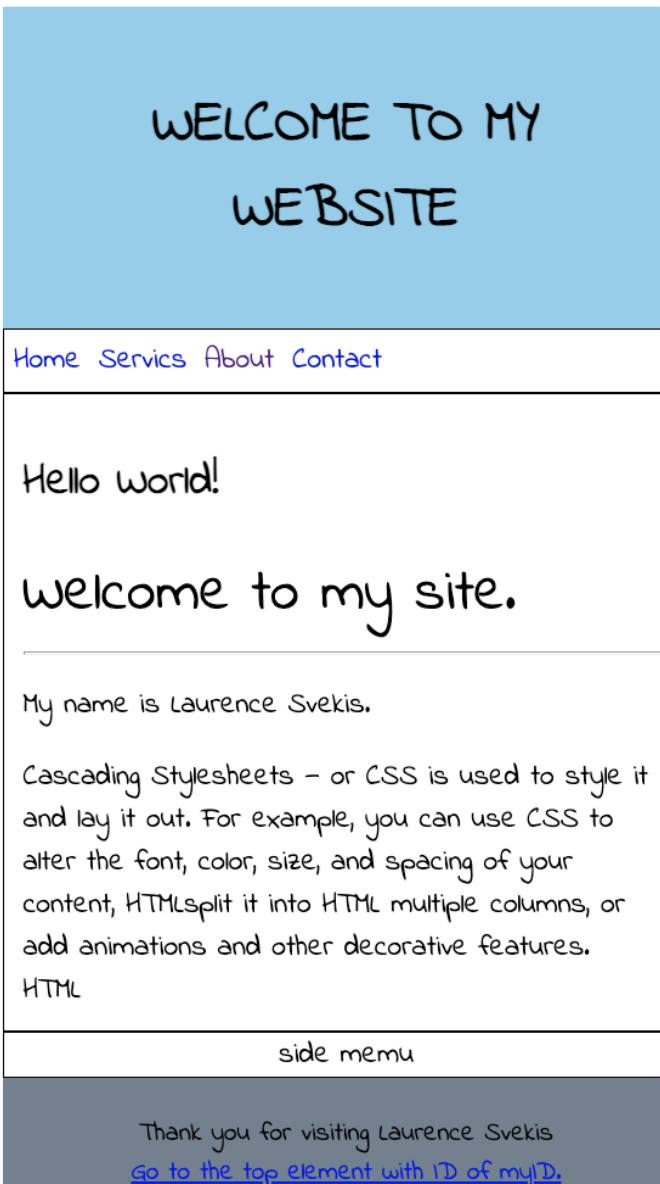
```

```

    <hr>
    <p title="My Name">My name is <span
class="blue">Laurence</span> <span>Svekis</span>.</p>
    <span class="bigger">Cascading Stylesheets </span>– or CSS
is used to style it and lay it out. For example, you can use
CSS to alter the font, color, size, and spacing of your content,
    <span>HTML</span>split it into <span>HTML</span> multiple
columns, or add animations and other decorative
    features.<br><span>HTML</span>
</article>
<aside class="col">
    side menu
</aside>
</div>
<footer class="footer">
    <div>Thank you for visiting Laurence Svekis</div>
    <a href="#myID">Go to the top element with ID of myID.</a>
    <div class="green">TEST</div>
</footer>
</body>
</html>

```

## Responsive Website Flexbox



```
@import url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Indie+Flower&display=swap');

* {
  box-sizing: border-box;
}

body {
  font-family: 'Indie Flower', cursive;
}
```

```
.header {
  background-color: skyblue;
  text-align: center;
  padding: 20px;
  text-transform: uppercase;
}

ul {
  display: flex;
  flex-direction: row;
  margin: 0;
  padding: 0;
}

li {
  list-style-type: none;
  padding: 5px;
}

li:hover {
  background-color: steelblue;
}

li:hover a {
  color: white;
}

li a {
  text-decoration: none;
}

.main {
  display: flex;
  flex-direction: column;
}

.main article {
  flex: 3;
  padding: 10px;
}
```

```
.main aside {
  flex: 1;
  text-align: center;
}

.col {
  border: 1px solid black;
}

.footer {
  background-color: slategrey;
  padding: 20px;
  text-align: center;
  font-size: 0.9em;
}

@media (min-width:640px) {
  body {
    background-color: #ddd;
  }

  .main {
    flex-direction: row;
  }

  ul {
    flex-direction: column;
  }

  li {
    padding: 10px;
  }
}
```

## Responsive Website CSS Grid

# Welcome to my Website

Home  
Services  
About  
Contact

## Hello World!

## Welcome to my site.

My name is Laurence Svekis.

Cascading Stylesheets — or CSS is used to style it and lay it out. For example, you can use CSS to alter the font, color, size, and spacing of your content, HTMLsplit it into HTML multiple columns, or add animations and other decorative features.

HTML

side memu

Thank you for visiting Laurence Svekis  
[Go to the top element with ID of myID.](#)

```
* {  
  box-sizing: border-box;  
}  
body{  
  background-color:#ddd;
```

```

    font-family: Verdana, Geneva, Tahoma, sans-serif;
}

.header , .footer{
    background-color: black;
    color:white;
    text-align: center;
    padding:10px;
}

.main{
    display:grid;
    grid-template-areas:
    'cola colb colb colc';
}

ul {
    margin:0px;
    padding:0px;
}

li{
    list-style-type: none;
}

li a{
    text-decoration: none;
    display:block;
    background-color:blue;
    color:white;
    text-align: center;
}

li a:hover{
    background-color:red;
}

.col{padding:5px;}

.main aside:first-child{
    grid-area: cola;
    background-color:steelblue;
    padding:20px;
}

.main article{
    grid-area: colb;
    background-color:white;
}

```

```
.main aside:last-child{
  grid-area: colc;
  background-color:red;
}
.footer{}

@media (max-width:640px){
  .main{
    grid-template-areas:
      'cola'
      'colb'
      'colc';
  }
}
```